



Building knowledge

Job Order Contract Technical Specifications

Volume IIIB CSI Divisions 08 - 13 January 2019

Dormitory Authority of the State of New York
Downstate



DASNY



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SECTION 08 01 52 61 - WOOD WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for wood windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes fixed and operable wood-framed windows of the following type:
 - a. Unfinished.
 - b. Aluminum clad.
 - c. Vinyl clad.

C. Definitions

1. Performance class designations according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. AW: Architectural.
 - b. HC: Heavy Commercial.
 - c. C: Commercial.
 - d. LC: Light Commercial.
 - e. R: Residential.
2. Performance grade number according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. Design pressure number in pounds force per square foot (pascals) used to determine the structural test pressure and water test pressure.
3. Structural Test Pressure: For uniform load structural test, is equivalent to 150 percent of the design pressure.
4. Minimum Test Size: Smallest size permitted for performance class (gateway test size). Products must be tested at minimum test size or at a size larger than minimum test size to comply with requirements for performance class.

D. Performance Requirements

1. General: Provide wood windows capable of complying with performance requirements indicated, based on testing manufacturer's windows that are representative of those specified, and that are of test size required by AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
2. Structural Performance: Provide wood windows capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads based on testing units representative of those indicated for Project that pass AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Structural Test:
 - a. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads applicable to Project from basic wind speed indicated in miles per hour (meters per second) at 33 feet (10 m) above grade, according to ASCE 7, Section 6.5, "Method 2-Analytical Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor: I **OR** II **OR** III **OR** IV, **as directed**.
 - 3) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
 - b. Deflection: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length or 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is less, at design pressure based on testing performed according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Deflection Test or structural computations.
3. Windborne-Debris Resistance: Provide glazed windows capable of resisting impact from windborne debris, based on the pass/fail criteria as determined from testing glazed windows identical to those specified, according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 **OR** AAMA 506, **as directed**, and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of wood window indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood windows comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
3. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, installation details.
4. Samples: For each exposed finish.
5. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
6. Product test reports.
7. Maintenance data.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer: A qualified installer, approved by manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.
2. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer who is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
3. Forest Certification: Provide windows made with not less than 70 percent of wood products **OR** all wood products, **as directed**, obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Fenestration Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, "North American Fenestration Standard Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors," for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - a. Provide AAMA-certified **OR** WDMA-certified, **as directed**, wood windows with an attached label.
5. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
6. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace wood windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period:
 - 1) Window: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 2) Glazing: Five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 3) Metal Finish: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Wood: Clear ponderosa pine or another suitable fine-grained lumber; kiln dried to a moisture content of 6 to 12 percent at time of fabrication; free of visible finger joints, blue stain, knots, pitch pockets, and surface checks larger than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) deep by 2 inches (51 mm) wide; water-repellent preservative treated.
2. Aluminum Extrusions and Rolled Aluminum for Cladding: Manufacturer's standard formed sheet or extruded-aluminum cladding, mechanically bonded to exterior exposed wood members. Provide aluminum alloy and temper recommended by wood window manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi (150-MPa) ultimate tensile strength, and not less than 16,000-psi (110-MPa) minimum yield strength.
 - a. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - b. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

- c. Baked-Enamel Finish for Extrusions and Sheet: Manufacturer's standard baked enamel complying with AAMA 2603 and paint manufacturer's written specifications for cleaning, conversion coating, and painting.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** Bronze **OR** Brown **OR** Beige **OR** Gray **OR** Green **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Custom color as selected, **as directed**.
- d. High-Performance Organic Finish for Extrusions and Sheet: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 1) Fluoropolymer Two-Coat System: Manufacturer's standard two-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight; complying with AAMA 2604.
 - a) Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- e. Baked-Enamel Finish for Coil: Manufacturer's standard baked enamel complying with AAMA 620 and paint manufacturer's written specifications for cleaning, conversion coating, and painting.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** Bronze **OR** Brown **OR** Beige **OR** Gray **OR** Green **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Custom color as selected, **as directed**.
- 3. Vinyl for Cladding: Consisting of a rigid PVC sheath, made from PVC complying with ASTM D 4726, not less than 35-mil (0.9-mm) average thickness, in permanent, integral color, white **OR** bronze **OR** tan, **as directed**, finish, mechanically bonded to exterior wood sash and frame members.
- 4. Wood Trim and Glazing Stops: Material and finish to match frame members.
- 5. Clad Trim and Glazing Stops: Hollow extrusions **OR** Roll-formed sheet material **OR** Clad-wood material, **as directed**, and finish to match clad frame members.
- 6. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, epoxy adhesive, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with wood window members, cladding, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
 - a. Exposed Fasteners: Unless unavoidable for applying hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
- 7. Anchors, Clips, and Accessories: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
- 8. Reinforcing Members: Aluminum, or nonmagnetic stainless steel, or nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 for Type SC 3 severe service conditions, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
- 9. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action and for complete concealment when wood window is closed.
 - a. Weather-Stripping Material:
 - 1) Elastomeric cellular preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
 - 2) Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
 - 3) Manufacturer's standard system and materials complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
- 10. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Provide woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
 - a. Weather Seals: Provide weather stripping with integral barrier fin or fins of semirigid, polypropylene sheet or polypropylene-coated material. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
- 11. Replaceable Weather Seals: Comply with AAMA 701/702.

B. Window

- 1. Window Type: Casement **OR** Double hung **OR** Fixed **OR** Horizontal sliding **OR** Projected awning **OR** Single hung **OR** Bay **OR** Bow **OR** Specialty product **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.

2. AAMA/WDMA Performance Requirements: Provide wood windows of performance indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.
 - a. Performance Class and Grade: R15 **OR** 20 **OR** 25, **as directed**.
 - b. Performance Class and Grade: LC25 **OR** 30 **OR** 35, **as directed**.
 - c. Performance Class and Grade: C30 **OR** 35 **OR** 40, **as directed**.
 - d. Performance Class and Grade: HC40 **OR** 45 **OR** 50, **as directed**.
 - e. Performance Class and Grade: AW40 **OR** 45 **OR** 50, **as directed**.
 - f. Performance Class and Grade: As indicated.
3. Condensation-Resistance Factor (CRF): Provide wood windows tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503, showing a CRF of 45 **OR** 52, **as directed**.
4. Thermal Transmittance: Provide wood windows with a whole-window, U-factor maximum indicated at 15-mph (24-km/h) exterior wind velocity and winter condition temperatures when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** ASTM E 1423 **OR** NFRC 100, **as directed**.
 - a. U-Factor: 0.35 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.0 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.40 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.3 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.43 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.5 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.60 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (3.4 W/sq. m x K), **as directed**, or less.
5. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide wood windows with a whole-window SHGC maximum of 0.40 **OR** 0.50 **OR** 0.55, **as directed**, determined according to NFRC 200 procedures.
6. Sound Transmission Class (STC): Provide glazed windows rated for not less than 26 **OR** 30 **OR** 35, **as directed**, STC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 413.
7. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate not more than indicated when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Air Infiltration Test.
 - a. Maximum Rate:
 - 1) 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) which is equivalent to 25-mph (40-km/h) wind speed and is typically used to test R, C, and LC performance classes.
 - 2) 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa) which is equivalent to a 50-mph (80-km/h) wind speed and is typically used to test HC and AW performance classes.
 - b. Water Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Water Resistance Test.
 - c. Test Pressure:
 - 1) 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (140 Pa) or more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
 - 2) 20 percent of positive design pressure, but not more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
8. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with Performance Grade 10 **OR** 20 **OR** 30 **OR** 40, **as directed**, requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
9. Life-Cycle Testing: Test according to AAMA 910 and comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
10. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for operating window types indicated.

C. Glazing

1. Glass and Glazing Materials: Refer to Division 08 Section "Glazing" for glass units and glazing requirements applicable to glazed wood window units.
2. Glass: Clear, insulating-glass units **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, argon gas filled, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
3. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal and complies with requirements for windborne-debris resistance **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system as indicated in Division 08 Section "Glazing", **as directed**.

4. Dual-Glazing System for Venetian Blinds: Manufacturer's standard dual-glazing system with 2 lites of clear float glass, complying with ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality q3, glazed independently into the sash and separated by a minimum dead-air space of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
5. Triple-Glazing System for Venetian Blinds: Manufacturer's standard insulated glass of type specified, combined with an auxiliary lite of clear float glass, complying with ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality q3, retained in a separate glazing channel or frame and separated from insulated-glass unit by a minimum dead-air space of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).

D. Hardware

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with wood and aluminum cladding, **as directed**; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock wood windows, and sized to accommodate sash or ventilator weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals. Where exposed, provide solid bronze **OR** extruded, cast, or wrought aluminum **OR** die-cast zinc with special coating finish **OR** nonmagnetic stainless steel, **as directed**.
2. Counterbalancing Mechanism: Comply with AAMA 902.
 - a. Sash-Balance Type: Concealed, tape-spring **OR** spiral-tube **OR** spring-loaded, block-and-tackle, **as directed**, type, of size and capacity to hold sash stationary at any open position.
3. Sill Cap/Track: Extruded-aluminum track with natural anodized finish **OR** Rigid PVC or other weather-resistant plastic track with manufacturer's standard integral color, **as directed**, of thickness, dimensions, and profile indicated; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.
4. Locks and Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and operated from the inside only. Provide custodial locks, **as directed**.
5. Roller Assemblies: Low-friction design.
6. Push-Bar Operators: Provide telescoping-type, push-bar operator designed to open and close ventilators with fixed screens.
7. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.
 - a. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and securely close at both jambs without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
8. Four- or Six-Bar Friction Hinges: Comply with AAMA 904.
 - a. Locking mechanism and handles for manual operation.
 - b. Friction Shoes: Provide friction shoes of nylon or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
9. Limit Devices: Provide concealed friction adjustor, adjustable stay bar **OR** concealed support arms with adjustable, limited, hold-open, **as directed**, limit devices designed to restrict sash or ventilator opening.
 - a. Safety Devices: Limit clear opening to 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, for ventilation; with custodial key release.
10. Pole Operators: Tubular-shaped anodized aluminum; with rubber-capped lower end and standard push-pull hook at top to match hardware design; of sufficient length to operate window without reaching more than 60 inches (1500 mm) above floor; 1 pole operator and pole hanger per room that has operable windows more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.

E. Insect Screens

1. General: Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with window frame. Locate screens on inside **OR** outside, **as directed**, of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
 - a. Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens: Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," Residential R-20 **OR** Architectural C-24 **OR** Monumental M-32, **as directed**, class.
2. Aluminum Insect Screen Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, **as directed**, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.

- a. Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet with minimum wall thickness as required for class indicated.
- b. Finish:
 - 1) Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in manufacturer's standard color **OR** in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
OR
Manufacturer's standard.
3. Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.4-mm) or 18-by-16 (1.0-by-1.1-mm) **OR** 20-by-20 (0.85-by-0.85-mm) or 20-by-30 (0.85-by-0.42-mm), **as directed**, mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration; in the following color. Comply with ASTM D 3656.
 - a. Mesh Color: Charcoal gray **OR** Silver gray **OR** Aquamarine, **as directed**.
4. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 (1.1-by-1.3-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 - a. Wire-Fabric Finish: Natural bright **OR** Charcoal gray **OR** Black, **as directed**.
5. Wickets: Provide sliding **OR** hinged, **as directed**, wickets, framed and trimmed for a tight fit and for durability during handling.

F. Accessories

1. Dividers (False Muntins): Provide dividers in designs indicated for each sash lite, one per sash, removable from the exposed surface of interior lite of the sash **OR** two per sash, removable from the exposed surfaces of interior and exterior lites of the sash, **as directed**, and one permanently located between glazing lites in the airspace, **as directed**.
 - a. Material: Extruded, rigid PVC **OR** Prefinished wood, **as directed**.
 - b. Design: Rectangular **OR** Diamond, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: White **OR** Bronze, **as directed**.
2. Storm Panels: Provide removable auxiliary glazing panels of clear float glass for each fixed and operating sash of window units. Glass shall comply with ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality q3. Provide glass of thickness required to comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing". Frame, preglaze, and attach storm windows to the sash according to manufacturer's published standards. Omit storm panels on sash glazed with insulating glass, **as directed**.
3. Integral Louver Blinds: Provide remotely operated horizontal louver blinds in the space between two panes of glass. Construct blinds of aluminum slats, approximately 1 inch (25 mm) wide, with polyester fiber cords, equipped for tilting, raising, and lowering by standard operating hardware located on inside face of sash.

G. Fabrication

1. Fabricate wood windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.
2. Fabricate wood windows that are reglazable without dismantling sash or ventilator framing.
3. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash and ventilator, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Double-Hung Windows: Provide weather stripping only at horizontal rails of operable sash.
4. Factory machine windows for openings and for hardware that is not surface applied.
5. Mullions: Provide mullions and cover plates as shown, matching window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design loads of window units.
6. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Except for light sizes in excess of 100 unites inches (2500 mm width plus length), glaze wood windows in the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
7. Glazing Stops: Provide nailed or snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.

8. Bow **OR** Bay, **as directed**, Windows: Provide wood windows in configuration indicated. Provide window frames, fixed and operating sash, operating hardware, and other trim and components necessary for a complete, secure, and weathertight installation, including the following:
 - a. Angled mullion posts with interior and exterior trim.
 - b. Angled interior and exterior extension and trim.
 - c. Clear pine head and seat boards.
 - d. Top and bottom plywood platforms.
 - e. Exterior head and sill casings and trim.
 - f. Support brackets.
9. Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work in the factory to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Allow for scribing, trimming, and fitting at Project site.

H. Wood Finishes

1. Factory-Primed Windows: Provide manufacturer's standard factory-prime coat complying with WDMA T.M. 11 on exposed exterior **OR** interior **OR** exterior and interior, **as directed**, wood surfaces.
2. Factory-Finished Windows: Provide manufacturer's standard factory finish complying with WDMA T.M. 12. Apply finish to exposed exterior and interior wood surfaces.
 - a. Color: White **OR** Brown **OR** Gray **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Comply with Drawings, Shop Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components.
2. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.
3. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.
4. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.

B. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection

1. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
2. Clean exposed surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
3. Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
4. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
5. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. In addition, monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior concrete and masonry surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 01 81 00	07 42 13 19	Glazing

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SECTION 08 05 13 00 - STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for steel doors and frames. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Standard hollow metal doors and frames.
 - b. Custom hollow metal doors and frames.

C. Definitions

1. Minimum Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without coatings.
2. Standard Hollow Metal Work: Hollow metal work fabricated according to ANSI/SDI A250.8.
3. Custom Hollow Metal Work: Hollow metal work fabricated according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include elevations, door edge details, frame profiles, metal thicknesses, preparations for hardware, and other details.
3. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required.
4. Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings.
5. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.
6. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of hollow metal door and frame assembly.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure **OR** as close to neutral pressure as possible, **as directed**, according to NFPA 252 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5, **as directed**, or UL 10B **OR** UL 10C, **as directed**.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - b. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
2. Fire-Rated, Borrowed-Light Frame Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257 or UL 9 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5, **as directed**. Label each individual glazed lite.
3. Smoke-Control Door Assemblies: Comply with NFPA 105 or UL 1784 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5, **as directed**.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver hollow metal work palletized, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.

- a. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to finish of factory-finished units.
2. Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
3. Store hollow metal work under cover at Project site. Place in stacks of five units maximum in a vertical position with heads up, spaced by blocking, on minimum 4-inch- (102-mm-) high wood blocking. Do not store in a manner that traps excess humidity.
 - a. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.
2. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
3. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with minimum A40 (ZF120) **OR** G60 (Z180) or A60 (ZF180), **as directed**, metallic coating.
4. Frame Anchors: ASTM A 591/A 591M, Commercial Steel (CS), 40Z (12G) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
 - a. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.
5. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.
6. Powder-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hollow metal frames of type indicated.
7. Grout: ASTM C 476, except with a maximum slump of 4 inches (102 mm), as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
8. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing); consisting of fibers manufactured from slag or rock wool with 6- to 12-lb/cu. ft. (96- to 192-kg/cu. m) density; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-development indexes of 25 and 50, respectively; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.
9. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
10. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat.

B. Standard Hollow Metal Doors

1. General: Provide doors of design indicated, not less than thickness indicated; fabricated with smooth surfaces, without visible joints or seams on exposed faces unless otherwise indicated. Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.8.
 - a. Design: Flush panel **OR** Embossed panel **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Core Construction: Manufacturer's standard kraft-paper honeycomb, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyisocyanurate, mineral-board, or vertical steel-stiffener core.
 - 1) Fire Door Core: As required to provide fire-protection and temperature-rise ratings indicated.
 - 2) Thermal-Rated (Insulated) Doors: Where indicated, provide doors fabricated with thermal-resistance value (R-value) of not less than 4.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.704 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 12.3 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (2.166 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM C 1363.
 - a) Locations: Exterior doors and interior doors where indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Beveled edge **OR** Square edge **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Beveled Edge: 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3 mm in 50 mm).
 - d. Vertical Edges for Double-Acting Doors: Round vertical edges with 2-1/8-inch (54-mm) radius.

- e. Top and Bottom Edges: Closed with flush or inverted 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick, end closures or channels of same material as face sheets.
- f. Tolerances: Comply with SDI 117, "Manufacturing Tolerances for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
- 2. Exterior Doors: Face sheets fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheet. Provide doors complying with ANSI/SDI A250.8 for level and model and ANSI/SDI A250.4 for physical performance level:
 - a. Level 1 and Physical Performance Level C (Standard Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
 - 1) Width: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) **OR** 1-3/8 inches (34.9 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Level 2 and Physical Performance Level B (Heavy Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
 - c. Level 3 and Physical Performance Level A (Extra Heavy Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless) **OR** Model 3 (Stile and Rail), **as directed**.
 - d. Level 4 and Physical Performance Level A (Maximum Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
- 3. Interior Doors: Face sheets fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated. Provide doors complying with requirements indicated below by referencing ANSI/SDI A250.8 for level and model and ANSI/SDI A250.4 for physical performance level:
 - a. Level 1 and Physical Performance Level C (Standard Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
 - 1) Width: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) **OR** 1-3/8 inches (34.9 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Level 2 and Physical Performance Level B (Heavy Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
 - c. Level 3 and Physical Performance Level A (Extra Heavy Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless) **OR** Model 3 (Stile and Rail), **as directed**.
 - d. Level 4 and Physical Performance Level A (Maximum Duty), Model 1 (Full Flush) **OR** Model 2 (Seamless), **as directed**.
- 4. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/SDI A250.6 with reinforcing plates from same material as door face sheets.
- 5. Fabricate concealed stiffeners and hardware reinforcement from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.

C. Standard Hollow Metal Frames

- 1. General: Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.8 and with details indicated for type and profile.
- 2. Exterior Frames: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheet.
 - a. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped corners.
 - b. Fabricate frames as knocked down **OR** face welded **OR** full profile welded, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Frames for Level 1 Steel Doors: 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - d. Frames for Level 2 Steel Doors: 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - e. Frames for Level 3 Steel Doors: 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - f. Frames for Level 4 Steel Doors: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick steel sheet.
- 3. Interior Frames: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated.
 - a. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped corners.
 - b. Fabricate frames as knocked down **OR** face welded **OR** full profile welded, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Fabricate knocked-down, drywall slip-on frames for in-place gypsum board partitions, **as directed**.
 - d. Frames for Level 1 Steel Doors: 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - e. Frames for Level 2 Steel Doors: 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - f. Frames for Level 3 Steel Doors: 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - g. Frames for Level 4 Steel Doors: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - h. Frames for Wood Doors: 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) **OR** 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) **OR** 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-), **as directed**, thick steel sheet.

- i. Frames for Borrowed Lights: 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick steel sheet **OR** 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet **OR** 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick steel sheet **OR** Same as adjacent door frame, **as directed**.
 4. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/SDI A250.6 with reinforcement plates from same material as frames.
- D. Custom Hollow Metal Doors
1. General: Provide doors not less than 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) thick, of seamless hollow construction unless otherwise indicated. Construct doors with smooth surfaces without visible joints or seams on exposed faces. Comply with ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861.
 2. Exterior Door Face Sheets: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum 0.053 inch (1.3 mm) thick.
 3. Interior Door Face Sheets: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated, minimum 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick.
 4. Core Construction: Provide thermal-resistance-rated cores for exterior doors and interior doors where indicated, **as directed**.
 - a. Steel-Stiffened Core: 0.026-inch- (0.7-mm-) thick, steel vertical stiffeners of same material as face sheets extending full-door height, with vertical webs spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) apart, spot welded to face sheets a maximum of 5 inches (127 mm) o.c. Spaces filled between stiffeners with glass- or mineral-fiber insulation.
 - 1) Fire Door Core: As required to provide fire-protection and temperature-rise ratings indicated.
 - 2) Thermal-Rated (Insulated) Doors: Where indicated, provide doors fabricated with thermal-resistance value (R-value) of not less than 4.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.704 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM C 1363.
 5. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Beveled 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3 mm in 50 mm).
 6. Vertical Edges for Double-Acting Doors: Round vertical edges with 2-1/8-inch (54-mm) radius.
 7. Top and Bottom Channels: Closed with continuous channels, minimum 0.053 inch (1.3 mm) thick, of same material as face sheets and spot welded to both face sheets.
 8. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861 with reinforcing plates from same material as door face sheets.
- E. Custom Hollow Metal Frames
1. General: Fabricate frames of construction indicated. Close contact edges of corner joints tight with faces mitered and stops butted or mitered. Continuously weld faces and soffits and finish faces smooth. Comply with ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861.
 - a. Door Frames for Openings 48 Inches (1219 mm) Wide or Less: Fabricated from 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - b. Door Frames for Openings More Than 48 Inches (1219 mm) Wide: Fabricated from 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - c. Sidelight and Transom Frames: Fabricated from same thickness material as adjacent door frame.
 - d. Borrowed-Light Frames: Fabricated from 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 2. Exterior Frames: Formed from metallic-coated steel sheet.
 3. Interior Frames: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet unless metallic-coated sheet is indicated.
 4. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861 with reinforcing plates from same material as frame.
 5. Head Reinforcement: Provide minimum 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) thick, steel channel or angle stiffener for opening widths more than 48 inches (1219 mm).
- F. Frame Anchors
1. Jamb Anchors:
 - a. Masonry Type: Adjustable strap-and-stirrup or T-shaped anchors to suit frame size, not less than 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick, with corrugated or perforated straps not less than 2 inches (50 mm) wide by 10 inches (250 mm) long; or wire anchors not less than 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) thick.

- b. Stud-Wall Type: Designed to engage stud, welded to back of frames; not less than 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick.
 - c. Compression Type for Drywall Slip-on Frames: Adjustable compression anchors.
 - d. Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.
 - 2. Floor Anchors: Formed from same material as frames, not less than 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick, and as follows:
 - a. Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.
 - b. Separate Topping Concrete Slabs: Adjustable-type anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (50-mm) height adjustment. Terminate bottom of frames at finish floor surface.
- G. Hollow Metal Panels
 - 1. Provide hollow metal panels of same materials, construction, and finish as specified for adjoining hollow metal work.
- H. Stops And Moldings
 - 1. Moldings for Glazed Lites in Doors: Minimum 0.032 inch (0.8 mm) thick, fabricated from same material as door face sheet in which they are installed.
 - 2. Fixed Frame Moldings: Formed integral with hollow metal frames, a minimum of 5/8 inch (16 mm) high unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Loose Stops for Glazed Lites in Frames: Minimum 0.032 inch (0.8 mm) thick, fabricated from same material as frames in which they are installed.
 - 4. Terminated Stops: Where indicated on interior door frames, terminate stops 6 inches (152 mm) above finish floor with a 45-degree **OR** 90-degree, **as directed**, angle cut, and close open end of stop with steel sheet closure. Cover opening in extension of frame with welded-steel filler plate, with welds ground smooth and flush with frame.
- I. Louvers
 - 1. Provide louvers for interior doors, where indicated, that comply with SDI 111C, with blades or baffles formed of 0.020-inch- (0.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet set into 0.032-inch- (0.8-mm-) thick steel frame.
 - a. Sightproof Louver: Stationary louvers constructed with inverted V-shaped or Y-shaped blades.
 - b. Lightproof Louver: Stationary louvers constructed with baffles to prevent light from passing from one side to the other, any angle.
 - c. Fire-Rated Automatic Louvers: Louvers constructed with movable blades closed by actuating fusible link, and listed and labeled for use in fire-rated door assemblies of type and fire-resistance rating indicated by same testing and inspecting agency that established fire-resistance rating of door assembly.
- J. Accessories
 - 1. Mullions and Transom Bars: Join to adjacent members by welding or rigid mechanical anchors.
 - 2. Ceiling Struts: Minimum 1/4-inch-thick by 1-inch- (6.4-mm-thick by 25.4-mm-) wide steel.
 - 3. Grout Guards: Formed from same material as frames, not less than 0.016 inch (0.4 mm) thick.
- K. Fabrication
 - 1. Fabricate hollow metal work to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
 - 2. Tolerances: Fabricate hollow metal work to tolerances indicated in SDI 117 **OR** ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861, **as directed**.
 - 3. Hollow Metal Doors:
 - a. Exterior Doors: Provide weep-hole openings in bottom of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape. Seal joints in top edges of doors against water penetration.
 - b. Glazed Lites: Factory cut openings in doors.

- c. Astragals: Provide overlapping astragal on one leaf of pairs of doors where required by NFPA 80 for fire-performance rating or where indicated. Extend minimum 3/4 inch (19 mm) beyond edge of door on which astragal is mounted.
4. Hollow Metal Frames: Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of same thickness metal as frames.
 - a. Welded Frames: Weld flush face joints continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible.
 - b. Sidelight and Transom Bar Frames: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints, fabricated from same material as door frame. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by butt welding.
 - c. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - d. Grout Guards: Weld guards to frame at back of hardware mortises in frames to be grouted.
 - e. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottom of jambs and mullions with at least four spot welds per anchor.
 - f. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
 - 1) Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) high.
 - b) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) high.
 - c) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 120 inches (2286 to 3048 mm) high.
 - d) Four anchors per jamb plus 1 additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof above 120 inches (3048 mm) high.
 - 2) Stud-Wall Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Three anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) high.
 - b) Four anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) high.
 - c) Five anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) high.
 - d) Five anchors per jamb plus 1 additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof above 96 inches (2438 mm) high.
 - e) Two anchors per head for frames above 42 inches (1066 mm) wide and mounted in metal-stud partitions.
 - 3) Compression Type: Not less than two anchors in each jamb.
 - 4) Postinstalled Expansion Type: Locate anchors not more than 6 inches (152 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 26 inches (660 mm) o.c.
 - g. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped doors, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
 - 1) Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
 - 2) Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.
5. Fabricate concealed stiffeners, edge channels, and hardware reinforcement from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.
6. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow metal work to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
 - a. Locate hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to ANSI/SDI A250.8 **OR** ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861.
 - b. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
 - c. Comply with applicable requirements in ANSI/SDI A250.6 and ANSI/DHI A115 Series specifications for preparation of hollow metal work for hardware.
 - d. Coordinate locations of conduit and wiring boxes for electrical connections with Division 26.

7. Stops and Moldings: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.
 - a. Single Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of hollow metal work.
 - b. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
 - c. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames.
 - d. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow metal work.
 - e. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with type of glazing and type of installation indicated.

L. Steel Finishes

1. Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - a. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.
2. Factory-Applied Paint Finish: Manufacturer's standard, complying with ANSI/SDI A250.3 for performance and acceptance criteria.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Install hollow metal work plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place; comply with Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Hollow Metal Frames: Install hollow metal frames of size and profile indicated. Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.11 **OR** HMMA 840, **as directed**.
 - a. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - 1) At fire-protection-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
 - 2) Where frames are fabricated in sections because of shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
 - 3) Install frames with removable glazing stops located on secure side of opening.
 - 4) Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
 - 5) Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
 - 6) Check plumbness, squareness, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
 - 7) Field apply bituminous coating to backs of frames that are filled with grout containing antifreezing agents.
 - b. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor, and secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.
 - 1) Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
 - c. Metal-Stud Partitions: Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation behind frames.
 - d. Masonry Walls: Coordinate installation of frames to allow for solidly filling space between frames and masonry with grout.
 - e. Concrete Walls: Solidly fill space between frames and concrete with grout. Take precautions, including bracing frames, to ensure that frames are not deformed or damaged by grout forces.

- f. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
 - g. In-Place Gypsum Board Partitions: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors through floor anchors at each jamb. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
 - h. Ceiling Struts: Extend struts vertically from top of frame at each jamb to overhead structural supports or substrates above frame unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction. Provide adjustable wedged or bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
 - i. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow metal door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
 - 1) Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - 2) Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - 3) Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - 4) Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs at floor.
3. Hollow Metal Doors: Fit hollow metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified below. Shim as necessary.
- a. Non-Fire-Rated Standard Steel Doors:
 - 1) Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch (3 mm) plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 2) Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3 mm) plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 3) Between Bottom of Door and Top of Threshold: Maximum 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
 - 4) Between Bottom of Door and Top of Finish Floor (No Threshold): Maximum 3/4 inch (19 mm).
 - b. Fire-Rated Doors: Install doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.
 - c. Smoke-Control Doors: Install doors according to NFPA 105 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5, **as directed**.
4. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with hollow metal manufacturer's written instructions.
- a. Secure stops with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches (230 mm) o.c. and not more than 2 inches (50 mm) o.c. from each corner.

B. Adjusting And Cleaning

- 1. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work, including hollow metal work that is warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
- 2. Remove grout and other bonding material from hollow metal work immediately after installation.
- 3. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.
- 4. Metallic-Coated Surfaces: Clean abraded areas and repair with galvanizing repair paint according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 08 05 13 00

SECTION 08 05 13 00a - WOOD DOORS**1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK**

- A. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wood doors. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

1.2 GENERAL**A. Definitions**

1. Supply-and-Delivery-Only Contract: Includes supply and delivery to site FOB destination. Freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by the Owner.
2. Supply-and-Install Contract: Includes supply, delivery to site FOB destination, freight prepaid, unloading and handling at site, and installation.

B. System Description

1. Door Assemblies: Include doors, frames, and hardware.
 - a. Provide with fire rating as indicated or specified.
2. Security Entry Door System (Assembly) Performance Requirements:
 - a. Forced Entry: ASTM F 476, Grade 40.

C. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Indicate location, size, elevation, details of construction, marks used to identify doors, location and extent of hardware blocking, fire rating, factory preparation requirements for each door type. Drawings shall include catalog cuts or descriptive data for weatherstripping and thresholds to be used.
2. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Test Reports: Results of testing by accredited independent laboratory demonstrating compliance of door systems with specified performance requirements.
 - 1) Indicate that tests were performed in accordance with standard referenced.
 - b. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that door systems meet or exceed specified requirements.
 - c. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
3. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and maintenance data.
 - b. Special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Fire-Rated Label: Determined using ASTM E 152, and bear label of UL or other recognized fire-rating program acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1) If any door or frame scheduled to be fire-rated cannot qualify for appropriate labeling because of its design, hardware, or any other reason, advise the Owner prior to submission of bids.
 - b. Accessibility: (Required for accessible units only, including main building entrances.)
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4152-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 8).
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).

- 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (28 CFR Part 35).
 2. Mock-ups: Install one mock-up of each type of door system, including doors, frames, hardware, thresholds, and accessories.
 - a. Location: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-up: Standard for rest of work, and may remain part of completed project.
- E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
 - a. Delivery: Do not deliver doors to building until it is entirely enclosed, drywall and concrete work is completed, and humidity in building has reached average relative humidity of locality.
 - b. Storage: Stack doors flat and off floor in manner to prevent warping or twisting, and to provide ventilation. Do not drag doors across one another.
 - c. Protection: Protect doors during transit, storage, and handling to prevent damage, soiling, and deterioration, and from extremes in temperature and humidity. Comply with "On-site Care" recommendations of NWWDA Care and Finishing of Wood Doors, and with manufacturer's recommendations.
 2. Acceptance at Site: Inspect door systems upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
- F. Project Conditions
1. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for door systems before start of fabrication.
- G. Scheduling And Sequencing
1. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
- H. Warranty
1. Special Warranty:
 - a. Swinging Doors and Standard Closet Doors Warranty: Provide one-year written warranty covering materials and installation for wood doors.
 - 1) Include coverage of hardware.
 - 2) Cover warping (bow, cup, or twist), photographing of construction below face veneers, tolerance limitations of NWWDA I.S. 1-A.
 - 3) Cover delamination.
 - 4) Glazing not included.
 - 5) Defects resulting from vandalism not included.
 - b. Heavy-Duty Closet Doors Warranty: Provide manufacturer's five-year written warranty covering materials and installation for bifold closet doors.
 - c. For Supply-and-Delivery-Only Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to the Owner, free of charge, any required replacement parts that can be readily installed by the Owner without special tools.
 - 2) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to the Owner, free of charge, complete replacement door, when defective part or parts cannot be installed without use of special tools.
 - d. For Supply-and-Install Contract: Contractor: Agrees to supply and install. free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement door.
- 1.3 PRODUCTS
- A. Door Frames
1. Wood Frames: Kiln dried Ponderosa Pine, toxic-treated, and primed.
 - a. Applied stops are permitted, unless otherwise indicated.
 2. Steel Frames:
 - a. Steel: ASTM A 366 cold rolled steel.

- b. Steel Frames and/or Adapter Frames: Minimum of 18 gage (1.07 mm) galvanized bonderized steel, pre-drilled and reinforced for hinges as required.
 - 1) Shape of Frame: Generally L-shaped.
 - c. Heavy-Duty Door Frames: 16 gage (1.35 mm) minimum thickness.
 - 1) When required, provide B-Label, 1-1 /2 hour fire rating.
 - d. Security Door Frames: Comply with SDI 100, minimum of 14 gage (1.70 mm) galvanized bonderized steel, pre-drilled and reinforced for hinges as required.
 - 1) When required, provide B-Label, 1-1 /2 hour fire rating.
 - 2) Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - e. Preparation for Hardware: Machine and reinforce frames for attachment of hardware, including mortising, drilling, and tapping for hinges and mortised hardware.
 - f. Frame Anchors: Provide jamb anchors as suitable for wall conditions and floor anchors, minimum 18 gage.
 - 1) Provide welded type frames with temporary spreader bars.
- B. Interior Wood Swinging Doors**
- 1. Standard Products: Doors shall be of type, size, and design indicated, and shall be standard products of manufacturers regularly engaged in manufacture of wood doors.
 - a. Marking: Each door shall bear stamp, brand. or other identifying mark indicating quality and construction of door. Identifying mark or separate certification shall include identification of standard on which construction of door is based, and identity of manufacturing plant.
 - 2. Interior Wood Doors: NWWDA I.S. 1-A.
 - a. Thickness: 44.4 mm (1-3/4 inch) unless otherwise indicated or scheduled.
 - b. Adhesives: NWWDA I.S. 1-A, Type II.
 - c. Prefitting: Provide doors prefitted or unfitted at option of Contractor.
 - d. Faces, stiles, and rails bonded to cores.
 - 3. Core Construction:
 - a. Solid Core Door NWWDA Construction Type: One of following (as specified):
 - 1) PC-5 or PC-7 (5- or 7-ply) with particleboard core, bonded.
 - a) Stiles: Full core thickness and minimum 34 mm (1-3/8 inch) face width.
 - 2) SLC-5 or SLC-7 (5- or 7-ply) provide with glued wood-block core, bonded.
 - a) Stiles: Full core thickness and minimum 19 mm (3/4 inch) face width.
 - 3) Stiles and Rails: Top and bottom rails for particleboard and wood-block core doors shall have minimum 29 mm (1-1/8 inch) face width by full core thickness.
 - b. Hollow-Core Doors: NWWDA IHC (Institutional Hollow Core) or SHC (Standard Hollow Core), as specified.
 - 1) Provide with heavy-duty wood stiles, rails, lock blocks and other reinforcement inside core as required to allow for secure screw attachment of hardware.
 - 2) Hinge Stile: Minimum 25 mm (1 inch) minimum thick.
 - c. Stile Edge Bands: Mill option specie.
 - 1) No visible finger-joints acceptable in stile edge bands.
 - 2) When used, locate finger-joints under hardware.
 - d. Fire-Rated Door NWWDA Construction Type: As required for fire rating indicated or scheduled.
 - 1) Mineral Core Doors: Provide with heavy duty wood stiles, rails, lock blocks, and other reinforcement inside core as required to allow for secure screw attachment of hardware including closers and exit devices.
 - a) Reinforcement Blocking: In compliance with manufacturer's labeling requirements.
 - 2) Provide factory prefitting and premachining as required for fire-rated labels.
 - 3) Means of Egress Fire Doors: Provide doors with maximum 232 degrees C (450 degree F) temperature rise rating in 30 minutes of fire exposure.
 - e. Wood Stiles, Rails, Lock Blocks, and Other Reinforcement: Wood:
 - 1) Rail Blocks: Not less than 125 mm (5 inches) wide by full core thickness.
 - 2) Split Resistance: NWWDA TM-5, average of ten test samples shall be not less than 225 load kilograms (500 load pounds).

- 3) Direct Screw Withdrawal: NWWDA TM-10, average of ten test samples shall be not less than 315 load kilograms (700 load pounds) when tested for direct screw withdrawal using steel, fully threaded wood screw.
 - 4) Cycle/Swing: NWWDA TM-7. 200,000 cycles with no loose hinge screws or other visible signs of failure.
 - f. Under Cutting: Preserve full bottom rail.
4. Face Panels:
- a. Painted Finish: NWWDA I.S. 1-A, minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick hardboard.
 - b. Plastic Laminate Finish: NEMA LD 3, high pressure decorative laminate, Grade GP50, 1.3 mm (0.050 inch) thick.
 - 1) Faces: Adhesively apply over minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick hardboard.
 - 2) Edges: Adhesively apply plastic laminate matching face panels.
 - 3) Color and Pattern: As selected.
- C. Hardware
1. General: Comply with ANSI/BHMA A156.1 and applicable accessibility regulatory requirements and perform functions for which it was intended.
 2. Butts and Hinges: ANSI/BHMA A156.1, as scheduled.
 - a. Install non-rising pins (NRP) on out-swing residential unit entry doors.
 - b. Self Closing: ANSI/BHMA A156.17.
 - c. Security Door: Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 3. Fire-Rated Door Hardware: Comply with NFPA 80.
 - a. Exit Doors: Comply with NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code) for exit doors, as well as other requirements specified.
 - b. Labeling and Listing: Listed in UL Building Materials Directory.
 - 1) In Lieu of UL Labeling and Listing: Test reports from nationally recognized testing agency showing that hardware has been tested in accordance with UL test methods and conforms to NFPA requirements.
 - c. Install minimum latch throw as specified on label of individual door.
 - d. Provide hardware listed by UL, except where heavier materials, larger sizes, or higher grades are specified.
 - e. Closers: ANSI/BHMA A156.4.
 4. Lock Sets and Passage Sets: As scheduled. Comply with following standards:
 - a. Bored and Preassembled Locks and Latches: ANSI/BHMA A156.2, Grade 2.
 - b. Dead Bolt: ANSI/BHMA A156.5.
 - c. Mortise Locks and Latches: ANSI/BHMA A156.13, Grade 1 or Security Grade, single or multiple throw.
 - d. Interconnected Deadlock and Passage Set: ANSI/BHMA A156.12, Grade 2.
 - e. Cylindrical Lock: Grade 2 cylindrical deadbolt lock/passage set combination.
 - f. Security Door Locksets: ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Security Grade or UL 437 Key locks.
 - 1) Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - g. Keys: Provide two keys for each lock provided. Provide master keying and keying alike on any locks as directed at no additional charge.
 - h. Locks: Provide with interchangeable cores.
 5. Door Viewers: ANSI/BHMA A156.16.
- D. Factory Fitting And Machining
1. Doors: Prefit, bevel, mortise, and machine doors at factory in accordance with NWWDA I.S. 1-A.
 - a. Comply with hardware schedules and door frame Shop Drawings with hardware templates to ensure proper fit of doors and hardware.
 - 1) Take accurate field measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before proceeding with machining in factory.
 - b. Machine doors for hardware requiring cutting of doors.
 - c. Fit doors to frame bevel lock edge of doors (1/8 inch) for each (2 inches) of door thickness.
 - d. Finish all surfaces, including both faces, top and bottom and edges of doors smooth to touch.

2. Edge Sealing: Seal wood end grain exposed at edges and cutouts of doors against moisture penetration prior to shipment.
 - a. Sealer: Two coats of spar varnish or other sealer recommended by door manufacturer.
 3. Tolerances: Comply with NWWDA tolerance requirements for prefitting.
- E. Door Assemblies
1. Prehung Swinging Doors: Prehung door with matching wood frame complete with hinges, lockset or passage set, and other hardware, as indicated or specified.
 2. Fire-Rated Doors and Frames: NFPA 80 and bear identifying label of UL or nationally recognized testing agency qualified to perform certification programs indicating that units conform to requirements for class indicated.
 - a. Labels: Metal with raised or incised markings.
 - b. Hardware: As required to maintain fire rating and receive label.
 3. Security Entry Frames and Doors:
 - a. Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - b. Fire Rating: When required, provide B-Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
- F. Closet Doors
1. Heavy-Duty Bifold Closet Doors: Particleboard bifold doors, prime painted, factory premachined, complete with manufacturer's standard hardware to provide complete operating bifold doors.
 - a. Panels: 721 kg/ cubic m (45 PCF) industrial-grade particle board, 19.1 mm (3/4 inch) thick.
 - 1) Long Edges: Plasticized.
 - 2) Room Side: Filled and prime painted.
 - 3) Closet Side: Prime painted.
 - 4) Exposed Surfaces Finish: Painted or plastic laminate as indicated or scheduled.
 - b. Track: No. 6063-T6 extruded aluminum, 20.5 mm (13/16 inch) by 32 mm (1-1/4 inch).
 - 1) Track Guides: Delrin.
 - c. Hardware: Factory-applied to doors and track.
 - 1) Pivot and Mounting Hardware: 14 gage cold-rolled steel, carbonized for strength and durability.
 - 2) Top Pivot and Guide Pins: 75 mm (3 inch) removable compensating pins.
 - 3) Toggle Pivot: Ensure doors remain in place.
 - 4) Spring Enclosure: Provide positive closing with little effort and keep doors closed.
 - 5) Bottom Pivot: Carry weight of door, floor-mounted, and designed for vertical and horizontal adjustment.
 - 6) Panel Brackets: Wrap-around feature to eliminate unnecessary stress on screws.
 - 7) Panels: Hinged together with continuous piano hinges inserted into routed grooves and secured with tempered pins.
 - 8) Pulls: As selected from manufacturer's standards.
 - d. Doors: Comply with accessibility requirements (as specified).
 2. Standard Bifold Closet Doors: Provide complete manufacturer's standard hardware, including tracks, hinges, guides, and pulls to provide complete operating bifold doors.
 - a. Hollow-Core Doors: NWWDA I.S. 1-A and NWWDA IHC (Institutional Hollow Core).
 - 1) Provide with heavy-duty wood stiles, rails, lock blocks and other reinforcement inside core as required to allow for secure screw attachment of hardware.
 - b. Doors: 34.9 mm (1-3/8 inch) thick unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Surface-Mounted Pulls: As selected from manufacturer standards.
 3. Standard Sliding Closet Doors: Provide complete manufacturer's standard hardware, including tracks, guides, and pulls to provide complete operating sliding doors.
 - a. Hollow-Core Doors: NWWDA I.S. 1-A and NWWDA IHC (Institutional Hollow Core).
 - 1) Provide with heavy-duty wood stiles, rails, lock blocks and other reinforcement inside core as required to allow for secure screw attachment of hardware.
 - b. Doors: 34.9 mm (1-3/8 inch) thick unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Recessed Pulls: As selected from manufacturer standards.
 4. Standard Closet Door Face Panels:
 - a. Painted Finish: NWWDA I.S. 1-A, minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick hardboard.
 - b. Plastic Laminate Finish: NEMA LD 3, high-pressure decorative laminate, Grade GP50, 1.3 mm (0.050 inch) thick.

- 1) Faces: Adhesively apply over minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick hardboard.
- 2) Edges: Adhesively apply plastic laminate matching face panels.
- 3) Color and Pattern: As selected.

G. Finishes

1. Painted Wood Finish: One of following as indicated or scheduled:
 - a. Factory Finish: NWWDA System No. 10-Conversion Varnish.
 - 1) Color: As selected.
 - b. Field Finish: Factory primed for field paint under Division 9 Section "Painting."
2. Painted Steel Finish: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - a. Exposed Surfaces: ASTM A 591 electrolytic zinc-coated steel, Class A.
 - b. Primer: ANSI A224.1, factory-applied primer.
 - c. Finish Coat: One of following as specified or scheduled:
 - 1) Factory Finish: Electrostatically factory applied baked-on enamel finish.
 - a) Color: As selected from manufacturer's list of colors.
 - 2) Field Finish: Factory-primed for field paint under Division 9 Section "Painting."

1.4 EXECUTION**A. Examination**

1. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
 - b. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - c. Before installation of doors, verify that frames are proper size, location, type, and swing characteristics for door, and are installed with plumb jambs and level heads as required for proper installation of doors.
 - d. Reject doors with defects.
 - e. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

B. Preparation

1. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
2. Existing Doors: Remove existing doors and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
3. Preparation: Prepare existing openings in accordance with ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, and approved Shop Drawings.
4. Wood Door Preparation:
 - a. Conditioning: Condition wood doors to average humidity in installation area prior to hanging.
 - b. Prefitting: Prefit wood doors to frames and machine for hardware to whatever extent not previously worked at factory as required for proper fit and uniform clearance at each edge.
 - c. Sealing: Before installation of hardware on wood doors, brush apply sealer to all job site cut or planed surfaces.

C. Door Frame Installation

1. Door Frames: Install in accordance with ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, and approved Shop Drawings.
 - a. Set frames accurately in accordance with details, straight and free of twist with head level, jambs plumb, and without distortion. Rigidly anchor to walls and partitions and securely brace until surrounding work is completed.
2. Wood Frames: Set plumb and square, and rigidly anchor in place using finish type nails. Provide double wedge blocking near top, bottom, and midpoint of each jamb.
3. Steel Frames: Comply with SDI 105:

- a. Fire-Rated Openings: Place frames and provide clearances in accordance with NFPA 80 and GA 253.
 - b. Field Welds: Make welds full length of joints. Remove splatter, and grind exposed welds to match adjacent surfaces. Provide the Owner with ample notice to review welds before finish operations begin.
 - c. Wherever possible, leave spreader bars in place until frames are securely anchored.
- D. Wood Door Installation
1. General: Install doors in accordance with NWWDA I.S. 1-A, ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, and approved Shop Drawings.
 - a. Install doors and frames securely, straight, plumb, and level without distortion.
 2. Wood Doors: Install wood doors in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
 - a. Prefit Doors: Fit to frames for uniform clearance at each edge.
 - b. Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted with fire-rated doors.
 - c. Hanging: After sizing doors, fit and machine for hardware as scheduled.
 - 1) Hang doors to be free of binding, with hardware functioning properly.
 - d. Clearances for Nonfire-Rated Doors:
 - 1) Jamb: 3 mm (1/8 inch), 3 mm (1/8 inch) bevel in 50 mm (2 inches).
 - 2) Head: 3 mm (1/8 inch).
 - 3) Bottom at Decorative Floor Finish or Covering: 13 mm (1/2 inch).
 - 4) Bottom at Threshold: 6 mm (1/4 inch) between bottom of door and top of threshold.
 - e. Clearances for Fire Rated Doors: Comply with NFPA 80 and local code.
 - 1) Bevel fire-rated doors 3 mm in 50 mm (1/8 inch in 2 inches) at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
 - f. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining as specified above.
 3. Fire-Rated Doors:
 - a. Installation, Hardware, and Operational Characteristics: Comply with NFPA 80, NFPA 101, and manufacturer's recommendations.
 - b. Factory-Applied Labels: Remain intact where installed. Do not trim labeled hinge stile edge and top edge of door.
 - 1) Do not paint over labels.
 - c. Clearances for Fire-Rated Doors: Comply with NFPA 80 and local code.
 - 1) Lockstile Edge and Bottom Edge: May be trimmed only to extent recommended by door manufacturer.
 - 2) Bevel fire-rated doors 3 mm in 50 mm (1/8 inch in 2 inches) at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
 - d. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining as specified above.
- E. Hardware Installation
1. General: Install hardware in accordance with SDI 109, DHI recommended locations, and manufacturers recommendations.
 2. Fastening: Furnish items of hardware with attachment screws, bolts, nuts, etc., as required to attach hardware to type of material involved and with finish to match adjacent hardware.
 - a. Make attachments to metal by template machine screws.
 - b. Through-bolt hardware such as door closers, forearm shoes of closers, holding devices, and panic hardware mounted on doors or panels.
 - c. Attach hardware to masonry or concrete with expansion bolts or similar drilled anchors to develop full strength of attached device. Set expansion anchors in solid masonry, not mortar joints.
 3. Accessories:
 - a. Smoke Seals and Sound-stripping: Run full height of both jambs and full width of head.
 - b. Thresholds: Run full width of opening. Install thresholds with continuous threshold anchors cast into slab and set in sealant.
- F. Door Assemblies Installation

1. Prehung Wood Doors in Frames with Hardware: Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 2. Bifold Closet Doors with Hardware: Install in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
 3. Sliding Closet Doors with Hardware: Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- G. Adjusting And Cleaning
1. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust. and lubricate hardware as required, and leave doors and hardware in proper operating condition.
 - a. Operation: Rehang or replace doors which do not swing or operate freely.
 2. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Clean doors after installation to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Painted Surfaces: Touch-up with primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.
- H. Protection
1. Installed Work: Protect doors from damage after installation. as recommended by door manufacturer. to ensure that doors will be without damage or deterioration at project completion.
 2. Replacement: Refinish or replace doors damaged during installation.
 - a. Causes for Rejection of Wood Doors: Include warp, chips, scratches, or gouges of veneer. and finish defects.

END OF SECTION 08 05 13 00a

SECTION 08 05 13 00b - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for flush wood doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Solid-core doors and transom panels with wood-veneer, medium-density-overlay, hardboard or MDF, and plastic-laminate faces.
 - b. Hollow-core doors with wood-veneer, hardboard or MDF, and plastic-laminate faces.
 - c. Shop priming and Factory finishing flush wood doors.
 - d. Factory fitting flush wood doors to frames and factory machining for hardware.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of door indicated. Include factory-finishing specifications.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that flush wood doors comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For adhesives and composite wood products, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; location and extent of hardware blocking; and other pertinent data.
 - a. Indicate dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - b. Indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts.
 - c. Indicate requirements for veneer matching.
 - d. Indicate doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
 - e. Indicate fire-protection ratings for fire-rated doors.
4. Samples: For plastic-laminate door faces and factory-finished doors.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated" **OR** WDMA I.S.1-A, "Architectural Wood Flush Doors" **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork", **as directed**.
3. Forest Certification: Provide doors made with cores **OR** veneers **OR** not less than 70 percent of wood products **OR** all wood products, **as directed**, obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Fire-Rated Wood Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure **OR** as close to neutral pressure as possible, **as directed**, according to NFPA 252 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5 **OR** UL 10B **OR** UL 10C, **as directed**.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.

- b. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

- 1. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Package doors individually in plastic bags or cardboard cartons **OR** cardboard cartons and wrap bundles of doors in plastic sheeting, **as directed**.
- 3. Mark each door on bottom **OR** top and bottom, **as directed**, rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

F. Warranty

- 1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period for Solid-Core Exterior Doors: Two **OR** Five, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - b. Warranty Period for Solid-Core Interior Doors: Life of installation.
 - c. Warranty Period for Hollow-Core Interior Doors: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, year(s) from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Door Construction, General

- 1. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide doors made with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea formaldehyde.
- 2. WDMA I.S.1-A Performance Grade:
 - a. Heavy Duty unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Extra Heavy Duty: Classrooms, public toilets, janitor's closets, assembly spaces, exits, patient rooms, and where indicated.
 - c. Standard Duty: Closets (not including janitor's closets), private toilets, and where indicated.
- 3. Particleboard-Core Doors:
 - a. Particleboard:
 - 1) ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-1 **OR** Grade LD-2, **as directed**, made with binder containing no urea-formaldehyde resin, **as directed**.
 - OR**
 - Straw-based particleboard complying with ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-2 or M-2, except for density.
 - b. Blocking: Provide wood blocking in particleboard-core doors as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.
 - c. Provide doors with glued-wood-stave **OR** structural-composite-lumber, **as directed**, cores instead of particleboard cores for doors indicated to receive exit devices.
- 4. Structural-Composite-Lumber-Core Doors:
 - a. Structural Composite Lumber: WDMA I.S.10.
 - 1) Screw Withdrawal, Face: 700 lbf (3100 N).
 - 2) Screw Withdrawal, Edge: 400 lbf (1780 N).
- 5. Fire-Protection-Rated Doors: Provide core specified or mineral core as needed to provide fire-protection rating indicated.
 - a. Edge Construction: Provide edge construction with intumescent seals concealed by outer stile. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.
 - b. Pairs: Provide fire-retardant stiles that are listed and labeled for applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals. Provide stiles with concealed intumescent seals, **as directed**. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.

- OR**
 Pairs: Provide formed-steel edges and astragals with intumescent seals, **as directed**.
- 1) Finish steel edges and astragals with baked enamel same color as doors, **as directed**.
- OR**
 Finish steel edges and astragals to match door hardware (locksets or exit devices).
6. Mineral-Core Doors:
- a. Core: Noncombustible mineral product complying with requirements of referenced quality standard and testing and inspecting agency for fire-protection rating indicated.
 - b. Blocking: Provide composite blocking with improved screw-holding capability approved for use in doors of fire-protection ratings indicated as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware.
 - c. Edge Construction: At hinge stiles, provide laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.
7. Hollow-Core Doors:
- a. Construction: Institutional **OR** Standard, **as directed**, hollow core.
- B. Veneered-Faced Doors For Transparent Finish
1. Exterior Solid-Core Doors:
 - a. Grade: Premium, with Grade AA faces **OR** Premium, with Grade A faces **OR** Custom (Grade A faces) **OR** Economy (Grade B faces), **as directed**.
 - b. Species: Anigre **OR** Select white ash **OR** Figured select white ash **OR** Select white birch **OR** Cherry **OR** Select red gum **OR** Figured select red gum **OR** Select white maple **OR** Red oak **OR** Persimmon **OR** Sapele **OR** Sycamore **OR** Walnut **OR** White oak **OR** Ucuuba (Virola Duckei) **OR** Cupiuba (Goupia glabra), **as directed**.
 - c. Cut: Rotary cut **OR** Plain sliced (flat sliced) **OR** Quarter sliced **OR** Rift cut, **as directed**.
 - d. Match between Veneer Leaves: Book **OR** Slip **OR** Pleasing, **as directed**, match.
 - e. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Center-balance **OR** Balance **OR** Running, **as directed**, match.
 - f. Pair and Set Match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions, **as directed**.
 - g. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Same species as faces or a compatible species **OR** Same species as faces **OR** Applied wood-veneer edges of same species as faces and covering edges of faces **OR** Applied wood edges of same species as faces and covering edges of crossbands, **as directed**.
 - h. Core: Particleboard **OR** Glued wood stave **OR** Structural composite lumber, **as directed**.
 - i. Construction: Five **OR** Five or seven, **as directed**, plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.
 - j. Adhesives: Type I per WDMA TM-6.
 2. Interior Solid-Core Doors:
 - a. Grade: Premium, with Grade AA faces **OR** Premium, with Grade A faces **OR** Custom (Grade A faces) **OR** Economy (Grade B faces), **as directed**.
 - b. Species: Anigre **OR** Select white ash **OR** Figured select white ash **OR** Select white birch **OR** Cherry **OR** Select red gum **OR** Figured select red gum **OR** Select white maple **OR** Red oak **OR** Persimmon **OR** Sapele **OR** Sycamore **OR** Walnut **OR** White oak **OR** Ucuuba (Virola Duckei) **OR** Cupiuba (Goupia glabra), **as directed**.
 - c. Cut: Rotary cut **OR** Plain sliced (flat sliced) **OR** Quarter sliced **OR** Rift cut, **as directed**.
 - d. Match between Veneer Leaves: Book **OR** Slip **OR** Pleasing, **as directed**, match.
 - e. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Center-balance **OR** Balance **OR** Running, **as directed**, match.
 - f. Pair and Set Match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions, **as directed**.
 - g. Room Match:
 - 1) Match door faces within each separate room or area of building. Corridor-door faces do not need to match where they are separated by 10 feet (3 m) **OR** 20 feet (6 m), **as directed**, or more.

OR

Provide door faces of compatible color and grain within each separate room or area of building.

- h. Transom Match: Continuous match **OR** End match **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- i. Blueprint Match: Where indicated, provide doors with faces produced from same flitches as adjacent wood paneling and arranged to provide blueprint match with wood paneling. Comply with requirements in Division 06 Section(s) "Interior Architectural Woodwork" **OR** "Wood Paneling", **as directed**.
- j. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Same species as faces or a compatible species **OR** Same species as faces **OR** Applied wood-veneer edges of same species as faces and covering edges of faces **OR** Applied wood edges of same species as faces and covering edges of crossbands, **as directed**.
- k. Core: Particleboard **OR** Glued wood stave **OR** Nonglued wood stave **OR** Structural composite lumber, **as directed**.
- l. Construction:
 - 1) Five **OR** Five or seven, **as directed**, plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.

OR

Seven plies, either bonded or nonbonded construction.

3. Interior Hollow-Core Doors:

- a. Grade: Premium, with Grade AA faces **OR** Premium, with Grade A faces **OR** Custom (Grade A faces) **OR** Economy (Grade B faces), **as directed**.
- b. Species: Anigre **OR** Select white ash **OR** Figured select white ash **OR** Select white birch **OR** Cherry **OR** Select red gum **OR** Figured select red gum **OR** Select white maple **OR** Red oak **OR** Persimmon **OR** Sapele **OR** Sycamore **OR** Walnut **OR** White oak **OR** Ucuuba (Virola Duckei) **OR** Cupiuba (Goupia glabra), **as directed**.
- c. Cut: Rotary cut **OR** Plain sliced (flat sliced) **OR** Quarter sliced **OR** Rift cut, **as directed**.
- d. Match between Veneer Leaves: Book **OR** Slip **OR** Pleasing, **as directed**, match.
- e. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Center-balance **OR** Balance **OR** Running, **as directed**, match.
- f. Pair and Set Match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions, **as directed**.
- g. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Same species as faces or a compatible species **OR** Same species as faces **OR** Applied wood-veneer edges of same species as faces and covering edges of faces **OR** Applied wood edges of same species as faces and covering edges of crossbands, **as directed**.
- h. Construction: Seven plies.

C. Doors For Opaque Finish

1. Exterior Solid-Core Doors:

- a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.
- b. Faces: Medium-density overlay **OR** Any closed-grain hardwood of mill option, **as directed**.
 - 1) Apply medium-density overlay to standard-thickness, closed-grain, hardwood face veneers **OR** directly to high-density hardboard crossbands, **as directed**.
- c. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Any closed-grain hardwood.
- d. Core: Particleboard **OR** Glued wood stave **OR** Structural composite lumber, **as directed**.
- e. Construction: Five **OR** Five or seven, **as directed**, plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.
- f. Adhesives: Type I per WDMA TM-6.

2. Interior Solid-Core Doors:

- a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.
- b. Faces: Medium-density overlay **OR** Any closed-grain hardwood of mill option **OR** Hardboard or MDF, **as directed**.
 - 1) Apply medium-density overlay to standard-thickness, closed-grain, hardwood face veneers **OR** directly to high-density hardboard crossbands, **as directed**.

- 2) Hardboard Faces: AHA A135.4, Class 1 (tempered) or Class 2 (standard).
- 3) MDF Faces: ANSI A208.2, Grade 150 or 160.
- c. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Any closed-grain hardwood.
- d. Core: Particleboard **OR** Glued wood stave **OR** Nonglued wood stave **OR** Structural composite lumber, **as directed**.
- e. Construction:
 - 1) Three **OR** Five **OR** Five or seven, **as directed**, plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.
 - OR**
 - Three **OR** Seven, **as directed**, plies, either bonded or nonbonded construction.
- 3. Interior Hollow-Core Doors:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.
 - b. Faces: Medium-density overlay **OR** Any closed-grain hardwood of mill option **OR** Hardboard or MDF, **as directed**.
 - 1) Hardboard Faces: AHA A135.4, Class 1 (tempered) or Class 2 (standard).
 - 2) MDF Faces: ANSI A208.2, Grade 150 or 160.
 - c. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Any closed-grain hardwood.
 - d. Construction: Three **OR** Seven, **as directed**, plies.
- D. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Doors
 - 1. Interior Solid-Core Doors:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.
 - b. Plastic-Laminate Faces: High-pressure decorative laminates complying with NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS **OR** Grade HSH, **as directed**.
 - c. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: As indicated **OR** As selected from laminate manufacturer's full range of products, **as directed**.
 - d. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Hardwood edges for staining to match faces **OR** Hardwood edges for painting **OR** Plastic laminate that matches faces, applied before faces **OR** Impact-resistant polymer edging, applied after faces, **as directed**.
 - 1) Polymer Edging Color: Beige **OR** Brown **OR** Same color as faces, **as directed**.
 - e. Core: Particleboard **OR** Glued wood stave **OR** Structural composite lumber, **as directed**.
 - f. Construction:
 - 1) Three plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before faces are applied. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.
 - OR**
 - Five plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before faces and crossbands are applied. Faces are bonded to core using a hot press, **as directed**.
 - 2. Interior Hollow-Core Doors:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.
 - b. Plastic-Laminate Faces: High-pressure decorative laminates complying with NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS **OR** Grade HSH, **as directed**.
 - c. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: As indicated **OR** As selected from laminate manufacturer's full range of products, **as directed**.
 - d. Exposed Vertical **OR** Vertical and Top, **as directed**, Edges: Hardwood edges for staining to match faces **OR** Hardwood edges for painting **OR** Plastic laminate that matches faces, applied before faces **OR** Impact-resistant polymer edging, applied after faces, **as directed**.
 - 1) Polymer Edging Color: Beige **OR** Brown **OR** Same color as faces, **as directed**.
 - e. Construction: Plastic-laminate faces glued directly to core.
- E. Louvers And Light Frames
 - 1. Wood Louvers: Door manufacturer's standard solid-wood louvers unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Wood Species: Same species as door faces **OR** Species compatible with door faces **OR** Any closed-grain hardwood, **as directed**.
 - 2. Metal Louvers:
 - a. Blade Type: Vision-proof, inverted V **OR** Vision-proof, inverted Y **OR** Darkroom-type, double inverted V, **as directed**.

- b. Metal and Finish:
 - 1) Hot-dip galvanized steel, 0.040 inch (1.0 mm) thick, factory primed for paint finish **OR** with baked-enamel- or powder-coated finish, **as directed**.
OR
Extruded aluminum with Class II, clear anodic finish, AA-M12C22A31.
OR
Extruded aluminum with light bronze **OR** medium bronze **OR** dark bronze **OR** black, **as directed**, Class II, color anodic finish, AA-M12C22A32/A34.
 - 3. Louvers for Fire-Rated Doors: Metal louvers with fusible link and closing device, listed and labeled for use in doors with fire-protection rating of 1-1/2 hours and less.
 - a. Metal and Finish: Hot-dip galvanized steel, 0.040 inch (1.0 mm) thick, factory primed for paint finish **OR** with baked-enamel- or powder-coated finish, **as directed**.
 - 4. Wood Beads for Light Openings in Wood Doors: Provide manufacturer's standard wood beads as follows unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Wood Species: Same species as door faces **OR** Species compatible with door faces **OR** Any closed-grain hardwood, **as directed**.
 - b. Profile: Flush rectangular beads **OR** Recessed tapered beads **OR** Recessed tapered beads with exposed banding **OR** Lipped tapered beads **OR** Manufacturer's standard shape, **as directed**.
 - c. At wood-core doors with 20-minute fire-protection ratings, provide wood beads and metal glazing clips approved for such use.
 - 5. Wood-Veneered Beads for Light Openings in Fire-Rated Doors: Manufacturer's standard wood-veneered noncombustible beads matching veneer species of door faces and approved for use in doors of fire-protection rating indicated. Include concealed metal glazing clips where required for opening size and fire-protection rating indicated.
 - 6. Metal Frames for Light Openings in Fire-Rated Doors: Manufacturer's standard frame formed of 0.048-inch- (1.2-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; factory primed for paint finish **OR** with baked-enamel- or powder-coated finish, **as directed**; and approved for use in doors of fire-protection rating indicated.
- F. Fabrication
- 1. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Comply with requirements in NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - 2. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, DHI A115-W series standards, and hardware templates.
 - a. Coordinate with hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
 - b. Metal Astragals: Factory machine astragals and formed-steel edges for hardware for pairs of fire-rated doors.
 - 3. Transom and Side Panels: Fabricate matching panels with same construction, exposed surfaces, and finish as specified for associated doors. Finish bottom edges of transoms and top edges of rabbeted doors same as door stiles.
 - a. Fabricate door and transom panels with full-width, solid-lumber, rabbeted, **as directed**, meeting rails. Provide factory-installed spring bolts for concealed attachment into jambs of metal door frames.
 - 4. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors in factory.
 - a. Light Openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.
 - b. Glazing: Factory install glazing in doors indicated to be factory finished. Comply with applicable requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - c. Louvers: Factory install louvers in prepared openings.
 - 5. Exterior Doors: Factory treat exterior doors with water repellent after fabrication has been completed but before shop priming **OR** factory finishing, **as directed**.
 - a. Flash top of outswinging doors (with manufacturer's standard metal flashing).
- G. Shop Priming

1. Doors for Opaque Finish: Shop prime doors with one coat of wood primer specified in Division 09 Section(s) "Exterior Painting" OR "Interior Painting", **as directed**. Seal all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises with primer.
2. Doors for Transparent Finish: Shop prime doors with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Division 09 Section(s) "Exterior Painting" OR "Interior Painting" OR "Staining And Transparent Finishing", **as directed**. Seal all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises with first coat of finish.

H. Factory Finishing

1. General: Comply with referenced quality standard for factory finishing. Complete fabrication, including fitting doors for openings and machining for hardware that is not surface applied, before finishing.
 - a. Finish faces, all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises. Stains and fillers may be omitted on bottom **OR** top and bottom, **as directed**, edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises.
2. Finish doors at factory.

OR

Finish doors at factory that are indicated to receive transparent finish. Field finish doors indicated to receive opaque finish.

OR

Finish doors at factory where indicated in schedules or on Drawings as factory finished.
3. Transparent Finish:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish:
 - 1) AWI conversion varnish **OR** catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**, system.

OR

WDMA TR-4 conversion varnish **OR** TR-6 catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**.

OR

WI System 4 clear conversion varnish **OR** 5 catalyzed polyurethane **OR** 8 UV-curable coating, **as directed**.
 - c. Staining: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** None required, **as directed**.
 - d. Effect: Open-grain finish **OR** Filled finish **OR** Semifilled finish, produced by applying an additional finish coat to partially fill the wood pores, **as directed**.
 - e. Sheen: Satin **OR** Semigloss, **as directed**.
4. Opaque Finish:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish:
 - 1) AWI conversion varnish **OR** catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**, system.

OR

WDMA OP-4 conversion varnish **OR** OP-6 catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**.

OR

WI System 4 conversion varnish **OR** 5 catalyzed polyurethane **OR** 8 UV-curable coating, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Sheen: Satin **OR** Semigloss **OR** Gloss, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Hardware: For installation, see Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
2. Installation Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and the referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
 - a. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.
3. Job-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted for fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal edges of doors, edges of cutouts, and mortises after fitting and machining.

-
- a. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise indicated. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1) Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - b. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
 - c. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
4. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.
 5. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.
- B. Adjusting
1. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
 2. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or that do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION 08 05 13 00b

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 05 13 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 05 13 00	08 34 73 16	Sound Control Doors

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SECTION 08 11 73 00 - SLIDING METAL FIRE DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for sliding metal fire doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Single-leaf, power-operated and manually operated sliding door with or without pass door.
 - b. Biparting, power-operated and manually operated sliding door with or without pass door.
 - c. Multiple-leaf, power-operated and manually operated sliding door with or without pass door.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Provide horizontal sliding doors capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses without evidencing permanent deformation of door components:
 - a. Wind Load: Uniform pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), **unless required otherwise by the location of the work**, acting inward or outward.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. Fire-Rated Doors: Include description of fire-release system including testing and resetting instructions.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Product Certificates: For sliding metal fire doors, signed by product manufacturer.
4. Oversize Construction Certification: For door assemblies required to be fire rated and that exceed size limitations of labeled assemblies, signed by authorized representative of testing agency.
5. Operation and Maintenance Data: For sliding metal fire doors to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Rated Sliding Door Assemblies: Provide assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are identical to door assemblies tested for fire-test-response characteristics according to NFPA 252 or UL 10B, and that are listed and labeled for fire ratings indicated by UL, FMG, ITS, or another testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Test Pressure: Test at as close to neutral pressure as possible.
 - b. Oversize Fire-Rated Sliding Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that doors comply with all standard construction requirements of tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - c. Provide units with labels showing 250 deg F (139 deg C) **OR** 450 deg F (250 deg C) **OR** 650 deg F (361 deg C), **as directed**, temperature-rise ratings.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), or Drawing Steel (DS), Type B, exposed, matte finish.
2. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, with A60 (ZF180) **OR** A90 (ZF275), **as directed**, zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating or G90 (Z275) **OR** G60 (Z180), **as directed**, zinc coating; restricted flatness.
3. Stainless-Steel Sheets: ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 **OR** 316, **as directed**; stretcher-leveled standard of flatness; No. 4 satin **OR** 6 dull, **as directed**, finish.
4. Hardware and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units **OR** Hot-dip galvanize per ASTM A 153/A 153M where items are used on galvanized steel exterior doors **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Stainless steel where indicated, **as directed**.

B. Sliding Metal Fire Doors

1. Overhead-Supported Doors: Provide composite **OR** hollow-metal **OR** tubular-frame, **as directed**, type construction fire door assemblies with wall-mounted overhead track support and the following fire-protection rating and panel facing sheet material and thickness:
2. Bottom-Support Doors: Provide bottom-support, tubular-frame-type construction fire door assemblies with floor track, top guides, and the following fire-protection rating, temperature-rise rating, and face sheet material and thickness:
 - a. Fire-Protection Rating: 4 hours **OR** 3 hours **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 3/4 hour **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Panel Facing:
 - 1) Steel: 0.033-inch (0.8-mm) **OR** 0.043-inch (1.1-mm) **OR** 0.053-inch (1.35-mm) **OR** 0.067-inch (1.7-mm), **as directed**, minimum thickness.
 - 2) Metallic-Coated Steel: 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.052-inch (1.3-mm) **OR** 0.064-inch (1.6-mm) **OR** 0.079-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 3) Stainless Steel: 0.038-inch (0.96-mm) **OR** 0.050-inch (1.3-mm) **OR** 0.062-inch (1.57-mm) **OR** 0.078-inch (1.98-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
3. Operating Hardware: Manufacturer's standard, labeled, automatic-closing-type, sliding fire door assemblies complete with track, adjustable roller guides, binders, floor stops, cables, sheaves, counterweights, and fusible links. Furnish necessary hangers, fittings, and fasteners required for attaching hardware to door and for door sliding operation, including latch or handle for manual operation. Provide hot-dip galvanized steel **OR** electrogalvanized steel **OR** factory-prime-painted steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, hardware.
4. Weight Boxes: 0.064-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, metallic-coated steel counterweight boxes or guards; size as required for counterweights and clearance.
5. Crush Plates: 3/16-inch-thick by 6-inch-wide (4.8-mm-thick by 150-mm-wide), continuous steel plates on hollow concrete masonry walls.
6. Track Hood: Formed, metallic-coated steel sheet **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**; size as required for clearance and to protect tracks on exterior installations.
7. Weather Stripping: UL-classified, brush-style weather stripping with attachments for mounting at head, jambs, and bottom surface of door.
8. Motorized Operator: UL-approved, high-starting torque, reversing motor and adjustable speed operator with thermal-overload protection. Include fusible-link release to disengage operator and to allow door to close automatically.
 - a. Design operator for current characteristics of electrical service supplied. Provide UL-listed, 1/2-hp, 208- to 230-V ac, single-phase **OR** 208-V ac, 3-phase **OR** 220-V ac, 3-phase **OR** 480-V ac, 3-phase, **as directed**, 60-cycle motor with NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure and 24-V ac, secondary control voltage.
 - b. Equip door for completely automatic operation with clutch, speed reducer, brake, limit switches, electric reverse edge, brackets, bolts, and release for manual operation. Control equipment includes two pull cords **OR** two 3-button control stations with push buttons labeled "OPEN," "CLOSE," and "STOP" **OR** two motion detectors **OR** two loop detectors **OR** two photoelectric obstruction detectors **OR** time delay for closing, **as directed**, and electric interlock for pass door.

9. Interconnecting Device: Device for connecting fusible links for doors on both sides of wall.
10. Door Release Devices: Electromagnetic release devices compatible with smoke detectors or building's fire alarm system.
11. Fire Detection: Provide early warning, photoelectric smoke detectors or ionization detectors to be coupled to electromagnetic door release devices.
12. Pass Door: UL-listed swing door and frame.
13. Pass Door Hardware: Factory installed with one and one-half pairs of mortise spring hinges **OR** butt hinges and closer, **as directed**, and mortise latchset **OR** mortise lock **OR** exit device **OR** panic device, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide hardware complying with Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
14. Vision Panels: Factory fabricated in door with integral removable glass stops. Provide UL-approved, wired glass panels or other fire-resistive glazing product acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction; do not exceed area allowed for door rating.

C. Fabrication

1. Composite-Type Doors: Fabricate in modular panels. Bond face materials to both sides of core and reinforce perimeter with minimum 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, internal steel channel. Encase panel edges with minimum 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick, steel channel. Back joints in face sheets with minimum 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, steel H column. Connect panels with H column and cover plate. Attach armor edges and astragals to doors.
2. Hollow-Metal Doors: Bond face materials to both sides of core and reinforce perimeter with minimum 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, internal steel channel. Back joints in face sheets with minimum 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, steel H column. Weld and fill joints and grind exposed welds smooth. Attach armor edges and astragals to doors.
3. Tubular-Frame Doors: Fabricate perimeter frame and internal stiffeners of minimum 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick steel tubes. Miter corner joints in frame and weld frame and stiffener joints. Locate joints in face sheets over stiffeners. Weld and fill joints and grind exposed welds smooth. Attach armor edges and astragals to doors.
4. Core Construction: Provide core materials complying with fire-protection-rating and temperature-rise requirements.
 - a. Resin-impregnated honeycomb.
 - b. Mineral-fiber board.
 - c. Urethane.
 - d. Fiberglass.
 - e. Calcium silicate
 - f. Inorganic mineral.
 - g. Manufacturer's standard.

D. Steel Finishes

1. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Preparation for Shop Priming: After galvanizing, thoroughly clean metal of grease, dirt, oil, flux, and other foreign matter, and treat with metallic-phosphate pretreatment.
3. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface-preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of sliding metal fire doors:
 - a. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B): SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - b. Interiors (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-off Blast Cleaning."
4. Prime Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard rust-inhibiting primer on **OR** zinc-rich primer on metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel doors for field painting.
5. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install sliding metal fire doors according to NFPA 80 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of door operation indicated and fire-protection rating required.
 - a. Interface fire-detection devices with building's fire alarm system.
2. Drill necessary holes cleanly, with no broken areas or spalls, for installation of fasteners in concrete or masonry. Remove and replace damaged masonry as directed.

B. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. Operate sliding metal fire doors on completion of installation to ensure satisfactory operation. Check moving parts for proper alignment and lubrication. Make adjustments for smooth, easy operation.
 - a. Test door closing when activated by detector or alarm-connected, fire-release system. Reset door-closing mechanism after successful test.
2. Clean surfaces and refinish abraded or damaged surfaces to match factory finish.

END OF SECTION 08 11 73 00

SECTION 08 12 13 13 - STAINLESS STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of stainless steel doors and frames. Products shall match existing materials and/or shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Stainless-steel, hollow-metal doors and panels.
 - b. Stainless-steel, hollow-metal frames.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, fire-resistance rating, temperature-rise ratings, and finishes.
2. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
 - a. Elevations of each door design.
 - b. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal edge details and metal thicknesses.
 - c. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
 - d. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
 - e. Details of each different wall opening condition.
 - f. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
 - g. Details of accessories.
 - h. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
 - i. Details of conduit and preparations for power, signal, and control systems.
3. Samples:
 - a. Finishes: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of not less than 3 by 5 inches (75 by 125 mm).
 - b. Doors: Include section of vertical-edge, top, and bottom construction; core construction; glazing; and hinge and other applied hardware reinforcement.
 - c. Frames: Show profile, corner joint, floor and wall anchors, and silencers. Include separate section showing fixed hollow-metal panels and glazing if applicable.
4. Schedule: Provide a schedule of stainless-steel, hollow-metal work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with a door hardware schedule.
5. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.
6. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of stainless-steel, hollow-metal door and frame assembly.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Source Limitations: Obtain stainless-steel, hollow-metal work from single source from single manufacturer.
2. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - b. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature

end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.

3. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where indicated **OR** At corridors, smoke barriers, and smoke partitions, **as directed**, provide assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
 - a. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m per minute/sq. m) at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
4. Fire-Rated, Borrowed-Light Frame Assemblies: Assemblies that are listed and labeled, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257 or UL 9. Label each individual glazed lite. Install in compliance with NFPA 80.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver doors and frames palletized, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
2. Shipping Spreaders: Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded or mechanically attached to jambs and mullions.
3. Store doors and frames under cover at Project site. Place units in a vertical position with heads up, spaced by blocking, on minimum 4-inch- (100-mm-) high wood blocking. Avoid using nonvented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber.
 - a. If wrappers on doors become wet, remove cartons immediately. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

F. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

G. Coordination

1. Coordinate installation of anchorages for stainless-steel frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Stainless-Steel Doors

1. Description: Stainless-steel doors, not less than 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) thick, of seamed **OR** seamless, **as directed**, hollow-metal construction. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces without visible joints or seams on faces.
 - a. Face Sheets: Fabricate from 0.050-inch- (1.27-mm-) **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet.
 - b. Core Construction: Fabricate doors with core indicated.
 - 1) Welded Steel-Stiffened Core: 0.031-inch- (0.79-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.030-inch- (0.76-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.034-inch- (0.86-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**, vertical stiffeners extending full-door height, spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) apart, spot welded to face sheets a maximum of 5 inches (127 mm) o.c. Fill spaces between stiffeners with mineral-fiber insulation.
 - 2) Laminated Core: Honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper with maximum 1-inch (25.4-mm) cells or foam-plastic insulation fastened to face sheets with waterproof adhesive.
 - a) Foam-Plastic Insulated Doors: Thermal-resistance value (R-value) of not less than 4.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.704 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 12.3 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (2.166 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM C 1363.

- i. Locations: Exterior doors and interior doors, where indicated.
 - 3) Laminated Steel-Stiffened Core: 0.031-inch- (0.79-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.030-inch- (0.76-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.034-inch- (0.86-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**, vertical stiffeners extending full-door height, spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) apart, fastened to face sheets with waterproof adhesive. Fill spaces between stiffeners with mineral-fiber insulation.
 - 4) Fire-Rated Door Core: As required to provide fire-protection and temperature-rise ratings indicated.
 - c. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Beveled 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3 mm in 50 mm).
 - d. Vertical Edges for Double-Acting Doors: Round vertical edges with 2-1/8-inch (54-mm) radius.
 - e. Moldings for Glazed Lites in Doors: 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick stainless steel.
 - f. Loose Stops for Glazed Lites in Doors: 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick stainless steel.
 - g. Top and Bottom Channels: Closed with continuous channels, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.060-inch- (1.52-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Spot welded to both face sheets.
 - OR**
 - Securely fastened using adhesive.
 - h. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 866 with reinforcing plates from stainless **OR** uncoated **OR** metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel.
 - i. Electrical Hardware Enclosures: Provide enclosures and junction boxes within doors for electrically operated door hardware, interconnected with UL-approved, 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) diameter conduit and connectors.
 - 1) Where indicated for installation of wiring, provide access plates to junction boxes, fabricate from same material and thickness as face sheet and fasten with at least four security fasteners spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
2. Performance: Level A, ANSI A250.4.
3. Materials:
 - a. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304 **OR** Type 316 **OR** Type 317LMN **OR** 904L, **as directed**.
 - b. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
 - c. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with minimum G60 (Z180) or A60 (ZF180) metallic coating.
 - d. Foam-Plastic Insulation: Manufacturer's standard polystyrene **OR** urethane, **as directed**, board insulation with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84. Enclose insulation completely within door.
 - e. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: Insulation composed of rock-wool fibers, slag-wool fibers, or glass fibers.
4. Stainless-Steel Finishes:
 - a. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 - b. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - 1) Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - 2) When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - 3) Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
 - 4) Dull Satin Finish: No. 6.
 - 5) Mirrorlike Reflective, Nondirectional Polish: No. 8.
 - c. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B. Factory primed for field finish, **as directed**.

B. Stainless-Steel Panels

- 1. Provide stainless-steel panels of same construction, materials, and finish as specified for adjoining stainless-steel doors.

C. Stainless-Steel Frames

1. Description: Fabricate stainless-steel frames of construction indicated, with faces of corners mitered and contact edges closed tight.
 - a. Door Frames: Machine mitered, faces only welded **OR** Saw mitered and full (continuously) welded **OR** Machine mitered and full welded **OR** Knock down **OR** Slip on **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - 1) Weld frames according to HMMA 820.
 - b. Sidelight, Transom and Borrowed-Light Frames: Machine mitered, faces only welded **OR** Saw mitered and full (continuously) welded **OR** Machine mitered and full welded, **as directed**.
 - c. Door Frames for Openings 48 Inches (1219 mm) Wide or Less: Fabricate from 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet.
 - d. Door Frames for Openings More Than 48 Inches (1219 mm) Wide: Fabricate from 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet.
 - e. Borrowed-Light Frames: Fabricate from 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet.
 - f. Sidelight and Transom Frames: Fabricate from stainless-steel sheet of same thickness as adjacent door frame.
 - g. Glazing and Panel Stops: Formed integral with stainless-steel frames, minimum 5/8 inch (16 mm) high, unless otherwise indicated.
 - h. Loose Stops for Glazed Lites and Panels: 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick stainless steel.
 - i. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 866 with reinforcing plates from stainless **OR** uncoated **OR** metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel.
 - j. Head Reinforcement: 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel channel or angle stiffener for openings widths more than 48 inches (1219 mm).
 - k. Jamb Anchors:
 - 1) Masonry Type: Adjustable strap-and-stirrup or T-shaped anchors to suit frame size, not less than 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.060-inch- (1.52-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**, with corrugated or perforated straps not less than 2 inches (50 mm) wide by 10 inches (250 mm) long; or wire anchors not less than 0.156 inch (4.0 mm) thick.
 - 2) Stud-Wall Type: Designed to engage stud, welded to back of frames; not less than 0.050-inch- (1.27-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.052-inch- (1.32-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**.
 - 3) Compression Type for Slip-on Frames: Fabricate adjustable compression anchors from stainless **OR** uncoated **OR** metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel.
 - 4) Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, stainless-steel **OR** uncoated steel **OR** metallic-coated steel, **as directed**, bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.
 - l. Floor Anchors: Not less than 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.075-inch- (1.90-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.079-inch- (2.01-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**, and as follows:
 - 1) Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.
 - 2) Separate Topping Concrete Slabs: Adjustable-type anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (50-mm) height adjustment. Terminate bottom of frames at finish floor surface.
 - m. Ceiling Struts: Minimum 3/8-inch-thick by 2-inch- (9.5-mm-thick by 50-mm-) wide from stainless **OR** uncoated **OR** metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel.
 - n. Plaster Guards: Not less than 0.019-inch- (0.48-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.018-inch- (0.46-mm-) nominal thickness uncoated steel **OR** 0.022-inch- (0.56-mm-) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, **as directed**.
2. Performance: Level A, ANSI A250.4.
3. Materials:

- a. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304 **OR** Type 316 **OR** Type 317LMN **OR** 904L, **as directed**.
 - b. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
 - c. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with minimum G60 (Z180) or A60 (ZF180) metallic coating.
 - d. Frame Anchors: Stainless-steel sheet. Same type as door face.
OR
 Frame Anchors: Steel sheet **OR** Metallic-coated steel sheet, **as directed**, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.
 - e. Inserts, Bolts, and Anchor Fasteners: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2 (ASTM F 738M and ASTM F 836M, Alloy Group 1 or 4) for bolts and nuts.
OR
 Inserts, Bolts, and Anchor Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized steel according to ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
4. Finishes:
- a. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 - b. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - 1) Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - 2) When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - 3) Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
 - 4) Dull Satin Finish: No. 6.
 - 5) Mirrorlike Reflective, Nondirectional Polish: No. 8.
 - c. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B. Factory primed for field finish, **as directed**.
- D. Accessories
- 1. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - 2. Grout: Comply with ASTM C 476, with a slump of not more than 4 inches (102 mm) as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
 - 3. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.
 - 4. Mineral Fiber Insulation: Insulation composed of rock-wool fibers, slag-wool fibers, or glass fibers.
- E. Fabrication
- 1. Stainless-Steel Door Fabrication: Stainless-steel doors to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal.
 - a. Seamed Edge Construction: Both vertical door edges joined by visible, continuous interlocking seam (lock seam) full height of door.
OR
 Seamed Edge Construction: Both vertical door edges joined by visible seam that is projection, spot, or tack welded on inside edges of door at minimum 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
 - b. Seamless Edge Construction: Door face sheets joined at vertical edges by continuous weld extending full height of door; with edges ground and polished, providing smooth, flush surfaces with no visible seams.
 - c. Exterior Doors: Close top edges flush and seal joints against water penetration. Provide weep-hole openings in bottom of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape.
 - d. Stops and Moldings: Factory cut openings in doors. Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.
 - 1) Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of door.

- 2) Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with type of glazing and type of installation indicated.
- e. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare stainless-steel doors to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping, according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 8 Section "Door Hardware".
 - 1) Reinforce doors to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
- f. Locate hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to HMMA 831, "Recommended Hardware Locations for Custom Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."
- g. Tolerances: Fabricate doors to tolerances indicated in ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 866.
2. Stainless-Steel Frame Fabrication: Fabricate stainless-steel frames to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
 - a. Weld flush face joints continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible. Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated from same thickness metal as frames.
 - b. Mullions, Rails and Transom Bars: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by butt welding according to joint designs in HMMA 820.
 - 1) Provide false head member to receive lower ceiling where frames extend to finish ceilings of different heights.
 - c. Provide countersunk, flat-, or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - d. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottom of jambs and mullions with at least four spot welds per anchor.
 - e. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
 - 1) Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) in height.
 - b) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) in height.
 - c) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) in height.
 - d) Four anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof more than 96 inches (2438 mm) in height.
 - 2) Stud-Wall Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Three anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) in height.
 - b) Four anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) in height.
 - c) Five anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) in height.
 - d) Five anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof more than 96 inches (2438 mm) in height.
 - e) Two anchors per head for frames more than 42 inches (1066 mm) wide and mounted in metal-stud partitions.
 - 3) Compression Type: Not less than two anchors in each jamb.
 - 4) Postinstalled Expansion Type: Locate anchors not more than 6 inches (152 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 26 inches (660 mm) o.c.
 - f. Head Reinforcement: For frames more than 48 inches (1219 mm) wide, provide continuous head reinforcement for full width of opening, welded to back of frame at head.
 - g. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Provide plastic plugs to keep holes clear during construction.
 - 1) Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
 - 2) Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.

- h. Stops and Moldings: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites and solid panels where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.
 - 1) Single Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of door or frame.
 - 2) Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings such that each lite is capable of being removed independently.
 - 3) Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with type of glazing or panel and type of installation indicated.
 - 4) Terminated Stops: Where indicated for interior door frames, terminate stops 6 inches (152 mm) above finish floor with a 45 **OR** 90, **as directed**,-degree angle cut, and close open end of stop with stainless-steel sheet closure. Cover opening in extension of frame with welded-stainless-steel filler plate, with welds ground smooth and flush with frame.
- i. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare stainless-steel frames to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping, according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware (scheduled By Describing Products)".
 - 1) Reinforce frames to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
 - 2) Locate hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to HMMA 831, "Recommended Hardware Locations for Custom Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."
- j. Plaster Guards: Weld guards to frame at back of hardware mortises and mounting holes in frames to be grouted.
- k. Tolerances: Fabricate frames to tolerances indicated in ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 866.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of stainless-steel doors and frames.
- 2. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations of stainless-steel, door-frame connections before frame installation.
- 3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

- 1. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- 2. Prior to installation and with installation spreaders in place, adjust and securely brace stainless-steel door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
 - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a perpendicular line from head to floor.
- 3. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.

C. Installation

- 1. General: Install stainless-steel doors and frames plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place; comply with ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 866 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Stainless-Steel Frames: Install stainless-steel frames of size and profile indicated.

- a. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - 1) At fire-protection-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
 - 2) Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
 - 3) Install frames with removable glazing stops located on secure side of opening.
 - 4) Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
 - 5) Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
 - 6) Check plumb, squareness, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
 - 7) Apply corrosion-resistant coating to backs of grout-filled frames.
- b. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor and secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.
 - 1) Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors, if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
- c. Metal-Stud Partitions: Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation behind frames.
- d. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- e. In-Place Gypsum Board Partitions: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors through floor anchors at each jamb. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- f. Ceiling Struts: Extend struts vertically from top of frame at each jamb to supporting construction above, unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction above. Provide adjustable wedged or bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
- g. Grouted Frames: Solidly fill space between frames and substrate with grout. Take precautions, including bracing frames, to ensure that frames are not deformed or damaged by grout forces.
- h. Installation Tolerances: Adjust stainless-steel frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
 - 1) Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - 2) Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - 3) Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - 4) Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs at floor.
3. Stainless-Steel Doors: Fit non-fire-rated doors accurately in frames with the following clearances:
 - a. Non-Fire-Rated Doors:
 - 1) Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch (3 mm) plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 2) Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3 mm) plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 3) Between Bottom of Door and Top of Threshold: Maximum 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
 - 4) Between Bottom of Door and Top of Finish Floor (No Threshold): Maximum 3/4 inch (19 mm).
 - b. Fire-Rated Doors: Install doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.
 - c. Smoke-Control Doors: Install doors according to NFPA 105.
4. Glazing: Install glazing in sidelights, transoms, and borrowed lights to comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - a. Secure stops with countersunk, flat-, or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches (230 mm) o.c., and not more than 2 inches (50 mm) o.c. from each corner.

D. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work including stainless-steel doors or frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
2. Clean grout and other bonding material off stainless-steel doors and frames immediately after installation.
3. Stainless-Steel Touchup: Immediately after erection, smooth any abraded areas of stainless steel and polish to match undamaged finish.

END OF SECTION 08 12 13 13

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 12 13 13	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 13 13 13	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 13 13 13	08 12 13 13	Stainless Steel Doors And Frames
08 14 00 00	08 05 13 00a	Wood Doors

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SECTION 08 14 16 00 - STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for stile and rail wood doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Exterior stile and rail wood doors and sidelites.
 - b. Interior stile and rail wood doors.
 - c. Interior fire-rated, stile and rail wood doors.
 - d. Interior fire-rated, wood door and sidelite frames.
 - e. Priming and Finishing stile and rail wood doors.
 - f. Fitting stile and rail wood doors to frames and machining for hardware.
 - g. Prehanging doors in frames.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood used for stile and rail wood doors complies with forest certification requirements.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For adhesives and composite wood materials, documentation indicating that products contain no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and other pertinent data.
4. Samples: Representing typical range of color and grain for each species of veneer and solid lumber required. Finish Sample with same materials proposed for factory-finished doors.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Forest Certification: Provide doors made with veneers **OR** not less than 70 percent of wood products **OR** all wood products, **as directed**, obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
3. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure **OR** as close to neutral pressure as possible, **as directed**, according to NFPA 252 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5 **OR** UL 10B **OR** UL 10C, **as directed**.
 - a. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
4. Safety Glass: Provide products complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201, for Category II materials, unless those of Category I are expressly indicated and permitted.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and requirements of quality standard referenced in Part 1.2.
2. Package doors individually in opaque plastic bags or cardboard cartons.

3. Mark each door on top and bottom edge with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

F. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship, or have warped (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) in a 42-by-84-inch (1067-by-2134-mm) section.
 - a. Warranty shall be in effect during the following period of time from date of Final Completion:
 - 1) Exterior Doors: None **OR** One year **OR** Two years **OR** Five years, **as directed**.
 - 2) Interior Doors: One year **OR** Five years **OR** Life of installation, **as directed**.
 - 3) Insulated **OR** Insulating Leaded, **as directed**, Glass Vision Panels: Three **OR** Five, **as directed**, years.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. General: Use only materials that comply with referenced standards and other requirements specified.
 - a. Assemble exterior doors and sidelites, including components, with wet-use adhesives complying with ASTM D 5572 for finger joints and with ASTM D 5751 for joints other than finger joints.
 - b. Assemble interior doors, frames, and sidelites, including components, with either dry-use or wet-use adhesives complying with ASTM D 5572 for finger joints and with ASTM D 5751 for joints other than finger joints.
2. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide doors made with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea-formaldehyde resins.
3. Panel Products: Any of the following:
 - a. Particleboard made from wood particles, with binder containing no urea-formaldehyde resin, complying with ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.
OR
Particleboard made from straw, complying with ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2, except for density.
 - b. Medium-density fiberboard made from wood fiber, with binder containing no urea-formaldehyde resin, complying with ANSI A208.2, Grade 130.
 - c. Hardboard, complying with AHA A135.4.
 - d. Veneer core plywood, made with adhesive containing no urea-formaldehyde resin.

B. Exterior Stile And Rail Wood Doors

1. Exterior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Stock exterior doors complying with WDMA I.S.6, "Industry Standard for Wood Stile and Rail Doors," and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Finish and Grade: Transparent and Premium or Select **OR** Opaque and Standard, **as directed**.
 - b. Wood Species: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine **OR** Manufacturer's standard softwood species and cut, **as directed**.
 - c. Stile and Rail Construction: Edge-glued solid lumber **OR** veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered edge- and end-glued lumber, **as directed**.
 - d. Panel Construction: Edge-glued solid lumber **OR** veneered panel product, **as directed**.
 - e. Raised-Panel Thickness: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than that required by WDMA I.S.6 for design group indicated **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - f. Molding Profile (Sticking): Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Glass: Uncoated, clear, fully tempered float glass, 5.0 mm thick **OR** laminated glass made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick annealed glass **OR** insulating-glass units made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick, fully tempered glass with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) interspace, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".

- h. WDMA Design Group: 1-3/4 Front Entrance Doors (Exterior) **OR** 1-3/4 Thermal (Insulated-Glass) Doors (Exterior) **OR** 8'-0" High Doors **OR** Side Lights **OR** 1-3/4 and 1-3/8 Entrance Doors (Exterior) **OR** Combination Doors **OR** Screen Doors, **as directed**.
- i. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S.6 and grade specified. Include panel design number if applicable.
- 2. Exterior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Stock **OR** Custom, **as directed**, exterior doors complying with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **OR** WDMA I.S.6A, "Industry Standard for Architectural Stile and Rail Doors," **as directed**, and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Panel Designs: Indicated by Drawings. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
 - b. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: Transparent **OR** Opaque, **as directed**.
 - d. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine, plain sawed/sliced **OR** Douglas fir or western hemlock, quarter sawed/sliced (vertical grain) **OR** Red oak, quarter sawed/sliced stiles and rails, plain sawed/sliced panels **OR** Species indicated in schedule, plain sawed/sliced, **as directed**.
 - e. Door Construction for Transparent Finish:
 - 1) Stile and Rail Construction:
 - a) Clear lumber; may be edge glued for width. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
OR
 Veneered, structural composite lumber or veneered, edge- and end-glued clear lumber, **as directed**. Select veneers for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces. Use veneers not less than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - 2) Raised-Panel Construction:
 - a) Clear lumber; edge glued for width. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
OR
 Edge-glued, clear lumber; glued to both sides of a wood-based panel product. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
OR
 Veneered, wood-based panel product with mitered, raised rims made from matching clear lumber.
OR
 Veneered, shaped, wood-based panel product with veneer conforming to raised-panel shape.
 - f. Door Construction for Opaque Finish:
 - 1) Stile and Rail Construction: Clear softwood; may be edge glued for width and finger jointed.
OR
 Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber or veneered edge- and end-glued lumber, **as directed**.
 - 2) Raised-Panel Construction: Clear softwood lumber; edge glued for width.
OR
 Raised-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product.
 - g. Stile and Rail Widths: As indicated **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than the following, **as directed**:
 - 1) Stiles, Top and Intermediate Rails: 5-3/8 inches (137 mm).
 - 2) Bottom Rails: 11-3/8 inches (289 mm).
 - h. Raised-Panel Thickness: As indicated **OR** 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) **OR** 1-3/8 inches (35 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than 1-1/8 inches (29 mm), **as directed**.
 - i. Molding Profile (Sticking): Bead and cove **OR** Ogee **OR** Ovalo **OR** Recessed bevel **OR** Recessed square **OR** Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

- j. Glass: Uncoated, clear, fully tempered float glass, 5.0 mm thick **OR** laminated glass made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick annealed glass **OR** insulating-glass units made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick, fully tempered glass with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) interspace, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- k. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
OR
Provide WI-Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- l. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S.6A and grade specified.

C. Interior Stile And Rail Wood Doors

1. Interior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Stock interior doors complying with WDMA I.S.6, "Industry Standard for Wood Stile and Rail Doors," and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Finish and Grade: Transparent and Premium or Select **OR** Opaque and Standard, **as directed**.
 - b. Wood Species: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine **OR** Douglas fir or western hemlock, vertical sawed/sliced **OR** Red oak, quarter sawed/sliced **OR** Manufacturer's standard softwood species and cut, **as directed**.
 - c. Stile and Rail Construction: Edge-glued solid lumber **OR** veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered edge- and end-glued lumber, **as directed**.
 - d. Raised-Panel Construction: Edge-glued solid lumber **OR** Veneered panel product **OR** shaped, medium-density fiberboard, **as directed**.
 - e. Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered panel product **OR** hardboard or medium-density fiberboard, **as directed**.
 - f. Raised-Panel Thickness: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than that required by WDMA I.S.6 for design group indicated **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - g. Flat-Panel Thickness: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than that required by WDMA I.S.6 for design group indicated **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - h. Molding Profile (Sticking): Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Glass: Uncoated, clear, fully tempered float glass, 5.0 mm thick **OR** laminated glass made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick annealed glass, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - j. WDMA Design Group: 1-3/8 Interior Panel Doors **OR** French Doors **OR** 8'-0" High Doors **OR** Bifold Doors, **as directed**.
 - k. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S.6 and grade specified. Include panel design number if applicable.
2. Interior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Stock **OR** Custom, **as directed**, interior doors complying with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **OR** WDMA I.S.6A, "Industry Standard for Architectural Stile and Rail Doors," **as directed**, and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Panel Designs: Indicated by Drawings. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
 - b. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: Transparent **OR** Opaque, **as directed**.
 - d. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine, plain sawed/sliced **OR** Douglas fir or western hemlock, quarter sawed/sliced (vertical grain) **OR** Red oak, quarter sawed/sliced stiles and rails, plain sawed/sliced panels **OR** Species indicated in schedule, plain sawed/sliced, **as directed**.
 - e. Door Construction for Transparent Finish:
 - 1) Stile and Rail Construction: Clear lumber; may be edge glued for width. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
OR

- Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered, edge- and end-glued clear lumber, **as directed**. Select veneers for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces. Use veneers not less than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick, **as directed**.
- 2) Raised-Panel Construction: Clear lumber; edge glued for width. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
 - OR**
 - Raised-Panel Construction: Edge-glued, clear lumber; glued to both sides of a wood-based panel product. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
 - OR**
 - Raised-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product with mitered, raised rims made from matching clear lumber.
 - OR**
 - Raised-Panel Construction: Veneered, shaped, wood-based panel product with veneer conforming to raised-panel shape.
 - 3) Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product.
- f. Door Construction for Opaque Finish:
- 1) Stile and Rail Construction: Clear softwood; may be edge glued for width and finger jointed.
 - OR**
 - Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered edge- and end-glued lumber, **as directed**.
 - 2) Raised-Panel Construction: Clear softwood lumber; edge glued for width.
 - OR**
 - Raised-Panel Construction: Shaped, medium-density fiberboard.
 - 3) Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product **OR** Medium-density fiberboard, **as directed**.
- g. Stile and Rail Widths: As indicated **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than the following, **as directed**:
- 1) Stiles, Top and Intermediate Rails: 4-1/2 inches (114 mm).
 - 2) Bottom Rails: 9 inches (229 mm).
- h. Raised-Panel Thickness: As indicated **OR** 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) **OR** 1-3/8 inches (35 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than 1-1/8 inches (29 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
- i. Flat-Panel Thickness: As indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
- j. Molding Profile (Sticking): Bead and cove **OR** Ogee **OR** Ovalo **OR** Recessed bevel **OR** Recessed square **OR** Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- k. Glass: Uncoated, clear, fully tempered float glass, 5.0 mm thick **OR** laminated glass made from two lites of 3.0-mm-thick annealed glass, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- l. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
 - OR**
 - Provide WI-Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- m. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S.6A and grade specified.
3. Interior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Fire-rated (20-minute rating) doors complying with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **OR** WDMA I.S.6A, "Industry Standard for Architectural Stile and Rail Doors," **as directed**, and with other requirements specified.
- a. Panel Designs: Indicated by Drawings. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.

- b. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: Transparent **OR** Opaque, **as directed**.
 - d. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine, plain sawed/sliced **OR** Douglas fir or western hemlock, quarter sawed/sliced (vertical grain) **OR** Red oak, quarter sawed/sliced stiles and rails, plain sawed/sliced panels **OR** Species indicated in schedule, plain sawed/sliced, **as directed**.
 - e. Door Construction for Transparent Finish: 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) thick stiles and rails and veneered flat panels not less than 5/8 inch (16 mm) thick **OR** raised panels not less than 1-1/8 inches (29 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - 1) Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered, edge- and end-glued clear lumber, **as directed**. Select veneers for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces. Use veneers not less than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - 2) Raised-Panel Construction: Veneered, shaped, wood-based panel product with veneer conforming to raised-panel shape.
 - 3) Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product.
 - f. Door Construction for Opaque Finish: 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) thick stiles and rails and veneered flat panels not less than 5/8 inch (16 mm) thick **OR** raised panels not less than 1-1/8 inches (29 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - 1) Stile and Rail Construction: Veneered, structural composite lumber **OR** veneered edge- and end-glued lumber, **as directed**.
 - 2) Raised-Panel Construction: Shaped, medium-density fiberboard.
 - 3) Flat-Panel Construction: Veneered, wood-based panel product **OR** Medium-density fiberboard, **as directed**.
 - g. Stile and Rail Widths: As indicated **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than the following, **as directed**:
 - 1) Stiles, Top and Intermediate Rails: 4-1/2 inches (114 mm).
 - 2) Bottom Rails: 9 inches (229 mm).
 - h. Molding Profile (Sticking): Bead and cove **OR** Ogee **OR** Ovalo **OR** Recessed bevel **OR** Recessed square **OR** Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
OR
Provide WI-Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
 - j. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S.6A and grade specified.
4. Interior Stile and Rail Wood Doors: Fire-rated (45-minute rating) doors complying with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **as directed**, and with other requirements specified.
- a. Panel Designs: Indicate by Drawings. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
 - b. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: Transparent **OR** Opaque, **as directed**.
 - d. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine, plain sawed/sliced **OR** Douglas fir or western hemlock, quarter sawed/sliced (vertical grain) **OR** Red oak, quarter sawed/sliced stiles and rails, plain sawed/sliced panels **OR** Species indicated in schedule, plain sawed/sliced, **as directed**.
 - e. Interior Fire-Rated Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) thick, edged and veneered mineral-core stiles and rails and 1-1/8-inch- (29-mm-) thick, veneered mineral-core raised panels.
 - f. Edge Construction: At hinge stiles, provide laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance. Comply with specified requirements for exposed edges.

- 1) Screw-Holding Capability: 550 lbf (2440 N) **OR** 475 lbf (2110 N) **OR** 400 lbf (1780 N), **as directed**, per NWWDA T.M.-10.
 - g. Stile and Rail Widths: As indicated **OR** Manufacturer's standard, but not less than the following, **as directed**:
 - 1) Stiles, Top and Intermediate Rails: 4-1/2 inches (114 mm).
 - 2) Bottom Rails: 9 inches (229 mm).
 - h. Molding Profile (Sticking): Bead and cove **OR** Ogee **OR** Ovalo **OR** Recessed bevel **OR** Recessed square **OR** Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels or an AWI letter of licensing for Project indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
OR
 Provide WI-Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- D. Interior Fire-Rated Wood Door Frames
- 1. Interior Fire-Rated Wood Door Frames: Frames, complete with casings **OR** sidelite frames and casings, **as directed**, fabricated from solid fire-retardant-treated wood or from veneered fire-retardant particleboard, fire-retardant medium-density fiberboard, or mineral board.
 - 2. Species: Red oak **OR** White oak **OR** White maple **OR** Cherry, **as directed**.
- E. Stile And Rail Wood Door Fabrication
- 1. Fabricate stile and rail wood doors in sizes indicated for field fitting.
 - 2. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/2 inch (13 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide not more than 3/8 inch (10 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold.
 - 1) Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - b. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
 - c. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) on lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
 - 3. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, DHI A115-W Series standards, and hardware templates.
 - 4. Glazed Openings: Trim openings indicated for glazing with solid wood moldings, with one side removable. Miter wood moldings at corner joints.
OR
 Glazed Openings: Glaze doors at factory with glass of type and thickness indicated, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing". Install glass using manufacturer's standard elastomeric glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920. Secure glass in place with removable wood moldings. Miter wood moldings at corner joints.
 - 5. Transom and Side Panels: Fabricate panels to match adjoining doors in materials, finish, and quality of construction.
 - 6. Exterior Doors: Factory treat exterior doors after fabrication with water-repellent preservative to comply with WDMA I.S.4. Flash top of outswinging doors with manufacturer's standard metal flashing.
 - 7. Prehung Doors: Provide stile and rail doors as prehung units including doors, frames, weather stripping, **as directed**, and hardware.
 - a. Provide wood door frames, other than fire-rated wood door frames, that comply with Division 06 Section(s) "Interior Finish Carpentry" **OR** "Interior Architectural Woodwork", **as directed**.
 - b. Provide hardware, including weather stripping and thresholds, that complies with Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
- F. Shop Priming

1. Doors for Opaque Finish: Shop prime doors with one coat of wood primer specified in Division 09 Section(s) "Exterior Painting" OR "Interior Painting", **as directed**. Seal all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises with primer.
2. Doors for Transparent Finish: Shop prime doors with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified in Division 09 Section "Staining And Transparent Finishing". Seal all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises with first coat of finish.

G. Finishing

1. Finish wood doors at factory **OR** woodworking shop, **as directed**.
OR
 Finish wood doors at factory **OR** woodworking shop, **as directed**, that are indicated to receive transparent finish. Wood doors that are indicated to receive opaque finish may be field finished.
OR
 Finish wood doors at factory **OR** woodworking shop, **as directed**, where indicated in schedules or on Drawings. Wood doors that are not indicated to be factory **OR** shop, **as directed**, finished may be field finished.
2. For doors indicated to be factory **OR** shop, **as directed**, finished, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **OR** WDMA I.S.6A, "Industry Standard for Architectural Stile and Rail Doors," **as directed**, and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Finish faces and all four edges of doors, including mortises and cutouts. Stains and fillers may be omitted on bottom **OR** top and bottom, **as directed**, edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises.
3. Transparent Finish:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: AWI conversion varnish **OR** AWI catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**, system.
OR
 Finish: WDMA TR-4 conversion varnish **OR** WDMA TR-6 catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**.
OR
 Finish: WI System 4 clear conversion varnish **OR** WI System 5 catalyzed polyurethane **OR** WI System 8 UV-curable coating, **as directed**.
 - c. Staining: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** None required, **as directed**.
 - d. Effect: Open-grain finish **OR** Filled finish **OR** Semifilled finish, produced by applying an additional finish coat to partially fill the wood pores, **as directed**.
 - e. Sheen: Satin **OR** Semigloss, **as directed**.
4. Opaque Finish:
 - a. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: AWI conversion varnish **OR** AWI catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**, system.
OR
 Finish: WDMA OP-4 conversion varnish **OR** WDMA OP-6 catalyzed polyurethane, **as directed**.
OR
 Finish: WI System 4 conversion varnish **OR** WI System 5 catalyzed polyurethane **OR** WI System 8 UV-curable coating, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Sheen: Satin **OR** Semigloss **OR** Gloss, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install fire-rated wood door frames level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
 - a. Countersink fasteners, fill surface flush, and sand smooth.
2. Hardware: For installation, see Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".

3. Install wood doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, WDMA I.S.6, "Industry Standard for Wood Stile and Rail Doors," **OR** AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards," **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork," **OR** WDMA I.S.6A, "Industry Standard for Architectural Stile and Rail Doors," **as directed**, and other requirements specified.
 - a. Provide WI-Certified Compliance Certificate for Installation.
 - b. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.
 4. Field-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted with fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining.
 - a. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch (3 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm), **as directed**, from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm), **as directed**, from bottom of door to top of threshold.
 - 1) Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - b. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
 - c. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) on lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
 5. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.
 6. Factory-Finished **OR** Shop-Finished, **as directed**, Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.
- B. Adjusting
1. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
 2. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if Work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION 08 14 16 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 14 16 00	08 05 13 00b	Flush Wood Doors
08 14 23 13	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 14 23 16	08 05 13 00b	Flush Wood Doors
08 14 23 16	08 14 16 00	Stile And Rail Wood Doors
08 14 23 19	08 05 13 00b	Flush Wood Doors
08 14 23 19	08 14 16 00	Stile And Rail Wood Doors
08 14 73 00	08 05 13 00a	Wood Doors
08 14 73 00	08 05 13 00b	Flush Wood Doors

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SECTION 08 16 13 00 - STEEL ENTRY DOORS

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for steel entry doors. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

1.2 GENERAL

A. Definitions

1. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by the Owner.

B. System Description

1. Door Assemblies: Include doors, frames, and hardware
 - a. Provide with fire rating as indicated or specified.
 - b. Door and Frame Assemblies: Comply with dimensional requirements of SDI 100.
 - c. Exterior Doors: Sealed, weatherstripped and provided with thresholds.
2. Insulated Entry Door System (Assembly) Performance Requirements:
 - a. Mechanical Properties: Comply with ANSI/SDI A151.1, Level C (250,000 cycles).
 - b. Air Infiltration: ANSI/ISDSI 101 and ASTM E 283, not exceed 0.029 cu m/s/mm (0.20 CFM/foot) of crack length at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - c. Water Resistance: ANSI/ISDSI 104 and ASTM E 331, no leakage at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - d. Thermal Performance: ANSI/ISDSI 107, minimum acceptance criteria as defined in standard except U-Value of 1.42 W/sq. m C (0.25 BTU/HR/SF degree F).
 - e. Acoustical Performance: ANSI/ISDSI 103, Minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) of 24.
3. Hollow Core Heavy Duty System (Assembly) Performance Requirements:
 - a. Mechanical Properties: Comply with ANSI/SDI A151.1, Level B (500,000 cycles).
 - b. Air Infiltration: SDI 116 and ASTM E 283, not exceed 0.072 cu m/s/mm (0.50 CFM/foot) of crack length at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - c. Water Resistance: ASTM E 331, no leakage at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
4. Insulated Heavy Duty Door System (Assembly) Performance Requirements:
 - a. Mechanical Properties: Comply with ANSI/SDI A151.1, Level B (500,000 cycles).
 - b. Air Infiltration: ANSI/ISDSI 101/ASTM E 283, not exceed 0.029 cu m/s/mm (0.20 CFM/foot) of crack length at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - c. Water Resistance: ANSI/ISDSI 104 and ASTM E 331, no leakage at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - d. Thermal Performance: ANSI/ISDSI 107, minimum acceptance criteria as defined in standard except U-Value of 1.42 W/sq. m C (0.25 BTU/HR SF degree F) is required.
 - e. Acoustical Performance: ANSI/ISDSI 103, Minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) of 24.
5. Security Door System (Assembly) Performance Requirements:
 - a. Mechanical Properties: Comply with ANSI/SDI A151.1, Level A (1,000,000 cycles).
 - b. Air Infiltration: SDI 116 and ASTM E 283, not exceed 0.72 cu m/s/mm (0.50 CFM/foot) of crack length at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - c. Water Resistance: ASTM E 331, no leakage at test pressure of 75 Pa (1.57 PSF).
 - d. Forced Entry: ASTM F 476, Grade 40.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data.

2. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Include details showing recommendations for installation of doors. Include size of fasteners, spacing, minimum penetration of fasteners into load-bearing material and maximum clearance between frame and rough opening.
 3. Samples: Submit full set of finish color samples for color selection.
 - a. For Supply and Deliver Only Contract: Submit one full size sample of each type of steel entry door with specified finish for acceptance.
 4. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Test Reports: Results of testing by accredited independent laboratory demonstrating compliance of door systems with specified performance requirements.
 - 1) Indicate that tests were performed in accordance with standard referenced.
 - 2) Weak Link Testing. Submit reports for each model door in its weakest condition in order to qualify superior variations of same model.
 - b. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that door systems meet or exceed specified requirements.
 - c. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
 5. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and maintenance data.
 - b. Special warranty.
- D. Quality Assurance
1. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Fire Rated Label: Determined using ASTM E 152 and bear label of UL or other recognized fire rating program.
 - b. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - c. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).
 2. Certifications:
 - a. Door Systems: Meet or exceed performance requirements and other requirements specified and be labeled under HUD accepted Materials Releases.
 - b. Some Material Releases (MR) do not include all of performance requirements specified. Therefore, additional testing, certification may be required for submission with HUD Material Releases.
 - 1) Material Releases are part of HUD Technical Suitability of Building Products Program. Contact: Department of Housing and Urban Development, Manufactured Housing and Construction Standards, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20410-8000.
 3. Mock-ups: Install one mock-up of each type of entry door system including doors, frames, hardware, weatherstripping, thresholds, and accessories.
 - a. Location: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-up: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-up: May remain part of completed project.
- E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
 2. Acceptance at Site: Inspect door systems upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
- F. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for door systems before start of fabrication.
- G. Scheduling And Sequencing
1. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
- H. Warranty
1. Special Warranty: Provide one year written warranty covering materials and installation for steel entry doors.
 - a. Warranty: Include coverage of hardware.
 - 1) Glazing not included.
 - 2) Defects resulting from vandalism not included.
 - b. For Supply and Delivery Only Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to the Owner, free of charge, any required replacement parts that can be readily installed by the Owner without special tools.
 - 2) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver free of charge, complete replacement door, when defective part or parts cannot be installed without use of special tools.
 - c. For Supply and Install Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and install, free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement door.

1.3 PRODUCTS

A. Doors

1. Doors: Consist of two steel face sheets, wood or steel stiles and rails with full support lock reinforcement.
 - a. Thickness: Nominal 44.4 mm (1-3/4 inch)
 - b. Steel Face: Minimum of 24 gage (0.57 mm) galvanized and bonderized steel.
 - c. Wood Stiles and Rails: Kiln dried clear Ponderosa Pine, Douglas Fir, or equal.
 - d. Embossed Designs: Emboss 24 gage (0.57 mm) doors and 18 gage (1.07 mm) doors to achieve scheduled or indicated designs.
2. Hollow Core Heavy Duty Doors: Fabricated of 18 gage (1.07 mm) minimum steel face sheets, stiles, top and bottom closures.
 - a. Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - b. Fire Rating: When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
3. Insulated Heavy Duty Doors: Fabricated of 18 gage (1.07 mm) minimum steel face sheets, stiles, top and bottom closures.
 - a. Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - b. Fire Rating: When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
4. Security Doors: Comply with SDI 100, Models 1, 1A, 2, or 2A, minimum 16 gage (1.35 mm) steel face sheets .
 - a. Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - b. Fire Rating: When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
5. Hardware Preparation:
 - a. Door System: Facilitate installation of standard cylindrical and/or full mortise locks with multiple point throw if specified.
 - b. 24 gage (0.57 mm) Doors: Prepare to receive three 102 mm (4 inch) full mortise or bun hinges flush with edge of door.
 - c. 18 Gage (1.07 mm) and Heavier Doors: Prepare to receive three 114 mm (4-1/2 inch) full mortise or butt hinges flush with edge of door.
6. Insulated Doors: Solid foam core of polyurethane, or polystyrene.
 - a. Core: Fully adhere to steel face sheets, stiles, rails and lock block and completely fill void.

B. Frames

1. Wood Frames: Kiln dried Ponderosa Pine, toxic treated, and primed.
2. Steel Frames and/or Adapter Frames: Minimum of 18 gage (1.07 mm) galvanized bonderized steel, pre-drilled and reinforced for hinges as required.
 - a. Shape of Frame: Generally L-shaped.

3. Hollow Core Heavy Duty Door Frames: Fabricated of 16 gage (1.35 mm) minimum thickness.
 - a. When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
4. Insulated Heavy Duty Door Frames: Fabricated of 16 gage (1.35 mm) minimum thickness.
 - a. When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
5. Security Door Frames: Comply with SDI 100, minimum of 14 gage (1.70 mm) galvanized bonderized steel, pre-drilled and reinforced for hinges as required.
 - a. When required, provide B Label, 1-1/2 hour fire rating.
 - b. Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
6. Frames: Weatherstripped at head, jambs and threshold.

C. Hardware

1. General: Comply with ANSI/BHMA A156.1 and applicable accessibility regulatory requirements and perform functions for which it was intended.
2. Butts and Hinges: ANSI/BHMA A156.1, as scheduled.
 - a. Install non-rising pins (NRP) on out-swing doors.
 - b. Self Closing: ANSI/BHMA A156.17.
 - c. Security Door Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
3. Fire Rate Doors Hardware: Comply with NFPA 80.
 - a. Exit Doors: Comply with NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code) for exit doors, as well as other requirements specified.
 - b. Labeling and Listing: Listed in UL Building Materials Directory.
 - 1) In Lieu of UL Labeling and Listing: Test reports from nationally recognized testing agency showing that hardware has been tested in accordance with UL test methods and conforms to NFPA requirements.
 - c. Install minimum latch throw as specified on label of individual door.
 - d. Provide hardware listed by UL, except where heavier materials, larger sizes or higher grades are specified.
 - e. Closers: ANSI/BHMA A156.4.
4. Lock Sets: As scheduled. Comply with following standards:
 - a. Bored and Preassembled Locks and Latches: ANSI/BHMA A156.2, Grade 2.
 - b. Dead Bolt: ANSI/BHMA A156.5.
 - c. Mortise Locks and Latches: ANSI/BHMA A156.13, Grade 1 or Security Grade, single or multiple throw.
 - d. Interconnected Deadlock and Passage Set: ANSI/BHMA A156.12, Grade 2.
 - e. Cylindrical Lock: Grade 2, cylindrical deadbolt lock/passage set combination.
 - f. Security Door Locksets: ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Security Grade or UL 437 Key locks.
 - 1) Comply with Performance Requirements in this Section.
 - g. Keys: Provide two keys for each lock provided. Provide master keying and keying alike on any locks as directed at no additional charge.
 - h. Locks: Provide with interchangeable cores.
5. Door Viewers: ANSI/BHMA A156.16.

D. Accessories

1. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - a. Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type 1, Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - 1) Fire Rated Doors: ASTM C 1036, Type 11, Class 1, Glazing Quality, wired glass.
 - b. Tempered Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT. Condition A, Type 1, Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - c. Plastic: Extruded polycarbonate clear sheets, minimum 3 mm (0.118 inch) thick with following characteristics:
 - 1) Impact Resistance: ASTM D 256, Method A, 12-18 foot-pound per inch.
 - 2) Elongation/Modulus of Elasticity: ASTM D 638, 110 percent maximum/340,000 PSI.
 - 3) Heat Deflection: ASTM D 648, 132.2 degrees C (270 degrees F) at 264 PSI.
 - 4) Abrasion Resistance: Coated on both surfaces to produce abrasion resistance of 3-19 percent maximum haze increase for 500 revolutions of CS-1 OF wheel per ASTM D 1044.
 - d. Insulating Glass Units: HUD UM 82 and ASTM E 774, Class C.
 - 1) Provide insulating glass units in insulated doors and insulated heavy duty doors.

- e. Glass Thickness: In accordance with AAMA 1002.10 Appendix, minimum 5 mm (3/16 inch).
 - 1) Design Wind Pressures: Determined in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.
- f. Glass: Labeled to show name of manufacturer and type.
- 2. Joint Sealants:
 - a. Exterior Joint Sealant: AAMA 800, Type 808.3 Exterior Perimeter Sealing Compound.
 - b. Back-up Material: Standard preformed and pre-compressed foam material, round rod or semi-circular type, permanently elastic, mildew resistant, nonmigratory, nonstaining, and compatible with joint substrates and with sealant.
 - 1) Materials impregnated with oil, solvents, or bituminous materials not allowed.
 - 2) Provide type as recommended by sealant manufacturer for particular installation.
 - 3) Material: Neoprene, butyl, polyurethane, vinyl, or polyethylene rod.
 - c. Interior Joint Sealant: ASTM C 834, latex acrylic.
- 3. Weatherstripping and Thresholds: Comply with FS 00-A-200-9D, Alloy 6063-T-5; ASTM D 2287, Grade as required; MIL-S-6855, Class 11, Grade 40 (Solid neoprene); and MIL-R-6130C, Type 11, Grade C (Sponge neoprene).
 - a. Weatherstripping for Doors and Frames: Adjustable types with replaceable contact stops. Types are listed below:
 - 1) Type A1 (for bottom of door with threshold greater than 6 mm (1/4 inch)): Solid neoprene or vinyl strips mounted in extruded aluminum retainers.
 - 2) Type B (for bottom of door with thresholds less than 6 mm (1/4 inch) in height): Curved vinyl strips with extruded aluminum retainers.
 - 3) Type C (for door frame heads and jambs): Extruded aluminum retainer with extruded solid vinyl insert.
 - 4) Type D1 (for door frame heads and jambs): Closed cell sponge neoprene or vinyl strip with leveled edge mounted in extruded aluminum retainer.
 - b. Rain Drips: Extruded aluminum with sufficient projection.
 - c. Fasteners: Cad plated steel, brass plated steel, black oxide plated steel, or stainless steel.
 - 1) Threshold to Concrete: Provide lead expansion shields.
 - 2) Exposed Finish: Match finish of weatherstrip.

E. Finishes

- 1. Entry Door System: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - a. Exposed Surfaces: ASTM A 525 hot dipped galvanized, minimum A40 (or G60) Electrolytic Class B coating weight.
 - b. Primer: Factory final finished including primer meeting performance requirements of ANSI A224.1.
 - c. Finish Coat: One of the following as specified or scheduled:
 - 1) Factory Finished: Electrostatically factory applied baked on enamel finish.
 - a) Color: As selected from manufacturers' list of colors.
 - 2) Field painted under Division 9 Section "Painting."

F. Source Quality Control

- 1. Testing: Performed by accredited independent testing laboratory.
- 2. Shop Tests:
 - a. Mechanical Properties Tests: ANSI/SDI A151.1, perform on lightest gage frame and leaf.
 - 1) Security Doors: ASTM F 476.
 - 2) Doors with Glass Lites: Mechanical test not required.
 - b. Air Infiltration and Water Resistance Tests: Perform on door with largest glass lite. Retest variations in frame to leaf sealing system.
 - 1) Air Infiltration Tests: ANSI/ISDSI 101, SDI 116, and ASTM E 283.
 - 2) Water Resistance Tests: ANSI/ISDSI 104 and ASTM E 331.
 - c. Thermal Performance Tests: Perform on heaviest gage frame and leaf with largest area of glass. Retest variation in thermal design aspects of door such as different insulation, type of thermal break, or type of frame.
 - 1) Thermal Performance Tests: ANSI/ISDSI 107 and SDI 113.
 - d. Test Sample Size for Door System: Minimum 914 mm (36 inches) by 1 727 mm (68 inches), complete with hardware and subframe.

1.4 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - b. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
 - c. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

B. Preparation

1. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Adequately enclose and protect against weather any interior space where installation is incomplete at end of working day.
 - c. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
2. Existing Entry Doors: Remove existing entry doors and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
3. Prepare existing openings in accordance with ANSI/ISDSI 102, SDI 105, ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, and approved Shop Drawings.

C. Installation

1. General: Install in accordance with ANSI/ISDSI 102, SDI 105, ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, and approved Shop Drawings.
 - a. Install doors and frames securely, water tight, straight, plumb and level without distortion.
2. Weatherstripping and Thresholds: Accurately cut, fit, align, and secure to maintain weatherproof seal without hampering operation of door.
 - a. Rain Drips: Install on door heads which are not protected by canopy or soffit.
 - b. Secure thresholds to concrete with stainless screws or equal and lead expansion shields.
 - c. Blocking: Provide as necessary to secure hardware. Prime cut wood surfaces with wood sealer before weatherstripping is installed.
3. Joint Sealants: Apply in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
 - a. Surfaces to be Sealed: Clean, dry and free of any foreign matter that would degrade adhesion. Remove existing caulking and joint sealants from areas to receive new joint sealant.
 - b. Prime cleaned surfaces in accordance with sealant manufacturer's recommendations.
 - c. Protect surfaces adjacent to joints by masking tape before applying sealant. Remove tape upon finishing sealing work.
 - d. Seal door frames and thresholds where joining other materials on exterior and interior with joint sealant to accomplish weather-tight installation.
 - e. Maximum Width of Sealed Joint: 13 mm (1/2 inch).

D. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust, and lubricate hardware as required and leave doors and hardware in proper operating condition.
2. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Clean doors, after installation is completed, to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Surfaces: Touch-up with rust inhibitor primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.

E. Protection

1. Installed Work: Protect doors from damage after installation.

END OF SECTION 08 16 13 00

SECTION 08 16 13 00a - FIBERGLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC (FRP) DOORS AND FRAMES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) doors and frames. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Fire Rated Fiberglass reinforced Plastic (FRP) Doors certified by Intertek Testing Services for Warnock- Hersey in 45, 60 and 90-minute ratings, meeting all specifications of UL 10(c) fire door test standards. Category A and B.
 - 1) Category A doors are labeled for compliance with IBC Standard (Positive Pressure) and do not require the application of an additional edge sealing system.
 - 2) Category B doors are labeled to require the installation of a listed edge sealing system to meet the requirements of IBC Standard (Positive Pressure). This seal must be installed per the manufacturers instructions and may be factory or field applied.
 - 3) Category B constructed doors, if requested and with certain restrictions, may be provided with an UL 10 (b) label (Negative Pressure) and at a later date can be upgraded to a UL 10 (c) category B label (Positive Pressure) with the application of a listed seal system.
 - b. Fire Rated Fiberglass Resin Transfer Molded Door Frames certified by Intertek Testing Services for Warnock- Hersey in 45, 60 and 90-minute ratings, meeting all specifications of UL 10(c) fire door test standards, Category C.
 - c. Fire Rated Fiberglass reinforced Plastic (FRP) Doors and Fiberglass Resin Transfer Molded Door Frames certified by Intertek Testing Services for Warnock- Hersey in 20, 45, 60 and 90-minute ratings, meeting all specifications of UL 10(b) fire door test standards.

C. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A company specialized in the manufacture of fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) doors and frames as specified herein with a minimum of 25 years documented experience and with a record of successful in-service performance for the applications as required for this project.
2. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed fire rated fiberglass door and frame installations similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
3. Source Limitations: Obtain fiberglass reinforced plastic doors and frames through one source fabricated from a single manufacturer, including fire rated fiberglass frames.
4. Source Limitations: Hardware and accessories for all FRP doors as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" should be provided and installed by the fiberglass door and frame manufacturer.
5. Source Limitations: Glass for windows in doors shall be furnished and installed by door and frame manufacturer in accordance with related section, Division 08 Section "Glazing".

D. Submittals

1. Product technical data including:
 - a. Acknowledgment that products submitted meet requirements of standards referenced
 - b. Manufacturer shall provide certificate of compliance with current local and federal regulations as it applies to the manufacturing process.
 - c. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - d. Schedule of doors and frames indicating the specific reference numbers as used on drawings, door type, frame type, size, handing and applicable hardware.

- e. Details of core and edge construction. Include factory-construction specifications.
- f. Certification of manufacturer's qualifications.
2. Submittal drawings for customer approval shall be submitted prior to manufacture and will include the following information and formatting.
 - a. Summary door schedule indicating the specific reference numbers as used on owner's drawings, with columns noting door type, frame type, size, handing, accessories and hardware.
 - b. A drawing depicting front and rear door elevations showing hardware with bill of material for each door.
 - c. Drawing showing dimensional location of each hardware item and size of each door.
 - d. Individual part drawing and specifications for each hardware item and FRP part or product.
 - e. Construction and mounting detail for each frame type.
3. Samples:
 - a. Provide one 21 x 18 inch completely assembled (hinged) door and frame corner section, with faces and edges representing typical color and finish. One edge should be exposed for view of interior door and frame composition.
4. Operation and Maintenance Manuals:
 - a. Include recommended methods and frequency for maintaining optimum condition of fiberglass doors and frames under anticipated traffic and use conditions.
 - b. Include one set of final as built drawings with the same requirements as mentioned above.
 - c. Include certificate of warranty for door and frame listing specific door registration numbers.
 - d. Include hardware data sheets and hardware manufacturer's warranties.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Each door and frame should be delivered individually crated for protection from damage in cardboard containers, clearly marked with project information, door location, specific reference number as shown on drawings, and shipping information. Each crate should contain all fasteners necessary for installation as well as complete installation instructions.
2. Doors should be stored in the original container out of inclement weather for protection against the elements.
3. Handle doors pursuant to the manufacturer's recommendations as posted on outside of crate.

F. Warranty

1. Warranty all fiberglass doors and frames for a period of 25 years against failure due to corrosion. Additionally, warranty all fiberglass doors and frames on materials and workmanship for a period of 10 years, including warp, separation or delamination, and expansion of the core.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with the Contract Documents, the following manufacturers are acceptable:

1. Chem-Pruf Door Co., Ltd., P.O. Box 4560, Brownsville, Texas 78523 Phone: 1-800-444-6924, Fax: 956-544-7943, Website: www.chem-pruf.com
2. Substitutions may be considered, provided manufacturer can comply with the specifications as written herein. Requests for substitution must be submitted in writing no less than 10 days prior to bid date.

B. FRP Doors

1. Fire rated Fiberglass reinforced Plastic (FRP) Doors certified by Intertek Testing Services for Warnock-Hersey in 20, 45, 60 and 90 minute ratings meeting all specifications of UL 10(c) and UL 10(b) fire door test standards.
2. Doors shall be made of fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) using chemically proven fire retardant resins resistant to contaminants typically found in the environment for which these specifications are written. Doors shall be 1-3/4 inch thick and of flush construction, having no seams or cracks.

All doors up to 4'-0 x 8'-0 shall have equal diagonal measurements with a maximum tolerance of +/-1/32 inch.

3. Door Plates shall be molded in one continuous piece, starting with a 25-mil gelcoat of the color specified, integrally molded with at least two layers of 1.5 ounce per square foot fiberglass. This will yield a plate ratio of 30/70 glass to resin.
4. Stiles and Rails Core shall be banded with firestop per factory drawings.
5. Core material shall be fire resistant mineral core placed within band structure allowing no voids within.
6. Finish of door and frame shall be identical in color and texture. At time of manufacture, 25 mil of resinrich gelcoat must be integrally molded into both the door and frame. Secondary painting to achieve color is not acceptable.
7. Window openings shall be provided for at time of manufacture and shall be completely sealed so that the interior of the door is not exposed to the environment. Window kits shall be fire rated per U.L. for rating of opening and function.

C. Frames

1. Frames shall be fiberglass and manufactured using the resin transfer method in closed rigid molds to assure uniformity in color and size. Beginning with a minimum 25-mil gel coat and a minimum of two layers continuous strand fiberglass mat saturated with fire retardant resin, the frame will be of one-piece construction with molded stop. All frame profiles shall have a core of firestop and mineral core. Frames must be fiberglass. Frames of dissimilar materials, such as metal or stainless steel will not be accepted.
2. Finish of frame shall be identical in color and texture to the door. 25-mil resin rich gel coat will be integrally molded into the frame at time of manufacture. Secondary painting to achieve color is not acceptable.
3. Jamb/Header connection shall be coped by CNC for tight fit.
4. Internal Reinforcement shall be continuous within the structure to allow for mounting of specified hardware.
5. Mortises for hardware shall be accurately machined by CNC to hold dimensions in all three axis.
6. Hinge pockets shall be accurately machined by CNC to facilitate heavy-duty hinges at all hinge locations, using spacers when standard weight hinges are used.

D. Hardware

1. See Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
2. Due to the special nature of the material in this section, all related hardware as specified must be furnished and installed by the door and frame manufacturer.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation Conditions

1. Verification of Conditions
 - a. Openings are correctly prepared to receive doors and frames.
 - b. Openings are correct size and depth in accordance with shop drawings or submittals.
2. Installer's Examination
 - a. Have the installer examine conditions under which construction activities of this section are to be performed and submit a written report if conditions are unacceptable.
 - b. Transmit two copies of the installer's report to the architect within 24 hours of receipt.
 - c. Beginning construction activities of this section before unacceptable conditions have been corrected is prohibited.

B. Installation

1. Install door-opening assemblies in accordance with shop drawings and manufacturer's printed installation instructions, using installation methods and materials specified in installation instructions.
2. Field alteration of doors or frames to accommodate field conditions is strictly prohibited.

3. Site tolerances: Maintain plumb and level tolerance specified in manufacturers printed installation instructions.
 4. Fire labeled doors and frames must be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions and the latest revision of NFPA 80.
 5. UL 10 (c) Category B doors require field-applied seal per manufacture's instructions.
- C. Adjusting
1. Adjust doors in accordance with door manufacturer's maintenance instructions to swing open and shut without binding and to remain in place at any angle without being moved by gravitational influence.
 2. Adjust door hardware to operate correctly in accordance with hardware manufacturer's maintenance instructions.
- D. Cleaning
1. Clean surfaces of door opening assemblies and exposed door hardware in accordance with respective manufacturer's maintenance instructions.
- E. Protection Of Installed Products
1. Protect door opening assemblies and door hardware from damage by subsequent construction activities until final inspection.

END OF SECTION 08 16 13 00a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 16 13 00	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 16 13 00	08 12 13 13	Stainless Steel Doors And Frames

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SECTION 08 31 13 00 - ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for access doors and frames. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Access doors and frames for walls and ceilings.
 - b. Floor access doors and frames.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of access door and frame indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For each door face material in specified finish.
4. Schedule: Types, locations, sizes, latching or locking provisions, and other data pertinent to installation.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Rated Access Doors and Frames: Units complying with NFPA 80 that are identical to access door and frame assemblies tested for fire-test-response characteristics per the following test method and that are listed and labeled by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. NFPA 252 or UL 10B for vertical access doors and frames.
 - b. ASTM E 119 or UL 263 for horizontal access doors and frames.

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Steel Materials**

1. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - a. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron products.
 - b. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.
2. Rolled-Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A 786/A 786M, rolled from plate complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M or ASTM A 283/A 283M, Grade C or D.
 - a. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron products
 - b. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.
3. Steel Sheet: Uncoated or electrolytic zinc-coated, ASTM A 591/A 591M with cold-rolled steel sheet substrate complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), exposed.
4. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS) with A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating or G60 (Z180) mill-phosphatized zinc coating.
5. Steel Finishes: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - a. Surface Preparation for Steel Sheet: Clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 1, "Solvent Cleaning," to remove dirt, oil, grease, or other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning," or SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling."
 - b. Surface Preparation for Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds,

mechanical connections, and abraded areas, and apply galvanizing repair paint specified below to comply with ASTM A 780.

- 1) Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.
 - c. Factory-Primed Finish: Apply shop primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - d. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - e. Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard thermosetting polyester or acrylic urethane powder coating with cured-film thickness not less than 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Prepare, treat, and coat metal to comply with resin manufacturer's written instructions.
6. Drywall Beads: Edge trim formed from 0.0299-inch (0.76-mm) zinc-coated steel sheet formed to receive joint compound and in size to suit thickness of gypsum board.
 7. Plaster Beads: Casing bead formed from 0.0299-inch (0.76-mm) zinc-coated steel sheet with flange formed out of expanded metal lath and in size to suit thickness of plaster.
- B. Stainless-Steel Materials**
1. Rolled-Stainless-Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A 793, manufacturer's standard finish.
 2. Stainless-Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bars: ASTM A 666, Type 304 **OR** 316 **OR** Type 317LMN **OR** 904L, **as directed**. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish.
 - a. Finish: Directional Satin Finish, No. 4 **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
- C. Aluminum Materials**
1. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T6, mill finish.
 2. Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate: ASTM B 632/B 632M, Alloy 6061-T6, mill finish.
 3. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - a. Mill Finish: AA-M10 (Mechanical Finish: as fabricated, unspecified).
 - b. Anodic Finish: Class II, clear anodic coating complying with AAMA 611 **OR** Class I, clear anodic coating complying with AAMA 611, **as directed**.
 - c. Baked-Enamel Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
- D. Access Doors And Frames For Walls And Ceilings**
1. Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal, set flush with exposed face flange of frame.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-), **as directed**, wide, surface-mounted trim.
 - d. Hinges: Spring-loaded, concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - e. Latch: Cam latch **OR** Slam latch **OR** Self-latching bolt, **as directed**, operated by screwdriver **OR** knurled knob **OR** hex head wrench **OR** pinned hex head wrench **OR** spanner head wrench **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - f. Lock: Cylinder **OR** Mortise cylinder, **as directed**.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
 2. Flush Access Doors and Trimless Frames: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal, set flush with surrounding finish surfaces.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with drywall **OR** plaster, **as directed**, bead flange.
 - d. Hinges: Spring-loaded, concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.

- e. Latch: Cam latch **OR** Slam latch **OR** Self-latching bolt, **as directed**, operated by screwdriver **OR** knurled knob **OR** hex head wrench **OR** pinned hex head wrench **OR** spanner head wrench **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - f. Lock: Cylinder **OR** Mortise cylinder, **as directed**.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
3. Recessed Access Doors and Trimless Frames: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal in the form of a pan recessed 5/8 inch (16 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm), **as directed**, for gypsum board **OR** plaster **OR** acoustical tile, **as directed**, infill.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with drywall bead for gypsum board surfaces **OR** with plaster bead for plaster surfaces **OR** designed for insertion into acoustical tile ceiling, **as directed**.
 - d. Hinges: Spring-loaded, concealed-pin type **OR** Concealed pivoting rod hinge, **as directed**.
 - e. Latch: Cam latch **OR** Slam latch **OR** Self-latching bolt, **as directed**, operated by screwdriver **OR** knurled knob **OR** hex head wrench **OR** pinned hex head wrench **OR** spanner head wrench **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - f. Lock: Cylinder **OR** Mortise cylinder, **as directed**.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
4. Aluminum Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from aluminum sheet and extruded-aluminum shapes.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-), **as directed**, thick aluminum sheet.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick extruded aluminum with 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) wide rolled flange.
 - d. Hinges: Concealed continuous aluminum.
 - e. Latch: Screwdriver-operated cam latch.
5. Lightweight Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from lightweight metal.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.018-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick steel sheet.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick extruded aluminum with 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) wide rolled flange.
 - d. Hinges: Continuous piano.
 - e. Latch: Screwdriver-operated cam latch.
6. Plastic Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) thick high-impact plastic with UV stabilizer.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Flush to frame with rounded corners.
 - c. Frame: 1 piece, 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep.
 - d. Latch: Snap latch.
 - e. Finish: White with textured exposed surfaces.
7. Exterior Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Weatherproof with extruded door gasket.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.040-inch- (1.0-mm-), **as directed**, thick, metallic-coated steel sheet; flush panel construction with manufacturer's standard 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick fiberglass insulation.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick extruded aluminum.
 - d. Hinges: Continuous piano, zinc plated.
 - e. Lock: Dual-action handles with key lock.
8. Fire-Rated, Insulated, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.

- b. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - c. Temperature Rise Rating: 250 deg F (139 deg C) at the end of 30 minutes.
 - d. Door: Flush panel with a core of mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal with a minimum thickness of 0.036 inch (0.9 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with 1-inch- (25-mm-), **as directed**, wide, surface-mounted trim.
 - f. Hinges: Concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - g. Automatic Closer: Spring type.
 - h. Latch: Self-latching device operated by knurled knob **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - i. Lock: Self-latching device with cylinder **OR** mortise cylinder, **as directed**, lock.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
9. Fire-Rated, Insulated, Flush Access Doors and Trimless Frames: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - c. Temperature Rise Rating: 250 deg F (139 deg C) at the end of 30 minutes.
 - d. Door: Flush panel with a core of mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal with a minimum thickness of 0.036 inch (0.9 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with drywall **OR** plaster, **as directed**, bead.
 - f. Hinges: Concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - g. Automatic Closer: Spring type.
 - h. Latch: Self-latching device operated by knurled knob **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - i. Lock: Self-latching device with cylinder **OR** mortise cylinder, **as directed**, lock.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
10. Fire Rated, Uninsulated, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
- a. Locations: Wall surfaces.
 - b. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - c. Door: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal, flush construction.
 - d. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick sheet metal with 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-), **as directed**, wide, surface-mounted trim.
 - e. Hinges: Concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - f. Automatic Closer: Spring type.
 - g. Latch: Self-latching device operated by knurled knob **OR** flush key **OR** ring turn, **as directed**, with interior release.
 - h. Lock: Self-latching device with cylinder **OR** mortise cylinder, **as directed**, lock.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
11. Medium-Security, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
- a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.105-inch- (2.7-mm-) thick sheet metal, flush construction.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.105-inch- (2.7-mm-) thick sheet metal with 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-), **as directed**, wide, surface-mounted trim.
 - d. Hinges: Concealed continuous piano.
 - e. Lock: Detention.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".

12. Medium-Security, Flush Access Doors with Trimless Frames: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.105-inch- (2.7-mm-) thick sheet metal, flush construction.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 0.105-inch- (2.7-mm-) thick sheet metal with drywall **OR** plaster, **as directed**, bead.
 - d. Hinges: Concealed continuous piano.
 - e. Lock: Detention.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
13. High-Security, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet and angles.
 - a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.135-inch- (3.4-mm-) thick sheet metal, flush construction.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 3/16-by-2-by-2-inch (4.7-by-50-by-50-mm) angle welded with joints ground smooth.
 - d. Hinges: Heavy-duty steel welded to door and frame.
 - e. Lock: Heavy-duty, detention deadbolt.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
14. Maximum-Security, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet and angles.
 - a. Locations: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, surfaces.
 - b. Door: Minimum 0.180-inch- (4.55-mm-) thick sheet metal, flush construction.
 - c. Frame: Minimum 3/16-by-2-by-2-by-3-inch (4.7-by-50-by-50-by-76-mm) angle welded with joints ground smooth.
 - d. Hinges: Heavy-duty steel welded to door and frame.
 - e. Lock: Heavy-duty detention deadbolt.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
15. Fire-Rated, Insulated, Medium-Security, Flush Access Doors and Frames with Exposed Trim: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Locations: Wall surfaces.
 - b. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - c. Temperature Rise Rating: 250 deg F (139 deg C) at the end of 30 minutes.
 - d. Door: Flush panel with a core of 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick, mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal with a minimum thickness of 0.075 inch (1.9 mm).
 - e. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick sheet metal with 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-), **as directed**, wide, surface-mounted trim.
 - f. Hinges: Concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - g. Automatic Closer: Spring type.
 - h. Lock: Self-latching device with detention lock.
 - 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
16. Fire-Rated, Insulated, Medium-Security, Flush Access Doors with Trimless Frames: Fabricated from steel **OR** metallic-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Locations: Wall surfaces.
 - b. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - c. Temperature Rise Rating: 250 deg F (139 deg C) at the end of 30 minutes.
 - d. Door: Flush panel with a core of 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick, mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal with a minimum thickness of 0.075 inch (1.9 mm).
 - e. Frame: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick sheet metal with drywall **OR** plaster, **as directed**, bead.
 - f. Hinges: Concealed-pin type **OR** Continuous piano, **as directed**.
 - g. Automatic Closer: Spring type.
 - h. Lock: Self-latching device with detention lock.

- 1) Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".

E. Floor Access Doors And Frames

1. Floor Doors, General: Equip each door with adjustable counterbalancing springs, heavy-duty hold-open arm that automatically locks door open at 90 degrees, release handle with red vinyl grip that allows for one-handed closure, and recessed lift handle.
2. Aluminum Floor Door: Single **OR** Double, **as directed**, -leaf opening. Extruded-aluminum angle frame with 1/4-inch- (6.4-mm-) thick, diamond-pattern, aluminum tread plate door; nonwatertight; loading capacity to support 150-lbf/sq. ft. (7.2-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live load **OR** 300-lbf/sq. ft. (14.4-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live load **OR** AASHTO H20 concentrated wheel load, without impact, **as directed**.
3. Watertight Aluminum Floor Door: Single **OR** Double, **as directed**, -leaf opening. Extruded-aluminum gutter frame with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) drainage coupling and 1/4-inch- (6.4-mm-) thick, diamond-pattern, aluminum tread plate door; watertight; loading capacity to support 150-lbf/sq. ft. (7.2-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live load **OR** 300-lbf/sq. ft. (14.4-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live load **OR** AASHTO H20 concentrated wheel load, without impact, **as directed**.
4. Steel Angle-Frame Floor Door: Single **OR** Double, **as directed**, -leaf opening. Prime-painted structural **OR** Galvanized structural **OR** Stainless, **as directed**, -steel frame with 3/16- or 1/4-inch- (4.8- or 6.4-mm-) **OR** 3/16-inch- (4.8-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6.4-mm-), **as directed**, thick, diamond-pattern, prime-painted structural **OR** galvanized structural **OR** stainless, **as directed**, -steel tread plate door; nonwatertight; loading capacity to support 150-lbf/sq. ft. (7.2-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live **OR** 300-lbf/sq. ft. (14.4-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live **OR** AASHTO H20 concentrated wheel, **as directed**, load.
 - a. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish painted in yellow with wording "FIRE DOOR - DO NOT STORE MATERIALS ON SURFACE."
5. Watertight Steel Gutter-Frame Floor Door: Single **OR** Double, **as directed**, -leaf opening. Prime-painted structural **OR** Galvanized structural **OR** Stainless, **as directed**, -steel channel frame forming gutter with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) drainage coupling and 3/16- or 1/4-inch- (4.8- or 6.4-mm-) **OR** 3/16-inch- (4.8-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6.4-mm-), **as directed**, thick, diamond-pattern, prime-painted structural **OR** galvanized structural **OR** stainless, **as directed**, -steel tread plate door; watertight; loading capacity to support 150-lbf/sq. ft. (7.2-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live **OR** 300-lbf/sq. ft. (14.4-kN/sq. m) pedestrian live **OR** AASHTO H20 concentrated wheel, **as directed**, load.
 - a. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that indicated **OR** that of adjacent construction **OR** 45 minutes **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish painted in yellow with wording "FIRE DOOR - DO NOT STORE MATERIALS ON SURFACE."
6. Hardware: Provide the following:
 - a. Hinges: Heavy-duty, zinc-coated steel **OR** aluminum **OR** stainless-steel **OR** brass, **as directed**, butt hinges with stainless-steel pins.
 - b. Latch: Stainless-steel slam latch.
 - c. Lock: Staple for a padlock **OR** Recessed hasp **OR** Keyed deadlock bolt **OR** Hasp and staple, **as directed**.
 - d. Hardware Material: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Stainless steel, including latch and lifting mechanism assemblies, hold-open arms, and all brackets, hinges, pins, and fasteners, **as directed**.
7. Insulation: Fiberglass **OR** Urethane, **as directed**, with liner pan.
8. Safety Accessories: Safety chains **OR** net **OR** railing, **as directed**.

F. Fabrication

1. General: Provide access door and frame assemblies manufactured as integral units ready for installation.
2. Metal Surfaces: For metal surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.

3. Doors and Frames: Grind exposed welds smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Furnish attachment devices and fasteners of type required to secure access panels to types of supports indicated.
4. Recessed Access Doors: Form face of panel to provide recess for application of applied finish. Reinforce panel as required to prevent buckling.
5. Latching Mechanisms: Furnish number required to hold doors in flush, smooth plane when closed.
 - a. For cylinder lock, furnish two keys per lock and key all locks alike.
 - b. For recessed panel doors, provide access sleeves for each locking device. Furnish plastic grommets and install in holes cut through finish.
6. Extruded Aluminum: After fabrication, apply manufacturer's standard protective coating on aluminum that will come in contact with concrete.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing access doors and frames.
2. Set frames accurately in position and attach securely to supports with plane of face panels aligned with adjacent finish surfaces.
3. Install doors flush with adjacent finish surfaces or recessed to receive finish material.

B. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. Adjust doors and hardware after installation for proper operation.
2. Remove and replace doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise damaged.

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SECTION 08 33 23 00 - OVERHEAD COILING DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for overhead coiling doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Service doors with integral pass doors.
 - b. Insulated service doors with integral pass doors.
 - c. Counter doors.
 - d. Fire-rated service doors with integral pass doors.
 - e. Fire-rated, insulated service doors with integral pass doors.
 - f. Fire-rated counter doors.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design overhead coiling doors, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Structural Performance, Exterior Doors: Exterior overhead coiling doors shall withstand the wind loads, the effects of gravity loads, and loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - a. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Uniform pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), acting inward and outward, **as directed**.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s) **OR** 100 mph (44 m/s) **OR** 110 mph (49 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor: **<Insert factor>**.
 - 3) Exposure Category: **A OR B OR C OR D, as directed**.
 - b. Deflection Limits: Design overhead coiling doors to withstand design wind load without evidencing permanent deformation or disengagement of door components.
3. Operability under Wind Load: Design overhead coiling doors to remain operable under design **OR** uniform pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), **as directed**, wind load, acting inward and outward.
4. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance Performance: Provide glazed and impact-protective overhead coiling doors that pass missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996.
 - a. Large Missile Test: For overhead coiling doors located within 30 feet (9.144 m) of grade.
 - b. Small Missile Test: For overhead coiling doors located more than 30 feet (9.144 m) above grade.
5. Seismic Performance: Overhead coiling doors shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7.
6. Operation Cycles: Provide overhead coiling door components and operators capable of operating for not less than number of cycles indicated for each door. One operation cycle is complete when a door is opened from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling door and accessory.
2. Shop Drawings: For each installation and for special components not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

- a. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- b. Show locations of replaceable fusible links.
- c. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
3. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For overhead coiling doors indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
6. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For overhead coiling doors, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
7. Oversize Construction Certification: For door assemblies required to be fire-rated and that exceed size limitations of labeled assemblies.
8. Maintenance Data.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
2. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at as close to neutral pressure as possible according to NFPA 252 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5 **OR** UL 10B, **as directed**.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - b. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
 - c. Smoke Control: Where indicated **OR** In corridors and smoke barriers, **as directed**, provide doors that are listed and labeled with the letter "S" on the fire-rating label by a qualified testing agency for smoke- and draft-control based on testing according to IBC Standard 716.5 **OR** UL 1784, **as directed**; with maximum air-leakage rate of 3.0 cfm/sq. ft. (0.01524 cu. m/s x sq. m) of door opening at 0.10 inch wg (24.9 Pa) for both ambient and elevated temperature tests.
3. Sound-Control Doors: Assemblies that have been fabricated and tested to control the passage of sound and have minimum certified STC rating according to ASTM E 413.
4. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
5. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines **OR** ICC/ANSI A117.1, **as directed**.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Door Curtain Materials And Construction

1. Door Curtains: Fabricate overhead coiling-door curtain of interlocking metal slats, designed to withstand wind loading indicated, in a continuous length for width of door without splices. Unless otherwise indicated, provide slats of thickness and mechanical properties recommended by door manufacturer for performance, size, and type of door indicated, and as follows:
 - a. Steel Door Curtain Slats: Zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled structural steel sheet; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, with G90 (Z275) zinc coating; nominal sheet thickness (coated) of 0.028 inch (0.71 mm) and as required to meet requirements.
 - b. Stainless-Steel Door Curtain Slats: ASTM A 666, Type 304; sheet thickness of 0.025 inch (0.64 mm) and as required to meet requirements.

- c. Aluminum Door Curtain Slats: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M) sheet or ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) extrusions, alloy and temper standard with manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated; thickness of 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) and as required to meet requirements.
 - d. Vision-Panel Glazing: Manufacturer's standard clear glazing, fabricated from transparent acrylic sheet or fire-protection rated glass as required for type of door; set in glazing channel secured to curtain slats.
 - e. Insulation: Fill slats for insulated doors with manufacturer's standard thermal insulation complying with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84. Enclose insulation completely within slat faces.
 - f. Metal Interior Curtain-Slat Facing: Match metal of exterior curtain-slat face.
 - g. Plastic Interior Curtain-Slat Facing: Extruded PVC plastic with maximum flame-spread index of 25 **OR** 75 **OR** 200, **as directed**, and smoke-developed index of 450, according to ASTM E 84.
 - h. Gasket Seal: Provide insulated slats with manufacturer's standard interior-to-exterior thermal break or with continuous gaskets between slats.
2. Endlocks and Windlocks for Service Doors: Malleable-iron casings galvanized after fabrication, secured to curtain slats with galvanized rivets or high-strength nylon. Provide locks on not less than alternate curtain slats for curtain alignment and resistance against lateral movement.
 3. Endlocks for Counter Doors: Manufacturer's standard locks on not less than alternate curtain slats for curtain alignment and resistance against lateral movement.
 4. Bottom Bar for Service Doors: Consisting of two angles, each not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 by 1/8 inch (38 by 38 by 3 mm) thick; fabricated from manufacturer's standard hot-dip galvanized steel, stainless steel, or aluminum extrusions to match curtain slats and finish.
 5. Bottom Bar for Counter Doors: Manufacturer's standard continuous channel or tubular shape, fabricated from manufacturer's standard hot-dip galvanized steel, stainless steel, or aluminum extrusions to match curtain slats and finish.
 6. Astragal for Interior Doors: Equip each door bottom bar with a replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible gasket of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene as a cushion bumper.
 7. Curtain Jamb Guides: Manufacturer's standard angles or channels and angles of same material and finish as curtain slats unless otherwise indicated, with sufficient depth and strength to retain curtain, to allow curtain to operate smoothly, and to withstand loading. Slot bolt holes for guide adjustment. Provide removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain, and a continuous bar for holding windlocks.
 - a. Removable Posts and Jamb Guides for Counter Doors: Manufacturer's standard.
 8. Pass Door(s): Door and frame assembly constructed integrally with the coiling-door assembly and bearing the same fire rating. Complying with egress and accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Door Frame and Integral Jamb Guide: Fabricate of angles or channels and angles of same material and finish as curtain slats unless otherwise indicated, with sufficient depth and strength to retain curtain, to allow curtain to operate smoothly, and to withstand loading.
 - b. Hinged Frame: Hinged pass door and frame that swings out of the way, as a unit, to allow use of the full coiling-door opening width. One jamb of the pass-door frame is hinged and the other jamb includes a guide for the lower, narrower part of the coiling-door curtain.
 - c. Rigid Frame: Rigid pass door and frame that are built into the rigid, lower part of the door curtain and that raise with the curtain.
 - d. Locking Hardware:
 - 1) Lockset **OR** Exit Hardware: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - 2) Lock Cylinders: Provide cylinders specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** standard with manufacturer, **as directed**, and keyed to building keying system, **as directed**.
 - 3) Keys: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, for each cylinder.
 - e. Thresholds: Equip pass doors with integral thresholds that comply with egress and accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Hood

1. General: Form sheet metal hood to entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to fit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Form closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting that projects beyond wall face. Equip hood with intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sagging.
 - a. Galvanized Steel: Nominal 0.028-inch- (0.71-mm-) thick, hot-dip galvanized steel sheet with G90 (Z275) zinc coating, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - b. Stainless Steel: 0.025-inch- (0.64-mm-) thick stainless-steel sheet, Type 304, complying with ASTM A 666.
 - c. Aluminum: 0.040-inch- (1.02-mm-) thick aluminum sheet complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), of alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 - d. Include automatic drop baffle on fire-rated doors to guard against passage of smoke or flame.
 - e. Exterior-Mounted Doors: Fabricate hood to act as weather protection and with a perimeter sealant-joint-bead profile for applying joint sealant.
- C. Counter Doors
1. Integral Frame, Hood, and Fascia for Counter Door: Welded sheet metal assembly of the following sheet metal:
 - a. Galvanized Steel: Nominal 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) thick, hot-dip galvanized steel sheet with G90 (Z275) zinc coating, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - b. Stainless Steel: 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick stainless-steel sheet, Type 304, complying with ASTM A 666.
 2. Integral Metal Sill for Counter Door: Fabricate sills as integral part of frame assembly of Type 304 stainless steel in manufacturer's standard thickness with No. 4 finish.
 3. Fire-Rated, Laminate Counter: Fire-door manufacturer's high-pressure decorative laminate-covered countertop, UL or ITS tested and labeled for 1-1/2-hour fire rating for approved use with fire-door assembly.
- D. Locking Devices
1. Slide Bolt: Fabricate with side-locking bolts to engage through slots in tracks for locking by padlock, located on both left and right jamb sides, operable from coil side.
 2. Locking Device Assembly: Fabricate with cylinder lock, spring-loaded dead bolt, operating handle, cam plate, and adjustable locking bars to engage through slots in tracks.
 - a. Lock Cylinders: Provide cylinders specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** standard with manufacturer, **as directed**, and keyed to building keying system, **as directed**.
 - b. Keys: Provide Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, for each cylinder.
 3. Chain Lock Keeper: Suitable for padlock.
 4. Safety Interlock Switch: Equip power-operated doors with safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when door is locked.
- E. Curtain Accessories
1. Smoke Seals: Equip each fire-rated door with smoke-seal perimeter gaskets for smoke and draft control as required for door listing and labeling by a qualified testing agency.
 2. Weatherseals: Equip each exterior door with weather-stripping gaskets fitted to entire perimeter of door for a weathertight installation, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. At door head, use 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, replaceable, continuous sheet secured to inside of hood.
 - b. At door jambs, use replaceable, adjustable, continuous, flexible, 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick seals of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene.
 3. Push/Pull Handles: Equip each push-up-operated or emergency-operated door with lifting handles on each side of door, finished to match door.
 - a. Provide pull-down straps or pole hooks for doors more than 84 inches (2130 mm) high.
 4. Automatic-Closing Device for Fire-Rated Doors: Equip each fire-rated door with an automatic-closing device that is inoperative during normal door operations and that has a governor unit

complying with NFPA 80 and an easily tested and reset release mechanism designed to be activated by the following:

- a. Replaceable fusible links with temperature rise and melting point of 165 deg F (74 deg C) interconnected and mounted on both sides of door opening.
- b. Manufacturer's standard UL-labeled smoke detector and door-holder-release devices.
- c. Manufacturer's standard UL-labeled heat detector and door-holder-release devices.
- d. Building fire-detection and -alarm systems and manufacturer's standard door-holder-release devices.

F. Counterbalancing Mechanism

1. General: Counterbalance doors by means of manufacturer's standard mechanism with an adjustable-tension, steel helical torsion spring mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to top of curtain with barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.
2. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of manufacturer's standard hot-formed, structural-quality, welded or seamless carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of slats and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 in./ft. (2.5 mm/m) of span under full load.
3. Spring Balance: One or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft with cast-steel barrel plugs.
4. Torsion Rod for Counterbalance Shaft: Fabricate of manufacturer's standard cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.
5. Brackets: Manufacturer's standard mounting brackets of either cast iron or cold-rolled steel plate.

G. Manual Door Operators

1. Equip door with manufacturer's recommended manual door operator unless another type of door operator is indicated.
2. Push-up Door Operation: Design counterbalance mechanism so required lift or pull for door operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N).
3. Chain-Hoist Operator: Consisting of endless steel hand chain, chain-pocket wheel and guard, and gear-reduction unit with a maximum 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**, force for door operation. Provide alloy-steel hand chain with chain holder secured to operator guide.
4. Crank Operator: Consisting of crank and crank gearbox, steel crank drive shaft, and gear-reduction unit, of type indicated. Size gears to require not more than 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**, force to turn crank. Fabricate gearbox to be oil tight and to completely enclose operating mechanism. Provide manufacturer's standard crank-locking device.

H. Electric Door Operators

1. General: Electric door operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer for door and operation-cycles requirement specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking door, and accessories required for proper operation.
 - a. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - b. Provide control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24 V, ac or dc.
2. Usage Classification: Electric operator and components capable of operating for not less than number of cycles per hour indicated for each door.
3. Door Operator Location(s): Operator location indicated for each door.
 - a. Top-of-Hood Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left door head plate with the operator on top of the door-hood assembly and connected to the door drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Headroom is required for this type of mounting.
 - b. Front-of-Hood Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left door head plate with the operator on coil side of the door-hood assembly and connected to the door drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Front clearance is required for this type of mounting.
 - c. Wall Mounted: Operator is mounted to the inside front wall on the left or right side of door and connected to door drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Side room is required for

- this type of mounting. Wall mounted operator can also be mounted above or below shaft; if above shaft, headroom is required.
- d. Bench Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left door head plate and connected to the door drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Side room is required for this type of mounting.
 - e. Through-Wall Mounted: Operator is mounted on other side of wall from coil side of door.
4. Electric Motors: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Division 11 Section "Common Motor Requirements For Equipment", unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1) Phase: Single phase **OR** Polyphase, **as directed**.
 - 2) Volts: 115 **OR** 208 **OR** 230 **OR** 460, **as directed**, V.
 - 3) Hertz: 60.
 - b. Motor Type and Controller: Reversible motor and controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated.
 - c. Motor Size: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough to start, accelerate, and operate door in either direction from any position, at a speed not less than 8 in./sec. (203 mm/s) and not more than 12 in./sec. (305 mm/s), without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
 - d. Operating Controls, Controllers (Disconnect Switches), Wiring Devices, and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
 - e. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors and other electrical devices with building electrical system and each location where installed.
 5. Limit Switches: Equip each motorized door with adjustable switches interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop door at fully opened and fully closed positions.
 6. Obstruction Detection Device: Equip motorized door with indicated external automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of door opening. For non-fire-rated doors, activation of device immediately stops and reverses downward door travel. For fire-rated doors, activation delays closing.
 - a. Photoelectric Sensor: Manufacturer's standard system designed to detect an obstruction in door opening without contact between door and obstruction.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Designed to interface with door operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensing device. When self-monitoring feature is activated, door closes only with sustained pressure on close button.
 - b. Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal or weather stripping mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard take-up reel or self-coiling cable.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Four-wire configured device designed to interface with door operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensor edge.
 7. Remote-Control Station: Momentary-contact, three-button control station with push-button controls labeled "Open," "Close," and "Stop."
 - a. Interior units, full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
 - b. Exterior units, full-guarded, standard-duty, surface-mounted, weatherproof type, NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure, key operated.
 8. Emergency Manual Operation: Equip each electrically powered door with capability for emergency manual operation. Design manual mechanism so required force for door operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**.
 9. Emergency Operation Disconnect Device: Equip operator with hand-operated disconnect mechanism for automatically engaging manual operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount mechanism so it is accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.
 10. Motor Removal: Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limit-switch adjustment and without affecting emergency manual operation.
 11. Audible and Visual Signals: Audible alarm and visual indicator lights in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.

12. Radio-Control System: Consisting of the following:
 - a. Three-channel universal coaxial receiver to open, close, and stop door; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per operator.
 - b. Multifunction remote control.
 - c. Remote-antenna mounting kit.

- I. Door Assembly
 1. Service **OR** Insulated Service **OR** Counter, **as directed**, Door: Overhead coiling door formed with curtain of interlocking metal slats.
 2. Operation Cycles: Not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000 **OR** 50,000 **OR** 100,000, **as directed**.
 - a. Include tamperproof cycle counter.
 3. STC Rating: 26.
 4. Curtain R-Value: 4.5 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.792 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 5.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.881 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**.
 5. Door Curtain Material: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**.
 6. Door Curtain Slats: Curved **OR** Flat, **as directed**, profile slats of 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) **OR** 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) **OR** 1-7/8-inch (48-mm) **OR** 2-5/8-inch (67-mm) **OR** 3-1/4-inch (83-mm), **as directed**, center-to-center height.
 - a. Perforated Slats: Approximately 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) pinholes **OR** 3/32-inch (2.4-mm) pinholes **OR** 7/8-inch- (22-mm-) wide by 3/8-inch- (10-mm-) high slots, **as directed**.
 - b. Fenestrated Slats: Approximately 3- by 5/8-inch (76- by 16-mm) **OR** 4- by 5/8-inch (102- by 16-mm) **OR** 10- by 1-5/8-inch (254- by 41-mm), **as directed**, openings spaced approximately 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) apart and beginning 12 inches (305 mm) from jamb guides.
 - c. Vision Panels: Approximately 10- by 1-5/8-inch (254- by 41-mm) openings spaced approximately 2 inches (51 mm) apart and beginning 12 inches (305 mm) from end guides; in two **OR** three, **as directed**, rows of slats at height indicated on Drawings; installed with insulated, **as directed**, vision-panel glazing.
 - d. Insulated-Slat Interior Facing: Metal **OR** Plastic, **as directed**.
 7. Curtain Jamb Guides: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, with exposed finish matching curtain slats. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise. Provide removable post(s) and jamb guides where shown on Drawings.
 8. Pass Door(s): Hinged **OR** Rigid, **as directed**, frame with lockset **OR** exit hardware, **as directed**.
 9. Hood: Match curtain material and finish **OR** Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**.
 - a. Shape: Round **OR** Square **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 10. Integral Frame, Hood, and Fascia for Counter Door: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 11. Sill Configuration for Counter Door: No sill **OR** Integral metal sill, **as directed**.
 12. Locking Devices: Equip door with slide bolt for padlock **OR** locking device assembly, **as directed**, and chain lock keeper, **as directed**.
 - a. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side **OR** Cremone type, both jamb sides, **as directed**, locking bars, operable from inside with thumb turn **OR** outside with cylinder **OR** outside only, with cylinder **OR** inside and outside with cylinders, **as directed**.
 13. Manual Door Operator: Push-up operation **OR** Chain-hoist operator **OR** Manufacturer's standard crank operator **OR** Awning-crank operator **OR** Wall-crank operator, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide operator with through-wall shaft operation.
 - b. Provide operator with manufacturer's standard removable operating arm.
 14. Electric Door Operator:
 - a. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 60 to 90 cycles per hour **OR** Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour **OR** Medium duty, up to 15 cycles per hour **OR** Light duty, up to 10 cycles per hour, **as directed**.
 - b. Operator Location: Top of hood **OR** Front of hood **OR** Wall **OR** Bench **OR** Through wall **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor Exposure: Interior **OR** Exterior, wet, and humid, **as directed**.

- d. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up **OR** Chain **OR** Crank, **as directed**, type.
 - e. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor **OR** electric sensor edge on bottom bar **OR** pneumatic sensor edge on bottom bar, **as directed**; self-monitoring type, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Remote-Control Station: Interior **OR** Exterior **OR** Where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals **OR** Radio-control system, **as directed**.
15. Door Finish:
- a. Aluminum Finish: Mill **OR** Clear anodized **OR** Light bronze anodized **OR** Medium bronze anodized **OR** Dark bronze anodized **OR** Black anodized **OR** Anodized color matching sample **OR** Anodized color as selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 - b. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color matching sample **OR** Color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard color.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 2B (bright, cold rolled) **OR** No. 4 (polished directional satin), **as directed**.
 - e. Interior Curtain-Slat Facing: Match finish of exterior curtain-slat face **OR** PVC plastic, **as directed**.
- J. Fire-Rated Door Assembly
1. Fire-Rated Service **OR** Insulated Service **OR** Counter, **as directed**, Door: Overhead fire-rated coiling door formed with curtain of interlocking metal slats.
 2. Operation Cycles: Not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000 **OR** 50,000 **OR** 100,000, **as directed**.
 - a. Include tamperproof cycle counter.
 3. Fire Rating: 3/4 hour **OR** 1 hour **OR** 1-1/2 hours **OR** 3 hours **OR** 4 hours, **as directed**, with temperature-rise limit, **as directed**, and with smoke control, **as directed**.
 4. STC Rating: 27.
 5. Curtain R-Value: 4.5 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.792 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 5.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.881 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**.
 6. Door Curtain Material: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 7. Door Curtain Slats: Curved **OR** Flat, **as directed**, profile slats of 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) **OR** 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) **OR** 1-7/8-inch (48-mm) **OR** 2-5/8-inch (67-mm) **OR** 3-1/4-inch (83-mm), **as directed**, center-to-center height.
 - a. Vision Panels: Approximately 10- by 1-5/8-inch (254- by 41-mm) openings spaced approximately 2 inches (51 mm) apart and beginning 12 inches (305 mm) from end guides; in two **OR** three, **as directed**, rows of slats at height indicated on Drawings; installed with fire-rated vision-panel glazing.
 - b. Insulated-Slat Interior Facing: Metal.
 8. Curtain Jamb Guides: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**, with exposed finish matching curtain slats.
 9. Pass Door(s): Hinged **OR** Rigid, **as directed**, frame with lockset **OR** exit hardware, **as directed**.
 10. Hood: Match curtain material and finish **OR** Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Shape: Round **OR** Square **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 11. Integral Frame, Hood, and Fascia for Counter Door: Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 12. Sill Configuration for Fire-Rated Counter Door: No sill **OR** Integral metal sill **OR** Fire-rated, laminate counter, **as directed**.
 - a. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: Match color, pattern, and finish as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** of sample **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 13. Locking Devices: Equip door with slide bolt for padlock **OR** locking device assembly, **as directed**, and chain lock keeper, **as directed**.

- a. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side **OR** Cremone type, both jamb sides, **as directed**, locking bars, operable from inside with thumbturn **OR** outside with cylinder **OR** outside only, with cylinder **OR** inside and outside with cylinders, **as directed**.
 - 14. Manual Door Operator: Push-up operation **OR** Chain-hoist operator **OR** Manufacturer's standard crank operator **OR** Awning-crank operator **OR** Wall-crank operator, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide operator with through-wall shaft operation.
 - b. Provide operator with manufacturer's standard removable operating arm.
 - 15. Electric Door Operator:
 - a. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 60 to 90 cycles per hour **OR** Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour **OR** Medium duty, up to 15 cycles per hour **OR** Light duty, up to 10 cycles per hour, **as directed**.
 - b. Operator Location: Top of hood **OR** Front of hood **OR** Wall **OR** Bench **OR** Through wall **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor Exposure: Interior **OR** Exterior, wet, and humid, **as directed**.
 - d. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up **OR** Chain **OR** Crank, **as directed**, type.
 - e. Obstruction Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor **OR** electric sensor edge on bottom bar **OR** pneumatic sensor edge on bottom bar, **as directed**; self-monitoring type, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Remote-Control Station: Interior **OR** Exterior **OR** Where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals **OR** Radio-control system, **as directed**.
 - 16. Door Finish:
 - a. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color matching sample **OR** Color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard color.
 - c. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 2B (bright, cold rolled) **OR** No. 4 (polished directional satin), **as directed**.
 - d. Interior Curtain-Slat Facing: Match finish of exterior curtain-slat face.
- K. General Finish Requirements
- 1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - 2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- L. Aluminum Finishes
- 1. Mill Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 2. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - 3. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - 4. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, application, and baking.
- M. Steel And Galvanized-Steel Finishes
- 1. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer, compatible with field-applied finish. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - 2. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
- N. Stainless-Steel Finishes
- 1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 - 2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.

- a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
3. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install overhead coiling doors and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports; according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.
2. Install overhead coiling doors, hoods, and operators at the mounting locations indicated for each door.
3. Accessibility: Install overhead coiling doors, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.
4. Fire-Rated Doors: Install according to NFPA 80.
5. Smoke-Control Doors: Install according to NFPA 80 and NFPA 105.

B. Startup Service

1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
 - a. Perform installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - c. Test door closing when activated by detector or alarm-connected fire-release system. Reset door-closing mechanism after successful test.

C. Adjusting

1. Adjust hardware and moving parts to function smoothly so that doors operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.
2. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts as recommended by manufacturer.
3. Adjust seals to provide weathertight fit around entire perimeter.

END OF SECTION 08 33 23 00

SECTION 08 33 23 00a - OVERHEAD COILING GRILLES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for overhead coiling grilles. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Open-curtain overhead coiling grilles.
 - b. Closed-curtain overhead coiling grilles.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design overhead coiling grilles, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Seismic Performance: Overhead coiling grilles shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. Seismic Component Importance Factor: 1.5 **OR** 1.0, **as directed**.
3. Operation Cycles: Provide overhead coiling grille components and operators capable of operating for not less than number of cycles indicated for each grille. One operation cycle is complete when a grille is opened from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling grille and accessory. Include the following:
 - a. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, profiles for curtain components, and finishes.
 - b. Rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.
2. Shop Drawings: For each installation and for special components not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - b. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
3. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
 - a. Open-Curtain Grille: 18-inch- (457-mm-) square assembly with full-size components consisting of rods, spacers, and links as required to illustrate each assembly, including glazed inserts, **as directed**.
 - b. Closed-Curtain Grille: 18-inch- (457-mm-) square assembly with full-size components consisting of ribs and infill as required to illustrate each assembly.
 - c. Bottom Bar: 6 inches (150 mm) long with sensor edge, **as directed**.
 - d. Guides: 6 inches (150 mm) long.
 - e. Mounting Frame: 6 inches (150 mm) long.
 - f. Brackets: 6 inches (150 mm) square.
 - g. Hood: 6 inches (150 mm) square.

4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For overhead coiling grilles indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - a. Detail fabrication and assembly of seismic restraints.
 - b. Summary of forces and loads on walls and jambs.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
6. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For overhead coiling grilles, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
7. Maintenance Data: For overhead coiling grilles to include in maintenance manuals.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
2. Source Limitations: Obtain overhead coiling grilles from single source from single manufacturer.
 - a. Obtain operators and controls from overhead coiling grille manufacturer.
3. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
4. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Grille Curtain Materials And Construction

1. Open-Curtain Grilles: Fabricate metal grille curtain as an open network of horizontal rods, spaced at regular intervals, that are interconnected with vertical links, which are formed and spaced as indicated and are free to rotate on the rods.
 - a. Aluminum Grille Curtain: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 - b. Stainless-Steel Grille Curtain: ASTM A 666, Type 300 series.
 - c. Steel Grille Curtain: Hot-dip zinc-coated (galvanized) complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M, or electrogalvanized complying with ASTM 653/A 653M, and phosphatized before fabrication.
 - d. Glazing Insert: Manufacturer's standard glazing of clear polycarbonate sheet secured by the curtain links.
2. Closed-Curtain Grilles: Fabricate curtain as a series of horizontal double-C ribs, spaced at regular intervals, that alternate with continuous horizontal infill panels secured by the ribs.
 - a. Aluminum Horizontal Ribs: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 - b. Glass Panels: Uncoated, clear, heat-treated, fully tempered float glass; complying with ASTM C 1048, Condition A, Type I, Class I, Quality q3, Kind FT; manufacturer's standard panel dimensions and thickness.
 - c. Plastic Panels: Fire-retardant polycarbonate sheet manufactured by the extrusion process; UV resistant; manufacturer's standard panel dimensions and thickness.
 - d. Aluminum Panels: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), alloy and temper standard with manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated; manufacturer's standard panel dimensions and thickness; finished to match ribs.
 - 1) Perforations: Manufacturer's standard pinholes.
3. Endlocks: Continuous end links, chains, or other devices at ends of rods; locking and retaining grille curtain in guides against excessive pressures, maintaining grille curtain alignment, and preventing lateral movement.
4. Bottom Bar: Manufacturer's standard continuous channel or tubular shape, finished to match grille.
 - a. Astragal: Equip each grille bottom bar with a replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible gasket of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene as a cushion bumper.
 - b. Provide motor-operated grilles with combination bottom astragal and sensor edge.

5. Grille Curtain Jamb Guides: Manufacturer's standard shape having curtain groove with return lips or bars to retain curtain. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise; with removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain.
 - a. Removable Posts and Jamb Guides: Manufacturer's standard.

- B. Hoods And Accessories
 1. General: Form sheet metal hood to entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to fit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Form closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting that projects beyond wall face. Equip hood with intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sagging.
 - a. Galvanized Steel: Nominal 0.028-inch- (0.71-mm-) thick, hot-dip galvanized steel sheet with G90 (Z275) zinc coating, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - b. Stainless Steel: 0.025-inch- (0.64-mm-) thick stainless-steel sheet, Type 304, complying with ASTM A 666.
 - c. Aluminum: 0.040-inch- (1.02-mm-) thick aluminum sheet complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), of alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 2. Removable Metal Soffit: Formed or extruded from same metal and with same finish as curtain if hood is mounted above ceiling, unless otherwise indicated.
 3. Mounting Frame: Manufacturer's standard mounting frame designed to support grille; factory fabricated from ASTM A 36/A 36M structural-steel tubes or shapes, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 123/A 123M; fastened to floor and structure above grille; to be built into wall construction; and complete with anchors, connections, and fasteners.
 4. Push/Pull Handles: Equip each push-up-operated or emergency-operated grille with lifting handles on each side of grille, finished to match grille.
 - a. Provide pull-down straps or pole hooks for grilles more than 84 inches (2130 mm) high.

- C. Locking Devices
 1. Slide Bolt: Fabricate with side-locking bolts to engage through slots in tracks for locking by padlock, located on both left and right jamb sides, operable from coil side.
 2. Locking Device Assembly: Fabricate with cylinder lock, spring-loaded dead bolt, operating handle, cam plate, and adjustable locking bars to engage through slots in tracks.
 - a. Lock Cylinders: Provide cylinders specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** standard with manufacturer, **as directed**, and keyed to building keying system, **as directed**.
 - b. Keys: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, for each cylinder.
 3. Chain Lock Keeper: Suitable for padlock.
 4. Safety Interlock Switch: Equip power-operated grilles with safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when grille is locked.

- D. Counterbalancing Mechanism
 1. General: Counterbalance grilles by means of manufacturer's standard mechanism with an adjustable-tension, steel helical torsion spring mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to top of curtain with barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.
 2. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of manufacturer's standard hot-formed, structural-quality, welded or seamless carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of parts and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 in./ft. (2.5 mm/m) of span under full load.
 3. Spring Balance: One or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft with cast-steel barrel plugs.
 4. Torsion Rod for Counterbalance Shaft: Fabricate of manufacturer's standard cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.
 5. Brackets: Manufacturer's standard mounting brackets of either cast iron or cold-rolled steel plate.

E. Manual Grille Operators

1. Equip grille with manufacturer's recommended manual grille operator unless another type of grille operator is indicated.
2. Push-up Grille Operation: Design counterbalance mechanism so required lift or pull for grille operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N).
3. Chain-Hoist Operator: Consisting of endless steel hand chain, chain-pocket wheel and guard, and gear-reduction unit with a maximum 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**, force for grille operation. Provide alloy-steel hand chain with chain holder secured to operator guide.
4. Crank Operator: Consisting of crank and crank gearbox, steel crank drive shaft, and gear-reduction unit, of type indicated. Size gears to require not more than 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**, force to turn crank. Fabricate gearbox to be oil tight and to completely enclose operating mechanism. Provide manufacturer's standard crank-locking device.

F. Electric Grille Operators

1. General: Electric grille operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by grille manufacturer for grille and operation-cycles requirement specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking grille, and accessories required for proper operation.
 - a. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - b. Provide control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24 V, ac or dc.
2. Usage Classification: Electric operator and components capable of operating for not less than number of cycles per hour indicated for each grille.
3. Grille Operator Location(s): Operator location indicated for each grille.
 - a. Top-of-Hood Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left grille head plate with the operator on top of the grille-hood assembly and connected to the grille drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Headroom is required for this type of mounting.
 - b. Front-of-Hood Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left grille head plate with the operator on coil side of the grille-hood assembly and connected to the grille drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Front clearance is required for this type of mounting.
 - c. Wall Mounted: Operator is mounted to the inside front wall on the left or right side of grille and connected to grille drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Side room is required for this type of mounting. Wall mounted operator can also be mounted above or below shaft; if above shaft, headroom is required.
 - d. Bench Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left grille head plate and connected to the grille drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Side room is required for this type of mounting.
 - e. Through-Wall Mounted: Operator is mounted on other side of wall from coil-side of grille.
4. Electric Motors: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Division 11 Section "Common Motor Requirements For Equipment" unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1) Phase: Single phase **OR** Polyphase, **as directed**.
 - 2) Volts: 115 **OR** 208 **OR** 230 **OR** 460, **as directed**, V.
 - 3) Hertz: 60.
 - b. Motor Type and Controller: Reversible motor and controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated.
 - c. Motor Size: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough to start, accelerate, and operate grille in either direction from any position, at a speed not less than 8 in./sec. (203 mm/s) and not more than 12 in./sec. (305 mm/s), without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
 - d. Operating Controls, Controllers (Disconnect Switches), Wiring Devices, and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
 - e. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors and other electrical devices with building electrical system and each location where installed.

5. Limit Switches: Equip each motorized grille with adjustable switches interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop grille at fully opened and fully closed positions.
6. Obstruction Detection Device: Equip motorized grille with indicated external automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of grille opening. Activation of sensor immediately stops and reverses downward grille travel.
 - a. Photoelectric Sensor: Manufacturer's standard system designed to detect an obstruction in grille opening without contact between grille and obstruction.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Designed to interface with grille operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensing device. When self-monitoring feature is activated, grille closes only with sustained pressure on close button.
 - b. Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal or weather stripping mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard take-up reel or self-coiling cable.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Four-wire configured device designed to interface with grille operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensing device.
7. Remote-Control Station: Momentary-contact, three-button control station with push-button controls labeled "Open," "Close," and "Stop."
 - a. Interior units, full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
 - b. Exterior units, full-guarded, standard-duty, surface-mounted, weatherproof type; NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure, key operated.
8. Emergency Manual Operation: Equip each electrically powered grille with capability for emergency manual operation. Design manual mechanism so required force for grille operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 30 lbf (133 N), **as directed**.
9. Emergency Operation Disconnect Device: Equip operator with hand-operated disconnect mechanism for automatically engaging manual operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount mechanism so it is accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.
10. Motor Removal: Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limit-switch adjustment and without affecting emergency manual operation.
11. Audible and Visual Signals: Audible alarm and visual indicator lights in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.
12. Emergency-Egress Release: Flush, wall-mounted handle mechanism, for ADA-ABA-compliant egress feature, not dependent on electric power. The release allows an unlocked grille to partially open without affecting limit switches to permit passage, and it automatically resets motor drive upon return of handle to original position.
13. Self-Opening Mechanism: Automatic release mechanism triggered by smoke detector, **OR** emergency push-button station, **as directed**, fire alarm or power failure. When activated, the grille self opens by means of a fail-safe operator to the fully open position without the need of power operation or battery backup systems. When the alarm is cleared **OR** emergency push-button is reset, and the alarm is cleared, **as directed**, and power is restored, the grille will operate normally.

G. Open-Curtain Grille Assembly

1. Open-Curtain Grille: Overhead coiling grille with a curtain having a network of horizontal rods that interconnect with vertical links.
2. Operation Cycles: Not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000 **OR** 50,000 **OR** 100,000, **as directed**.
 - a. Include tamperproof cycle counter.
3. Grille Curtain Material: Aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Galvanized steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Space rods at approximately 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - b. Space links approximately 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 9 inches (228 mm), **as directed**, apart in a straight in-line **OR** brick (staggered), **as directed**, pattern.
 - c. Glazing Inserts: Manufacturer's standard.
 - d. Spacers: Metal tubes matching curtain material **OR** PVC, **as directed**.
4. Curtain Jamb Guides: Aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Galvanized steel, **as directed**, with exposed finish matching curtain slats. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent metal-

to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise. Provide removable post(s) and jamb guides where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.

5. Hood: Match curtain material and finish **OR** Aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Galvanized steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Shape: Round **OR** Square **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** On mounting frame **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
6. Locking Devices: Equip grille with slide bolt for padlock **OR** locking device assembly, **as directed**, and chain lock keeper, **as directed**.
 - a. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side **OR** Cremone type, both jamb sides, **as directed**, locking bars, operable from inside with thumb turn **OR** outside with cylinder **OR** outside only, with cylinder **OR** inside and outside with cylinders, **as directed**.
7. Manual Grille Operator: Push-up operation **OR** Chain-hoist operator **OR** Manufacturer's standard crank operator **OR** Awning-crank operator **OR** Wall-crank operator, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide operator with through-wall shaft operation.
 - b. Provide operator with manufacturer's standard removable operating arm.
8. Electric Grille Operator:
 - a. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 60 to 90 cycles per hour **OR** Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour **OR** Medium duty, up to 15 cycles per hour **OR** Light duty, up to 10 cycles per hour, **as directed**.
 - b. Operator Location: Top of hood **OR** Front of hood **OR** Wall **OR** Bench **OR** Through wall **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor Exposure: Interior **OR** Exterior, wet, and humid, **as directed**.
 - d. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up **OR** Chain **OR** Crank, **as directed**, type.
 - e. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor **OR** electric sensor edge on bottom bar **OR** pneumatic sensor edge on bottom bar, **as directed**; self-monitoring type, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Remote-Control Station: Interior **OR** Exterior **OR** Where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals **OR** Emergency-egress release **OR** Self-opening mechanism, **as directed**.
9. Grille Finish:
 - a. Aluminum Finish: Mill **OR** Clear anodized **OR** Light bronze anodized **OR** Medium bronze anodized **OR** Dark bronze anodized **OR** Black anodized **OR** Anodized color matching sample **OR** Anodized color as selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 - b. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color matching sample **OR** Color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard color.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 2B (bright, cold rolled) **OR** No. 4 (polished directional satin), **as directed**.
 - e. PVC Spacers: Color as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

H. Closed-Curtain Grille Assembly

1. Closed-Curtain Grille: Overhead coiling grille with a curtain having a series of horizontal ribs alternating with continuous horizontal infill panels secured by the ribs.
2. Operation Cycles: Not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000 **OR** 50,000 **OR** 100,000, **as directed**.
 - a. Include tamperproof cycle counter.
3. Grille Curtain Material: Aluminum ribs with continuous inserts indicated.
 - a. Space ribs at approximately 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - b. Inserts: Glass panels.
 - c. Inserts: Clear, transparent **OR** Translucent, **as directed**, plastic panels.
 - d. Inserts: Solid **OR** Perforated, **as directed**, aluminum panels.

4. Curtain Jamb Guides: Aluminum with exposed finish matching curtain slats. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise. Provide removable post(s) and jamb guides where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 5. Hood: Match curtain material and finish **OR** Aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Galvanized steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Shape: Round **OR** Square **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Face of wall **OR** Between jambs **OR** On mounting frame **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 6. Locking Devices: Equip grille with slide bolt for padlock **OR** locking device assembly, **as directed**, and chain lock keeper, **as directed**.
 - a. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side **OR** Cremone type, both jamb sides, **as directed**, locking bars, operable from inside with thumbturn **OR** outside with cylinder **OR** outside only, with cylinder **OR** inside and outside with cylinders, **as directed**.
 7. Manual Grille Operator: Push-up operation **OR** Chain-hoist operator **OR** Manufacturer's standard crank operator **OR** Awning-crank operator **OR** Wall-crank operator, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide operator with through-wall shaft operation.
 - b. Provide operator with manufacturer's standard removable operating arm.
 8. Electric Grille Operator:
 - a. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 60 to 90 cycles per hour **OR** Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour **OR** Medium duty, up to 15 cycles per hour **OR** Light duty, up to 10 cycles per hour, **as directed**.
 - b. Operator Location: Top of hood **OR** Front of hood **OR** Wall **OR** Bench **OR** Through wall **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor Exposure: Interior **OR** Exterior, wet, and humid, **as directed**.
 - d. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up **OR** Chain **OR** Crank, **as directed**, type.
 - e. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor **OR** electric sensor edge on bottom bar **OR** pneumatic sensor edge on bottom bar, **as directed**; self-monitoring type, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Remote-Control Station: Interior **OR** Exterior **OR** Where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals **OR** Emergency-egress release **OR** Self-opening mechanism, **as directed**.
 9. Grille Finish:
 - a. Aluminum Finish: Mill **OR** Clear anodized **OR** Light bronze anodized **OR** Medium bronze anodized **OR** Dark bronze anodized **OR** Black anodized **OR** Anodized color matching sample **OR** Anodized color as selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 - b. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color matching sample **OR** Color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard color.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 2B (bright, cold rolled) **OR** No. 4 (polished directional satin), **as directed**.
- I. General Finish Requirements
1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- J. Aluminum Finishes
1. Mill Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
 2. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 3. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.

4. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, application, and baking.

K. Steel And Galvanized-Steel Finishes

1. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer, compatible with field-applied finish. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
2. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.

L. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
3. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for substrate construction and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
2. Examine locations of electrical connections.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Installation

1. Install overhead coiling grilles and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports; according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.
2. Install overhead coiling grilles, hoods, and operators at the mounting locations indicated for each grille.
3. Accessibility: Install overhead coiling grilles, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.

C. Startup Service

1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
 - a. Perform installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - c. Test grille opening when activated by detector, fire-alarm system, emergency-egress release, or self-opening mechanism as required. Reset grille-opening mechanism after successful test.

D. Adjusting

1. Adjust hardware and moving parts to function smoothly so that grilles operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.
2. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts as recommended by manufacturer.

E. Demonstration

1. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain overhead coiling grilles.

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 33 26 00	08 33 23 00a	Overhead Coiling Grilles

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SECTION 08 33 36 00 - SIDE COILING GRILLES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for side coiling grilles. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Performance Requirements

1. Operation-Cycle Requirements: Provide side coiling grille components and operators capable of operating for not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000, **as directed**, cycles and for 10 cycles per day.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type and size of side coiling grille and accessory.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachment to other work.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Grille Curtain Materials And Construction

1. Grille Curtain: Network of 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) **OR** 5/16-inch- (8-mm-), **as directed**, minimum diameter horizontal rods, or rods covered with tube spacers. Interconnect rods by vertical links approximately 5/8 inch (16 mm) wide and rotating on rods.
 - a. Space rods at approximately 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) o.c.
 - b. Space links approximately 3 inches (76 mm) apart in a straight in-line **OR** staggered, **as directed**, pattern.
 - c. Steel Grille Curtain: Hot-dip zinc-coated (galvanized), complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M, or electrogalvanized complying with ASTM 653/A 653M, and phosphatized before fabrication.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Grille Curtain: ASTM A 666, Type 300 series.
 - e. Aluminum Grille Curtain: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
2. Top Track: Extruded aluminum channel mechanically attached to a support angle with provisions for take-up bolts to compensate for a maximum deflection of 1/2-inch.
3. Bottom Track: Manufacturer's standard, finished to match grille.
4. Coil Box: Entirely enclose coiled grille, operating mechanism, supporting disk and the drum around which the grille will coil.
5. Power Operated Grille: Safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when grille is locked.
6. Manual Grille Operator: Crank or Push-Pull.
7. Electric Grille Operator: Manufacturer's standard type, size, and capacity for grille and operation-cycle requirements specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking grille, and accessories. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - a. Disconnect Device: Hand-operated for automatically engaging chain and sprocket operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor, without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount to be accessible from floor level. Include

interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.

- b. Grille-Operator Type: Wall- or bracket-mounted unit with electric motor, gear-reduction drive, and chain and sprocket secondary drive.
8. Electric Motors: High-starting torque, reversible, continuous-duty, polyphase, Class A insulated, electric motors complying with NEMA MG 1; with overload protection; sized to start, accelerate, and operate grille in either direction from any position, at not less than 2/3 fps (0.2 m/s) and not more than 1 fps (0.3 m/s), without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors with building electrical system.
 - a. Open dripproof-type motor, and controller with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
 - b. Totally enclosed, nonventilated or fan-cooled motor, fitted with plugged drain, and controller with NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure where indicated.
9. Remote-Control Station: Momentary-contact **OR** Sustained-pressure, **as directed**, three-button control station; fully guarded, weatherproof (if for exterior location), key operated.
10. Obstruction Detection Device: External automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of grille opening. Activation of sensor immediately stops and reverses grille travel.
11. Provide electric operators with ADA-compliant audible alarm and visual indicator lights.

B. Finishes

1. Aluminum Anodic Finish: Mill finish **OR** Class II, clear anodic coating complying with AAMA 611, **as directed**.
2. Galvanized Steel Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer **OR** Powder-coat finish, **as directed**.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - b. Painting is specified in Division 09 Section(s) "Interior Painting" **OR** "Staining And Transparent Finishing".
3. Stainless-Steel Finish: Bright, cold-rolled, unpolished finish: No. 2B finish **OR** Bright, directional polish: No. 4 finish, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Install side coiling grilles and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports.
2. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts; adjust grilles to operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.

END OF SECTION 08 33 36 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 33 39 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 34 23 00	08 31 13 00	Access Doors And Frames

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SECTION 08 34 49 13 - RADIATION PROTECTION

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for radiation protection. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Lead sheet, strip, and plate.
 - b. Lead bricks.
 - c. Lead glass.
 - d. Lead glazing plastic.
 - e. Lead-lined building materials and products including the following:
 - 1) Concrete masonry units.
 - 2) Gypsum lath.
 - 3) Gypsum base for gypsum veneer plaster and board.
 - 4) Steel hollow-metal doors and door frames.
 - 5) Wood doors.
 - 6) Observation-window frames.
 - 7) Modular shielding partitions.
 - 8) Film transfer cabinets.
 - 9) Neutron-shielding doors, frames, and hardware.
 - f. Informational signs.

C. Definitions

1. Lead Equivalence: The thickness of lead that provides the same attenuation (reduction of radiation passing through) as the material in question under the specified conditions.
 - a. Lead equivalence specified for materials used in diagnostic x-ray rooms is as measured at 100 kV unless otherwise indicated.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Provide materials and workmanship, including joints and fasteners, that maintain continuity of radiation protection at all points and in all directions equivalent to materials specified in thicknesses and locations indicated.
 - a. Materials, thicknesses, and configurations indicated are based on radiation protection design prepared by Owner's radiation health physicist. This design is available to Contractor on request.
2. Lead-Lined Assemblies: Unless otherwise indicated, provide lead thickness in doors, door frames, window frames, penetration shielding, joint strips, film transfer cabinets, and other items located in lead-lined assemblies not less than that indicated for assemblies in which they are installed.
3. Lead Glazing: Unless otherwise indicated, provide lead equivalence not less than that indicated for assembly in which glazing is installed.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood veneer on doors complies with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for certified wood veneer doors.

3. Shop Drawings: Show layout of radiation-protected areas. Indicate lead thickness or lead equivalence of components. Show components and installation conditions not fully dimensioned or detailed in product data.
 - a. Show ducts, pipes, conduit, and other objects that penetrate radiation protection; include details of penetrations.
 - b. Show details of neutron-shielding doors and frames, including anchorage to and coordination with other work. Show locations of electrical conduit and boxes for connecting door operators, door operator switches, and door interlock switches.
 - 1) Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
5. Field quality-control reports.
6. Operation and maintenance data.
7. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Forest Certification: Provide wood veneers for doors produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
2. Fire-Rated and Smoke-Control, **as applicable**, Door and Frame Assemblies: Comply with Division 08 Section(s) "Hollow Metal Doors And Frames" OR "Flush Wood Doors", **as applicable**.
3. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
4. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Lead-Lined Gypsum Panels: Neatly stack panels flat to prevent deformation.
2. Lead-Lined Steel Doors and Frames: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors And Frames" for delivery, storage, and handling.
OR
Lead-Lined Steel Doors and Frames: Deliver doors and frames cardboard wrapped or crated to provide protection during delivery and storage. Inspect for damage on delivery. Minor damage may be repaired provided the refinished repair matches new work and is approved by the Owner; otherwise, remove and replace damaged items as directed.
3. Lead-Lined Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Flush Wood Doors" for delivery, storage, and handling.
OR
Lead-Lined Wood Doors: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and requirements in WDMA I.S.1-A.
4. Package doors individually in plastic bags or cardboard cartons **OR** cardboard cartons and wrap bundles of doors in plastic sheeting, **as directed**.
5. Mark each door on bottom **OR** top and bottom, **as directed**, rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

H. Warranty

1. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Flush Wood Doors".

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Lead Sheet, Strip, and Plate: ASTM B 749, alloy UNS No. L51121 (chemical-copper lead).
2. Lead Bricks: Interlocking cast- or extruded-lead bricks made from pig lead, complying with ASTM B 29 with 1/2 percent antimony added, with tongues and grooves on adjoining edges.

3. Borated Polyethylene: Manufactured specifically for neutron shielding and containing not less than 5 percent boron.
4. Lead Glass: Lead-barium, polished float glass containing not less than 60 percent heavy metal oxides, including not less than 48 percent lead oxide by weight.
 - a. Safety Glass: Fully tempered **OR** Laminated, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 1) Outer Lite: Clear float glass; thickness as indicated **OR as directed**.
 - 2) Interlayer: Clear polyvinyl butyral or cured resin of manufacturer's standard thickness indicated with a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after laminating glass lites and installation.
 - 3) Inner Lite: Lead-barium, polished float glass; thickness as indicated **OR as directed**.
5. Lead Glazing Plastic: Transparent acrylic sheet impregnated with an organolead compound and containing 30 percent lead by weight.
6. Lead-Lined Concrete Masonry Units: Fabricated from two solid concrete units, complying with ASTM C 90 or ASTM C 129, separated vertically by a single sheet of lead permanently bonded or anchored between the two halves. Size lead sheets to provide a 1-inch (25-mm) overlap with adjacent units or provide supplemental lead to ensure uninterrupted protection.
 - a. Provide special shapes as needed to maintain bond without cutting units.
 - b. Provide lead wool for filling voids or joints.
7. Masonry Mortar: Comply with Division 04 Section "Unit Masonry".
OR
 Masonry Mortar: Comply with ASTM C 270, Type N, Proportion Specification.
 - a. Limit cementitious materials to portland cement and hydrated lime, **as directed**.
8. Grout: ASTM C 476, with a slump of 8 to 11 inches (200 to 280 mm) as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
 - a. For grouting frames of neutron-shielding doors, use coarse grout made from aggregate having a density not less than that used for concrete walls in which frames are installed.
9. Lead-Lined Gypsum Lath: 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-), **as directed**, thick gypsum lath complying with Division 09 Section "Gypsum Plastering" with a single sheet of lead, 1 inch (25 mm) longer and wider than lath, laminated to the back of lath so lead extends 1 inch (25 mm) beyond one side and one end.
 - a. For metal or wood furring and framing, provide 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) diameter lead disks or 5/8-by-1-1/4-inch (16-by-32-mm) lead tabs for covering screw heads.
 - b. For wood, provide lead-headed nails for fastening lead-lined gypsum lath, accessories, and trim to wood members.
10. Lead-Lined Gypsum Base for Gypsum Veneer Plaster **OR** Board, **as directed**: 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) **OR** 5/8-inch- (16-mm-), **as directed**, thick gypsum board complying with Division 09 Section(s) "Gypsum Veneer Plastering" **OR** "Gypsum Board", **as directed**, of width and length required for support spacing and to prevent cracking during handling, and with a single sheet of lead laminated to the back of the board.
 - a. Provide lead sheet lining the full width and length of board **OR** of board and length necessary to extend from floor to 84 inches (2133 mm) above floor **OR** of board and height as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Provide 3-inch- (75-mm-) wide lead strips for wrapping metal stud flanges.
 - c. Provide 2-inch- (50-mm-) wide lead strips for backing joints.
 - d. Provide 5/16-inch (8-mm) **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm), **as directed**, lead disks for covering screw heads.
 - e. Provide lead-headed nails for fastening gypsum board, accessories, and trim to wood members.
11. Accessories and Fasteners: Provide manufacturer's standard fasteners and accessories as required for installation, maintaining same lead equivalence as rest of system.
12. Asphalt Coating: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.
13. Asphalt Felt: ASTM D 226.

B. Lead-Lined Steel Hollow-Metal Doors

1. General: Steel doors complying with ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861, except with a single continuous sheet of lead of thickness not less than that required for partition in which door is installed **OR** as

indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, and extending from top to bottom and edge to edge, installed either between back-to-back stiffeners or between stiffeners and stop face of door.

- a. Line inverted channels at top and bottom of doors with lead sheet of same thickness used in door and close with filler channels to provide flush top and bottom edges.
 - b. Shield cutouts for locksets with lead sheet of same thickness used in door. Lap lining of cutouts with door lining 1 inch (25 mm).
 - c. Prepare doors to receive observation windows **OR** louvers **OR** windows and louvers, **as directed**; cut and trim openings through doors in factory. Provide removable stops for glazed openings.
 - d. Provide lead-lined astragals for pairs of doors.
 - e. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated with 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) clearance at heads and jambs and minimum clearance at bottom.
 - f. Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating **OR** factory-applied paint, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
2. Lead Door Louvers: Provide louvers with 20 **OR** 30, **as directed**, percent free area, of sizes and types indicated. Fabricate from formed-lead sheet or lead extrusions of not less than lead thickness required for door in which louver is installed. Fabricate louvers to be lightproof with fixed maze-type blades that maintain required lead equivalence at all points and in all directions. Factory fit and assemble louvers in doors before shipping to Project site.
- C. Lead-Lined Steel Hollow-Metal Door Frames
1. General: Steel door frames complying with ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 861, except 0.0667 inch (1.7 mm) thick, and lined with lead sheet of thickness not less than that required for doors and walls where frames are used.
 - a. Provide additional reinforcements and internal supports to adequately carry the weight of lead-lined doors. Install reinforcements and supports before installing lead lining.
 - b. Form lead sheet to match frame contour, continuous in each jamb and across the head, lapping the stops. Form lead shields around areas prepared to receive hardware. Fabricate lead lining wide enough to maintain an effective lap with lead of adjacent shielding.
 - c. Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating **OR** factory-applied paint, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Lead-Lined Wood Doors
1. General: Flush solid-core wood doors with lead lining, thickness not less than that required for partition in which door is installed **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Door Construction: Veneer face, five **OR** seven, **as directed**, ply, bonded mineral **OR** particleboard **OR** structural composite lumber **OR** glued-wood-stave, **as directed**, core.

OR

 Door Construction: Plastic-laminate face, three **OR** five, **as directed**, ply, bonded particleboard core.
 - b. Lead Lining: One or more continuous sheets of lead extending from top to bottom and edge to edge, constructed either in the core or between the core and faces, at manufacturer's option.

OR

 Lead Lining: One continuous sheet of lead extending from top to bottom and edge to edge, constructed in the core. Assemble lead lining and core with poured lead fasteners or steel bolts. Space fasteners not more than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) from door edge and about 8 inches (200 mm) o.c. Countersink bolt heads and cover with lead.
 - c. Comply with Division 08 Section "Flush Wood Doors" for grade, faces, veneer matching, fabrication, finishing, and other requirements unless otherwise indicated.
 - d. Quality Standard: AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated" **OR** WDMA I.S.1-A, "Architectural Wood Flush Doors" **OR** WI's "Manual of Millwork", **as directed**.
 - e. Grade: Premium **OR** Custom **OR** Economy, **as directed**.

- f. Face Veneer Species and Cut: White oak, rift cut **OR** Red oak, plain sliced **OR** White birch, plain sliced **OR** White birch, rotary cut **OR** Match wood doors that are not lead lined, **as directed**.
 - 1) Veneer Matching: Slip **OR** Book, **as directed**, and running **OR** balance, **as directed**, match.
 - 2) Factory finish with stain and, **as directed**, transparent catalyzed lacquer or conversion varnish.
 - g. Faces: Any closed-grain hardwood of mill option, for opaque finish.
 - h. Faces: Plastic laminate complying with NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS.
 - 1) Color, Patterns, and Finishes: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - i. Shield cutouts for locksets with lead sheet of same thickness used in door. Lap lining of cutouts with door lining.
 - j. Prepare doors to receive observation windows **OR** louvers **OR** observation windows and louvers, **as directed**; cut and trim openings through doors in factory. Provide removable wood stops for glazed openings.
 - k. Provide lead-lined astragals for pairs of doors.
 - l. Factory fit doors to suit frame openings indicated with 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) clearance at heads and jambs and minimum clearance at bottom. Factory machine doors for hardware not surface applied.
2. Lead Door Louvers: Provide louvers with 20 **OR** 30, **as directed**, percent free area, of sizes and types indicated. Fabricate from formed-lead sheet or lead extrusions of not less than lead thickness required for door in which louver is installed. Fabricate louvers to be lightproof with fixed maze-type blades that maintain required lead equivalence at all points and in all directions. Factory fit and assemble louvers in doors before shipping to Project site.
- E. Lead-Lined Observation-Window Frames
- 1. General: Fabricate from 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, formed-steel sheet or 0.064-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick aluminum extrusions with mitered corners, welded or bolted with concealed fasteners.
 - a. Line with lead sheet formed to match frame contour, continuous in each jamb and across head and sill, lapping the stops, and fabricated wide enough to maintain an effective lap with lead of adjoining assemblies.
 - b. Construct so lead lining overlaps glazing material perimeter by at least 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) and provide removable stops.
 - c. Form sill with an opening for sound transmission. Offset sound passage to make opening lightproof and to maintain required lead equivalence at all points and in all directions.
- F. Lead-Lined Modular Shielding Partitions
- 1. General: Partial-height modular partitions assembled from factory-finished standard components consisting of lead-lined enameled-steel framing members, lead-lined opaque panels, lead glazing plastic vision panels, and hardware necessary for assembly and for securing to other construction. Fabricate opaque panels from honeycomb-core metal panels with polyurethane paint finish.
 - a. Lead Equivalence for Opaque Panels: 1.5 mm.
 - b. Lead Equivalence for Framing Members: 1.5 mm.
 - c. Lead Equivalence for Vision Panels: 1.5 **OR** 1.0 **OR** 0.8 **OR** 0.5, **as directed**, mm.
- G. Lead-Lined Film Transfer Cabinets
- 1. General: Factory-fabricated, double-wall construction, of 0.0428-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, cold-rolled, stretcher-leveled, commercial-quality steel sheet free of scale, buckle, pits, and other defects. Line entire interior and doors with lead sheet thickness not less than that required for partition in which cabinet is installed **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Configuration and Size: Two-compartment, four-door type with compartments 8 inches wide by 19 inches high by 18-3/4 inches deep (203 mm wide by 483 mm high by 476 mm deep) **OR** 10-1/4 inches wide by 21 inches high by 20 inches deep (260 mm wide by 533 mm high by 508 mm deep), **as directed**, inside.
OR
 Configuration and Size: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.

- b. Provide an integral flange with lead lining extending beyond rough opening at least 3/4 inch (19 mm).
 - c. Provide a sound passage in cabinet frame. Offset sound passage to make opening lightproof and to maintain required lead equivalence at all points and in all directions.
 - d. Doors: Mount doors on full-height, concealed-leaf hinges. Label doors to one compartment "EXPOSED" and to other "UNEXPOSED." Provide a manual interlocking device to prevent doors on opposite sides of compartments from being opened at same time.
 - e. Exterior Finish: Baked-on gray enamel primer.
 - f. Cabinet Interior: Provide each compartment with a black rubber floor. Finish interior of doors, sides, and top in a nonreflective black finish.
 - g. Trim: Provide face flange or separate trim on each side of wall.
 - h. Hardware: Provide bright, polished, chrome-plated brass hardware.
 - i. Rough-in Frame: Provide adjustable telescoping rough-in frame fabricated from 0.064-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, zinc-coated steel. Design frame to allow adjustment for wall thicknesses from approximately 4 to 8 inches (100 to 200 mm).
 - j. Support Brackets: Provide two support brackets for each cabinet. Provide brackets manufactured from 1-inch (25-mm) OD, 0.065-inch (1.65-mm) wall thickness, anodized aluminum or stainless-steel tubing with satin finish. Provide with fixed- or swivel-type mounting flanges on both ends.
- OR**
- Support Brackets: Provide two triangular support brackets for each cabinet. Brackets shall be manufactured from 0.0428-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick steel sheet with flanges for fastening to wall and to cabinet. Finish with baked-on primer.

H. Neutron-Shielding Doors And Frames

1. General: Steel plate doors lined with lead and borated polyethylene and hung from structural-steel door frames.
 - a. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - b. Door Construction: Fabricate from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate faces, reinforced at hinge locations, and 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick, steel flat-bar edges fully welded together. Continuously weld exposed joints and finish smooth, matching adjacent surfaces.
 - 1) Apply filler to interior of door faces to provide smooth, even surfaces for applying lead and polyethylene. Bond lead to interior of door face with permanent adhesive.
 - 2) Install lead in one piece and polyethylene in single or multiple sheets, all full height and width of door interior.
 - c. Door Frame Construction: Fabricate from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate to dimensions indicated, fully welded together. Continuously weld exposed joints and finish smooth, matching adjacent surfaces.
 - 1) Fabricate frames with depth equal to thickness of shielding wall in which door is installed. Rabbet frame to receive door and to provide a 4-inch (100-mm) overlap between door edges and remaining frame depth. Make frame faces 4 inches (100 mm) wide with 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) deep backbends.
 - 2) Reinforce frames and drill and tap as needed to accept finish hardware.
 - 3) Provide steel strap anchors using 1/8-by-2-inch- (3-by-50-mm-) wide straps of length required for a minimum 8-inch (200-mm) embedment. Weld anchors to frame members not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from both bottom and top of jambs and from ends of head, and space anchors not more than 24 inches (600 mm) apart.
 - 4) Provide channel-shaped sill fabricated from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate lined with lead. Make sill 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) deep by same width as jambs and weld to door jambs.
 - d. Shop-Primed Finish: Prepare ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 3 (Power Tool Cleaning) and apply an alkyd primer complying with MPI#79.
 - 1) Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.
 - e. Hardware: Provide the following hardware for each door:
 - 1) Hinges: BHMA A156.1, Type A8391; weld- or bolt-on type at manufacturer's option; sized for door weight; two or three per door at manufacturer's option.

- 2) Pulls: BHMA A156.6, Type J401, two per door.
- 3) Operator: Power-opening and spring- or power-closing unit; with automatic hold-open; complying with BHMA A156.10; sized for door weight and width; and adjustable for opening, closing, and checking speeds. Unit shall have an emergency release to allow door to be opened manually and a disconnect switch to prevent power operation when door is in emergency-release mode.
- 4) Controls: Provide two wall-mounted, recessed, push-plate switches for opening door and one push-button switch for closing door. Provide motion or presence sensors to detect persons or objects in path of door and, if these are detected, to stop and reverse action of door operator.
- f. Door Interlock Switch: Provide electric switch in frame jamb to prevent operation of radiation therapy equipment when door is open and to shut off power to equipment if door is opened while equipment is in use.
 - 1) Provide rough box for installing switch, fabricated from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate welded to frame and lined on all sides with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick lead plate.

I. Informational Signs

1. Informational Signs, General: Fabricate signs by engraving lettering in high-pressure-laminate engraving stock with contrasting face and core. Machine engrave copy using high-speed cutters mechanically positioned by master templates for accurately formed letters, numbers, and symbols.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range of colors.
 - b. Provide copy indicated or as directed. Provide signs of sufficient size to contain required information.
 - c. Indicate lead equivalence in millimeters and heights of radiation protection in inches (millimeters).
2. Rooms Where the Level of Protection Is Uniform Throughout: Provide one sign for each room indicating lead equivalence of partitions, ceilings, floors, doors, and other portions of radiation protection enclosure. Indicate height of radiation protection above floor or indicate that partitions are radiation protected to full height.
3. Rooms Where the Level of Protection Is Not Uniform Throughout: Provide one sign for each room with different lead equivalences in different locations. Indicate, in tabular form, lead equivalence of each wall, partition, ceiling, floor, door, and window. Indicate height of radiation protection above floor or indicate that partitions are radiation protected to full height. Indicate where lead equivalence changes or is not continuous.
4. Rooms Where Some Partitions Are without Radiation Protection: Provide one sign for each partition that contains radiation protection and indicate its lead equivalence. Indicate height of radiation protection above floor or indicate that partitions are radiation protected to full height.
5. Rooms Where Only the Door Has Radiation Protection: Provide one sign for each door indicating its lead equivalence.

J. Door And Door Frame Fabrication

1. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare doors and frames to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation Of Lead Sheets In Concrete Floor Slabs

1. Apply a coat of asphalt mastic or paint to concrete surfaces before installing lead sheet.
2. Before installing floor lead sheet, place lead strips not less than 7 inches (175 mm) wide under the base of vertical wall protection. Extend lead strips approximately 3 inches (75 mm) into the shielded room area.
3. Lead Sheet, 1/8 Inch (3 mm) Thick or Less: Install in a single layer with a 2-inch (50-mm) minimum lap at joints.

4. Lead Sheet More Than 1/8 Inch (3 mm) Thick: Install in two or more layers with a 2-inch (50-mm) minimum lap at joints, or in a single layer with joints butted and covered with a 4-inch- (100-mm-) wide lead strip of same thickness.
5. Extend lead sheet at least 12 inches (300 mm) beyond radiation protection in walls of room.
OR
In floor slabs above shielded rooms where lead sheet is indicated, extend lead sheet at least 12 inches (300 mm) beyond radiation protection in walls of room below.
6. At door openings, extend lead sheet at least 12 inches (300 mm) beyond radiation protection in walls and at least 12 inches (300 mm) beyond door opening on both sides except where lead-lined thresholds are provided.
7. After installation, apply a coat **OR** two coats, **as directed**, of asphalt coating on top surface of lead sheet and protect from damage until concrete topping is placed.

B. Installation Of Lead Bricks

1. Remove projections from concrete surfaces to receive lead bricks and apply one layer of asphalt felt to prevent contact between lead bricks and concrete.
 - a. At recesses in concrete floors to receive lead bricks, turn up asphalt felt at perimeter of recess.
2. Install lead bricks to dimensions indicated, tightly fitted together, with joints offset in succeeding courses. Cut bricks neatly at joints with adjacent materials for a snug fit, with edges straight and true and at right angles.
 - a. Calk joints between lead bricks and support framing with lead wool.
 - b. Install lead strips as indicated at joints between lead bricks and support framing.
 - c. Secure lead bricks to walls as indicated with steel flat bars fastened with steel lag bolts driven into lead plugs.
3. After installation, apply a coat of asphalt coating on surfaces of lead bricks that will receive concrete.

C. Installation Of Lead-Lined Concrete Masonry Units

1. Lay units in running bond, using methods recommended in writing by concrete masonry unit manufacturer.
2. Cut units, as needed, without disturbing bond between lead and concrete, and without reducing required lapping margin or shielding qualities.
3. Blocks Designed to Have Lead Laps at Joints: Lay units with tight lead laps without soldering or burning.
4. Blocks Designed to Have Lead Bars in Joints: Lay units with lead bars, of thickness not less than that required in block, in each horizontal and vertical joint. Position bars directly adjacent to lead lining with bars overlapping lead lining at least twice the thickness of lead lining, but not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm).
5. Mortar Joints: Lay units with 1/2-inch (13-mm) solidly filled mortar joints. Keep lead laps free of intervening mortar. Cut joints flush with face of units.
6. Wraparound Metal Frames: Extend units into frame openings with lead lining projecting into rabbets of frames to effectively lap with lead frames or frame linings at least 1 inch (25 mm).
7. Pipe and Conduit Chases: Where pipe and conduit chases occur within blocks, faces can be removed from one side to permit installation. Where necessary to remove lead lining for pipe and conduit installation, install continuous lead sheet and overlap adjoining lead protection at least 1 inch (25 mm). Fill voids around pipe and conduit chases with mortar, finished flush with face of partition. Do not locate pipe and conduit chases directly opposite each other in same partition.

D. Installation Of Lead-Lined Gypsum Lath

1. Install lath with long edges at right angles to supports with lead lining facing supports. Place end joints over supports and stagger joints in alternate courses. Overlap lead extensions on adjacent lath to provide an effective lead lap.
 - a. Install so joints in walls do not align with adjacent ceiling joints.
2. Fastening to Metal and Wood Supports: Use screws spaced as recommended in writing by gypsum lath manufacturer. Drive screws through lead tabs and fold tabs over screw heads or apply lead disks over screw heads.

- a. Fasten accessories and trim to supports with screws, using lead tabs or lead disks as specified above for fastening lath.
 3. Fastening to Wood Supports: Use lead-headed nails spaced as recommended in writing by gypsum lath manufacturer. Drill pilot holes to prevent deforming nails or distorting lath. Set nail heads flush with lath surface.
 - a. Fasten accessories and trim to supports with lead-headed nails as specified above for fastening lath.
 4. Openings: Extend lead-lined gypsum lath into frames of openings, lapping lead lining with lead frames or frame linings at least 1 inch (25 mm). Arrange lath around openings so neither horizontal nor vertical joints occur at corners of openings.
 5. Control and Expansion Joints: Install lead strip on face of framing, extending across joint, and lap with lead lining of lath.
- E. Installation Of Lead-Lined Gypsum Base For Gypsum Veneer Plaster **OR** Board, **as directed**
 1. Install with long edge parallel to supports and lead lining facing supports. Provide blocking at end joints. Install using construction adhesive and supplementary fasteners.
 2. Fastening to Metal Supports: Use steel drill screws spaced as recommended in writing by gypsum board manufacturer. Install lead strips covering face of framing and wrap around flange to cover points of screws.
 - a. Where possible, install lead-lined gypsum board before installing gypsum board on other side of partition, and do not fold lead strips back over inside of flange until after lead-lined gypsum board is applied.
 - b. Apply lead disks recessed flush with surface of board over heads of screws securing trim.
 3. Fastening to Metal and Wood Supports: Use steel drill screws spaced as recommended in writing by gypsum board manufacturer. Apply lead disks over screw heads and recess flush with surface of board.
 - a. Install lead strips, 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide minimum and same thickness as lead lining, to face of supports and blocking where joints occur. Secure lead strips with construction adhesive. Provide shims at intermediate supports.
 - b. Apply lead disks recessed flush with surface of board over heads of screws securing trim.
 4. Fastening to Wood Supports: Use lead-headed nails spaced as recommended in writing by gypsum board manufacturer. Drill pilot holes to prevent deforming nails or distorting board. Drive nail heads slightly below exposed surface.
 - a. Install lead strips, 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide minimum and same thickness as lead lining, to face of supports and blocking where joints occur. Secure lead strips with construction adhesive. Provide shims at intermediate supports.
 - b. Fasten accessories and trim to wood supports with lead-headed nails as specified above for fastening gypsum board.
 5. Two-Layer System: Apply a facing sheet of gypsum board vertically over base sheet using laminating adhesive recommended in writing by gypsum board manufacturer. Offset joints in finish layer from joints in base layer and fasten at top and bottom of sheet to support finish panel until adhesive has set.
 - a. Locate fasteners above ceiling or behind wall base and cover fasteners with lead disks recessed flush with surface of board.
 6. Openings: Extend lead-lined gypsum board into frames of openings, lapping lead lining with lead frames or frame linings at least 1 inch (25 mm). Arrange board around openings so neither horizontal nor vertical joints occur at corners of openings.
 7. Install control and expansion joints where indicated, with appropriate trim accessories. Install lead strip on face of framing, extending across joint, and lap with lead lining of gypsum board.
- F. Installation Of Lead-Lined Doors And Door Frames
 1. Install lead-lined steel doors and door frames according to Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors And Frames".
 - a. Apply a coat of asphalt mastic or paint to lead lining in door frames where lead will come in contact with masonry or grout.
 2. Install lead-lined wood doors according to Division 08 Section "Flush Wood Doors".
 3. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with door manufacturer's written instructions.

4. Frames: Comply with HMMA 840 unless otherwise indicated. Except for frames located in existing walls or partitions, place frames before constructing walls. Set frames accurately in position, plumb, and brace securely until permanent anchors are set.
 - a. Provide three anchors per jamb, located adjacent to hinge on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb.
 - b. In masonry construction, use wire or T-strap anchors and apply a coat of asphalt mastic or paint to lead lining where lead will come in contact with masonry or grout.
 - c. In metal stud construction, use wall anchors attached to studs with screws.
 - d. In wood stud construction, use strap anchors attached to studs with screws.
 5. If frames are factory-lined, lap lead lining of frames over lining in walls at least 1 inch (25 mm).
 6. Lead Lining of Frames: Line inside of frames with lead of thickness not less than that required in doors and walls where frames are used. Form lead to match frame contour, continuous in each jamb and across the head, lapping the stops. Form lead shields around areas prepared to receive hardware. Lap lining over lining in walls at least 1 inch (25 mm).
 7. Install doors in frames level and plumb, aligned with frames and with uniform clearance at each edge.
 8. Line astragals with lead sheet.
 9. Hardware: Line covers, escutcheons, and plates to provide effective shielding at cutouts and penetrations of frames and doors. See Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" for other installation requirements.
 10. Touch up damaged finishes with compatible coating after sanding smooth.
 11. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely. Check and readjust operating hardware items, leaving doors and frames undamaged and in proper operating condition.
- G. Installation Of Lead-Lined Observation Windows
1. Install observation windows according to manufacturer's written installation instructions.
 - a. Apply a coat of asphalt mastic or paint to lead lining in frames where lead will come in contact with masonry or grout.
 2. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, and anchored securely in place to structural support.
 3. Install leaded side of frame on radiation side of wall. Lap lead lining of frames over lining in walls at least 1 inch (25 mm).
 4. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with manufacturer's written instructions.
- H. Installation Of Lead-Lined Modular Shielding Partitions
1. Install partitions after finishes are complete in spaces where partitions are located. Install according to manufacturer's written instructions and Shop Drawings.
 2. Cut and remove wall base where modular shielding partitions meet other walls so partition will fit tightly to wall.
 3. Secure partition framing to floor with 1/4-inch (6-mm) expansion anchors 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and fasten to walls and ceilings as indicated. Brace partitions with tie rods fastened to walls or ceilings as indicated.
- I. Installation Of Penetrating Items
1. At penetrations of lead linings, provide lead shields to maintain continuity of protection.
 2. Provide lead linings, sleeves, shields, and other protection in thickness not less than that required in assembly being penetrated.
 3. Secure shields at penetrations using adhesive or wire ties but not penetrating fasteners unless indicated on Drawings.
 4. Film Transfer Cabinets: Where film transfer cabinets occur in lead-lined partitions, line wall flange with lead sheet of same thickness as required for partition where it is located.
 5. Outlet Boxes and Conduit: Cover or line with lead sheet lapped over adjacent lead lining at least 1 inch (25 mm). Wrap conduit with lead sheet for a distance of not less than 10 inches (250 mm) from box.

6. Duct Openings: Unless otherwise indicated, line or wrap ducts with lead sheet for distance from partition/ceiling equal to three times the largest opening dimension. Lap lead sheet with adjacent lead lining at least 1 inch (25 mm).
 7. Piping: Unless otherwise indicated, wrap piping with lead sheet for a distance of not less than 10 inches (250 mm) from point of penetration.
- J. Installation Of Neutron-Shielding Doors And Frames
1. Install frames in concrete forms before concrete is placed. Adjust frames as needed so they are square and within 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) of plumb. Secure frames to forms and brace to resist forces resulting from concrete placement.
 2. Install frames in concrete openings and adjust as needed so they are square and within 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) of plumb. Secure frames to concrete and brace to resist forces resulting from weight and movement of shielding door. Grout frames, consolidating grout to solidly fill spaces between frame and opening.
 3. Install doors in frames and install door operators, door controls, interlock switches, and other components according to manufacturer's written instructions and Shop Drawings.
 4. Touch up damaged primer with compatible coating after sanding smooth.
 5. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely. Check and readjust operators and controls for opening, closing, latching, and back-checking speeds and for open- and closed-door positions.
- K. Field Quality Control
1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections after radiology equipment has been installed and placed in operating condition.
 2. Correct deficiencies in or remove and replace radiation protection that inspection reports indicate does not comply with specified requirements.
- L. Protection
1. Lock radiation-protected rooms once doors and locks are installed and limit access to only those persons performing work in the rooms.

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SECTION 08 34 53 00 - SECURITY WINDOW SCREENS AND DOORS

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for security window screens and doors. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

GENERAL

Definitions

1. Type of Screens (Frames and Screening): Light, Medium, and Heavy Types: As defined by and comply with requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001.
2. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by Owner.

System Description

3. Performance Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Screens: Comply with ANSI/SMA 6001 performance requirements for Type specified or scheduled.
 - 1) Sag Test Described in ANSI/SMA 6001 Paragraph 4.2.4.2: Applicable to vertical or side hinged operable window screens only.
 - b. Operable Screens: Tested with emergency egress locking system:
 - 1) Screens: Meet or exceed ANSI/SMA 6001 performance requirements for Type specified or scheduled.
 - c. Security Screen Insert for Storm Doors: Completely assembled screen of 914 mm (36 inches) by 1 524 mm (60 inches) size with necessary braces:
 - 1) Impact Test: Meet or exceed ANSI/SMA 6001 Paragraph 4.2.4.1 performance requirements for Heavy Type.
 - d. Security Screen Doors: Completely assembled screen door measuring at least 914 mm (36 inches) wide by 2 032 mm (80 inches) high with necessary braces and hardware:
 - 1) Impact Test: Meet or exceed performance requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001 Paragraph 4.2.4.1 for Heavy Type.
 - 2) Sag Test: Meet or exceed ANSI/AAMA 1102.7 Sag Test.

Submittals

4. Product Data
5. Shop Drawings: Include standard details showing recommendations for installation. Include size of fasteners, maximum dimensions from each end, center-to-center spacing on all four sides, minimum penetration of fasteners into loading material, and maximum clearance between frame and rough opening.
6. Samples: Submit full set of samples of finish colors for color selection.
 - a. For Supply and Deliver Only Contract: Submit one full size sample of each type of security window screen and screen door with specified finish for acceptance.
7. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturers written certification that security window screens and door screens meet or exceed ANSI/SMA 6001 and other specified requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
8. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and maintenance data.
 - b. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

9. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Egress Requirements: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
 - b. Provide emergency egress, single point locking release, and bit key lock fire entry from exterior as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - c. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4152-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (28 CFR Part 35).
10. Certifications: Comply with ANSI Z34.2.
11. Mock-ups: For Supply and Install Contract: Install one full size mock-up of each type of security window screen and screen door with specified finish for acceptance.
 - a. Locations: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-ups: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-ups: May remain part of completed project.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

12. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
 - a. Screens: Label attached signifying compliance with ANSI/SMA 6001 performance requirements.
13. Acceptance at Site: Inspect screens upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
14. Storage and Protection: Store screens in manner to protect from weather and other damage.

Project Conditions

15. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for screens before start of fabrication.

Scheduling And Sequencing

16. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

Warranty

17. Special Warranty: Provide one year written covering materials and installation for security window screens and screen doors.
 - a. Warranty: Include coverage of inserts, hardware, and latches.
 - 1) Screening not included.
 - 2) Defects resulting from vandalism not included.
 - b. For Supply and Delivery Only Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to Owner, free of charge, any required replacement parts that can be readily installed by Owner without special tools.
 - 2) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver free of charge, complete replacement security window screen or screen door, when defective part or parts cannot be installed without use of special tools.
 - c. For Supply and Install Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and install, free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement screen.

PRODUCTS

Security Window Screens And Screen Doors

18. General: Manufactured of commercially accepted materials, free from blemishes, dents, and scratches or any other defects, which are visible when viewed at distance of 1 800 mm (6 ft), or which might otherwise affect their serviceability or appearance.

- a. Screens: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled with necessary hardware, anchors, and equipment.
- b. Screens: Label attached signifying compliance with ANSI/SMA 6001 requirements.
19. Framing and Cross Brace Members: Made of material which will provide sufficient strength to meet performance requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001, Types as specified or scheduled.
 - a. Thickness: Thickness necessary to provide durability and meet performance requirements.
 - b. Material: Steel or aluminum as specified or scheduled complying with applicable Federal Specification or ASTM tests and specifications for chemical, physical or mechanical properties.
 - c. Light Type: Mechanical comers acceptable.
 - d. Medium and Heavy Type: Provide continuously face welded corner joints.
20. Screening: ANSI/SMA 6001 Section 4.3.1, type 304 stainless steel (carbon steel not allowed), Types as specified and scheduled.
 - a. Light Type: Minimum 16 by 16 mesh, 0.46 mm (0.018 inch) diameter.
 - b. Medium Type: Minimum 12 by 12 mesh, 0.58 mm (0.023 inch) diameter.
 - c. Heavy Type: Minimum 12 by 12 mesh, 0.71 mm (0.028 inch) diameter with tensile (high tensile) strength of 1.43 kg per lineal mm width (800 pounds per linear inch width).
 - d. Certification: Provide certificate of compliance with specified requirements.
 - e. Assembly: Assembled in secure manner to perform as specified to assure neat construction.
 - 1) Welding or Brazing Flux: Completely removed immediately upon completion of welding or brazing operation.
 - f. Window Screens: Include warning label indicating that screen will not stop child from falling out of window in accordance with SMA 7001.
21. Operable Screens: Frame, or frame and subframe assembly, as required, scribe angles (where required), hinged main frame as required, screening, egress locking system from interior, and concealed hinges.
 - a. Screening: Type as specified or scheduled.
 - b. Main and Subframes: Steel or extruded aluminum as specified or scheduled and shall conceal locking mechanism from exterior, Type as specified or scheduled.
 - 1) Aluminum: ANSI/SMA 1004, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Operable Screens: May be mounted with vertically or horizontally positioned hinge as indicated.
 - d. Operating Hardware: Releasable from interior but properly guarded to prevent access from exterior when window is open.
22. Fixed Screens:
 - a. Fixed Frame: Steel or extruded aluminum as specified or scheduled.
 - b. Screening: Type as specified or scheduled.
23. Storm Door Screen Inserts: Main frame for application to existing storm door.
 - a. Frames: Steel or extruded aluminum as specified or scheduled.
 - b. Screening: ANSI/SMA 6001 Heavy Type.
24. Security Screen Doors: Fully assembled pre-hung doors with Z-bar frame, sill expanders with necessary hardware.
 - a. Doors Frames: Steel or extruded aluminum as specified or scheduled, ANSI/SMA 6001 Heavy Type.
 - b. Screening: ANSI/SMA 6001 Heavy Type.

Aluminum Security Screen Doors

25. Aluminum Screen Doors: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled manufactured and provided with prehung aluminum frame line (Z-bar) to fit entrance door apertures requiring frame sizes of 762 mm (30 inches) to 940 mm (37 inches) in width and 2 007 mm (79 inches) to 2 134 mm (84 inches) in height.
 - a. Doors: Sized to fit existing openings.
26. Materials:
 - a. Master Frame and Mullions: ANSI/SMA 3001, extruded aluminum and minimum 151 kPa (22,000 PSI) tensile strength.
 - b. Kick Plate: Embossed or Corrugated Aluminum: Minimum 1.27 mm (0.50 inch) embossed or corrugated thickness, fabricated of minimum 1.02 mm (0.040 inch) thick material.

- c. Screening: Secure by use of aluminum spline integrally mounted and secured with fasteners.
- 27. Bottom of Door: Provide bottom expander door sweep of non-hardening rubber or extruded vinyl plastic, adjustable to 15.8 mm (5/8 inch).
 - a. Bottom Expander: Minimum 1.4 mm (0.055 inch) wall thickness.
- 28. Door Master Frame Construction: Mitered joint construction and joined at corners by welding or mechanical joints.
 - a. Frame Members: Minimum 60 mm (2-3/8 inch) width across flat surface and minimum 31 mm (1-1/4 inch) thickness.
 - b. Wall Thickness: Minimum 1.57 mm (0.062 inch).
 - c. Mitered Comer Joint Construction: inert gas tungsten arc or heliarc welding to provide screen doors to comply with performance requirements.
 - 1) Weld: Penetrate on both exterior and interior sides of joint.
 - 2) Dress weld beads and flat surfaces (edge surfaces not included) to smooth flush surface within satin finish.
 - 3) Minimum Width of Weld: 9.5 mm (3/8 inch) prior to dressing.
 - 4) Minimum Penetration of Weld Build-up: Minimum of 2.4 mm (3/32 inch).
 - d. Mechanical Comer Joints: Screw boss or gusset construction using screw fasteners standard to manufacturer to provide screen doors to comply with performance requirements.
 - e. Master Frame Dimensions: Manufacturing tolerance of plus/minus 4.8 mm (1/8 inch).
 - f. Extrusion Tolerances: In accordance with Aluminum Extruded Products Division of Aluminum Association standards.
- 29. Mullion Bars: Hollow extruded shape designed to permit being used as kick panel mullion or as upper mullion.
 - a. Mullion Bars: Minimum 50 mm (2 inch) width across flat surface and minimum 31 mm (1-1/4 inch) thickness.
 - b. Wall Thickness: Minimum 1.57 mm (0.062 inch).
 - c. Mullions: Accurately machined to fit frame and joined to side stiles by inert gas tungsten arc or heliarc welding or by mechanical clip designed for compatibility.
 - d. Dress weld beads down to make smooth flush surface.
 - e. Provide main frame and mullion bar with 4.8 mm (3/16 inch) deep grooves to accommodate kick plate.
 - f. Utilize weather resisting cement utilized to provide maximum strength and rigidity.
- 30. Head and Side Z-bars: Designed to receive weatherstripping.
 - a. Z-bars: Prepunched installation holes and hinges attached with machine screws.
 - b. Head Section: Formed to function as drip cap.
 - c. Frame Liner: Z-bar of extruded aluminum, minimum 1.57 mm (0.062 inch) wall thickness.
 - d. Weatherstripping: Wool pile or vinyl.
- 31. Each Door: Three hinges attached to pre-punched Z-bar.
 - a. Hinges: Full or 1/2 surface hinges, with three bronze oilite bushings per hinge.

Steel Security Screen Doors

- 32. Steel Screen Doors: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled manufactured of steel and provided with pre-hung aluminum frame liner (Z-bar) to fit entrance door apertures requiring frame sizes of 762 mm (30 inches) to 940 mm (37 inches) in width and 2 007 mm (79 inches) to 2 134 mm (84 inches) in height.
- 33. Materials:
 - a. Master Frame: Not be less than 22 gage (0.85 mm) roll formed steel, or 16 gage (1.6 mm) tubular steel as applicable to hem specified.
 - b. Kick Plate: At least 18 gage (1.3 mm) embossed galvanized panel for roll formed frame or 16 gage (1.6 mm) flat galvanized steel sheet for tubular steel frame.
 - c. Screen Insert:
 - 1) Screening: Secured with fasteners.
 - 2) Screen Frame: Roll formed or tubular lock seam type formed from not less than 25 gage (0.53 mm) hot dipped galvanized steel or extruded aluminum.
 - d. Door Sweep Spline: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or equal material

- e. Frame Liner (Z-bar): Extruded aluminum, 6063 J5.
- f. Weatherstripping: Wool pile, or vinyl.
- 34. Construction:
 - a. Master Frame: Roll Formed tubular lock-seam construction formed from 22 gage (0.85 mm) hot dipped galvanized steel.
 - 1) Comers: Either mitered or butt-jointed and rigidly fastened together by brazing or welding. Insert steel gussets at comers of mitered or butt-jointed screen doors when edge brazing is used.
 - 2) Welded tubular galvanized steel of 16 gage (1.6 mm) wall thickness is not required to use comer blocks or gussets.
 - b. Transom Rail (mullion): Accurately machined or fit frame and rigidly welded to side of stiles.
 - 1) Kick Plate: Rigidly retained in place by steel or aluminum spline, or form fitted.
 - c. Adjustable Expander Installed at bottom of each screen door to receive vinyl sweep.
 - 1) Adjustment Limit: At least 7.9 mm (5/16 inch).
 - 2) Vinyl Door Sweep: Installed in entire length of expander.
 - d. Frame Liner (Z-bar): Track to receive weather stripping and necessary installation holes.
 - 1) Head Section of Frame Liner Formed to function as drip cap.
- 35. Dimensions:
 - a. Widths across Master Frames:
 - 1) For Roll Form Door: Minimum 70 mm (2-3/4 inches).
 - 2) For Tubular Doors: Minimum 51 mm (2 inches) with 23.7 mm (15/16 inch) minimum thickness.
 - b. Mullion Bar: Following minimum widths across:
 - 1) Roll Form Door: 48 mm (1-7/8 inches).
 - 2) Tubular Door: 23.7 mm (15/16 inch). Frame Liner: Not less than 27 mm (1-1/16 inch) return offset on outside face for side flange width for bearing against door buck. Wall Thickness of Frame Liner: Minimum 1.57 mm (0.062 inch). Screen Door: Supported adequate reinforcing ribs.
 - c. Master Frame Dimensions: Manufacturing tolerance of plus or minus 4.8 mm (1/8 inch).
- 36. Hinges: Install one of following hinge types on each frame liner and screen door:
 - a. At least four concealed 304 stainless steel hinges on bronze oilite bearings, each minimum 75 mm (3 inches) long.
 - b. At least three surface-mounted (H) type galvanized steel hinges.

Accessories

- 37. Hardware: Designed to afford ease of operation, perform functions for which it is intended, and securely attached to screen.
 - a. Materials: Stainless steel, aluminum, or made corrosion resistant by plating.
 - 1) Material: Compatible with frame material.
 - 2) Stainless Steel: Alloys of 302, and 304.
 - 3) Aluminum: Extrusions from commercially produced 6063-T5 alloy.
 - 4) Cadmium or Zinc Plated Steel: ASTM B 633 or ASTM B 766.
 - 5) Plastic parts not allowed.
 - b. Fasteners: Stainless, cadmium plated, or zinc-plated steel screws, nuts, washers, bolts, and other miscellaneous fastening devices and hardware.
 - c. Hinges: Concealed from exterior, with compression guards, and of sufficient strength to comply with performance requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001.
 - d. Locking System: Non-corrosive materials permitting emergency egress and of sufficient strength to comply with performance requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001.
 - 1) Provide single point release as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - 2) Provide bit key lock fire entry from exterior if required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - 3) Locking Hardware: Remain completely concealed from exterior viewing and tampering with lock bolts positively locked when in thrown position, so that they cannot be operated from direct pressure on bolts.

38. Security Screen Door Hardware: Include latch with exterior handle, interior locking mechanism with anti-lockout feature, adjustable heavy duty door closer, necessary screws, and hurricane chain with spring.
39. Window Screens: Include warning label that screen will not stop child from falling out of window in accordance with SMA 7001.
40. Anchors: Non-magnetic stainless steel or other non-corrosive material compatible with screen.
 - a. Anchors Exposed when Screen is Closed and Locked: Non-removable security type.

Finishes

41. Screens: Factory applied baked on enamel or polyester powder coat finish.
 - a. Exposed Surfaces: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - b. Dress and finish exposed welded joints.
 - c. Color: As selected from manufacturers standard colors.

Source Quality Control

42. Testing: Performed by accredited independent testing laboratory.

EXECUTION

Examination

43. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - b. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
 - c. Verify that surfaces to receive security screens are clean.
 - d. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

Preparation

44. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
45. Existing Window Screens and Screen Doors: Remove existing window screens and screen doors and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
46. Preparation: Prepare openings and existing frames in accordance with ASTM E 737 for storm doors and storm windows.
 - a. Existing Window and Door Jambs: Prepare as necessary to provide for straight, plumb, level, tight and aesthetically appealing installation of new window screens and screen doors.
 - b. Preparatory Work: Include, but not limited to repair of jambs, filling holes and/or dents, removing peeling and scaling paint, etc.

Installation

47. General: Install in accordance with ASTM E 737 for storm doors and storm windows, manufacturers recommendations, Reference Standards, and approved Shop Drawings.
 - a. Window Screens and Screen Doors: Securely anchor in place to straight, plumb and level condition, without distortion.
 - b. Comply with applicable codes and regulations regarding egress requirements and fireman entry.
48. Dissimilar Materials: Isolate materials from incompatible materials as necessary to prevent deterioration.
 - a. Separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint, suitable sealant, nonabsorptive plastic or elastomeric tape, or gasket between surfaces.
 - b. Coat aluminum in direct contact with concrete, masonry, steel, or other non-compatible materials with bituminous paint, zinc chromate primer, or other suitable insulating material.

Adjusting And Cleaning

49. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust, and lubricate hardware as required and leave window screens, screen doors, and hardware in proper operating condition.
50. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Clean window screens and screen doors after installation is completed to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Surfaces: Touch-up with rust inhibitor primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.

Protection

51. Installed Work: Protect window screens and screen doors from damage after installation.

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SECTION 08 34 53 00a - SECURITY GRILLES

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for security grilles. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

GENERAL

System Description

1. Performance Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Performance Tests: Conducted by accredited independent testing laboratory in accordance with specified requirements in this Section.
 - 1) Source Quality Control Performance Tests: Conducted in shop or laboratory by accredited independent laboratory.
 - 2) Field Quality Performance Tests: Conducted in field.
 - b. Test Grilles: Completely assembled grille, including hardware, mounted vertically in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 1) Test Grille Size: 914 mm (36 inches) wide by 1 219 mm (48 inches) high.
2. Bar Type Security Grilles:
 - a. Impact Test: Test Grille: Withstand impact force of 111 N (25 foot-pounds) with no breaking of welds or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
 - b. Bar Separation Test: Test Grille: Withstand bar separation test force of 227 kg (500 pounds) with no breaking of welds or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
 - c. Sag Test: If grille is equipped with side (jamb) hinges, Test Grille in Fully Extended Position: Withstand sag load of 34 kg (75 pounds) with permanent set after load removal not exceeding 1.6 mm (0.063 inch).
 - d. Forced Entry Resistance Test: If grille is equipped with side (jamb) hinges, test in closed position. Grille shall withstand forced entry loads and shall not be rendered openable throughout test.
3. Window Type Security Grilles:
 - a. Operating Force: Operating Panels: Operate with force exceeding 16 kg (35 pounds) after panel is in motion.
 - b. Impact Test: Test Grille: Withstand impact force of 111 N (25 foot-pounds). Sheet of double strength glass placed 76 mm (3 inches) behind grille material shall remain uncracked or unbroken after impact. No damage occurs that would allow entry through grille.
 - c. Forced Entry Resistance Test: If grille is operable, test grille in closed position. Grille shall withstand forced entry loads and shall not be rendered openable throughout test.
4. Child Guard Security Grilles:
 - a. Impact Test: Test Grille: Withstand impact force of 67 N (15 foot- pounds) with no weld or fastener breakage or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
 - b. Bar Separation Test: Withstand bar separation test force of 23 kg (50 pounds) with no weld or fastener breakage or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
5. Security Guard Security Grilles:
 - a. Impact Test: Test Grille in Fully Extended Position: Withstand impact force of 111 N (25 foot-pounds) with no weld or fastener breakage or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
 - b. Bar Separation Test: Withstand bar separation test force of 23 kg (50 pounds) with no breaking of welds or bar separation exceeding 127 mm (5 inches).
 - c. Sag Test: If grille is operable and equipped with side (jamb) hinges, test grille in fully extended position. Grille shall withstand sag load of 34 kg (75 pounds) with permanent set after load removal not exceeding 1.6 mm (0.063 inch).
 - d. Forced Entry Resistance Test: If grille is operable, test grille in closed position. Grille shall withstand forced entry loads and shall not be rendered openable throughout test.

Submittals

6. Product Data:
7. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Include standard details showing recommendations for installation.
 - b. Include size of fasteners, maximum spacing from each end, center-to-center spacing on all four sides, minimum penetration of fasteners into load-bearing material and maximum clearance between frame and rough opening.
8. Samples: Submit full set of finish color samples for color selection.
9. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Test Reports: Results of testing by accredited independent laboratory demonstrating compliance of security grilles with specified performance requirements.
 - b. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that security grilles meet or exceed specified performance requirements.
10. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

11. Certifications: Comply with ANSI Z34.2.
12. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Egress Requirements and Fireman Access: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
 - 1) Accessibility: Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4152-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (28 CFR Part 35).
13. Mock-ups: For Supply and Install Contract: Install one full size mock-up of each type of security grille with specified finish for acceptance.
 - a. Locations: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-ups: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-ups: May remain part of completed project.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

14. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
15. Acceptance at Site: Inspect security grilles upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
16. Storage and Protection: Store security grilles in manner to protect from weather and other damage.

Project Conditions

17. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for security grilles before start of fabrication.

Scheduling And Sequencing

18. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

Warranty

19. Special Warranty: Provide one year written covering materials and installation for security grilles.
 - a. Warranty: Include coverage of hardware.
 - b. Contractor: Agrees to supply and install, free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement security grille.

PRODUCTS

Security Grilles: KANE Screens, or approved equivalent.

- 20. General: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled with necessary hardware, anchors and equipment.
 - a. Egress Requirements and Fireman Access: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
- 21. Materials:
 - a. Aluminum: ASTM B 221 commercial quality and of proper alloy for grille construction, free from defects impairing strength and/or durability.
 - 1) Zinc Limit: 3.0 percent in order to assure that cladding is anodic to core.
 - 2) Aluminum Extrusions: Minimum ultimate tensile strength of 151 600 kPa (22,000 PSI) and maximum yield strength of 110 300 kPa (16,000 PSI).
 - b. Steel :
 - 1) Shapes, Plates and Bars: ASTM A 36 or ASTM A 569.
 - 2) Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53.

Accessories

- 22. Hardware: Designed to perform functions for which it is intended and securely attached to grille.
 - a. Operable Grilles: Equipped with locks capable of meeting specified forced-entry requirements.
 - b. Locks: Releasable from interior but properly guarded to prevent access from exterior when window is open.
- 23. Anchoring Devices Used in Erection of Grilles: Nonmagnetic stainless steel or other noncorrosive material compatible with grille.
 - a. Anchors Exposed when Grille is Closed and Locked: Non-removable security type.
- 24. Fasteners:
 - a. Screws, Nuts, Washers, Bolts, Rivets, and Other Miscellaneous Fastening Devices Incorporated in Grilles: Nonmagnetic stainless steel or other corrosion resistant materials compatible with security grille and of sufficient strength to perform functions for which they are used.
 - b. Fasteners Concealed when Grille is installed and Closed: Magnetic stainless steel having chromium content of not less than 16 percent.
 - c. Fasteners Concealed when Grille is installed and Open: ASTM B 766 cadmium plated steel, ASTM B 633 zinc plated steel, or ASTM B 456 nickel or chrome plated steel.

Fabrication

- 25. Security Grilles: Fabricated of aluminum or steel and assembled in secure and workmanlike manner to perform as specified and to assure neat construction.
 - a. Welding or Brazing Flux: Completely removed immediately upon completion of welding or brazing operation.
 - b. Grilles: Constructed to reject passage of 102 mm (4 inch) diameter sphere at every space and interval when installed.
 - c. Grille Swing Width for Side Mounting: Maximum of 900 mm (3 feet). For opening in excess of 900 mm (3 feet), provide combination of fixed and operable grilles.
 - d. Grilles: Meet or exceed specified performance requirements in this Section.
 - e. Grilles: Comply with applicable fire codes.
- 26. Bar Type Security Grilles: Constructed of rigid aluminum or steel bars and of construction to meet or exceed specified performance requirements in this Section.
 - a. Fixed and Operable Bar Type Security Grilles: May be jamb or side hinged for egress.
- 27. Window Type Security Grilles: Constructed of aluminum or steel frame with two movable vent frames.
 - a. Vent Frames: Glazed with vinyl coated expanded carbon steel, No. 9 - 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) diamond pattern or equal.
 - b. Grilles: Constructed in manner to meet or exceed specified performance requirements in this Section.
- 28. Child Guard Security Grilles: Constructed of aluminum or steel bar or tubes and constructed to adjust and mount to exterior track of existing double or single hung windows.
 - a. Grilles: Constructed in manner to meet or exceed specified performance requirements in this Section.
- 29. Security Guard Security Grilles: Constructed of aluminum or steel bars or tubes and constructed to adjust and mount to exterior of existing double or single hung window.

- a. Fixed and Operable Window Guard Security Grilles: May be jamb or side hinged, or top hinged, for egress.
- b. Grilles: Constructed in manner to meet or exceed specified performance requirements in this Section.

Finishes

30. Grilles: Factory applied baked on enamel painted finish.
 - a. Exposed Surfaces: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - b. Dress and finish exposed welded joints.
 - c. Steel: Rust resistive primer under baked on enamel.
 - d. Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard colors.

Source Quality Control

31. Testing: Performed by accredited independent testing laboratory. Use following HUD test procedures to determine if security grilles comply with specified performance requirements in this Section:
 32. Sag Test for Side Mounted Grilles: Mount test grille into rigid frame to prevent movement of grille frame during loading.
 - a. Fully Assembled Grille: Opened to 90 degrees or to its open stop.
 - b. Test Load: Applied vertically at point 760mm (30 inches) from face of frame on operating portion of grille.
 - c. Load: Maintained for period of 3 minutes.
 - d. After removal of load, measure permanent sag at point of load application.
 33. Impact Test: Mount test grille into rigid frame per manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. One Impact: Made at center of grille or point deemed most susceptible to impact by testing agency.
 - b. Application of Impact Load: Made using 275 mm (11 inch) diameter sphere on free-swinging pendulum.
 - c. Impact: Made at bottom of pendulum arc.
 - d. Impact for Window Type Grille: Made at center of interior sash.
 34. Bar Separation Test: Subject test grille to separation test at its weakest point of resistance.
 - a. Separation Load: Applied by means of pneumatic or hydraulic cylinder with adequate controls to apply load slowly to avoid quick impact.
 - b. Load: Maintained for period of 10 seconds before release.
 35. Forced Entry Resistance Test: Mount test grille into rigid frame to prevent movement of grille during test.
 - a. Test Loads: Applied at point within 150 mm (6 inches) of locking mechanism in direction tending to open grille.
 - b. Load A of 34 kg (75 pounds) and Load B of 68 kg (150 pounds): Applied simultaneously, held for 10 seconds and released.
 - c. Load A of 34 kg (75 pounds): Applied vertically upward.
 - d. Load B of 68 kg (150 pounds): Applied perpendicular to face of grille in opening direction.
 - e. Load C of 34 kg (75 pounds): Applied horizontally from load point toward jamb opposite load.

EXECUTION**Examination**

36. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - b. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
 - c. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

Preparation

37. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.

- a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
38. Existing Security Grilles: Remove existing grilles and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
39. Preparation: Prepare openings and existing frames as required to comply with Performance Requirements.

Installation

40. General: Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, Reference Standards, and approved Shop Drawings to comply with Performance Requirements.
- a. Security Grilles: Securely anchor in place to straight, plumb and level condition, without distortion.
 - b. Egress Requirements and Fireman Access: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
41. Dissimilar Materials: Isolate materials from incompatible materials as necessary to prevent deterioration.
- a. Separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint, suitable sealant, non-absorptive plastic or elastomeric tape, or gasket between surfaces.
 - 1) Coat aluminum in direct contact with concrete, masonry, steel, or other non-compatible materials with bituminous paint, zinc chromate primer, or other suitable insulating material.

Field Quality Control

42. Field Testing: Contractor shall have field testing of installed security grilles conducted by a testing agency in accordance with performance test described under Performance Requirements in this Section and Source Quality Control in this Section. Tests will be modified as required for field conditions.
- a. Contractor: Provide incidental labor facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.
 - b. Costs of Testing:
 - 1) By Contractor: Initial tests with failures and subsequent tests as required because of test failures. Costs shall include costs of Architect/Engineer and other consultants for observations of tests and corrective work.
 - c. Corrective Measures: Meet standards of quality of specified security grille and subject to acceptance of the Owner.

Adjusting And Cleaning

43. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust, and lubricate hardware as required and leave security grilles and hardware in proper operating condition.
44. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
- a. Clean security grilles after installation is completed to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Surfaces: Touch-up with rust inhibitor primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.

Protection

45. Installed Work: Protect security grilles from damage after installation.

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SECTION 08 34 56 00 - DETENTION DOORS AND FRAMES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for detention doors and frames. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Swinging detention doors.
 - b. Sliding detention doors.
 - c. Detention panels.
 - d. Detention frames.

C. Definitions

1. Minimum-Thickness Steel: Indicated as the specified minimum thicknesses for base metal without coatings, according to HMMA 803.
2. Nominal-Thickness Stainless Steel: Indicated as the specified thicknesses for which over- and under-thickness tolerances apply, according to ASTM A 480/A 480M.
3. Nominal Surface of Floor Covering: Top surface of floor; for resilient tile and carpet, nominal surface of floor covering is defined as top of concrete slab.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Detention Doors and Frame Assemblies: Provide detention doors and frames that comply with the following, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project:
 - a. Security Grade: Comply with Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, according to ASTM F 1450.
 - b. Bullet Resistance: Comply with Level 3 rating when tested according to UL 752.
 - 1) Listed and labeled, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, as bullet resisting.
 - c. Tool-Attack Resistance: Comply with small-tool-attack-resistance rating when tested according to UL 437 and UL 1034.
2. Detention Frames: Provide sidelight and borrowed-light detention frames that comply with ASTM F 1592 and removable stop test according to HMMA 863, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, label compliance, fire-resistance rating, and temperature-rise ratings, and finishes for each type of detention doors and frames specified.
2. Shop Drawings: In addition to requirements below, provide a schedule using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings:
 - a. Elevations of each door design.
 - b. Direction of swing **OR** slide, **as directed**.
 - c. Inmate and non-inmate sides.
 - d. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal edge details, and metal thicknesses.
 - e. Details of frames, including dimensioned profiles, and metal thicknesses.
 - f. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
 - g. Details of each different wall opening condition.
 - h. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
 - i. Details of food-pass openings, louvers, speaking apertures, and gun ports.

- j. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
 - k. Details of conduit, junction boxes, and preparations for electrified and pneumatic door hardware.
3. Samples:
- a. For each type of exposed finish required.
 - b. For the following items to demonstrate compliance with requirements for quality of materials and construction:
 - 1) Detention Doors: Show vertical-edge, top, and bottom construction; insulation; face stiffeners; and hinge and other applied hardware reinforcement. Include separate section showing glazing if applicable.
 - 2) Detention Frames: Show profile, welded corner joint, welded hinge reinforcement, grout-cover boxes, floor and wall anchors, and silencers. Include separate section showing fixed steel panels and glazing if applicable.
4. Coordination Drawings: Drawings of each detention door and frame, drawn to scale, on which connections and interface with electrified and pneumatic control systems are shown.
5. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.
6. Welding certificates.
7. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency for detention doors and frames. Indicate metal thickness of each component of tested assembly and describe construction methods.
8. Field quality-control reports documenting inspections of installed products.
- F. Quality Assurance
- 1. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - c. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
 - 2. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure **OR** as close to neutral pressure as possible, **as directed**, according to NFPA 252 **OR** IBC Standard 716.5 **OR** UL 10B **OR** UL 10C, **as directed**.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
 - b. Temperature-Rise Limit: Where indicated **OR** At vertical exit enclosures and exit passageways, **as directed**, provide doors that have a maximum transmitted temperature end point of not more than 450 deg F (250 deg C) above ambient after 30 minutes of standard fire-test exposure.
 - 3. Fire-Rated Detention Sidelight and Borrow-Light Frames: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257.
 - 4. Smoke-Control Detention Door Assemblies: Comply with NFPA 105.
- G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
- 1. Deliver detention doors and frames palleted, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
 - 2. Deliver detention frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
 - 3. Inspect units, on delivery, for damage. Minor damage may be repaired provided refinished items match new work and are approved by Architect; otherwise, remove and replace damaged items as directed.
 - 4. Store detention doors and frames under cover at building site. Place units in a vertical position with heads up, spaced by blocking, on minimum 4-inch- (102-mm-) high wood blocking. Avoid using nonvented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber.
 - a. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each stacked unit to permit air circulation.

H. Maintenance Tools

1. Tool Kit: Provide six sets of tools for use with security fasteners, each packaged in a compartmented kit configured for easy handling and storage.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
2. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B.
3. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
4. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304.
5. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
6. Concealed Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A unless otherwise indicated.
7. Masonry Anchors: Fabricated from same steel sheet as door face.
8. Embedded Anchors: Fabricated from mild steel shapes and plates, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.
9. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: With capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 4 times the load imposed, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - a. Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition (mild).
 - b. Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2 (ASTM F 738M and ASTM F 836M, Alloy Group 1 or 4) for bolts and nuts; ASTM A 276 or ASTM A 666, Type 304 or 316, for anchors.
 - c. Corrosion Protection: Components fabricated from nickel-copper-alloy rods complying with ASTM B 164 for UNS No. N04400 alloy.
10. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
11. Glazing: Comply with Division 08 Section "Security Glazing".
12. Grout: Comply with ASTM C 476, with a slump of not more than 4 inches (102 mm) as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
13. Insulation: Slag-wool-fiber/rock-wool-fiber or glass-fiber blanket insulation. ASTM C 665, Type I (unfaced); with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics. Minimum 1.5-lb/cu. ft. (24-kg/cu. m) density.
14. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

B. Detention Doors

1. General: Provide flush-design detention doors of seamless hollow construction, 2 inches (51 mm) thick unless otherwise indicated. Construct detention doors with smooth, flush surfaces without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges.
 - a. For single-acting swinging detention doors, bevel both vertical edges 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3 mm in 51 mm).
 - b. For sliding detention doors, square both vertical edges.
2. Core Construction: Provide the following core construction of same material as detention door face sheets, welded to both detention door faces:
 - a. Steel-Stiffened Core: 0.042-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick, steel vertical stiffeners extending full-door height, with vertical webs spaced not more than 4 inches (102 mm) apart, spot welded to face sheets a maximum of 3 inches (76 mm) o.c. Fill spaces between stiffeners with insulation.
 - b. Truss-Stiffened Core: 0.013-inch- (0.3-mm-) thick, steel, truncated triangular stiffeners extending between face sheets and for full height and width of door; with stiffeners welded to face sheets not more than 3 inches (76 mm) o.c. vertically and 2-3/4 inches (70 mm) horizontally. Fill spaces between stiffeners with insulation.

3. Vertical Edge Channels: 0.123-inch- (3.1-mm-) thick, continuous channel of same material as detention door face sheets, extending full-door height at each vertical edge; welded to top and bottom channels to create a fully welded perimeter channel. Noncontiguous channel is permitted to accommodate lock-edge hardware only if lock reinforcement is welded to and made integral with channel.
 4. Top and Bottom Channels: 0.123-inch- (3.1-mm-) thick metal channel of same material as detention door face sheets, spot welded, not more than 4 inches (102 mm) o.c., to face sheets.
 - a. Reinforce top edge of detention door with 0.053-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick closing channel, inverted and nesting in top channel; welded so channel web is flush with top door edges.
 5. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate reinforcing plates from same material as detention door face sheets to comply with the following minimum thicknesses:
 - a. Full-Mortise Hinges and Pivots: 0.187 inch (4.7 mm) thick.
 - b. Maximum-Security Surface Hinges: 0.250 inch (6.3 mm) thick.
 - c. Strike Reinforcements: 0.187 inch (4.7 mm) thick.
 - d. Slide-Device Hanger Attachments: As recommended by device manufacturer.
 - e. Lock Fronts, Concealed Holders, and Surface-Mounted Closers: 0.093 inch (2.3 mm) thick.
 - f. All Other Surface-Mounted Hardware: 0.093 inch (2.3 mm) thick.
 - g. Lock Pockets: 0.123 inch (3.1 mm) thick at non-inmate side, welded to face sheet.
 6. Hardware Enclosures: Provide enclosures and junction boxes for electrically operated detention door hardware of same material as detention door face sheets, interconnected with UL-approved, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter conduit and connectors.
 - a. Where indicated for installation of wiring, provide access plates to junction boxes, fabricated from same material and thickness as face sheet and fastened with at least 4 security fasteners spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
 7. Interior Detention Door Face Sheets: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheets **OR** metallic-coated steel sheets **OR** stainless-steel sheets, **as directed**.
 - a. Security Grade 1: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Security Grade 2: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Security Grade 3: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - d. Security Grade 4: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 8. Exterior Detention Door Face Sheets: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheets **OR** stainless-steel sheets, **as directed**.
 - a. Security Grade 1: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Security Grade 2: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Security Grade 3: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - d. Security Grade 4: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
- C. Detention Panels
1. Provide fixed detention panels of same materials, construction, and finish as specified for adjoining detention frame.
- D. Detention Frames
1. General: Provide fully welded detention frames with integral stops, of seamless construction without visible joints or seams. Fabricate detention frames with contact edges closed tight and corners mitered, reinforced, and continuously welded full depth and width of detention frame.
 2. Provide two temporary steel spreaders spot welded to bottom of jambs to act as bracing during shipping and storage. Remove prior to installation.

3. Stop Height: Provide minimum stop height of 0.625 inch (16 mm) **OR** 0.750 inch (19 mm), **as directed**, for detention door openings and minimum stop height of 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) in security glazing or detention panel openings unless otherwise indicated.
4. Interior Detention Frames: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheets **OR** metallic-coated steel sheets where indicated **OR** stainless-steel sheets for stainless-steel detention doors, **as directed**.
 - a. Security Grade 1: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Security Grade 2: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Security Grade 3: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - d. Security Grade 4: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
5. Exterior Detention Frames: Fabricated from metallic-coated steel sheets **OR** stainless-steel sheets for stainless-steel detention doors, **as directed**.
 - a. Security Grade 1: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Security Grade 2: 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Security Grade 3: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - d. Security Grade 4: 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) minimum-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) nominal-thickness stainless steel, **as directed**.
6. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate reinforcing plates from same material as detention frame to comply with the following minimum thicknesses:
 - a. Hinges and Pivots: 0.187 inch (4.7 mm) thick by 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide by 10 inches (254 mm) long.
 - b. Strikes, Flush Bolts, and Closers: 0.187 inch (4.7 mm) thick.
 - c. Surface-Mounted Hardware: 0.093 inch (2.3 mm) thick.
 - d. Lock Pockets: 0.123 inch (3.1 mm) thick at non-inmate side, welded to face sheet. Provide 0.123-inch- (3.1-mm-) thick, lock protection plate for attachment to lock pocket with security fasteners.
7. Hardware Enclosures: Provide enclosures and junction boxes for electrically operated detention door hardware, interconnected with UL-approved, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter conduit and connectors.
 - a. Where indicated for installation of wiring, provide access plates to junction boxes, fabricated from same material and thickness as face sheet and fastened with at least 4 security fasteners spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
8. Mullions and Transom Bars: Provide closed or tubular mullions and transom bars where indicated. Fasten mullions and transom bars at crossings and to jambs by butt welding. Reinforce joints between detention frame members with concealed clip angles or sleeves of same metal and thickness as detention frame.
9. Jamb Anchors: Weld jamb anchors to detention frames near hinges and directly opposite on strike jamb or as required to secure detention frames to adjacent construction.
 - a. Number of Anchors: Provide two anchors per jamb plus the following:
 - 1) Detention Door Frames: One additional anchor for each 18 inches (457 mm), or fraction thereof, above 54 inches (1372 mm) in height.
 - 2) Detention Frames with Security Glazing or Detention Panels: One additional anchor for each 18 inches (457 mm), or fraction thereof, above 36 inches (914 mm) in height.
 - b. Masonry Anchors: Adjustable, corrugated or perforated, strap-and-stirrup anchors to suit detention frame size; formed of same material and thickness as detention frame; with strap not less than 2 inches (51 mm) wide by 10 inches (254 mm) long.
 - c. Embedded Anchors: Provide detention frames with removable faces at jambs where embedded anchors are indicated. Anchors consist of three parts:
 - 1) Embedded Plates: Steel plates, 0.188 inch thick by 4 inches wide by 6 inches (4.7 mm thick by 102 mm wide by 152 mm) long. Continuously weld 2 steel bars, 1/2 inch (13 mm) in diameter and 10 inches (254 mm) long with 2-inch (51-mm) 90-

- degree turndown on ends, to the embedded end of each plate. Weld steel angles, 0.188 inch thick by 2 by 2 by 4 inches (4.7 mm thick by 51 by 51 by 102 mm) long, to the exposed end of each plate. Embed at locations to match frame angles.
- 2) Frame Angles: Steel angles, 0.188 inch thick by 2 by 2 by 4 inches (4.7 mm thick by 51 by 51 by 102 mm) long, welded to detention frames with 1-inch- (25-mm-) long welds at each end of angle.
 - 3) Connector Angles: Steel angles, of size required, to connect frame angles and embedded plates.
 - d. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: Minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter concealed bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide conduit spacer from detention frame to wall, welded to detention frame. Reinforce detention frames at anchor locations.
10. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor, formed of same material and thickness as detention frame, and as follows:
 - a. Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners, welded to bottom of jambs and mullions with at least four spot welds per anchor.
 - b. Separate Topping Concrete Slabs: Adjustable anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (51-mm) height adjustment, welded to jambs and mullions with at least 4 spot welds per anchor. Terminate bottom of detention frames at finish floor surface.
 11. Rubber Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped detention doors, drill stops in strike jambs to receive three silencers on single-detention-door frames and drill head jamb stop to receive two silencers on double-detention-door frames. Keep holes clear during construction.
 12. Grout Guards: Provide factory-installed grout guards of same material as detention frame, welded to detention frame at back of hardware cutouts, silencers, and glazing-stop screw preparations to close off interior of openings and prevent mortar or other materials from obstructing hardware operation or installation.

E. Moldings And Stops

1. Provide fixed moldings on inmate side of glazed openings and removable stops on non-inmate side.
 - a. Height: As required to provide minimum 1-inch (25-mm) glass engagement, but not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm).
 - b. Fixed Moldings: Formed from same material as detention door and frame face sheets, but not less than 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) thick, spot welded to face sheets a maximum of 5 inches (127 mm) o.c.
 - c. Removable Stops: Formed from 0.123-inch- (3.1-mm-) thick angle, of same material as detention door face sheets. Secure with button head security fasteners spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches (229 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**, o.c. and not more than 2 inches (51 mm) from each corner, and as necessary to satisfy performance requirements. Form corners with notched or mitered hairline joints.
2. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with type of glass or panel and type of installation indicated.

F. Accessories

1. Pass-Through Openings: Fabricate flush openings using 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) thick interior channels of same material as detention door faces, inverted to be flush with openings, welded to inside of both face sheets and with corners fully welded. Mount shutters on non-inmate side of detention doors. Reinforce for locks and food-pass hinges.
 - a. Inset Shutters: Fabricate from 2 steel plates, 0.123 inch (3.1 mm) thick, of same material as detention door face sheets, spot welded together and sized to inset inside opening and to prevent inmate tampering of lock and hinges.
 - b. Overlapping Shutters: For surface application on non-inmate side of door. Fabricate from a single steel plate, of same material as detention door face sheets, 0.187 inch (4.7 mm) thick, sized to overlap food-pass openings 1/2 inch (13 mm).
2. Detention Door Louvers: Fabricate flush louver openings using 0.093-inch- (2.3-mm-) thick, interior steel channels of same material as detention door faces, welded to inside of both detention door face sheets and with corners fully welded. Provide welded, inverted V- or Y-

shaped vanes allowing specified airflow, fabricated from same material as detention door face sheets, 0.093 inch (2.3 mm) thick, and spaced so no rigid flat instrument can pass through.

- a. Reinforcement: Reinforce louvers that exceed 18 inches (457 mm) in height at louver midpoint with 1/4-by-1-1/2-inch- (6.3-by-38-mm-) square, vertical rectangular steel bar or 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, vertical steel bar.
 - b. Airflow: Airflow and static-pressure loss **as directed**.
 - c. Exterior Detention Door Insect Screens: Fabricated from 12-by-12 (2.1-by-2.1-mm) mesh of 0.028-inch- (0.71-mm-) diameter, stainless-steel wire or from perforated metal of same material and thickness as detention door face sheet with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) diameter holes spaced 1 inch (25 mm) o.c.; where indicated.
3. Speaking Apertures: Consisting of a rectangular pattern of holes, minimum 1 inch high by 4 inches wide (25 mm high by 102 mm wide), with holes 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter. Locate holes in both face sheets directly across from each other and spaced not more than 1 inch (25 mm) o.c. vertically and horizontally. Provide 0.067-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick, pressed-steel baffles in interior of detention door between hole patterns to prevent passage of objects.
 4. Gun Ports: Fabricate units to comply with UL 752 and to resist same security level as detention doors in which they are installed.

G. Security Fasteners

1. Security Fasteners: Operable only by tools produced for use on specific type of fastener by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator.
2. Drive-System Type, Head Style, Material, and Protective Coating: Provide as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
 - a. Drive-System Types: Pinned Torx-Plus **OR** Pinned Torx, **as directed**.
 - b. Fastener Strength: Grade 8 (Class 10.9).
 - c. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - d. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - e. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
 - f. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
 - 1) Zinc and clear trivalent chromium, for exterior applications and interior applications where indicated.
 - 2) Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.

H. Fabrication

1. Fabricate detention doors and frames rigid, neat in appearance, and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal. Weld exposed joints continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
2. Tolerances: Fabricate detention doors and frames to comply with manufacturing tolerances indicated in HMMA 863.
3. Fabricate multiple-opening detention frames with mullions that have closed tubular shapes and with no visible seams or joints.
4. Exterior Detention Doors: Provide weep-hole openings in bottom of detention doors to permit entrapped moisture to escape. Seal joints in top edges of detention doors against water penetration.
5. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare detention doors and frames to receive mortised hardware, including cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping, according to final door hardware schedule and templates provided by detention door hardware supplier.
 - a. Reinforce detention doors and frames to receive surface-mounted door hardware. Drilling and tapping may be done at Project site.

- b. Locate door hardware as indicated or, if not indicated, according to HMMA 831.
 - 6. Factory cut openings in detention doors.
 - 7. Weld components to comply with referenced AWS standard. Weld before finishing components to greatest extent possible. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- I. General Finish Requirements
- 1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - 2. Finish detention doors and frames after assembly.
- J. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Finishes
- 1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing repair paint, complying with SPPC-Paint 20, to comply with ASTM A 780.
 - 2. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Apply shop primer specified below immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Apply a smooth coat of even consistency to provide a uniform dry film thickness of not less than 0.7 mils (0.02 mm).
 - a. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's or fabricator's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for zinc-coated steel; compatible with substrate and field-applied finish paint system indicated; and providing a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats despite prolonged exposure.
- K. Steel Sheet Finishes
- 1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 1, "Solvent Cleaning"; remove dirt, oil, grease, or other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning," or SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - 2. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Apply shop primer specified below immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Apply a smooth coat of even consistency to provide a uniform dry film thickness of not less than 0.7 mils (0.02 mm).
 - a. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's or fabricator's standard, fast-curing, corrosion-inhibiting, lead- and chromate-free, universal primer complying with ANSI A250.10 acceptance criteria; compatible with substrate and field-applied finish paint system indicated; and providing a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats despite prolonged exposure.
- L. Stainless-Steel Finishes
- 1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 - 2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory.
- 2. Prior to installation and with shipping spreaders removed, adjust detention frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumbness to the following tolerances:
 - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb and perpendicular to frame head.

- b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of face.
- c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of door rabbet.
- d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a perpendicular line from head to floor.

B. Installation

1. General: Install detention doors and frames plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place, complying with Drawings, schedules, and manufacturer's written recommendations.
2. Anchorage: Set detention frame anchorage devices according to details on Shop Drawings and per anchorage device manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Masonry Anchors: Coordinate installation of frames to allow for solidly filling space between frames and masonry with grout.
 - b. Embedded Anchors: Install embedded plates in wall surrounding frame openings to match frame angle locations.
 - c. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: Drill holes in existing construction at locations to match bolt locations and install bolt expansion shields or inserts.
3. Assemble detention frames fabricated in sections. Install angle splices at each corner, of same material and thickness as detention frame, and extend at least 4 inches (102 mm) on both sides of joint.
 - a. Field splice only at approved locations. Weld, grind, and finish as required to conceal evidence of splicing on exposed faces.
 - b. Continuously weld and finish smooth joints between faces of abutted, multiple-opening, detention frame members.
 - c. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - 1) Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2) Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3) Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4) At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
4. Apply bituminous coating to backs of frames prior to filling with grout.
5. Placing Detention Frames: Install detention frames of sizes and profiles indicated. Set detention frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces and spreaders, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - a. Embedded Anchors: Remove jamb faces from detention frames and set detention frames into opening. Weld steel connector angle to frame angle and to embedded plate with 1-inch- (25-mm-) long welds at each end of connector angle to form a rigid frame assembly solidly anchored. Reinstall jamb faces using security fasteners.
 - b. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: Install bolt. After bolt is tightened, weld bolt head to provide nonremovable condition. Grind, dress, and finish smooth welded bolt head.
 - c. At fire-rated openings, install detention frames according to NFPA 80.
 - d. Install detention frames with removable stops located on non-inmate side of opening.
6. Grout: Fully grout detention frame jambs and heads. Completely fill space between frames and adjacent substrates. Hand trowel grout and take other precautions, including bracing detention frames, to ensure that frames are not deformed or damaged by grout forces.
7. Swinging Detention Doors: Fit non-fire-rated detention doors accurately in their frames, with the following clearances:
 - a. Between Doors and Frames at Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
 - b. Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
 - c. At Door Sills with Threshold: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
 - d. At Door Sills without Threshold: 3/4 inch (19.1 mm).
 - e. Between Door Bottom and Nominal Surface of Floor Covering: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
8. Sliding Detention Doors: Fit sliding detention doors in their frames according to manufacturer's written instructions and as required to allow doors to slide without binding.

9. Fire-Rated Detention Doors: Install with clearances as specified in NFPA 80.
10. Smoke-Control Detention Doors: Install according to NFPA 105.
11. Installation Tolerances: Comply with installation tolerances indicated in HMMA 863.
12. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing", unless otherwise indicated.

C. Field Quality Control

1. Inspect installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
2. Remove and replace detention work where inspections indicate that work does not comply with specified requirements.
3. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
4. Prepare field quality-control certification that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.
5. Select one detention door at random from detention doors delivered to Project and have it cut in half or otherwise taken apart for verification that construction complies with requirements.
6. Test Method: Verify weld strength by prying or chiseling door apart at edge seams, end channels, or stiffeners. Not more than five percent of welds may fail test.
 - a. If tested door fails, replace or rework all detention doors to bring them into compliance at Contractor's expense.
 - b. If tested door passes, replace tested door at Contractor's expense.

D. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work, including detention doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
2. Clean grout and other bonding material off detention doors and frames immediately after installation.
3. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.
 - a. After finishing smooth field welds, apply air-drying primer.
4. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.
5. Stainless-Steel Surfaces: Clean surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 08 34 56 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 34 56 00	08 34 53 00	Security Window Screens and Doors
08 34 56 00	08 34 53 00a	Security Grilles
08 34 73 13	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 34 73 13	08 16 13 00	Steel Entry Doors
08 34 73 13	08 12 13 13	Stainless Steel Doors And Frames

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SECTION 08 34 73 16 - SOUND CONTROL DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for sound-control door assemblies. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Steel sound-control doors.
 - b. Wood sound-control doors.
 - c. Steel frames and sound-control seals.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include sound ratings, construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, fire-resistance rating, temperature-rise ratings, and finishes.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood doors comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body, **as directed**.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For adhesives and composite wood products, indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
 - a. Elevations of each door design.
 - b. Details of sound-control seals, door bottoms, and thresholds.
 - c. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal edge details and metal thicknesses.
 - d. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
 - e. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
 - f. Details of each different wall opening condition.
 - g. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
 - h. Details of accessories.
 - i. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
 - j. Details of conduit and preparations for power, signal, and control systems.
4. Samples:
 - a. Finishes: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of not less than 3 by 5 inches (75 by 125 mm).
 - b. Doors: Include section of vertical-edge, top, and bottom construction; automatic door bottom or gasket; core construction; glazing; and hinge and other applied hardware reinforcement.
 - c. Frames: Include profile, corner joint, floor and wall anchors, and seals. Include separate section showing fixed sound panels if applicable.
5. Schedule: Provide a schedule of sound-control door assemblies prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with the Door Hardware Schedule.
6. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer, manufacturer, and acoustical testing agency.
7. Product Certificates: For each type of sound-control door assembly, from manufacturer.
8. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of sound-control door assembly.
9. Field quality-control reports.
10. Maintenance Data: For sound-control door assemblies to include in maintenance manuals.
11. Warranty: Samples of special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. **Manufacturer Qualifications:** A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. **Installer Qualifications:** Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
3. **Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications:** An independent agency accredited as an acoustical laboratory according to the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program of NIST.
4. **Source Limitations:** Obtain sound-control door assemblies, including doors, frames, sound-control seals, hinges (when integral for sound control), thresholds, and other items essential for sound control, from single source from single manufacturer.
5. **Sound Rating:** Provide sound-control door assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested as sound-retardant units by an acoustical testing agency, and have the following minimum rating:
 - a. **STC Rating:** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in the Door Schedule, **as directed**, as determined by ASTM E 413 when tested in an operable condition according to ASTM E 90 and ASTM E 1408.
6. **Forest Certification:** Provide doors made with cores **OR** veneers **OR** not less than 70 percent of wood products **OR** all wood products, **as directed**, obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
7. **Fire-Rated Door Assemblies:** Assemblies listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
 - a. **Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies:** For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
8. **Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies:** Where indicated **OR** At corridors, smoke barriers, and smoke partitions, **as directed**, provide assemblies tested according to UL 1784.
 - a. **Air-Leakage Rate:** Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m/m x sq. m) at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
9. **Preinstallation Conference:** Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver doors and frames palletized, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
 - a. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to finish of factory-finished wood doors.
2. **Shipping Spreaders:** Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded or mechanically attached to jambs and mullions.
3. Store doors and frames under cover at Project site. Place units in a vertical position with heads up, spaced by blocking, on minimum 4-inch- (100-mm-) high, wood blocking. Avoid using nonvented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber.
 - a. If wrappers on doors become wet, remove cartons immediately. Provide a minimum of 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

F. Project Conditions

1. **Environmental Limitations:** Do not deliver or install wood sound-control wood doors until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
2. **Field Measurements:** Verify actual dimensions of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

G. Coordination

1. Coordinate installation of anchorages for sound-control door assemblies. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

H. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of sound-control door assemblies that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure to meet sound rating requirements.
 - 2) Faulty operation of sound seals.
 - 3) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal use or weathering.
 - 4) Wood doors that are warped (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in a 42-by-84-inch (1067-by-2134-mm) section, or show telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch (0.25 mm in a 75-mm) span.
 - b. Warranty Period for Steel Doors: Five years from date of Final Completion.
 - c. Warranty Period for Wood Doors: Two years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Steel Sound-Control Doors

1. Description: Provide flush-design sound-control doors, 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) thick, of seamless construction; with manufacturer's standard sound-retardant core as required to provide STC **OR** STC and fire, **as directed**, rating indicated. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges. Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 865.
 - a. Exterior Doors: Fabricate from metallic-coated steel sheet 0.052-inch (1.32-mm) nominal thickness, or thicker as required to provide STC rating indicated.
 - b. Interior Doors: Fabricate from cold-rolled steel sheet unless otherwise indicated, 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal thickness, or thicker as required to achieve STC rating indicated.
 - c. Loose Stops for Glazed Lites in Doors: Same material as face sheets.
 - d. Top and Bottom Channels: Closed with continuous channels of same material as face sheets, spot welded to face sheets not more than 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
 - e. Hardware Reinforcement: Same material as face sheets.
2. Materials:
 - a. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, suitable for exposed applications.
 - b. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
 - c. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A40 (ZF120) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
 - d. Glazing: As required by sound-control door assembly manufacturer to comply with sound-control **OR** sound-control and fire-rated-door labeling, **as directed**, requirements.
3. Finishes:
 - a. Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - 1) Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.
 - b. Factory-Applied Paint Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer and finish coats, complying with ANSI/SDI A250.3 for performance and acceptance criteria.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

B. Wood Sound-Control Doors

1. Description: Provide flush-design sound-control doors, 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) thick; with manufacturer's standard sound-retardant core as required to provide STC **OR** STC and fire, **as directed**, rating indicated. Fabricate according to WDMA 1.S.1-A.

2. Materials: Comply with Division 08 Section(s) "Flush Wood Doors" OR "Stile And Rail Wood Doors", **as directed**, for grade, faces, veneer matching, fabrication, finishing, and other requirements unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Glazing: As required by sound-control door assembly manufacturer to comply with sound-control **OR** sound-control and fire-rated-door labeling, **as directed**, requirements.
 3. Finishes:
 - a. Factory finish sound-control wood doors to match doors specified in Division 08 Section(s) "Flush Wood Doors" OR "Stile And Rail Wood Doors", **as directed**.
- C. Sound-Control Panels
1. Provide sound-control panels of same materials, construction, sound rating, and finish as specified for adjoining sound-control steel **OR** wood, **as directed**, doors.
- D. Sound-Control Frames
1. Description: Fabricate sound-control door frames with corners mitered, reinforced, and continuously welded full depth and width of frame. Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 865.
 - a. Weld frames according to NAAMM-HMMA 820.
 - b. Exterior Frames: Fabricate from metallic-coated steel sheet 0.079-inch (2.01-mm) nominal thickness, or thicker as required to provide STC rating indicated.
 - c. Interior Frames: Fabricate from cold-rolled steel sheet unless otherwise indicated, 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal thickness, or thicker as required to provide STC rating indicated.
 - d. Sound-Control Panel Stops: Formed integral with frames, a minimum of 5/8 inch (16 mm) high, unless otherwise indicated.
 - e. Hardware Reinforcement: Fabricate according to ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 865 of same material as face sheets.
 - f. Head Reinforcement: Reinforce frames with metallic-coated steel channel or angle stiffener, 0.108-inch (2.74-mm) nominal thickness, welded to head.
 - g. Jamb Anchors:
 - 1) Masonry Type: Adjustable strap-and-stirrup or T-shaped anchors to suit frame size, not less than 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel with corrugated or perforated straps not less than 2 inches (50 mm) wide by 10 inches (250 mm) long; or wire anchors not less than 0.156 inch (4.0 mm) thick.
 - 2) Stud-Wall Type: Designed to engage stud, welded to back of frames; not less than 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal thickness uncoated steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3) Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, metallic-coated steel bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.
 - h. Floor Anchors: Not less than 0.079-inch (2.01-mm) nominal thickness metallic-coated steel, and as follows:
 - 1) Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.
 - 2) Separate Topping Concrete Slabs: Adjustable-type anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (50-mm) height adjustment. Terminate bottom of frames at finish floor surface.
 - i. Ceiling Struts: Minimum 3/8-inch-thick by 2-inch- (9.5-mm-thick by 50-mm-) wide uncoated steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - j. Plaster Guards: Metallic-coated steel sheet, not less than 0.026 inch (0.6 mm) thick.
 2. Materials:
 - a. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, suitable for exposed applications.
 - b. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
 - c. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A40 (ZF120) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.

- d. Supports and Anchors: After fabricating, galvanize units to be built into exterior walls according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.
 - e. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Provide items to be built into exterior walls, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
 - f. Powder-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching sound-control door frames of type indicated.
 - g. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: Insulation composed of rock-wool fibers, slag-wool fibers, or glass fibers.
3. Finishes:
- a. Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - 1) Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.
 - b. Factory-Applied Paint Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer and finish coats, complying with ANSI/SDI A250.3 for performance and acceptance criteria.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- E. Sound-Control Hardware
- 1. Description: Provide manufacturer's standard sound-control system, including head and jamb seals, door bottoms, cam-lift hinges, and thresholds, as required by testing to achieve STC **OR** STC and fire, **as directed**, rating indicated.
 - a. Compression Seals: One-piece units; consisting of closed-cell sponge neoprene seal held in place by metal retainer; with retainer cover of same material as door frame; attached to door frame with concealed screws.
OR
 Magnetic Seals: One-piece units; consisting of closed-cell sponge neoprene seal and resiliently mounted magnet held in place by metal retainer; with retainer cover of same material as door frame; attached to door frame with concealed screws.
 - b. Automatic Door Bottoms: Neoprene or silicone gasket, held in place by metal housing, that automatically drops to form seal when door is closed; mounted to bottom edge of door with screws.
 - 1) Mounting: Mortised or semimortised into bottom of door or surface mounted on face of door as required by testing to achieve STC rating indicated.
OR
 Door Bottoms: Neoprene or silicone gasket held in place by metal housing; mortised into bottom edge of door.
 - c. Cam-Lift Hinges: Full-mortise template type that raises door 1/2 inch (13 mm) when door is fully open; with hardened pin; fabricated from stainless steel.
 - d. Thresholds: Flat, smooth, unfluted type as recommended by manufacturer; fabricated from aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** solid wood matching wood door faces, **as directed**.
 - 1) Finish: Clear **OR** Color, **as directed**, anodic finish.
 - 2) Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 - 2. Other Hardware: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
- F. Sound-Control Accessories
- 1. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing"
 - 2. Grout: Comply with ASTM C 476, with a slump of not more than 4 inches (102 mm) as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
 - 3. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

G. Fabrication

1. Sound-Control Steel Door Fabrication: Sound-control doors to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal.
 - a. Seamless Edge Construction: Fabricate doors with faces joined at vertical edges by welding; welds shall be ground, filled, and dressed to make them invisible and to provide a smooth, flush surface.
 - b. Exterior Doors: Close top edges flush and seal joints against water penetration. Provide weep-hole openings in bottom of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape.
 - c. Glazed Lites: Factory install glazed lites according to requirements of tested assembly to achieve STC rating indicated. Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of door.
 - d. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare sound-control doors to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping, according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in "Door Hardware".
 - 1) Reinforce doors to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
 - 2) Locate door hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to NAAMM-HMMA 831, "Recommended Hardware Locations for Custom Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."
 - e. Tolerances: Fabricate doors to tolerances indicated in ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 865.
2. Sound-Control Wood Door Fabrication: Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with uniform clearances and bevels according to referenced quality standard, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with final door hardware schedules and hardware templates.
 - a. Comply with clearance requirements in NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
 - b. Locate door hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
 - 1) Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in steel frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
3. Sound-Control Frame Fabrication: Fabricate sound-control frames to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for thickness of metal. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
 - a. Weld flush face joints continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible. Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated from same thickness metal as frames.
 - b. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottom of jambs and mullions with at least four spot welds per anchor.
 - d. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
 - 1) Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) in height.
 - b) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) in height.
 - c) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) in height.
 - d) Four anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof more than 96 inches (2438 mm) in height.
 - 2) Stud Wall Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a) Three anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) in height.
 - b) Four anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) in height.
 - c) Five anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) in height.
 - d) Five anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof more than 96 inches (2438 mm) in height.

- e) Two anchors per head for frames more than 42 inches (1066 mm) wide and mounted in metal stud partitions.
- 3) Postinstalled Expansion Type: Locate anchors not more than 6 inches (152 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 26 inches (660 mm) o.c.
- e. Head Reinforcement: For frames more than 48 inches (1219 mm) wide, provide continuous head reinforcement for full width of opening, welded to back of frame at head.
- f. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare sound-control frames to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping, according to the Door Hardware Schedule and templates furnished as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
 - 1) Reinforce frames to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.
 - 2) Locate hardware as indicated, or if not indicated, according to NAAMM-HMMA 831, "Recommended Hardware Locations for Custom Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."
- g. Plaster Guards: Weld guards to frame at back of hardware cutouts and glazing-stop screw and sound-control seal preparations to close off interior of openings in frames to be grouted.
- h. Tolerances: Fabricate frames to tolerances indicated in ANSI/NAAMM-HMMA 865.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of sound-control door assemblies.
2. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations of sound-control door frame connections before frame installation.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
2. Prior to installation and with installation spreaders in place, adjust and securely brace sound-control door frames to the following tolerances:
 - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a perpendicular line from head to floor.
3. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated mortised and surface-mounted door hardware.

C. Installation

1. General: Install sound-control door assemblies plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place; comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Frames: Install sound-control door frames in sizes and profiles indicated.
 - a. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - 1) At fire-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
 - 2) At openings requiring smoke and draft control, install frames according to NFPA 105.

- 3) Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, and dress; make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- 4) Install sound-control frames with removable glazing stops located on secure side of opening.
- 5) Remove temporary braces only after frames or bucks have been properly set and secured.
- 6) Check squareness, twist, and plumbness of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
- 7) Apply corrosion-resistant coatings coating to backs of frames to be filled with mortar, grout, and plaster containing antifreezing agents.
- b. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor and secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.
 - 1) Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors, if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
- c. Metal-Stud Partitions: Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation behind frames.
- d. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- e. In-Place Gypsum Board Partitions: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors through floor anchors at each jamb. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- f. Ceiling Struts: Extend struts vertically from top of frame at each jamb to supporting construction above, unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction above. Provide adjustable wedged or bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
- g. Grouted Frames: Solidly fill space between frames and substrate with grout. Take precautions, including bracing frames, to ensure that frames are not deformed or damaged by grout forces.
- h. Installation Tolerances: Adjust sound-control door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumbness to the following tolerances:
 - 1) Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - 2) Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - 3) Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - 4) Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a perpendicular line from head to floor.
3. Doors: Fit sound-control doors accurately in frames, within clearances indicated below. Shim as necessary.
 - a. Non-Fire-Rated Doors: Fit non-fire-rated doors accurately in frames with the following clearances:
 - 1) Jambs: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - 2) Head with Butt Hinges: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - 3) Head with Cam-Lift Hinges: As required by manufacturer, but not more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
 - 4) Sill: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 5) Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - b. Fire-Rated Doors: Install fire-rated doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.
4. Sound-Control Seals: Where seals have been prefit and preinstalled in the factory and subsequently removed for shipping, reinstall seals and adjust according to manufacturer's written instructions.
5. Cam-Lift Hinges: Install hinges according to manufacturer's written instructions.
6. Thresholds: Set thresholds in full bed of sealant complying with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

7. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with sound-control door assembly manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Secure stops with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches (230 mm) o.c., and not more than 2 inches (50 mm) o.c. from each corner.

- D. Field Quality Control
 1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
 2. Testing Services: Acoustical testing and inspecting agency shall select one sound-control door at random from sound-control door assemblies that are completely installed and perform testing for verification that assembly complies with STC rating requirements.
 - a. Field tests shall be conducted according to ASTM E 336, with results calculated according to ASTM E 413. Acceptable field STC values shall be within 5 dB of laboratory STC values.
 - b. Inspection Report: Acoustical testing agency shall submit report in writing to the Owner and Contractor within 24 hours after testing.
 - c. If tested door fails, replace or rework all sound-control door assemblies to bring them into compliance at Contractor's expense.
 - 1) Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
 3. Prepare test and inspection reports.

- E. Adjusting And Cleaning
 1. Final Adjustments: Check and adjust seals, door bottoms, and other sound-control hardware items right before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition.
 2. Remove and replace defective work, including defective or damaged sound seals and doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
 - a. Adjust gaskets, gasket retainers, and retainer covers to provide contact required to achieve STC rating.
 3. Clean grout off sound-control door frames immediately after installation.
 4. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.
 5. Metallic-Coated Surfaces: Clean abraded areas of doors and repair with galvanizing repair paint according to manufacturer's written instructions.

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SECTION 08 36 13 00 - SECTIONAL OVERHEAD DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for sectional overhead doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes manually **OR** electrically, **as directed**, operated sectional doors with integral pass doors, **as directed**.

C. Performance Requirements

1. General Performance: Sectional doors shall meet performance requirements specified without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction and without requiring temporary installation of reinforcing components.
2. Delegated Design: Design sectional doors, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
3. Structural Performance: Exterior sectional doors shall withstand the effects of gravity loads, and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - a. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Uniform pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), acting inward and outward, **as directed**.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s) **OR** 100 mph (44 m/s) **OR** 110 mph (49 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
 - b. Deflection Limits: Design sectional doors to withstand design wind loads without evidencing permanent deformation or disengagement of door components. Deflection of door in horizontal position (open) shall not exceed 1/120 of the door width.
4. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate not more than indicated when tested according to ASTM E 283 **OR** DASMA 105, **as directed**.
 - a. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate of 0.08 cfm/sq. ft. (0.406 L/s per sq. m) at 15 and 25 mph (24.1 and 40.2 km/h).
5. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance Performance: Provide sectional doors **OR** glazed sectional doors, **as directed**, that pass large-missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 **OR** DASMA 115, **as directed**.
6. Seismic Performance: Sectional doors shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. Seismic Component Importance Factor: 1.5 **OR** 1.0, **as directed**.
7. Operation Cycles: Provide sectional door components and operators capable of operating for not less than number of cycles indicated for each door. One operation cycle is complete when a door is opened from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type and size of sectional door and accessory.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that flush wood doors comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body, **as directed**. Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.

3. Shop Drawings: For each installation and for special components not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
5. Delegated-Design Submittal: For sectional doors indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
6. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For sectional doors, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
7. Maintenance data.
8. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Wood Door Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
3. Forest Certification: Provide wood doors made with not less than 70 percent of wood products **OR** all wood products, **as directed**, obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
5. Standard for Sectional Doors: Fabricate sectional doors to comply with DASMA 102 unless otherwise indicated.
6. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1, **as directed**.

F. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of sectional doors that fail in materials or workmanship within Two **OR** Five, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
2. Special Finish Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within 10 years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Steel Door Sections

1. Exterior Section Faces and Frames: Fabricate from zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled, commercial steel (CS) sheet, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, with indicated zinc coating and thickness.
 - a. Fabricate section faces from single sheets to provide sections not more than 24 inches (610 mm) high and of indicated thickness. Roll horizontal meeting edges to a continuous, interlocking, keyed, rabbeted, shiplap, or tongue-in-groove weathertight seal, with a reinforcing flange return.
 - b. For insulated doors, provide sections with continuous thermal-break construction, separating the exterior and interior faces of door.
2. Section Ends and Intermediate Stiles: Enclose open ends of sections with channel end stiles formed from galvanized-steel sheet not less than 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) nominal coated thickness and welded to door section. Provide intermediate stiles formed from not less than

- 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) thick galvanized-steel sheet, cut to door section profile, and welded in place. Space stiles not more than 48 inches (1219 mm) apart.
3. Reinforce bottom section with a continuous channel or angle conforming to bottom-section profile and allowing installation of astragal, **as directed**.
 4. Reinforce sections with continuous horizontal and diagonal reinforcement, as required to stiffen door and for wind loading. Provide galvanized-steel bars, struts, trusses, or strip steel, formed to depth and bolted or welded in place. Ensure that reinforcement does not obstruct vision lites, **as directed**.
 5. Provide reinforcement for hardware attachment.
 6. Board Thermal Insulation: Insulate interior of steel sections with door manufacturer's standard CFC-free polystyrene or polyurethane board insulation, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84; or with glass-fiber-board insulation. Secure insulation to exterior face sheet. Enclose insulation completely within steel sections that incorporate the following interior facing material, with no exposed insulation:
 - a. Interior Facing Material:
 - 1) Zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled, commercial steel (CS) sheet, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, with indicated thickness.
 - 2) Manufacturer's standard prefinished hardboard panel, 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick and complying with ANSI A135.5.
 7. Foamed-in-Place Thermal Insulation: Insulate interior of steel sections with door manufacturer's standard CFC-free polyurethane insulation, foamed in place to completely fill interior of section and pressure bonded to face sheets to prevent delamination under wind load, and with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84. Enclose insulation completely within steel sections that incorporate the following interior facing material, with no exposed insulation:
 - a. Interior Facing Material:
 - 1) Zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled, commercial steel (CS) sheet, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, with indicated thickness.
 - 2) Manufacturer's standard prefinished hardboard panel, 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick and complying with ANSI A135.5.
 8. Fabricate sections so finished door assembly is rigid and aligned, with tight hairline joints and free of warp, twist, and deformation.
- B. Wood Door Sections
1. Paneled Sections: Fabricate stiles and rails of clear, vertical-grain, straight, kiln-dried Douglas fir, West Coast hemlock, or Sitka spruce, not less than 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) thick. Form meeting rails to provide rabbeted, weathertight-seal joint.
 - a. Panel Inserts: Tempered hardboard, 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick, smooth on two sides, complying with ANSI A135.4.
 - b. Glazed Panel Inserts: 6-mm-thick, clear float glass, complying with ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality Q3, with removable glazing stops of same wood as stiles and rails.
 2. Flush Sections: Construct flush wood door sections with top, bottom, and end closures of clear, vertical-grain, straight, kiln-dried Douglas fir, West Coast hemlock, or Sitka spruce. Provide wood blocking to receive hardware, end stiles, and frames for glazing, glued and doweled in place. Form meeting rails to provide rabbeted weathertight-seal joint.
 - a. Core: Manufacturer's standard polystyrene or polyurethane board insulation or honeycomb core complying with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84. Bond to facing.
 - b. Facing: 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, tempered hardboard complying with ANSI A135.4 and smooth on one side.
 3. Fabricate sections of mortise-and-tenon construction with waterproof glue and steel dowels, or of rabbeted construction with waterproof glue and steel dowels and pins.
 4. Reinforce sections with continuous horizontal and diagonal galvanized-steel members as required to stiffen door and for wind loading. Ensure that reinforcement does not obstruct vision lites.
 5. Treat wood door members after machining with water-repellent preservative formulation according to WDMA I.S. 4.

6. Fabricate sections so finished door assembly is rigid and aligned, with tight hairline joints and free of warp, twist, deformation, and delamination.
 7. Factory prime door sections with one coat of exterior primer compatible with field-applied finish, applied at a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
- C. Aluminum Door Sections
1. Sections: Construct door sections with stiles and rails formed from extruded-aluminum shapes, complying with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, with wall thickness not less than 0.065 inch (1.7 mm) for door section 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) deep. Fabricate sections with stile and rail dimensions and profiles shown on Drawings. Join stiles and rails by welding or with concealed, 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) minimum diameter, aluminum or nonmagnetic stainless-steel through bolts, full height of door section. Form meeting rails to provide a weathertight-seal joint.
 - a. Reinforce sections with continuous horizontal and diagonal reinforcement, as required to stiffen door and for wind loading. Ensure that reinforcement does not obstruct vision lites.
 - b. Provide reinforcement for hardware attachment.
 2. Solid Panels: Fabricate of aluminum sheet, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), alloy and temper standard with manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, not less than 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) thick, set in continuous vinyl channel retained with rigid, snap-in, extruded-vinyl moldings or with rubber or neoprene glazing gasket with aluminum stop.
 3. Full-Vision Sections: Manufacturer's standard, tubular, aluminum-framed section fully glazed with 6-mm-thick, clear acrylic glazing set in vinyl, rubber, or neoprene glazing channel and with removable extruded-vinyl or aluminum stops.
- D. Translucent Door Sections
1. Construct door sections of not less than 0.063-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, extruded-aluminum stiles and rails complying with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) and with alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, to provide door sections at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) deep. Fabricate units with overlapped or interlocked weathertight-seal joints at meeting rails. Reinforce or truss each section as required for strength and rigidity. Provide reinforcement for hardware attachment.
 2. Provide translucent, ribbed, glass-fiber-reinforced plastic panels, secured and sealed watertight to framing, and reinforced to meet performance requirements.
- E. Tracks, Supports, And Accessories
1. Tracks: Manufacturer's standard, galvanized-steel track system of configuration indicated, sized for door size and weight, designed for lift type indicated and clearances shown on Drawings, and complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M for minimum G60 (Z180) zinc coating. Provide complete track assembly including brackets, bracing, and reinforcement for rigid support of ball-bearing roller guides for required door type and size. Slot vertical sections of track spaced 2 inches (51 mm) apart for door-drop safety device. Slope tracks at proper angle from vertical or design tracks to ensure tight closure at jambs when door unit is closed.
 2. Track Reinforcement and Supports: Galvanized-steel track reinforcement and support members, complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M and ASTM A 123/A 123M. Secure, reinforce, and support tracks as required for door size and weight to provide strength and rigidity without sag, sway, and vibration during opening and closing of doors.
 - a. Vertical Track Assembly: Track with continuous reinforcing angle attached to track and attached to wall with jamb brackets **OR** wall jamb brackets attached to track and attached to wall, **as directed**.
 - b. Horizontal Track Assembly: Track with continuous reinforcing angle attached to track and supported at points from curve in track to end of track by laterally braced attachments to overhead structural members.
 3. Removable Center Posts: Manufacturer's standard carry-away **OR** roll-away **OR** swing-up, **as directed**, type for multiple doors in one opening.
 4. Weatherseals: Replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible weather-stripping gaskets of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene fitted to bottom and top of sectional door unless otherwise indicated.

5. Windows: Manufacturer's standard window units of type and size indicated and in arrangement shown. Set glazing in vinyl, rubber, or neoprene glazing channel for metal-framed doors and elastic glazing compound for wood doors, as required. Provide removable stops of same material as door-section frames.
 6. Pass Doors: Manufacturer's standard pass doors where indicated, complete with glazing, operating hardware, and mortise lock. Construct pass doors of same materials, design, and finish as sectional door assembly.
 - a. Lock Cylinders: Provide cylinders specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** standard with manufacturer, **as directed**, and keyed to building keying system, **as directed**.
 - b. Keys: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, for each cylinder.
- F. Hardware
1. General: Provide heavy-duty, corrosion-resistant hardware, with hot-dip galvanized, stainless-steel, or other corrosion-resistant fasteners, to suit door type.
 2. Hinges: Heavy-duty, galvanized-steel hinges of not less than 0.079-inch- (2.01-mm-) nominal coated thickness at each end stile and at each intermediate stile, according to manufacturer's written recommendations for door size. Attach hinges to door sections through stiles and rails with bolts and lock nuts or lock washers and nuts. Use rivets or self-tapping fasteners where access to nuts is not possible. Provide double-end hinges where required, for doors over 16 feet (4.88 m) wide unless otherwise recommended by door manufacturer.
 3. Rollers: Heavy-duty rollers with steel ball-bearings in case-hardened steel races, mounted with varying projections to suit slope of track. Extend roller shaft through both hinges where double hinges are required. Provide 3-inch- (76-mm-) diameter roller tires for 3-inch- (76-mm-) wide track and 2-inch- (51-mm-) diameter roller tires for 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide track.
 4. Push/Pull Handles: For push-up or emergency-operated doors, provide galvanized-steel lifting handles on each side of door.
- G. Locking Devices
1. Slide Bolt: Fabricate with side-locking bolts to engage through slots in tracks for locking by padlock, located on single-jamb side, operable from inside only.
 2. Locking Device Assembly: Fabricate with cylinder lock, spring-loaded deadbolt, operating handle, cam plate, and adjustable locking bars to engage through slots in tracks.
 - a. Lock Cylinders: Provide cylinders specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** standard with manufacturer, **as directed**, and keyed to building keying system, **as directed**.
 - b. Keys: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, for each cylinder.
 3. Chain Lock Keeper: Suitable for padlock.
 4. Safety Interlock Switch: Equip power-operated doors with safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when door is locked.
- H. Counterbalance Mechanism
1. Torsion Spring: Counterbalance mechanism consisting of adjustable-tension torsion springs fabricated from steel-spring wire complying with ASTM A 229/A 229M, mounted on torsion shaft made of steel tube or solid steel. Provide springs designed for number of operation cycles indicated.
 2. Weight Counterbalance: Counterbalance mechanism consisting of filled pipe weights that move vertically in a galvanized-steel weight pipe. Connect pipe weights with cable to weight-cable drums mounted on torsion shaft made of steel tube or solid steel.
 3. Cable Drums and Shaft for Doors: Cast-aluminum or gray-iron casting cable drums mounted on torsion shaft and grooved to receive door-lifting cables as door is raised. Mount counterbalance mechanism with manufacturer's standard ball-bearing brackets at each end of torsion shaft. Provide one additional midpoint bracket for shafts up to 16 feet (4.88 m) long and two additional brackets at one-third points to support shafts more than 16 feet (4.88 m) long unless closer spacing is recommended by door manufacturer.
 4. Cables: Galvanized-steel lifting cables with cable safety factor of at least 5 **OR** 7, **as directed**, to 1.

5. Cable Safety Device: Include a spring-loaded steel or spring-loaded bronze cam mounted to bottom door roller assembly on each side and designed to automatically stop door if either lifting cable breaks.
 6. Bracket: Provide anchor support bracket as required to connect stationary end of spring to the wall and to level the shaft and prevent sag.
 7. Provide a spring bumper at each horizontal track to cushion door at end of opening operation.
- I. Manual Door Operators
1. Equip door with manufacturer's recommended manual door operator unless another type of door operator is indicated.
 2. Push-up Operation: Lift handles and pull rope for raising and lowering doors, with counterbalance mechanism designed so that required lift or pull for door operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N).
 3. Chain-Hoist Operator: Consisting of endless steel hand chain, chain-pocket wheel and guard, and gear-reduction unit with a maximum 25-lbf (111-N) **OR** 35-lbf (155-N), **as directed**, force for door operation. Provide alloy-steel hand chain with chain holder secured to operator guide.
- J. Electric Door Operators
1. General: Electric door operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer for door and "operation cycles" requirement specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking door, and accessories required for proper operation.
 - a. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - b. Provide control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6; with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.
 2. Usage Classification: Electric operator and components capable of operating for not less than number of cycles per hour indicated for each door.
 3. Door-Operator Type: Unit consisting of electric motor, gears, pulleys, belts, sprockets, chains, and controls needed to operate door and meet required usage classification.
 - a. Trolley: Trolley operator mounted to ceiling above and to rear of door in raised position and directly connected to door with drawbar.
 - b. Jackshaft, Center Mounted: Jackshaft operator mounted on the inside front wall above door and connected to torsion shaft with an adjustable coupling or drive chain.
 - c. Jackshaft, Side Mounted: Jackshaft operator mounted on the inside front wall on right or left side of door and connected to torsion shaft with an adjustable coupling or drive chain.
 4. Electric Motors: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Division 11 Section "Common Motor Requirements For Equipment", unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Electrical Characteristics:
 - 1) Phase: Single phase **OR** Polyphase, **as directed**.
 - 2) Volts: 115 **OR** 208 **OR** 230 **OR** 460, **as directed**, V.
 - 3) Hertz: 60.
 - b. Motor Type and Controller: Reversible motor and controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated.
 - c. Motor Size: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough to start, accelerate, and operate door in either direction from any position, at a speed not less than 8 in./sec. (203 mm/s) and not more than 12 in./sec. (305 mm/s), without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
 - d. Operating Controls, Controllers (Disconnect Switches), Wiring Devices, and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
 - e. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors and other electrical devices with building electrical system and each location where installed.
 - f. Use adjustable motor-mounting bases for belt-driven operators.
 5. Limit Switches: Equip each motorized door with adjustable switches interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop door at fully opened and fully closed positions.

6. Obstruction Detection Device: Equip motorized door with indicated external automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of door opening. Activation of device immediately stops and reverses downward door travel.
 - a. Photoelectric Sensor: Manufacturer's standard system designed to detect an obstruction in door opening without contact between door and obstruction.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Designed to interface with door operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensor device. When self-monitoring feature is activated, door closes only with sustained pressure on close button.
 - b. Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal or weather stripping mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard take-up reel or self-coiling cable.
 - 1) Self-Monitoring Type: Four-wire configured device designed to interface with door-operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensor edge.
7. Remote-Control Station: Momentary-contact, three-button control station with push-button controls labeled "Open," "Close," and "Stop."
 - a. Interior units, full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
 - b. Exterior units, full-guarded, standard-duty, surface-mounted, weatherproof type, NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure, key operated.
8. Emergency Manual Operation: Equip each electrically powered door with capability for emergency manual operation. Design manual mechanism so required force for door operation does not exceed 25 lbf (111 N) **OR** 35 lbf (155 N), **as directed**.
9. Emergency Operation Disconnect Device: Equip operator with hand-operated disconnect mechanism for automatically engaging manual operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount mechanism so it is accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.
10. Motor Removal: Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limit-switch adjustment and without affecting emergency manual operation.
11. Audible and Visual Signals: Audible alarm and visual indicator lights in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.
12. Radio-Control System: Consisting of the following:
 - a. Three-channel universal coaxial receiver to open, close, and stop door; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per operator.
OR
 Multifunction remote control.
OR
 Remote antenna and mounting kit.

K. Door Assembly

1. Steel **OR** Wood **OR** Aluminum **OR** Full-Vision Aluminum **OR** Translucent, **as directed**, Sectional Door: Sectional door formed with hinged sections.
2. Operation Cycles: Not less than 10,000 **OR** 20,000 **OR** 50,000 **OR** 100,000, **as directed**.
3. R-Value **OR** Installed R-Value, **as directed**: 4.5 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.792 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 6.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (1.057 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 12.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (2.113 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 15.0 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (2.642 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 17.5 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (3.082 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**.
4. Steel Sections: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet with G60 (Z180) **OR** G90 (Z275), **as directed**, zinc coating.
 - a. Section Thickness: 1-3/8 inches (35 mm) **OR** 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Exterior-Face, Steel Sheet Thickness: 0.064-inch- (1.63-mm-) **OR** 0.040-inch- (1.02-mm-) **OR** 0.028-inch- (0.71-mm-) **OR** 0.022-inch- (0.56-mm-) **OR** 0.019-inch- (0.48-mm-), **as directed**, nominal coated thickness.
 - 1) Surface:
 - a) Flat.
OR

- Manufacturer's standard, grooved **OR** ribbed **OR** paneled **OR** wood-grain embossed, **as directed**.
- c. Insulation: Board **OR** Foamed in place, **as directed**.
 - d. Interior Facing Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet of 0.028-inch- (0.71-mm-) **OR** 0.022-inch- (0.56-mm-) **OR** 0.019-inch- (0.48-mm-) **OR** manufacturer's recommended thickness to meet performance requirements, **as directed**, nominal coated thickness.
 - e. Interior Facing Material: Hardboard panel.
5. Wood Sections: Paneled **OR** Flush, **as directed**, and with manufacturer's standard insulation, **as directed**.
 6. Aluminum Sections: Solid panels **OR** Full vision, **as directed**, with manufacturer's standard, nonglazed panels across bottom section of door, **as directed**.
 7. Translucent Sections: Manufacturer's standard with manufacturer's standard, nonglazed panels across bottom section of door, **as directed**.
 8. Track Configuration: Standard-lift **OR** Low-headroom **OR** High-lift **OR** Vertical-lift **OR** Contour, **as directed**, track with removable center post shared with adjacent door, **as directed**.
 9. Weatherseals: Fitted to bottom and top and around entire perimeter of door. Provide combination bottom weatherseal and sensor edge, **as directed**.
 10. Windows: Approximately 24 by 7 inches (610 by 178 mm) **OR** 24 by 11 inches (610 by 279 mm), **as directed**, with curved corners, **OR** with square corners, **as directed**, and spaced apart the approximate distance as indicated on Drawings; in one row **OR** two rows, **as directed**, at height indicated on Drawings; installed with glazing **OR** insulated glazing, **as directed**, of the following type:
 - a. Clear Float Glass: 3 mm thick and complying with ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality Q3.
 - b. Clear Acrylic Plastic: 3 mm thick, transparent, smooth or polished, and formulated to be UV resistant.
 - c. Clear Polycarbonate Plastic: 3-mm-thick, transparent, fire-retardant, UV-resistant, polycarbonate sheet manufactured by extrusion process.
 - d. Insulating Glass: Manufacturer's standard.
 11. Pass Door: As shown.
 12. Roller-Tire Material: Case-hardened steel **OR** Neoprene or bronze **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 13. Locking Devices: Equip door with slide bolt for padlock **OR** locking device assembly, **as directed**, and chain lock keeper, **as directed**.
 - a. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side **OR** Cremone type, both jamb sides, **as directed**, locking bars, operable from inside with thumbturn **OR** outside with cylinder **OR** outside only, with cylinder **OR** inside and outside, with cylinders, **as directed**.
 14. Counterbalance Type: Torsion spring **OR** Weight counterbalance, **as directed**.
 15. Manual Door Operator: Push-up operation **OR** Chain-hoist operator, **as directed**.
 16. Electric Door Operator:
 - a. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 60 to 90 cycles per hour **OR** Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour **OR** Medium duty, up to 15 cycles per hour **OR** Light duty, up to 10 cycles per hour, **as directed**.
 - b. Operator Type: Trolley **OR** Jackshaft, center mounted **OR** Jackshaft, side mounted **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor Exposure: Interior, clean, and dry **OR** Exterior, dusty, wet, or humid, **as directed**.
 - d. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up **OR** Chain, **as directed**, type.
 - e. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor **OR** electric sensor edge on bottom bar **OR** pneumatic sensor edge on bottom bar, **as directed**; self-monitoring type, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Remote-Control Station: Interior **OR** Exterior **OR** Where shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals **OR** Radio-control system, **as directed**.
 17. Door Finish:
 - a. Aluminum Finish: Clear anodized **OR** Bronze anodized **OR** Anodized color matching sample **OR** Anodized color as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

- b. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color and gloss as selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - c. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard color.
 - d. Finish of Interior Facing Material: Match finish of exterior section face **OR** Finish as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- L. General Finish Requirements
- 1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - 2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- M. Aluminum Finishes
- 1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - 2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, application, and baking.
- N. Steel And Galvanized-Steel Finishes
- 1. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer, compatible with field-applied finish. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - 2. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Installation
- 1. Install sectional doors and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports; according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.
 - 2. Tracks:
 - a. Fasten vertical track assembly to opening jambs and framing, spaced not more than 24 inches (610 mm) apart.
 - b. Hang horizontal track assembly from structural overhead framing with angles or channel hangers attached to framing by welding or bolting, or both. Provide sway bracing, diagonal bracing, and reinforcement as required for rigid installation of track and door-operating equipment.
 - c. Repair galvanized coating on tracks according to ASTM A 780.
 - 3. Accessibility: Install sectional doors, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.
- B. Startup Services
- 1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
 - a. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Adjusting
- 1. Adjust hardware and moving parts to function smoothly so that doors operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.
 - 2. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts as recommended by manufacturer.

3. Adjust doors and seals to provide weathertight fit around entire perimeter.
4. Align and adjust motors, pulleys, belts, sprockets, chains, and controls according to manufacturer's written instructions.
5. Touch-up Painting: Immediately after welding galvanized materials, clean welds and abraded galvanized surfaces and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 08 36 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 36 13 00	08 33 23 00	Overhead Coiling Doors

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SECTION 08 38 13 00 - FLEXIBLE DOORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of flexible doors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop drawings shall be submitted for approval.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. General: Each new door unit shall be a complete unit produced by one manufacturer including hardware, accessories, mounting, and installation components.

B. Door Panels: Door panels shall be constructed of the following materials.

1. Heavy-Duty, Abrasive-Resistant Rubber, 60 durometer, roto-cured process, 2,200 psi tensile strength. Panel thickness shall be 1/2- inch. Lower door panel shall be reinforced with additional rubber extrusions bonded horizontally to the door facing on 8 inch centers.
2. Flexible Polycarbonate transparent panels 1/2 inch thick.
3. Flexible Polyvinylchloride (PVC) transparent panels min. 0.196 inch (5mm) thick.
4. Flexible Polyvinylchloride (PVC) opaque panels min. 0.196 inch (5mm) thick.

- C. Door Facings shall be high strength fabric reinforced vinyl bonded to door frame. Facing shall not be mechanically fastened.

- D. The Vision Panels shall be double glazed, damage resistant with optical clarity exceeding 90%. Vision Panels shall be mounted flush.

- E. Door Panels shall be single or double-acting, as required.

- F. Panel Frame: Framing materials to which door panels shall be secured shall be galvanized steel, ASTM A525, 11 gauge. Door panels shall be suspended between L-shaped rolled formed rails and stiles by removable bolt and nut connectors.

G. Hardware shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A 164 or ASTM A 386, as required.

1. Hinges shall be adjustable spring-type gravity self-lubricating hinges.
2. Magnetic Catch shall be provided at door overlap at pair of door panels to give positive closure.
3. Header and Jamb Seals shall be door mounted PVC seals at head and jamb.
4. Bumpers shall be center or bottom bumpers.
5. Jamb Guards shall be formed steel guards to enclose and protect lower hinge hardware and closures.

- H. Door Jamb shall be constructed of steel tube, ASTM A 500, with integral wall anchors, galvanized in compliance with ASTM A 386 or stainless steel bent plate, Type 304, with integral wall anchors, as required.

- I. Finish: All ferrous metal parts shall be finish-coated with polyurethane paint.

- J. Fire Hazard Classification: All door material shall have a fire hazard classification determined by ASTM E 84. Provide materials with the following fire hazard classifications:
 - Flame spread not more than 25.
 - Smoke developed not more than 50.

- K. Vertical PVC Vinyl Strip Doors
 - 1. Door shall consist of overlapping transparent minimum PVC strips with pre-punched galvanized hanger brackets which mate with formed metal arms on the universal hardware.
 - 2. Hardware shall provide full swivel action. A cover plate shall prevent accidental removal.
 - 3. End Strips shall be orange to frame opening. Strips shall have rounded edges and overlap to form a seal.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Products shall be installed per manufacturer's written instruction. Products shall be firmly attached to adjacent materials. Products shall be installed level and plumb and shall be demonstrated to operate properly and as intended for a complete installation.

END OF SECTION 08 38 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 38 16 00	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 38 16 00	08 16 13 00	Steel Entry Doors
08 38 16 00	08 12 13 13	Stainless Steel Doors And Frames
08 38 19 00	08 05 13 00	Steel Doors And Frames
08 38 19 00	08 16 13 00	Steel Entry Doors
08 38 19 00	08 12 13 13	Stainless Steel Doors And Frames

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SECTION 08 42 13 00 - ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for aluminum framed entrances and storefronts. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Exterior and interior storefront framing.
 - b. Storefront framing for window walls.
 - c. Storefront framing for ribbon walls.
 - d. Storefront framing for punched openings.
 - e. Exterior and interior manual-swing entrance doors and door-frame units.

C. Definitions

1. ADA/ABA Accessibility Guidelines: U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disability Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities."

D. Performance Requirements

1. General Performance: Aluminum-framed systems shall withstand the effects of the following performance requirements without exceeding performance criteria or failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction:
 - a. Movements of supporting structure indicated on Drawings including, but not limited to, story drift and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
 - b. Dimensional tolerances of building frame and other adjacent construction.
 - c. Failure includes the following:
 - 1) Deflection exceeding specified limits.
 - 2) Thermal stresses transferring to building structure.
 - 3) Framing members transferring stresses, including those caused by thermal and structural movements to glazing.
 - 4) Glazing-to-glazing contact.
 - 5) Noise or vibration created by wind and by thermal and structural movements.
 - 6) Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
 - 7) Sealant failure.
 - 8) Failure of operating units.
2. Delegated Design: Design aluminum-framed systems, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
3. Structural Loads:
 - a. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed.**
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s) **OR** 100 mph (44 m/s) **OR** 110 mph (49 m/s), **as directed.**
 - 2) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed.**
4. Deflection of Framing Members:
 - a. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to edge of glass in a direction perpendicular to glass plane shall not exceed L/175 of the glass edge length for each individual glazing lite **OR** 1/175 of clear span for spans up to 13 feet 6 inches (4.1 m) and to 1/240 of clear span plus 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) for spans greater than 13 feet 6 inches (4.1 m), **as directed**, or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is less.

- b. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to $L/360$ of clear span or 1/8 inch (3.2 mm), whichever is smaller **OR** amount not exceeding that which reduces glazing bite to less than 75 percent of design dimension and that which reduces edge clearance between framing members and glazing or other fixed components directly below them to less than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) and clearance between members and operable units directly below them to less than 1/16 inch (1.5 mm), **as directed**.
5. Structural-Test Performance: Provide aluminum-framed systems tested according to ASTM E 330 as follows:
 - a. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.
 - b. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, systems, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, and permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
 - c. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not fewer than 10 seconds.
6. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance Performance: Provide aluminum-framed systems that pass missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 **OR** AAMA 506, **as directed**.
 - a. Large-Missile Impact: For aluminum-framed systems located within 30 feet (9.1 m) of grade.
 - b. Small-Missile Impact: For aluminum-framed systems located more than 30 feet (9.1 m) above grade.
7. Story Drift: Provide aluminum-framed systems that accommodate design displacement of adjacent stories indicated.
 - a. Design Displacement: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - b. Test Performance: Meet criteria for passing, based on building occupancy type, when tested according to AAMA 501.4 at design displacement and 1.5 times design displacement.
8. Air Infiltration: Provide aluminum-framed systems with maximum air leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. (0.03 L/s per sq. m) of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) **OR** 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa), **as directed**.
9. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: Provide aluminum-framed systems that do not evidence water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa).
10. Water Penetration under Dynamic Pressure: Provide aluminum-framed systems that do not evidence water leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to AAMA 501.1 under dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa).
 - a. Maximum Water Leakage: According to AAMA 501.1 **OR** No uncontrolled water penetrating aluminum-framed systems or water appearing on systems' normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation, **as directed**. Water leakage does not include water controlled by flashing and gutters that is drained to exterior and water that cannot damage adjacent materials or finishes.
11. Thermal Movements: Provide aluminum-framed systems that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
 - b. Test Performance: No buckling; stress on glass; sealant failure; excess stress on framing, anchors, and fasteners; or reduction of performance when tested according to AAMA 501.5.
 - 1) High Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: That which produces an exterior metal-surface temperature of 180 deg F (82 deg C).
 - 2) Low Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: 0 deg F (minus 18 deg C).
 - c. Interior Ambient-Air Temperature: 75 deg F (24 deg C).

12. Condensation Resistance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having condensation-resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 45 **OR** 53, **as directed**, when tested according to AAMA 1503.
13. Thermal Conductance: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having an average U-factor of not more than 0.57 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (3.23 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.69 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (3.92 W/sq. m x K), **as directed**, when tested according to AAMA 1503.
14. Sound Transmission: Provide aluminum-framed systems with fixed glazing and framing areas having the following sound-transmission characteristics:
 - a. Sound Transmission Class (STC): Minimum 26 **OR** 30 **OR** 35, **as directed**, STC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 413.
 - b. Outdoor-Indoor Transmission Class (OITC): Minimum 26 **OR** 30 **OR** 34, **as directed**, OITC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 1332.
15. Structural Sealant: Capable of withstanding tensile and shear stresses imposed by aluminum-framed systems without failing adhesively or cohesively. When tested for preconstruction adhesion and compatibility, cohesive failure of sealant shall occur before adhesive failure.
 - a. Adhesive failure occurs when sealant pulls away from substrate cleanly, leaving no sealant material behind.
 - b. Cohesive failure occurs when sealant breaks or tears within itself but does not separate from each substrate because sealant-to-substrate bond strength exceeds sealant's internal strength.
16. Structural-Sealant Joints: Designed to produce tensile or shear stress of less than 20 psi (138 kPa).

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and sealants used inside of the weatherproofing system, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: For aluminum-framed systems. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Include details of provisions for system expansion and contraction and for drainage of moisture in the system to the exterior.
 - b. For entrance doors, include hardware schedule and indicate operating hardware types, functions, quantities, and locations.
4. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.
5. Other Action Submittals:
 - a. Entrance Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of entrance door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final entrance door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of entrance door hardware.
6. Delegated-Design Submittal: For aluminum-framed systems indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
7. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For aluminum-framed systems, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
 - a. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
8. Welding certificates.
9. Product Test Reports.
10. Quality-Control Program for Structural-Sealant-Glazed System: Include reports.
11. Field quality-control reports.
12. Maintenance Data.
13. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
2. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 699 for testing indicated.
3. Engineering Responsibility: Prepare data for aluminum-framed systems, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in systems similar to those indicated for this Project.
4. Quality-Control Program for Structural-Sealant-Glazed System: Develop quality control program specifically for Project. Document quality-control procedures and verify results for aluminum-framed systems. Comply with ASTM C 1401 recommendations including, but not limited to, system material-qualification procedures, preconstruction sealant-testing program, procedures for system fabrication and installation, and intervals of reviews and checks.
5. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for systems' aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-service performance.
 - a. Do not revise intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If revisions are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
6. Accessible Entrances: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1, **as directed**.
7. Source Limitations for Aluminum-Framed Systems: Obtain from single source from single manufacturer.
8. Structural-Sealant Glazing: Comply with ASTM C 1401, "Guide for Structural Sealant Glazing" for design and installation of structural-sealant-glazed systems.
9. Structural-Sealant Joints: Design reviewed and approved by structural-sealant manufacturer.
10. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."
11. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed systems that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within two **OR** five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
2. Special Finish Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components on which finishes do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within five **OR** 10 **OR** 20, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion. Warranty does not include normal weathering.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - a. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - b. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
 - c. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429.
 - d. Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.
 - e. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: AWS A5.10/A5.10M.
2. Steel Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard zinc-rich, corrosion-resistant primer, complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00; applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.

- a. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- b. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M.
- c. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.

B. Framing Systems

- 1. Framing Members: Manufacturer's standard extruded-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.
 - a. Construction: Nonthermal **OR** Thermally improved **OR** Thermally broken **OR** Structurally glazed, **as directed**.
 - b. Glazing System: Retained mechanically with gaskets on four sides **OR** Retained by structural sealant at vertical edges and mechanically with gaskets at horizontal edges, **as directed**.
 - c. Glazing Plane: As indicated **OR** Front **OR** Center **OR** Back **OR** Multiplane, **as directed**.
- 2. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.
- 3. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
 - a. Use self-locking devices where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration.
 - b. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
 - c. Use exposed fasteners with countersunk Phillips screw heads, finished to match framing system **OR** fabricated from stainless steel, **as directed**.
- 4. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts, complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- 5. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials **OR** Dead-soft, 0.018-inch- (0.457-mm-) thick stainless steel, ASTM A 240/A 240M of type recommended by manufacturer, **as directed**.
- 6. Framing System Gaskets and Sealants: Manufacturer's standard, recommended by manufacturer for joint type.
 - a. Provide sealants for use inside of the weatherproofing system that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

C. Glazing Systems

- 1. Glazing: As specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- 2. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types; replaceable, molded or extruded, of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
- 3. Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric type.
- 4. Bond-Breaker Tape: Manufacturer's standard TFE-fluorocarbon or polyethylene material to which sealants will not develop adhesion.
- 5. Glazing Sealants: For structural-sealant-glazed systems, as recommended by manufacturer for joint type, and as follows:
 - a. Structural Sealant: ASTM C 1184, single-component neutral-curing silicone formulation that is compatible with system components with which it comes in contact, specifically formulated and tested for use as structural sealant and approved by a structural-sealant manufacturer for use in aluminum-framed systems indicated.
 - 1) Provide sealants for use inside of the weatherproofing system that have a VOC content of 100 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2) Color: Black **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range of colors, **as directed**.
 - b. Weatherseal Sealant: ASTM C 920 for Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, G, A, and O; single-component neutral-curing formulation that is compatible with structural sealant and other system components with which it comes in contact; recommended by structural-sealant, weatherseal-sealant, and aluminum-framed-system manufacturers for this use.
 - 1) Provide sealants for use inside of the weatherproofing system that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2) Color: Matching structural sealant.

D. Entrance Door Systems

1. Entrance Doors: Manufacturer's standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing operation.
 - a. Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch (44.5-mm) overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch- (3.2-mm-) **OR** 2-inch (50.8-mm) overall thickness, with minimum 0.188-inch- (4.8-mm-) **OR** 2- to 2-1/4-inch (50.8- to 57.2-mm) overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch- (3.2-mm-), **as directed**, thick, extruded-aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.
 - 1) Thermal Construction: High-performance plastic connectors separate aluminum members exposed to the exterior from members exposed to the interior.
 - b. Door Design: As indicated **OR** Narrow stile; 2-1/8-inch (54-mm) nominal width **OR** Medium stile; 3-1/2-inch (88.9-mm) nominal width **OR** Wide stile; 5-inch (127-mm) nominal width, **as directed**.
 - 1) Accessible Doors: Smooth surfaced for width of door in area within 10 inches (255 mm) above floor or ground plane.
 - c. Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Beveled **OR** Square, **as directed**, snap-on, extruded-aluminum stops and preformed gaskets.
 - 1) Provide nonremovable glazing stops on outside of door.

E. Entrance Door Hardware

1. General: Provide entrance door hardware and entrance door hardware sets indicated in door and frame schedule **OR** and entrance door hardware sets indicated in "Entrance Door Hardware Sets" Article, **as directed**, for each entrance door to comply with requirements in this Section.
 - a. Entrance Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and named manufacturers' products **OR** products equivalent in function and comparable in quality to named products **OR** products complying with BHMA standard referenced, **as directed**.
 - b. Sequence of Operation: Provide electrified door hardware function, sequence of operation, and interface with other building control systems indicated.
 - c. Opening-Force Requirements:
 - 1) Egress Doors: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch and not more than 30 lbf ((133 N))to set the door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open the door to its minimum required width.
 - 2) Accessible Interior Doors: Not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N) to fully open door.
2. Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of entrance door hardware are indicated in "Entrance Door Hardware Sets" Article. Products are identified by using entrance door hardware designations as follows:
 - a. References to BHMA Standards: Provide products complying with these standards and requirements for description, quality, and function.
3. Opening-Force Requirements:
 - a. Delayed-Egress Locks: Lock releases within 15 seconds after applying a force of not more than 15 lbf (67 N) for not more than 3 seconds.
 - b. Latches and Exit Devices: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) required to release latch.
4. Pivot Hinges: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1.
 - a. Offset-Pivot Hinges: Provide top, bottom, and intermediate offset pivots at each door leaf.
5. Butt Hinges: BHMA A156.1, Grade 1, radius corner.
 - a. Nonremovable Pins: Provide set screw in hinge barrel that, when tightened into a groove in hinge pin, prevents removal of pin while entrance door is closed.
 - b. Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin **OR** Nonferrous, **as directed**.
 - c. Quantities:
 - 1) For doors up to 87 inches (2210 mm) high, provide 3 hinges per leaf.
 - 2) For doors more than 87 and up to 120 inches (2210 and up to 3048 mm) high, provide 4 hinges per leaf.
6. Continuous-Gear Hinges: Manufacturer's standard with stainless-steel bearings between knuckles, fabricated to full height of door and frame.
7. Mortise Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1.
8. Manual Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.

9. Automatic and Self-Latching Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.3, Grade 1.
10. Panic Exit Devices: BHMA A156.3, Grade 1, listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305.
11. Cylinders: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" **OR** BHMA A156.5, Grade 1, **as directed**.
 - a. Keying: No master **OR** Master, **as directed**, key system. Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include notation "DO NOT DUPLICATE" **OR** to be furnished by Owner, **as directed**.
12. Strikes: Provide strike with black-plastic dust box for each latch or lock bolt; fabricated for aluminum framing.
13. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6.
14. Removable Mullions: BHMA A156.3, extruded aluminum.
 - a. When used with panic exit devices, provide removable mullions listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305. Use only mullions that have been tested with exit devices to be used.
15. Closers: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1, with accessories required for a complete installation, sized as required by door size, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use; adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
16. Concealed Overhead Holders: BHMA A156.8, Grade 1.
17. Surface-Mounted Holders: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.
18. Door Stops: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1, floor or wall mounted, as appropriate for door location indicated, with integral rubber bumper.
19. Weather Stripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable components.
 - a. Compression Type: Made of ASTM D 2000, molded neoprene, or ASTM D 2287, molded PVC.
 - b. Sliding Type: AAMA 701, made of wool, polypropylene, or nylon woven pile with nylon-fabric or aluminum-strip backing.
20. Weather Sweeps: Manufacturer's standard exterior-door bottom sweep with concealed fasteners on mounting strip.
21. Silencers: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1.
22. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21, raised thresholds beveled with a slope of not more than 1:2, with maximum height of 1/2 inch (13 mm).
23. Finger Guards: Manufacturer's standard collapsible neoprene or PVC gasket anchored to frame hinge-jamb at center-pivoted doors.

F. Accessory Materials

1. Joint Sealants: For installation at perimeter of aluminum-framed systems, as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
 - a. Provide sealants for use inside of the weatherproofing system that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
2. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied, asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos; formulated for 30-mil (0.762-mm) thickness per coat.

G. Fabrication

1. Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.
2. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
3. Framing Members, General: Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
 - a. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
 - b. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
 - c. Means to drain water passing joints, condensation within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
 - d. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.

- e. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
 - f. Provisions for field replacement of glazing from exterior **OR** interior **OR** interior for vision glass and exterior for spandrel glazing or metal panels, **as directed**.
 - g. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.
4. Mechanically Glazed Framing Members: Fabricate for flush glazing without projecting stops.
 5. Structural-Sealant-Glazed Framing Members: Include accommodations for using temporary support device to retain glazing in place while structural sealant cures.
 6. Storefront Framing: Fabricate components for assembly using shear-block system **OR** screw-spline system **OR** head-and-sill-receptor system with shear blocks at intermediate horizontal members, **as directed**.
 7. Entrance Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing entrance door hardware.
 - a. At exterior doors, provide compression weather stripping at fixed stops.
 - b. At interior doors, provide silencers at stops to prevent metal-to-metal contact. Install three silencers on strike jamb of single-door frames and two silencers on head of frames for pairs of doors.
 8. Entrance Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing entrance door hardware.
 - a. At pairs of exterior doors, provide sliding-type weather stripping retained in adjustable strip and mortised into door edge.
 - b. At exterior doors, provide weather sweeps applied to door bottoms.
 9. Entrance Door Hardware Installation: Factory install entrance door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed entrance door hardware before applying finishes.
 10. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.
- H. Aluminum Finishes
1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Champagne **OR** Black **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 4. High-Performance Organic Finish:
 - a. 2-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
OR
3-coat **OR** 4-coat, **as directed**, fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2605 and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General:
 - a. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Do not install damaged components.
 - c. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
 - d. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
 - e. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration.
 - f. Seal joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.
2. Metal Protection:
 - a. Where aluminum will contact dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or applying sealant or tape, or by installing nonconductive spacers as recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
 - b. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
3. Install components to drain water passing joints, condensation occurring within framing members, and moisture migrating within the system to exterior.
4. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.
5. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades, and without warp or rack.
6. Install glazing as specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - a. Structural-Sealant Glazing:
 - 1) Prepare surfaces that will contact structural sealant according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to ensure compatibility and adhesion. Preparation includes, but is not limited to, cleaning and priming surfaces.
 - 2) Install weatherseal sealant according to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" and according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to produce weatherproof joints. Install joint filler behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
7. Entrance Doors: Install doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.
 - a. Exterior Doors: Install to produce weathertight enclosure and tight fit at weather stripping.
 - b. Field-Installed Entrance Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted entrance door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.
8. Install perimeter joint sealants as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.

B. Erection Tolerances

1. Install aluminum-framed systems to comply with the following maximum erection tolerances:
 - a. Location and Plane: Limit variation from true location and plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.7 m); 1/4 inch (6 mm) over total length.
 - b. Alignment:
 - 1) Where surfaces abut in line, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch (1.5 mm).
 - 2) Where surfaces meet at corners, limit offset from true alignment to 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
2. Diagonal Measurements: Limit difference between diagonal measurements to 1/8 inch (3 mm).

C. Field Quality Control

1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections.
2. Testing Services: Testing and inspecting of representative areas to determine compliance of installed systems with specified requirements shall take place as follows and in successive phases as indicated on Drawings. Do not proceed with installation of the next area until test results for previously completed areas show compliance with requirements.
 - a. Structural-Sealant Compatibility and Adhesion: Structural sealant shall be tested according to recommendations in ASTM C 1401.

- 1) Destructive Test Method A, "Hand Pull Tab (Destructive)," in ASTM C 1401, Appendix X2, shall be used.
 - a) A minimum of two **OR** four **OR** six, **as directed**, areas on each building face shall be tested.
 - b) Repair installation areas damaged by testing.
 - b. Structural-Sealant Glazing Inspection: After installation of aluminum-framed systems is complete, structural-sealant glazing shall be inspected and evaluated according to recommendations in ASTM C 1401.
 - c. Air Infiltration: Areas shall be tested for air leakage of 1.5 times the rate specified for laboratory testing under "Performance Requirements" Article, but not more than 0.09 cfm/sq. ft. (0.03 L/s per sq. m), of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 783 at a minimum static-air-pressure difference of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) **OR** 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa), **as directed**.
 - d. Water Penetration: Areas shall be tested according to ASTM E 1105 at a minimum uniform and cyclic static-air-pressure difference of 0.67 times the static-air-pressure difference specified for laboratory testing under "Performance Requirements" Article, but not less than 4.18 lbf/sq. ft. (200 Pa), and shall not evidence water penetration.
 - e. Water Spray Test: Before installation of interior finishes has begun, a minimum area of 75 feet (23 m) by 1 story of aluminum-framed systems designated by the Owner shall be tested according to AAMA 501.2 and shall not evidence water penetration.
3. Repair or remove work if test results and inspections indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.
 4. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
 5. Aluminum-framed assemblies will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
 6. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- D. Adjusting
1. Adjust operating entrance door hardware to function smoothly as recommended by manufacturer.
 - a. For entrance doors accessible to people with disabilities, adjust closers to provide a 3-second closer sweep period for doors to move from a 70-degree open position to 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading door edge.

END OF SECTION 08 42 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 43 13 00	08 42 13 00	Aluminum-Framed Entrances And Storefronts
08 43 19 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 08 51 13 00 - ALUMINUM WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for fixed and operable aluminum framed windows for exterior locations. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes fixed and operable aluminum-framed windows.

C. Definitions

1. Performance class designations according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. AW: Architectural.
 - b. HC: Heavy Commercial.
 - c. C: Commercial.
 - d. LC: Light Commercial.
 - e. R: Residential.
2. Performance grade number according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. Design pressure number in pounds force per square foot (pascals) used to determine the structural test pressure and water test pressure.
3. Structural Test Pressure: For uniform load structural test, is equivalent to 150 percent of the design pressure.
4. Minimum Test Size: Smallest size permitted for performance class (gateway test size). Products must be tested at minimum test size or at a size larger than minimum test size to comply with requirements for performance class.

D. Performance Requirements

1. General: Provide aluminum windows capable of complying with performance requirements indicated, based on testing manufacturer's windows that are representative of those specified, and that are of minimum test size indicated below:
 - a. Size required by AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for gateway performance **OR** optional performance grade **OR** gateway performance for both gateway performance and optional performance grade, **as directed**.
 - b. Size indicated on Drawings **OR** in a schedule, **as directed**.
2. Structural Performance: Provide aluminum windows capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads, based on testing units representative of those indicated for Project that pass AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Structural Test:
 - a. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads applicable to Project from basic wind speed indicated in miles per hour (meters per second) at 33 feet (10 m) above grade, according to ASCE 7, Section 6.5, "Method 2-Analytical Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor.
 - 3) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
 - b. Deflection: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length or 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is less, at design pressure based on testing performed according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Deflection Test or structural computations.
3. Windborne-Debris Resistance: Provide glazed windows capable of resisting impact from windborne debris, based on the pass/fail criteria as determined from testing glazed windows identical to those specified, according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 or AAMA 506 and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

4. Thermal Movements: Provide aluminum windows, including anchorage, that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C) material surfaces.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of aluminum window indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, and installation details
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Field quality-control test reports.
6. Product test reports.
7. Maintenance data.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer: A qualified installer, approved by manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Fenestration Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, "North American Fenestration Standard Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors," for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication. Comply with more stringent requirements if indicated.
 - a. Provide AAMA **OR** WDMA, **as directed**, certified aluminum windows with an attached label.
4. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace aluminum windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure to meet performance requirements.
 - 2) Structural failures including excessive deflection, water leakage, air infiltration, or condensation.
 - 3) Faulty operation of movable sash and hardware.
 - 4) Deterioration of metals, other materials, and metal finishes beyond normal weathering.
 - 5) Failure of insulating glass.
 - b. Warranty Period:
 - 1) Window: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 2) Glazing: Five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 3) Metal Finish: Five **OR** 10 **OR** 15, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Extrusions: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum window manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi

- (150-MPa) ultimate tensile strength, not less than 16,000-psi (110-MPa) minimum yield strength, and not less than 0.062-inch (1.6-mm) thickness at any location for the main frame and sash members.
2. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, epoxy adhesive, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with aluminum window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
 - a. Reinforcement: Where fasteners screw anchor into aluminum less than 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) thick, reinforce interior with aluminum or nonmagnetic stainless steel to receive screw threads, or provide standard, noncorrosive, pressed-in, splined grommet nuts.
 - b. Exposed Fasteners: Unless unavoidable for applying hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
 3. Anchors, Clips, and Accessories: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
 4. Reinforcing Members: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 for Type SC 3 severe service conditions, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
 5. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action and for complete concealment when aluminum window is closed.
 - a. Weather-Stripping Material: Elastomeric cellular preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
 - b. Weather-Stripping Material: Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
 - c. Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard system and materials complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
 6. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Provide woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
 - a. Weather Seals: Provide weather stripping with integral barrier fin or fins of semirigid, polypropylene sheet or polypropylene-coated material. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
 7. Replaceable Weather Seals: Comply with AAMA 701/702.
 8. Sealant: For sealants required within fabricated windows, provide window manufacturer's standard, permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating type recommended by sealant manufacturer for joint size and movement.

B. Window

1. Window Type: Casement **OR** Double hung **OR** Dual action **OR** Fixed **OR** Horizontal sliding **OR** Projected **OR** Projected awning **OR** Single hung **OR** Top-hinged inswinging **OR** Vertically pivoted **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
2. AAMA/WDMA Performance Requirements: Provide aluminum windows of performance indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.
 - a. Performance Class and Grade: R15 **OR** R20 **OR** R25, **as directed**.
 - b. Performance Class and Grade: LC25 **OR** LC30 **OR** LC35, **as directed**.
 - c. Performance Class and Grade: C30 **OR** C35 **OR** C40, **as directed**.
 - d. Performance Class and Grade: HC40 **OR** HC45 **OR** HC50, **as directed**.
 - e. Performance Class and Grade: AW40 **OR** AW45 **OR** AW50, **as directed**.
 - f. Performance Class and Grade: As indicated.
 - g. Performance Class (if test performance method is selected for specifying windows and designating a performance class does not conflict with basic wind speed and performance testing indicated): R **OR** LC **OR** C **OR** HC **OR** AW, **as directed**.
3. Condensation-Resistance Factor (CRF): Provide aluminum windows tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503, showing a CRF of 45 **OR** 52, **as directed**.
4. Thermal Transmittance: Provide aluminum windows with a whole-window, U-factor maximum indicated at 15-mph (24-km/h) exterior wind velocity and winter condition temperatures when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** ASTM E 1423 **OR** NFRC 100, **as directed**.

- a. U-Factor: 0.35 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.0 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.40 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.3 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.43 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.5 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.60 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (3.4 W/sq. m x K), **as directed**, or less.
5. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide aluminum windows with a whole-window SHGC maximum of 0.40 **OR** 0.50 **OR** 0.55, **as directed**, determined according to NFRC 200 procedures.
6. Sound Transmission Class (STC): Provide glazed windows rated for not less than 26 **OR** 30 **OR** 35, **as directed**, STC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 413.
7. If test performance method is selected for specifying windows
 - a. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate not more than indicated when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Air Infiltration Test.
 - 1) Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa).
 - 2) Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa).
 - 3) Maximum Rate: 0.1 cfm/sq. ft. (2 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa).
 - b. Water Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Water Resistance Test.
 - 1) Test Pressure: 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (140 Pa) or more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
 - 2) Test Pressure: 20 percent of positive design pressure, but not more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
8. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with Performance Grade 10 **OR** 20 **OR** 30 **OR** 40, **as directed**, requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
9. Life-Cycle Testing: Test according to AAMA 910 and comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
10. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for operating window types indicated.

C. Glazing

1. Glass: Clear, insulating-glass units **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, argon gas filled, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
2. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal. **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal and complies with requirements for windborne-debris resistance **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system as indicated in Division 08 Section "Glazing", **as directed**.
3. Dual-Action Windows: Provide pivoting unit for double glazing, constructed of one sheet of glass in a removable sash for access to interior of unit, installed with airtight gaskets.

D. Hardware

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with aluminum; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock aluminum windows, and sized to accommodate sash or ventilator weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals. Where exposed, provide solid bronze **OR** extruded, cast, or wrought aluminum **OR** die-cast zinc with special coating finish **OR** nonmagnetic stainless steel, **as directed**.
2. Counterbalancing Mechanism: Comply with AAMA 902.
 - a. Sash Balance: Concealed, tape-spring type **OR** spiral-tube type **OR** spring-loaded, block-and-tackle type **OR** ultralift spring type capable of lifting 70 percent of sash weight, **as directed**, of size and capacity to hold sash stationary at any open position.
3. Sill Cap/Track: Extruded-aluminum track with natural anodized finish **OR** Rigid PVC or other weather-resistant plastic track with manufacturer's standard integral color, **as directed**, of

- thickness, dimensions, and profile indicated; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.
4. Locks and Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and operated from the inside only.
 5. Roller Assemblies: Low-friction design.
 6. Push-Bar Operators: Provide telescoping-type, push-bar operator designed to open and close ventilators with fixed screens.
 7. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.
 - a. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and securely close at both jambs without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
 8. Four- or Six-Bar Friction Hinges: Comply with AAMA 904.
 - a. Locking mechanism and handles for manual operation.
 - b. Friction Shoes: Provide friction shoes of nylon or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
 9. Limit Devices: Provide limit devices designed to restrict sash or ventilator opening.
 - a. Safety Devices: Limit clear opening to 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, for ventilation; with custodial key release.
 10. Pole Operators: Tubular-shaped anodized aluminum; with rubber-capped lower end and standard push-pull hook at top to match hardware design; of sufficient length to operate window without reaching more than 60 inches (1500 mm) above floor; 1 pole operator and pole hanger per room that has operable windows more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
 11. Casement Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Operator: Gear-type rotary single-arm operator located on jamb at sill **OR** Gear-type rotary dual-arm operator located on jamb at sill, **as directed**.
 - 1) Rating: Provide rotary operator rated C-R15 **OR** C-C20 **OR** C-HC40, **as directed**, according to AAMA 901.
 - 2) Handle: Standard crank **OR** Folding crank **OR** Removable crank **OR** Knob **OR** T-handle, **as directed**.
 - b. Hinge: Extension hinge or pivot, nonfriction type.
 - c. Hinge: Heavy-duty, three **OR** five, **as directed**,-knuckle butt hinge with nylon bushings.
 - d. Hinge: Standard **OR** Heavy, **as directed**,-duty, concealed, four- or six-bar friction hinge with adjustable-slide friction shoe; designed to permit ventilator operation for inside cleaning of outside glass face; two per ventilator.
 - e. Hinge: Standard **OR** Heavy, **as directed**,-duty, concealed, four- or six-bar friction egress hinge with adjustable-slide friction shoe; designed to achieve 90-degree ventilator opening and to permit ventilator operation for inside cleaning of outside glass face; two per ventilator.
 - f. Lock: Lift-type throw, cam-action lock with keeper; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - g. Lock: Combination lever handle and cam-action lock with keeper; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - h. Lock: Combination dual lever handles, tie rod, and cam-action lock with keepers.
 - i. Lock: Key-operated custodial lock and keeper with removable handle; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - j. Lock: Concealed multipoint lock operated by single lever handle or lift-type throw; three per ventilator.
 - k. Limit Device: Concealed friction adjustor, adjustable stay bar **OR** support arms with adjustable, limited, hold-open, **as directed**, limit device.
 12. Double **OR** Single, **as directed**, -Hung Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Sash Balances: Two per sash.
 - b. Handles: Applied sash lift bar **OR** pull-downs, **as directed**, on bottom rail of forward-placed operating sash; two per sash.
 - c. Handle: Continuous, integral, sash lift bar **OR** pull-down, **as directed**, on bottom rail of forward-placed operating sash.
 - d. Sash Lock: Cam-action sweep lock and keeper on meeting rail; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per sash.
 - e. Sash Lock: Spring-loaded, snap-type lock on bottom rail of lower sash; two per sash.

- f. Sash Lock: Spring-loaded plunger lock with keeper on meeting rail of lower sash; two per sash.
 - g. Sash Lock: Pole-operated, cam-action lock on meeting rail of windows with meeting rail more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor; with keeper.
 - h. Pole Socket: Provide a pole socket or groove on inside face of top rail of upper **OR** lower, **as directed**, sash on windows with meeting rails more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
 - i. Limit Device: Sash stop **OR** Keyed sash, **as directed**, limit device; for top **OR** bottom **OR** each operable, **as directed**, sash located at jamb; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per sash.
 - j. Removable Lift-Out Sash: Design windows and provide with tamperproof, key-operated, **as directed**, hardware to permit removal of sash from inside for cleaning.
 - k. Tilt Lock: Design windows and provide with tamperproof, key-operated, **as directed**, tilt latch and pivot bar hardware to permit tilting of sash inward for cleaning both sides of sash from interior.
13. Dual-Action Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
- a. Operator: Two-position, combination lever handle and cam-type latch.
 - b. Operator: Concealed, internal, multipoint locking bar and combination locking handle mechanism.
 - c. Hinge: Combination three-knuckle **OR** five-knuckle butt, **as directed**, hinge and stay bar.
 - d. Lock: Key-operated, concealed **OR** exposed, **as directed**, custodial lock.
 - e. Stabilizing Arm: Aluminum.
14. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
- a. Sash Rollers: Nylon rollers **OR** Steel, lubricated ball-bearing rollers with nylon tires **OR** Stainless-steel, lubricated ball-bearing rollers with nylon tires, **as directed**.
 - b. Sash Lock: Cam-action sweep sash lock and keeper at meeting rails.
 - c. Sash Lock: Spring-loaded, snap-type lock at jambs; two per sash.
 - d. Sash Lock: Spring-loaded plunger lock with keeper on meeting rail; two per sash.
 - e. Limit Device: Sash stop limit device; mounted in bottom of pull stile.
 - f. Removable Lift-Out Sash: Design windows and provide with tamperproof, key-operated, **as directed**, hardware to permit removal of sash from inside for cleaning.
15. Projected Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
- a. Operator: Underscreen push-bar **OR** Underscreen pivot-shoe-type, gear-type rotary operator, **as directed**.
 - b. Hinge: Five-knuckle butt hinge.
 - c. Hinge: Concealed four- or six-bar friction hinge with adjustable-slide friction shoe; two per ventilator.
 - d. Lock: Cam-action, sweep lock handle with strike; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - e. Lock: Combination lever handle and cam-action lock with concealed pawl and keeper.
 - f. Lock: Key-operated security lock and keeper.
 - g. Lock: Key-operated custodial lock and keeper with removable handle.
 - h. Lock: Pole-operated, spring-catch lock and keeper **OR** cam-action, sweep lock handle and strike, **as directed**.
 - i. Limit Device: Concealed friction adjuster, adjustable stay bar **OR** support arms with adjustable, limited, hold-open, **as directed**, limit device; located on jamb of each ventilator.
16. Projected Awning Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
- a. Operator: Push-bar **OR** Lever **OR** Gear-type rotary, **as directed**, operator located on jamb at sill.
 - 1) Handle: Standard crank **OR** Folding crank **OR** Removable crank **OR** Knob **OR** T-handle, **as directed**.
 - b. Window-Operating System: Wall-mounted, group or gang-type window operating system with chain-wheel **OR** rotary crank-type **OR** electric, **as directed**, operator.
 - c. Hinge: Concealed four- or six-bar friction hinge located on each jamb near top rail; two per ventilator.
 - d. Lock: Lift-type throw, cam-action lock with keeper; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - e. Lock: Combination lever handle and cam-action lock with concealed pawl and keeper; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per ventilator.

- f. Lock: Pole-operated, combination handle and cam-action lock **OR** face-mounted transom latch, **as directed**, and keeper.
- g. Lock: Key-operated custodial lock with removable handle.
- h. Limit Device: Concealed friction adjustor, adjustable stay bar **OR** support arms with adjustable, limited, hold-open, **as directed**, limit device; located on jamb of each ventilator.
- 17. Top-Hinged Inswinging Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Hinge: Exposed, applied butt hinge located at corners; two **OR** three, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - b. Hinge: Exposed, applied continuous hinge.
 - c. Hinge: Concealed, applied pivot hinge located at corners; two **OR** three, **as directed**, per ventilator.
 - d. Hinge: Continuous, integrally extruded hinge.
 - e. Hinge: Four- or six-bar friction hinge with adjustable-slide friction shoe; two per ventilator.
 - f. Lock: Internal, key-operated, limited-access locks located not more than 48 inches (1220 mm) o.c. at jambs and sill.
 - g. Hold-Open Device: Automatic-locking hold-open arms **OR** stay bars, **as directed**;; designed to permit sash operation for inside cleaning of outside glass face; two per ventilator.
- 18. Vertically Pivoted Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Pivot Assembly: Aluminum-alloy **OR** Manganese-bronze **OR** Stainless-steel, **as directed**, pivot assembly designed for center **OR** off-center, **as directed**, axis pivoting.
 - b. Lock: Internal, key-operated, limited-access lock; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per jamb.
 - c. Limit device.
- E. Group Or Gang-Type Window Operating Systems
 - 1. Provide window operating system of the type and in groups as indicated. Coordinate operating system design with window fabrication and hardware selection to ensure smooth, durable operation of ventilators.
 - 2. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and securely close at sash frames without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
 - 3. Rack-and-Pinion **OR** Screw, **as directed**, -Type Operating System: Complete with shafts, brackets, levers, rods, oil-encased gear boxes, and standard fittings and accessories for operation indicated.
 - 4. Horizontal-Movement Operating System: Tension type; complete with mounting brackets, oil-encased gear boxes, steel rod or cable operating in conduit between sash operator units, and standard fittings and accessories for operation indicated.
 - 5. Operation: Manual, with chain-wheel operator on each gear box shaft; with chain loops terminated 24 inches (600 mm) above floor.
 - 6. Operation: Manual, with crank-type operator on each gear box shaft, with removable crank. Where necessary, extend crankshaft with universal joints and support brackets to a suitable crank-mounting location not more than 44 inches (1115 mm) above floor, with an oil-encased miter gear box.
 - 7. Operation: Electric, with factory-assembled electric operator designed for operating windows of type, size, weight, construction, use, and operating frequency indicated.
 - a. Electric Operator: Provide operating system complying with NFPA 70; of size and capacity and with features, characteristics, and accessories suitable for Project conditions, recommended in writing by window manufacturer; complete with operating system indicated, electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls with limit switches, remote-remote-control stations, power disconnect switches, enclosures protecting controls and all operating parts, and accessories required for reliable operation. Include wiring from motor controls to motor. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
 - 1) Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6.
 - 2) Electric Motor: Comply with NEMA MG 1; with thermal-overload protection; sized to start and operate size and weight of window sash ventilators under any conditions; one per each gear box shaft.
 - a) Motor Characteristics: Single phase, sized by electric operator manufacturer, 60 Hz.

- 3) Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure and momentary-contact, single push-button-operated control **OR** three-position, push-button-operated control with open, close, and stop functions, **as directed**.
- 4) Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop sash ventilators at fully opened and fully closed positions.

F. Insect Screens

1. General: Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with window frame. Locate screens on inside **OR** outside, **as directed**, of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
 - a. Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens: Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," Residential R-20 **OR** Architectural C-24 **OR** Monumental M-32, **as directed**, class.
 - b. Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," for minimum standards of appearance, fabrication, attachment of screen fabric, hardware, and accessories unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
2. Stainless-Steel Insect Screen Frames: Fabricate frames of nonmagnetic stainless-steel members of 0.020-inch (0.5-mm) minimum wall thickness, with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame. Finish frames with No. 2B, bright mill finish.
3. Aluminum Insect Screen Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, **as directed**, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.
 - a. Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet with minimum wall thickness as required for class indicated.
 - b. Extruded-Aluminum or Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Not less than 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.050-inch (1.3-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness.
 - c. Finish: Match aluminum window members.
 - d. Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in manufacturer's standard color.
 - e. Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in color selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - f. Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
4. Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.4-mm) or 18-by-16 (1.0-by-1.1-mm) **OR** 20-by-20 (0.85-by-0.85-mm) or 20-by-30 (0.85-by-0.42-mm), **as directed**, mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration; in the following color. Comply with ASTM D 3656.
 - a. Mesh Color: Charcoal gray **OR** Silver gray **OR** Aquamarine, **as directed**.
5. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 (1.1-by-1.3-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 - a. Wire-Fabric Finish: Natural bright **OR** Charcoal gray **OR** Black, **as directed**.
6. Copper Wire Fabric: 16-by-16 (1.3-by-1.3-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter copper wire.
7. Bronze Wire Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.2-by-1.6-mm) mesh of 0.009-inch- (0.23-mm-) **OR** 18-by-14 (1.13-by-1.5-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-), **as directed**, diameter bronze wire with a clear varnish finish.
8. Stainless-Steel Wire Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.2-by-1.6-mm) mesh of 0.009-inch- (0.23-mm-) **OR** 18-by-16 (1.2-by-1.4-mm) mesh of 0.009-inch- (0.23-mm-) **OR** 18-by-16 (1.13-by-1.3-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, nonmagnetic stainless-steel wire, Type 304 or 316, complying with FS RR-W-365, Type VI.
9. Solar-Screening Mesh Fabric: 17-by-15 (0.86-by-1.1-mm) **OR** 40-by-40 (0.3-by-0.3-mm), **as directed**, mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration. Comply with ASTM D 3656.

10. Wickets: Provide sliding **OR** hinged, **as directed**, wickets, framed and trimmed for a tight fit and for durability during handling.

G. Accessories

1. Integral Ventilating System/Device: Where indicated, provide weather-stripped, adjustable, horizontal fresh-air vent, with a free airflow slot, full width of window sash by approximately 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 3 inches (75 mm), **as directed**, when open, complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS. Equip vent bar with an integral insect screen, removable for cleaning.
2. Window Cleaner Anchor Bolts: Provide window cleaner anchor bolts of standard design, complying with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Fabricate bolts of nonmagnetic stainless steel.
 - a. Reinforce window units or mullions to receive bolts and provide additional anchorage of units at bolt locations.
3. Integral Louver Blinds: Provide remotely operated horizontal louver blinds in the space between two panes of glass. Construct blinds of aluminum slats, approximately 1 inch (25 mm) wide, with polyester fiber cords, equipped for tilting, raising, and lowering by standard operating hardware located on inside face of sash.
4. Exterior Louver Units: Manually adjustable, extruded-aluminum, solar-shade louver units; of type recommended by manufacturer for application over operable or fixed windows. Provide main extrusion members of 0.062-inch (1.6-mm) minimum wall thickness.
 - a. Operator: Crank-type gang operator, operable from inside building, designed to rotate louver blades simultaneously at least 80 degrees and to lock units in closed position; one operator per each louver unit. Form unit framing or mounting without interfering with insect screens.

H. Fabrication

1. Fabricate aluminum windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.
2. Fabricate aluminum windows that are reglazable without dismantling sash or ventilator framing.
3. Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate aluminum windows with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier; located between exterior materials and window members exposed on interior side; in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
 - a. Provide thermal-break construction that has been in use for not less than three years and has been tested to demonstrate resistance to thermal conductance and condensation and to show adequate strength and security of glass retention.
 - b. Provide thermal barriers tested according to AAMA 505; determine the allowable design shear flow per the appendix in AAMA 505.
 - c. Provide hardware with low conductivity or nonmetallic material for hardware bridging thermal breaks at frame or vent sash.
4. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash and ventilator.
 - a. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide operable sash with a double row of sliding weather stripping in horizontal rails and single- or double-row weather stripping in meeting or jamb stiles, as required to meet specified performance requirements. Provide compression-type weather stripping at perimeter of each movable panel where sliding-type weather stripping is not appropriate.
 - b. Vertically Pivoted Windows: Provide double-row weather stripping.
5. Weep Holes: Provide weep holes and internal passages to conduct infiltrating water to exterior.
6. Provide water-shed members above side-hinged ventilators and similar lines of natural water penetration.
7. Mullions: Provide mullions and cover plates as shown, matching window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design loads of window units.
8. Subframes: Provide subframes with anchors for window units as shown, of profile and dimensions indicated but not less than 0.062-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick extruded aluminum. Miter or

cope corners, and weld and dress smooth with concealed mechanical joint fasteners. Finish to match window units. Provide subframes capable of withstanding design loads of window units.

9. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze aluminum windows in the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
10. Glazing Stops: Provide snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.

I. Finishes, General

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
3. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

J. Aluminum Finishes

1. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
2. Class II, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A31 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
3. Class I, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
4. Class II, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A32/A34 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
5. Class I, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
6. Baked-Enamel Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below). Apply baked enamel complying with paint manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and painting.
 - a. Organic Coating: Thermosetting, modified-acrylic or polyester enamel primer/topcoat system complying with AAMA 2603, except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm), medium gloss.
 - b. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
7. High-Performance Organic Finish (2-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coating; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
8. High-Performance Organic Finish (3-Coat Fluoropolymer): AA-C12C40R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: conversion coatings; Organic Coating: manufacturer's standard 3-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive

primer, fluoropolymer color coat, and clear fluoropolymer topcoat, with both color coat and clear topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with AAMA 2605 and with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

- a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

- 1. Comply with Drawings, Shop Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components.
- 2. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.
- 3. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.
- 4. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.
- 5. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.
- 6. Connect automatic operators to building electrical system.

B. Field Quality Control

- 1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - a. Testing and inspecting agency will interpret tests and state in each report whether tested work complies with or deviates from requirements.
- 2. Testing Services: Testing and inspecting of installed windows shall take place as follows:
 - a. Testing Methodology: Testing of windows for air infiltration and water resistance shall be performed according to AAMA 502, Test Method A **OR** B, **as directed**, by applying same test pressures required to determine compliance with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
 - b. Testing Extent: Three windows as selected by the Owner and a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency. Windows shall be tested immediately after installation.
 - c. Test Reports: Shall be prepared according to AAMA 502.
- 3. Remove and replace noncomplying aluminum window and retest as specified above.
- 4. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

C. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection

- 1. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, operators, **as directed**, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
- 2. Clean aluminum surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
- 3. Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- 4. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
- 5. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. In addition, monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior concrete and masonry surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

END OF SECTION 08 51 13 00

SECTION 08 51 13 00a - ALUMINUM REPLACEMENT WINDOWS

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for aluminum replacement windows. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

GENERAL

Definitions

1. Window Types: ANSI/AAMA 101.
 - a. Horizontal Slider (HS): Primary horizontally operating window.
 - b. Single Hung (SH): Primary vertically operating window with only one operable sash.
 - c. Double Hung (DH): Primary vertically operating window with two operable sashes.
 - d. Thermally Improved: Primary window with thermal break between interior and exterior metal surfaces both at frame and sash or panel members.
 - 1) Single Window Construction: Provide insulating glass.
 - 2) Thermally improved aluminum windows may use members with thermal breaks or be of dual window construction (i.e.. primary-secondary (storm) or primary-primary).
 - e. Dual Window Construction (DW):
 - 1) Primary-Secondary: Primary window with either interior or exterior secondary (storm) window.
 - 2) Primary-Primary: Combination of two primary windows employing common frame.
2. Type of Stainless Steel Screens (Frames and Screening): Medium, and Heavy Types: As defined by and comply with requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001.
3. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by the Owner.

System Description

4. Performance Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Aluminum Replacement Windows: HUD UM 39a.
 - b. Aluminum Replacement Windows: ANSI/AAMA 101 (Including test size requirements):
 - 1) Horizontal Sliding Windows: HS C35.
 - a) Water Resistance: ASTM E 547, no leakage at 251.4 Pa (5.25 PSF) test pressure.
 - 2) Single Hung and Double Hung Windows: DH C35.
 - a) Water Resistance: ASTM E 547, no leakage at 251.4 Pa (5.25 PSF) test pressure.
 - 3) Single Hung and Double Hung Windows: DH C45.
 - a) Water Resistance: ASTM E 547, no leakage at 323.4 Pa (6.75 PSF) test pressure.
 - 4) Air Infiltration: ASTM E 283, Not exceed 0.049 cu m/s/mm (0.34 CFM/ft) of crack length of operable sash at 75 Pa (1.57 PSF) test pressure.
 - 5) Dual Window Construction: DW.
 - c. Aluminum Replacement Windows: ASTM F 588, Annex AI, forced entry resistance performance level 10.
 - d. Thermally Improved Windows: AAMA 1504:
 - 1) Thermal Transmittance (U-Value): Maximum U70, 3.97 W/sq. m C (0.70 BTU/HR.FT.F) if not otherwise scheduled.

- 2) Condensation Resistance Factor (CRF): Minimum CRF C50 if not otherwise scheduled.
- e. Sealed Insulating Glass: Tested and certified in accordance with HUD UM 82 complying with ASTM E 774, Class C.

Submittals

5. Product Data:
6. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Include window elevations, installation details, anchorage details, clearance between frame and rough opening, hardware, glazing, and accessories.
7. Samples: Submit full set of finish color samples for color selection.
 - a. For Supply and Deliver Only Contract: Submit one full size sample of each type of aluminum replacement window with specified finish for acceptance. Include sample of trickle ventilator.
8. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written third party certification that aluminum windows meet or exceed HUD UM 39a, HUD 82, and ANSI/AAMA 101 and other specified requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
9. Closeout Submittals
 - a. Operation and maintenance data.
 - b. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

10. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - b. Egress Requirements: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
 - c. Provide emergency egress, single point locking release, and bit key lock fire entry from exterior as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - d. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).
11. Certifications: Comply with HUD UM 39a, HUD UM 82, ANSI Z34.1 and HUD 24 CFR 200.935.
12. Mock-ups: For Supply and Install Contract: Install one full size mock-up of each type of aluminum replacement window with specified finish for acceptance.
 - a. Location
 - b. Approved Mock-up: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-up: May remain part of completed project.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

13. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
 - a. Aluminum Replacement Windows: Label in accordance with HUD UM 39a attached signifying compliance with ANSI/AAMA 101 performance requirements.
 - b. Thermally Improved Windows: Label in accordance with HUD UM 39a attached signifying compliance with specified AAMA 1504 performance requirements.
14. Acceptance at Site: Inspect aluminum replacement windows upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
15. Storage and Protection: Store aluminum replacement windows in manner to protect from weather and other damage.

Project Conditions

16. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for aluminum replacement windows before start of fabrication.

Scheduling And Sequencing

17. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

Warranty

18. Special Warranty: Provide one year written covering materials and installation for aluminum replacement windows.
 - a. Warranty: Include coverage of inserts, hardware, and latches.
 - 1) Screening and glazing not included.
 - 2) Defects resulting from vandalism not included.
 - b. For Supply and Delivery Only Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to the Owner, free of charge, any required replacement parts that can be readily installed by the Owner without special tools.
 - 2) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver free of charge, complete replacement window, when defective part or parts cannot be installed without use of special tools.
 - c. For Supply and Install Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and install, free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement window.

PRODUCTS

Aluminum Replacement Windows

19. General: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled with necessary hardware, anchors and equipment.

Materials

20. Aluminum Materials:
 - a. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063-T5 or stronger.
 - b. Aluminum Alloys: Commercial quality and of proper alloy for window construction, free from defects impairing strength and/or durability.
 - 1) Wrought Aluminum Alloys: Alloying Elements: ANSI/AAMA 101.
 - c. Window Members, Including Muntins: Aluminum except as allowed by ANSI/AAMA 101.
 - 1) Sill Members: Minimum 2.0 mm (0.078 inch) thick.
 - d. Interlocks and mating fins may vary by tapering at maximum projected distance of 8 mm (5/16 inch) from edge.
 - 1) Other appendages may taper providing design results in net area of at least that calculated by using prescribed wall thickness for appendage length.
 - e. Edge or Corner: May be eased with radius not to exceed wall thickness permitted for member.
 - f. Glazing Legs, Channels or Glazing Bead Retainers, Serrated or Not: Minimum 1.3 mm (0.050 inch) thick for distance of not more than 13 mm (1/2 inch) each leg.
21. Other Metal Materials:
 - a. Carbon Steel (reinforcing members): ASTM A 36, zinc coated in accordance with ASTM B 633 or cadmium coated in accordance with ASTM B 766.
 - b. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167, Type 302.
 - c. Welding Filler Rods: AWS A5.3.
22. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - a. Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type 1, Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - b. Tempered Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type 1, Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - c. Plastic: Extruded polycarbonate clear sheets, minimum 4.5 mm (0.177 inch) thick with following characteristics:
 - 1) Impact Resistance: ASTM D 256, Method A, 12-18 foot-pound per inch.
 - 2) Elongation/Modulus of Elasticity: ASTM D 638, 110 percent maximum/340,000 PSI.
 - 3) Heat Deflection: ASTM D 648, 132.2 degrees C (270 degrees F) at 264 PSI.

- 4) Abrasion Resistance: Coated on both surfaces to produce abrasion resistance of 3-19 percent maximum haze increase for 500 revolutions of CS-1 OF wheel per ASTM D 1044.
- d. Insulating Glass Units: HUD UM 82 and ASTM E 774, Class CBA.
- e. Glass Thickness: Determined in accordance with ANSI/AAMA 101 Appendix, minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) (DS).
 - 1) Design Wind Pressures: Determined in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.
- f. Glass: Labeled to show name of manufacturer and type.
23. Glazing Materials: Particularly suited for use with aluminum and not require painting.
 - a. Make adequate provisions for use of glazing compound, if applicable.
 - b. Remove material from glazing surfaces to which glazing compound will not readily adhere.
 - c. Windows: May be either factory or field glazed by either channel-type gaskets or back-bedding materials.
 - d. Glazing Clips: Not required when face stops are used.
24. Glazing Beads or Retainers: Material compatible with aluminum, and 6 required to retain glass, of sufficient strength and fixation to serve this purpose.
 - a. Thickness of Glazing Beads: Optional except as otherwise specified.
25. Screens: Provide windows with screens as indicated, specified, or scheduled in manufacturer's standard approved design, applicable to specific aluminum windows.
 - a. Screen Frames: Extruded aluminum frames of suitable alloy and of sufficient rigidity, crossbraces, as required, to lie flat against window and to prevent excessive bow in frame members and sag in screening.
 - 1) Frame Corners: Firmly joined in secure and rigid manner.
 - 2) Screen Spline: Aluminum or a material compatible with aluminum.
 - b. Screening: One of following as indicated, specified, or scheduled:
 - 1) Vinyl Coated Fibrous Glass Yam: ASTM D 3656, Class 1, 18 by 16 mesh, 0.29 mm (0.0115 inch) diameter yam.
 - 2) Polyvinylidene Chloride or Polypropylene Filament: FS L-S-12513, Type I or III, Class 1 or 2, 18 by 18 mesh, 0.31 mm (0.012 inch) or 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) diameter filament.
 - 3) Aluminum: FS RR-W-365, Type VII, 18 x 16 or 18 by 18 regular, 0.28 mm (0.011 inch) diameter wire.
 - 4) Stainless Steel: Type 304 stainless steel:
 - a) Medium: ANSI/SMA 6001 Medium Type, 12 x 12 mesh 0.58 mm (0.023 inch) diameter wire.
 - b) Heavy: ANSI/SMA 6001 Heavy Type, 12 x 12 mesh 0.71 mm (0.028 inch) diameter wire, high tensile strength.
 - c) Screen Frames: ANSI/SMA 6001 performance requirements, minimum 1.6 mm (0.062 inch) aluminum extruded 6063-T5 alloy designed to accept stainless steel wire cloth.
 - d) Emergency Egress Windows: Design screen to be opened from interior only (to allow for egress to exterior).
 - c. Screening: Fastened to frame in manner to permit replacement of screening.
 - d. Screens: Provide with fastening devices, suited particularly for application to specific window made of aluminum or materials compatible with aluminum and of sufficient strength to perform satisfactorily.
 - e. Assembled Screen with Insect Screening and Spline in Place: Outside dimension as measured from midpoint of opposite framing members shall not vary more than 4.8 mm (3/16 Inch) from outside dimension as measured at extreme ends of framing members.
 - f. Screens: Comply with applicable fire codes for egress and fireman access.
 - 1) Provide single point release as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - 2) Provide bit key lock fire entry from exterior if required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - g. Window Screens: Include warning label indicating that screen will not stop child from falling out of window in accordance with SMA 7001.

Accessories

26. Hardware: Designed to perform functions for which it is intended and securely attached to window.
27. Thermal Break Material: Urethane, PVC, ISP, vinyl, or other material suitable for application that is compatible with aluminum.
28. Fasteners: Comply with ANSI/AAMA 101.
29. Panning and Receptor Systems: Extruded aluminum designed to fit existing openings, to receive windows, and to withstand wind forces as required by applicable codes and regulation.
 - a. Exterior Trim System: Designed to withstand expansion/contraction forces of trim material.
 - b. Interior Snap Trim: Provide manufacturer's standard interior trim package.
 - c. Extruded Aluminum Minimum Thickness: 1.57 mm (0.062 inches).
30. Thermal Insulation: Unfaced fiberglass batt insulation in accordance with ASTM C 665, Type 1.
 - a. Vapor Barrier: ASTM D 4397, 4 mil polyethylene sheeting with pressure sensitive adhesive sealing tape.
31. Joint Sealants:
 - a. Exterior Joint Sealant: AAMA 800, Type 808.3 Exterior Perimeter Sealing Compound.
 - b. Back-up Material: Standard preformed and precompressed foam material, round rod or semi-circular type, permanently elastic, mildew resistant, nonmigratory, nonstaining, and compatible with joint substrates and with sealant.
 - 1) Materials impregnated with oil, solvents, or bituminous materials not allowed.
 - 2) Provide type as recommended by sealant manufacturer for particular installation.
 - 3) Material: Neoprene, butyl, polyurethane, vinyl, or polyethylene rod.
 - c. Interior Joint Sealant: ASTM C 834, latex acrylic.

Fabrication

32. Windows: Assembled in secure manner to perform as specified and to provide neat, weather tight construction.
 - a. Make permanent watertight joints at junctions of sill and jamb members.
 - b. Joint Sealant at Mechanically Fixed Joints: AAMA 800, Type 803.3.
 - c. Welding or Brazing Flux: Completely removed immediately upon completion of welding or brazing operation.
33. Mullions and Structural Members: Mullion (whether joined by integral mullions, independent mullions, or by combination of frame members): Capable of withstanding load outlined under Uniform Load in ANSI/AAMA 101, Section 2 without deflecting more than 1/175th of its span.
34. Fin Trim or Installation Fins: Aluminum or other suitable material compatible with aluminum and of sufficient strength and thickness to assure satisfactory installation.
 - a. Nailing grooves and/or break off score lines in extrusions are acceptable.
 - b. Applied fins or fin trim may be assembled to windows by interlocking with frame members or with fasteners located not over 400 mm (16 inches) OC.
35. Thermally Improved Windows: Single window construction with thermal breaks and insulating glass units or dual window construction.
 - a. Thermal Break in Two Frame or One Frame Windows: Not bridged by any screws, fasteners, panning, etc., that would allow excessive heat transfer through window frame.
 - b. Do not make structural connection in loading bearing member into thermal break material.
36. Sills: Provide weep holes in sill of glazing pocket to provide means for water to flow to exterior.
37. Trickle Ventilators: Type which fits within glazing channels of sash frame, and contains gasketed channel to accept sealed insulating glass used in window sash.
 - a. Ventilator: Installed in top rail of upper sash, accurately sized to extend full width of sash, properly fit sash, and sash frame above and insulating glass below.
 - b. Ventilator: Consist of two piece aluminum housing connected by, and separated by, PVC extrusion forming thermal break.
 - c. Gasketed Shutter: Operate Internal flap to open and close ventilator.
 - d. Unit: Complete with fly-screen.
 - e. Color: Selected from manufacturers standard colors.
38. Secondary Windows (Storm Windows): Comply with Division 8 Section "Aluminum Storm Windows."
39. Windows: Comply with applicable fire codes for egress.

Finishes

40. Finish:
- a. Aluminum: Provide one of following finishes as specified or scheduled:
 - 1) Pigmented Organic Coating: Factory applied pigmented organic coating, AAMA 603.8.
 - a) Color: As selected from manufacturers standard colors.
 - 2) High Performance Organic Coating: Factory applied pigmented organic coating, AAMA 605.2.
 - a) Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - 3) Color Anodized: Factory applied anodic coating, AAMA 608.1, Class 1.
 - a) Color: As scheduled.
 - 4) Clear Anodized: Factory applied anodic coating, AAMA 607.1, Class 1.
 - b. Exposed Surfaces of Aluminum Members: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - c. Dress and finish exposed welded joints.
41. Protective Coatings:
- a. Steel Subframes: Insulate surfaces of steel from direct contact with aluminum surfaces by heavy coat or alkali-resistant bituminous paint or zinc-chromate prime coat, or other coating suitable for this purpose.
 - b. Wood Subframes: Properly treat with preservative which will not promote corrosion of aluminum.
 - c. Steel or Wood Subframes: Do not leave exposed on exterior of building.

Source Quality Control

42. Fabrication Tolerances: Wall Thickness, Cross-sectional Size and Overall Size: In accordance with ANSI/AAMA 101.
43. Testing: Performed under Third Party Administrator who is in compliance with HUD UM 39a, ANSI Z34.1, and HUD 24 CFR 200.935.

EXECUTION

Examination

44. Site Verification of Conditions:
- a. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - b. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
 - c. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

Preparation

45. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
- a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Adequately enclose and protect against weather any interior space where installation is incomplete at end of working day.
 - c. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
46. Existing Windows: Remove existing windows and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
47. Preparation: Prepare openings and existing frames in accordance with ASTM E 737.
- a. Existing Window Jambs: Prepare as necessary to provide for straight, plumb, level, tight and aesthetically appealing installation of new windows.
 - b. Preparatory Work: Include, but not limited to repair of jambs, filling holes and/or dents, removing peeling and scaling paint, etc.

Installation

48. General: Install In accordance with ASTM E 737 except as modified by ANSI/AAMA 101 Appendix, manufacturer's recommendations, Reference Standards, and approved Shop Drawings.

- a. Securely fasten windows in place to straight, plumb and level condition, without distortion of window or window frame, and make final adjustments for proper operation and satisfactory weatherstrip contact and seal.
 - b. Make proper allowance for expansion/contraction movement of aluminum.
 - c. Panning and Receptor Systems: Install to ensure watertight seal at joints with existing opening and with new replacement window.
 - 1) Thermal Insulation: Fill voids in panning system with thermal insulation.
 - 2) Vapor Barrier: Apply vapor barrier on inside between panning and existing opening. Seal laps and terminations with pressure sensitive tape.
 - d. Comply with applicable codes and regulations regarding egress requirements and fireman entry.
49. Joint Sealants: Apply in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
- a. Surfaces to be Sealed: Clean, dry and free of any foreign matter that would degrade adhesion. Remove existing caulking and joint sealants from areas to receive new joint sealant.
 - b. Prime cleaned surfaces in accordance with sealant manufacturer's recommendations.
 - c. Protect surfaces adjacent to joints by masking tape before applying sealant. Remove tape upon finishing sealing work.
 - d. Seal joints between perimeter of window frame and underlying or surrounding construction at
 - e. Exterior and interior with joint sealant to accomplish weather-tight installation. Maximum Width of Sealed Joint: 13 mm (1/2 inch).
50. Dissimilar Materials: Isolate materials from incompatible materials as necessary to prevent deterioration and galvanic action.
- a. Separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint, suitable sealant, nonabsorptive plastic or elastomeric tape. or gasket between surfaces.
 - b. Coat aluminum in direct contact with concrete, masonry, steel, or other non-compatible materials with bituminous paint, zinc chromate primer, or other suitable insulating material.

Field Quality Control

51. Owners Field Testing: the Owner may have field testing of windows conducted by its own testing agency in accordance with AAMA 502.
- a. Tests: May include, but not limited to:
 - 1) Field Testing (Hose Test) for Water Leakage: AAMA 501.2.
 - 2) Field Testing (Air Pressure Difference) for Water Leakage: AAMA 502, Test Method B.
 - a) Field Testing for Air Leakage: ASTM E 783.
 - b) Field Testing for Water Determination: ASTM E 1105.
 - b. Test Pressures: Comply with specified performance requirements.
 - c. Contractor: Provide incidental labor facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.
 - d. Costs of Testing:
 - 1) By the Owner: Successful initial tests.
 - 2) By Contractor: Initial tests with failures and subsequent tests as required because of test failures. Costs shall include costs of the Owner and other consultants for observations of tests and corrective work.
 - e. Corrective Measures: Meet standards of quality of specified window and subject to acceptance of the Owner.

Adjusting And Cleaning

52. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust, and lubricate hardware as required and leave windows and hardware in proper operating condition.
53. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
- a. Clean windows after installation is completed to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Surfaces: Touch-up with rust inhibitor primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.

Protection

54. Installed Work: Protect windows from damage after installation.

END OF SECTION 08 51 13 00a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 51 19 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 08 51 23 00 - STEEL WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for steel windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Steel windows from hot-rolled sections.
 - b. Steel windows from cold-formed steel members.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Provide steel windows capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated, based on testing windows that are representative of those specified according to ASTM E 330 or structural calculations:
 - a. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor.
 - 3) Exposure Category: B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
 - b. Deflection Limits: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length or 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is less, at design pressures.
2. Windborne-Debris Resistance: Provide glazed steel windows capable of resisting impact from windborne debris, based on the pass/fail criteria as determined from testing glazed steel windows identical to those specified, according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Condensation-Resistance: Provide steel windows with a CRF when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** CR determined according to NFRC 500, **as directed**, of 36 **OR** 40, **as directed**, minimum.
4. Thermal Transmittance: Provide steel windows with the maximum whole-fenestration product U-factor indicated, when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** determined according to ASTM E 1423 **OR** determined according to NFRC 100, **as directed**.
 - a. U-Factor: 0.49 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F **OR** 2.8 W/sq. m x K, **as directed**.
5. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide steel windows with a maximum whole-fenestration product SHGC of 0.40 **OR** 0.55, **as directed**, determined according to NFRC 200.
6. Air Infiltration for Weather-Stripped Ventilators: Not more than 0.37 cfm/ft. (0.18 L/s per m) of ventilator crack length at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (298 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
7. Air Infiltration for Non-Weather-Stripped Ventilators: Not more than 1.0 cfm/ft. (0.47 L/s per m) of ventilator crack length at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
8. Water Penetration: No leakage for 15 minutes when window is subjected to a rate of flow of 5 gal./h per sq. ft. (0.05 L/s per sq. m) with a differential pressure across the window of 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa) **OR** 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (298 Pa), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM E 331.
9. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with Performance Grade 10 requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
10. Crack Tolerances: Test each type and size of required window unit, with ventilators closed and locked, for compliance with the following tolerances:

- a. Casement Windows: It shall not be possible to freely insert a steel feeler gage 2 inches (51 mm) wide by 0.020 inch (0.5 mm) thick between more than 40 percent of the inside metal-to-metal contacts between frames and ventilators without forcing.
 - b. Projected Windows: It shall not be possible to freely insert a steel feeler gage 2 inches (51 mm) wide by 0.031 inch (0.8 mm) thick between the inside metal-to-metal contacts between frames and ventilators without forcing, or to freely insert a steel feeler gage 2 inches (51 mm) wide by 0.020 inch (0.5 mm) thick between more than 40 percent of such contacts between frames and ventilators without forcing.
11. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Provide products with an average recycled content of steel products so postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, fabrication methods, dimensions of individual components and profiles, hardware, finishes, and operating instructions.
 - a. Motors: Show nameplate data, ratings, characteristics, and mounting arrangements.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
3. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, installation details, and the following:
 - a. Mullion details including reinforcement and stiffeners.
 - b. Joinery details.
 - c. Expansion provisions.
 - d. Flashing and drainage details.
 - e. Weather-stripping details.
 - f. Glazing details.
 - g. Window-cleaning provisions.
 - h. Window System Operators: Show locations and details for installing operator components, switches, and controls. Indicate motor size, electrical characteristics, drive arrangement, mounting, and grounding provisions.
 - i. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
 - j. Accessories.
4. Samples: For steel windows and components required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
 - a. Main Framing Member: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long, full-sized sections, with glazing bead, weather stripping and factory-applied color finish.
 - b. Hardware: Full-size units with factory-applied finish.
5. Product Schedule: For steel windows. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
6. Delegated-Design Submittal: For steel windows indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
7. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer, manufacturer, professional engineer and testing agency.
8. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for steel windows.
9. Field quality-control reports.
10. Operation and Maintenance Data: For operable window sash, operable hardware, operable fire-rated window hardware, window system operators, weather stripping and finishes to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
11. Warranties: Sample of special warranty.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer capable of fabricating steel windows that meet or exceed performance requirements indicated and of documenting this performance by inclusion in lists, and by labels, test reports, and calculations.
2. Installer Qualifications: An installer acceptable to window manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.
 - a. Installer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility including preparation of data for steel windows, including Shop Drawings and Designated Design Submittal based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
3. Source Limitations: Obtain steel windows from single source from single manufacturer.
4. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated on Drawings, based on testing indicated.
 - a. Neutral-Pressure Test: NFPA 257 **OR** UL 9, **as directed**.
OR
 Positive-Pressure Test: ASTM E 2010 **OR** NFPA 257 **OR** UBC 7-4 **OR** UL 9, **as directed**.
5. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
6. SWI Publication: Comply with applicable requirements in SWI's "The Architect's Guide to Steel Windows and Doors" except where more stringent requirements are indicated.
7. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of steel window openings by field measurements before fabrication.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of steel windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure to meet performance requirements.
 - 2) Structural failures including excessive deflection.
 - 3) Water leakage or air infiltration.
 - 4) Faulty operation of operable sash and hardware.
 - 5) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
 - b. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - c. Warranty Period for Metal Finishes: Five **OR** 10 **OR** 15, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Fasteners: Provide fasteners of bronze, brass, stainless steel, or other metal that are warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with trim, hardware, anchors, and other components of steel windows.
 - a. Exposed Fasteners: If exposed fasteners are used, provide Phillips flat-head machined screws that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
2. Anchors, Clips, and Window Accessories: Provide units of stainless steel, hot-dip zinc-coated steel, bronze, brass, or iron complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M. Provide units with sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
3. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action and for complete concealment when steel window is closed.

- a. Weather-Stripping Material: Elastomeric, cellular, preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
OR
Weather-Stripping Material: Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
OR
Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard.
 4. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Provide manufacturer's standard woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric.
 - a. Weather Seals: Provide weather stripping with integral barrier fin or fins of semirigid, polypropylene sheet or polypropylene-coated material.
 5. Trim Members, Screen Frames, Retainers for Weather Stripping, Flashing, and Similar Items: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed sheet aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 6. Glazing Stops: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed sheet aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 7. Sealant: For sealants required within fabricated windows, provide manufacturer's standard, permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating type recommended by sealant manufacturer for joint size and movement.
- B. Window
1. Window Type: Casement **OR** Double hung **OR** Fixed **OR** Horizontally pivoted **OR** Horizontal sliding **OR** Projected **OR** Single hung **OR** Vertically pivoted **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 2. Hot-Rolled Steel Window Members: Provide frame and ventilator members formed from hot-rolled, new billet steel sections. For combined weight of frame and ventilator members and front-to-back depth of frame or ventilator members, comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Light Intermediate Windows: Not less than 2.0 lb/ft. (2.98 kg/m) in combined weight and not less than 1 inch (25.4 mm) deep.
 - b. Standard Intermediate Windows: Not less than 3.0 lb/ft. (4.46 kg/m) in combined weight and not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) deep.
 - c. Heavy Intermediate Windows: Not less than 3.5 lb/ft. (5.21 kg/m) in combined weight and not less than 1-5/16 inches (33.34 mm) deep.
 - d. Heavy Custom Windows: Not less than 4.2 lb/ft. (6.25 kg/m) in combined weight and not less than 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) deep.
 - 1) Dimensions of Projected Frame and Ventilator Members: Nominally 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick by 1-3/8 inches (35 mm) deep except members nominally 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) deep may be used provided corners are welded and ground.
 - 2) Applied Weather Stripping: Where indicated, 0.074-inch (1.9-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm), **as directed**, minimum thickness.
 - e. Window Finish: Galvanized **OR** Galvanized and factory primed **OR** Factory primed **OR** Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat **OR** High performance, organic, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 3. Cold-Formed Steel Window Members: Provide frame and ventilator members mechanically formed from metallic-coated, low-carbon, cold-rolled steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M. For combined weight of frame and ventilator members and front-to-back depth of frame or ventilator members, comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Commercial and Industrial Windows: Not less than 2.75 lb/ft. (4.09 kg/m) in combined weight, and not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) deep.
 - b. Window Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- C. Glazing
1. Glass and Glazing System: See Division 08 Section "Glazing" for glass units and glazing requirements for steel windows.

D. Hardware

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard nonremovable, **as directed**, solid bronze **OR** malleable iron **OR** die-cast metal, **as directed**, hardware, with operating components of stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, brass, bronze, or other corrosion-resistant material designed to operate smoothly, to close tightly, and to lock steel window ventilators securely. Provide hardware of sufficient strength to accommodate size and weight of ventilator for which it is intended.
2. Sill Cap/Track: Designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.
3. Locks and Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and to operate from the inside only.
4. Roller Assemblies: Low-friction design.
5. Friction Shoes: Adjustable friction shoes of bronze, brass, nylon, or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
6. Hinges: Four-bar friction hinges complying with AAMA 904.
7. Limit Device: Provide concealed friction adjustor/stay-bar **OR** friction adjustor/stay-bar with release key or tool **OR** support arms with adjustable, limited hold-open, **as directed**, limit devices designed to restrict sash or ventilator opening.
8. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.
 - a. Operator shall operate all ventilators simultaneously, securely closing them at both jambs without use of additional manually controlled locking devices.
9. Pole Operators: Tubular-shaped, anodized aluminum; with rubber-capped lower end and standard push-pull hook at top to match hardware design; of sufficient length to operate window without reaching more than 60 inches (1500 mm) above floor; one pole operator and pole hanger per room that has operable windows more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
10. Casement Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Operating Device: Gear-type rotary operator located on the jamb at the sill.
OR
 Operating Device: Combination lever-handle and cam-type latch.
 - b. Hinges: Concealed, four-bar friction hinges with adjustable slide shoes; two per ventilator.
OR
 Hinges: Heavy duty, three-knuckle butt hinges with nylon bushings; two per ventilator.
OR
 Hinges: Provide standard-duty, concealed, four-bar friction egress hinges with adjustable slide shoes; two per ventilator where indicated. Provide hinge designed to achieve 90-degree ventilator opening.
OR
 Hinges: Extension hinges or pivots, nonfriction type; two per ventilator.
 - c. Lock: Lift-type, cam-action lock.
 - d. Limit Device: Stay bar with an adjustable hold-open device.
11. Double **OR** Single, **as directed**, -Hung Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Sash Balances: Two per sash.
 - b. Counterbalance and Pulley: Two per sash to operate ventilators in unison with stainless-steel-cable sash cord.
 - 1) Single-Hung Upper Sash Retainer: Manufacturer's standard.
 - c. Self-Closing Device for Single-Hung, Fire-Rated Windows: Fusible link **OR** Electrically operated, resettable thermal link, labeled and tested per UL 33, **as directed**.
 - d. Handle(s): Lift **OR** Pull-down, **as directed**, handle; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per sash.
 - e. Lock: Cam-action sweep lock and keeper on meeting rail; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per sash.
12. Horizontal-Sliding Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Rollers: Steel, lubricated, ball-bearing rollers.
 - b. Lock: Manufacturer's standard.
 - c. Limit Device: Manufacturer's standard.
 - d. Pull Handle: Manufacturer's standard.
 - e. Automatic Closer for Fire-Rated Steel Sash: Heat- **OR** Heat- and electrically, **as directed**, activated spring-driven closer.

13. Pivoting Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Pivot Assembly: Manganese-bronze pivot assembly designed for center **OR** off-center, **as directed**, axis pivoting.
 - b. Lock: Internal, key-operated, limited-access locks; one **OR** two, **as directed**, per jamb.
 - 1) Bronze safety drop bolts.
 - 2) Bronze cam fasteners.
 - c. Limit device.
 14. Projected Windows: Provide the following operating hardware:
 - a. Operating Device: Gear-type rotary **OR** Push-bar-type, **as directed**, underscreen, **as directed**, ventilator operator located at the sill.
 - b. Hinges: Concealed, four-bar friction hinges with adjustable slide shoes; two per ventilator.

OR

 Hinges: Balance arms with adjustable, nonabrasive friction pivots; two per ventilator.

OR

 Hinges: Balance arms with adjustable, nonabrasive friction shoes; two per ventilator.
 - 1) Provide ventilator operation that permits cleaning of the outside glass face from the interior.
 - 2) Provide jamb-mounted, sliding, brass friction shoes with screw adjusters.
 - c. Lock: Cam-action, sweep lock handle with surface-mounted strike.

OR

 Lock: Key-operated security lock and keeper.

OR

 Lock: Pole-operated, spring catch lock.

OR

 Lock: Pole-operated, cam-action, sweep lock handle and keeper.
- E. Group Window Operating Systems
1. Provide window operating system for window groups as indicated. Coordinate operating system design with window fabrication and hardware selections to ensure smooth, durable operation of ventilators.
 2. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and close securely at sash frames without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
 3. Operating System: Complete with shafts, brackets, levers, rods, oil-encased gear boxes, and standard fittings and accessories for operation indicated.
 - a. Rack-and-Pinion Operating System: Torsion-type with steel pipe torsion shaft and factory-sealed, oil-encased gear box. Provide system with rack-and-pinion sets and operating arms. Provide standard fittings and accessories for operation indicated. Space support bearings at 10 feet (3 m) o.c. maximum.
 - 1) Space operating arms not more than 60 inches (1500 mm) o.c.
 - 2) Provide one operating arm for each operating vent.
 - b. Horizontal-Movement Operating System: Tension-type with steel rod or cable transmission lines operating in conduit between ventilator operators, factory-sealed lubricated rotary thrust unit, and toggle-type operator arms. Provide standard fittings and accessories for operation indicated. Provide support bracket at each operator, at bends, and not more than 10 feet (3 m) o.c. elsewhere.
 - 1) Space operating arms not more than 10 feet (3 m) o.c. along each continuous unit.
 - 2) Provide one operating arm for each operating vent.
 4. Operation: Manual, with chain-wheel operator on each gear box shaft; with chain loops terminated 24 inches (600 mm) above floor.

OR

 Operation: Manual, with crank-type operator on each gear box shaft; with removable crank and oil-enclosed miter gear box. Where necessary, extend crankshaft with universal joints and support brackets to a suitable crank-operator mounting location not more than 44 inches (1115 mm) above floor.
 5. Operation: Electric, with factory-assembled electric operator designed for operating windows of type, size, weight, construction, use, and operating frequency indicated.

- a. Electric Operator: Provide operating system complying with NFPA 70; of size and capacity and with features, characteristics, and accessories suitable for Project conditions recommended in writing by window manufacturer; complete with operating system indicated, electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls with limit switches, remote-control stations, power disconnect switches, enclosures to protect controls and all operating parts, and accessories required for reliable operation. Include wiring from motor controls to motor. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
 - 1) Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6.
 - 2) Electric Motor: Comply with NEMA MG 1; with thermal-overload protection; sized to start and operate size and weight of window sash ventilators under any conditions; one per each gear-box shaft.
 - a) Motor Characteristics: Single phase, sized by electric operator manufacturer, 60 Hz.
 - 3) Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure and momentary-contact, single push-button-operated control **OR** three-position, push-button-operated control with open, close, and stop functions, **as directed**.
 - 4) Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop sash ventilators at fully opened and fully closed positions.

F. Insect Screens

- 1. Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with window frame, with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, **as directed**, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame. Locate screens on inside **OR** outside, **as directed**, of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
 - a. Screen Frames: Fabricate frames of tubular-shaped, extruded- **OR** formed-, **as directed**, aluminum members of 0.04-inch (1.0-mm) minimum wall thickness.
 - 1) Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in manufacturer's standard color.
 - OR**
 - Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in color selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - OR**
 - Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
 - b. Screen Frames: Fabricate frames of tubular-shaped, nonmagnetic stainless-steel members of 0.02-inch (0.5-mm) minimum wall thickness.
 - 1) Finish: No. 2B bright mill finish **OR** Match steel window finish, **as directed**.
 - c. Screen Frames (inside only): Fabricate frames of tubular-shaped, steel sheet members of 0.03-inch (0.8-mm) minimum wall thickness. Finish the frames to match window units.
- 2. Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: ASTM D 3656, 18-by-14 or 18-by-16 **OR** 20-by-20 or 20-by-30, **as directed**, count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration.
 - a. Mesh Color: Gray.
- 3. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 - a. Wire-Fabric Finish: Natural bright **OR** Charcoal gray **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- 4. Copper Wire Fabric: 16-by-16 count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter copper wire.
- 5. Bronze Wire Fabric: 18-by-14 count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter bronze wire with a clear varnish finish.
- 6. Stainless-Steel Wire-Fabric: 18-by-16 **OR** 18-by-18, **as directed**, count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of 0.009-inch- (0.2-mm-) minimum diameter, nonmagnetic stainless-steel wire, Type 304 or 316.
- 7. Solar-Screening Mesh Fabric: 17-by-15 **OR** 40-by-40, **as directed**, count per sq. in. (645 sq. mm) mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant

to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration. Comply with ASTM D 3656.

8. Wickets: Provide sliding or hinged wickets, framed and trimmed for a tight fit and durability during handling.

G. Accessories

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard accessories that comply with indicated standards.
2. Window Cleaner Anchor Bolts: Provide window cleaner anchor bolts of standard design, complying with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Fabricate bolts of nonmagnetic stainless steel.
 - a. Reinforce window units or mullions to receive bolts and provide additional anchorage of units at bolt locations.

H. Fabrication

1. General: Fabricate steel windows of type and in sizes indicated to comply with SWI standards. Include a complete system for assembly of components and anchorage of window units.
 - a. Provide units that are reglazable without dismantling ventilator framing.
 - b. Prepare window ventilators for site glazing **OR** factory glazing, **as directed**.
2. Mullions: Formed of hot-rolled **OR** cold-formed, **as directed**, steel matching window units; with anchors for support to structure and for installation of window units and having sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated. Provide mullions of profile indicated and with cover plates. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections.
3. Subframes and Operable Ventilators: Formed of hot-rolled **OR** cold-formed, **as directed**, steel of profile indicated. Miter or cope corners, and mechanically fasten and seal joints **OR** weld and dress joints smooth, **as directed**.
4. Provide weep holes and internal water passages to conduct infiltrating water to the exterior.
5. Provide water-shed members above casement **OR** horizontal-sliding, **as directed**, ventilators.
6. Glazing Stops: Provide screw-applied **OR** snap-on, **as directed**, glazing stops; coordinate with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match panel frames. Finish glazing stops to match window units if fabricated of steel; otherwise, provide manufacturer's standard finish.
7. Glazing Clips: Where face glazing (without glazing stops) is indicated, furnish glazing clips for concealment in glazing compound.

I. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing repair paint complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and ASTM A 780.
2. Factory Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat, with a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm) for topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).

J. Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" **OR** SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling", **as directed**. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it, **as directed**.
2. Galvanized Finish: Hot-dip galvanize per ASTM A 123.
3. Steel and Galvanized-Steel Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.

4. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
5. High-Performance Organic Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work. Verify rough opening dimensions, levelness of sill plate, accurate locations of connections to building electrical system, **as directed**, and operational clearances. Examine wall flashings, vapor retarders, water and weather barriers, and other built-in components to ensure a coordinated, weathertight window installation.
 - a. Masonry Surfaces: Visibly dry and free of excess mortar, sand, and other construction debris.
 - b. Wood Frame Walls: Dry, clean, sound, well nailed, free of voids, and without offsets at joints. Ensure that nail heads are driven flush with surfaces in opening and within 3 inches (76 mm) of opening.
 - c. Metal Surfaces: Dry, clean, and free of grease, oil, dirt, rust, corrosion, and welding slag; without sharp edges or offsets at joints.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, operators, accessories, and other components.
2. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impediment to thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.
3. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, to provide weathertight construction.
4. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water-penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.
5. Separate corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials according to ASTM E 2112, Section 5.12 "Dissimilar Materials."

C. Field Quality Control

1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
2. Tests and Inspections:
 - a. Testing Methodology: Testing of windows for air-penetration resistance and water resistance will be performed according to AAMA 502, Test Method A **OR** B, **as directed**, by applying same test pressures required for performance.
 - b. Testing Extent: Three windows as selected by the Owner and a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency. Windows shall be tested immediately after installation.
3. Window will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
4. Prepare test and inspection reports according to AAMA 502. Testing agency will interpret test results and state in each report whether tested work complies with or deviates from requirements.

D. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection

1. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, operators, **as directed**, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.

2. Clean factory-finished steel surfaces immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes.
3. Clean glass immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
4. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
5. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. Remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
6. Refinish or replace windows with damaged finish.

E. Demonstration

1. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain group window operating system for steel windows.

END OF SECTION 08 51 23 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 51 66 00	08 51 13 00	Aluminum Windows
08 51 66 00	08 51 13 00a	Aluminum Replacement Windows

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SECTION 08 51 69 00 - ALUMINUM STORM WINDOWS

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for aluminum storm windows. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

GENERAL

Definitions

1. Aluminum Storm Window Configuration and Performance Classes: ANSI/AAMA 1002.10:
 - a. VWE (15): Vertically operating insulating storm window for external application, Performance Class 15.
 - b. VWE (45): Vertically operating insulating storm window for external application, Performance Class 45.
 - c. HWE (15): Horizontally operating insulating storm window for external application, Performance Class 15.
 - d. FWE (15): Fixed removable insulating storm window for exterior application, Performance Class 15
 - e. FWI (15): Fixed removable insulation window for internal application, Performance Class 15.
 - f. HWI (15): Horizontally operating insulating window for internal application, Performance Class 15.
2. Type of Stainless Steel Screens (Frames and Screening): Medium, and Heavy Types: As defined by and comply with requirements of ANSI/SMA 6001.
3. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination Freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by the Owner.

System Description

4. Performance Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Storm Windows: HUD UM 39a.
 - b. Storm Windows: ANSI/SMA 6001.
 - 1) Exterior Mounted Aluminum storm Windows for Normal Usage: Specification FWE, HWE, or VWE as applicable and Performance Class 15.
 - 2) Interior Mounted Aluminum Storm Windows for Normal Usage: Specification FWI, HWI, or VWI as applicable and Performance Class 15.
 - 3) High Rise Storm Windows: Specification VWE and Performance Class 45.

Submittals

5. Product Data.
6. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Indicate fabrication of parts, metal thickness, installation details, fastening and sealing.
 - b. Include sections of typical members and details of latching devices.
7. Samples: Submit full set of finish color samples for color selection.
 - a. For Supply and Deliver Only Contract: Submit one full size sample of each type of storm window with specified finish for acceptance.
8. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written third party certification that storm windows meet or exceed HUD UM 39a, ANSI/AAMA 1102.10, and other specified requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
9. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and maintenance data.

- b. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

10. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - b. Egress Requirements: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
 - c. Provide emergency egress, single point locking release, and bit key lock fire entry from exterior as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - d. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4152-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (28 CFR Part 35).
11. Certifications: Comply with HUD UM 39a, ANSI Z34.1, and HUD 24 CFR 200.935.
12. Mock-ups: For Supply and Install Contract: Install one full size mock-up of each type of storm window with specified finish for acceptance.
 - a. Location: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-up: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-up: May remain part of completed project.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

13. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: Pack materials at manufacturing plant to prevent damage during shipping.
 - a. Aluminum Storm Windows: Label in accordance with HUD UM 39a attached signifying compliance with ANSI/AAMA 1002.10 performance requirements.
14. Acceptance at Site: Inspect storm windows upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective materials before installation.
15. Storage and Protection: Store storm windows in manner to protect from weather and other damage.

Project Conditions

16. Field Measurements: Field measure openings for storm windows before start of fabrication.

Scheduling And Sequencing

17. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

Warranty

18. Special Warranty: Provide one year written covering materials and installation for storm windows.
 - a. Warranty: Include coverage of inserts, hardware, and latches.
 - 1) Screening and glazing riot included.
 - 2) Defects resulting from vandalism not included.
 - b. For Supply and Delivery Only Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver to the Owner, free of charge, any required replacement parts that can be readily installed by the Owner without special tools.
 - 2) Contractor: Agrees to supply and deliver free of charge, complete replacement window, when defective part or parts cannot be installed without use of special tools.
 - c. For Supply and Install Contract:
 - 1) Contractor: Agrees to supply and install, free of charge, any required replacement parts or complete replacement window.

PRODUCTS

Aluminum Storm Windows

19. General: Type(s) and size(s) indicated, specified, or scheduled with necessary hardware, anchors, and equipment.
20. Materials: ANSI/AAMA 1002.10.
 - a. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221, Alloy 60630-TS or stronger.
 - b. Carbon Steel (reinforcing members): ASTM A 36, zinc coated in accordance with ASTM B 633 or cadmium coated in accordance with ASTM B 766.
 - c. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167, Type 302.
 - d. Anti-galling Devices: Manufacturers standard non-corrosive material compatible with aluminum.
 - e. Channel Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard flexible vinyl.
 - f. Welding Filler Rods: AWS A5.3.
21. Glazing Materials: Comply with CPSC 16 CFR 1201 or ANSI Z97.1.
 - a. Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type 1. Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - b. Tempered Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type 1, Class 1, Glazing B Quality.
 - c. Plastic: Extruded polycarbonate clear sheets, minimum 4.5 mm (0.177 inch) thick with following characteristics:
 - 1) Impact Resistance: ASTM D 256, Method A, 12-18 foot-pound per inch.
 - 2) Elongation/Modulus of Elasticity: ASTM D 638, 110 percent maximum/340,000 PSI.
 - 3) Heat Deflection: ASTM D 648, 132.2 degrees C (270 degrees F) at 264 PSI.
 - 4) Abrasion Resistance: Coated on both surfaces to produce abrasion resistance of 3-19 percent maximum haze increase for 500 revolutions of CS-1 OF wheel per ASTM D 1044.
 - d. Glass Thickness: Determined in accordance with ANSI/AAMA 1002.10 Appendix, minimum 3 mm (1/8 inch) (DS).
 - 1) Design Wind Pressures: Determined in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.
 - e. Glass: Labeled to show name of manufacturer and type.
22. Insert Insect Screens: Provide storm windows with Screens as indicated, specified, or scheduled in manufacturer's standard approved design, applicable to specific storm windows.
 - a. Screen Frames: Roll form aluminum frames of suitable alloy and of sufficient rigidity, crossbraces, as required, to lie flat against window and to prevent excessive bow in frame members and sag in screening.
 - 1) Frame Corners: Firmly joined in secured and rigid manner.
 - b. Screening: One of following as indicated, specified, or scheduled:
 - 1) Vinyl Coated Fibrous Glass Yam: ASTM D 3656, Class 1, 18 by 16 mesh, 0.29 mm (0.0115 inch) diameter yam.
 - 2) Polyvinylidene Chloride or Polypropylene Filament: FS L-S-12513, Type I or III, Class 1 or 2, 18 by 18 mesh, 0.31 mm (0.012 inch) or 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) diameter filament.
 - 3) Aluminum: FS RR-W-365, Type VII, 18 x 16 or 18 by 18 regular, 0.28 mm (0.011 inch) diameter wire.
 - 4) Stainless Steel Medium: ANSI/SMA 6001 Medium Type, 12 x 12 mesh type 304 stainless steel 0.58 mm (0.023 inch) diameter wire.
 - 5) Stainless Steel Heavy: ANSI/SMA 6001 Heavy Type, 12 x 12 mesh type 304 high tensile strength stainless steel 0.71 mm (0.028 inch) diameter wire.
 - c. Screening: Fastened to frame in manner to permit replacement of screening.
 - d. Screens: Provide with fastening devices, suited particularly for application to specific window made of aluminum or materials compatible with aluminum and of sufficient strength to perform satisfactorily.
 - e. Screens: Comply with applicable fire codes for egress and fireman access.
 - 1) Provide single point release as and where required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - 2) Provide bit key lock fire entry from exterior if required by applicable codes and regulations.
 - f. Window Screens: Include warning label indicating that screen will not stop child from falling out of window in accordance with SMA 7001.

Accessories

23. Joint Sealant: AAMA 800, Type 808.3 Exterior Perimeter Sealing Compound.

Fabrication

24. General:
- a. Storm Windows: Conform to approved Shop Drawings.
 - b. Storm Windows: Assembled securely to assure neat, weather resistant construction.
 - c. Glazed Sash: Fabricated to permit reglazing without special tools.
 - d. Remove flux and grind welds, flush with exposed surfaces, and polish to blend with ad surfaces.
 - e. Sills: Provide weep holes to provide means for water to flow to exterior.
 - f. Inserts:
 - 1) Removable to inside.
 - 2) Not operable or removable from outside when in closed and latched position.
 - 3) Glass Inserts: Weatherstripped to prevent metal-to-metal contact with main frame.
 - g. Storm Windows: Comply with applicable fire codes for egress.
25. Vertically Sliding Storm Windows: Provide following features:
- a. Aluminum two-track or triple-track, self-storing, vertical-sliding combination storm and screen units with two glass insert panels and one screen insert panel, and two-track storm windows.
 - b. Master Frame: Afford clearance for operation of prime window hardware.
 - c. Equip units over 1 143 mm (45 inches) wide, 2 032 mm (80 inches) high or 3 175 mm (125 united inches) with extruded aluminum tie bar to ensure rigidity to main frame.
 - d. Provide self-activating locks or latches designed to hold sash secure in locked and ventilating positions.
26. Horizontally Operating Storm Windows: Provide following features:
- a. Aluminum triple track, self-storing, horizontally operating, combination storm and screen unit.
 - b. Glass Insert Panels: Operable and slide on rollers, rigid PVC or nylon glides.
 - c. Equip with security lock to latch closed when in locked position.
 - d. Master Frame: Afford clearance for operation of prime window hardware.
 - e. Fixed Aluminum Vertical Tie Bar at Meeting Rails of Inserts: Ensure rigidity to main frame.
27. Fixed Picture Storm Windows: Provide following features:
- a. Divider on Storm Windows: Locate over meeting rail or prime window.
 - b. When window is larger than 1500 mm (60 inches) in height or width, separate glass area into sections with one or more aluminum muntins to join pieces of glass.
 - c. Picture Windows: Fixed but removable inserts either from inside or from outside.
 - 1) Glazing: Wrapped around marine type vinyl or drop in.

Finishes

28. Finish:
- a. Aluminum Finish: Provide one of following as specified or scheduled:
 - 1) Factory applied pigmented organic coating, AAMA 603-8.
 - a) Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - 2) Clear Anodized: Factory applied anodic coating, AAMA 607.1, Class 1.
 - b. Exposed Surfaces of Aluminum Members: Clean and free from serious surface blemishes.
 - c. Dress and finish exposed welded joints.

Source Quality Control

29. Testing: Performed under Third Party Administrator who is in compliance with HUD UM 39a, ANSI Z34.1, and HUD 24 CFR 200.935.

EXECUTION

Examination

30. Site Verification of Conditions: indicated on Shop Drawings.
- a. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements are as

- b. Existing Conditions: Examine openings before beginning installation.
- c. Verify that surfaces to receive storm windows are clean.
- d. Do not proceed with installation until conditions are satisfactory.

Preparation

- 31. Protection: Protect adjacent elements from damage and disfiguration in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Contractor: Responsible for damage to grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property caused by construction operations.
 - b. Repair or replace damaged elements in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 32. Existing Storm Windows: Remove existing storm windows and debris from site in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 33. Preparation: Prepare openings and existing frames in accordance with ASTM E 737.
 - a. Prime Window Jambs of Existing Prime Windows: Prepare as necessary to provide for straight, plumb, level, tight and aesthetically appealing installation of new storm windows.
 - b. Preparatory Work: Include, but not limited to repair of jambs, filling holes and/or dents, removing peeling and scaling paint, etc.

Installation

- 34. General: Install in accordance with ASTM E 737, manufacturer's recommendations, Reference Standards, and approved Shop Drawings.
 - a. Securely fasten storm windows in place to straight, plumb and level condition, without distortion of window or window frame, and make final adjustments for proper operation and satisfactory weatherstrip contact and seal.
 - b. Comply with applicable codes and regulations regarding egress requirements and fireman entry.
- 35. Joint Sealants: Apply in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.
 - a. Surfaces to be Sealed: Clean, dry and free of any foreign matter that would degrade adhesion. Remove existing caulking and joint sealants from areas to receive new joint sealant.
 - b. Prime cleaned surfaces in accordance with sealant manufacturers recommendations.
 - c. Protect surfaces adjacent to joints by masking tape before applying sealant. Remove tape upon finishing sealing work.
 - d. Seal joints between perimeter of window frame and underlying or surrounding construction with joint sealant to accomplish weather-tight installation.
 - e. Maximum Width of Sealed Joint: 13 mm (1/2 Inch).
- 36. Dissimilar Materials: Isolate materials from incompatible materials as necessary to prevent deterioration.
 - a. Separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint, suitable sealant, nonabsorptive plastic or elastomeric tape, or gasket between surfaces.
 - b. Coat aluminum in direct contact with concrete, masonry, steel, or other non-compatible materials with bituminous paint, zinc chromate primer, or other suitable insulating material.

Adjusting And Cleaning

- 37. Adjusting: At completion of job, check, adjust, and lubricate hardware as required and leave storm windows and hardware in proper operating condition.
- 38. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Clean storm windows after installation is completed to remove foreign matter and surface blemishes.
 - b. Scratched or Abraded Surfaces: Touch-up with rust inhibitor primer and enamel paint compatible with factory finish.

Protection

- 39. Installed Work: Protect storm windows from damage after installation

END OF SECTION 08 51 69 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 51 69 00	08 34 53 00	Security Window Screens and Doors
08 51 69 00	08 51 13 00	Aluminum Windows
08 52 16 00	08 01 52 61	Wood Windows
08 52 19 00	08 01 52 61	Wood Windows
08 52 66 00	08 01 52 61	Wood Windows

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SECTION 08 53 13 00 - VINYL WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for fixed and operable vinyl framed windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes fixed and operable vinyl-framed windows.

C. Definitions

1. Performance class designations according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. AW: Architectural.
 - b. HC: Heavy Commercial.
 - c. C: Commercial.
 - d. LC: Light Commercial.
 - e. R: Residential.
2. Performance grade number according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS:
 - a. Design pressure number in pounds force per square foot (pascals) used to determine the structural test pressure and water test pressure.
3. Structural Test Pressure: For uniform load structural test, is equivalent to 150 percent of the design pressure.
4. Minimum Test Size: Smallest size permitted for performance class (gateway test size). Products must be tested at minimum test size or at a size larger than minimum test size to comply with requirements for performance class.

D. Performance Requirements

1. General: Provide vinyl windows capable of complying with performance requirements indicated, based on testing manufacturer's windows that are representative of those specified, and that are of test size indicated below:
 - a. Size required by AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for gateway performance **OR** optional performance grade, **as directed**.
 - b. Size indicated on Drawings **OR** in a schedule, **as directed**.
2. Structural Performance: Provide vinyl windows capable of withstanding the effects of the following loads, based on testing units representative of those indicated for Project that pass AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Uniform Load Structural Test:
 - a. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads applicable to Project from basic wind speed indicated in miles per hour (meters per second) at 33 feet (10 m) above grade, according to ASCE 7, Section 6.5, "Method 2-Analytical Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor.
 - 3) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
3. Windborne-Debris Resistance: Provide glazed windows capable of resisting impact from windborne debris, based on the pass/fail criteria as determined from testing glazed windows identical to those specified, according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 or AAMA 506 and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of vinyl window indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, and installation details.

3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Product test reports.
6. Maintenance data.
7. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer: A qualified installer, approved by manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.
2. Fenestration Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, "North American Fenestration Standard Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors," for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - a. Provide AAMA **OR** WDMA, **as directed**, -certified vinyl windows with an attached label.
3. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace vinyl windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure to meet performance requirements.
 - 2) Structural failures including excessive deflection, water leakage, air infiltration, or condensation.
 - 3) Faulty operation of movable sash and hardware.
 - 4) Deterioration of vinyl, other materials, and finishes beyond normal weathering.
 - 5) Failure of insulating glass.
 - b. Warranty Period:
 - 1) Window: Two **OR** Three **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 2) Glazing: Five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - 3) Vinyl Finish: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Vinyl Extrusions: Rigid (unplasticized) hollow PVC extrusions, formulated and extruded for exterior applications, complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS and the following:
 - a. PVC Resins: 100 percent virgin resin.
 - b. PVC Formulation: High impact, low heat buildup, lead free, nonchalking, and color and UV stabilized.
 - c. Extrusion Wall Thickness: Not less than 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm) **OR** 0.125 inch (3.2 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Multichamber Extrusions: Profile designed with two chambers **OR** three chambers **OR** multichambers, **as directed**, between interior and exterior faces of the extrusions.
2. Vinyl Trim and Glazing Stops: Material and finish to match frame members.
3. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, epoxy adhesive, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with vinyl window members, cladding, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
 - a. Exposed Fasteners: Unless unavoidable for applying hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
4. Anchors, Clips, and Accessories: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.

5. Reinforcing Members: Aluminum, or nonmagnetic stainless steel, or nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 for Type SC 3 severe service conditions, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
6. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action, and for complete concealment when vinyl window is closed.
 - a. Weather-Stripping Material: Elastomeric cellular preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
 - b. Weather-Stripping Material: Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
 - c. Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard system and materials complying with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
7. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Provide woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
 - a. Weather Seals: Provide weather stripping with integral barrier fin or fins of semirigid, polypropylene sheet or polypropylene-coated material. Comply with AAMA 701/702.
8. Replaceable Weather Seals: Comply with AAMA 701/702.

B. Window

1. Window Type: Casement **OR** Double hung **OR** Fixed **OR** Horizontal sliding **OR** Projected awning **OR** Single hung **OR** Bay **OR** Bow **OR** Specialty product **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated on a schedule, **as directed**.
2. AAMA/WDMA Performance Requirements: Provide vinyl windows of performance indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.
 - a. Performance Class and Grade: R15 **OR** R20 **OR** R25, **as directed**.
 - b. Performance Class and Grade: LC25 **OR** LC30 **OR** LC35, **as directed**.
 - c. Performance Class and Grade: C30 **OR** C35 **OR** C40, **as directed**.
 - d. Performance Class and Grade: HC40 **OR** HC45 **OR** HC50, **as directed**.
 - e. Performance Class and Grade: AW40 **OR** AW45 **OR** AW50, **as directed**.
 - f. Performance Class and Grade: As indicated.
 - g. Performance Class (if test performance method is selected for specifying windows and designating a performance class does not conflict with basic wind speed and performance testing indicated): R **OR** LC **OR** C **OR** HC **OR** AW, **as directed**.
3. Condensation-Resistance Factor (CRF): Provide vinyl windows tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503, showing a CRF of 45 **OR** 52 **OR** 65, **as directed**.
4. Thermal Transmittance: Provide vinyl windows with a whole-window, U-factor maximum indicated at 15-mph (24-km/h) exterior wind velocity and winter condition temperatures when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** ASTM E 1423 **OR** NFRC 100, **as directed**.
 - a. U-Factor: 0.35 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.0 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.40 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.3 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.43 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.5 W/sq. m x K) **OR** 0.60 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (3.4 W/sq. m x K), **as directed**, or less.
5. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide vinyl windows with a whole-window SHGC maximum of 0.40 **OR** 0.50 **OR** 0.55, **as directed**, determined according to NFRC 200 procedures.
6. Sound Transmission Class (STC): Provide glazed windows rated for not less than 26 **OR** 30 **OR** 35, **as directed**, STC when tested for laboratory sound transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 and determined by ASTM E 413.
7. AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Air Infiltration Test.
 - a. Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) which is equivalent to 25-mph (40-km/h) wind speed and is typically used to test R, C, and LC performance classes.
 - b. Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (5 cu. m/h x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa) which is equivalent to a 50-mph (80-km/h) wind speed and is typically used to test HC and AW performance classes.
8. Water Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, Water Resistance Test.

- a. Test Pressure: 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (140 Pa) or more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
 - b. Test Pressure: 20 percent of positive design pressure, but not more than 15 lbf/sq. ft. (720 Pa).
9. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with Performance Grade 10 **OR** 20 **OR** 30 **OR** 40, **as directed**, requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
10. Life-Cycle Testing: Test according to AAMA 910 and comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
11. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS for operating window types indicated.
- C. Glazing
1. Glass: Clear, insulating-glass units **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **OR** Clear, insulating-glass units, argon gas filled, with low-E coating pyrolytic on second surface or sputtered on second or third surface, **as directed**, complying with Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 2. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal and complies with requirements for windborne-debris resistance **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system as indicated in Division 08 Section "Glazing", **as directed**.
- D. Hardware
1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, carbon steel complying with AAMA 907, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with vinyl; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock vinyl windows, and sized to accommodate sash or ventilator weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals. Where exposed, provide solid bronze **OR** extruded, cast, or wrought aluminum **OR** die-cast zinc with special coating finish **OR** nonmagnetic stainless steel, **as directed**.
 2. Counterbalancing Mechanism: Comply with AAMA 902.
 - a. Sash-Balance Type: Concealed, tape-spring **OR** spiral-tube **OR** spring-loaded, block-and-tackle, **as directed**, type, of size and capacity to hold sash stationary at any open position.
 3. Sill Cap/Track: Extruded-aluminum track with natural anodized finish **OR** Rigid PVC or other weather-resistant plastic track with manufacturer's standard integral color, **as directed**, of thickness, dimensions, and profile indicated; designed to comply with performance requirements indicated and to drain to the exterior.
 4. Locks and Latches: Designed to allow unobstructed movement of the sash across adjacent sash in direction indicated and operated from the inside only. Provide custodial locks, **as directed**.
 5. Roller Assemblies: Low-friction design.
 6. Push-Bar Operators: Provide telescoping-type, push-bar operator designed to open and close ventilators with fixed screens.
 7. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.
 - a. Operation Function: All ventilators move simultaneously and securely close at both jambs without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
 8. Four- or Six-Bar Friction Hinges: Comply with AAMA 904.
 - a. Locking mechanism and handles for manual operation.
 - b. Friction Shoes: Provide friction shoes of nylon or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
 9. Limit Devices: Provide concealed friction adjuster, adjustable stay bar **OR** concealed support arms with adjustable, limited, hold-open, **as directed**, limit devices designed to restrict sash or ventilator opening.
 - a. Safety Devices: Limit clear opening to 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, for ventilation; with custodial key release.
 10. Pole Operators: Tubular-shaped anodized aluminum; with rubber-capped lower end and standard push-pull hook at top to match hardware design; of sufficient length to operate window without reaching more than 60 inches (1500 mm) above floor; 1 pole operator and pole hanger per room that has operable windows more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.

- E. Insect Screens
1. General: Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Fabricate insect screens to fully integrate with window frame. Locate screens on inside **OR** outside, **as directed**, of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
 - a. Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens: Comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens for Windows," Residential R-20 **OR** Architectural C-24 **OR** Monumental M-32, **as directed**, class.
 2. Aluminum Insect Screen Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, adjustable rollers, **as directed**, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.
 - a. Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet with minimum wall thickness as required for class indicated.
 - b. Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in manufacturer's standard color.
 - c. Finish: Anodized aluminum **OR** Baked-on organic coating, **as directed**, in color selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - d. Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
 3. Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.4-mm) or 18-by-16 (1.0-by-1.1-mm) **OR** 20-by-20 (0.85-by-0.85-mm) or 20-by-30 (0.85-by-0.42-mm), **as directed**, mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads; woven and fused to form a fabric mesh resistant to corrosion, shrinkage, stretch, impact damage, and weather deterioration, in the following color. Comply with ASTM D 3656.
 - a. Mesh Color: Charcoal gray **OR** Silver gray **OR** Aquamarine, **as directed**.
 4. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 (1.1-by-1.3-mm) mesh of 0.011-inch- (0.28-mm-) diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 - a. Wire-Fabric Finish: Natural bright **OR** Charcoal gray **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 5. Wickets: Provide sliding **OR** hinged, **as directed**, wickets, framed and trimmed for a tight fit and for durability during handling.
- F. Accessories
1. Dividers (False Muntins): Provide dividers in designs indicated for each sash lite, one per sash, removable from the exposed surface of interior lite of the sash **OR** two per sash, removable from the exposed surfaces of interior and exterior lites of the sash **OR** one permanently located between glazing lites in the airspace, **as directed**.
 - a. Material: Extruded, rigid PVC **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Design: Rectangular **OR** Diamond, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: White **OR** Beige, **as directed**.
- G. Fabrication
1. Fabricate vinyl windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring windows.
 - a. Welded Frame and Sash/Ventilator Corners: Miter-cut and fusion **OR** chemically, **as directed**, welded.
 - b. Mechanically Fastened Frame and Sash/Ventilator Corners: Double-butt coped and fastened with concealed screws, **as directed**.
 2. Fabricate vinyl windows that are reglazable without dismantling sash or ventilator framing.
 3. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash and ventilator, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Double-Hung Windows: Provide weather stripping only at horizontal rails of operable sash.
 4. Mullions: Provide mullions and cover plates as shown, compatible with window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design loads of window units. Provide manufacturer's standard finish to match window units.
 5. Subframes: Provide subframes with anchors for window units as shown, of profile and dimensions indicated but not less than 0.062-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick extruded aluminum. Miter or cope corners, and weld and dress smooth with concealed mechanical joint fasteners. Provide

manufacturer's standard finish to match window units. Provide subframes capable of withstanding design loads of window units.

6. **Factory-Glazed Fabrication:** Except for light sizes in excess of 100 unites inches (2500 mm width plus length), glaze vinyl windows in the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS.
7. **Glazing Stops:** Provide nailed or snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and glazing system indicated. Provide glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.
8. **Hardware:** Mount hardware through double walls of vinyl extrusions or provide corrosion-resistant steel reinforcement complying with requirements for reinforcing members, or do both.
9. **Bow OR Bay, as directed, Windows:** Provide vinyl windows in configuration indicated. Provide window frames, fixed and operating sash, operating hardware, and other trim and components necessary for a complete, secure, and weathertight installation, including the following:
 - a. Angled mullion posts with interior and exterior trim.
 - b. Angled interior and exterior extension and trim.
 - c. Clear pine head and seat boards.
 - d. Top and bottom plywood platforms.
 - e. Exterior head and sill casings and trim.
 - f. Support brackets.
10. Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work in the factory to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Allow for scribing, trimming, and fitting at Project site.

H. Vinyl Finishes

1. **Integral Finish and Color:** Uniform, solid, homogeneous white **OR** beige, **as directed**, interior and exterior.
2. **Organic Pigmented Finish:** Manufacturer's standard finish, interior and exterior, complying with AAMA 613 **OR** AAMA 615, **as directed**, and paint manufacturer's written specifications for cleaning and painting.
 - a. **Color:** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Comply with Drawings, Shop Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components.
2. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction.
3. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.
4. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.

B. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection

1. Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
2. Clean exposed surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
3. Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.

4. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
5. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. In addition, monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior concrete and masonry surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

END OF SECTION 08 53 13 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 53 66 00	08 53 13 00	Vinyl Windows

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SECTION 08 56 19 00 - SECURITY WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for security windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Vision security windows.
 - b. Fixed, transaction security windows.
 - c. Sliding, transaction security windows.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Ballistics-Resistance Performance: Provide units identical to those tested for compliance with requirements indicated, and as follows:
 - a. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting according to UL 752.
 - b. Tested for ballistics resistance according to UL 752 **OR** ASTM F 1233 **OR** HPW-TP-0500.03 **OR** NIJ STD-0108.01, **as directed**, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - c. Certified as complying with SD-STD-01.01, by the U.S. State Department, for ballistics resistance when tested by a qualified testing agency.
2. Forced-Entry-Resistance Performance: Provide units identical to those tested for compliance with requirements indicated, and as follows:
 - a. Tested for forced-entry resistance according to HPW-TP-0500.03 **OR** ASTM F 1233, **as directed**, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. For Federal Government Work: Certified as complying with SD-STD-01.01, by the U.S. State Department, for forced-entry resistance when tested by a qualified testing agency.
3. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance-Test Performance: Provide automatic entrances that pass large missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests of ASTM E 1996 according to the IBC.
4. Structural Performance: Security windows shall withstand the effects of wind loads determined as follows, with no permanent deformation or breakage within window assembly when tested according to ASTM E 330:
 - a. Basic Wind Speed: As indicated in miles per hour (meters per second) at 33 feet (10 m) above grade. Determine wind loads and resulting design pressures applicable to Project according to SEI/ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures," Section 6.4.2, "Analytic Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade as indicated on Drawings.
5. Air Infiltration for Operable Windows: Not more than 0.370 cfm/ft. (0.573 L/s per m) **OR** 0.500 cfm/ft. (0.774 L/s per m), **as directed**, of operable sash joint at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
6. Air Infiltration for Fixed Windows: Not more than 0.010 cfm/ft. (0.015 L/s per m) **OR** 0.060 cfm/ft. (0.093 L/s per m), **as directed**, of crack length at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
7. Water Penetration: No water penetration as defined in test method at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) **OR** 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa) **OR** 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM E 331.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings.
3. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required.

4. Welding certificates.
5. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of security window and accessory indicated as ballistics **OR** forced-entry, **as directed**, resistant.
6. Configuration Disclosure Drawing: For each type of forced-entry-resistant security window, complying with ASTM F 1233.
7. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 699 and experienced in ballistics- and forced-entry-resistance testing.
2. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."
 - c. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - d. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Pack security windows in wood crates for shipment. Crate glazing separate from frames unless factory glazed.
2. Label security window packaging with location in Project **OR** drawing designation, **as directed**.
3. Store crated security windows on raised blocks to prevent moisture damage.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace security windows that fail in materials or workmanship within three years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M). Provide alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi (150-MPa) ultimate tensile strength and not less than 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) thick at any location for main frame and sash members.
2. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
3. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
4. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B.
5. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
6. Stainless-Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bars: ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304 **OR** Type 316, **as directed**, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
7. Concealed Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A unless otherwise indicated.
8. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to four times the load imposed, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel or ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as required; hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
9. Embedded Plate Anchors: Fabricated from steel shapes and plates, minimum 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) thick; with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) diameter, headed studs welded to back of plate.

10. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
 11. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied, asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos; formulated for 30-mil (0.76-mm) thickness per coat.
 12. Sealants: For sealants required within fabricated security windows, provide type recommended by manufacturer for joint size and movement. Sealant shall remain permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating.
- B. Window Components
1. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing" for performance indicated.
 - a. Comply with requirements of UL listing for ballistics-resistance level.
 2. Compression-Type Glazing Strips and Weather Stripping: Unless otherwise indicated, provide compressible stripping for glazing and weather stripping, such as molded EPDM or neoprene gaskets complying with ASTM D 2000, Designations 2BC415 to 3BC620; molded PVC gaskets complying with ASTM D 2287; or molded, expanded EPDM or neoprene gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Grade 4.
 3. Miscellaneous Glazing Materials: Provide material, size, and shape complying with requirements of glass manufacturers, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
 - a. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Type recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
 - b. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Type A Shore durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
 - c. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Type A Shore durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
 - d. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).
 4. Anchors, Clips, and Window Accessories: Stainless steel; hot-dip, zinc-coated steel or iron, complying with ASTM B 633; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
- C. Vision Security Windows
1. Vision Security Windows: Provide fixed vision security windows with framing on four sides and no operable sash or ventilator.
 2. Ballistics Resistance:
 - a. Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8, **as directed**, when tested according to UL 752.
 - b. HG1 **OR** HG2 **OR** HG3 **OR** HG4 **OR** SMG **OR** R1 **OR** R2 **OR** R3 **OR** R4-AP **OR** SH1 **OR** SH2, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D **OR** E, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - d. S **OR** R **OR** AP **OR** SH, **as directed**, when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 - e. Level I **OR** Level IIA **OR** Level II **OR** Level IIIA **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV, **as directed**, when tested according to NIJ STD-0108.01.
 3. Forced-Entry Resistance:
 - a. Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. Five **OR** 15 **OR** 60, **as directed**, -minute protection level when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 4. Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, mullions, and glazing stops from metal sheet as follows:
 - a. Material:
 - 1) Cold-rolled steel sheet, factory primed for field-painted finish **OR** with baked-enamel finish, **as directed**.
 - 2) Galvanized-steel sheet, factory primed for field-painted finish.
 - 3) Stainless-steel sheet with No. 4 finish.

- 4) Aluminum-clad steel sheet with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
 - 5) Material: Extruded aluminum with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Profile: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Narrow, **as directed**, with minimum face dimension indicated.
 - c. Minimum Face Dimension: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - d. Framing Depth:
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard.
 - 2) Adjustable for varying wall thicknesses by use of a two-piece, split frame that is attached to wall by clamping action induced by tightening screws.
 - 3) As indicated on Drawings.
 - e. Framing Orientation: Vertical **OR** Incline subframe 5 degrees to vertical, with top of frame slanted away from protected side of window, **as directed**.
- D. Fixed, Transaction Security Windows
1. Fixed, Transaction Security Windows: Provide fixed, framed transaction windows with operable sash or ventilator capable of allowing transfer of currency and documents.
 2. Configuration: One fixed-glazed panel **OR** Multiple fixed-glazed panels **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 3. Ballistics Resistance:
 - a. Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8, **as directed**, when tested according to UL 752.
 - b. HG1 **OR** HG2 **OR** HG3 **OR** HG4 **OR** SMG **OR** R1 **OR** R2 **OR** R3 **OR** R4-AP **OR** SH1 **OR** SH2, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D **OR** E, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - d. S **OR** R **OR** AP **OR** SH, **as directed**, when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 - e. Level I **OR** Level IIA **OR** Level II **OR** Level IIIA **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV, **as directed**, when tested according to NIJ STD-0108.01.
 4. Forced-Entry Resistance:
 - a. Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. Five **OR** 15 **OR** 60, **as directed**, -minute protection level when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 5. Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, mullions, and glazing stops from metal sheet as follows:
 - a. Material:
 - 1) Cold-rolled steel sheet, factory primed for field-painted finish **OR** with baked-enamel finish, **as directed**.
 - 2) Stainless-steel sheet with No. 4 finish.
 - 3) Aluminum-clad steel sheet with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
 - 4) Extruded aluminum with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Profile: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Narrow, **as directed**, with minimum face dimension indicated.
 - c. Minimum Face Dimension: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - d. Framing Depth:
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard.

- 2) Adjustable for varying wall thicknesses by use of a two-piece, split frame that is attached to wall by clamping action induced by tightening screws.
 - 3) As indicated on Drawings.
 - e. Provide thermally improved construction for aluminum framing.
 6. Head and Jamb Framing: Designed for sealant glazing **OR** gasket glazing **OR** voice communication by speech at normal volume, **as directed**.
 7. Channel-Frame Sill: Formed from stainless steel and designed for sealant glazing.
 - a. Transaction Counter: Stainless steel, 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, deep by width of security window, with integral deal tray centered in opening **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Transaction Counter: Stainless steel, 21 inches (533 mm) deep by width of security window, with operable deal tray centered in opening **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 8. Voice-Communication-Type Sill: Formed from stainless steel and designed to allow passage of speech at normal speaking volume without distortion.
 - a. Sill Depth: 12 inches (305 mm) deep **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) deep with 6-inch (152-mm) deep projection on nonsecure side **OR** 21 inches (533 mm) deep with 6-inch (152-mm) deep projection on both sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Transaction Counter: Stainless steel, 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, deep by width of security window, with integral deal tray centered in opening **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Integral Transaction-Drawer Sill: Formed from stainless steel **OR** framing to match head and jamb framing, **as directed**; with transaction drawer integrated into framing and contained in a stainless-steel housing that forms a transaction counter on secure side **OR** nonsecure side **OR** both sides, **as directed**, of opening. Drawer front shall be flush with housing when drawer is closed.
- E. Sliding, Transaction Security Windows
1. Sliding, Transaction Security Windows: Provide horizontal-sliding, transaction security windows.
 2. Configuration: One fixed-glazed panel and one horizontal-sliding glazed panel **OR** Two glazed panels that slide horizontally and meet at center of security window **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 3. Ballistics Resistance:
 - a. Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8, **as directed**, when tested according to UL 752.
 - b. HG1 **OR** HG2 **OR** HG3 **OR** HG4 **OR** SMG **OR** R1 **OR** R2 **OR** R3 **OR** R4-AP **OR** SH1 **OR** SH2, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D **OR** E, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - d. S **OR** R **OR** AP **OR** SH, **as directed**, when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 - e. Level I **OR** Level IIA **OR** Level II **OR** Level IIIA **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV, **as directed**, when tested according to NIJ STD-0108.01.
 4. Forced-Entry Resistance:
 - a. Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.
 - c. Five **OR** 15 **OR** 60, **as directed**, -minute protection level when tested according to SD-STD-01.01.
 5. Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, mullions, and glazing stops from metal sheet as follows:
 - a. Material:
 - 1) Cold-rolled steel sheet, factory primed for field-painted finish **OR** with baked-enamel finish, **as directed**.
 - 2) Material: Stainless-steel sheet with No. 4 finish.
 - 3) Material: Aluminum-clad steel sheet with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.

- 4) Material: Extruded aluminum with Class I, clear anodized **OR** Class II, clear anodized **OR** Class I, color anodized **OR** Class II, color anodized **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
- b. Profile: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Narrow, **as directed**, with minimum face dimension indicated.
- c. Minimum Face Dimension: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
- d. Framing Depth:
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard.
 - 2) Adjustable for varying wall thicknesses by use of a two-piece, split frame that is attached to wall by clamping action induced by tightening screws.
 - 3) As indicated on Drawings.
- e. Provide thermally improved construction for aluminum framing.
6. Head and Jamb Framing: Designed for sealant **OR** gasket, **as directed**, glazing.
7. Glazing Meeting Edges: Polished glazing.
8. Sill: Stainless-steel channel frame designed for sealant **OR** gasket, **as directed**, glazing.
 - a. Shelf: Stainless steel, 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, deep by width of security window, with integral deal tray.
9. Sliding Window Hardware: Provide roller track designed for overhead support of two- or four-wheel carriage supporting horizontal-sliding glazed panel. Provide manufacturer's standard pull and lock with two keys for each horizontal-sliding glazed panel.
 - a. Provide weather stripping for exterior horizontal-sliding, transaction security windows.

F. Accessories

1. Recessed Deal Trays: Formed from stainless steel with sliding stainless-steel cover, **as directed**; fabricated in curved shape with exposed flanges for recessed installation into horizontal surface.
 - a. Clear Opening Size: 12 inches wide by 8 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (305 mm wide by 203 mm deep by 38 mm high) **OR** 12 inches wide by 11 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (305 mm wide by 279 mm deep by 38 mm high) **OR** 16 inches wide by 11 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (406 mm wide by 279 mm deep by 38 mm high), **as directed**.
2. Recessed, Nonricochet Deal Trays: Formed from stainless steel; fabricated with recessed bullet trap to ricochet bullets away from secure side, with exposed flanges for recessed installation into horizontal surface, and with sliding stainless-steel cover, **as directed**.
 - a. Clear Opening Size: 10 inches wide by 7 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (254 mm wide by 178 mm deep by 38 mm high) **OR** 12 inches wide by 8 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (305 mm wide by 203 mm deep by 38 mm high) **OR** 12 inches wide by 11 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (305 mm wide by 279 mm deep by 38 mm high) **OR** 16 inches wide by 11 inches deep by 1-1/2 inches high (406 mm wide by 279 mm deep by 38 mm high), **as directed**.
 - b. Bullet Trap Location: Secure side **OR** Both sides, **as directed**.
 - c. Ballistics Resistance: UL Level 1 **OR** UL Level 3 **OR** Same as security window, **as directed**.
 - d. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting according to UL 752.
3. Rotating Deal Trays: Formed from stainless steel, with rotating recessed deal tray on each side of secure opening and with handle that rotates deal trays 180 degrees.
 - a. Mounting: Drop in **OR** Countertop, **as directed**.
 - b. Ballistics Resistance: UL Level 1 **OR** UL Level 3 **OR** Same as security window, **as directed**.
 - c. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting according to UL 752.
4. Transaction Drawers: Formed from stainless steel **OR** steel **OR** bullet-resistant armoring, **as directed**; with ball-bearing, telescoping sliding mechanism; with cover on secure side of top of drawer that automatically closes when drawer is extended to nonsecure side.
 - a. Inside Dimensions: 15-3/8 inches wide by 8-1/2 inches deep by 4-3/8 inches high (390 mm wide by 216 mm deep by 111 mm high) **OR** 13 inches wide by 22 inches deep by 6-1/2 inches high (330 mm wide by 559 mm deep by 165 mm high), **as directed**.
 - b. Operation:

- 1) Manual.
- 2) Electric, with sliding handle for emergency manual operation during lack of power. Provide individual switches for power and drawer movement on secure side and call button on nonsecure side.
- c. Ballistics Resistance: UL Level 1 **OR** UL Level 3 **OR** Same as security window, **as directed**.
- d. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting according to UL 752.
- 5. Speaking Apertures: Fabricate from stainless steel **OR** security glazing, **as directed**, designed to allow passage of speech at normal speaking volume without distortion.
 - a. Shape: Circular **OR** Square, **as directed**.
 - b. Ballistics Resistance: UL Level 1 **OR** UL Level 3 **OR** Same as security window, **as directed**.
 - c. Listed and labeled as bullet resisting according to UL 752.

G. Fabrication

- 1. General: Fabricate security windows to provide a complete system for assembly of components and anchorage of window units.
 - a. Provide units that are reglazable from the secure side without dismantling the nonsecure side of framing.
 - b. Prepare security windows for glazing unless preglazing at the factory is indicated.
- 2. Provide weep holes and internal water passages for exterior security windows to conduct infiltrating water to the exterior.
- 3. Framing: Miter or cope corners the full depth of framing; weld and dress smooth.
 - a. Fabricate framing with manufacturer's standard, internal opaque armoring in thicknesses required for security windows to comply with ballistics-resistance performance indicated.
- 4. Glazing Stops: Finish glazing stops to match security window framing.
 - a. Secure-Side (Exterior) Glazing Stops: Welded or integral to framing.
 - b. Nonsecure-Side (Interior) Glazing Stops: Removable, coordinated with glazing indicated.
- 5. Welding: Weld components to comply with referenced AWS standard. To greatest extent possible, weld before finishing and in concealed locations to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- 6. Metal Protection: Separate dissimilar metals to protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
- 7. Factory-cut openings in glazing for speaking apertures.
- 8. Preglazed Fabrication: Preglaze window units at factory, where required for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing".
- 9. Weather Stripping: Factory applied.

H. Aluminum Finishes

- 1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
- 2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

I. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Finishes

- 1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing repair paint, complying with SSPC-Paint 20, to comply with ASTM A 780.
- 2. Factory Prime Finish: Apply an air-dried primer, complying with SSPC-Paint 5, immediately after cleaning and pretreating.

3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard 2-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat, with a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm) for topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

J. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing security windows to in-place construction. Include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, security fasteners, and other connectors.
 - a. Install an attached or integral flange to secure side of security windows extending over rough-in opening gap so that gap has same forced-entry-resistance and ballistics-resistance performance as security window.
2. Voice-Communication-Type Framing: Attach removable glass spacers to jambs and head of glazing, located not more than 6 inches (152 mm) from each corner and spaced not more than 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
3. Glazed Framing: Provide sealant **OR** gasket, **as directed**, glazed framing. Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing".
4. Removable Glazing Stops and Trim: Fasten components with security fasteners.
5. Fasteners: Install security windows using fasteners recommended by manufacturer with head style appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials. Provide stainless-steel fasteners in stainless-steel materials, **as directed**.
6. Sealants: Comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for installing sealants, fillers, and gaskets.
 - a. Set continuous sill members and flashing in a full sealant bed to provide weathertight construction unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Seal frame perimeter with sealant to provide weathertight construction unless otherwise indicated.
7. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended in writing by manufacturer for this purpose. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.

B. Adjusting

1. Adjust horizontal-sliding, transaction security windows to provide a tight fit at contact points for smooth operation and a secure enclosure.
2. Adjust transaction drawers to provide a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight and secure enclosure.
3. Remove and replace defective work, including security windows that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.

C. Cleaning And Protection

1. Clean surfaces promptly after installation of security windows. Take care to avoid damaging the finish. Remove excess glazing and sealant compounds, dirt, and other substances.

- a. Lubricate sliding security window hardware.
- b. Lubricate transaction drawer hardware.
2. Clean glass of preglazed security windows promptly after installation. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing" for cleaning and maintenance.
3. Provide temporary protection to ensure that security windows are without damage at time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 08 56 19 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 56 49 00	08 34 49 13	Radiation Protection
08 56 56 00	08 34 53 00	Security Window Screens and Doors
08 56 56 00	08 34 53 00a	Security Grilles

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SECTION 08 62 00 00 - ROOF WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for roof windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Fixed (nonoperable) roof windows for exterior locations with aluminum-clad, copper-clad and fiberglass-clad exterior exposed surfaces and wood interior exposed surfaces.
 - b. Venting (with operable sash) roof windows for exterior locations with aluminum-clad, copper-clad and fiberglass-clad exterior exposed surfaces and wood interior exposed surfaces.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Provide roof windows capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - a. Wind Loads: Compliance is based on testing units representative of those indicated for Project that pass AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, Uniform Load Structural Test.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor.
 - 3) Exposure Category: **B OR C OR D, as directed**.
 - b. Deflection Limits: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length or 3/4 inch (19 mm), whichever is less, at design pressure based on testing performed according to AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, Uniform Load Deflection Test, or structural computations.
 - c. Snow Loads.
2. Windborne-Debris Resistance: Provide glazed roof windows capable of resisting impact from windborne debris, based on the pass/fail criteria as determined from testing glazed roof windows identical to those specified, according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 **OR** AAMA 506, **as directed**, and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, fabrication methods, dimensions of individual components and profiles, hardware, finishes, and operating instructions.
 - a. Motors: Show nameplate data, ratings, characteristics, and mounting arrangements.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, hardware, attachments to other work, operational clearances, installation details, and the following:
 - a. Mullion details, including reinforcement and stiffeners.
 - b. Joinery details.
 - c. Expansion provisions.
 - d. Flashing and drainage details.
 - e. Weather-stripping details.
 - f. Glazing details.
 - g. Accessories.
 - h. Window cleaning provisions.
 - i. Window System Operators: Show locations, mounting, and details for installing operator components and controls.

- j. Window System Operators: Show locations and details for installing operator components, switches, and controls. Indicate motor size, electrical characteristics, drive arrangement, mounting, and grounding provisions.
 - k. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
 3. Samples: For roof windows and components required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
 - a. Main Framing Member: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long section with weather stripping, **as directed**, glazing bead and factory-applied color finish.
 - b. Hardware: Full-size units with factory-applied finish.
 4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For roof windows indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation and used to determine the following:
 - a. Structural test pressures and design pressures from loads indicated.
 - b. Deflection limitations of glass framing systems.
 5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer, manufacturer and professional engineer.
 6. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed within the last four years by a qualified testing agency, for each class, grade, and size of roof window.
 7. Maintenance Data: For weather stripping, operable sash, operating hardware, and finishes to include in maintenance manuals.
 8. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.
- E. Quality Assurance
1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer capable of fabricating roof windows that meet or exceed performance requirements indicated and of documenting this performance by inclusion in lists and by labels, test reports, and calculations.
 2. Installer Qualifications: An installer acceptable to roof window manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.
 - a. Installer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility including preparation of data for roof windows, including Shop Drawings and Designated Design Submittal, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
 3. Fenestration Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, "Standard/Specification for Windows, Doors, and Unit Skylights," for minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication. Comply with more stringent requirements if indicated.
 - a. Provide WDMA-certified units with an attached label.
 4. Glazing Publication: Comply with published recommendations of glass manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Protect roof windows during transit, storage, and handling to prevent damage, soiling, and deterioration. Store off ground and covered in a clean, dry, well-ventilated, protected space. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Warranty
1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace roof windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure to meet performance requirements.
 - 2) Structural failures including excessive deflection.
 - 3) Water leakage or air infiltration.
 - 4) Faulty operation of movable panels and hardware.
 - 5) Deterioration of wood, metals, vinyl, other materials, and finishes beyond normal weathering.
 - 6) Deterioration of insulating glass and laminated glass, **as directed**, as defined in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
 - b. Warranty Period:

- 1) Roof Window: Five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
- 2) Glazing: 10 **OR** 20, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
- 3) Exterior Finish: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Wood: Clear fir or pine or another suitable fine-grained lumber; kiln-dried to a moisture content of 6 to 12 percent at time of fabrication; free of visible finger joints, blue stain, knots, pitch pockets, and surface checks larger than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) deep by 2 inches (51 mm) wide; water-repellent preservative treated.
 - a. Finish: Unfinished **OR** Manufacturer's standard transparent finish **OR** Manufacturer's standard prime-painted finish complying with WDMA T.M. 11 **OR** Manufacturer's standard opaque finish complying with WDMA T.M. 12, **as directed**.
2. Aluminum: Manufacturer's standard formed sheet or extruded aluminum. Provide aluminum alloy and temper recommended by roof window manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish.
 - a. Baked-Enamel Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: White **OR** Bronze **OR** Brown **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. High-Performance Organic Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 620 **OR** AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
3. Copper: ASTM B 370; Temper H00, cold rolled unless Temper 060, soft is required for forming; not less than 16 oz./sq. ft. (0.55 mm thick).
 - a. Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
4. Reinforced Thermoset Fiberglass: AAMA 305 with manufacturer's standard finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
5. Trim and Glazing Stops: Material and finish to match wood frame members.
6. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive for SC 3 severe service conditions and compatible with roof window members, cladding, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
 - a. Exposed Fasteners: Unless unavoidable for applying hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate.
7. Anchors, Clips, Mounting Brackets, and Accessories: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 456 or ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
8. Mullions: Provide mullions and mullion casing and cover plates as shown, matching roof window units, complete with anchors for support to structure and installation of roof window units. Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of roof window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections, as indicated. Provide mullions and cover plates capable of withstanding design loads of roof window units.
9. Reinforcing Members: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, nickel/chrome-plated steel complying with ASTM B 456 or zinc-coated steel or iron complying with ASTM B 633 for SC 3 severe service conditions; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
10. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action, and completely concealed when roof window is closed.

- a. Weather-Stripping Material: Closed-cell elastomeric, preformed gaskets complying with ASTM C 509.
OR
Weather-Stripping Material: Dense elastomeric gaskets complying with ASTM C 864.
OR
Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard system and materials complying with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
 11. Flashing: Manufacturer's standard flashing system for application indicated.
 - a. Material: Aluminum **OR** Copper **OR** Flexible EPDM flashing, **as directed**.
 - b. Rigid aluminum **OR** copper, **as directed**, nailing flange formed into frame.
 - c. Auxiliary Water Diverter: Provide at roof window head as back flashing.
- B. Roof Window**
1. AAMA/WDMA/CSA Performance Requirements: Provide roof windows of performance indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.
 - a. Performance Class and Grade: R15 **OR** 20 **OR** 25, **as directed**.
 - b. Performance Class and Grade: C30 **OR** 35 **OR** 40, **as directed**.
 - c. Performance Class and Grade: As indicated.
 2. Thermal Transmittance: Provide roof windows with a whole fenestration product U-factor maximum indicated, when tested according to AAMA 1503 **OR** determined according to ASTM E 1423 **OR** determined according to NFRC 100, **as directed**.
 - a. U-Factor: 0.35 **OR** 0.40 **OR** 0.65, **as directed**, Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (W/sq. m x K).
 - b. U-Factor: 0.60 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (W/sq. m x K) (this is the maximum U-factor allowed by the IECC 2006 for skylights in all but climate zones 1 to 3).
 3. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Provide roof windows with a whole-window SHGC maximum of 0.40 **OR** 0.50 **OR** 0.55, **as directed**, determined according to NFRC 200.
 4. Air-Leakage Resistance: Maximum rate not more than indicated when tested according to AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, Air Leakage Resistance Test.
 - a. Maximum Rate: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (1.5 L/s x sq. m) of area at an inward test pressure of 1.6 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) (equivalent to 25-mph (40-km/h) wind speed and typically used to test R and C performance classes).
 5. Water-Penetration Resistance: No water leakage as defined in AAMA/WDMA/CSA referenced test methods at a water test pressure equaling that indicated, when tested according to AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440, Water Penetration Resistance Test.
 - a. Test Pressure: 15 percent of positive design pressure, but not less than 2.9 lbf/sq. ft. (140 Pa) or more than 12 lbf/sq. ft. (580 Pa).
 6. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with Performance Grade 10 (lowest recognized by ASTM F 588 and is mandatory if AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 is the method selected for specifying roof window performance) requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
 7. Operating Force and Auxiliary (Durability) Tests: According to and complying with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
- C. Glazing**
1. Glass and Glazing System: Comply with Division 08 Section "Glazing" for glass, insulating-glass units, laminated glass, and glazing requirements applicable to glazed roof windows.
- D. Hardware**
1. Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 for fixed skylights.
 2. General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware, fabricated from a corrosion-resistant material compatible with wood and aluminum cladding **OR** and copper cladding, **as directed**, complying with AAMA 907; designed to smoothly operate, tightly close, and securely lock sliding wood-framed roof windows; and sized to accommodate sash weight and dimensions. Do not use aluminum in frictional contact with other metals.
 - a. Hardware Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Match cladding appearance, **as directed**.
 3. Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Comply with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A.

4. Pole Operator: Manufacturer's standard manual **OR** motorized, **as directed**, pole for operating venting units that are more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
5. Motor Operator: Manufacturer's standard electric motor and remote control for operating venting units that are more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
 - a. Provide rain sensor that automatically closes venting unit when water is detected.
OR
 Provide motor operator with wireless remote-control device.
6. Roof Window Operation:
 - a. Operator and Control: Gear-type rotary operator with plastic or metal cable that uncoils and stiffens to open sash; with locking mechanism.
 - 1) Operation: Crank handle **OR** Pole, **as directed**, for manual operation.
 - 2) Operation: Electric.**OR**
 Operator and Control: Gear-type rotary operator with arm(s) that scissors or swings to open sash; with locking mechanism.
 - 1) Operation: Crank handle **OR** Pole, **as directed**, for manual operation.
 - 2) Operation: Electric.**OR**
 Operator and Control: Spring-assisted, counter-balanced operator that allows sash to remain open in any position; with lever-handle-operated latches and lock for manual operation.
 - b. Hinge: Continuous.
OR
 Hinges: Pivot **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**; two per operable sash.

E. Accessories

1. Insect Screens: Manufacturer's standard removable screen; aluminum or vinyl frame with mitered or coped joints and with ASTM D 3656 mesh of plastic-coated glass-fiber threads. Provide frame in manufacturer's standard finish and mesh in manufacturer's standard color.
2. Shades: Manufacturer's standard of type indicated and in color and pattern selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - a. Type: Pleated **OR** Venetian blind **OR** Roll up, **as directed**.
 - b. Pole Operation: Provide manual **OR** motorized, **as directed**, pole for operating shades that are more than 72 inches (1800 mm) above floor.
OR
 Motorized Operation: Provide manufacturer's standard electric motor and remote control for operating shades with wireless remote-control device, **as directed**.

F. Fabrication

1. Fabricate roof windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for assembling components and anchoring and flashing windows.
2. Fabricate roof windows that are reglazable without dismantling sash framing.
3. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash.
4. Provide condensation gutter or other means to hold condensed moisture or drain it to exterior.
5. Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work in the factory to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Allow for scribing, trimming, and fitting at Project site.
6. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze roof windows in the factory. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work. Verify rough opening dimensions, slope of roof construction, and

operational clearances. Examine roof decks, vapor retarders, water and weather barriers, and other built-in components to ensure a coordinated, weathertight roof window installation.

2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for installing roof windows, hardware, **as directed**, motor operators, **as directed**, accessories, and other components.
2. Install roof windows square, true, and without distortion, warp, or rack of frames and sash. Securely anchor windows to structural support without impeding thermal movement and in proper relation to adjacent construction.
3. Install flashing to provide a watertight and weathertight seal.
4. Separate aluminum, copper, and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials according to recommendations in ASTM E 2112.

C. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection

1. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
2. Adjust operating sash, operators, **as directed**, screens, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and for smooth operation and weathertight closure.
3. Adjust hardware for proper alignment, smooth operation, and proper latching without unnecessary force or excessive clearance.
4. Adjust shades to hang true to line without rack. Provide unencumbered operation.
5. Clean frame surfaces immediately after installing roof windows. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for final cleaning and maintenance. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes.
6. Inspect drainage holes for blockage. Clean and free holes of any obstructions to allow drainage.
7. Clean glass immediately after installing roof windows. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for final cleaning and maintenance. Remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.
8. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
9. Protect roof window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. If contaminating substances contact roof window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written instructions.
10. Refinish or replace roof windows that have damaged finishes.
11. Replace damaged components.

END OF SECTION 08 62 00 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 62 23 00	08 62 00 00	Roof Windows
08 63 13 00	08 62 00 00	Roof Windows

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SECTION 08 66 00 00 - UNIT SKYLIGHTS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for unit skylights. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Self-flashing unit skylights with integral curb.
 - b. Unit skylights mounted on prefabricated **OR** site-built, **as directed**, curbs.

C. Performance Requirements

1. AAMA/WDMA Performance Requirements: Provide unit skylights of performance class and grade indicated that comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS unless more stringent performance requirements are indicated.
 - a. Performance Class and Grade:
 - 1) SKG-R15/15-1200x1200 **OR** SKP-R15/15-1200x1200, **as directed**.
 - 2) SKG-C30/30-1200x1200 **OR** SKP-C30/30-1200x1200, **as directed**.
 - 3) SKG-HC40/40-1200x2500 **OR** SKP-HC40/40-1200x2500, **as directed**.
 - 4) As indicated.
 2. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance Performance: Provide unit skylights that pass missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 **OR** AAMA 506, **as directed**.
 - a. Large-Missile Impact: For unit skylights located within 30 feet (9.1 m) of grade.
 - b. Small-Missile Impact: For unit skylights located more than 30 feet (9.1 m) above grade.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of unit skylight indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For unit skylight work. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and connections to supporting structure and other adjoining work.
 - a. Unit Skylight Operating System: Show locations, mounting, and details for installing operator components and controls.
 - b. Unit Skylight Operating System: Show locations and details for installing operator components, switches, and controls. Indicate motor size, electrical characteristics, drive arrangement, mounting, and grounding provisions.
 - c. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring for electric motors of operable unit skylights.
3. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, in a representative section of each unit skylight in manufacturer's standard size.
4. Qualification Data.
5. Product Test Reports.
6. Field quality-control reports.
7. Maintenance Data: For unit skylights and unit skylight operating system to include in maintenance manuals.
8. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer capable of fabricating unit skylights that meet or exceed performance requirements indicated and of documenting this performance by inclusion in lists and by labels, test reports, and calculations.

2. Installer Qualifications: An installer acceptable to unit skylight manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.
3. Surface-Burning Characteristics of Plastic Glazing: Provide plastic glazing sheets identical to those tested for fire-exposure behavior per test method indicated below by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - a. Self-Ignition Temperature: 650 deg F (343 deg C) or more for plastic sheets in thickness indicated when tested per ASTM D 1929.
 - b. Smoke-Production Characteristics: Comply with either requirement below:
 - 1) Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less when tested per ASTM E 84 on plastic sheets in manner indicated for use.
 - 2) Smoke Density: 75 or less when tested per ASTM D 2843 on plastic sheets in thickness indicated for use.
 - c. Burning Characteristics: Tested per ASTM D 635.
 - 1) Acrylic Glazing: Class CC2, burning rate of 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) per minute or less for nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) or thickness indicated for use.
 - 2) Polycarbonate Glazing: Class CC1, burning extent of 1 inch (25 mm) or less for nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) or thickness indicated for use.
 - 3) Polycarbonate-Insulating-Panel Glazing: Class CC2, burning rate of 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) per minute or less for nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) or thickness indicated for use.
4. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
5. Unit Skylight Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA 101/I.S.2/NAFS, "North American Fenestration Standard Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights and Glass Doors," for minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication. Comply with more stringent requirements if indicated.
 - a. Provide AAMA-certified unit skylights with an attached label.
6. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of unit skylights that fail in materials or workmanship within five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Components:
 - a. Sheets: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), alloy and temper to suit forming operations and finish requirements but with not less than the strength and durability of alclad Alloy 3005-H25.
 - b. Extruded Shapes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper to suit structural and finish requirements but with not less than the strength and durability of Alloy 6063-T52.
2. Fasteners: Same metal as metal being fastened, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or other noncorrosive metal as recommended by manufacturer. Finish exposed fasteners to match material being fastened.
 - a. Where removal of exterior exposed fasteners might allow access to building, provide nonremovable fastener heads.

B. Glazing

1. Acrylic Glazing: ASTM D 4802, thermoformable, monolithic sheet, category as standard with manufacturer, Finish 1 (smooth or polished), Type UVF (formulated with UV absorber).
 - a. Single-Glazing Profile: Dome, 25 percent rise **OR** Pyramid, 30-degree slope, **as directed**.

- 1) Thickness: As indicated **OR** Not less than thickness required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
- 2) Color: Colorless, transparent **OR** White, translucent **OR** Bronze-tinted, transparent **OR** Gray-tinted, transparent, **as directed**.
- b. Double-Glazing Profile: Dome, 25 percent rise **OR** Pyramid, 30-degree slope, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thicknesses: As indicated **OR** Not less than thicknesses required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - 2) Outer Glazing Color: Colorless, transparent **OR** White, translucent **OR** Bronze-tinted, transparent **OR** Gray-tinted, transparent, **as directed**.
 - 3) Inner Glazing Color: Colorless, transparent **OR** White, translucent **OR** Bronze-tinted, transparent **OR** Gray-tinted, transparent, **as directed**.
2. Polycarbonate Glazing: Thermoformable, extruded monolithic sheets, UV resistant, burglar-resistance rated per UL 972, and with average impact strength of 12 to 16 ft-lb/in. (640 to 854 J/m) of width when tested per ASTM D 256, Test Method A (Izod).
 - a. Single-Glazing Profile: Dome, 25 percent rise **OR** Pyramid, 30-degree slope, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness: As indicated **OR** Not less than thickness required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.
 - b. Double-Glazing Profile: Dome, 25 percent rise **OR** Pyramid, 30-degree slope, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thicknesses: As indicated **OR** Not less than thicknesses required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - 2) Inner Glazing Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.
 - 3) Outer Glazing Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.
3. Insulating Glass: Clear, sealed units that comply with Division 08 Section "Glazing", in manufacturer's standard overall thickness.
 - a. Exterior Lite: 1/4-inch (6-mm) clear **OR** tinted, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** fully tempered, **as directed**, glass.
 - b. Interior Lite:
 - 1) Laminated glass; 2 plies of 1/8-inch (3-mm) clear heat-strengthened glass with 0.030-inch (0.762-mm) clear polyvinyl butyral interlayer.
 - 2) 1/4-inch (6-mm) clear **OR** tinted, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** fully tempered **OR** wire, **as directed**, glass.
 - c. Interspace Content: Air **OR** Argon, **as directed**.
 - d. Low-Emissivity Coating: Manufacturer's standard.
4. Polycarbonate-Insulating-Panel Glazing: Manufacturer's standard polycarbonate sheet with cellular cross section that provides isolated airspaces and that is coextruded with a UV-protective layer.
 - a. Thickness: As indicated **OR** Not less than thickness required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - b. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.
5. Fiberglass-Sandwich-Panel Glazing: Manufacturer's standard with uniformly colored, translucent, fiberglass-reinforced-polymer face sheets permanently adhered to a grid core.
 - a. Thickness: As indicated **OR** Not less than thickness required to exceed performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - b. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.
6. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard **OR** EPDM, neoprene, partially vulcanized butyl tape, or liquid-applied elastomeric sealant, **as directed**.

C. Installation Materials

1. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic, nominally free of sulfur and containing no asbestos fibers, formulated for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coating.
2. Joint Sealants: As specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
3. Mastic Sealant: Polyisobutylene; nonhardening, nonskinning, nondrying, nonmigrating sealant.

4. Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, asbestos free, designed for trowel application or other adhesive compatible with roofing system.

D. Unit Skylights

1. General: Provide factory-assembled unit skylights that include glazing, extruded-aluminum glazing retainers, gaskets, and inner frames and that are capable of withstanding performance requirements indicated.
2. Integral Curb: Extruded-aluminum **OR** Vinyl **OR** Reinforced-thermoset-fiberglass profile, **as directed**, self-flashing type.
 - a. Height: As indicated **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) **OR** 9 inches (225 mm) **OR** 12 inches (300 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Construction: Single **OR** Double, **as directed**, wall.
 - c. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard rigid or semirigid type.
3. Prefabricated Curb: As specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories".
4. Site-Built Curb: As indicated.
5. Unit Shape and Size: As indicated **OR** Square, 40-by-40-inch (1016-by-1016-mm) inside curb **OR** Rectangular, 40-by-48-inch (1016-by-1220-mm) inside curb **OR** Circular, 40-inch- (1016-mm-) diameter inside curb, **as directed**.
6. Condensation Control: Fabricate unit skylights with integral internal gutters and non-clogging weeps to collect and drain condensation to the exterior.
7. Thermal Break: Fabricate unit skylights with thermal barrier separating exterior and interior metal framing.
8. Operable Unit Skylight System: Equip vent-type unit skylights with manufacturer's standard hinges, chain-driven operating hardware, and weather-sealing gaskets.
 - a. Manual Operator: Manufacturer's standard, rotary-crank extension device.
 - 1) Pole Operator: Manual, 60 inches (1524 mm) long **OR** Manual, telescoping to 144 inches (3658 mm) **OR** Rechargeable-motor power-driven type, telescoping to 144 inches (3658 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Motor Operator: Manufacturer's standard electronic control, including switch, transformer, low-voltage motor, cover, and mounting hardware.
 - 1) Provide motor of size and capacity recommended by unit skylight manufacturer to suit unit skylight indicated.
 - 2) Provide rain sensor that automatically closes venting unit when water is detected.
 - 3) Provide motor operator with portable remote-control device.
9. Security Grilles: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter, hardened steel bars spaced not more than 5 inches (130 mm) o.c. in 1 direction and 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. in other direction **OR** 5 inches (130 mm) o.c. in both directions, **as directed**.
10. Protective Screens: Manufacturer's standard to protect interior glazing lite from breakage **OR** personnel from falls **OR** against windborne debris **OR** against hail, **as directed**.

E. General Finish Requirements

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

F. Aluminum Finishes

1. Mill Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
2. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
3. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities.
4. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.

- a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- 5. High-Performance Organic Finish: 2-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- 6. High-Performance Organic Finish: 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, -coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2605 and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

- 1. Coordinate installation of unit skylight with installation of substrates, vapor retarders, roof insulation, roofing membrane, and flashing as required to ensure that each element of the Work performs properly and that combined elements are waterproof and weathertight.
- 2. Comply with recommendations in AAMA 1607 and with manufacturer's written instructions for installing unit skylights.
- 3. Install unit skylights level, plumb, and true to line, without distortion.
- 4. Anchor unit skylights securely to supporting substrates.
- 5. Where metal surfaces of unit skylights will contact incompatible metal or corrosive substrates, including preservative-treated wood, apply bituminous coating on concealed metal surfaces, or provide other permanent separation recommended in writing by unit skylight manufacturer.
- 6. Set unit skylight flanges in thick bed of roofing cement to form a seal unless otherwise indicated.
- 7. Where cap flashing is indicated, install to produce waterproof overlap with roofing or roof flashing. Seal with thick bead of mastic sealant except where overlap is indicated to be left open for ventilation.

B. Field Quality Control

- 1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- 2. After completion of installation and nominal curing of sealant and glazing compounds but before installation of interior finishes, test for water leaks according to AAMA 501.2.
- 3. Perform test for total area of each unit skylight.
- 4. Work will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- 5. Additional testing and inspections, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

C. Cleaning

- 1. Clean exposed unit skylight surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Touch up damaged metal coatings and finishes.
- 2. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
- 3. Remove and replace glazing that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
- 4. Protect unit skylight surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations.
- 5. Unit Skylight Operating System: Clean and lubricate joints and hardware. Adjust for proper operation.

END OF SECTION 08 66 00 00

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SECTION 08 71 23 00 - DOOR HARDWARE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for door hardware. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
 - 1) Swinging doors.
 - 2) Sliding doors.
 - 3) Folding doors.
 - b. Cylinders for doors specified in other Sections.
 - c. Electrified door hardware.
2. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the products listed below. Coordinating, purchasing, delivering, and scheduling remain requirements of this Section.
 - a. Pivots, thresholds, weather stripping, and cylinders for locks specified in other Sections.
 - b. Permanent cores to be installed by the Owner.

C. Action Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
2. Shop Drawings: Details of electrified door hardware, indicating the following:
 - a. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring and including the following:
 - 1) Details of interface of electrified door hardware and building safety and security systems.
 - 2) Schematic diagram of systems that interface with electrified door hardware.
 - 3) Point-to-point wiring.
 - 4) Risers.
 - 5) Elevations doors controlled by electrified door hardware.
 - b. Operation Narrative: Describe the operation of doors controlled by electrified door hardware.
3. Samples for Initial Selection: For plastic protective trim units in each finish, color, and texture required for each type of trim unit indicated.
4. Samples for Verification: For exposed door hardware of each type required, in each finish specified, prepared on Samples of size indicated below. Tag Samples with full description for coordination with the door hardware schedule. Submit Samples before, or concurrent with, submission of door hardware schedule.
 - a. Sample Size: Full-size units or minimum 2-by-4-inch (51-by-102-mm) Samples for sheet and 4-inch (102-mm) long Samples for other products.
 - 1) Full-size Samples will be returned to Contractor. Units that are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal, review, and field comparison process may, after final check of operation, be incorporated into the Work, within limitations of keying requirements.
5. Other Action Submittals:
 - a. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as installation procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - 1) Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule after or concurrent with submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings, **as directed**.

Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.

- 2) Format: Comply with scheduling sequence and vertical format in DHI's "Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule." Double space entries, and number and date each page.
 - 3) Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in the Contract Documents.
 - 4) Content: Include the following information:
 - a) Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.
 - b) Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
 - c) Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
 - d) Description of electrified door hardware sequences of operation and interfaces with other building control systems.
 - e) Fastenings and other pertinent information.
 - f) Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
 - g) Mounting locations for door hardware.
 - h) List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.
- b. Keying Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer, detailing the Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key set to unique door designations that are coordinated with the Contract Documents.

D. Informational Submittals

1. Qualification Data: For Installer and Architectural Hardware Consultant.
2. Product Certificates: For electrified door hardware, from the manufacturer.
 - a. Certify that door hardware approved for use on types and sizes of labeled fire-rated doors complies with listed fire-rated door assemblies.
3. Product Test Reports: For compliance with accessibility requirements, based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for door hardware on doors located in accessible routes.
4. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

E. Closeout Submittals

1. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals. Include final hardware and keying schedule.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by lock manufacturer.
 - a. Installer's responsibilities include supplying and installing door hardware and providing a qualified Architectural Hardware Consultant available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and the Owner about door hardware and keying
2. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant **OR** one who meets the requirements necessary for certification, **as directed**, and who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.
3. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from a single manufacturer.
 - a. Provide electrified door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware, unless otherwise indicated. Manufacturers that perform electrical modifications and that are listed by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction are acceptable.
4. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated, provide door hardware rated for use in assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a

- qualified testing, for fire protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 **OR** UL 10C, unless otherwise indicated.
5. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that meet requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
 - a. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m per minute/sq. m) at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
 6. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 7. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
 8. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines **OR** ICC/ANSI A117.1 **OR** HUD's "Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines", **as directed**.
 - a. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N).
 - b. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
 - 1) Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
 - 2) Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied parallel to door at latch.
 - 3) Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - c. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high and 3/4 inch (19 mm) high for exterior sliding doors.
 - d. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.
 9. Keying Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management And Coordination". In addition to the Owner, Contractor, and Architect, conference participants shall also include Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant and Owner's security consultant. Incorporate keying conference decisions into final keying schedule after reviewing door hardware keying system including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.
 - b. Preliminary key system schematic diagram.
 - c. Requirements for key control system.
 - d. Requirements for access control.
 - e. Address for delivery of keys.
 10. Preinstallation Conference: conduct conference at Project site.
 - a. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - b. Inspect and discuss preparatory work performed by other trades.
 - c. Inspect and discuss electrical roughing in for electrified door hardware.
 - d. Review sequence of operation for each type of electrified door hardware.
 - e. Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.
- G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
 2. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.
 3. Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to the Owner.
 4. Deliver keys and permanent cores to the Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.
- H. Coordination
1. Coordinate layout and installation of floor-recessed door hardware with floor construction. Cast anchoring inserts into concrete. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.

2. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
3. Security: Coordinate installation of door hardware, keying, and access control with Owner's security consultant.
4. Electrical System Roughing-In: Coordinate layout and installation of electrified door hardware with connections to power supplies and building safety and security systems.
5. Existing Openings: Where hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide proper door operation.

I. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
 - 2) Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.
 - 3) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
 - b. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Final Completion, except as follows:
 - 1) Electromagnetic or Delayed-Egress Locks: Five years from date of Final Completion.
 - 2) Exit Devices: Two years from date of Final Completion.
 - 3) Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
 - 4) Concealed Floor Closers: Five **OR** 10 **OR** 25 years from date of Final Completion, **as directed**.

J. Maintenance Service

1. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
2. Maintenance Service: Beginning at Final Completion, provide six months' full maintenance by skilled employees of door hardware Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper door and door hardware operation. Provide parts and supplies that are the same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original products.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Scheduled Door Hardware

1. General: Provide door hardware for each door indicated in Part 1.3 "Door Hardware Sets" Article to comply with requirements in this Section.
 - a. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated.
 - b. Sequence of Operation: Provide electrified door hardware function, sequence of operation, and interface with other building control systems indicated.
2. Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in Part 1.3 "Door Hardware Sets" Article. Products are identified by descriptive titles corresponding to requirements specified in Part 1.2.

B. Hinges

1. Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Provide template-produced hinges for hinges installed on hollow-metal doors and hollow-metal frames.
2. Antifriction-Bearing Hinges:

- a. Mounting: Full-Mortise (Butt) **OR** Half mortise **OR** Full surface **OR** Half surface, **as directed.**
- b. Bearing Material: Manufacturer's standard antifriction bearing **OR** Ball bearing, **as directed.**
- c. Grade: Grade 1 (heavy weight) **OR** Grade 2 (standard weight), **as directed.**
- d. Base and Pin Metal:
 - 1) Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin **OR** Brass with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads, **as directed.**
 - 2) Interior Hinges: Brass with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads **OR** Steel with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin, **as directed.**
 - 3) Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Steel with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin, **as directed.**
- e. Pins: Non-rising loose unless otherwise indicated **OR** Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - 1) Outswinging Exterior Doors: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - 2) Outswinging Corridor Doors with Locks: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
- f. Tips: Flat button **OR** Hospital **OR** Oval **OR** Ball **OR** Steeple **OR** Urn **OR** Acorn, **as directed.**
- g. Corners: Square **OR** 5/32-inch (4-mm) radius **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) radius **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) radius, **as directed.**
- h. Options: Raised barrel **OR** Reverse safety stud **OR** Safety stud, **as directed.**
- 3. Electrified Antifriction-Bearing Hinges: Full-mortise mounting.
 - a. Bearing Material: Manufacturer's standard antifriction bearing **OR** Ball bearing, **as directed.**
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 (heavy weight) **OR** Grade 2 (standard weight), **as directed.**
 - c. Base and Pin Metal:
 - 1) Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin **OR** Brass with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads, **as directed.**
 - 2) Interior Hinges: Brass with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads **OR** Steel with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin, **as directed.**
 - 3) Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Steel with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel with stainless-steel pin, **as directed.**
 - d. Pins: Non-rising loose unless otherwise indicated **OR** Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - 1) Outswinging Exterior Doors: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - 2) Outswinging Corridor Doors with Locks: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - e. Tips: Flat button **OR** Hospital **OR** Oval **OR** Ball **OR** Steeple **OR** Urn **OR** Acorn, **as directed.**
 - f. Corners: Square **OR** 5/32-inch (4-mm) radius **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) radius **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) radius, **as directed.**
 - g. Options: Raised barrel **OR** Reverse safety stud **OR** Safety stud, **as directed.**
 - h. Electric Option: Concealed electric through wires **OR** Concealed electric through wires with monitor **OR** Concealed electric monitor **OR** Concealed air transfer **OR** Concealed switch **OR** Exposed electric switch **OR** Exposed electric contacts, **as directed.**
- 4. Plain-Bearing Hinges: Grade 3 (standard weight).
 - a. Mounting: Full mortise (butts) **OR** Half mortise **OR** Full surface **OR** Half surface, **as directed.**
 - b. Base and Pin Metal: Brass with stainless-steel pin body and brass protruding heads **OR** Steel with steel pin, **as directed.**
 - c. Pins: Non-rising loose unless otherwise indicated **OR** Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - 1) Outswinging Corridor Doors with Locks: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed.**
 - d. Tips: Flat button **OR** Hospital **OR** Oval **OR** Ball **OR** Steeple **OR** Urn **OR** Acorn, **as directed.**

- e. Corners: Square **OR** 5/32-inch (4-mm) radius **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) radius **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) radius, **as directed**.
 - f. Options: Raised barrel, **as directed**.
5. Electrified Plain-Bearing Hinges: Grade 3 (standard weight); full-mortise mounting.
 - a. Mounting: Full mortise (butts) **OR** Half mortise **OR** Full surface **OR** Half surface, **as directed**.
 - b. Pins: Non-rising loose unless otherwise indicated **OR** Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed**.
 - 1) Outswinging Corridor Doors with Locks: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed**.
 - c. Tips: Flat button **OR** Hospital **OR** Oval **OR** Ball **OR** Steeple **OR** Urn **OR** Acorn, **as directed**.
 - d. Corners: Square **OR** 5/32-inch (4-mm) radius **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) radius **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) radius, **as directed**.
 - e. Options: Raised barrel, **as directed**.
 - f. Electric Option: Concealed electric through wires **OR** Concealed electric through wires with monitor **OR** Concealed electric monitor **OR** Concealed air transfer **OR** Concealed switch **OR** Exposed electric switch **OR** Exposed electric contacts, **as directed**.
 6. Swing-Clear Hinges: Reversible.
 - a. Mounting: Full mortise (butts) **OR** Half mortise **OR** Full surface **OR** Half surface, **as directed**.
 - b. Bearing, and Grade: Antifriction bearing, Grade 1 (heavy weight) **OR** Antifriction bearing, Grade 2 (standard weight) **OR** Plain bearing, Grade 3 (standard weight), **as directed**.
 - c. Base Metal: Wrought brass or bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wrought, forged, or cast steel, or malleable iron, **as directed**.
 - d. Pins: Non-rising loose unless otherwise indicated **OR** Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed**.
 - 1) Outswinging Exterior Doors: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed**.
 - 2) Outswinging Corridor Doors with Locks: Maximum security **OR** Nonremovable, **as directed**.
 - e. Tips: Flat button **OR** Hospital, **as directed**.
 - f. Corners: Square **OR** 5/32-inch (4-mm) radius **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) radius **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) radius, **as directed**.
 - g. Options: Raised barrel **OR** Reverse safety stud **OR** Safety stud, **as directed**.
 7. Slip-in-Type Hinges: Full-mortise mounting.
 - a. Bearing and Grade: Antifriction, Grade 1 (heavy weight) **OR** Antifriction, Grade 2 (standard weight) **OR** Plain, Grade 3 (standard weight), **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Wrought brass or bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wrought, forged, or cast steel, or malleable iron, **as directed**.
 - c. Swaging: 5/16-inch (7.9-mm) swaging **OR** 3/16-inch (4.8-mm) swaging, handed, **as directed**.
 8. Anchor Hinge Set: Grade 1 (heavy weight); consisting of one anchor hinge plus two full-mortise hinges; antifriction bearing; handed; nonremovable pins; flat-button tips.
 - a. Base Metal: Wrought brass or bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wrought, forged, or cast steel, or malleable iron, **as directed**.
 - b. Electric Option for Center Hinge: Concealed electric through wires **OR** Concealed electric switch, **as directed**.
 9. Pocket Hinges: Antifriction bearing; Grade 1 (heavy weight); jamb leaf visible when door is closed and both leaves concealed when door is in pocket; type required for application indicated; cast steel.
 10. Double-Acting Pivot-Hinge Set: Grade 2; wrought, forged, or cast steel or malleable iron base metal; consisting of a top pivot and a bottom pivot, each with jamb brackets, and bottom pivot with thrust steel bearing.
- C. Self-Closing Hinges And Pivots
1. Self-Closing Hinges and Pivots: BHMA A156.17.
 2. Spring Hinges: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2, **as directed**; wrought steel, with torsion spring.

- a. Type: Single **OR** Double, **as directed** acting.
 - b. Mounting: Full mortise (butts) **OR** Half mortise **OR** Full surface **OR** Half surface, **as directed**.
 - 3. Horizontal-Spring Pivot Sets: Grade 3; double acting; non-handed; consisting of wrought steel bottom pivot hinge with antifriction bearing and nylon top pivot and socket.
 - a. Type: Hold-open **OR** Non-hold open, **as directed**.
 - b. Tension: Adjustable **OR** Fixed, **as directed**.
 - c. Bottom Pivot Trim: Steel **OR** Brass, **as directed**.
 - d. Bottom Plate: For bottom hinge attachment to floor **OR** jamb, **as directed**.
 - 4. Gate-Spring Pivot Sets: Grade 1; double acting; non-handed; consisting of bottom pivot with door and jamb bracket and top pivot assembly with jamb bracket.
 - a. Mounting: Mortise **OR** Surface, **as directed**.
 - b. Tension: Adjustable **OR** Fixed, **as directed**.
 - c. Base Metal: Cast, forged, or extruded brass or bronze **OR** Malleable iron, **as directed**.
 - 5. Gravity Pivot Sets: Grade 3; double acting; surface mounting; non-handed; consisting of bottom pivot with door and jamb bracket and top pivot assembly with jamb bracket.
 - a. Tension: Adjustable **OR** Fixed, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Wrought brass or bronze **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
- D. Center-Hung And Offset Pivots
- 1. Center-Hung and Offset Pivots: BHMA A156.4.
 - 2. Center-Hung Pivot Sets: Grade 1.
 - a. Top Pivots: Walking-beam type with retractable pin and oil-impregnated bronze bearing; mortised into door and frame.
 - b. Bottom Pivots: Surface floor mounted, **OR** Recessed in floor in cement case, **OR** Mortised into jamb, **as directed** and mortised into door; with thrust ball **OR** needle bearings, **as directed**.
 - c. Base Metal: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
 - 3. Offset Pivot Sets: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - a. Offset: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Top Pivot: Full-mortise **OR** Half-surface **OR** Full-surface mounting, **as directed**; walking-beam type with retractable pin and oil-impregnated bronze bearing.
 - 1) Knuckle: Standard **OR** Asylum type, **as directed**.
 - 2) Option: With screw holes designed to straddle lead in the center of lead-lined door.
 - c. Bottom Pivot: Surface floor mounted, **OR** Recessed in floor in cement case, **OR** Mortised into jamb, **as directed** and mortised into door; with thrust ball **OR** needle, **as directed** bearing.
 - d. Base Metal: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
 - 4. Offset Intermediate Pivots: Grade 1; for use with offset pivot sets; with oil-impregnated bronze bearings.
 - a. Mounting: Full mortise, 3/4 inch (19 mm) offset **OR** Full mortise, 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) offset **OR** Half mortise **OR** Half surface **OR** Full surface, **as directed**.
 - b. Knuckle: Standard **OR** Asylum type, **as directed**.
 - c. Option: With screw holes designed to straddle lead in the center of lead-lined door.
 - d. Electric Option: Concealed monitoring **OR** Concealed power transfer **OR** Concealed power transfer for use with electrical panic devices and locks, **as directed**.
 - e. Base Metal: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
 - 5. Pocket Pivots: Grade 1; full-mortise mounting; non-handed; allows door to nest in pocket with door surface flush with corridor wall when open; maximum 90-degree swing.
 - a. Base Metal: Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Electric Option: Concealed power transfer in one hinge per door.
- E. Continuous Hinges
- 1. Continuous Hinges: BHMA A156.26; minimum 0.120-inch- (3.0-mm-) thick, hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches (102 mm); fabricated to full height of door and frame and to template screw locations; with components finished after milling and drilling are complete.
 - 2. Pin-and-Barrel-Type Hinges:

- a. Grade: Grade 1-150 **OR** 1-300 **OR** 1-600 **OR** 2-150 **OR** 2-300 **OR** 2-600 **OR** 3-150 **OR** 3-300, **as directed**.
 - b. Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel.
 - c. Interior Hinges: Stainless steel **OR** Steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**.
 - d. Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Stainless steel with steel fire pins to hold fire-rated doors in place if required by tested listing **OR** Steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Type: Concealed leaf **OR** Swing clear **OR** Full surface with removable continuous caps over fasteners **OR** Half mortise, concealed door leaf and with removable continuous cap over fasteners on jamb leaf **OR** Half surface, concealed jamb leaf and with removable continuous cap over fasteners on door leaf, **as directed**.
 - f. Electric Option: Electric monitoring switch **OR** Electric through wires and monitor **OR** Electric through wires **OR** Concealed power transfer **OR** Exposed power transfer contact switch, **as directed**.
3. Continuous, Gear-Type Hinges: Extruded-aluminum, pinless, geared hinge leaves joined by a continuous extruded-aluminum channel cap; with concealed, self-lubricating thrust bearings.
- a. Grade: Grade 1-150 **OR** 1-300 **OR** 1-600 **OR** 2-150 **OR** 2-300 **OR** 2-600 **OR** 3-150 **OR** 3-300, **as directed**.
 - b. Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: With steel fire pins to hold fire-rated doors in place if required by tested listing.
 - c. Mounting: Concealed leaf **OR** Swing clear **OR** Full surface, with removable continuous caps over fasteners **OR** Half surface, concealed jamb leaf and with removable continuous cap over fasteners on door leaf, **as directed**.
 - d. Electric Option: Electric monitor **OR** Electric through wires and monitor **OR** Electric through wires **OR** Electric power transfer **OR** Exposed switch **OR** Exposed contact **OR** Removable electric through wires, **as directed**.

F. Mechanical Locks And Latches

1. Lock Functions: As indicated in door hardware schedule.
2. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
 - a. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) latchbolt throw.
 - b. Mortise Locks: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) latchbolt throw.
 - c. Deadbolts: Minimum 1-inch (25-mm) **OR** 1.25-inch (32-mm) bolt throw, **as directed**.
3. Lock Backset: 2-3/4 inches (70 mm), unless otherwise indicated.
4. Lock Trim:
 - a. Description: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Levers: Wrought **OR** Forged **OR** Cast, **as directed**.
 - c. Knobs: Wrought **OR** Forged **OR** Cast, **as directed**.
 - d. Escutcheons (Roses): Wrought **OR** Forged **OR** Cast, **as directed**.
 - e. Dummy Trim: Match knob **OR** lever, lock trim and escutcheons.
 - f. Operating Device: Lever **OR** Knob, **as directed** with escutcheons (roses).
5. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latchbolt complying with requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.
 - a. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
 - b. Extra-Long-Lip Strikes: For locks used on frames with applied wood casing trim.
 - c. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Manufacturer's special strike box fabricated for aluminum framing.
 - d. Rabbet Front and Strike: Provide on locksets for rabbeted meeting stiles.
6. Bored Locks: BHMA A156.2; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; Series 4000.
7. Mortise Locks: BHMA A156.13; Operational **OR** Security, **as directed** Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; Series 1000.
8. Interconnected Locks: BHMA A156.12; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; Series 5000.
9. Roller Latches: BHMA A156.16; Grade 1; rolling plunger that engages socket or catch, with adjustable roller projection.
 - a. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze, **as directed**.

- b. Mounting: Surface **OR** Mortise, **as directed**.
 - 10. Push-Pull Latches: Bored, BHMA A156.2; Series 4000 **OR** Mortise, BHMA A156.13, **as directed**; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with paddle handles that retract latchbolt; capable of being mounted vertically or horizontally.
 - a. Lever and Escutcheon Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Lettering: Engrave with the words "Pull" and "Push."
 - c. Lead Lining: 0.047 inch (1.2 mm) thick for escutcheon plate.

- G. Auxiliary Locks
 - 1. Bored Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with strike that suits frame.
 - a. Backset: 2-3/8 inches (60 mm) **OR** 2-3/4 inches (70 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Material: Aluminum **OR** Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Zinc alloy, **as directed**.
 - c. Deadlatches: Deadlocking latchbolt operated by key either side **OR** key outside and turn inside **OR** turn inside with no cylinder, **as directed**.
 - d. Deadlocks: Deadbolt operated by key either side **OR** key outside and turn inside **OR** turn inside with no cylinder **OR** key outside, no trim inside, **as directed**.
 - 2. Mortise Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with strike that suits frame.
 - a. Backset: 2-3/4 inches (70 mm).
 - b. Material: Aluminum **OR** Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Zinc alloy, **as directed**.
 - c. Deadlocks: Deadbolt operated by key either side **OR** outside and turn inside **OR** one side, **as directed**.
 - d. Deadlatches: Latchbolt and auxiliary deadlatch operated by key either side **OR** outside and turn inside, **as directed**.
 - e. Deadlocks for Sliding Doors: Expanding- or interlocking-type deadbolt operated by key either side **OR** outside and turn inside **OR** one side, **as directed**.
 - f. Deadlatches for Sliding Doors: Hook-type latchbolt operated by key either side **OR** outside and handle inside, **as directed**.
 - 3. Narrow Stile Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with strike that suits frame.
 - a. Backset: 0.98 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1.125 inches (29 mm) **OR** 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm) **OR** 1.75 inches (44 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 2.25 inches (57 mm) **OR** 2.5 inches (64 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Strike: Flat **OR** Flat with extra-long lip **OR** Radius **OR** Radius with weatherstrip **OR** Bevel, **as directed**.
 - c. Case Material: Steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - d. Armored Front and Strike Material: Aluminum **OR** Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Deadlock: Deadlocking bolt.
 - 1) Operation: Key both sides **OR** outside and operating trim inside, **as directed**.
 - 2) Door Application: Swinging **OR** Sliding door, **as directed**.
 - f. Deadlatch: Latchbolt with auxiliary deadlatch operated by key outside and paddle or lever inside; for single swinging doors.
 - g. Multipoint Lock: Deadlocking bolt for pairs of swinging doors.
 - 1) Operation: Key both sides **OR** outside and turn, lever, or knob inside, **as directed**.
 - 2) Type: Two **OR** Three point, **as directed**.
 - h. Latch/Lock: Deadbolt and latchbolt; both operated by key both sides; inside handle operates only latchbolt.
 - 4. Push-Button Combination Locks: BHMA A156.5; cylindrical; Grade 1 **OR** mortise; Grade 2, **as directed**; lock opens by entering a one- to five-digit code by pushing correct buttons in correct sequence; automatically relocks when door is closed; with strike that suits frame.
 - a. Lockset Configuration: Standard **OR** Privacy with inside push button, **as directed**.
 - b. Auxiliary Lock Configuration: Deadbolt **OR** Deadlocking latch **OR** Deadlocking rim latch, **as directed**.
 - c. Override: By key cylinder.

- H. Electric Strikes

1. Electric Strikes: BHMA A156.31; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with faceplate to suit lock and frame.
 - a. Material: Steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Zinc-aluminum alloy, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Mortised **OR** Semirim mounted **OR** Rim mounted, **as directed**.
 2. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Use fail-secure electric strikes with fire-rated devices.
 3. Monitoring: Mechanical latchbolt **OR** Infrared latchbolt **OR** Mechanical strike **OR** Infrared strike, **as directed**.
 4. Options: Lip extension kit.
- I. Electromagnetic Locks
1. Electromagnetic Locks: BHMA A156.23; electrically powered; with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door; full-exterior or full-interior type, as required by application indicated.
 - a. Direct-Hold Type: Lock mounted on bottom of header; strike flush mounted on door push side **OR** face of header; strike angle mounted on door pull side **OR** side of jamb; strike flush mounted on door push side, **as directed**.
 - b. Shear Type: Lock mounted on face of header; strike angle mounted on door **OR** mortised in header; strike mortised in top of door **OR** mortised in jamb; strike mortised in edge of door **OR** mortised in bottom of door; strike mortised in floor **OR** mortised in floor; strike mortised in bottom of door, **as directed**.
 - c. Strength Ranking: 1500 lbf (6672 N) **OR** 1000 lbf (4448 N) **OR** 500 lbf (2224 N), **as directed**.
 - d. Inductive Kickback Peak Voltage: Not more than 53 **OR** 0 V, **as directed**.
 - e. Residual Magnetism: Not more than 4 lbf (18 N) **OR** 0 lbf (0 N), **as directed** to separate door from magnet.
 - f. Options:
 - 1) Magnetic bond sensor.
 - 2) Continuous housing for full width of door.
 - 3) Continuous housing for full height of door.
 - 4) Single LED indicators.
 - 5) Double LED indicators.
 - 6) Adjustable time delay with automatic relock.
 - 7) Integral door position switch.
 2. Delayed-Egress Electromagnetic Locks: BHMA A156.24, electrically powered, with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door; depressing push bar for more than 3 seconds initiates irreversible alarm and 15-second delay for egress. When integrated with fire alarm, fire alarm voids 15-second delay.
 - a. Grade: Security Grade, activated from secure side of door by initiating device **OR** Movement Grade, activated by door movement as initiating device, **as directed**.
- J. Electromechanical Locks
1. Electromechanical Locks: BHMA A156.25; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; motor or solenoid driven; bored **OR** mortise latchbolt **OR** mortise deadbolt **OR** mortise deadlocking latchbolt, **as directed**; with strike that suits frame.
- K. Self-Contained Electronic Locks
1. Self-Contained Electronic Locks: BHMA A156.25, bored **OR** mortise, **as directed**; with internal, battery-powered, self-contained electronic locks; consisting of complete lockset, motor-driven lock mechanism, and actuating device; enclosed in zinc-dichromate-plated, wrought-steel case, and strike that suits frame. Provide key override, low-battery detection and warning, LED status indicators, and ability to program at the lock.
 - a. Actuating Device: Digital keypad **OR** Magnetic-stripe card reader, **as directed**.
 - 1) Card: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 0.030-inch- (0.76-mm-) thick PVC or polyester **OR** Custom, **as directed**.
 - 2) Accessory: Card encoder and software.
 - b. Faceplate Material: Wrought brass **OR** Wrought bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Trim: Lever **OR** Knob **OR** Match trim specified for mechanical locks, **as directed**.

- d. Function: Latch with **OR** Deadbolt with **OR** Latch without **OR** Deadbolt without, **as directed** key.
- L. Exit Locks And Exit Alarms
- 1. Exit Locks and Alarms: BHMA A156.29, Grade 1.
 - 2. Exit Locks: Surface mounted; battery powered, housed in metal case; with manufacturer's standard strike that suits frame; with red-and-white lettering reading "EMERGENCY EXIT PUSH TO OPEN--ALARM WILL SOUND."
 - a. Single-Door **OR** Pairs-of-Door Type, **as directed**: Activated by arm, push plate, or paddle **OR** horizontal bar, **as directed**.
 - b. Options:
 - 1) Low-battery alert.
 - 2) Outside key control.
 - 3) Audible alarm that sounds when unauthorized use of door occurs.
 - 4) Silent alarm with remote signal capability for connection to remote indicating panel.
 - 5) Strike: Surface **OR** Mortise, **as directed**.
 - 3. Stand-Alone Exit Alarms: Surface mounted on door **OR** Mounted separate from door and activated by door movement switch, **as directed**.
 - a. Options:
 - 1) Low-battery alert.
 - 2) Outside key control.
 - 3) Audible alarm that sounds when unauthorized use of door occurs.
 - 4) Automatic rearming after authorized use, with adjustable time delay, **as directed**.
 - 5) Remote signal capability for connection to remote indicating panel.
- M. Surface Bolts
- 1. Surface Bolts: BHMA A156.16.
 - 2. Half-Round Surface Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, 6-inch (152-mm) polished-brass or burnished-steel, half-round rod and knob; minimum 7/8-inch (22-mm) throw; with universal strike.
 - 3. Interlocking Surface Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, 6-inch (152-mm) extruded-brass or aluminum, interlocking track and rod; minimum 15/16-inch (24-mm) throw; with universal or mortise strike.
 - 4. Fire-Rated Surface Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, 8-inch (203-mm) steel bolt with 2 steel guides; minimum 1-inch (25-mm) throw; listed and labeled for fire-rated doors; with universal strike.
 - 5. Dutch-Door Surface Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, polished-brass bolt and knob, minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw, with standard strike.
- N. Manual Flush Bolts
- 1. Manual Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16; minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; designed for mortising into door edge.
 - 2. Manual-Extension Flush Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, fabricated from extruded brass or aluminum, with 12-inch (305-mm) rod actuated by flat lever; listed and labeled for fire-rated doors, **as directed**. Provide with matching **OR** dustproof strike, **as directed**.
 - 3. Slide Flush Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, cast brass, with rod actuated by slide. Provide with matching **OR** dustproof strike, **as directed**.
 - 4. Tubular Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, polished-brass or polished-bronze, oval turn knob and escutcheon; minimum 9/16-inch (14-mm) steel bolt with 1/2-inch (13-mm) throw. Provide with matching **OR** dustproof strike, **as directed**.
 - 5. Dustproof Strikes: Locking type, Grade 1, polished wrought brass, with 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, spring-tension plunger.
- O. Automatic And Self-Latching Flush Bolts
- 1. Automatic and Self-Latching Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16; minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; designed for mortising into door edge.
 - 2. Automatic Flush Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, fabricated from steel and brass components, with spring-activated bolts that automatically retract when active leaf is opened and that automatically engage when active door depresses bolt trigger; listed and labeled for fire-rated

doors, **as directed**. Provide brass or stainless-steel cover plate, top and bottom matching **OR** dustproof strikes, **as directed**, guides, guide supports, wear plates, and shims.

3. Self-Latching Flush Bolts: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, fabricated from steel and brass components, with spring-activated bolts that automatically engage when active door depresses trigger; listed and labeled for fire-rated doors, **as directed**. Bolts are manually retracted by a slide in the bolt face. Provide brass or stainless-steel cover plate, matching **OR** dustproof, **as directed** top and bottom strikes, guides, guide supports, wear plates, and shims.
4. Dustproof Strikes: Locking type, Grade 1, polished wrought brass, with 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, spring-tension plunger.

P. Exit Devices And Auxiliary Items

1. Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3.
2. Panic Exit Devices: Listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305.
3. Fire Exit Devices: Devices complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire and panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305 and NFPA 252.
4. Rim Exit Devices: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - a. Type: Type 1, rim **OR** Type 4, narrow stile **OR** Type 28, incorporating a deadbolt, **as directed**.
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - c. Actuating Bar: Cross bar **OR** Push pad **OR** Narrow-stile push pad, **as directed**.
 - d. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Wrought steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Electrified Options:
 - 1) Pushpad monitor switch.
 - 2) Double-pushpad monitor switch.
 - 3) Electric locking and unlocking.
 - 4) Delayed egress.
 - 5) Alarm.
5. Mortise Exit Devices: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - a. Type: Type 3 **OR** Type 10, narrow stile, **as directed**.
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - c. Actuating Bar: Cross bar **OR** Push pad **OR** Narrow-stile push pad, **as directed**.
 - d. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Wrought steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Electrified Options:
 - 1) Pushpad monitor switch.
 - 2) Double-pushpad monitor switch.
 - 3) Electric locking and unlocking.
 - 4) Delayed egress.
 - 5) Alarm.
6. Surface Vertical-Rod Exit Devices: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - a. Type: Type 2 **OR** Type 5, narrow stile, **as directed**.
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
 - c. Actuating Bar: Cross bar **OR** Push pad **OR** Narrow-stile push pad, **as directed**.
 - d. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Wrought steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Configuration: Top and bottom rods **OR** Top rod, **as directed**.
 - f. Electrified Options:
 - 1) Pushpad monitor switch.
 - 2) Double-pushpad monitor switch.
 - 3) Electric locking and unlocking.
 - 4) Delayed egress.
 - 5) Alarm.
7. Concealed Vertical-Rod Exit Devices: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.

- a. Type: Type 6, narrow stile **OR** Type 7, for wood doors **OR** Type 8, for metal doors, **as directed**.
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 **OR** 2, as directed.
 - c. Actuating Bar: Cross bar **OR** Push pad **OR** Narrow-stile push pad, **as directed**.
 - d. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Wrought steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Electrified Options:
 - 1) Pushpad monitor switch.
 - 2) Double-pushpad monitor switch.
 - 3) Electric locking and unlocking.
 - 4) Delayed egress.
 - 5) Alarm.
8. Combination Exit Devices: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**.
- a. Type: Type 9, rim and surface vertical rod **OR** Type 11, mortise and surface vertical rod **OR** Type 12, mortise and concealed vertical rod, **as directed**.
 - b. Grade: Grade 1 **OR** 2, as directed.
 - c. Actuating Bar: Cross bar **OR** Push pad **OR** Narrow-stile push pad, **as directed**.
 - d. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Wrought steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Electrified Options:
 - 1) Pushpad monitor switch.
 - 2) Double-pushpad monitor switch.
 - 3) Electric locking and unlocking.
 - 4) Delayed egress.
 - 5) Alarm.
9. Automatic Latching Two-Point Bolts: Grade 1.
- a. Type: Type 23, concealed **OR** Type 24, surface, **as directed**.
 - b. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
10. Extension Flush Bolt Sets: BHMA A156.3; Grade 1.
- a. Type: Type 25, automatic **OR** Type 27, self-latching, **as directed**.
 - b. Material: Brass **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
11. Electronic Exit Bars: Nonlatching electronic actuating (releasing) device activated by an adjustable capacitance sensor and with no moving parts; listed and labeled as panic exit hardware. Fabricate bar from extruded aluminum, and provide door and frame transfer device and 16 feet (4.9 m) of cord to route wiring off the door frame.
12. Extruded-Aluminum Removable Mullions: With malleable-iron top and bottom retainers, and prepared for strikes as follows:
- a. Strikes: Two standard recessed strikes **OR** Two monitor strikes **OR** One standard and one electric strike, **as directed**.
13. Tube-Steel Removable Mullions: With malleable-iron top and bottom retainers, and prepared for strikes as follows:
- a. Strikes: Two standard recessed strikes **OR** Two monitor strikes **OR** One standard and one electric strike, **as directed**.
14. Fire-Exit Removable Mullions: Provide removable mullions for use with fire exit devices complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for fire and panic protection, based on testing according to UL 305 and NFPA 252. Use mullions only with exit devices for which they have been tested.
15. Dummy Push Bar: Nonfunctioning push bar matching functional push bar.
- a. Operation: Rigid **OR** Movable **OR** Movable with monitor switch, **as directed**.
16. Exit Device Outside Trim: Lever **OR** Lever with cylinder **OR** Knob **OR** Knob with cylinder **OR** Pull **OR** Pull with cylinder **OR** Thumb turn with cylinder, **as directed**; material and finish to match locksets, unless otherwise indicated.
- a. Match design for lock trim, unless otherwise indicated.
17. Through-Bolt Fasteners: For exit devices and trim on metal doors **OR** non-fire-rated wood doors **OR** fire-rated wood doors, **as directed**.

Q. Lock Cylinders

1. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
2. Standard Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1 **OR** 1A **OR** 2, **as directed**; permanent cores that are interchangeable **OR** removable, **as directed**; face finished to match lockset.
 - a. Number of Pins: Five **OR** Six **OR** Seven, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Mortise **OR** Rim **OR** Bored-lock, **as directed** type.
3. High-Security Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.30; Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; Type M, mechanical **OR** E, electrical, **as directed**; permanent cores that are removable; face finished to match lockset.
 - a. Number of Pins: Six **OR** Seven, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Mortise **OR** Rim **OR** Bored-lock, **as directed** type.
4. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 10 construction master keys.
5. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

R. Keying

1. Keying System: Factory registered, complying with guidelines in BHMA A156.28, Appendix A. Incorporate decisions made in keying conference.
 - a. No Master Key System: Only change keys operate cylinder.
 - b. Master Key System: Change keys and a master key operate cylinders.
 - c. Grand Master Key System: Change keys, a master key, and a grand master key operate cylinders.
 - d. Great-Grand Master Key System: Change keys, a master key, a grand master key, and a great-grand master key operate cylinders.
 - e. Existing System:
 - 1) Master key or grand master key locks to Owner's existing system.
 - 2) Re-key Owner's existing master key system into new keying system.
 - f. Keyed Alike: Key all cylinders to same change key.
2. Keys: Nickel silver **OR** Brass, **as directed**.
 - a. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
 - 1) Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE." **OR** Information to be furnished by Owner., **as directed**
 - b. Quantity: In addition to one extra key blank for each lock, provide the following:
 - 1) Cylinder Change Keys: Three.
 - 2) Master Keys: Five.
 - 3) Grand Master Keys: Five.
 - 4) Great-Grand Master Keys: Five.

S. Key Control System

1. Key Control Cabinet: BHMA A156.5; metal cabinet with baked-enamel finish; containing key-holding hooks, labels, 2 sets of key tags with self-locking key holders, key-gathering envelopes, and temporary and permanent markers; with key capacity of 150 percent of the number of locks.
 - a. Multiple-Drawer Cabinet: Cabinet with drawers equipped with key-holding panels and key envelope storage, and progressive-type ball-bearing suspension slides. Include single cylinder lock to lock all drawers.
 - b. Wall-Mounted Cabinet: Cabinet with hinged-panel door equipped with key-holding panels and pin-tumbler cylinder door lock.
 - c. Portable Cabinet: Tray for mounting in file cabinet, equipped with key-holding panels, envelopes, and cross-index system.
2. Key Lock Boxes: Designed for storage of two **OR** 10 keys, **as directed**, with tamper switches to connect to intrusion detection system, **as directed**.
3. Cross-Index System: Multiple **OR** Single, **as directed**-index system for recording key information. Include three receipt forms for each key-holding hook. Set up by key control manufacturer **OR** Installer, **as directed**.

4. Key Control System Software: BHMA A156.5, Grade 1; multiple-index system for recording and reporting key-holder listings, tracking keys and lock and key history, and printing receipts for transactions. Include instruction manual.

T. Operating Trim

1. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6; aluminum **OR** brass **OR** bronze **OR** stainless steel, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Flat Push Plates: 0.050 inch (1.3 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, **as directed**, 4 inches wide by 16 inches high (102 mm wide by 406 mm high), with square corners and beveled edges; secured with exposed screws.
3. Push-Pull Plates: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, 3-1/2 inches wide by 15-3/4 inches high (89 mm wide by 400 mm high), with square corners, beveled edges, and raised integral lip; secured with exposed screws.
4. Straight Door Pulls: With minimum clearance of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) from face of door.
 - a. Type: 3/4-inch (19-mm) constant-diameter **OR** variable-diameter **OR** flattened-round **OR** hospital-type pull, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface applied with concealed fasteners **OR** Through bolted with oval-head machine screws and countersunk washers **OR** Back to back with threaded sleeves, **as directed**.
 - c. Overall Length: 9 inches (229 mm), **as directed**.
5. Offset Door Pulls: 1-inch (25-mm) constant-diameter pull with minimum clearance of 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) from face of door and offset of 2 inches (51 mm).
 - a. Mounting: Surface applied with concealed fasteners **OR** Through bolted with oval-head machine screws and countersunk washers **OR** Back to back with threaded sleeves, **as directed**.
 - b. Overall Length: 9 inches (229 mm).
6. Flush Door Pulls: Mortised 1/2 inch (13 mm) deep; secured with screws.
 - a. Shape: Rectangular with rectangular recess.
 - b. Size: 3-1/2 inches wide by 4-3/4 inches high (89 mm wide by 121 mm high).
7. Straight Pull-Plate Door Pulls: 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick plate, 4 inches wide by 16 inches high (102 mm wide by 406 mm high) with square corners and beveled edges; pull with minimum clearance of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) from face of door.
 - a. Type: 3/4-inch (19-mm) constant-diameter **OR** variable-diameter **OR** flattened-round **OR** hospital-type pull, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface applied with concealed fasteners **OR** Through bolted with oval-head machine screws and countersunk washers **OR** Back to back with threaded sleeves, **as directed**.
 - c. Overall Pull Length: 9 inches (229 mm).
8. Offset Push-Pull Door Pulls: 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick plate, 4 inches wide by 16 inches high (102 mm wide by 406 mm high) with square corners and beveled edges; 1-inch (25-mm) constant-diameter pull with minimum clearance of 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) from face of door and offset of 2 inches (51 mm).
 - a. Overall Pull Length: 9 inches (229 mm).
9. Single Push Bar: Horizontal bar, with minimum clearance of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) from face of door.
 - a. Shape and Size: 1-inch (25-mm) constant-diameter round bar **OR** Minimum 3/8-by-1-1/4-inch (10-by-32-mm) flat bar, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface applied with concealed fasteners **OR** Through bolted with oval-head machine screws and countersunk washers, **as directed**.
10. Double Pull Bar: Two horizontal bars connected by matching vertical pull bar and spaced at 8 inches (200 mm) o.c.; with minimum clearance of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) from face of door.
 - a. Shape and Size: 1-inch (25-mm) constant-diameter round bars **OR** Minimum 3/8-by- 1-1/4-inch (10-by-32-mm) flat bars, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface applied with concealed fasteners **OR** Through bolted with oval-head machine screws and countersunk washers, **as directed**.

U. Accessories For Pairs Of Doors

1. Coordinators: BHMA A156.3; consisting of active-leaf, hold-open lever and inactive-leaf release trigger; fabricated from steel with nylon-coated strike plates; with built-in, adjustable safety release; and with internal override.
2. Carry-Open Bars: BHMA A156.3; prevent the inactive leaf from opening before the active leaf; provide polished brass or bronze carry-open bars with strike plate for inactive leaves of pairs of doors unless automatic or self-latching bolts are used.
3. Flat Overlapping Astragals: BHMA A156.22; flat primed steel **OR** zinc-plated steel **OR** aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** brass metal bar, **as directed**, surface mounted on face of door with screws; minimum 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick by 2 inches (51 mm) wide by full height of door.
4. Rigid, Housed Astragals: BHMA A156.22; gasket material held in place by metal housing; fastened to face of door with screws.
 - a. Gasket Material: Closed-cell sponge silicone **OR** Closed-cell sponge neoprene **OR** Neoprene **OR** Silicone bulb, **as directed**.
 - b. Housing Material: Aluminum **OR** Copper alloy (brass or bronze), **as directed**.
5. Overlapping-with-Gasket Astragals: BHMA A156.22; T-shaped metal, surface mounted on edge of door with screws; with integral gasket and base metal as follows:
 - a. Base Metal: Primed steel **OR** Zinc-plated steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Gasket Material: Vinyl **OR** Silicone **OR** Sponge neoprene **OR** Brush pile **OR** Polypropylene, **as directed**.

V. Surface Closers

1. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
2. Cast-Aluminum Surface Closers: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; Traditional Type with mechanism enclosed in cast-aluminum alloy shell.
 - a. Mounting: Hinge side **OR** Opposite hinge side **OR** Parallel arm **OR** Bracket, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Regular arm **OR** Fusible-link holder arm **OR** Two-point hold-open arm **OR** Delayed action closing, **as directed**.
 - c. Backcheck: Factory preset **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**, effective between 60 and 85 degrees of door opening.
3. Surface Closer without Cover: Grade 1 **OR** 2 Modern Type, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting: Hinge side **OR** Opposite hinge side **OR** Parallel arm **OR** Bracket **OR** Hinge side top jamb **OR** Opposite side top jamb, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Regular arm **OR** Hold open **OR** Fusible-link holder arm **OR** Slide track arm **OR** Dead stop **OR** Dead stop hold open **OR** Delayed action closing, **as directed**.
 - c. Backcheck: Factory preset **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**, effective between 60 and 85 degrees of door opening.
 - d. Closing Power Adjustment: At least 50 **OR** 35 **OR** 15 percent more than minimum tested value, **as directed**.
4. Surface Closer with Cover: Grade 1 **OR** 2 Modern Type, **as directed**; with mechanism enclosed in cover.
 - a. Mounting: Hinge side **OR** Opposite hinge side **OR** Parallel arm **OR** Bracket **OR** Hinge side, top jamb **OR** Opposite side, top jamb, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Regular arm **OR** Hold open **OR** Fusible-link holder arm **OR** Slide track arm **OR** Dead stop **OR** Dead stop hold open **OR** Delayed action closing, **as directed**.
 - c. Backcheck: Factory preset **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**, effective between 60 and 85 degrees of door opening.
 - d. Cover Material: Aluminum **OR** Plated steel **OR** Molded plastic, **as directed**.
 - e. Closing Power Adjustment: At least 50 **OR** 35 **OR** 15 percent more than minimum tested value, **as directed**.

W. Concealed Closers

1. Concealed Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
 2. Concealed-in-Door Closer: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; mortised into top rail of minimum 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) thick doors and track mortised into head frame; with double lever arm indicated.
 - a. Type: Surface shoe **OR** Mortised soffit plate, **as directed**.
 - b. Arm: Regular **OR** Hold open, **as directed**.
 - c. Closing Power Adjustment: At least 50 **OR** 35 **OR** 15 percent more than minimum tested value, **as directed**.
 3. Concealed Overhead Closer: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; mortised into head frame; with cast-metal body and exposed cover plate.
 - a. Type: Exposed arm with surface shoe, single acting **OR** Concealed arm and track, butt or pivot hung, single acting **OR** Concealed arm and track, center pivoted, single acting **OR** Concealed arm and track, center pivoted, double acting, **as directed**.
 - b. Arm: Regular **OR** Automatic hold open **OR** Manually selected hold open **OR** Fusible-link holder arm, **as directed**.
 - c. Track: Regular **OR** Automatic hold open **OR** Manually selected hold open, **as directed**.
 - d. Cover Plate Material: Aluminum **OR** Plated steel, **as directed**.
 - e. Backcheck: Factory preset **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
 - f. Closing Power Adjustment: At least 50 **OR** 35 percent more than minimum tested value, **as directed**.
 4. Concealed Floor Closer: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with cement case and cast-iron closer body case and top pivot; for single **OR** double-acting doors, **as directed**.
 - a. Type: Center pivoted; include top pivot **OR** Offset pivoted; include top pivot **OR** Independently hung, **as directed**.
 - b. Fire Rated: Listed for use with labeled fire-rated doors where indicated.
 - c. Function: Regular **OR** Automatic hold open **OR** Manually selected hold open **OR** Delayed action closing, **as directed**.
 - d. Backcheck: Factory preset **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
 - e. Closing Power Adjustment: At least 50 **OR** 35 percent more than minimum tested value, **as directed**.
 - f. Case Depth: Regular, 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** Shallow, 2 inches (50 mm), **as directed**.
 - g. Floor Plates: Provide flush cover plates matching door hardware finish **OR** recessed floor plates with insert of floor finish material and extended closer spindle to accommodate thickness of floor finish, **as directed** unless thresholds are indicated.
 - 1) Material: Aluminum **OR** Plated steel, **as directed**.
- X. Closer Holder Release Devices
1. Closer Holder Release Devices: BHMA A156.15; Grade 1; closer connected with separate or integral releasing and fire- or smoke-detecting devices. Door shall become self-closing on interruption of signal to release device. Automatic release is activated by smoke detection system **OR** loss of power, **as directed**.
 - a. Type: Single-point hold open **OR** Multiple-point hold open **OR** Free-swinging release, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted on face of door **OR** Surface mounted on face of top jamb **OR** Surface mounted on stop **OR** Mortised into top rail of door **OR** Mortised into top jamb **OR** Recessed into floor, **as directed**.
 - c. Options: Adjustable backcheck **OR** Integral smoke detector **OR** Adjustable spring power **OR** Adjustable hold-open manual release force, **as directed**.
- Y. Mechanical Stops And Holders
1. Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16; polished cast brass, bronze, or aluminum base metal, **as directed**.
 2. Rigid-Type Floor Stop: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with rubber bumper; for surface-screw **OR** expansion-shield, **as directed** application.

3. Dome-Type Floor Stop: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) high bumper for doors without threshold and 1-3/8-inch- (35-mm-) high bumper for doors with threshold; provide with extruded aluminum riser for carpet installations.
 4. Combination Floor Stop and Holder: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; for surface-screw **OR** expansion-shield application, **as directed**; with semiautomatic hold open **OR** automatic hold open and release by pushing door, **as directed**.
 5. Manual Combination Floor Stop and Holder: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) long, with holder, keeper, and rubber bumper; for surface-screw **OR** expansion-shield application, **as directed**.
 6. Chain Door Stops: Grade 2; welded chain, each end attached to compression springs, both covered with protective sleeve; for surface-screw application.
 7. Wall Bumpers: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with rubber bumper; 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) diameter, minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) projection from wall; with backplate for concealed fastener installation; with convex **OR** concave, **as directed** bumper configuration.
 8. Roller-Type Wall Bumpers: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; minimum 4-3/8-inch (111-mm) projection from wall; for surface-screw application.
 9. Lever-Type Door Holders: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; minimum 4-inch- (102-mm-) long arm that swings up and remains in vertical position; with replaceable rubber tip; for surface-screw application.
 10. Plunger-Type Door Holders: Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; minimum 1-1/8-inch (29-mm) plunger throw; with replaceable rubber tip; for surface-screw application.
- Z. Electromagnetic Stops And Holders
1. Electromagnetic Door Holders: BHMA A156.15, Grade 1; wall-mounted electromagnetic single **OR** floor-mounted electromagnetic single **OR** floor-mounted electromagnetic double unit, **as directed** with strike plate attached to swinging door; coordinated with fire detectors and interface with fire alarm system for labeled fire-rated door assemblies.
- AA. Overhead Stops And Holders
1. Overhead Stops and Holders: BHMA A156.8.
 2. Overhead Concealed Slide Holders: Type 1; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; hold open and release by push and pull of door unless control is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable holding pressure; for single **OR** double, **as directed**-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 3. Overhead Concealed Slide Stops: Type 1; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; release by push and pull of door unless control is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable holding pressure; for single **OR** double, **as directed**-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 4. Overhead Surface-Mounted Slide Holders: Type 2; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; hold open and release by push and pull of door unless control is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable holding pressure; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 5. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Concealed Slide Stops: Type 2; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; release by push and pull of door unless control is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable holding pressure; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 6. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Jointed-Arm Holders: Type 3; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; hold open and release by push and pull of door; control capable of being set in inactive position; with stop and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 7. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Jointed-Arm Stops: Type 3; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; release by push and pull of door; control capable of being set in inactive position; with stop and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 8. Overhead Concealed, Friction Slide Holders: Type 4; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with frictional element held under adjustable pressure, free-acting shoulder pivots, and shock absorber; for single **OR** double, **as directed**-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
 9. Overhead Concealed, Nonfriction Slide Stops: Type 4; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with nonfrictional element held under adjustable pressure and shock absorber; for single **OR** double, **as directed**-acting doors opening 110 degrees.

10. Overhead Concealed, Nonfriction Slide Holders: Type 4; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with nonfrictional element held under adjustable pressure, automatic hold-open, and shock absorber; for single **OR** double, **as directed**-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
11. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Friction Slide Holders: Type 5; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with frictional element held under adjustable pressure, free-acting shoulder pivots, and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
12. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Nonfriction Slide Stops: Type 5; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with nonfrictional element held under adjustable pressure and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
13. Overhead Surface-Mounted, Nonfriction Slide Holders: Type 5; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; with nonfrictional element held under adjustable pressure, automatic hold-open, and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
14. Overhead Surface-Mounted Rod Holders: Type 8; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; hold open and release by push and pull of door unless roller cam is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable spring tension; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
15. Overhead Surface-Mounted Rod Stops: Type 8; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; release by push and pull of door unless roller cam is set in inactive position; with stop, shock absorber, and adjustable spring tension; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
16. Overhead Surface-Mounted Cantilever Holders: Type 9; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; hold open and release by push and pull of door or thumb turn; with stop and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.
17. Overhead Surface-Mounted Cantilever Stops: Type 9; Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**; release by push and pull of door or thumb turn; with stop and shock absorber; for single-acting doors opening 110 degrees.

BB. Door Gasketing

1. Door Gasketing: BHMA A156.22; air leakage not to exceed 0.50 cfm per foot (0.000774 cu. m/s per m) of crack length for gasketing other than for smoke control, as tested according to ASTM E 283; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
2. Adhesive-Backed Perimeter Gasketing: Vinyl bulb **OR** Sponge silicone **OR** Silicone **OR** Neoprene bulb **OR** Sponge neoprene gasket material, **as directed** applied to frame rabbet with self-adhesive.
3. Spring-Metal Perimeter Gasketing: Minimum 0.008-inch- (0.20-mm-) thick brass or bronze **OR** 0.008-inch- (0.20-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 0.012-inch- (0.30-mm-) thick aluminum gasket material, **as directed** fastened to frame rabbet with nails or screws.
4. Rigid, Housed, Perimeter Gasketing: Sponge silicone **OR** Sponge neoprene **OR** Silicone bulb **OR** Polyurethane bulb **OR** Vinyl bulb **OR** Vinyl brush **OR** Nylon brush **OR** Thermoplastic elastomer, **as directed** gasket material held in place by aluminum **OR** brass or bronze **OR** stainless steel, **as directed** housing; fastened to frame stop with screws.
5. Adjustable, Housed, Perimeter Gasketing: Screw-adjustable sponge silicone **OR** sponge neoprene **OR** silicone bulb **OR** polyurethane bulb **OR** vinyl bulb **OR** vinyl brush **OR** nylon brush **OR** thermoplastic elastomer gasket material, **as directed**, held in place by aluminum **OR** brass or bronze **OR** stainless steel housing, **as directed**; fastened to frame stop with screws.
6. Interlocking Perimeter Gasketing: Minimum 0.018-inch- (0.46-mm-) thick zinc **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick bronze gasket material, **as directed** consisting of two pieces, one fastened to door and one fastened to frame, that interlock when door is closed; mounted with screws.
7. Overlapping Astragals for Meeting Stiles: EPDM strip **OR** Vinyl strip **OR** Nylon brush gasket material, **as directed** held in place by aluminum **OR** bronze, **as directed** housing and overlapping when doors are closed; mounted to face of meeting stile with screws; surface mounted to each **OR** one door, **as directed**.
8. Meeting Astragals for Meeting Stiles: Silicone bulb **OR** Neoprene bulb **OR** Vinyl bulb **OR** Nylon brush **OR** Brush pile **OR** Thermoplastic elastomer gasket material, **as directed** held in place by aluminum **OR** bronze housing, **as directed** mounted with screws.
 - a. Mounting: Surface mounted on face of each door **OR** Surface mounted on face of one door **OR** Semimortised into edge of each door **OR** Semimortised into edge of one door **OR** Mortised into edge of each door **OR** Mortised into edge of one door, **as directed**.

9. Adjustable Astragals for Meeting Stiles: Screw-adjustable silicone **OR** neoprene **OR** vinyl **OR** vinyl-covered magnet **OR** brush pile **OR** thermoplastic elastomer gasket material, **as directed** held in place by aluminum **OR** bronze housing, **as directed** mounted with screws.
 - a. Mounting: Surface mounted on face **OR** Semimortised into edge **OR** Mortised into edge of each door, **as directed**.
10. Door Sweeps: Neoprene **OR** Vinyl **OR** Nylon brush **OR** Polyurethane **OR** Silicone gasket material, **as directed** held in place by flat aluminum **OR** bronze, **as directed** housing or flange; surface mounted to face of door with screws.
11. Door Shoes: Vinyl **OR** Thermoplastic elastomer **OR** Neoprene **OR** Brush pile gasket material, **as directed** held in place by aluminum **OR** bronze housing, **as directed**; mounted to bottom edge of door with screws.
 - a. Extended Housing: One side **OR** Both sides of door, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted on **OR** Mortised into bottom edge of door, **as directed**.
12. Automatic Door Bottoms: Sponge neoprene **OR** Sponge silicone **OR** Thermoplastic elastomer **OR** Nylon brush gasket material, **as directed** held in place by aluminum **OR** bronze **OR** aluminum lined with 0.047-inch (1.2-mm) thick lead housing, **as directed** that automatically drops to form seal when door is closed; mounted to bottom edge of door with screws.
 - a. Mounting: Surface mounted on face **OR** Semimortised into bottom **OR** Mortised into bottom of door, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Low-closing-force type for doors required to meet accessibility requirements.

CC. Thresholds

1. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; fabricated to full width of opening indicated.
2. Compressing-Top Thresholds: Metal member with compressible vinyl seal on top of threshold that seals against bottom of door; and base metal of aluminum **OR** extruded bronze **OR** stainless steel, **as directed**.
3. Saddle Thresholds:
 - a. Type: Smooth top **OR** Fluted top **OR** Fluted top and offset **OR** Thermal break and fluted top **OR** Applied gasketed stop and fluted top **OR** Carpet separator with fluted top **OR** Fluted top, barrier free, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
4. Half-Saddle Thresholds: Fluted-top metal member; and base metal of aluminum **OR** extruded bronze, **as directed**.
5. Interlocking Thresholds: Fluted-top metal member with integral lip designed to engage a hook strip applied to door.
 - a. Type: Single lip **OR** Double lip **OR** Double-lip water return **OR** Double-lip water return with aluminum pan **OR** Single lip with thermal barrier, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.
6. Latching/Rabbeted Thresholds:
 - a. Type: Fluted **OR** Smooth **OR** Offset with fluted top, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.
7. Latching/Rabbeted Thresholds with Gasket: Fluted-top metal member with gasket.
 - a. Type: Offset **OR** Thermal barrier, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.
 - c. Gasket Material: Vinyl **OR** Silicone **OR** Neoprene **OR** Brush pile **OR** Closed-cell sponge neoprene, **as directed**.
8. Latching/Rabbeted Panic Thresholds:
 - a. Type: Fluted, barrier free **OR** Fluted with gasket top, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.
9. Plate Thresholds: Solid metal plate.
 - a. Top Surface: Fluted **OR** Fluted with slip-resistant abrasive, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded brass or bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
10. Ramped Thresholds: Modular, interlocking, sloped, fluted-top metal assemblies with closed return ends; 1:12 slope.
 - a. Top Surface: Fluted **OR** Fluted with slip-resistant abrasive, **as directed**.
 - b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.
11. Saddle Thresholds for Floor Closers: Fluted top.

- a. Type: Type A, for center-hung doors; ends not mitered **OR** Type B, for offset-hung doors; ends not mitered **OR** Type C, for center-hung doors; ends mitered **OR** Type D, for offset-hung doors; ends mitered, **as directed**.
- b. Base Metal: Aluminum **OR** Extruded bronze, **as directed**.

DD. Sliding Door Hardware

1. Sliding Door Hardware: BHMA A156.14; consisting of complete sets including rails, hangers, supports, bumpers, floor guides, and accessories indicated.
2. Horizontal Sliding Door Hardware: Grade 1; rated for minimum door weight of 240 lb (109 kg) **OR** 320 lb (145 kg) **OR** 450 lb (205 kg) **OR** 560 lb (254 kg) **OR** 640 lb (290 kg) **OR** 800 lb (363 kg) **OR** 1000 lb (455 kg) **OR** 1500 lb (681 kg), **as directed**.
 - a. Material: Wrought steel **OR** Galvanized steel or anodized aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Rail: Box without mounting brackets **OR** Box with attached mounting brackets **OR** Box with attached flashing **OR** Round without mounting brackets **OR** Round with attached mounting brackets, **as directed**.
 - c. Rail Supports: Single sidewall **OR** Double sidewall **OR** Triple sidewall **OR** Single overhead **OR** Single overhead parallel **OR** Single overhead cross-ear **OR** Double overhead cross-ear **OR** Triple overhead cross-ear style, **as directed**.
 - 1) Provide intermediate, end, and splice type track supports as required by rail configuration and door weight indicated.
 - d. Hanger Configuration: Four-wheel truck **OR** hanger assembly with top mounting plate **OR** hanger assembly with drop bolt **OR** hanger assembly with single drop strap **OR** hanger assembly with double drop strap, **as directed**.
 - 1) Wheel Assembly: Steel wheels with ball bearings.
 - e. Accessories:
 - 1) Continuous bottom guide.
 - 2) Guide rail and guide rail brackets as required by rail configuration.
 - 3) Bow handle, minimum 6 inches (150 mm) in overall length.
 - 4) Flush pull, minimum 4 by 5-1/2 by 3/4 inch (100 by 140 by 19 mm), mortised into door.
 - 5) Cane bolt, minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) diameter by 12 inches (305 mm) long.
 - 6) Stay roller, minimum 2-inch- (50-mm-) diameter wheel.
 - 7) Floor center stop of cast iron.
 - 8) End guide and stop.
 - 9) Parallel door floor guides.
 - 10) Door stop.
 - 11) Sliding door latch.
 - 12) Bumper shoe, minimum 0.0598-inch (1.5-mm) thickness.
 - 13) Cremona bolt with lever handle, minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter oval or round rod, and rod guides at 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
 - 14) Top spring bolt, minimum 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm), **as directed**; malleable iron and with angle or surface strike and 24-inch (610-mm) chain.
 - 15) Foot bolt minimum 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm), **as directed**; wrought steel, cast iron, or malleable iron.
3. Bypassing Sliding Door Hardware: Rails and door hardware that allow vertical adjustment and rated for doors weighing up to 120 lb (54 kg) (Grade 1) **OR** 80 lb (36 kg) (Grade 1) **OR** 40 lb (18 kg) (Grade 2), **as directed**.
 - a. Rail Material: Galvanized wrought steel **OR** Extruded aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Rail Configuration: V-grooved double leg **OR** V-grooved double leg with fascia **OR** I-beam, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Top hung **OR** Bottom supporting with overhead guide, **as directed**.
 - d. Wheel Assembly: Two wheel or four wheel, with roller bearings.
 - e. Pulls: Flush, mortised into door **OR** Cast, forged, or extruded brass or bronze surface-applied type **OR** Wrought brass or bronze edge type, mortised into edge of door **OR** Sliding door latch **OR** Sliding door lock with emergency release, **as directed**.
 - f. Accessories:
 - 1) Bumper stops; wrought steel.
 - 2) Floor guides.

4. Pocket Sliding Door Hardware: Grade 1; rated for doors weighing up to 120 lb (54 kg) **OR** 80 lb (36 kg), **as directed**, overhead box rails and door hardware that allows vertical adjustment.
 - a. Rail Material: Galvanized wrought steel **OR** Extruded aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Door Type: Single **OR** Biparting, **as directed**.
 - c. Rail Configuration: V-grooved double leg **OR** I-beam, **as directed**.
 - d. Wheel Assembly: Two wheel or four wheel, roller bearings.
 - e. Pulls: Flush, mortised into door **OR** Cast, forged, or extruded brass or bronze surface-applied type **OR** Wrought brass or bronze edge type, mortised into edge of door **OR** Sliding door latch **OR** Sliding door lock with emergency release, **as directed**.
 - f. Accessories:
 - 1) Bumper stops; wrought steel.
 - 2) Floor guides installed within pocket.
- EE. Folding Door Hardware
1. General: BHMA A156.14; complete sets including overhead rails, hangers, supports, bumpers, floor guides, and accessories indicated.
 2. Bifolding Door Hardware: Rated for door panels weighing up to 50 lb (23 kg) (Grade 1) **OR** 30 lb (14 kg) (Grade 2), **as directed**; with rails and door hardware that allow horizontal and vertical adjustment.
 - a. Rail Material: Galvanized wrought steel **OR** Extruded aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Rail Configuration: V-grooved double leg **OR** V-grooved double leg with fascia **OR** I-beam, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Surface mounted overhead **OR** Top and bottom hung, **as directed**.
 - d. Wheel Assembly: Two wheel or four wheel, with roller bearings.
 3. Multiple Folding Door Hardware: Rated for door panels weighing up to 50 lb (23 kg) (Grade 1) **OR** 30 lb (14 kg) (Grade 2), **as directed**; with rails and door hardware that allows horizontal and vertical adjustment.
 - a. Rail Material: Galvanized wrought steel **OR** Extruded aluminum, **as directed**.
 - b. Rail Configuration: V-grooved double leg **OR** V-grooved double leg with fascia **OR** I-beam, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Surface mounted overhead **OR** Top and bottom hung, **as directed**.
 - d. Wheel Assembly: Two wheel or four wheel, with roller bearing.
- FF. Metal Protective Trim Units
1. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; fabricated from 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick aluminum **OR** brass **OR** bronze **OR** stainless steel, **as directed**; with manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screw fasteners.
 2. Armor Plates: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1016 mm) **OR** 42 inches (1067 mm) high, **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
 3. Kick Plates: 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** 10 inches (254 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) high, **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
 4. Mop Plates: 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) high, **as directed by** 1 inch (25 mm) less than door width.
 5. Stretcher Plates: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 8 inches (203 mm) high, **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
 6. Nonmortise Angle Door Edging: 48-inch- (1220-mm-) **OR** 42-inch- (1067-mm-) high, **as directed by** minimum 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick metal sheet formed into angle shape; with 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) length of leg on face of door; for surface mounting on door.
 - a. Leg Offset: To accommodate door protection plate of type indicated.
 7. Mortise Angle Door Edging: 48-inch- (1220-mm) **OR** 42-inch- (1067-mm-) high, **as directed by** minimum 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick metal sheet formed into angle shape; with 7/8-inch (22-mm) length of leg on face of door; for mortise application into edge of door.
 8. Nonmortise Cap Door Edging: 48-inch- (1220-mm) **OR** 42-inch- (1067-mm-) high, **as directed by** minimum 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick metal sheet formed into "U" shape; with 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) length of leg on faces of door; for surface mounting on door.
 - a. Leg Offset: To accommodate door protection plate of type indicated.

9. Mortise Cap Door Edging: 48-inch- (1220-mm) **OR** 42-inch- (1067-mm-) high, **as directed by** minimum 0.050-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick metal sheet formed into "U" shape; with 7/8-inch (22-mm) length of leg on faces of door; for mortise application into edge of door.

GG. Plastic Protection Plates

1. Plastic Protection Plates: BHMA A156.6; fabricated with four sides beveled; plastic laminate; 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick; NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS **OR** rigid plastic; 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, PVC or acrylic-modified vinyl plastic **OR** acrylic; 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, **as directed**.
2. Armor Plates: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1016 mm) **OR** 42 inches (1067 mm), high, **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
3. Kick Plates: 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** 10 inches (254 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) high **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
4. Mop Plates: 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) high **as directed by** 1 inch (25 mm) less than door width.
5. Stretcher Plates: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 8 inches (203 mm) high **as directed by** door width with allowance for frame stops.
6. Colors and Textures: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match Architect's sample **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations in the door hardware schedule, **as directed**.

HH. Auxiliary Door Hardware

1. Auxiliary Hardware: BHMA A156.16.
2. Chain Door Guards: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; polished cast brass or bronze or extruded brass; with plate slotted to receive 6-inch- (150-mm-) long welded chain secured to an anchor plate. Guard allows door to be opened 3 inches (75 mm) with chain engaged in slotted plate. Equip with chain holder.
3. Rod-Type Door Guards: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; straight door-mounted rod that engages U-shaped, jamb-mounted rod. U-shaped rod can swing 180 degrees away from door; rod limits door opening when engaged. Fabricated from polished cast brass **OR** bronze **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
4. Coat Hooks: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; two curved hooks with rounded ends; 3-inch (75-mm) projection from wall; for surface-screw application; fabricated from polished cast brass **OR** polished cast bronze **OR** burnished cast aluminum, **as directed**.
5. Garment Hooks: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; one long hat hook and one small coat hook; 3-3/4-inch (95-mm) projection from wall with 7-inch (178-mm) overall height; for surface-screw application; fabricated from polished cast brass **OR** burnished cast aluminum, **as directed**.
6. Door Knockers: Grade 1; solid brass with engraved number and nameplates, **as directed**.
7. Wide-Angle Door Viewers: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; solid brass with optical glass lenses; adjustable to door thickness and permitting 1-way observation with minimum 190-degree viewing angle.
8. Fire-Rated Door Viewers: Solid brass with optical glass lenses; listed and labeled for use in fire-rated door assemblies; adjustable to door thickness, and permitting 1-way observation with minimum 120 **OR** 150 **OR** 190-degree viewing angle **as directed**.
9. House Numbers: Grade 1; wrought, cast, or forged brass; 4 inches (102 mm) high; for screw application.
10. Letter Box Plates: Grade 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**; with spring-loaded front plate with brass spring and inside covered gravity flap or hood; fabricated from wrought brass **OR** wrought bronze **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
 - a. Regular Size, Inswinging: Minimum 0.036-inch (0.9-mm) metal thickness, with minimum 7-by-1-5/8-inch (178-by-41-mm) opening.
 - b. Regular Size, Outswinging: Minimum 0.036-inch (0.9-mm) metal thickness, with minimum 7-by-1-1/2-inch (178-by-38-mm) opening.
 - c. Magazine Size, Outswinging: Minimum 0.051-inch (1.3-mm) metal thickness, with minimum 11-by-1-7/8-inch (279-by-48-mm) opening.
11. Silencers for Wood Door Frames: Grade 1; neoprene or rubber; minimum 5/8 by 3/4 inch (16 by 19 mm); fabricated for drilled-in application to frame.
12. Silencers for Metal Door Frames: Grade 1; neoprene or rubber; minimum diameter 1/2 inch (13 mm); fabricated for drilled-in application to frame.

II. Auxiliary Electrified Door Hardware

1. **Boxed Power Supplies:** Modular unit in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure; filtered and regulated; voltage rating and type matching requirements of door hardware served; listed and labeled for use with fire alarm systems.
2. **Monitor Strikes:** Cast strike with toggle **OR** Dustbox monitor for installation under standard strike, **as directed**.
3. **Door Position Switches:** Magnetically operated reed switch designed for concealed mounting.
4. **Door and Frame Transfer Devices:** Steel housing for mortise in hinge stile of door, with flexible tube for wiring bundle; accommodating doors that swing open to 120 degrees.

JJ. FABRICATION

1. **Manufacturer's Nameplate:** Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by the Owner.
 - a. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
2. **Base Metals:** Produce door hardware units of base metal indicated, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18.
3. **Fasteners:** Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. **Concealed Fasteners:** For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
4. **Fire-Rated Applications:**
 - a. **Wood or Machine Screws:** For the following:
 - 1) Hinges mortised to doors or frames; use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames, as directed.
 - 2) Strike plates to frames.
 - 3) Closers to doors and frames.
 - b. **Steel Through Bolts:** For the following unless door blocking is provided:
 - 1) Surface hinges to doors.
 - 2) Closers to doors and frames.
 - 3) Surface-mounted exit devices.
5. **Spacers or Sex Bolts:** For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
6. **Fasteners for Wood Doors:** Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."
7. **Gasketing Fasteners:** Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

KK. FINISHES

1. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18.
2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
3. **Appearance of Finished Work:** Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
2. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Steel Doors and Frames: For Surface-Applied Door Hardware: Drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
2. Wood Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.5 "Recommended Hardware Reinforcement Locations for Mineral Core Wood Flush Doors."

C. Installation

1. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated on Drawings **OR** as follows, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
 - a. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
 - b. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
 - c. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
2. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division 09. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
 - a. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
 - b. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
3. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
4. Intermediate Offset Pivots: Where offset pivots are indicated, provide intermediate offset pivots in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than one intermediate offset pivot per door and one additional intermediate offset pivot for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height greater than 90 inches (2286 mm).
5. Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
 - a. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Furnish permanent cores to the Owner for installation.
6. Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
7. Boxed Power Supplies: Locate power supplies as indicated or, if not indicated, above accessible ceilings **OR** in equipment room, **as directed**. Verify location with the Owner.
 - a. Configuration: Provide one power supply for each door opening **OR** least number of power supplies required to adequately serve doors, **as directed**.
8. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior and acoustical doors in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
9. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
10. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
11. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
12. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

- D. Field Quality Control
1. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant: Engage a qualified independent Architectural Hardware Consultant to perform inspections and to prepare inspection reports.
 - a. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant will inspect door hardware and state in each report whether installed work complies with or deviates from requirements, including whether door hardware is properly installed and adjusted.
- E. Adjusting
1. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
 - a. Spring Hinges: Adjust to achieve positive latching when door is allowed to close freely from an open position of 30 degrees.
 - b. Electric Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.
 - c. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 2. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately three **OR** six months, **as directed**, after date of Final Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust, including adjusting operating forces, each item of door hardware as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.
- F. Cleaning And Protection
1. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
 2. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
 3. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.
- G. Demonstration
1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware and door hardware finishes. Refer to Division 01 Section "Demonstration And Training".

END OF SECTION 08 71 23 00

SECTION 08 71 23 00a - DETENTION DOOR HARDWARE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for detention door hardware. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Detention door hardware for the following:
 - 1) Swinging detention doors.
 - 2) Sliding detention doors.
 - b. Detention cylinders for doors specified in other Sections.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Swinging Detention Door Assemblies: Provide detention door hardware as part of a detention door assembly that complies with security grade indicated, when tested according to ASTM F 1450, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
 - a. Bullet Resistance: Comply with Level 3 rating when tested according to UL 752; where indicated.
 - 1) Listed and labeled as bullet resisting by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. Tool-Attack Resistance: Comply with small-tool-attack-resistance rating when tested according to UL 1034 and UL 437.
2. Detention Door Hardware Functional Performance: Provide detention door hardware with features, functions, and internal equipment required to perform control and monitoring functions indicated in Division 28 Section "Plc Electronic Detention Monitoring And Control Systems".

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For each type of detention door hardware.
 - a. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring; differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring for electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware.
 - b. Compressed-Air System Diagrams: For compressed-air piping for door control systems; differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed piping for pneumatic detention door hardware.
 - c. Detail interface between electrified detention door hardware and perimeter security, detention monitoring and control, fire-alarm, and building control, **as directed**, system.
 - d. Detail interface between pneumatic detention door hardware and perimeter security, detention monitoring and control, fire-alarm, and building control, **as directed**, system.
3. Other Action Submittals:
 - a. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate the final Door Hardware Schedule with detention doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - 1) Integrate detention door hardware indicated in "Detention Door Hardware Sets" Article into the Door Hardware Schedule, and indicate complete designations of every item required for each door and opening.

- b. Keying Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware". Coordinate detention keying with other door hardware in the final Keying Schedule.
 - 1) Indicate each lock and type of key using the following prefixes: "P" for paracentric, "M" for mogul, "HS" for high security, and "C" for commercial.
 - c. Operation and Maintenance Data: For electrified and pneumatic, **as applicable**, detention door hardware to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
4. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.
- E. Quality Assurance
1. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer and an authorized representative of detention door hardware manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
 2. Supplier Qualifications: Detention door hardware supplier with warehousing facilities in Project's vicinity and who is or employs a qualified Architectural Hardware Consultant, available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and the Owner about detention door hardware and keying.
 - a. Detention Door Hardware Supplier Qualifications: An experienced detention door hardware supplier who has completed projects with electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance, and who is acceptable to manufacturer of primary materials.
 - 1) Engineering Responsibility: Prepare data for electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
 - b. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedules.
 3. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant **OR** one who meets the requirements necessary for certification, **as directed**, and who is experienced in providing consulting services for detention door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.
 - a. Detention Door Hardware Consultant Qualifications: Experienced in providing consulting services for electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware installations.
 4. Source Limitations for Detention Door Hardware: Obtain each type of detention door hardware from single source from single manufacturer.
 - a. Provide electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical detention door hardware unless otherwise indicated.
 5. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with provisions of the following:
 - a. Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1, **as directed**, as follows:
 - 1) Handles, Pulls, Latches, Locks, and other Operating Devices: Shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist.
 - 2) Security Door Closers: Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements indicated:
 - a) Interior Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22 N) applied perpendicular to door.
 - b) Sliding Doors: 5 lbf (22 N) applied parallel to door at latch.
 - c) Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. NFPA 101: Comply with the following for means-of-egress doors:
 - 1) Latches and Locks: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch.
 - 2) Security Door Closers: Not more than 30 lbf (133 N) to set door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open door to minimum required width.
 - 3) Sliding Detention Door Devices: Not more than 50 lbf (222 N) to slide door to its fully open position with a perpendicular force of 50 lbf (222 N) against door.

- c. Electrified and Pneumatic, **as directed**, Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 6. Fire-Rated Detention Door Assemblies: Provide detention door hardware for assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure **OR** as close to neutral pressure as possible, **as directed**, according to NFPA 252 **OR** UBC Standard 7-2 **OR** UL 10B **OR** UL 10C, **as directed**.
 - 7. Keying Conference: Conduct conference at Project site Incorporate keying conference decisions into the final Keying Schedule after reviewing detention door hardware keying system including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.
 - b. Preliminary key system schematic diagram.
 - c. Requirements for key-control system including key exclusivity and duplication control.
 - d. Address for delivery of keys.
 - 8. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
 - 1. Inventory detention door hardware on receipt and provide secure lockup for detention door hardware delivered to Project site.
 - 2. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to the final Door Hardware Schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.
 - 3. Deliver keys to the Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.
 - G. Warranty
 - 1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of detention door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
 - 2) Faulty operation of operators and detention door hardware.
 - 3) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering or detention use.
 - 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Final Completion.
 - 3. Warranty Period for Continuous-Pin Detention Hinges: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
 - 4. Warranty Period for Security Door Closers: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
 - H. Maintenance Service
 - 1. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for the Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of detention door hardware.
 - 2. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Final Completion, provide three **OR** six **OR** nine **OR** 12, **as directed**, months' full maintenance by skilled employees of detention door hardware Installer. Include monthly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper detention door hardware operation. Provide parts and supplies the same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.
- 1.2 PRODUCTS
- A. Security Fasteners
 - 1. General: Operable only by tools produced for use on specific type of fastener by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator. Drive-system type, head style, material, and protective coating as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
 - a. Drive-System Types: Pinned Torx-Plus **OR** Pinned Torx, **as directed**.
 - b. Fastener Strength: 120,000 psi (827 MPa).

- c. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
- d. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
- e. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
- f. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
 - 1) Zinc and clear trivalent chromium where indicated.
 - 2) Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.

B. Detention Hinges, General

1. Standard for Electric Detention Hinges: UL 634.
2. Quantity: Provide the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Two Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights up to 60 inches (1524 mm).
 - b. Three Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights 61 to 90 inches (1549 to 2286 mm).
 - c. Four Detention Hinges: For detention doors with heights 91 to 120 inches (2311 to 3048 mm).
 - d. For detention doors with heights more than 120 inches (3048 mm), provide four detention hinges, plus one detention hinge for every 30 inches (762 mm) of detention door height greater than 120 inches (3048 mm).
3. Size: Provide the following, unless otherwise indicated, with detention hinge widths sized for 2-inch (51-mm) detention door thickness and clearances required:
 - a. Doors up to 42 Inches (1067 mm) Wide: Minimum 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) wide by 0.180 inches (4.6 mm) thick or 5 inches (127 mm) wide by 0.190 inches (4.8 mm) thick.
 - b. Doors Greater Than 42 Inches (1067 mm) Wide: Minimum 6 inches (152 mm) wide by 0.203 inches (5.2 mm) thick.
4. Detention Doors with Security Closers: Unless otherwise indicated, provide antifriction-bearing detention hinges.
5. Detention Hinge Base Metal: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:
 - a. Exterior Detention Hinges: Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin.
 - b. Interior Detention Hinges: Steel, with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin, **as directed**.
 - c. Detention Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Steel, with steel pin **OR** Stainless steel, with stainless-steel pin, **as directed**.
6. Electrified Functions for Detention Hinges: Comply with the following:
 - a. Electrical Contact: Exposed electrical contacts for transfer of power.
 - b. Power Transfer: Concealed PTFE-jacketed wires, secured at each leaf and continuous through detention hinge knuckle.
 - c. Monitoring: Concealed electrical monitoring switch.
7. Fastening: Comply with the following:
 - a. Welding: Where indicated, weld hinges to detention doors and frames with continuous fillet weld around three sides of hinge perimeter.
 - b. Security Fasteners: Provide socket flat countersunk head machine screws; finish screw heads to match surface of detention hinges. Install into drilled and tapped holes.

C. Detention Hinges

1. Utility-Door Detention Hinges DH-1: Heavy weight, plain bearing; fabricated from cast iron or steel; 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, **as directed**, steel hinge pin; full surface.
 - a. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners **OR** Solid, **as directed**.
 - b. Size: Minimum 3 by 4 inches by 0.200 inch (75 by 100 by 5 mm).
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.

- d. Finish: BHMA 600.
2. Food-Pass Detention Hinges DH-2: Heavy weight, plain bearing; fabricated from cast iron or steel; 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, **as directed**, steel hinge pin; with applied stop preventing door from opening more than 90 degrees and supporting door in horizontal position as a shelf; full surface.
 - a. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners **OR Solid, as directed**.
 - b. Size: Minimum 3 by 4 inches by 0.200 inch (75 by 100 by 5 mm).
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR 2 OR 3 OR 4, as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.
 - d. Finish: BHMA 600.
3. Full-Surface Detention Hinges DH-3: Extra heavy weight; two heavy-duty thrust bearings with hardened-steel ball bearings; fabricated from steel plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, steel hinge pin.
 - a. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners **OR Solid, as directed**.
 - b. Size: Minimum 5 by 5-1/4 inches by 1/2 inch (127 by 133 by 13 mm).
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR 2 OR 3 OR 4, as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.
 - d. Finish: BHMA 600.
4. Half-Surface Detention Hinges DH-4: Extra heavy weight; two heavy-duty thrust bearings with hardened-steel ball bearings; fabricated from steel plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, steel hinge pin.
 - a. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners **OR Solid, as directed**.
 - b. Size: Minimum 5 by 5-1/4 inches by 1/2 inch (127 by 133 by 13 mm).
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR 2 OR 3 OR 4, as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.
 - d. Finish: BHMA 600.
5. Gap-Mounted Detention Hinges DH-5: Extra heavy weight; two heavy-duty thrust bearings with hardened-steel ball bearings; fabricated from steel plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, case-hardened, fully welded, steel hinge pin.
 - a. Leaves: Drilled for countersunk security fasteners **OR Solid, as directed**.
 - b. Size: Minimum 5 by 6 inches by 1/2 inch (127 by 152 by 13 mm).
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR 2 OR 3 OR 4, as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.
 - d. Finish: BHMA 600.
6. Continuous-Pin Detention Hinges DH-6: Minimum 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches (100 mm); with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter continuous pin; fabricated to full height of detention door and frame. Finish components after milling and drilling are complete. Fabricate continuous-pin detention hinges to template screw locations.
 - a. Security Grade: 1 **OR 2 OR 3 OR 4, as directed**, according to ASTM F 1758.

D. Detention Locks And Latches, General

1. Swinging Detention Door Lock and Latch Performance: Provide detention door locks and latches that comply with security grade indicated, when tested according to ASTM F 1577, based on testing manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
2. Detention Lock Functions: Provide function numbers and descriptions indicated in detention door hardware sets complying with ASTM F 1577.
3. Detention Lock Construction: Fabricate detention lock case and cover plate from steel plate. Fabricate bolts from solid sections; laminated construction unacceptable.
4. Detention Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts to comply with labeled fire door requirements, and as follows:
 - a. Latchbolts for Detention Food Pass **OR Security Access Doors, as directed**: Minimum 5/8-inch (16-mm) latchbolt throw.
 - b. Latchbolts: Minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) latchbolt throw.
 - c. Deadbolts: Minimum 1-inch (25-mm) bolt throw.
5. Detention Lock Trim:
 - a. Levers: Solid stainless steel.
 - b. Knobs: Stainless steel **OR Brass, as directed**.
 - c. Escutcheons for Paracentric Locks: 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, 3-inch- (75-mm-) diameter stainless steel with BHMA 626 **OR brass with BHMA 606, as directed**, finish. Attach with security fasteners.

- 1) Style: Single wing **OR** Double wing **OR** Single or double wing as required by lock function **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- 2) Provide escutcheons unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.
- d. Cylinder Shields for Paracentric Locks: 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, 3-inch- (75-mm-) diameter stainless steel with BHMA 626 **OR** brass with BHMA 606, **as directed**, finish and swinging cover to protect keyhole. Attach with security fasteners.
 - 1) Style: Single wing **OR** Double wing **OR** Single or double wing as required by lock function **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - 2) Provide cylinder shields unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.
6. Pneumatic Detention Locks and Latches: Operate when supplied with air between 40 psig (275 kPa) minimum and 100 psig (690 kPa) maximum. Factory install quick-connect air fitting and factory-wired plug connector with 6-inch (150-mm) wire pigtail.
 - a. Provide security ring for installation of pneumatic detention lock in hollow-metal detention frame, welded to frame or access cover unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.

E. Mechanical Detention Locks And Latches

1. General: Provide mechanical detention lock mountings as follows:
 - a. Hollow-Metal Detention Doors: Mount detention lock to back of 0.179-inch (4.56-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.183-inch (4.65-mm) nominal-thickness galvanized-steel, **as directed**, cover plate for installation in lock pocket fabricated into detention door. Attach cover plate to hollow-metal detention door with security fasteners.
 - b. Bar-Grille Detention Doors: Mount detention lock to back of galvanized, **as directed**, steel enclosure welded to flat horizontal bars of bar-grille detention door; cover with 0.179-inch (4.56-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.183-inch (4.65-mm) nominal-thickness galvanized-steel, **as directed**, plate. Attach plate with security fasteners.
 - c. Steel-Plate Detention Doors: Mount detention lock to inside surface of 0.179-inch (4.56-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.183-inch (4.65-mm) nominal-thickness galvanized-steel **OR** 0.138-inch (3.50-mm) nominal-thickness galvanized-steel, **as directed**, enclosure with integrally formed mounting flanges. Attach enclosure to steel-plate detention door with security fasteners **OR** rivets, **as directed**.
2. Utility-Door Mechanical Deadlocks, Paracentric ML-1: For use on small swinging doors, such as access panels, plumbing space doors, electric panel doors, and hatches that are infrequently used.
 - a. Function: Lockbolt retracted and extended by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Lockbolt: 1-1/2 inches high by 3/4 inch (38 mm high by 19 mm) thick; 5/8-inch (16-mm) throw.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
3. Utility-Door Mechanical Deadlocks, Mogul ML-2: For use on small swinging doors, such as access panels, plumbing space doors, electric panel doors, and hatches that are infrequently used.
 - a. Function: Lockbolt retracted and extended by mogul cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Lockbolt: 1-1/2 inches high by 3/4 inch (38 mm high by 19 mm) thick; 5/8-inch (16-mm) throw.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
4. Mechanical Snaplatches, Paracentric ML-3: For use on small swinging doors, such as food-pass doors, observation panels, gun locker doors, and other small doors where snaplocking is needed and deadlocking is not required.
 - a. Function: Automatic snaplatch when door is closed; latchbolt retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Latchbolt: 1 inch high by 7/16 inch (25 mm high by 11 mm) thick; 5/16-inch (8-mm) throw.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.

5. Mechanical Snaplatches, Mogul ML-4: For use on small swinging doors, such as food-pass doors, observation panels, gun locker doors, and other small doors where snaplocking is needed and deadlocking is not required
 - a. Function: Automatic snaplatch when door is closed; latchbolt retracted by mogul cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Latchbolt: 1 inch high by 7/16 inch (25 mm high by 11 mm) thick; 5/16-inch (8-mm) throw.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
6. Mechanical Concealed Snaplatches ML-5: For use on small swinging doors, such as observation panels, wickets, covers, and other small doors.
 - a. Function: Automatic snaplatch when door is closed; latchbolt retracted by five-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side. When closed, latch is concealed within lock case.
 - b. Latchbolt: 1 inch high by 7/16 inch (25 mm high by 11 mm) thick; 7/16-inch (11-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide angled strike.
 - d. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
7. Sliding Door Mechanical Deadlatches ML-6: For use on sliding doors, such as entrance, safety vestibule, and corridor doors.
 - a. Function: Hookbolt snaplatches and automatically deadlocks through action of plunger pin when door is closed (slam locking); hookbolt raised by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Hookbolt: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick, case-hardened steel; 5/8-inch (16-mm) lift.
 - c. Provide case-hardened-steel deadlock plunger pin.
 - d. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
8. Sliding Door Mechanical Deadlocks ML-7: For use on sliding doors, such as entrance, safety vestibule, corridor, and inmate cell doors.
 - a. Function: Hookbolt raised and lowered by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder (no slam locking); keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Hookbolt: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick, case-hardened steel; 5/8-inch (16-mm) lift.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
9. Mechanical Snaplatches ML-8: For use on swinging doors, such as corridor, dining room, and recreational area doors.
 - a. Function: Automatic snaplatch when door is closed (slam locking); latchbolt retracted by half turn and extended by full turn in opposite direction of five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Knob operation retracts latchbolt unless deadlocked. Locate knobs on one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel, with two case-hardened-steel insert pins; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; 1/2-inch (13-mm) **OR** 1-1/4-inch (32-mm), **as directed**, bolt projection when retracted.
 - c. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - d. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
10. Mechanical Deadlatches/Deadlocks ML-9: For use on swinging doors, such as day room, dining room, and recreational area doors.
 - a. Function: Automatic snaplatch and automatic deadlock through action of actuator when door is closed (slam locking); latchbolt retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel, with two case-hardened-steel insert pins; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; 1/2-inch (13-mm) **OR** 1-1/4-inch (32-mm), **as directed**, bolt projection when retracted.
 - c. Deadlock Actuator: 3/4-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (19-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel; 1/2-inch (13-mm) throw.
 - d. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - e. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
11. Mechanical Deadlocks ML-10: For use on swinging doors where slam locking is not required, such as holding cell, segregation cell, control room, armory, key cabinet, storage, utility, and hollow-metal access doors.
 - a. Function: Deadlocked in both locked and unlocked position; latchbolt retracted and extended by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.

- b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel, with two case-hardened-steel insert pins; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw; 1/2-inch (13-mm) **OR** 1-1/4-inch (32-mm), **as directed**, bolt projection when retracted.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
12. Cremone Bolt Mechanical Snaplatches ML-11: For use on swinging doors or active leaf of pairs of swinging doors where slam locking is needed.
- a. Function: Automatic snaplatch and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking); latchbolt retracted and extended by five-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**. Lever operation one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**, retracts head and foot rods, unless deadlocked, for three-point locking.
 - b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel, with two case-hardened-steel insert pins; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
13. Cremone Bolt Mechanical Deadlocks, Paracentric ML-12: For use on swinging doors or active leaf of pairs of swinging doors where doors may be subject to mass attack. Delete inactive leaf for single door.
- a. Function: Active leaf deadlocks when door is closed (no slam locking); active-leaf deadbolt retracted and extended by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**. Active-leaf lever operation one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**, retracts active-leaf head and foot bolts unless deadlocked.
 - 1) Inactive Leaf: Head and foot bolts deadlocked by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler, inactive-leaf paracentric cylinder. Inactive-leaf lever operation one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**, retracts inactive-leaf head and foot bolts unless deadlocked.
 - b. Deadbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick steel, with two case-hardened-steel insert pins; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Head and Foot Bolts: 7/8-inch (22-mm) diameter; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - d. Provide foot bolt receptacle(s).
 - e. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
14. Mechanical Head and Foot Bolts ML-14: For use on the inactive leaf of pairs of swinging doors.
- a. Function: Bolt retracted and extended by spanner-type key **OR** five-tumbler paracentric cylinder, **as directed**; enclosed in iron or steel case with steel cover (not applicable for hollow-metal doors).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-inch- (25-mm-) diameter steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Footbolt Receptacle: Spring-loaded mechanism; brass.
 - d. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
- F. Electromechanical Detention Locks And Latches
1. General: Provide electromechanical detention locks and latches with factory-wired plug connector with 6-inch (152-mm) wire pigtail.
 - a. Provide security ring for installation of electromechanical detention lock in hollow-metal detention frame, welded to frame or access cover, unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.
 - b. Equip direct-current solenoid-operated detention locks and latches with diode transient voltage protection at each locking device.
 2. Solenoid-Operated Deadlatches, Paracentric EL-1: For use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
 - a. Function: Remote switch activates electric solenoid that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**; if latchbolt is retracted by key, it remains retracted until relocked by key.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated; latchbolt extends when power is discontinued, **as directed**.
 - 2) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail secure).

- b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 120-V ac.
 - f. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
3. Motor-Operated Deadlatches, Paracentric EL-2: For use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric motor that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**; if latchbolt is retracted by key, it remains retracted until relocked by key.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated; latchbolt extends when power is discontinued, **as directed**.
 - 2) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 120-V ac **OR** 24-V dc, **as directed**.
 - f. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
4. Sliding Door Motor-Operated Deadlatches EL-3: For use on sliding doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric motor that raises hookbolt; spring-loaded actuator pin pushes door open 1 to 3 inches (25 to 75 mm); automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Hookbolt can be mechanically raised by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**; if hookbolt is raised by key, it remains raised until relocked by key.
 - 1) Latchback: Hookbolt remains raised until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then lowers **OR** as long as control switch is in open position; hookbolt lowers when control switch is moved to locked position, **as directed**.
 - 2) If power fails, hookbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Hookbolt: 1-3/4- by 1/2-inch- (44- by 13-mm-) thick, case-hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide case-hardened-steel deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 120-V ac.
 - f. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
5. Solenoid-Operated Deadlatches, Mogul EL-4: For use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric solenoid that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by mogul cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated; latchbolt extends when power is discontinued, **as directed**.
 - 2) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.
 - 3) Key Holdback: If latchbolt is retracted by key, it remains retracted until relocked by key (listing for use on fire doors is not available).
 - 4) Knob operation retracts latchbolt; always active.
 - 5) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (38-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 1-inch (25-mm) throw.

- c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 120-V ac.
 - f. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
6. Motor-Operated Deadlatches, Mogul EL-5: for use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric motor that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by mogul cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is in open position; latchbolt extends when control switch is moved to locked position, **as directed**.
 - 2) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.
 - 3) Key Holdback: If latchbolt is retracted by key, it remains retracted until relocked by key (listing for use on fire doors is not available).
 - 4) Knob operation retracts latchbolt; always active.
 - 5) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (38-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 1-inch (25-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 120-V ac **OR** 24-V dc, **as directed**.
 - f. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
7. Solenoid-Operated Deadlatches, Commercial EL-6: For use on swinging doors, hung in standard 2-inch (50-mm) hollow-metal frames, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric solenoid that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by high-security, **as directed**, commercial cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated; latchbolt extends when power is discontinued, **as directed**.
 - 2) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.
 - 3) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 5/8-inch- (38-mm-high by 16-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Deadlock Actuator: Stainless steel.
 - e. Strike: Stainless steel.
 - f. Voltage: 24-V dc.
 - g. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - h. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
8. Motor-Operated Deadlatches, Commercial EL-7: For use on swinging doors, hung in standard 2-inch (50-mm) hollow-metal frames, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates electric motor that retracts latchbolt; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by high-security, **as directed**, commercial cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latchback: Latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is in open position; latchbolt extends when control switch is moved to locked position, **as directed**.
 - 2) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.

- 3) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 5/8-inch- (38-mm-high by 16-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Deadlock Actuator: Stainless steel.
 - e. Strike: Stainless steel.
 - f. Voltage: 24-V dc.
 - g. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - h. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
- 9. Solenoid-Operated Gate Locks, Paracentric EL-8: For use on swinging and sliding gates that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
 - a. Function: Remote switch activates electric solenoid that raises an internal bolt; automatic deadlocking when gate is closed. Bolt can be mechanically retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latchback: Bolt remains raised until gate is closed.
 - 2) If power fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Bolt: 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) diameter stainless steel; 1-inch (25-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Voltage: 120-V ac.
 - e. Finish: Galvanized.
 - f. Mounting: Mount lock to gate post; mount locking tongue to gate frame.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.

G. Pneumatic Detention Locks And Latches

- 1. General: Provide pneumatic detention locks and latches that operate when supplied with air between 40 psig (275 kPa) minimum and 100 psig (690 kPa) maximum.
- 2. Factory install quick-connect air fitting and factory-wired plug connector with 6-inch (150-mm) wire pigtail.
 - a. Provide security ring for installation of pneumatic detention lock in hollow-metal detention frame, welded to frame or access cover, unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.
- 3. Pneumatic Deadlatches, Paracentric PL-1: For use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
 - a. Function: Remote switch activates pneumatic cylinder that retracts latchbolt; latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated, **as directed**; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by five **OR** six, **as directed**,-tumbler paracentric cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) If power fails or compressed-air system fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (50-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 24-V dc.
 - f. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
- 4. Pneumatic Deadlatches, Mogul PL-2: For use on swinging doors, such as entrance, sally port, corridor, and inmate cell doors, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
 - a. Function: Remote switch activates pneumatic cylinder that retracts latchbolt; latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated, **as directed**; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by mogul cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.
 - 2) Knob on opposite side of cylinder retracts latchbolt.
 - 3) If power fails or compressed-air system fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).

- b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 3/4-inch- (38-mm-high by 19-mm-) thick hardened steel; 1-inch (25-mm) throw.
 - c. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - d. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - e. Voltage: 24-V dc.
 - f. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - g. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
5. Pneumatic Deadlatches, Commercial PL-3: For use on swinging doors, hung in standard 2-inch (50-mm) hollow-metal frames, that are to be unlocked from remote locations.
- a. Function: Remote switch activates pneumatic cylinder that retracts latchbolt; latchbolt remains retracted until door is opened 2 inches (50 mm), then releases **OR** as long as control switch is activated, **as directed**; automatic latching and deadlocking when door is closed (slam locking). Latchbolt can be mechanically retracted by high-security, **as directed**, commercial cylinder; keyed one side **OR** two sides, **as directed**.
 - 1) Local Electric Key (LEK): Inmate key operates lock electrically when enabled; staff key always operates lock manually and electrically; where indicated.
 - 2) If power fails or compressed-air system fails, latchbolt automatically deadlocks (fail-secure).
 - b. Latchbolt: 1-1/2-inch-high by 5/8-inch- (38-mm-high by 16-mm-) thick hardened steel; 3/4-inch (19-mm) throw.
 - c. Faceplate: Stainless steel.
 - d. Provide internal deadlock indicator switch.
 - e. Provide roller-type deadlock actuator.
 - f. Voltage: 24-V dc.
 - g. Listed and labeled for use on fire doors.
 - h. Security Grade: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**.
- H. Cylinders And Keying
- 1. General: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide cylinders and keying for paracentric and mogul cylinders by the same manufacturer as for detention locks and latches.
 - 2. Commercial (Builders' Hardware) Cylinders: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
 - 3. Paracentric Cylinders: Manufacturer's standard lever-tumbler type, constructed from one-piece spring-tempered brass; with tumblers activated by phosphor bronze springs; five tumblers per lock unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Mogul Cylinders: Manufacturer's standard pin-tumbler type, minimum 2-inch (50-mm) diameter; body constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver; with stainless-steel tumblers and engaging cylinder balls; complying with the following:
 - a. Number of Pins: Five **OR** Six **OR** Seven, **as directed**.
 - b. Mortise Type: Threaded cylinders with rings and straight- or clover-type cam.
 - 1) High-Security Grade: Listed and labeled as complying with pick- and drill-resistant testing requirements in UL 437 (Suffix A); where indicated.
 - c. Finish: BHMA 606 **OR** BHMA 626, **as directed**.
 - 5. Keying System: Unless otherwise indicated, provide a factory-registered keying system complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Paracentric cylinders operated by change keys only.
 - b. No Master Key System: Mogul cylinders operated by change keys only.
OR
Master Key System: Mogul cylinders operated by a change key and a master key.
OR
Grand Master Key System: Mogul cylinders operated by a change key, a master key, and a grand master key.
OR
Great-Grand Master Key System: Mogul cylinders operated by a change key, a master key, a grand master key, and a great-grand master key.
 - c. Existing System: Master key or grand master key mogul-cylinder locks to the Owner's existing system.

- d. Existing System: Re-key the Owner's existing master key system for mogul-cylinder locks into new keying system.
- 6. Keys: Provide cast silicon-bronze copper alloy keys complying with the following:
 - a. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key-control number and include the following notation:
 - 1) Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE" **OR** Information to be furnished by the Owner, **as directed**.
 - b. Quantity: In addition to one extra blank key for each lock, provide the following:
 - 1) Cylinder Change Keys: Three.
OR
 Master Key(s): One.
OR
 Grand Master Key(s): One.
OR
 Great-Grand Master Key(s): One.
- I. Switches
 - 1. General: Provide switches configured with type of contacts required for functions indicated, including multiple circuiting where required by functional performance of Division 28 Section "Plc Electronic Detention Monitoring And Control Systems".
 - 2. Concealed, Magnetic Door Position Switches: Consisting of actuating magnet mortised into detention door and switch mortised into frame; with stainless-steel faceplates; 24-V dc, factory wired with plug connector. Wire in series with lock monitors. Attach with security fasteners.
 - 3. Concealed, Mechanical Door Position Switches: Consisting of metal track mortised into head of detention door connected by steel actuator arm to steel actuator mortised into frame; switch fully concealed when door is in closed position; with stainless-steel faceplate; 120-V ac; factory wired with plug connector. Action of door mechanically activates switch. Wire in series with lock monitors. Attach with security fasteners.
 - 4. Surface-Mounted Door Position Switches: Switch enclosed in 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel enclosure, factory primed for painting; 120-V ac; factory wired with plug connector. Wire in series with lock monitors. Attach with security fasteners.
 - a. Galvanize enclosure for exterior locations and where indicated.
 - 5. Strike Indicator Switches: Designed to be mortised behind strike and to indicate whether door is locked or unlocked; enclosed in metal strike box. Wire in series with door position switches. Attach with security fasteners.
 - a. Voltage: 120-V dc **OR** 240-V ac **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Locations: At doors with mechanical detention lock **OR** Where indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Manufacturer: Same as detention lock.
 - 6. Inmate Door Control Switches, as directed: Momentary **OR** Maintained-contact, **as directed**, push-button switch with metal faceplate. Attach with security fasteners.
 - a. Material and Finish: Brass with BHMA 606 **OR** Brass with BHMA 626 **OR** Stainless steel with BHMA 630, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Operation: When activated from remote location, switch allows inmate operation of electric cell door lock.
 - 7. Push-Button, Inmate Door Control Switches, as directed: Momentary **OR** Maintained-contact, **as directed**, push-button switch for installation without faceplate. Attach with security fasteners.
 - a. Material and Finish: Brass with BHMA 606 **OR** Brass with BHMA 626 **OR** Stainless steel with BHMA 630, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Operation: When activated from remote location, switch allows inmate operation of electric cell door lock.
- J. Detention Operating Trim
 - 1. Standard: BHMA A156.6, Grade 1.
 - 2. Surface-Mounted Door Pulls (not typically used inside cells): 8-3/4-inch (222-mm) overall length and 2-1/4-inch (57-mm) projection; attach to door with two security fasteners.
 - a. Material: Cast bronze with BHMA 606 **OR** BHMA 626, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Material: Cast stainless steel with BHMA 630 finish.

3. Round, Surface-Mounted Door Pulls (not typically used inside cells): 7-inch (178-mm) overall length by 1-inch- (25-mm-) diameter solid bar, with 2-1/4-inch (57-mm) projection; attach to door with two security through fasteners.
 - a. Material: Cast or extruded bronze with BHMA 606 **OR** BHMA 626, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Material: Cast stainless steel with BHMA 630 finish.
 4. Flush Door Pulls: 5 inches high by 4 inches wide by 1 inch deep (127 mm high by 102 mm wide by 25 mm deep), with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick faceplate; attach to door with four security fasteners.
 - a. Material: Formed, wrought, or cast brass/bronze with BHMA 606 **OR** BHMA 626, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Material: Formed or cast stainless steel with BHMA 630 finish.
 5. Knob Pulls: 2-inch (50-mm) diameter; fabricated from solid brass with BHMA 606 **OR** BHMA 626, **as directed**, finish. Attach with security fasteners.
 6. Lever-Handle Guides: Guide track and escutcheon, **as directed**, that provides selective stopping of lever handle by use of an adjustable stop; fabricated from steel with BHMA 633 **OR** stainless steel with BHMA 630, **as directed**, finish. Attach with security fasteners.
- K. Security Door Closers
1. Standard: BHMA A156.4, Grade 1.
 - a. Certified Products: Provide security door closers listed in BHMA's "Directory of Certified Products."
 2. Surface-Mounted Security Door Closers:
 - a. Arms: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick by 1-1/8-inch- (29-mm-) wide, rectangular steel main arm; 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) thick by 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide, rectangular steel secondary arm; full rack-and-pinion type; fabricated with orbital-riveted, pinned, or welded elbow and arm shoe/soffit plate joints designed to prevent disassembly with ordinary hand tools.
 - b. Cover: Heavy-duty metal, attached with four security fasteners.
 - c. Mounting: Attach security door closer with security fasteners.
 3. Concealed Security Door Closers:
 - a. Construction: Forged-steel arm; security roller; with track concealed in head of detention door, designed to eject foreign objects during opening and closing; fabricated with joints designed to prevent disassembly with ordinary hand tools. Closer arm and track fully concealed when door is closed.
 - b. Cover Plates: Heavy-duty metal, attached with security fasteners.
 - c. Provide door position switch integral to closer.
 4. Unit Size: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of security door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
- L. Detention Door Stops
1. Detention Floor Stops: 1-1/2-inch-high by 2-inch- (38-mm-high by 50-mm-) diameter rubber bumper mounted on steel lag bolt; BHMA A156.16; install in floor with nonshrink grout; for detention doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
 2. Silencers for Detention Door Frames: BHMA A156.16, Grade 1; neoprene or rubber, minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) diameter; fabricated for drilled-in application to detention door frame. Attach with security fasteners.
- M. Sliding Detention Door Device Assemblies
1. Performance Requirements: Provide sliding detention door device assemblies, including locking device, receiver, overhead door hanger, bottom door guide, lock column, and enclosure, as a complete assembly, complying with Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2, **as directed**, according to ASTM F 1643, as determined by testing manufacturers' standard units representing those indicated for Project.
 2. Assembly Construction: As follows:

- a. Enclosure: Fabricated from 0.179-inch (4.56-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate, with 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel removable **OR** hinged, **as directed**, cover. Baffle openings in enclosure. Provide closures for ends of housings.
 - 1) Provide sloping-top housings. Flat-top housings may be provided for operators mounted to ceiling, **as directed**.
 - b. Lock Column: Vertical tube enclosure fabricated from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel, providing mechanical locking control of detention sliding door at door location; operated by paracentric key. Doors shall be capable of being locked at top and bottom, at rear of door, in both open and closed positions, with no components projecting into door opening.
 - c. Receiver: Fabricated from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate.
 - d. Hanger Assembly: Extend steel carrier full width of door and door travel required for clear door opening. Provide antifriction ball-bearing steel rollers with hardened members and grease shield.
 - e. Finish: Factory prime painted.
3. Mechanical-Locking, Manual-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-1: Doors are manually opened and closed and mechanically locked by means of jamb-mounted mechanical detention lock specified elsewhere in this Section.
 4. Electromechanical-Locking, Manual-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-2: Operated from remote-control panel that activates electric motors to unlock sliding doors. Doors spring open a small distance after unlocking and are manually opened and closed. Locks automatically deadlock when doors are moved to fully open or fully closed position. Provide factory-wired cable harness with plug connectors for each motor unit.
 - a. Single-Door Function: In an emergency or if power fails, individual doors can be unlocked using a manual-release tool and manually moved; doors relock in either fully open or fully closed position.
 - b. Multiple-Door Function: Each door can be individually unlocked locally or from a remote panel, or unlocked from a remote panel with other doors as a group. In an emergency or if power fails, door group can be manually operated from mechanical-release cabinet at end of cell line **OR** pilaster release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door operated by paracentric key, **as directed**; doors shall not relock in any position.
 - c. Electric Key Switch: Operated by paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, key and providing electric control of detention sliding door operation at door location; where indicated.
 5. Electromechanical-Locking, Electromechanical-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-3: Operated from remote-control panel that activates electric motors to unlock sliding doors and motorized rack-and-pinion drive mechanisms to open and close doors. Doors lock in open position and deadlock when closed. Provide factory-wired cable harness with plug connectors for each motor unit.

NOTE: Paragraph above describes Southern Folger's "Southern Steel Model 3150LX" and "Southern Steel Model 3165LX." Only the 3150LX system offers multiple door functions, such as for cell doors; the 3165LX system is for individual doors, such as for vestibules, day rooms, and corridors.

 - 1) Single-Door Function: In an emergency or if power fails, individual doors can be unlocked using a manual-release tool and manually moved; doors relock in either fully open or fully closed position.
 - 2) Multiple-Door Function: Each door can be individually unlocked locally or from a remote panel, or unlocked from a remote panel with other doors as a group. In an emergency or if power fails, door group can be manually operated from mechanical-release cabinet at end of cell line **OR** pilaster release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door operated by paracentric key, **as directed**; doors shall not relock in any position.
 - b. Electric Key Switch: Operated by paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, key and providing electric control of detention sliding door operation at door location; where indicated.
 6. Electromechanical-Locking, Pneumatic-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-4 (for individual doors, such as for vestibules, day rooms, and corridors): Operated from remote-control panel that activates electric motors to unlock sliding doors and pneumatic system to open and close doors. Doors lock in open position and deadlock when closed. Factory install quick-

connect air fitting and factory-wired cable harness with plug connectors for each motor unit; 24-V dc.

- a. Single-Door Function: In an emergency or if pneumatic systems or electric power fails, individual doors can be unlocked using a manual-release tool and manually moved; doors relock in either fully open or fully closed position.
 - 1) Lock Control at Door: Mechanical key release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door, contained in pilaster and operated by paracentric key; where indicated.
7. Pneumatic-Locking, Manual-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-5: Operated from remote-control panel that activates pneumatic cylinders to unlock doors. Doors spring open a small distance after unlocking and are manually opened and closed. Locks automatically deadlock when doors are moved to fully open or fully closed position. Factory install quick-connect air fitting and factory-wired cable harness with plug connectors for each motor unit.
 - a. Single-Door Function: In an emergency or if pneumatic systems or electric power fails, individual doors can be unlocked using a manual-release tool and manually moved; doors relock in either fully open or fully closed position.
 - 1) Lock Control at Door: Mechanical key release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door, contained in pilaster and operated by paracentric key; where indicated.
 - b. Multiple-Door Function: Each door can be individually unlocked locally or from a remote panel, or unlocked from a remote panel with other doors as a group. In an emergency or if pneumatic systems or electric power fails, door group can be operated from remotely located auxiliary pneumatic-release system **OR** pilaster release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door operated by paracentric key, **as directed**; doors shall not relock in any position.
 - c. Electric Key Switch: Operated by paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, key and providing electric control of detention sliding door operation at door location; where indicated.
8. Pneumatic-Locking, Pneumatic-Door-Movement, Sliding Door Device Assemblies SDA-6 (Paragraph below describes Southern Folger's "Southern Steel Model 8050L" and "Southern Steel Model 8065L." Only the 8050L system offers multiple door functions, such as for cell doors; the 8065L system is for individual doors, such as for vestibules, day rooms, and corridors.); Operated from remote-control panel that activates pneumatic cylinder to unlock sliding doors and open and close doors. Doors lock in open position and deadlock when closed. Factory install quick-connect air fitting and factory-wired cable harness with plug connectors for each motor unit; 24-V dc.
 - a. Single-Door Function: In an emergency or if pneumatic systems or electric power fails, individual doors can be unlocked using a manual-release tool and manually moved; doors relock in either fully open or fully closed position.
 - b. Multiple-Door Function: Each door can be individually unlocked locally or from a remote panel, or unlocked from a remote panel with other doors as a group. In an emergency or if pneumatic systems or electric power fails, door group can be operated from remotely located auxiliary pneumatic-release system **OR** pilaster release adjacent to receiving jamb of each door operated by paracentric key, **as directed**; doors shall not relock in any position.
 - c. Electric Key Switch: Operated by paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, key and providing electric control of detention sliding door operation at door location; where indicated.
 - d. Provide security ring for installation of pneumatic detention lock in hollow-metal detention frame, welded to frame or access cover, unless otherwise **OR** where, **as directed**, indicated.

N. Fabrication

1. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location (omit removable nameplates) except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved.
2. Base Metals: Produce detention door hardware units of base metal, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified detention door hardware units and BHMA A156.18 finishes. Do not furnish manufacturer's standard materials or forming methods if different from specified standard.

3. Fasteners: Provide flat-head security fasteners with finished heads to match surface of detention door hardware unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Security Fasteners: Fabricate detention door hardware using security fasteners with head style appropriate for fabrication requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in stainless-steel materials, **as directed**.
 - b. Concealed Fasteners: For detention door hardware units that are exposed when detention door is closed except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching detention door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow-metal detention door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
 - c. Steel Machine Screws (for fire-rated detention door assemblies. NFPA 80 requires locks, latches, and surface-mounted top and bottom bolts to be secured with machine screws or through bolts.): For the following fire-rated applications:
 - 1) Mortise detention hinges to detention doors.
 - 2) Strike plates to detention frames.
 - 3) Security door closers to detention doors and frames.
 - d. Steel Through Bolts (for fire-rated detention door assemblies. NFPA 80 requires locks, latches, and surface-mounted top and bottom bolts to be secured with machine screws or through bolts.): For the following fire-rated applications unless door blocking is provided:
 - 1) Surface detention hinges to detention doors.
 - 2) Security door closers to detention doors and frames.
 - e. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal detention doors.
 - f. Fasteners for Wood Detention Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.2.

O. Finishes

1. Standard: Comply with BHMA A156.18.
2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
3. BHMA Designations: Comply with base material and finish requirements indicated by the following:
 - a. BHMA 600: Primed for painting, over steel base metal.
 - b. BHMA 606: Satin brass, clear coated, over brass base metal.
 - c. BHMA 626: Satin chromium plated over nickel, over brass or bronze base metal.
 - d. BHMA 630: Stainless steel, satin, over stainless-steel base metal.
 - e. BHMA 652: Satin chromium plated over nickel, over steel base metal.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Steel Detention Doors and Frames: Comply with ANSI/DHI A115 Series.
 - a. Surface-Applied Detention Door Hardware: Drill and tap detention doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
2. Wood Detention Doors: Comply with DHI A115-W Series.

B. Installation

1. Mounting Heights: Mount detention door hardware units at heights indicated in the following applicable publications unless specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations:
 - a. Steel Detention Doors and Frames: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Builders' Hardware for Custom Steel Doors and Frames."
 - b. Wood Detention Doors: DHI WDHS.3.
2. Install each detention door hardware item to comply with Shop Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install detention door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work specified in Division

09. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
 - a. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
 - b. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
 3. Install interconnecting wiring and connectors between detention door hardware devices. Terminate device wiring for detention door hardware installed in swinging doors at a plug-type connector located in lock pocket or door frame junction box and for sliding doors at a junction box in door frame.
 4. Security Fasteners: Install detention door hardware using security fasteners with head style appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials.
- C. Field Quality Control
1. Inspect installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
 2. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - a. After installing electrified and pneumatic, **as directed**, detention door hardware and after electrical circuitry has been energized and compressed-air system is functional, **as directed**, test detention door hardware for compliance with requirements.
 - 1) Test: Operate lock of each door and group of doors in normal remote, normal local, and emergency operating modes. Verify that remote controls operate correct door locks and in correct sequence.
 - b. Verify that lock bolts engage strikes with required bolt projection.
 - c. Verify that detention door hardware is installed, connected, and adjusted according to the Contract Documents.
 - d. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's submittal and written installation requirements.
 3. Remove and replace detention work if inspections indicate that work does not comply with specified requirements. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest as specified above.
 4. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
 5. Prepare field quality-control certification endorsed by Detention Specialist, **as directed**, that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- D. Adjusting
1. Adjust and check each operating item of detention door hardware and each detention door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust detention door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
 - a. Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.
 - b. Security Door Closers: Adjust sweep period so that, from an open position of 90 degrees, detention door will take at least five seconds to move to a position of 12 degrees.
- E. Cleaning And Protection
1. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by detention door hardware installation.
 2. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
 3. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that detention door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.

- 1.4 Detention Door Hardware Sets
- Note 1: Hanging devices below include detention hinges and sliding detention door device assemblies. Indicate whether detention hinges are attached to detention doors and frames by security fasteners or by welding.
- Note 2: Securing devices (inactive leaf) below include door position switches and strike indicator switches.
- Note 3: Securing devices (active leaf) below include detention locksets and latchsets, cylinders, door position switches, strike indicator switches, and inmate door control switches.
- Note 4: Operating trim below includes detention door pulls, flush pulls, knob pulls, and lever-handle guides.
- Note 5: Closing devices below include security door closers.
- Note 6: Stops below include detention floor stops and door silencers if not specified with steel detention doors and frames.
- Note 7: Miscellaneous items that could be inserted at end of detention door hardware sets include key-control cabinets, software if not included in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", and detention door hardware not otherwise listed.
- A. General: Provide detention door hardware for each detention door to comply with requirements in this Section and detention door hardware sets indicated in a door and frame schedule **OR** and detention door hardware sets indicated below, **as directed**.

Detention Door Hardware Set No. [#]
 Single Door No. [#]; each to have the following:

*	Hanging Devices	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
[#]	Securing Devices (inactive leaf)	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
<#>	Securing Devices (active leaf)	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
[#]	Operating Trim	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
[#]	Closing Devices	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
[#]	Stops	<Insert description.>	<Insert manufacturer.>	<Insert finish.>
*	Number of Hinges, as specified.			

Note 8: Insert additional requirements and sequence of operation in schedule above for electrified and pneumatic detention door hardware if required.

END OF SECTION 08 71 23 00a

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 71 23 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 71 33 00	08 05 13 00a	Wood Doors
08 71 33 00	08 05 13 00b	Flush Wood Doors
08 71 33 00	08 71 23 00	Door Hardware
08 71 43 00	08 71 23 00	Door Hardware
08 81 23 13	07 42 13 19	Glazing
08 81 23 23	07 42 13 19	Glazing

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SECTION 08 83 13 00 - MIRRORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for mirrors. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes the following types of silvered flat glass mirrors:
 - a. Annealed monolithic glass mirrors.
 - b. Film-backed, Laminated and Tempered glass mirrors qualifying as safety glazing.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. Mirrors. Include description of materials and process used to produce each type of silvered flat glass mirror specified that indicates sources of glass, glass coating components, edge sealer, and quality-control provisions.
2. Shop Drawings: Include mirror elevations, edge details, mirror hardware, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For each type of the following products:
 - a. Mirrors: 12 inches (300 mm) square, including edge treatment on two adjoining edges.
 - b. Mirror Clips: Full size.
 - c. Mirror Trim: 12 inches (300 mm) long.
4. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
5. Product Certificates: For each type of mirror and mirror mastic, from manufacturer.
6. Preconstruction Test Reports: From mirror manufacturer indicating that mirror mastic was tested for compatibility and adhesion with mirror backing paint **OR** film, **as directed**, and substrates on which mirrors are installed.
7. Maintenance Data: For mirrors to include in maintenance manuals.
8. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association's Certified Glass Installer Program.
2. Source Limitations for Mirrors: Obtain mirrors from single source from single manufacturer.
3. Source Limitations for Mirror Accessories: Obtain mirror glazing accessories from single source.
4. Glazing Publications: Comply with the following published recommendations:
 - a. GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to this publication for definitions of glass and glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
 - b. GANA Mirror Division's "Mirrors, Handle with Extreme Care: Tips for the Professional on the Care and Handling of Mirrors."
5. Safety Glazing Products: For film-backed, laminated and tempered mirrors, provide products complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials.
6. Preconstruction Mirror Mastic Compatibility Test: Submit mirror mastic products to mirror manufacturer for testing to determine compatibility of mastic with mirror backing paint **OR** film, **as directed**, and substrates on which mirrors are installed.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Protect mirrors according to mirror manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to mirrors from moisture, condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.

2. Comply with mirror manufacturer's written instructions for shipping, storing, and handling mirrors as needed to prevent deterioration of silvering, damage to edges, and abrasion of glass surfaces and applied coatings. Store indoors.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Do not install mirrors until ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at levels indicated for final occupancy.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which mirror manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of mirrors is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to mirror breakage or to maintaining and cleaning mirrors contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include discoloration, black spots, and clouding of the silver film.
 - a. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Silvered Flat Glass Mirrors

1. Glass Mirrors, General: ASTM C 1503; manufactured using copper-free, low-lead mirror coating process, **as directed**.
2. Clear Glass: Mirror Select **OR** Glazing, **as directed**, Quality; ultraclear (low-iron) float glass with a minimum 91 percent visible light transmission, **as directed**.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 3.0 mm **OR** 4.0 mm **OR** 5.0 mm **OR** 6.0 mm **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
3. Tinted Glass: Mirror Glazing Quality.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 3.0 mm **OR** 4.0 mm **OR** 5.0 mm **OR** 6.0 mm **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Tint Color: Blue **OR** Black **OR** Bronze **OR** Gold **OR** Gray **OR** Green **OR** Peach **OR** Pink, **as directed**.
4. Tempered Clear **OR** Tinted, **as directed**, Glass: Mirror Glazing Quality, for blemish requirements; and comply with ASTM C 1048 for Kind FT, Condition A, tempered float glass before silver coating is applied.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 3.0 mm **OR** 4.0 mm **OR** 5.0 mm **OR** 6.0 mm **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Tint Color: Blue **OR** Black **OR** Bronze **OR** Gold **OR** Gray **OR** Green **OR** Peach **OR** Pink, **as directed**.
5. Laminated Mirrors: ASTM C 1172, Kind LM.
 - a. Clear Glass for Outer Lite: Mirror Select **OR** Glazing, **as directed**, Quality; ultraclear (low-iron) float glass with a minimum 91 percent visible light transmission, **as directed**.
 - b. Tinted Glass for Outer Lite: Mirror Glazing Quality.
 - 1) Tint Color: Blue **OR** Black **OR** Bronze **OR** Gold **OR** Gray **OR** Green **OR** Peach **OR** Pink, **as directed**.
 - c. Nominal Thickness for Outer Lite: 3.0 mm **OR** 4.0 mm **OR** 5.0 mm **OR** 6.0 mm **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Glass for Inner Lite: Annealed float glass; ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Quality-Q3; Class 1 (clear).
OR
Glass for Inner Lite: Heat-treated float glass; ASTM C 1048 Type I; Quality-Q3; Class I (clear) Kind HS, Condition A.
OR
Glass for Inner Lite: Tempered float glass; ASTM C 1048 Type I; Quality-Q3; Class I (clear), Kind FT, Condition A.
 - e. Nominal Thickness for Inner Lite: 3.0 mm **OR** 4.0 mm **OR** 5.0 mm **OR** 6.0 mm **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

- f. Interlayer: Mirror manufacturer's standard 0.030-inch- (0.76-mm-) thick, clear polyvinyl-butylral interlayer with a proven record of showing no tendency to delaminate from, or cause damage to, silver coating.

B. Miscellaneous Materials

1. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
2. Edge Sealer: Coating compatible with glass coating and approved by mirror manufacturer for use in protecting against silver deterioration at mirrored glass edges.
3. Mirror Mastic: An adhesive setting compound, asbestos-free, produced specifically for setting mirrors and certified by both mirror manufacturer and mastic manufacturer as compatible with glass coating and substrates on which mirrors will be installed.
4. Film Backing for Safety Mirrors: Film backing and pressure-sensitive adhesive; both compatible with mirror backing paint as certified by mirror manufacturer.

C. Mirror Hardware

1. Top and Bottom Aluminum J-Channels: Aluminum extrusions with a return deep enough to produce a glazing channel to accommodate mirrors of thickness indicated and in lengths required to cover bottom and top edges of each mirror in a single piece.
 - a. Bottom Trim: J-channels formed with front leg and back leg not less than 3/8 and 7/8 inch (9.5 and 22 mm) in height, respectively, and a thickness of not less than 0.04 inch (1.0 mm) **OR** 0.05 inch (1.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Top Trim: J-channels formed with front leg and back leg not less than 5/8 and 1 inch (16 and 25 mm) in height, respectively, and a thickness of not less than 0.04 inch (1.0 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.57 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: Clear **OR** Gold, **as directed**, bright anodized.
2. Top Channel/Cleat and Bottom Aluminum J-Channels: Aluminum extrusions with a return deep enough to produce a glazing channel to accommodate mirrors of thickness indicated and in lengths required to cover bottom and top edges of each mirror in a single piece.
 - a. Bottom Trim: J-channels formed with front leg and back leg not less than 5/16 and 3/4 inch (7.9 and 19 mm) in height, respectively.
 - b. Top Trim: Formed with front leg with a height of 5/16 inch (7.9 mm) and back leg designed to fit into the pocket created by wall-mounted aluminum cleat.
 - c. Finish: Clear **OR** Gold, **as directed**, bright anodized.
3. Mirror Bottom Clips: As indicated.
4. Mirror Top Clips: As indicated.
5. Plated Steel Hardware: Formed-steel shapes with plated finish indicated.
 - a. Profile: As indicated.
 - b. Finish: Selected from manufacturer's standards.
6. Fasteners: Fabricated of same basic metal and alloy as fastened metal and matching it in finished color and texture where fasteners are exposed.
7. Anchors and Inserts: Provide devices as required for mirror hardware installation. Provide toothed or lead-shield expansion-bolt devices for drilled-in-place anchors. Provide galvanized anchors and inserts for applications on inside face of exterior walls and where indicated.

D. Fabrication

1. Mirror Sizes: To suit Project conditions, and before tempering, **as directed**, cut mirrors to final sizes and shapes.
2. Cutouts: Fabricate cutouts before tempering, **as directed**, for notches and holes in mirrors without marring visible surfaces. Locate and size cutouts so they fit closely around penetrations in mirrors.
3. Mirror Edge Treatment: Flat polished **OR** Rounded polished **OR** Flat high-polished **OR** Rounded high-polished **OR** Beveled polished edge of width shown, **as directed**.
 - a. Seal edges of mirrors with edge sealer after edge treatment to prevent chemical or atmospheric penetration of glass coating.
 - b. Require mirror manufacturer to perform edge treatment and sealing in factory immediately after cutting to final sizes.

4. Film-Backed Safety Mirrors: Apply film backing with adhesive coating over mirror backing paint as recommended in writing by film-backing manufacturer to produce a surface free of bubbles, blisters, and other imperfections.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, over which mirrors are to be mounted, with Installer present, for compliance with installation tolerances, substrate preparation, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility of mirror mastic with existing finishes or primers.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.

B. Preparation

1. Comply with mastic manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparation of substrates, including coating substrates with mastic manufacturer's special bond coating where applicable.

C. Installation

1. General: Install mirrors to comply with mirror manufacturer's written instructions and with referenced GANA publications. Mount mirrors accurately in place in a manner that avoids distorting reflected images.
2. Provide a minimum air space of 1/8 inch (3 mm) between back of mirrors and mounting surface for air circulation between back of mirrors and face of mounting surface.
3. Wall-Mounted Mirrors: Install mirrors with mirror hardware **OR** mastic and mirror hardware, **as directed**. Attach mirror hardware securely to mounting surfaces with mechanical fasteners installed with anchors or inserts as applicable. Install fasteners so heads do not impose point loads on backs of mirrors.
 - a. Top and Bottom Aluminum J-Channels: Provide setting blocks 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick by 4 inches (100 mm) long at quarter points. To prevent trapping water, provide, between setting blocks, two slotted weeps not less than 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) wide by 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) long at bottom channel.
 - b. Top Channel/Cleat and Bottom Aluminum J-Channels: Fasten J-channel directly to wall and attach top trim to continuous cleat fastened directly to wall.
 - c. Mirror Clips: Place a felt or plastic pad between mirror and each clip to prevent spalling of mirror edges. Locate clips where indicated **OR** so they are symmetrically placed and evenly spaced, **as directed**.
 - d. Install mastic as follows:
 - 1) Apply barrier coat to mirror backing where approved in writing by manufacturers of mirrors and backing material.
 - 2) Apply mastic to comply with mastic manufacturer's written instructions for coverage and to allow air circulation between back of mirrors and face of mounting surface.
 - 3) After mastic is applied, align mirrors and press into place while maintaining a minimum air space of 1/8 inch (3 mm) between back of mirrors and mounting surface.

D. Cleaning And Protection

1. Protect mirrors from breakage and contaminating substances resulting from construction operations.
2. Do not permit edges of mirrors to be exposed to standing water.
3. Maintain environmental conditions that will prevent mirrors from being exposed to moisture from condensation or other sources for continuous periods of time.

4. Wash exposed surface of mirrors not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Final Completion. Wash mirrors as recommended in writing by mirror manufacturer.

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 83 13 00	07 42 13 19	Glazing

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SECTION 08 84 00 00 - PLASTIC GLAZING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for plastic glazing. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Monolithic acrylic glazing.
 - b. Monolithic polycarbonate glazing.
 - c. Multiwalled structured polycarbonate glazing.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Provide plastic glazing sheets and glazing materials capable of withstanding normal temperature changes, wind, and impact loads without failure, including loss or breakage of plastic sheets attributable to the following: failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight, deterioration of plastic sheet and glazing materials, or other defects in materials and installation.
2. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on plastic glazing and glazing framing members.
 - a. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

D. Preconstruction Testing

1. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Test each plastic glazing type, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glazing-framing member for adhesion to and compatibility with elastomeric glazing sealants.
 - a. Testing will not be required if data are submitted based on previous testing of current sealant products and plastic glazing matching those submitted.
 - b. Use ASTM C 1087 to determine whether priming and other specific joint-preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of glazing sealants to glazing, tape sealants, gaskets, and glazing channel substrates.
 - c. Test no fewer than eight Samples of each type of material, including joint substrates, shims, sealant backings, secondary seals, and miscellaneous materials.
 - d. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
 - e. For materials failing tests, submit sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures including the use of specially formulated primers.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For glazing sealants used inside the weatherproofing system, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Plastic Glazing Samples: For each color and finish of plastic glazing indicated, 12 inches (300 mm) square and of same thickness indicated for final Work.
4. Glazing Accessory Samples: For gaskets and sealants, in 12-inch (300-mm) lengths. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system, **as directed**.
5. Plastic Glazing Schedule: List plastic glazing types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings. Indicate coordinated dimensions of plastic glazing and construction that receives plastic glazing, including clearances and glazing channel dimensions.

6. Qualification Data: For installers, plastic glazing testing agency and sealant testing agency.
 7. Product Certificates: For plastic glazing and glazing products, from manufacturer.
 8. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for plastic glazing, glazing sealants and glazing gaskets.
 - a. For glazing sealants, provide test reports based on testing current sealant formulations within previous 36-month period.
 9. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test report.
 10. Research/Evaluation Reports: For plastic glazing.
 11. Maintenance Data: For plastic glazing to include in maintenance manuals.
 12. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.
- F. Quality Assurance
1. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.
 2. Source Limitations: Obtain plastic glazing from single source from single manufacturer. Obtain sealants and gaskets from single source from single manufacturer for each product and installation method.
 3. Glazing Publication: Comply with published recommendations of plastic glazing manufacturers and with GANA's "Glazing Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to this publication for definitions of glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.
 4. Plastic Glazing Labeling: Identify plastic sheets with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency, indicating compliance with required fire-test-response characteristics.
 5. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing labeling is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of a certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction or manufacturer. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of plastic glazing, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.
- G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Protect plastic glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent damage to plastic glazing and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
 2. Maintain protective coverings on plastic glazing to avoid exposures to abrasive substances, excessive heat, and other sources of possible deterioration.
- H. Project Conditions
1. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
 - a. Do not install glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).
- I. Coordination
1. Coordinate dimensions of plastic glazing with dimensions of construction that receives plastic glazing to ensure that glazing channels provide adequate face and edge clearance, bite, and allowance for expansion.
- J. Warranty
1. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Abrasion- and UV-Resistant, Monolithic **OR** Multiwalled Structured, **as directed**, Polycarbonate: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to the Owner and signed by polycarbonate manufacturer, in which manufacturer agrees to replace polycarbonate products that break or develop defects from normal use that are attributable to manufacturing process and not to practices for maintaining and cleaning plastic glazing contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include coating delamination, haze, excessive yellowing, and loss of light transmission beyond the limits stated in plastic glazing manufacturer's standard form.

- a. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Plastic Glazing, General

1. Sizes: Fabricate plastic glazing to sizes required for openings indicated. Allow for thermal expansion and contraction of plastic glazing without restraint and without withdrawal of edges from frames, with edge clearances and tolerances complying with plastic glazing manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics of Plastic Glazing: As determined by testing plastic glazing by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Self-ignition temperature of 650 deg F (343 deg C) or higher when tested according to ASTM D 1929 on plastic sheets in thicknesses indicated for the Work.
 - b. Smoke-developed index of 450 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, or smoke density of 75 or less when tested according to ASTM D 2843 on plastic sheets in thicknesses indicated for the Work.
 - c. Burning extent of 1 inch (25 mm) or less when tested according to ASTM D 635 at a nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) or thickness indicated for the Work, where Class CC1 is indicated.
 - d. Burning rate of 2.5 in./min. (1.06 mm/s) or less when tested according to ASTM D 635 at a nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) or thickness indicated for the Work, where Class CC2 is indicated.
 - e. Flame-spread index not less than that indicated when tested according to ASTM E 84.
3. Windborne-Debris-Impact Resistance: Provide exterior plastic glazing that passes basic **OR** enhanced, **as directed**, protection testing requirements in ASTM E 1996 for Wind Zone 1 **OR** Wind Zone 2 **OR** Wind Zone 3 **OR** Wind Zone 4, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM E 1886. Test specimens shall be no smaller in width and length than plastic glazing indicated for use on Project and shall be installed in same manner as indicated for use on Project.
 - a. Large-Missile Test: For plastic glazing located within 30 feet (9.1 m) of grade.
 - b. Small-Missile Test: For plastic glazing located more than 30 feet (9.1 m) above grade.

OR
 Large-Missile Test: For all plastic glazing, regardless of height above grade.

B. Monolithic Acrylic Glazing

1. Plastic Glazing: Transparent acrylic sheet; ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast) **OR** Category A-2 (continuously cast) **OR** Category B-1 (continuously manufactured), **as directed**, Finish 1 (smooth or polished), Type UVF (UV filtering).
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Colorless **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC2.
 - d. Provide safety glazing labeling.
2. Plastic Glazing: Coated, transparent acrylic sheet; ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast) **OR** Category B-1 (continuously manufactured), **as directed**, Finish 3 (abrasion-resistant coating) with coating on one side **OR** both sides, **as directed**, Type UVF (UV filtering).
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Colorless **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC2.
 - d. Provide safety glazing labeling.
3. Plastic Glazing: Translucent acrylic sheet; ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast) **OR** Category B-1 (continuously manufactured), **as directed**, Finish 1 (smooth or polished), Type UVF (UV filtering).
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.

- b. Color: White, with visible light transmittance of not more than 50 percent for 0.117-inch- (2.9-mm-) thick sheet, measured according to ASTM D 1003 **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC2.
 - d. Provide safety glazing labeling.
 - 4. Plastic Glazing: Patterned acrylic sheet; ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast), Finish 2 (patterned), Type UVF (UV filtering).
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Pattern: Matte finish **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: Transparent colorless **OR** Translucent white **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Combustibility Class: CC2.
 - e. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- C. Monolithic Polycarbonate Glazing
- 1. Plastic Glazing: Polycarbonate sheet; ASTM C 1349, Appendix X1, Type I (standard, UV stabilized), with a polished finish.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Transparent colorless **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC1.
 - d. Flame-Spread Index: 25 **OR** 75 **OR** 200, **as directed**, or less.
 - e. Provide safety glazing labeling.
 - 2. Plastic Glazing: Coated polycarbonate sheet; ASTM C 1349, Appendix X1, Type II (coated mar-resistant, UV stabilized), with coating on both sides.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 0.093 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.118 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) **OR** 0.236 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Transparent colorless **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC1.
 - d. Flame-Spread Index: 25 **OR** 75 **OR** 200, **as directed**, or less.
 - e. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- D. Multiwalled Structured Polycarbonate Glazing
- 1. Multiwalled Structured Polycarbonate Sheet: Manufacturer's standard polycarbonate extruded shape with smooth, flat exterior surfaces and internal ribbing.
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 5/16 inch (8 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 5/8 inch (16 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (20 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Transparent colorless **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Combustibility Class: CC1 **OR** CC2, **as directed**.
 - d. Flame-Spread Index: 25 **OR** 75 **OR** 200, **as directed**, or less.
- E. Glazing Gaskets
- 1. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets, EPDM, ASTM C 864 or silicone, ASTM C 1115; and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
 - 2. Soft Compression Gaskets: Extruded or molded, closed-cell, integral-skinned EPDM or silicone gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
- F. Glazing Sealants
- 1. General:
 - a. Compatibility: Provide glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including plastic glazing products and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

- b. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
- c. VOC Content: For sealants used inside the weatherproofing system, not more than 250 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- d. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- 2. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
OR
 Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
OR
 Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
OR
 Glazing Sealant: Acid-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

G. Glazing Tapes

- 1. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
 - a. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.
 - b. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
 - c. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.
- 2. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
 - a. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
 - b. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

H. Miscellaneous Glazing Materials

- 1. Compatibility: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with requirements of manufacturers of plastic glazing and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- 2. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- 3. Setting Blocks: EPDM or silicone as required for compatibility with glazing sealant and plastic glazing, and of hardness recommended by plastic glazing manufacturer for application indicated.
- 4. Compressible Filler Rods: Closed cell of waterproof-jacketed rod stock of synthetic rubber or plastic foam, flexible and resilient, with 5- to 10-psi (35- to 70-kPa) compression strength for 25 percent deflection.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine plastic glazing framing, with glazing Installer present, for compliance with the following:
 - a. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
 - b. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
 - c. Effective sealing between joints of plastic glazing framing members.
- 2. Proceed with glazing only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Clean glazing channels and other framing members immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates. Remove lacquer from metal surfaces where elastomeric sealants are indicated for use.

C. Glazing, General

1. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of plastic glazing materials, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publication.
2. Glazing channel dimensions indicated on Drawings are designed to provide the necessary bite on plastic glazing, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust plastic glazing lites during installation to ensure that bite is equal on all sides.
3. Sand or scrape cut edges of plastic glazing to provide smooth edges, free of chips and hairline cracks.
4. Remove burrs and other projections from glazing channel surfaces.
5. Protect plastic glazing surfaces from abrasion and other damage during handling and installation, according to the following requirements:
 - a. Retain plastic glazing manufacturer's protective covering or protect by other methods according to plastic glazing manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Remove covering at border of each piece before glazing; remove remainder of covering immediately after installation where plastic glazing will be exposed to sunlight or where other conditions make later removal difficult.
 - c. Remove damaged plastic glazing sheets from Project site and legally dispose of off-site. Damaged plastic glazing sheets are those containing imperfections that, when installed, result in weakened glazing and impaired performance and appearance.
6. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.
7. Install elastomeric setting blocks in sill channels, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publication, unless otherwise instructed by plastic glazing manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
8. Provide edge blocking to comply with referenced glazing publication unless otherwise instructed by plastic glazing manufacturer.
9. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
10. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets as recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

D. Tape Glazing

1. Install tapes continuously, but not in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
2. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
3. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant recommended by tape manufacturer.
4. Do not remove release paper from tape until immediately before each lite is installed.
5. Apply heel bead of glazing sealant.
6. Center plastic glazing lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
7. Apply cap bead of glazing sealant over exposed edge of tape.

E. Gasket Glazing (Dry)

1. Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.

2. Insert soft compression gasket between plastic glazing and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
 3. Center plastic glazing lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in plastic glazing. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
 4. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.
- F. Sealant Glazing (Wet)
1. Install continuous spacers between plastic glazing lites and glazing stops to maintain plastic glazing face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glazing channel weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
 2. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to plastic glazing and channel surfaces.
 3. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from plastic glazing.
- G. Protecting And Cleaning
1. Protect plastic glazing from contact with contaminating substances from construction operations. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with plastic glazing, remove immediately and wash plastic glazing according to plastic glazing manufacturer's written instructions.
 2. Remove and replace plastic glazing that is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged in other ways during construction period, including natural causes, accidents, and vandalism.
 3. Wash plastic glazing on both faces before date scheduled for inspections intended to establish date of Final Completion in each area of Project. Wash plastic glazing according to plastic glazing manufacturer's written instructions.

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 87 13 00	07 42 13 19	Glazing

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SECTION 08 87 23 16 - FRAGMENT RETENTION FILM FOR GLASS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of fragment retention film for glass. Products shall match existing materials and/or shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each type of product indicated.
3. Test Reports: Certified test reports including analysis and interpretation of test results. Each report shall identify the manufacturer, the specific product name, the film thickness, the adhesive type and thickness, and the glass type and thickness. Test reports shall clearly identify the methods used and shall include the results recorded.
4. Certificates: On applications where the film will contact the glazing beads or gaskets, a certificate from the Contractor stating that the glazing compounds and gaskets are compatible with the fragment retention film and adhesive.

C. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver, store, and handle in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Glass, including glass in windows or doors, that has the film factory applied shall be stored in a dry location free of dust, water, and other contaminants. Glass with factory applied film shall be delivered, stored, and handled so that the film is not damaged, scratched, or abraded and shall be stored in a manner which permits easy access for inspection and handling. Each roll of film shall have a tamperproof label containing full details of the roll and the batch number.

D. Warranty

1. Provide a 5 year warranty for fragment retention film material. The warranty shall provide for replacement of film if cracking, crazing, peeling, or inadequate adhesion occurs.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Standard Products: Fragment retention film shall be the standard product of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of such products and shall essentially duplicate items that have been in satisfactory use for at least 2 years prior to bid opening.

- B. Fragment Retention Film: Fragment retention film shall be polyester, polyethylene terephthalate, or a composite. Fragment retention film shall be optically clear and free of waves, distortions, impurities, and adhesive lines. The film may be a single layer or laminated. Lamination of the film shall only occur at the factory of the fragment retention film manufacturer. The film shall include an abrasion resistant coating on the surface that does not receive the film adhesive. Fragment retention film shall be a minimum thickness of 0.004 inch (0.10 mm), as required to meet Project requirements, and shall be clear **OR** tinted, **OR** reflective, **as directed**. The film shall be supplied with an optically clear weatherable pressure sensitive adhesive. The adhesive shall contain ultraviolet inhibitors to protect the film for its required life and shall limit ultraviolet transmission to not more than 8 percent of the radiation between 300 and 380 nanometers. The adhesive shall not be water activated.

1. Impact Performance: Test fragment retention film for impact in accordance with ANSI Z97.1 or 16 CFR 1201.
2. Tensile Strength: The fragment retention film samples tested shall exhibit a minimum tensile strength at break of 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) when tested in accordance with ASTM D882, Method A.

3. Peel Strength: The fragment retention film shall exhibit a minimum peel strength of 5.3 pounds/inch (930 N/m) for 0.004 inch (0.10 mm) thick film when tested in accordance with ASTM D3330, Method A.
4. Surface Abrasion: The fragment retention film shall exhibit a change in haze not to exceed 3.2 percent following 100 turns, using 500-gram weights on a CS 10F abrasive wheel when tested in accordance with ASTM D1044.
5. Flame Spread and Smoke Density: The fragment retention film shall exhibit a flame spread index not exceeding 25 and a smoke density index not exceeding 100 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Surface Preparation: The glass surface to which the fragment retention film is to be applied shall be cleaned of paint, foreign compounds, smears, and spatters. After the initial cleaning, the surface to receive the film shall be further cleaned in accordance with the film manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Application: Provide fragment retention film on window and door glass where indicated. After surface preparation, apply the fragment retention film in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions. Apply film to the interior (room) side of the glass for both single and double glazed sheets, unless otherwise indicated. Multiple applications of film to achieve specified thicknesses will not be allowed. The film shall not be applied if there are visible dust particles in the air, if there is frost on the glazing, or if any room condition such as temperature and humidity do not meet the manufacturer's instructions. After film application, maintain room conditions as required by the manufacturer's instructions to allow for proper curing of the adhesive.
 1. Application to New Glass Before Glazing: Apply fragment retention film so that it extends edge to edge of the glass sheet. Set the film reinforced glass into the frame with glazing compounds or gaskets as specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing". When contact between the glazing compounds and/or gaskets and the film occurs, the Contractor shall ensure compatibility. The Contractor shall be responsible for delivery of the fragment retention film to the appropriate location for application. Coordinate fragment retention film application and curing with the glass supplier and window or door manufacturer prior to glazing installation.
 2. Application to Existing Glass Involving Dismantlement: Remove the existing glazing compound, gaskets, and/or stops as required to expose the existing glass pane. If necessary, remove the glass so that the film can be applied. Apply the film so that it extends edge to edge of the glass sheet. Install existing gaskets and/or stops and replace any removed glazing compounds with new glazing compounds. Scrap removed glazing compounds. Glazing compounds shall be in accordance with GANA Sealant Manual. Glazing methods shall be in accordance with GANA Glazing Manual. When contact between the glazing compounds and/or gaskets and the film occurs, the Contractor shall ensure compatibility. Replace and reinstall any damaged or broken glazing and gaskets in kind.
 3. Application to Existing Glass Without Dismantlement: Apply fragment retention film so that it extends to within 1/16-inch (1.6 mm), with a maximum of 1/8 inch (3 mm), of the edge of the visible glass area.
 4. Application to Existing Glass and Frame Without Dismantlement: Apply fragment retention film past the edge of the visible glass and extend onto the frame. Amount of film overlap, edge connection to the frame, and adhesive for adhering film to frame shall be as recommended by the film manufacturer. When contact between the glazing compounds and/or gaskets and the film occurs, the Contractor shall ensure compatibility.
 5. Splicing: Splices or seams in fragment retention film shall be permitted only when a sheet of glass has a dimension exceeding 58 inches (1.475 m) in both directions. All seams shall be applied with a minimum overlap of 1/4 inch (6 mm) unless submitted test reports indicate impact performance is not diminished when seam is applied with a different overlap or a gap.
- C. Cleaning: Clean the fragment retention film in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

END OF SECTION 08 87 23 16

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 88 49 00	08 34 49 13	Radiation Protection

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SECTION 08 88 53 00 - SECURITY GLAZING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for security glazing. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes glazing for the following products and applications and of the following types:
 - a. Products and applications specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
 - 1) Steel detention and Steel doors.
 - 2) Glazed entrances.
 - 3) Storefront framing.
 - 4) Interior borrowed lites.
 - 5) Glazed curtain walls.
 - 6) Sloped glazing.
 - 7) Security, Detention, Aluminum and Steel windows.
 - b. Security Glazing Types:
 - 1) Monolithic polycarbonate.
 - 2) Laminated glass.
 - 3) Laminated polycarbonate.
 - 4) Glass-clad polycarbonate.
 - 5) Laminated glass and polycarbonate.
 - 6) Insulating security glazing.
 - 7) Air-gap security glazing.

C. Definitions

1. Glazing Manufacturers: Firms that produce primary glass, monolithic plastic glazing, or fabricated security glazing, as defined in referenced glazing publications.
2. Interspace: Space between lites of air-gap security glazing or insulating security glazing.

D. Performance Requirements

1. General:
 - a. Installed security glazing shall withstand normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, or installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing; or other defects in construction.
 - b. Installed security glazing shall withstand security-related loads and forces without damage to the glazing beyond that allowed by referenced standards.
2. Delegated Design: Design security glazing, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
 - a. Design Procedure for Glass: Design according to ASTM E 1300 **OR** ICC's 2003 International Building Code, **as directed**.
 - b. Design Wind Pressures: As indicated on Drawings.
OR
 Design Wind Pressures: Determine design wind pressures applicable to Project according to ASCE/SEI 7, based on heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s) **OR** 100 mph (44 m/s) **OR** 110 mph (49 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor.
 - 3) Exposure Category: B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.

- c. Design Snow Loads: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - d. Vertical Glazing: For glass surfaces sloped 15 degrees or less from vertical, design glass to resist design wind pressure based on glass type factors for short-duration load.
 - e. Sloped Glazing: For glass surfaces sloped more than 15 degrees from vertical, design glass to resist each of the following combinations of loads:
 - 1) Outward design wind pressure minus the weight of the glass. Base design on glass type factors for short-duration load.
 - 2) Inward design wind pressure plus the weight of the glass plus half of the design snow load. Base design on glass type factors for short-duration load.
 - 3) Half of the inward design wind pressure plus the weight of the glass plus the design snow load. Base design on glass type factors for long-duration load.
 - f. Probability of Breakage for Sloped Glazing: For glass surfaces sloped more than 15 degrees from vertical, design glass for a probability of breakage not greater than 0.001.
 - g. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For glass supported on all four edges, limit center-of-glass deflection at design wind pressure to not more than 1/50 times the short-side length or 1 inch (25 mm), whichever is less.
3. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on glazing framing members and glazing components.
- a. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
- E. Preconstruction Testing
1. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Test each security glazing type, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glazing-framing member for adhesion to and compatibility with elastomeric glazing sealants.
 - a. Testing will not be required if data are submitted based on previous testing of current sealant products and glazing materials matching those submitted.
 - b. Use ASTM C 1087 to determine whether priming and other specific joint-preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of glazing sealants to security glazing, tape sealants, gaskets, and glazing channel substrates.
 - c. Test no fewer than eight Samples of each type of material, including joint substrates, shims, sealant backings, secondary seals, and miscellaneous materials.
 - d. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
 - e. For materials failing tests, submit sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures including the use of specially formulated primers.
- F. Submittals
1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For glazing sealants used inside of the weatherproofing system, including printed statement of VOC content.
 3. Security Glazing Samples: For each type of security glazing; 12 inches (300 mm) square.
 4. Glazing Accessory Samples: For gaskets, sealants and colored spacers, in 12-inch (300-mm) lengths. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of the adjoining framing system, **as directed**.
 5. Security Glazing Schedule: List security glazing types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings. Indicate coordinated dimensions of security glazing and construction that receives security glazing, including clearances and glazing channel dimensions.
 6. Delegated-Design Submittal: For security glazing indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 7. Qualification Data: For installers, manufacturers of insulating security glazing with sputter-coated, low-e coatings, glazing testing agency and sealant testing agency.
 8. Product Certificates: For each type of product indicated, from manufacturer.
 9. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of security glazing, glazing sealant and glazing gasket.

- a. For glazing sealants, provide test reports based on testing current sealant formulations within previous 36-month period.
- 10. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test reports.
- 11. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

- G. Quality Assurance
 - 1. Manufacturer Qualifications for Insulating Security Glazing Units with Sputter-Coated, Low-E Coatings: A qualified insulating glazing manufacturer who is approved and certified, **as directed**, by coated-glass manufacturer.
 - 2. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs glazing installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association Glazier Certification Program.
 - 3. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.
 - 4. Source Limitations for Security Glazing: Obtain security glazing from single source from single manufacturer using the same type of lites, plies, interlayers, and spacers for each security glazing type indicated.
 - a. Source Limitations for Tinted Glass: Obtain tinted glass from single source from single primary glass manufacturer for each tint color indicated.
 - 5. Source Limitations for Glazing Sealants and Gaskets: Obtain from single source from single manufacturer for each product and installation method.
 - 6. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of security glazing and glazing material manufacturers and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
 - a. GANA Publications: GANA's "Laminated Glazing Reference Manual" and GANA's "Glazing Manual."
 - b. AAMA Publications: AAMA GDSG-1, "Glass Design for Sloped Glazing," and AAMA TIR-A7, "Sloped Glazing Guidelines."
 - c. IGMA Publication for Sloped Glazing: IGMA TB-3001, "Guidelines for Sloped Glazing."
 - d. IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial and Residential Use."
 - 7. Plastic Glazing Labeling: Identify plastic sheets with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency, indicating compliance with required fire-test-response characteristics.
 - 8. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing labeling is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC **OR** another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction **OR** manufacturer, **as directed**. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glazing, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glazing complies.
 - 9. Insulating Glazing Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of IGCC.
 - 10. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

- H. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
 - 1. Protect security glazing and glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent damage from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
 - 2. Comply with insulating security glazing and with air-gap security glazing manufacturers' written recommendations for venting and sealing units to avoid hermetic seal ruptures due to altitude change.

- I. Project Conditions
 - 1. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
 - a. Do not install glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).

- J. Coordination

1. Coordinate dimensions, including thickness, of security glazing with dimensions of construction that receives security glazing.

K. Warranty

1. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated Glass: Manufacturer's standard form in which coated-glass manufacturer agrees to replace coated glass that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in coating.
 - a. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
2. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Laminated Glass: Manufacturer's standard form in which laminated-glass manufacturer agrees to replace laminated glass that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
 - a. Warranty Period: Five **OR 10, as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
3. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Polycarbonate Sheet: Manufacturer's standard form in which glazing manufacturer agrees to replace polycarbonate sheet that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to maintaining and cleaning polycarbonate sheet contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include yellowing and loss of light transmission.
 - a. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
4. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Laminated Polycarbonate: Manufacturer's standard form in which laminated polycarbonate manufacturer agrees to replace laminated polycarbonate that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to maintaining and cleaning laminated polycarbonate contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glazing, blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced standard, yellowing, and loss of light transmission.
 - a. Warranty Period: Five **OR 10, as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
5. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Glass-Clad Polycarbonate: Manufacturer's standard form in which glass-clad polycarbonate manufacturer agrees to replace glass-clad polycarbonate that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning glass-clad polycarbonate contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glazing, blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced glass-clad polycarbonate standard, yellowing, and loss of light transmission.
 - a. Warranty Period: Five **OR 10, as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
6. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Laminated Glass and Polycarbonate: Manufacturer's standard form in which laminated-glass-and-polycarbonate manufacturer agrees to replace laminated glass and polycarbonate that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass and polycarbonate contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glazing, blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced glass-clad polycarbonate standard, yellowing, and loss of light transmission.
 - a. Warranty Period: Five **OR 10, as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
7. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Security Glazing: Manufacturer's standard form in which insulating security glazing manufacturer agrees to replace insulating security glazing that deteriorates within specified warranty period. Deterioration is defined as defects in individual lites developed from normal use or failure of hermetic seal under normal use. Deterioration does not include defects in individual lites or failure of hermetic seal that is attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning insulating security glazing contrary to manufacturer's written instructions.

- a. Defects in coated glass lites include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in coating.
- b. Defects in laminated-glass lites include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
- c. Defects in glass-clad polycarbonate lites include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glazing, blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced glass-clad polycarbonate standard, yellowing, and loss of light transmission.
- d. Evidence of hermetic seal failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glazing.
- e. Warranty Period: Five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Security Glazing, General

- 1. Thickness: Where thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide security glazing in thicknesses as needed to comply with requirements indicated.
- 2. Thickness of Tinted Glass: Provide same thickness for each tint color indicated throughout Project.
- 3. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics of Plastic Sheets: As determined by testing plastic sheets identical to those used in security glazing products by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Self-ignition temperature of 650 deg F (343 deg C) or more when tested per ASTM D 1929 on plastic sheets in thicknesses indicated for the Work.
 - b. Smoke-developed index of 450 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, or smoke density of 75 or less when tested per ASTM D 2843 on plastic sheets in thicknesses indicated for the Work.
 - c. Burning extent of 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** rate of 2.5 in./min. (1.06 mm/s), **as directed**, or less when tested per ASTM D 635 at a nominal thickness of 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) or thickness indicated for the Work.
- 4. Windborne-Debris-Impact Resistance: Provide exterior security glazing that passes basic **OR** enhanced, **as directed**, -protection testing requirements in ASTM E 1996 for Wind Zone 1 **OR** Wind Zone 2 **OR** Wind Zone 3 **OR** Wind Zone 4, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM E 1886. Test specimens shall be no smaller in width and length than security glazing indicated for use on the Project and shall be installed in same manner as indicated for use on the Project.
 - a. Large-Missile Test: For security glazing located within 30 feet (9.1 m) of grade.
 - b. Small-Missile Test: For security glazing located more than 30 feet (9.1 m) above grade.

OR

 - Large-Missile Test: For all security glazing, regardless of height above grade.
- 5. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide security glazing with performance properties specified, as indicated in manufacturer's published test data, based on products of construction indicated and on procedures indicated below:
 - a. U-Factors: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 100 and based on LBL's WINDOW 5.2 computer program, expressed as Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (W/sq. m x K).
 - b. Solar-Heat-Gain Coefficient and Visible Transmittance: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 200 and based on LBL's WINDOW 5.2 computer program.
 - c. Visible Reflectance: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 300.

B. Glass Products

- 1. Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality-Q3, Class I (clear) unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048; Type I; Quality-Q3; Class I (clear) unless otherwise indicated; of kind and condition indicated.
 - a. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. For heat-strengthened float glass, comply with requirements for Kind HS.
 - c. For fully tempered float glass, comply with requirements for Kind FT.

- d. For uncoated glass, comply with requirements for Condition A.
 - e. For coated vision glass, comply with requirements for Condition C (other coated glass).
 3. Chemically Strengthened Glass: Annealed float glass chemically strengthened to comply with ASTM C 1422, Surface Compression Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5, **as directed**, and Case Depth Level A **OR** Level B **OR** Level C **OR** Level D **OR** Level E **OR** Level F, **as directed**.
 4. Reflective-Coated Vision Glass: ASTM C 1376, Kind CV (coated vision glass), coated by pyrolytic process **OR** vacuum deposition (sputter-coating) process, **as directed**, and complying with other requirements specified.
- C. Laminated Glass
1. Laminated Glass: ASTM C 1172, and complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials, and with other requirements specified. Use materials that have a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after fabrication and installation.
 - a. Construction: Laminate glass with polyvinyl butyral interlayer or cast-in-place and cured-transparent-resin interlayer to comply with interlayer manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - b. Interlayer Thickness: Provide thickness not less than that indicated and as needed to comply with requirements.
 - c. Interlayer Color: Clear unless otherwise indicated.
 2. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistant Laminated Glass: ASTM C 1172, and complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials, with "Windborne-Debris-Impact Resistance" Paragraph, and with other requirements specified.
 - a. Construction: Laminate glass with one of the following to comply with interlayer manufacturer's written recommendations:
 - 1) Polyvinyl butyral interlayer.
 - 2) Polyvinyl butyral interlayers reinforced with polyethylene terephthalate film.
 - 3) Ionoplast interlayer.
 - 4) Cast-in-place and cured-transparent-resin interlayer.
 - 5) Cast-in-place and cured-transparent-resin interlayer reinforced with polyethylene terephthalate film.
 - b. Interlayer Thickness: Provide thickness not less than that indicated and as needed to comply with requirements.
 - c. Interlayer Color: Clear unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Polycarbonate Security Glazing
1. Polycarbonate Sheet: ASTM C 1349, Appendix X1, Type II, coated, mar-resistant, UV-stabilized polycarbonate with coating on exposed surfaces and Type I, standard, UV-stabilized polycarbonate where no surfaces are exposed.
 2. Laminated Polycarbonate: Polycarbonate sheets laminated with clear urethane interlayer that complies with ASTM C 1349, Appendix X2, and has a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after fabrication and installation. Provide laminated units that comply with requirements of ASTM C 1349 for maximum allowable laminating process blemishes and haze.
 3. Glass-Clad Polycarbonate: ASTM C 1349, and other requirements specified.
 - a. Provide glass-clad polycarbonate that complies with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials, and with other requirements specified.
 4. Laminated Glass and Polycarbonate: ASTM C 1349, and other requirements specified.
 - a. Provide laminated glass and polycarbonate that complies with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 for Category II materials, and with other requirements specified.
- E. Spall-Resistant Film
1. Spall-Resistant Film: Composite of clear polyvinyl butyral film and clear abrasion-resistant polyester film.
 2. Laminating Process: Laminate spall-resistant film to glazing assemblies in factory to produce laminated lites free of foreign substances, air, and glass pockets.

- F. Insulating Security Glazing
 - 1. Insulating Security Glazing: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified according to ASTM E 2190, and complying with other requirements specified.
 - a. Sealing System: Dual seal, with manufacturer's standard **OR** polyisobutylene and polysulfide **OR** polyisobutylene and silicone **OR** polyisobutylene and hot-melt butyl **OR** polyisobutylene and polyurethane, **as directed**, primary and secondary.
 - b. Spacer: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction **OR** Aluminum with mill or clear anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with black, color anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with bronze, color anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with powdered metal paint finish in color selected **OR** Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Polypropylene-covered stainless steel in color selected **OR** Thermally broken aluminum **OR** Nonmetallic laminate **OR** Nonmetallic tube, **as directed**.
 - c. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or blend of both.

- G. Air-Gap Security Glazing
 - 1. Air-Gap Security Glazing: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites separated by a dehydrated interspace and complying with other requirements specified.
 - a. Sealing System: Dual seal, with manufacturer's standard primary and secondary sealants.
 - b. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard rigid, **as directed**, spacer material and construction.

- H. Glazing Gaskets
 - 1. Dense Compression Gaskets: Molded or extruded gaskets of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal, made from one of the following:
 - a. Neoprene complying with ASTM C 864.
 - b. EPDM complying with ASTM C 864.
 - c. Silicone complying with ASTM C 1115.
 - d. Thermoplastic polyolefin rubber complying with ASTM C 1115.
 - 2. Soft Compression Gaskets: Extruded or molded, closed-cell, integral-skinned neoprene, EPDM, silicone or thermoplastic polyolefin rubber gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
 - a. Application: Use where soft compression gaskets will be compressed by inserting dense compression gaskets on opposite side of glazing or pressure applied by means of pressure-glazing stops on opposite side of glazing.

- I. Glazing Sealants
 - 1. General:
 - a. Compatibility: Provide glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including security glazing, seals of insulating security glazing and air-gap security glazing, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
 - b. Suitability: Comply with sealant and security glazing manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
 - c. VOC Content: For sealants used inside of the weatherproofing system, not more than 250 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D.
 - d. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - 2. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
 - 3. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
 - 4. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
 - 5. Glazing Sealant: Acid-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

J. Glazing Tapes

1. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and security glazing manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
 - a. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
 - b. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.
2. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
 - a. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
 - b. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

K. Miscellaneous Glazing Materials

1. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of security glazing and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
2. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
3. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
4. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions of hardness required by security glazing manufacturer to maintain security glazing lites in place for installation indicated.
5. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit security glazing lateral movement (side walking).
6. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

L. Fabrication Of Security Glazing

1. Fabricate security glazing in sizes required to fit openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.

M. Laminated-Glass Security Glazing Types

1. Security Glazing: Clear laminated glass **OR** Tinted laminated glass **OR** Clear reflective-coated laminated glass **OR** Tinted reflective-coated laminated glass, **as directed**.
 - a. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
 - c. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR

- Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
- 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
- d. Number of Plies: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**.
 - e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - g. Core Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - h. Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - i. Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - j. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray **as directed**.
 - k. Tinted Glass Location: Outer ply.
 - l. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
 - m. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
 - n. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - p. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - q. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
 - r. Provide safety glazing labeling.
2. Security Glazing: Tinted reflective-coated, **as directed**, laminated glass with clear glass and tinted interlayer.
- a. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
 - c. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
 Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Number of Plies: Two **OR** Three, **as directed**.
 - e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - g. Core Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - h. Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - i. Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - j. Interlayer Color: Clear **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze light **OR** Gray, **as directed**.

- k. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
 - l. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
 - m. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - p. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- N. Monolithic Polycarbonate Security Glazing Types
- 1. Security Glazing: Monolithic polycarbonate with mar-resistant coating on both surfaces.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 4 per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
OR
Thickness: 3/8 inch (9.25 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
- O. Laminated-Polycarbonate Security Glazing Types
- 1. Security Glazing: Laminated polycarbonate.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
 - b. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - c. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Number of Plies: Two **OR** Three **OR** Four, **as directed**.
 - e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Outer and Inner Plies: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - g. Core Ply **OR** Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - h. Interlayer Thicknesses: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm).
- P. Glass-Clad Polycarbonate Security Glazing Types
- 1. Security Glazing: Clear symmetrical glass-clad polycarbonate **OR** Tinted symmetrical glass-clad polycarbonate **OR** Clear reflective-coated symmetrical glass-clad polycarbonate **OR** Tinted reflective-coated symmetrical glass-clad polycarbonate, **as directed**.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
 - b. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - c. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.

OR

Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.

d. Blast Resistance:

1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.

OR

Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.

2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.

3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.

e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner. Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.

f. Single Core: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.

OR

Multiple Core:

1) Outer Core Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.

2) Single Inner Core Ply **OR** Double Inner Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.

g. Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.

h. Interlayer Thickness: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (0.127 mm), **as directed**.

i. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.

j. Tinted Glass Location: Outer ply.

k. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.

l. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.

m. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.

n. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner.

o. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.

p. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.

q. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.

r. Provide safety glazing labeling.

Q. Laminated-Glass-And-Polycarbonate Security Glazing Types

1. Security Glazing: Nonsymmetrical clear **OR** tinted **OR** reflective-coated, **as directed**, laminated glass and polycarbonate with glass plies on the attack or threat side and polycarbonate plies on the witness side.

a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.

b. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.

OR

Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.

c. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.

OR

Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.

d. Blast Resistance:

- 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Makeup:
 - 1) Outer Glass Ply: 3-mm heat-strengthened float glass.
 - 2) Interlayer Thickness: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (0.127 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) First Inner Glass Ply: 12-mm, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 4) Interlayer Thickness: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (0.127 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5) Second Inner Glass Ply: 10-mm, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 6) Interlayer Thickness: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (0.127 mm), **as directed**.
 - 7) Inner Polycarbonate Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, Type I (standard, UV-stabilized) polycarbonate.
 - 8) Interlayer Thickness: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (0.127 mm), **as directed**.
 - 9) Outer Polycarbonate Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, Type II (coated, mar-resistant, UV-stabilized) polycarbonate.
 - g. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - h. Tinted Glass Location: Outer glass ply.
 - i. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
 - j. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
 - k. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - l. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner.
 - m. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
 - p. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- R. Insulating Security Glazing Types
1. Security Glazing: Clear insulating security glazing **OR** Tinted insulating security glazing **OR** Reflective-coated, clear insulating security glazing **OR** Reflective-coated, tinted insulating security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is monolithic glass and indoor lite is glass-clad polycarbonate.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
 - b. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Outdoor Lite: Float glass **OR** Heat-strengthened float glass **OR** Fully tempered float glass, **as directed**.
 - d. Indoor Lite: Glass-clad polycarbonate.
 - 1) Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened **OR** fully tempered, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 2) Single Core: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
OR
Multiple Core:
 - a) Outer Core Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.

- b) Single Inner Core Ply **OR** Double Inner Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 3) Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened **OR** fully tempered, **as directed**, float glass.
 - e. Interspace Content: Air **OR** Argon, **as directed**.
 - f. Interspace Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
 - g. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - h. Tinted Glass Location: Outdoor lite.
 - i. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
 - j. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
 - k. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - l. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner.
 - m. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
 - p. Provide safety glazing labeling.
 - 2. Security Glazing: Low-e-coated, clear insulating security glazing **OR** Low-e-coated, tinted insulating security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is monolithic glass and indoor lite is glass-clad polycarbonate.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
 - b. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Outdoor Lite: Float glass **OR** Heat-strengthened float glass **OR** Fully tempered float glass, **as directed**.
 - d. Indoor Lite: Glass-clad polycarbonate.
 - 1) Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened **OR** fully tempered, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 2) Single Core: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
OR
Multiple Core:
 - a) Outer Core Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - b) Single Inner Core Ply **OR** Double Inner Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 3) Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened **OR** fully tempered, **as directed**, float glass.
 - e. Interspace Content: Air **OR** Argon, **as directed**.
 - f. Interspace Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
 - g. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - h. Tinted Glass Location: Outer lite.
 - i. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic on second surface **OR** Pyrolytic on third surface **OR** Sputtered on second surface **OR** Sputtered on third surface, **as directed**.
 - j. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - k. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - l. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - m. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner..
 - n. Provide safety glazing labeling.
 - 3. Security Glazing: Clear insulating security glazing **OR** Tinted insulating security glazing **OR** Reflective-coated, clear insulating security glazing **OR** Reflective-coated, tinted insulating security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is laminated glass and indoor lite is glass-clad polycarbonate with spall-resistant film on inside face.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.

- b. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
- c. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
- d. Blast Resistance:
- 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
 Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
- e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
- f. Outdoor Lite: Laminated glass with two plies of heat-strengthened float glass **OR** three plies of heat-strengthened float glass **OR** two outer plies of heat-strengthened float glass and two inner plies of annealed float glass, **as directed**.
- 1) Outer Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 2) Core Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 3) Inner Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 4) Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
- g. Indoor Lite: Glass-clad polycarbonate faced with a 0.037-inch- (0.94-mm-) thick, spall-resistant polyester film laminated to indoor face.
- 1) Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 2) Single Core: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
OR
 Multiple Core:
 - a) Outer Core Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - b) Single Inner Core Ply **OR** Double Inner Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 3) Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.
- h. Interspace Content: Air **OR** Argon, **as directed**.
- i. Interspace Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
- j. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
- k. Tinted Glass Location: Outer **OR** Inner, **as directed**, ply of outdoor lite.
- l. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
- m. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
- n. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
- o. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner.
- p. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
- q. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
- r. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
- s. Provide safety glazing labeling.

4. Security Glazing: Low-e-coated, clear insulating security glazing **OR** Low-e-coated, tinted insulating security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is laminated glass and indoor lite is glass-clad polycarbonate with spall-resistant film on inside face.
 - a. Detention Security Grade: Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1915 cold-temperature impact test **OR** warm-temperature impact test **OR** torch and small blunt impactor test, **as directed**.
 - b. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - c. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
 - d. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
 Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - e. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Outdoor Lite: Laminated glass with two plies of heat-strengthened float glass **OR** three plies of heat-strengthened float glass **OR** two outer plies of heat-strengthened float glass and two inner plies of annealed float glass, **as directed**.
 - 1) Outer Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 2) Core Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 3) Inner Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 4) Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - g. Indoor Lite: Glass-clad polycarbonate faced with a 0.037-inch- (0.94-mm-) thick, spall-resistant polyester film laminated to indoor face.
 - 1) Outer Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 2) Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.
 - 3) Single Core: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
OR
 Multiple Core:
 - a) Outer Core Ply: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - b) Single Inner Core Ply **OR** Double Inner Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 4) Inner Ply: 3-mm **OR** 5-mm **OR** 6-mm, **as directed**, heat-strengthened **OR** chemically strengthened, **as directed**, float glass.
 - h. Interspace Content: Air **OR** Argon, **as directed**.
 - i. Interspace Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
 - j. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - k. Tinted Glass Location: Outer lite.

- l. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic on second surface **OR** Pyrolytic on third surface **OR** Sputtered on second surface **OR** Sputtered on third surface, **as directed**.
 - m. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - p. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- S. Air-Gap Security Glazing Types
- 1. Security Glazing: Clear air-gap security glazing **OR** Tinted air-gap security glazing **OR** Clear reflective-coated air-gap security glazing **OR** Tinted reflective-coated air-gap security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is laminated glass and indoor lite is laminated polycarbonate.
 - a. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
 - c. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - e. Outdoor Lite: Laminated glass with two **OR** three, **as directed**, plies of float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - 1) Outer Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 2) Core Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 3) Inner Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 4) Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - f. Indoor Lite: Laminated polycarbonate with two **OR** three **OR** four, **as directed**, polycarbonate plies.
 - 1) Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Outer and Inner Plies: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 3) Core Ply **OR** Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 4) Interlayer Thicknesses: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm).
 - g. Air-Gap Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
 - h. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - i. Tinted Glass Location: Outer **OR** Inner, **as directed**, ply of outdoor lite.
 - j. Coating Color: Gold **OR** Pewter **OR** Silver, **as directed**.
 - k. Coating Location: Second **OR** Third **OR** Fifth, **as directed**, surface.
 - l. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner..
 - m. Outdoor Visible Reflectance: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.

- o. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
- p. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
- q. Provide safety glazing labeling.
- 2. Security Glazing: Low-e-coated, clear air-gap security glazing **OR** Low-e-coated, tinted air-gap security glazing, **as directed**. Outdoor lite is laminated glass and indoor lite is laminated polycarbonate.
 - a. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class I **OR** Class II **OR** Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Forced-Entry Resistance: Level I **OR** Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, per HPW-TP-0500.03.
 - b. Ballistic Resistance: Class/Level HG1 **OR** Class/Level HG2 **OR** Class/Level HG3 **OR** Class/Level HG4 **OR** Class/Level SMG **OR** Class/Level R1 **OR** Class/Level R2 **OR** Class/Level R3 **OR** Class/Level R4-AP **OR** Class/Level SH1 **OR** Class/Level SH2, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1233.
OR
 Ballistic Resistance: Level 1 **OR** Level 2 **OR** Level 3 **OR** Level 4 **OR** Level 5 **OR** Level 6 **OR** Level 7 **OR** Level 8 **OR** Level 1-SG **OR** Level 2-SG **OR** Level 3-SG **OR** Level 4-SG **OR** Level 5-SG **OR** Level 6-SG **OR** Level 7-SG **OR** Level 8-SG, **as directed**, per UL 752.
 - c. Blast Resistance:
 - 1) Hazard Rating: No hazard **OR** Minimal hazard **OR** Very low hazard **OR** Low hazard **OR** High hazard, **as directed**, per ASTM F 1642.
OR
 Performance Condition: 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3a **OR** 3b **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**, per GSA-TS01.
 - 2) Peak Pressure: as directed by the Owner.
 - 3) Positive Phase Impulse: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - e. Outdoor Lite: Laminated glass with two **OR** three, **as directed**, plies of float glass **OR** heat-strengthened float glass **OR** fully tempered float glass **OR** chemically strengthened float glass, **as directed**.
 - 1) Outer Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 2) Core Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 3) Inner Ply Thickness: 3 mm **OR** 5 mm **OR** 6 mm, **as directed**.
 - 4) Interlayer Thickness: 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) **OR** 0.090 inch (2.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - f. Indoor Lite: Laminated polycarbonate with two **OR** three **OR** four, **as directed**, polycarbonate plies.
 - 1) Overall Unit Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Outer and Inner Plies: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 3) Core Ply **OR** Core Plies, **as directed**: 0.118-inch (4.57-mm) **OR** 0.177-inch (2.97-mm) **OR** 0.236-inch (5.99-mm), **as directed**, polycarbonate.
 - 4) Interlayer Thicknesses: 0.025 inch (0.635 mm).
 - g. Air-Gap Dimension: as directed by the Owner.
 - h. Glass Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - i. Tinted Glass Location: Outer **OR** Inner, **as directed**, ply of outdoor lite.
 - j. Low-E Coating: Pyrolytic on second surface **OR** Pyrolytic on third surface **OR** Sputtered on second surface **OR** Sputtered on third surface, **as directed**.
 - k. Overall Visible Light Transmittance: as directed by the Owner.
 - l. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - m. Summer Daytime U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - n. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient: as directed by the Owner.
 - o. Provide safety glazing labeling.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine framing for security glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
 - a. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
 - b. Presence and functioning of weep system.
 - c. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
 - d. Effective sealing between joints of framing members.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving security glazing immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

C. Glazing, General

1. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of security glazing, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
2. Protect edges of security glazing from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged security glazing from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged security glazing includes units with edge or face damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken security glazing, impair performance, or impair appearance.
3. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.
4. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications unless otherwise required by glazing unit manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
5. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by security glazing manufacturers for installing lites.
6. Provide spacers for security glazing lites where the length plus width is larger than 50 inches (1270 mm).
 - a. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of security glazing. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with performance requirements.
 - b. Provide 1/8-inch (3-mm) minimum bite of spacers on glazing lites and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
7. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent security glazing from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by security glazing manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
8. Set security glazing in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
9. Set coated security glazing with proper orientation so that coatings face exterior or interior as specified.
10. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
11. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

D. Tape Glazing

1. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by security glazing, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
2. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.

3. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
 4. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
 5. Do not remove release paper from tape until just before each glazing unit is installed.
 6. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant.
 7. Center security glazing in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
 8. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.
- E. Gasket Glazing (Dry)
1. Cut compression gaskets to lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.
 2. Insert soft compression gasket securely in place between glazing unit and frame or fixed stop, with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
 3. Installation with Drive-in Wedge Gaskets: Center security glazing in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in security glazing. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
 4. Installation with Pressure-Glazing Stops: Center security glazing in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket. Install dense compression gaskets and pressure-glazing stops, applying pressure uniformly to compression gaskets. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in security glazing. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
 5. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.
- F. Sealant Glazing (Wet)
1. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between security glazing and glazing stops to maintain face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glazing channel and blocking weep systems. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
 2. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to security glazing and channel surfaces.
 3. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from security glazing.
- G. Protection And Cleaning
1. Protect exterior security glazing from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glazing unit. Do not apply markers to security glazing surfaces. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
 2. Protect security glazing from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with security glazing, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by security glazing manufacturer.
 3. Examine security glazing surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended in writing by security glazing manufacturer.
 4. Remove and replace security glazing that is broken, chipped, cracked, or abraded or that is damaged from natural causes, accidents, or vandalism during construction period.
 5. Wash security glazing on exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Final Completion. Wash security glazing as recommended in writing by security glazing manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 08 88 53 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 88 53 00	07 42 13 19	Glazing

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SECTION 08 90 00 00 - LOUVERS AND VENTS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for louvers and vents. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Fixed, extruded-aluminum and formed-metal louvers.
 - b. Adjustable, extruded-aluminum and formed-metal louvers.
 - c. Adjustable, extruded-aluminum and formed-metal insulated louvers.
 - d. Fixed, formed-metal acoustical louvers.
 - e. Wall vents (brick vents).

C. Definitions

1. Louver Terminology: Definitions of terms for metal louvers contained in AMCA 501 apply to this Section unless otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
2. Horizontal Louver: Louver with horizontal blades; i.e., the axes of the blades are horizontal.
3. Vertical Louver: Louver with vertical blades; i.e., the axes of the blades are vertical.
4. Drainable-Blade Louver: Louver with blades having gutters that collect water and drain it to channels in jambs and mullions, which carry it to bottom of unit and away from opening.
5. Storm-Resistant Louver: Louver that provides specified wind-driven rain performance, as determined by testing according to AMCA 500-L.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design louvers, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using structural and seismic performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Structural Performance: Louvers shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated without permanent deformation of louver components, noise or metal fatigue caused by louver blade rattle or flutter, or permanent damage to fasteners and anchors.
 - a. Wind Loads:
 - 1) Determine loads based on pressures as indicated on Drawings.
OR
Determine loads based on a uniform pressure of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (957 Pa) **OR** 30 lbf/sq. ft. (1436 Pa), **as directed**, acting inward or outward.
3. Seismic Performance: Louvers, including attachments to other construction, shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - a. Design earthquake spectral response acceleration, short period (Sds) for Project is **as directed**.
 - b. Component Importance Factor is 1.5 **OR** 1.0, **as directed**.
4. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes, without buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, or other detrimental effects.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
5. Louver Performance Ratings: Provide louvers complying with requirements specified, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's stock units identical to those provided, except for length and width according to AMCA 500-L.

6. Acoustic Performance: Provide acoustical louvers complying with ratings specified, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's stock units identical to those specified, except for length and width for airborne sound-transmission loss according to ASTM E 90 **OR** outdoor-indoor sound-transmission loss according to ASTM E 966, **as directed**.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. For louvers specified to bear AMCA seal, include printed catalog pages showing specified models with appropriate AMCA Certified Ratings Seals.
2. Shop Drawings: For louvers and accessories. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Show frame profiles and blade profiles, angles, and spacing.
3. Samples: For each type of metal finish required.
4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For louvers indicated to comply with structural and seismic performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
5. Product Test Reports: Based on tests performed according to AMCA 500-L.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - c. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
2. SMACNA Standard: Comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" for fabrication, construction details, and installation procedures.
3. UL and NEMA Compliance: Provide motors and related components for motor-operated louvers that are listed and labeled by UL and comply with applicable NEMA standards.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5, T-52, or T6.
2. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M), Alloy 3003 or 5005 with temper as required for forming, or as otherwise recommended by metal producer for required finish.
3. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M, Alloy 319.
4. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) **OR** G90 (Z275), **as directed**, zinc coating, mill phosphatized.
5. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304, No. 2B finish **OR** No. 2D finish **OR** No. 4 finish, with grain running parallel to length of blades and frame members **OR** No. 4 finish, with grain running perpendicular to length of blades and frame members **OR** No. 4 finish, with grain running perpendicular to length of blades and parallel to length of frame members **OR** No. 6 finish, **as directed**.
6. Fasteners: Use types and sizes to suit unit installation conditions.
 - a. Use Phillips flat-head **OR** hex-head or Phillips pan-head **OR** tamper-resistant, **as directed**, screws for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. For fastening aluminum, use aluminum or 300 series stainless-steel fasteners.
 - c. For fastening galvanized steel, use hot-dip-galvanized steel or 300 series stainless-steel fasteners.
 - d. For fastening stainless steel, use 300 series stainless-steel fasteners.
 - e. For color-finished louvers, use fasteners with heads that match color of louvers.
7. Postinstalled Fasteners for Concrete and Masonry: Torque-controlled expansion anchors, made from stainless-steel components, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 4 times the loads imposed, for concrete, or 6 times the load imposed, for masonry, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
8. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

B. Fabrication, General

1. Assemble louvers in factory to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
2. Vertical Assemblies: Where height of louver units exceeds fabrication and handling limitations, fabricate units to permit field-bolted assembly with close-fitting joints in jambs and mullions, reinforced with splice plates.
 - a. Continuous Vertical Assemblies: Fabricate units without interrupting blade-spacing pattern unless horizontal mullions are indicated **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Horizontal Mullions: Provide horizontal mullions at joints unless continuous vertical assemblies are indicated **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
3. Maintain equal louver blade spacing, including separation between blades and frames at head and sill, **as directed**, to produce uniform appearance.
4. Fabricate frames, including integral sills, to fit in openings of sizes indicated, with allowances made for fabrication and installation tolerances, adjoining material tolerances, and perimeter sealant joints.
 - a. Frame Type: Channel **OR** Exterior flange **OR** Interior flange, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
5. Include supports, anchorages, and accessories required for complete assembly.
6. Provide vertical mullions of type and at spacings indicated, but not more than recommended by manufacturer, or 72 inches (1830 mm) o.c., whichever is less.
 - a. Fully Recessed Mullions: Where indicated, provide mullions fully recessed behind louver blades. Where length of louver exceeds fabrication and handling limitations, fabricate with close-fitting blade splices designed to permit expansion and contraction.
 - b. Semirecessed Mullions: Where indicated, provide mullions partly recessed behind louver blades so louver blades appear continuous. Where length of louver exceeds fabrication and handling limitations, fabricate with interlocking split mullions and close-fitting blade splices designed to permit expansion and contraction.
 - c. Exposed Mullions: Where indicated, provide units with exposed mullions of same width and depth as louver frame. Where length of louver exceeds fabrication and handling limitations, provide interlocking split mullions designed to permit expansion and contraction.
 - d. Exterior Corners: Prefabricated corner units with mitered and welded blades **OR** blades with concealed close-fitting splices, **as directed**, and with fully recessed **OR** semirecessed, **as directed**, mullions at corners.
7. Provide subsills made of same material as louvers **OR** extended sills, **as directed**, for recessed louvers.
8. Join frame members to each other and to fixed louver blades with fillet welds concealed from view **OR** welds, threaded fasteners, or both, as standard with louver manufacturer, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated or size of louver assembly makes bolted connections between frame members necessary.

C. Fixed, Extruded-Aluminum Louvers

1. Horizontal Storm-Resistant Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 5 inches (125 mm) **OR** 7 inches (175 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) **OR** 9 inches (225 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - c. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 5.0 sq. ft. (0.46 sq. m) **OR** 6.0 sq. ft. (0.56 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 600-fpm (3.0-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 3) Wind-Driven Rain Performance: Not less than 99 **OR** 95 **OR** 80, **as directed**, percent effectiveness when subjected to a rainfall rate of 3 inches (75 mm) per hour and a wind speed of 29 mph (13 m/s) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) per hour and a wind

- speed of 50 mph (22.4 m/s), **as directed**, at a core-area intake velocity of 300 fpm (1.5 m/s) **OR** 400 fpm (2.0 m/s) **OR** 500 fpm (2.5 m/s), **as directed**.
- d. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
2. Vertical Storm-Resistant Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) **OR** 9 inches (225 mm) **OR** 12 inches (300 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - c. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 5.0 sq. ft. (0.46 sq. m) **OR** 6.0 sq. ft. (0.56 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 600-fpm (3.0-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 3) Wind-Driven Rain Performance: Not less than 99 percent effectiveness when subjected to a rainfall rate of 3 inches (75 mm) per hour and a wind speed of 29 mph (13 m/s) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) per hour and a wind speed of 50 mph (22.4 m/s), **as directed**, at a core-area intake velocity of 300 fpm (1.5 m/s) **OR** 400 fpm (2.0 m/s) **OR** 500 fpm (2.5 m/s), **as directed**.
 - d. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
 3. Horizontal, Drainable-Blade Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - c. Mullion Type: Exposed.
 - d. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m) **OR** 8.5 sq. ft. (0.79 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 950 fpm (4.8 m/s) **OR** 1000 fpm (5.1 m/s) **OR** 1050 fpm (5.3 m/s) **OR** 1100 fpm (5.6 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 750-fpm (3.8-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) **OR** 850-fpm (4.3-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 4) Air Performance: Not more than 0.15-inch wg (37-Pa) static pressure drop at 900-fpm (4.6-m/s) **OR** 950-fpm (4.8-m/s) **OR** 1000-fpm (5.1-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - e. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
 4. Horizontal, Continuous-Line, Drainable-Blade Louver: Drainable-blade louver with blade gutters (drains) in rear two-thirds of blades only and with semirecessed mullions capable of collecting and draining water from blades.
 - a. Louver Depth: 6 inches (150 mm).
 - b. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm).
 - c. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 7.8 sq. ft. (0.72 sq. m) for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 850 fpm (4.3 m/s).
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 5. Horizontal, Sightproof, Drainable-Blade Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 5 inches (125 mm).
 - b. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - c. Mullion Type: Exposed.
 - d. Louver Performance Ratings:

- 1) Free Area: Not less than 8.3 sq. ft. (0.77 sq. m) for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 750 fpm (3.8 m/s) **OR** 950 fpm (4.8 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 550-fpm (2.8-m/s) free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
6. Horizontal, Nondrainable-Blade Louver:
- a. Louver Depth: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Blade Profile: Plain blade without **OR** Blade with, **as directed**, center baffle.
 - c. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - d. Mullion Type: Exposed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Fully recessed, **as directed**.
 - e. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m) **OR** 8.5 sq. ft. (0.79 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 700 fpm (3.6 m/s) **OR** 750 fpm (3.8 m/s) **OR** 800 fpm (4.1 m/s) **OR** 850 fpm (4.3 m/s) **OR** 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 950 fpm (4.8 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 650-fpm (3.3-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 750-fpm (3.8-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
7. Vertical, Sightproof, Louver:
- a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm).
 - b. Blade Profile: Chevron **OR** Y **OR** Labyrinth, **as directed**, -shaped blade.
 - c. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.52 mm) for blades and 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) for frames, **as directed**.
 - d. Blade Spacing: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 4 inches (100 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - e. Mullion Type: Exposed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Fully recessed, **as directed**.
- D. Fixed, Formed-Metal Louvers
1. Horizontal, Drainable-Blade Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) for frames and 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) for blades **OR** 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Mullion Type: Exposed.
 - e. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m) **OR** 8.5 sq. ft. (0.79 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 800 fpm (4.1 m/s) **OR** 850 fpm (4.3 m/s) **OR** 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 950 fpm (4.8 m/s) **OR** 1000 fpm (5.1 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 750-fpm (3.8-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) **OR** 850-fpm (4.3-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 4) Air Performance: Not more than 0.15-inch wg (37-Pa) static pressure drop at 900-fpm (4.6-m/s) **OR** 950-fpm (4.8-m/s) **OR** 1000-fpm (5.1-m/s), **as directed**, free-area velocity.
 - f. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
 2. Horizontal, Nondrainable-Blade Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Blade Profile: Plain blade without **OR** Blade with, **as directed**, center baffle.

- c. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) for frames and 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) for blades **OR** 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Mullion Type: Exposed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Fully recessed, **as directed**.
 - f. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 6.5 sq. ft. (0.60 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 550 fpm (2.8 m/s) **OR** 600 fpm (3.0 m/s) **OR** 650 fpm (3.3 m/s) **OR** 700 fpm (3.6 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 550-fpm (2.8-m/s) **OR** 600-fpm (3.0-m/s) **OR** 650-fpm (3.3-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
- E. Adjustable, Extruded-Aluminum Louvers
- 1. Louver Construction and Operation: Provide adjustable louvers with extruded-aluminum frames and blades not less than 0.080-inch (2.03-mm) nominal thickness, and with operating mechanisms to suit louver sizes.
 - a. Hand operation with push bars.
 - b. Crank operation with removable-crank operator in sill or jamb.
 - c. Chain operation with tension spring, wall clip, pull chain, and 160 deg F (71 deg C) fusible link.
 - d. Motor operation with 2-position, spring-return application (with power on, motor opens louver; with power off, spring closes louver); 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switch **OR** 2-direction, 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switches, **as directed**; equipped with frame-mounted switch **OR** remote-mounted switch with indicator light **OR** terminals for controlling devices, **as directed**.
 - e. Pneumatic piston operation for use with 80- to 100-psi (550- to 690-kPa) compressed air for 2-position **OR** modulating, **as directed**, operation; power open, power close with spring-return fail-safe, **as directed**.
 - 2. Dual-Blade, Drainable-Blade, Adjustable Louver: Fixed drainable blades and adjustable plain blades combined in single frame.
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, overall.
 - b. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 6.0 sq. ft. (0.56 sq. m) **OR** 6.5 sq. ft. (0.60 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 750 fpm (3.8 m/s) **OR** 800 fpm (4.1 m/s) **OR** 850 fpm (4.3 m/s) **OR** 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 950 fpm (4.8 m/s) **OR** 1000 fpm (5.1 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 750-fpm (3.8-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) **OR** 850-fpm (4.3-m/s) **OR** 900-fpm (4.6-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 4) Air Leakage: Not more than 1.5 cfm/sq. ft. (7.6 L/s per sq. m) of louver gross area at a differential static pressure of 0.15-inch wg (37 Pa) with adjustable louver blades closed.
 - c. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
 - 3. Single-Blade, Adjustable Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Blade Type: Drainable **OR** Plain, **as directed**.
 - c. Accessories: Equip louvers as follows:
 - 1) Vinyl blade-edge gaskets for each louver blade.
 - 2) Stainless-steel jamb seals **OR** vinyl blade-end gaskets, **as directed**.
 - d. Louver Performance Ratings:

- 1) Free Area: Not less than 6.5 sq. ft. (0.60 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 500 fpm (2.5 m/s) **OR** 600 fpm (3.0 m/s) **OR** 700 fpm (3.6 m/s) **OR** 800 fpm (4.1 m/s) **OR** 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 1000 fpm (5.1 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 500-fpm (2.5-m/s) **OR** 600-fpm (3.0-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) **OR** 900-fpm (4.6-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 4) Air Leakage: Not more than 3.5 cfm/sq. ft. (17.8 L/s per sq. m) of louver gross area at a differential static pressure of 0.15-inch wg (37 Pa) with adjustable louver blades closed.
- e. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.

F. Adjustable, Formed-Metal Louvers

1. Louver Operation: Provide adjustable louvers with operating mechanisms to suit louver sizes.
 - a. Hand operation with push bars.
 - b. Crank operation with removable-crank operator in sill or jamb.
 - c. Chain operation with tension spring, wall clip, pull chain, and 160 deg F (71 deg C) fusible link.
 - d. Motor operation with 2-position, spring-return application (with power on, motor opens louver; with power off, spring closes louver); 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switch **OR** 2-direction, 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switches, **as directed**; equipped with frame-mounted switch **OR** remote-mounted switch with indicator light **OR** terminals for controlling devices, **as directed**.
 - e. Pneumatic piston operation for use with 80- to 100-psi (550- to 690-kPa) compressed air for 2-position **OR** modulating, **as directed**, operation; power open, power close with spring-return fail-safe, **as directed**.
2. Dual-Blade, Drainable-Blade, Adjustable Louver: Fixed drainable blades and adjustable plain blades combined in single frame.
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, overall.
 - b. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) for frames and 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) for blades **OR** 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Air Leakage: Not more than 1.5 cfm/sq. ft. (7.6 L/s per sq. m) of louver gross area at a differential static pressure of 0.15-inch wg (37 Pa) with adjustable louver blades closed.
 - e. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.
3. Single-Blade, Adjustable Louver:
 - a. Louver Depth: 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Blade Type: Drainable **OR** Plain, **as directed**.
 - c. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) for frames and 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) for blades **OR** 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Frame and Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Accessories: Equip louvers as follows:
 - 1) Vinyl blade-edge gaskets for each louver blade.
 - 2) Stainless-steel jamb seals **OR** vinyl blade-end gaskets, **as directed**.
 - f. Louver Performance Ratings:
 - 1) Free Area: Not less than 6.5 sq. ft. (0.60 sq. m) **OR** 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) **OR** 7.5 sq. ft. (0.70 sq. m) **OR** 8.0 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m), **as directed**, for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.

- 2) Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 500 fpm (2.5 m/s) **OR** 600 fpm (3.0 m/s) **OR** 700 fpm (3.6 m/s) **OR** 800 fpm (4.1 m/s) **OR** 900 fpm (4.6 m/s) **OR** 1000 fpm (5.1 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 3) Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg (25-Pa) static pressure drop at 500-fpm (2.5-m/s) **OR** 600-fpm (3.0-m/s) **OR** 700-fpm (3.6-m/s) **OR** 800-fpm (4.1-m/s) **OR** 900-fpm (4.6-m/s), **as directed**, free-area exhaust **OR** intake, **as directed**, velocity.
 - 4) Air Leakage: Not more than 3.5 cfm/sq. ft. (17.8 L/s per sq. m) of louver gross area at a differential static pressure of 0.15-inch wg (37 Pa) with adjustable louver blades closed.
- g. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.

G. Adjustable, Insulated Louvers

1. Louver Operation: Provide adjustable louvers with operating mechanisms to suit louver sizes.
 - a. Hand operation with push bars.
 - b. Crank operation with removable-crank operator in sill or jamb.
 - c. Chain operation with tension spring, wall clip, pull chain, and 160 deg F (71 deg C) fusible link.
 - d. Motor operation with 2-position, spring-return application (with power on, motor opens louver; with power off, spring closes louver); 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switch **OR** 2-direction, 110-V, 60-Hz motor and limit switches, **as directed**; equipped with frame-mounted switch **OR** remote-mounted switch with indicator light **OR** terminals for controlling devices, **as directed**.
 - e. Pneumatic piston operation for use with 80- to 100-psi (550- to 690-kPa) compressed air for 2-position **OR** modulating, **as directed**, operation; power open, power close with spring-return fail-safe, **as directed**.
2. Adjustable, Insulated, Extruded-Aluminum Louver: Single-blade, adjustable louver with gasketed, insulated blades. Frames and blade frames have urethane thermal break. Frames are extruded aluminum, not less than 0.080-inch (2.03-mm) nominal thickness. Blade facings are aluminum sheet, not less than 0.032-inch (0.81-mm) nominal thickness.
 - a. Louver Depth: 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 9 inches (225 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Insulation: Extruded-polystyrene foam, 2 inches (50 mm) thick **OR** Foamed-in-place polyurethane, **as directed**.
3. Adjustable, Insulated, Formed-Metal Louver: Single-blade, adjustable louver with gasketed, insulated blades.
 - a. Louver Depth: 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Frame Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Frame Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.028 inch (0.71 mm) **OR** 0.040 inch (1.02 mm) **OR** 0.052 inch (1.32 mm) **OR** 0.064 inch (1.63 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Blade Material and Nominal Thickness: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.025 inch (0.64 mm) **OR** 0.038 inch (0.95 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.59 mm), **as directed**.
 - f. Insulation: Extruded-polystyrene foam, 1 inch (25 mm) thick **OR** Rigid, glass-fiber-board insulation, 1 inch (25 mm) thick **OR** Foamed-in-place polyurethane, 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick, **as directed**.

H. Fixed, Acoustical Louvers

1. Fixed, Formed-Metal Acoustical Louver: Louver with formed-metal blades filled on interior with mineral-fiber, rigid-board, acoustical insulation retained by perforated metal sheet of same material and finish as blade.
 - a. Louver Depth: 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm) **OR** 12 inches (300 mm), **as directed**.

- b. Frame Material: Extruded-aluminum or aluminum sheet, not less than 0.080-inch (2.03-mm) nominal thickness.
 - c. Frame Material: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.052-inch (1.32-mm) **OR** 0.064-inch (1.63-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - d. Blade Material: Aluminum sheet, not less than 0.063-inch (1.60-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.03-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - e. Blade Material: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.034-inch (0.86-mm) **OR** 0.040-inch (1.02-mm) **OR** 0.052-inch (1.32-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - f. Blade Shape: Straight **OR** Airfoil **OR** Chevron, **as directed**.
 - g. Blade Angle: 45 degrees unless otherwise indicated.
 - h. Blade Spacing: 6 inches (150 mm) o.c. for 6-inch- (150-mm-) deep louvers.
 - i. Blade Spacing: 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 8 inches (200 mm), **as directed**, o.c. for 8-inch- (200-mm-) deep louvers.
 - j. Blade Spacing: 9 inches (225 mm) **OR** 12 inches (300 mm), **as directed**, o.c. for 12-inch- (300-mm-) deep louvers.
 - k. Free Area: Not less than 4 sq. ft. (0.37 sq. m) for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - l. Airborne Sound-Transmission Loss: STC 10 per ASTM E 413, determined by testing per ASTM E 90.
 - m. Outdoor-Indoor Sound-Transmission Loss: OITC 10 per ASTM E 1332, determined by testing per ASTM E 966.
- I. Louver Screens
- 1. General: Provide screen at each exterior louver **OR** louvers indicated, **as directed**.
 - a. Screen Location for Fixed Louvers: Interior face.
 - b. Screen Location for Adjustable Louvers: Interior **OR** Exterior, **as directed**, face unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Screening Type: Bird screening **OR** Bird screening except where insect screening is indicated **OR** Insect screening, **as directed**.
 - 2. Secure screen frames to louver frames with stainless-steel machine screws **OR** machine screws with heads finished to match louver, **as directed**, spaced a maximum of 6 inches (150 mm) from each corner and at 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
 - 3. Louver Screen Frames: Fabricate with mitered corners to louver sizes indicated.
 - a. Metal: Same kind and form of metal as indicated for louver to which screens are attached. Reinforce extruded-aluminum screen frames at corners with clips, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Same finish as louver frames to which louver screens are attached **OR** Mill finish unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Type: Rewirable frames with a driven spline or insert **OR** Non-rewirable, U-shaped frames, **as directed**.
 - 4. Louver Screening for Aluminum Louvers:
 - a. Bird Screening: Aluminum, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.063-inch (1.60-mm) wire.
 - b. Bird Screening: Stainless steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.047-inch (1.19-mm) wire.
 - c. Bird Screening: Flattened, expanded aluminum, 3/4 by 0.050 inch (19 by 1.27 mm) thick.
 - d. Insect Screening: Aluminum, 18-by-16 (1.4-by-1.6-mm) mesh, 0.012-inch (0.30-mm) wire.
 - e. Insect Screening: Stainless steel, 18-by-18 (1.4-by-1.4-mm) mesh, 0.009-inch (0.23-mm) wire.
 - 5. Louver Screening for Galvanized-Steel Louvers:
 - a. Bird Screening: Galvanized steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.041-inch (1.04-mm) wire.
 - b. Bird Screening: Stainless steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.047-inch (1.19-mm) wire.
 - c. Insect Screening: Galvanized steel, 18-by-14 (1.4-by-1.8-mm) mesh, 0.011-inch (0.28-mm) wire.
 - d. Insect Screening: Stainless steel, 18-by-18 (1.4-by-1.4-mm) mesh, 0.009-inch (0.23-mm) wire.
 - 6. Louver Screening for Stainless-Steel Louvers:

- a. Bird Screening: Stainless steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.047-inch (1.19-mm) wire.
 - b. Insect Screening: Stainless steel, 18-by-18 (1.4-by-1.4-mm) mesh, 0.009-inch (0.23-mm) wire.
- J. Blank-Off Panels
- 1. Uninsulated, Blank-Off Panels: Metal sheet attached to back of louver.
 - a. Aluminum sheet for aluminum louvers, not less than 0.050-inch (1.27-mm) nominal thickness.
 - b. Galvanized-steel sheet for galvanized-steel louvers, not less than 0.040-inch (1.02-mm) **OR** 0.052-inch (1.32-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - c. Stainless-steel sheet for stainless-steel louvers, not less than 0.038-inch (0.95-mm) **OR** 0.050-inch (1.27-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness, with grain running in same direction as grain of louver blades.
 - d. Panel Finish: Same finish applied to louvers **OR** Same type of finish applied to louvers, but black color, **as directed**.
 - e. Attach blank-off panels with clips **OR** sheet metal screws, **as directed**.
 - 2. Insulated, Blank-Off Panels: Laminated panels consisting of insulating core surfaced on back and front with metal sheets and attached to back of louver.
 - a. Thickness: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 2 inches (50 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Metal Facing Sheets: Aluminum sheet, not less than 0.032-inch (0.81-mm) nominal thickness.
 - c. Metal Facing Sheets: Galvanized-steel sheet, not less than 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) nominal thickness.
 - d. Metal Facing Sheets: Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness.
 - e. Insulating Core: Rigid, glass-fiber-board insulation **OR** extruded-polystyrene foam, **as directed**.
 - f. Edge Treatment: Trim perimeter edges of blank-off panels with louver manufacturer's standard extruded-aluminum-channel frames, not less than 0.080-inch (2.03-mm) nominal thickness **OR** channel frames, **as directed**, with corners mitered and with same finish as panels.
 - g. Seal perimeter joints between panel faces and louver frames with gaskets or sealant.
 - h. Panel Finish: Same finish applied to louvers **OR** Same type of finish applied to louvers, but black color, **as directed**.
 - i. Attach blank-off panels with clips **OR** sheet metal screws, **as directed**.
- K. Wall Vents (Brick Vents)
- 1. Extruded-Aluminum Wall Vents:
 - a. Extruded-aluminum louvers and frames, not less than 0.125-inch (3.18-mm) nominal thickness, assembled by welding; with 18-by-14- (1.4-by-1.8-mm-) mesh, aluminum insect screening on inside face; incorporating weep holes, continuous drip at sill, and integral waterstop on inside edge of sill; of load-bearing design and construction.
 - b. Dampers: Aluminum blades and frames mounted on inside of wall vents; operated from exterior with Allen wrench in socket-head cap screw. Fabricate operating mechanism from Type 304 stainless-steel components.
 - c. Finish: Mill finish.
 - 2. Cast-Aluminum Wall Vents:
 - a. One-piece, cast-aluminum louvers and frames; with 18-by-14- (1.4-by-1.8-mm-) mesh, aluminum insect screening on inside face; incorporating integral waterstop on inside edge of sill; of load-bearing design and construction.
 - b. Dampers: Aluminum blades and frames mounted on inside of wall vents; operated from exterior with Allen wrench in socket-head cap screw. Fabricate operating mechanism from Type 304 stainless-steel components.
 - c. Finish: Mill finish.

L. Finishes, General

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

M. Aluminum Finishes

1. Finish louvers after assembly.
2. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
3. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities.
4. Conversion-Coated Finish: AA-C12C42 (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating).
5. Conversion-Coated and Factory-Primed Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below).
 - a. Organic Coating: Air-dried primer of not less than 2-mil (0.05-mm) dry film thickness.
6. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
7. High-Performance Organic Finish: 2-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
8. High-Performance Organic Finish: 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, -coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2605 and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

N. Galvanized-Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Finish louvers after assembly.
2. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so surfaces are free of oil and other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas and repair according to ASTM A 780.
3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard 2-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat, with a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm) for topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

O. Stainless-Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Repair sheet finish by grinding and polishing irregularities, weld spatter, scratches, and forming marks to match surrounding finish.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Locate and place louvers and vents level, plumb, and at indicated alignment with adjacent work.

2. Use concealed anchorages where possible. Provide brass or lead washers fitted to screws where required to protect metal surfaces and to make a weathertight connection.
 3. Form closely fitted joints with exposed connections accurately located and secured.
 4. Provide perimeter reveals and openings of uniform width for sealants and joint fillers, as indicated.
 5. Repair finishes damaged by cutting, welding, soldering, and grinding. Restore finishes so no evidence remains of corrective work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the factory, make required alterations, and refinish entire unit or provide new units.
 6. Protect unpainted galvanized and nonferrous-metal surfaces that will be in contact with concrete, masonry, or dissimilar metals from corrosion and galvanic action by applying a heavy coating of bituminous paint or by separating surfaces with waterproof gaskets or nonmetallic flashing.
 7. Install concealed gaskets, flashings, joint fillers, and insulation as louver installation progresses, where weathertight louver joints are required. Comply with Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants applied during louver installation.
- B. Adjusting And Cleaning
1. Test operation of adjustable louvers and adjust as needed to produce fully functioning units that comply with requirements.
 2. Clean exposed surfaces of louvers and vents that are not protected by temporary covering, to remove fingerprints and soil during construction period. Do not let soil accumulate during construction period.
 3. Before final inspection, clean exposed surfaces with water and a mild soap or detergent not harmful to finishes. Thoroughly rinse surfaces and dry.
 4. Restore louvers and vents damaged during installation and construction so no evidence remains of corrective work. If results of restoration are unsuccessful, as determined by the Owner, remove damaged units and replace with new units.
 - a. Touch up minor abrasions in finishes with air-dried coating that matches color and gloss of, and is compatible with, factory-applied finish coating.

END OF SECTION 08 90 00 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
08 91 16 00	08 90 00 00	Louvers And Vents
08 95 13 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 95 16 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
08 95 16 00	05 50 00 00	Metal Fabrications
08 95 16 00	05 75 00 00	Miscellaneous Ornamental Metals

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 01 30 91	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile

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SECTION 09 21 00 00 - NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for non-load bearing steel framing. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes non-load-bearing steel framing members for the following applications:
 - a. Interior framing systems (e.g., supports for partition walls, framed soffits, furring, etc.).
 - b. Interior suspension systems (e.g., supports for ceilings, suspended soffits, etc.).

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
2. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing, General

1. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Provide products with average recycled content of steel products such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
2. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
 - a. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120) **OR** ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) **OR** Coating with equivalent corrosion resistance of ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120), **as directed**, hot-dip galvanized, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Suspension System Components

1. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
2. Hanger Attachments to Concrete:
 - a. Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with holes or loops for attaching wire hangers and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 5 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 by an independent testing agency.
 - 1) Type: Cast-in-place anchor, designed for attachment to concrete forms **OR** Postinstalled, chemical anchor **OR** Postinstalled, expansion anchor, **as directed**.

- b. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with clips or other devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190 by an independent testing agency.
 3. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.162-inch (4.12-mm) diameter.
 4. Flat Hangers: Steel sheet, in size indicated on Drawings **OR** 1 by 3/16 inch (25.4 by 4.76 mm) by length indicated, **as directed**.
 5. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.0538 inch (1.37 mm) and minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) wide flanges.
 - a. Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 6. Furring Channels (Furring Members):
 - a. Cold-Rolled Channels: 0.0538-inch (1.37-mm) bare-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) wide flanges, 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) deep.
 - b. Steel Studs: ASTM C 645.
 - 1) Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1-5/8 inches (41.3 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 inches (63.5 mm) **OR** 3-5/8 inches (92.1 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch (22.2 mm) deep.
 - 1) Minimum Base Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) deep members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - 1) Configuration: Asymmetrical **OR** Hat shaped, **as directed**.
 7. Grid Suspension System for Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
- C. Steel Framing For Framed Assemblies
1. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) **OR** 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 3-5/8 inches (92.1 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152.4 mm) **OR** 4 inches (101.6 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 inches (63.5 mm) **OR** 1-5/8 inches (41.3 mm), **as directed**.
 2. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide one of the following:
 - a. Single Long-Leg Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- (50.8-mm-) deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs, installed with studs friction fit into top runner and with continuous bridging located within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
 - b. Double-Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runners, inside runner with 2-inch- (50.8-mm-) deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs and fastened to studs, and outer runner sized to friction fit inside runner.
 - c. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
 3. Firestop Tracks: Top runner manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of the structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
 4. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) **OR** 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**.
 5. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: 0.0538-inch (1.37-mm) bare-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) wide flanges.
 - a. Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm), **as directed**.

- b. Clip Angle: Not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38.1 by 38.1 mm), 0.068-inch- (1.73-mm-) thick, galvanized steel.
- 6. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
 - a. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 7/8 inch (22.2 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm), **as directed**.
- 7. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) deep, steel sheet members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - a. Configuration: Asymmetrical **OR** Hat shaped, **as directed**.
- 8. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.0538-inch (1.37-mm) bare-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) wide flanges.
 - a. Depth: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 3/4 inch (19.1 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum bare-steel thickness of 0.0312 inch (0.79 mm).
 - c. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.0625-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.0475-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
- 9. Z-Shaped Furring: With slotted or nonslotted web, face flange of 1-1/4 inches (31.8 mm), wall attachment flange of 7/8 inch (22.2 mm), minimum bare-metal thickness of 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm), and depth required to fit insulation thickness indicated.

D. Auxiliary Materials

- 1. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
 - a. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- 2. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide one of the following:
 - a. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.
 - b. Foam Gasket: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, in width to suit steel stud size.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.
 - a. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.
- 2. Coordination with Sprayed Fire-Resistive Materials:
 - a. Before sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, attach offset anchor plates or ceiling runners (tracks) to surfaces indicated to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials. Where offset anchor plates are required, provide continuous plates fastened to building structure not more than 24 inches (600 mm) o.c.
 - b. After sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, remove them only to extent necessary for installation of non-load-bearing steel framing. Do not reduce thickness of fire-resistive materials below that required for fire-resistance ratings indicated. Protect adjacent fire-resistive materials from damage.

B. Installation, General

- 1. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754, except comply with framing sizes and spacing indicated.
 - a. Gypsum Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 841 that apply to framing installation.
 - b. Portland Cement Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 1063 that apply to framing installation.

- c. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 844 that apply to framing installation.
 - d. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.
2. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
 3. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
 4. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.
- C. Installing Suspension Systems
1. Install suspension system components in sizes and spacings indicated on Drawings, but not less than those required by referenced installation standards for assembly types and other assembly components indicated.
 2. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
 3. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
 - a. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
 - 1) Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - b. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - 1) Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.
 - c. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
 - d. Flat Hangers: Secure to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
 - e. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
 - f. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
 - g. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
 - h. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
 4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.
 5. Seismic Bracing: Sway-brace suspension systems with hangers used for support.
 6. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.
 7. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.
- D. Installing Framed Assemblies
1. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.
 2. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
 - a. Space studs as follows:
 - 1) Single-Layer Application: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 400 mm **OR** 600 mm, **as directed**, o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Multilayer Application: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 400 mm **OR** 600 mm, **as directed**, o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) Tile backing panels: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 400 mm, **as directed**, o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
3. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
 - a. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
 - b. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
 - 1) Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint in finished assembly.
 - 3) Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
 - c. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
 - d. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
 - 1) Firestop Track: Where indicated, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
 - e. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.
 - f. Curved Partitions:
 - 1) Bend track to uniform curve and locate straight lengths so they are tangent to arcs.
 - 2) Begin and end each arc with a stud, and space intermediate studs equally along arcs. On straight lengths of not less than 2 studs at ends of arcs, place studs 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
4. Direct Furring:
 - a. Screw to wood framing.
 - b. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
5. Z-Furring Members:
 - a. Erect insulation (specified in Division 7 Section "Building Insulation") vertically and hold in place with Z-furring members spaced 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 600 mm, **as directed**, o.c.
 - b. Except at exterior corners, securely attach narrow flanges of furring members to wall with concrete stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches (600 mm) o.c.
 - c. At exterior corners, attach wide flange of furring members to wall with short flange extending beyond corner; on adjacent wall surface, screw-attach short flange of furring channel to web of attached channel. At interior corners, space second member no more than 12 inches (300 mm) from corner and cut insulation to fit.
6. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

END OF SECTION 09 21 00 00

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SECTION 09 22 13 00 - GYPSUM PLASTER

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gypsum plaster. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Gypsum plasterwork on expanded-metal lath, unit masonry and monolithic concrete.
 - b. Solid-plaster partitions.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Show locations and installation of control and expansion joints including plans, elevations, sections, details of components, and attachments to other work.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide gypsum plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.
2. Sound Transmission Characteristics: Where indicated, provide gypsum plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for STC ratings per ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a qualified testing agency.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes.

F. Project Conditions

1. Comply with ASTM C 842 requirements or gypsum plaster manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
2. Room Temperatures: Maintain temperatures at not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or greater than 80 deg F (27 deg C) for at least seven days before application of gypsum plaster, continuously during application, and for seven days after plaster has set or until plaster has dried.
3. Avoid conditions that result in gypsum plaster drying out too quickly.
 - a. Distribute heat evenly; prevent concentrated or uneven heat on plaster.
 - b. Maintain relative humidity levels for prevailing ambient temperature that produce normal drying conditions.
 - c. Ventilate building spaces in a manner that prevents drafts of air from contacting surfaces during plaster application and until plaster is dry.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Steel Framing For Solid-Plaster Partitions

1. Components, General: Comply with ASTM C 841. For steel sheet components not included in ASTM C 841, comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
2. Channel Studs: Cold-rolled channels, 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm), **as directed**, deep.
3. Runners: L-runners with perforated or plain legs to suit lath attachment requirements, in 0.033-inch (0.84-mm) base-metal thickness where attached to overhead support and in 0.043-inch (1.1-mm) base-metal thickness where attached to floor.

B. Expanded-Metal Lath

1. Expanded-Metal Lath: ASTM C 847, cold-rolled carbon-steel sheet, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coated.
 - a. Recycled Content: Provide steel products with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
 - b. Paper Backing: Kraft paper factory bonded to back of lath.
 - c. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Flat **OR** Self-furring, **as directed**, 2.5 lb/sq. yd. (1.4 kg/sq. m) **OR** 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - d. Flat Rib Lath: Rib depth of not more than 1/8 inch (3.1 mm), 2.75 lb/sq. yd. (1.5 kg/sq. m) **OR** 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - e. 3/8-Inch (9.5-mm) Rib Lath: 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m) **OR** 4 lb/sq. yd. (2.2 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.

C. Accessories

1. General: Comply with ASTM C 841 and coordinate depth of trim and accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.
2. Metal Accessories:
 - a. Cornerite: Fabricated from expanded-metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
 - b. Striplath: Fabricated from expanded-metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
 - c. Cornerbeads: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - 1) Small nose cornerbead with expanded flanges; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Small nose cornerbead with perforated flanges; use on curved corners.
 - 3) Small nose cornerbead with expanded flanges reinforced by perforated stiffening rib; use on columns and for finishing unit masonry corners.
 - 4) Bull nose cornerbead, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum, with expanded flanges; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - d. Casing Beads: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; square-edged style; with expanded flanges.
 - e. Control Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; one-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
 - f. Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with expanded flanges.
 - g. Two-Piece Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged reveal that is adjustable from 1/4 to 5/8 inch (6 to 16 mm) wide; with perforated flanges.
3. Plastic Accessories: Fabricated from high-impact PVC.
 - a. Cornerbeads: With perforated flanges.
 - 1) Small nose cornerbead; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Bull nose cornerbead, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Casing Beads: With perforated flanges in depth required to suit plaster bases indicated and flange length required to suit applications indicated.

- 1) Square-edge style; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Bull-nose style, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - c. Control Joints: One-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
 - d. Expansion Joints: Two-piece type, formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) **OR** 1-inch- (25.4-mm-) **OR** 1-1/2-inch- (38.1-mm-), **as directed**, wide reveal; with perforated concealed flanges.
 4. Aluminum Trim: Extruded accessories of profiles and dimensions indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Aluminum: Alloy and temper with not less than the strength and durability properties of ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5.
 - b. Finish: Mill **OR** Chemical-conversion coating, ASTM D 1730, Type B, compatible with field-applied finish coatings specified, **as directed**.
- D. Miscellaneous Materials
1. Water for Mixing and Finishing Plaster: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.
 2. Bonding Compound: ASTM C 631.
 3. Steel Drill Screws: For metal-to-metal fastening, ASTM C 1002 or ASTM C 954, as required by thickness of metal being fastened; with pan head that is suitable for application; in lengths required to achieve penetration through joined materials of no fewer than three exposed threads.
 4. Fasteners for Attaching Metal Lath to Substrates: Complying with ASTM C 841.
 5. Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, not less than 0.0475-inch (1.21-mm) diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
 6. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of rated assembly.
 - b. Recycled Content: Provide blankets with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
 7. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
 - a. Provide sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- E. Base-Coat Plaster Materials
1. Base-Coat Plasters, General: ASTM C 28/C 28M.
 2. Lightweight Gypsum Ready-Mixed Plaster: With mill-mixed perlite aggregate.
 3. Gypsum Neat Plaster: For use with job-mixed aggregates.
 4. Gypsum Wood-Fibered Plaster:
 5. High-Strength Gypsum Neat Plaster: With a minimum, average, dry compressive strength of 2800 psi (19 MPa) per ASTM C 472 for a mix of 100 lb (45 kg) of plaster and 2 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m) of sand.
 6. Aggregates for Base-Coat Plasters: ASTM C 35, sand and perlite.
- F. Finish-Coat Plaster Materials
1. Gypsum Gaging Plaster: ASTM C 28/C 28M.
 2. Gypsum Ready-Mixed Finish Plaster: Manufacturer's standard, mill-mixed, gaged, interior finish.
 3. High-Strength Gypsum Gaging Plaster: ASTM C 28/C 28M, with a minimum, average, dry compressive strength of 5000 psi (34 MPa) per ASTM C 472 for a neat mix.
 4. Gypsum Keene's Cement: ASTM C 61/C 61M.
 5. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type S, special finishing hydrated lime.
 6. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type N, normal finishing hydrated lime.
 7. Aggregates for Float Finishes: ASTM C 35, sand **OR** perlite, **as directed**; graded per ASTM C 842.

- G. Plaster Mixes
 - 1. Mixing: Comply with ASTM C 842 and manufacturer's written instructions for applications indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Examination
 - 1. Examine nonstructural and structural metal framing, substrates, and hollow-metal frames, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Preparation
 - 1. Protect adjacent work from soiling, spattering, moisture deterioration, and other harmful effects caused by plastering.
- C. Installation, General
 - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.
 - 2. STC-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Seal construction at perimeters, behind control and expansion joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations.
 - b. Comply with ASTM C 919 and manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
 - 3. Sound Attenuation Blankets: Where required, install blankets before installing lath unless blankets are readily installed after lath has been installed on one side.
 - 4. Acoustical Sealant: Where required, seal joints between edges of plasterwork and abutting construction with acoustical sealant.
- D. Installing Steel Framing For Solid-Plaster Partitions
 - 1. Install according to ASTM C 841.
 - 2. Framing for Solid-Plaster Partitions: Provide channel stud to support expanded-metal lath construction.
 - a. Space channel studs at 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**, o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Framing for Studless Solid-Plaster Partition: Provide top and bottom L-track runners to support expanded-metal lath.
- E. Installing Expanded-Metal Lath
 - 1. Expanded-Metal Lath: Install according to ASTM C 841.
 - a. Partition Framing and Vertical Furring: Install flat diamond-mesh **OR** flat rib, **as directed**, lath.
 - b. Flat-Ceiling and Horizontal Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh **OR** flat rib, **as directed**, lath.
 - c. Curved-Ceiling Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh lath.
 - d. On Solid Surfaces, Not Otherwise Furred: Install self-furring, diamond-mesh lath.
 - e. Solid-Plaster Partitions: Where supported by channel studs, install flat rib **OR** flat diamond-mesh, **as directed**, lath.
 - f. Studless Solid-Plaster Partitions: Install 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) rib lath.
- F. Installing Accessories
 - 1. General: Install according to ASTM C 841.
 - 2. Cornerbeads: Install at external corners.

3. Casing Beads: Install at terminations of plasterwork, except where plaster passes behind and is concealed by other work and where metal screeds, bases, or frames act as casing beads.
4. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings **OR** with spacing between joints in either direction not exceeding the following and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect, **as directed**:
 - a. Partitions: 30 feet (9 m).
 - b. Ceilings: 50 feet (15 m) **OR** 30 feet (9 m), **as directed**.

G. Plaster Application

1. General: Comply with ASTM C 842.
 - a. Do not deviate more than plus or minus 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3.1 mm in 3 m) from a true plane in finished plaster surfaces, as measured by a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge placed on surface.
 - b. Grout hollow-metal frames, bases, and similar work occurring in plastered areas, with base-coat plaster material, before lathing where necessary. Except where full grouting is indicated or required for fire-resistance rating, grout at least 6 inches (152 mm) at each jamb anchor.
 - c. Finish plaster flush with metal frames and other built-in metal items or accessories that act as a plaster ground unless otherwise indicated. Where casing bead does not terminate plaster at metal frame, cut base coat free from metal frame before plaster sets and groove finish coat at junctures with metal.
 - d. Provide plaster surfaces that are ready to receive field-applied finishes indicated.
2. Bonding Compound: Apply on unit masonry and concrete plaster bases.
3. Base Coats:
 - a. Base Coats over Expanded-Metal Lath: High-strength gypsum **OR** Gypsum neat, **as directed**, plaster with job-mixed sand for scratch and brown coats.
 - b. Base Coats over Expanded-Metal Lath:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster; neat or with job-mixed sand.
 - 2) Brown Coat: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster with job-mixed sand **OR** neat plaster with job-mixed sand **OR** lightweight ready-mixed plaster **OR** neat plaster with job-mixed perlite, **as directed**.
 - c. Base Coats over Unit Masonry: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster with job-mixed sand **OR** neat plaster with job-mixed sand **OR** lightweight ready-mixed plaster, **as directed**.
 - d. Base-Coat Mix over Monolithic Concrete: Gypsum neat plaster with job-mixed sand.
4. Finish Coats:
 - a. Finish-Coat Mix for Smooth-Troweled Finishes: Gypsum gaging plaster **OR** Gypsum ready-mixed finish plaster **OR** High-strength gypsum gaging plaster **OR** Gypsum Keene's cement, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish-Coat Mix for Float Finishes: Gypsum gaging plaster **OR** Gypsum Keene's cement, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish-Coat Mix for Sprayed Finishes: Gypsum ready-mixed finish plaster.
 - d. Finish-Coat Mix for Textured Finishes: Gypsum ready-mixed finish plaster.
5. Plaster Finishes:
 - a. Provide troweled finish unless otherwise indicated **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Provide float finish unless otherwise indicated **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Provide sprayed finish unless otherwise indicated **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - 1) Sprayed Finish: Match sample.
 - d. Provide textured finish where indicated.
 - 1) Textured Finish: Match sample.
6. Concealed Plaster:
 - a. Where plaster application will be concealed behind built-in cabinets, similar furnishings, and equipment, apply finish coat.
 - b. Where plaster application will be concealed above suspended ceilings and in similar locations, finish coat may be omitted.
 - c. Where plaster application will be used as a base for adhesive application of tile and similar finishes, finish coat may be omitted.

H. Plaster Repairs

1. Repair or replace work to eliminate cracks, dents, blisters, buckles, crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.
- I. Cleaning And Protection
 1. Remove temporary protection and enclosure of other work. Promptly remove plaster from door frames, windows, and other surfaces not indicated to be plastered. Repair floors, walls, and other surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during plastering.

END OF SECTION 09 22 13 00

SECTION 09 22 13 00a - GYPSUM VENEER PLASTER

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gypsum veneer plastering. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Gypsum veneer plaster and gypsum base for veneer plaster.
 - b. Gypsum veneer plaster over cementitious backer units.
 - c. Gypsum veneer plaster over masonry surfaces.
 - d. Gypsum veneer plaster over monolithic concrete surfaces.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show locations, fabrication, and installation of control joints, and reveals and trim; include plans, elevations, sections, details of components, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For the following products:
 - a. Trim Accessories: Full-size Sample in 12-inch (300-mm) length for each trim accessory.
 - b. Textured Finishes: Manufacturer's standard size for each textured finish and on rigid backing.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Source Limitations: Obtain gypsum veneer plaster products, including gypsum base for veneer plaster, **OR** cementitious base units, **as directed**, joint reinforcing tape, and embedding material, from a single manufacturer.
2. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency.
3. STC-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a testing and inspecting agency.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, and bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
2. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes.
3. Stack panels flat on leveled supports off floor or slab to prevent sagging.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 843 requirements or gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.

2. Room Temperatures: Maintain not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 80 deg F (27 deg C) for 7 days before application of gypsum base and gypsum veneer plaster, continuously during application, and after application until veneer plaster is dry.
3. Avoid conditions that result in gypsum veneer plaster drying too rapidly.
 - a. Distribute heat evenly; prevent concentrated or uneven heat on veneer plaster.
 - b. Maintain relative humidity levels, for prevailing ambient temperature, that produce normal drying conditions.
 - c. Ventilate building spaces in a manner that prevents drafts of air from contacting surfaces during veneer plaster application until it is dry.
4. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Materials

1. One-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, formulated for application directly over substrate without use of separate base-coat material.
2. High-Strength, One-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, ready-mixed, smooth, finish-coat veneer plaster containing mill-mixed, fine silica sand; with a compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa) when tested according to ASTM C 472; and formulated for application directly over substrate without use of separate base-coat material.
3. Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, with separate formulations; one for base-coat and one for finish-coat application over substrates.
4. High-Strength, Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, ready-mixed, base-coat plaster and smooth finish-coat veneer plaster containing mill-mixed, fine silica sand; with a compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa) when tested according to ASTM C 472.
5. Radiant-Heat, Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 587, and approved in writing by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer for application with embedded electric heating cables.
 - a. Provide ready-mixed **OR** job-aggregated, **as directed**, components, as standard for manufacturer, to comply with manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - b. Aggregate: For job-aggregated base coat and texture finish coat, provide white silica sand passing a No. 30 (0.6-mm) sieve.

B. Panel Products

1. Recycled Content: Provide gypsum panel products with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
2. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.
3. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: ASTM C 588/C 588M.
 - a. Regular Type: In thickness indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Type X: In thickness indicated **OR** 5/8 inch (16 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - c. Foil-Backed, Regular-Type Core: In thickness indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Type C: In thickness indicated **OR** 5/8 inch (16 mm) thick **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - e. Abuse-Resistant Base: With specially reinforced core for greater resistance to surface indentation, 5/8-inch (16-mm) thick, Type X core **OR** 1/2-inch (13-mm) thick, regular-type core, **as directed**.
 - f. High-Impact Base: With Type X core, plastic film laminated to back side for greater resistance to through-penetration (impact resistance), and in thickness indicated **OR** 5/8 inch (16 mm) thick, **as directed**.

- 1) Plastic-Film Thickness: 0.010 inch (0.254 mm) **OR** 0.020 inch (0.508 mm) **OR** 0.030 inch (0.762 mm) **OR** 0.081 inch (2.057 mm), **as directed**.
 - g. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Base: With moisture- and mold-resistant core, glass-mat facing on both sides of panel, and in thickness indicated **OR** 5/8-inch (16-mm) thick, Type X core **OR** 1/2-inch (13-mm) thick, regular-type core, **as directed**.
 - 1) Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273; no mold growth after four weeks' exposure.
 4. Backing Panels for Multilayer Applications: ASTM C 588/C 588M gypsum base or ASTM C 36/C 36M gypsum board, as recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer, for application method and thicknesses indicated.
 - a. Core: Matching face layer, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Thickness: Matching face layer, unless otherwise indicated.
 5. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9, in thickness indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick, **as directed**.
- C. Trim Accessories
1. Standard Trim: ASTM C 1047, provided or approved by manufacturer for use in gypsum veneer plaster applications indicated.
 - a. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet **OR** Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc **OR** Plastic **OR** Paper-faced galvanized steel sheet, **as directed**.
 - b. Shapes:
 - 1) Cornerbead.
 - 2) Bullnose bead.
 - 3) LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
 - 4) L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
 - 5) U-Bead: J-shaped; exposed short flange does not receive joint compound.
 - 6) Curved-Edge Cornerbead: With notched or flexible flanges.
 - 7) Control joints.
 2. Aluminum Trim: Extruded accessories of profiles and dimensions indicated.
 - a. Aluminum: Alloy and temper with not less than the strength and durability properties of ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5.
 - b. Finish: Manufacturer's standard Architectural Class II, Clear Anodic Finish AA-M12C22A31, complying with AAMA 611 **OR** chemical conversion coat finish **OR** prime paint finish, **as directed**.
- D. Joint Reinforcing Materials
1. General: Comply with joint strength requirements in ASTM C 587 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations for each application indicated.
 2. Joint Tape:
 - a. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: As recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer for applications indicated **OR** Paper **OR** Open-mesh, glass fiber, **as directed**.
 - b. Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by cementitious backer unit manufacturer.
 3. Embedding Material for Joint Tape:
 - a. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: As recommended by gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer for use with joint-tape material and gypsum veneer plaster applications indicated.
 - b. Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by cementitious backer unit manufacturer for applications indicated.
- E. Auxiliary Materials
1. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced product standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
 2. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 631, polyvinyl acetate.
 3. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended by manufacturer for directly adhering gypsum base face-layer panels to backing-layer panels in multilayer construction.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

4. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch (0.84 to 2.84 mm) thick.
 5. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
 6. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing), produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
 - b. Recycled Content: Provide blankets with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
 7. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation".
 - a. Provide sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 8. Patching Mortar: Dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of 1 part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- F. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Mixes
1. Mechanically mix gypsum veneer plaster materials to comply with ASTM C 843 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Monolithic Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations and as follows:
 - a. Clean surfaces to remove dust, loose particles, grease, oil, incompatible curing compounds, form-release agents, and other foreign matter and deposits that could impair bond with gypsum veneer plaster.
 - b. Remove ridges and protrusions greater than 1/8 inch (3 mm) and fill depressions greater than 1/4 inch (6 mm) with patching mortar. Allow to set and dry.
 - c. Apply bonding agent on dry and cured concrete substrates.
2. Masonry Substrates: Prepare according to gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations and as follows:
 - a. Clean surfaces to remove dirt, grease, oil, and other foreign matter and deposits that could impair bond with gypsum veneer plaster.
 - b. Apply bonding agent on dry masonry substrates.

B. Installing Panels, General

1. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: Apply according to ASTM C 844 unless manufacturer's written recommendations are more stringent.
 - a. Do not allow gypsum base to degrade from exposure to sunlight as evidenced by fading of paper facing.
 - b. Erection Tolerance: No more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) offsets between planes of gypsum base panels, and 1/8 inch in 8 feet (3 mm in 2.4 m) noncumulative, for level, plumb, warp, and bow.
2. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum base for veneer plaster unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.
3. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in the central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
4. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) of open space between panels. Do not force into place.

5. Locate edge and end joints over supports except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints, other than control joints, at corners of framed openings.
6. Attach panels to steel studs so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
7. Attach panels to framing provided at openings and cutouts.
8. Form control joints with space between edges of adjoining panels.
9. Cover both sides of steel stud partition framing with panels in concealed spaces, including above ceilings, except in internally braced chases.
 - a. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. (0.74 sq. m) in area.
 - b. Fit panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
 - c. Where partitions intersect open concrete coffers, concrete joists, and other structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut panels to fit profile formed by coffers, joists, and other structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- (6.4- to 9.5-mm-) wide joints; seal joints with acoustical sealant.
10. Wood Framing: Install panels over wood framing, with "floating" internal corner construction. Do not attach panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. "Float" panels over these members or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
11. STC-Rated Assemblies: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C 919 and with manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
12. Fastener Spacing: Comply with ASTM C 844, manufacturer's written recommendations, and fire-resistance-rating requirements.
 - a. Space screws a maximum of 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. along framing members for wall or ceiling application.
 - b. Space fasteners in cementitious backer units a maximum of 8 inches (200 mm) o.c. along framing members for wall applications and 6 inches (150 mm) o.c. along framing members for ceiling applications.

C. Installing Panels

1. Install gypsum base panels for veneer plaster in the following locations:
 - a. Regular Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Vertical surfaces, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Ceiling Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Ceiling surfaces, **as directed**.
 - c. Type X: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly **OR** Vertical surfaces, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Type C: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Where required for specific fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated, **as directed**.
 - e. Foil-Backed, Regular-Type Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - f. Abuse-Resistant Base: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - g. High-Impact Base: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - h. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Base: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
2. Single-Layer Application:
 - a. On ceilings, apply gypsum base panels before wall panels, to the greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. On walls, apply gypsum base panels vertically and parallel **OR** horizontally and perpendicular, **as directed**, to framing, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
 - 1) Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
 - 2) At stairwells and other walls higher than 30 feet (9.0 m), install gypsum base panels horizontally unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.

- c. On Z-furring, apply gypsum base panels vertically (parallel to framing) with no end joints. Locate edge joints over furring members.
 3. Multilayer Application on Ceilings: Apply backing panels for ceilings before applying backing panels for partitions; apply gypsum-base face layers in same sequence. Apply backing panels at right angles to framing members and offset gypsum-base face-layer joints a minimum of 16 inches (400 mm) from parallel backing panel joints, unless otherwise required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
 4. Multilayer Application on Partitions: Apply backing panels indicated and gypsum-base face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of backing panels located over stud or furring members and gypsum-base face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member from backing-panel joints, unless otherwise required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.
 - a. Z-Furring: Apply backing panels vertically (parallel to framing) and gypsum-base face layer either vertically or horizontally (perpendicular to framing) with vertical joints offset at least one furring member. Locate edge joints of backing panels over furring members.
 5. Single-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum base panels to supports with steel drill screws.
 6. Multilayer Fastening Methods: Fasten backing panels and gypsum-base face layers separately to supports with screws **OR** with screws; fasten gypsum-base face layers with adhesive and supplementary fasteners, **as directed**.
 7. Curved Partitions: Comply with gypsum base manufacturer's written installation recommendations.
 8. Cementitious Backer Units: Install according to ANSI A108.11.
 - a. Where cementitious backer units abut other types of panels in same plane, shim surfaces to produce a uniform plane across panel surfaces.
- D. Installing Trim Accessories
1. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 2. Control Joints: Install at locations indicated on Drawings **OR** according to ASTM C 844 and in specific locations approved by the Owner, **as directed**.
 3. Trim: Install in the following locations:
 - a. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Bullnose Bead: Use at outside corners **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.
 - d. L-Bead: Use where indicated.
 - e. U-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - f. Curved-Edge Cornerbead: Use at curved openings.
 4. Aluminum Trim:
 - a. Install aluminum trim according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - b. Apply and embed joint tape over flanges of aluminum trim accessories if recommended by trim manufacturer.
- E. Installing Joint Reinforcement
1. Gypsum Base for Veneer Plaster: Reinforce interior angles and flat joints with joint tape and embedding material to comply with ASTM C 843 and with gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
 2. Abuse-Resistant Base: Reinforce joints between abuse-resistant panels with joint tape and embedding material according to panel manufacturer's written recommendations.
 3. Impact-Resistant Base: Reinforce joints between impact-resistant panels with joint tape and embedding material according to panel manufacturer's written recommendations.
 4. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Base: Reinforce joints between moisture- and mold-resistant panels with joint tape and embedding material according to panel manufacturer's written recommendations.
 5. Cementitious Backer Units: Reinforce joints between cementitious backer units with joint tape and embedding material according to unit manufacturer's written recommendations.
- F. Gypsum Veneer Plastering

1. Bonding Agent: Apply bonding agent on dry monolithic concrete **OR** masonry **OR** abuse-resistant base panels **OR** cementitious backer units, **as directed**, according to gypsum veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
2. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Application: Comply with ASTM C 843 and with veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - a. One-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster: Trowel apply base coat over substrate to uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm). Fill all voids and imperfections. Allow plaster to set, then scratch and immediately double back with gypsum veneer plaster to uniform total thickness of 3/16 inch (4.8 mm).
 - b. Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster:
 - 1) Base Coat: Trowel apply base coat over substrate to uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm). Fill all voids and imperfections.
 - 2) Finish Coat: Trowel apply finish-coat plaster over base-coat plaster to uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm).
 - c. Where gypsum veneer plaster abuts only metal door frames, windows, and other units, groove finish coat to eliminate spalling.
 - d. Do not apply veneer plaster to gypsum base if paper facing has degraded from exposure to sunlight. Before applying veneer plaster, use remedial methods to restore bonding capability to degraded paper facing according to manufacturer's written recommendations and as approved by the Owner.
3. Radiant-Heat, Two-Component Gypsum Veneer Plaster Ceilings: Comply with ASTM C 843 and with radiant-heat veneer plaster manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - a. Base Coat: Apply plaster base coat to sufficiently cover electric heating cables. Trowel plaster parallel in direction of cables to uniform thickness of 3/16 inch (4.8 mm). Completely cover cables.
 - b. Finish Coat: After base coat has developed sufficient bond, apply finish coat. Trowel plaster to uniform thickness of 1/16 to 3/32 inch (1.6 to 2.4 mm).
4. Concealed Surfaces: Do not omit gypsum veneer plaster behind cabinets, furniture, furnishings, and similar removable items. Omit veneer plaster in the following areas where it will be concealed from view in the completed Work unless otherwise indicated or required to maintain fire-resistance and STC ratings:
 - a. Above suspended ceilings.
 - b. Behind wood paneling.
5. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Finish: Smooth-troweled finish, unless otherwise indicated **OR** Textured finish matching the Owner's sample, **as directed**.

G. Protection

1. Protect installed gypsum veneer plaster from damage from weather, condensation, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
2. Remove and replace gypsum veneer plaster and gypsum base panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that gypsum base panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that gypsum base panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09 22 13 00a

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SECTION 09 22 13 00b - PORTLAND CEMENT PLASTER

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for portland cement plaster. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Interior portland cement plasterwork on metal lath, unit masonry and monolithic concrete.
 - b. Exterior portland cement plasterwork (stucco) on metal lath, unit masonry and monolithic concrete.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Show locations and installation of control and expansion joints including plans, elevations, sections, details of components, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples: For each type of factory-prepared, colored or textured finish coat indicated; 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm), and prepared on rigid backing.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide portland cement plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.
2. Sound-Transmission Characteristics: Where indicated, provide portland cement plaster assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for STC ratings per ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a qualified testing agency.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes.

F. Project Conditions

1. Comply with ASTM C 926 requirements.
2. Interior Plasterwork: Maintain room temperatures at greater than 40 deg F (4.4 deg C) for at least 48 hours before plaster application, and continuously during and after application.
 - a. Avoid conditions that result in plaster drying out during curing period. Distribute heat evenly; prevent concentrated or uneven heat on plaster.
 - b. Ventilate building spaces as required to remove water in excess of that required for hydrating plaster in a manner that prevents drafts of air from contacting surfaces during plaster application and until plaster is dry.
3. Exterior Plasterwork:

- a. Apply and cure plaster to prevent plaster drying out during curing period. Use procedures required by climatic conditions, including moist curing, providing coverings, and providing barriers to deflect sunlight and wind.
- b. Apply plaster when ambient temperature is greater than 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).
- c. Protect plaster coats from freezing for not less than 48 hours after set of plaster coat has occurred.
4. Factory-Prepared Finishes: Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for environmental conditions for applying finishes.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Metal Lath

1. Expanded-Metal Lath: ASTM C 847 with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
 - a. Recycled Content: Provide steel products with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
 - b. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Flat **OR** Self-furring, **as directed**, 2.5 lb/sq. yd. (1.4 kg/sq. m) **OR** 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - c. Flat Rib Lath: Rib depth of not more than 1/8 inch (3.1 mm), 2.75 lb/sq. yd. (1.5 kg/sq. m) **OR** 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - d. 3/8-Inch (9.5-mm) Rib Lath: 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m) **OR** 4 lb/sq. yd. (2.2 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
2. Wire-Fabric Lath:
 - a. Welded-Wire Lath: ASTM C 933; self-furring, 1.4 lb/sq. yd. (0.8 kg/sq. m) **OR** 1.95 lb/sq. yd. (1.1 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - b. Woven-Wire Lath: ASTM C 1032; self-furring, with stiffener wire backing, 1.1 lb/sq. yd. (0.6 kg/sq. m) **OR** 1.4 lb/sq. yd. (0.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
3. Paper Backing: FS UU-B-790, Type I, Grade D, Style 2 vapor-permeable paper **OR** Grade B, Style 1a vapor-retardant paper, **as directed**.
 - a. Provide paper-backed lath unless otherwise indicated **OR** at exterior locations **OR** in locations indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.

B. Accessories

1. General: Comply with ASTM C 1063 and coordinate depth of trim and accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.
2. Metal Accessories:
 - a. Foundation Weep Screed: Fabricated from hot-dip galvanized-steel sheet, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) zinc coating.
 - b. Cornerite: Fabricated from metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
 - c. External-Corner Reinforcement: Fabricated from metal lath with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180), hot-dip galvanized zinc coating.
 - d. Cornerbeads: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - 1) Small nose cornerbead with expanded flanges; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Small nose cornerbead with perforated flanges; use on curved corners.
 - 3) Small nose cornerbead with expanded flanges reinforced by perforated stiffening rib; use on columns and for finishing masonry corners.
 - 4) Bull nose cornerbead, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum, with expanded flanges; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - e. Casing Beads: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; square-edged style; with expanded flanges.
 - f. Control Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; one-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.

- g. Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with expanded flanges.
- h. Two-Piece Expansion Joints: Fabricated from zinc or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged reveal that is adjustable from 1/4 to 5/8 inch (6.34 to 16 mm) wide; with perforated flanges.
- 3. Plastic Accessories: Fabricated from high-impact PVC.
 - a. Cornerbeads: With perforated flanges.
 - 1) Small nose cornerbead; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Bull nose cornerbead, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Casing Beads: With perforated flanges in depth required to suit plaster bases indicated and flange length required to suit applications indicated.
 - 1) Square-edge style; use unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2) Bull-nose style, radius 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum; use at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - c. Control Joints: One-piece-type, folded pair of unperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration; with perforated flanges and removable protective tape on plaster face of control joint.
 - d. Expansion Joints: Two-piece type, formed to produce slip-joint and square-edged 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) **OR** 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-), **as directed**, wide reveal; with perforated concealed flanges.
- C. Miscellaneous Materials
 - 1. Water for Mixing: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.
 - 2. Fiber for Base Coat: Alkaline-resistant glass or polypropylene fibers, 1/2 inch (13 mm) long, free of contaminants, manufactured for use in portland cement plaster.
 - 3. Bonding Compound: ASTM C 932.
 - 4. Steel Drill Screws: For metal-to-metal fastening, ASTM C 1002 or ASTM C 954, as required by thickness of metal being fastened; with pan head that is suitable for application; in lengths required to achieve penetration through joined materials of no fewer than three exposed threads.
 - 5. Fasteners for Attaching Metal Lath to Substrates: Complying with ASTM C 1063.
 - 6. Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, not less than 0.0475-inch (1.21-mm) diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
 - b. Recycled Content: Provide blankets with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
 - 8. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants".
 - a. Provide sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- D. Plaster Materials
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I **OR** Type II, **as directed**.
 - a. Color for Finish Coats: White **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - 2. Masonry Cement: ASTM C 91, Type N.
 - a. Color for Finish Coats: White **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - 3. Plastic Cement: ASTM C 1328.
 - 4. Colorants for Job-Mixed Finish Coats: Colorfast mineral pigments that produce finish plaster color to match sample.
 - 5. Lime: ASTM C 206, Type S; or ASTM C 207, Type S.
 - 6. Sand Aggregate: ASTM C 897.
 - a. Color for Job-Mixed Finish Coats: White **OR** In color matching sample, **as directed**.
 - 7. Perlite Aggregate: ASTM C 35.

8. Exposed Aggregates for Finish Coats: For marblecrete finish, clean, sound, crushed marble matching color and size gradation of sample.
9. Ready-Mixed Finish-Coat Plaster: Mill-mixed portland cement, aggregates, coloring agents, and proprietary ingredients.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
10. Acrylic-Based Finish Coatings: Factory-mixed acrylic-emulsion coating systems, formulated with colorfast mineral pigments and fine aggregates; for use over portland cement plaster base coats. Include manufacturer's recommended primers and sealing topcoats for acrylic-based finishes.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

E. Plaster Mixes

1. General: Comply with ASTM C 926 for applications indicated.
 - a. Fiber Content: Add fiber to base-coat mixes after ingredients have mixed at least two minutes. Comply with fiber manufacturer's written instructions for fiber quantities in mixes, but do not exceed 1 lb of fiber/cu. yd. (0.6 kg of fiber/cu. m) of cementitious materials.
2. Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork as follows:
 - a. Portland Cement Mixes:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 0 to 3/4 **OR** 3/4 to 1-1/2, **as directed**, parts lime. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - 2) Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 0 to 3/4 **OR** 3/4 to 1-1/2, **as directed**, parts lime. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
 - b. Masonry Cement Mixes:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: 1 part masonry cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
 - 2) Brown Coat: 1 part masonry cement and 3 to 5 parts aggregate, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
 - c. Portland and Masonry Cement Mixes:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - 2) Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
 - d. Plastic Cement Mixes:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: 1 part plastic cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
 - 2) Brown Coat: 1 part plastic cement and 3 to 5 parts aggregate, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
 - e. Portland and Plastic Cement Mixes:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part plastic cement and 1 part portland cement. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - 2) Brown Coat: For cementitious material, mix 1 part plastic cement and 1 part portland cement. Use 3 to 5 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material, but not less than volume of aggregate used in scratch coat.
3. Base-Coat Mixes: Single base coats for two-coat plasterwork as follows:
 - a. Portland Cement Mix: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 0 to 3/4 part lime. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - b. Portland and Masonry Cement Mix: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - c. Plastic Cement Mix: Use 1 part plastic cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
4. Base-Coat Mixes: Single base coats for two-coat plasterwork as follows:
 - a. Portland Cement Mix: For cementitious material, mix 1 part portland cement and 3/4 to 1-1/2 parts lime. Use 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
 - b. Masonry Cement Mix: Use 1 part masonry cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
 - c. Plastic Cement Mix: Use 1 part plastic cement and 2-1/2 to 4 parts aggregate.
5. Job-Mixed Finish-Coat Mixes:

- a. Portland Cement Mix: For cementitious materials, mix 1 part portland cement and 3/4 to 1-1/2 **OR** 1-1/2 to 2, **as directed**, parts lime. Use 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
- b. Masonry Cement Mix: 1 part masonry cement and 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate.
- c. Portland and Masonry Cement Mix: For cementitious materials, mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part masonry cement. Use 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate per part of cementitious material.
- d. Plastic Cement Mix: 1 part plastic cement and 1-1/2 to 3 parts aggregate.
6. Factory-Prepared Finish-Coat Mixes: For ready-mixed finish-coat plasters or acrylic-based finish coatings, comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Protect adjacent work from soiling, spattering, moisture deterioration, and other harmful effects caused by plastering.
2. Prepare solid substrates for plaster that are smooth or that do not have the suction capability required to bond with plaster according to ASTM C 926.

C. Installation, General

1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Install components according to requirements for design designations from listing organization and publication indicated on Drawings.
2. Sound Attenuation Blankets: Where required, install blankets before installing lath unless blankets are readily installed after lath has been installed on one side.
3. Acoustical Sealant: Where required, seal joints between edges of plasterwork and abutting construction with acoustical sealant.

D. Installing Metal Lath

1. Expanded-Metal Lath: Install according to ASTM C 1063.
 - a. Partition Framing and Vertical Furring: Install flat diamond-mesh **OR** flat rib **OR** welded-wire **OR** woven-wire, **as directed**, lath.
 - b. Flat-Ceiling and Horizontal Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh **OR** flat rib **OR** 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) rib lath **OR** welded-wire **OR** woven-wire, **as directed**, lath.
 - c. Curved-Ceiling Framing: Install flat diamond-mesh **OR** welded-wire **OR** flat woven-wire, **as directed**, lath.
 - d. On Solid Surfaces, Not Otherwise Furred: Install self-furring, diamond-mesh **OR** welded-wire **OR** woven-wire, **as directed**, lath.

E. Installing Accessories

1. Install according to ASTM C 1063 and at locations indicated on Drawings.
2. Reinforcement for External Corners:
 - a. Install lath-type, external-corner reinforcement at exterior locations.
 - b. Install cornerbead at interior and exterior, **as directed**, locations.
3. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings **OR** in specific locations approved for visual effect as follows, **as directed**:
 - a. As required to delineate plasterwork into areas (panels) of the following maximum sizes:
 - 1) Vertical Surfaces: 144 sq. ft. (13.4 sq. m).
 - 2) Horizontal and other Nonvertical Surfaces: 100 sq. ft. (9.3 sq. m).
 - b. At distances between control joints of not greater than 18 feet (5.5 m) o.c.

- c. As required to delineate plasterwork into areas (panels) with length-to-width ratios of not greater than 2-1/2:1.
- d. Where control joints occur in surface of construction directly behind plaster.
- e. Where plasterwork areas change dimensions, to delineate rectangular-shaped areas (panels) and to relieve the stress that occurs at the corner formed by the dimension change.

F. Plaster Application

1. General: Comply with ASTM C 926.
 - a. Do not deviate more than plus or minus 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6.4 mm in 3 m) from a true plane in finished plaster surfaces, as measured by a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge placed on surface.
 - b. Finish plaster flush with metal frames and other built-in metal items or accessories that act as a plaster ground unless otherwise indicated. Where casing bead does not terminate plaster at metal frame, cut base coat free from metal frame before plaster sets and groove finish coat at junctures with metal.
 - c. Provide plaster surfaces that are ready to receive field-applied finishes indicated.
2. Bonding Compound: Apply on unit masonry and concrete plaster bases.
3. Walls; Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork, on masonry or on concrete; 3/4-inch (19-mm) thickness.
 - a. Portland cement mixes.
 - b. Masonry cement mixes.
 - c. Portland and masonry cement mixes.
 - d. Plastic cement mixes.
 - e. Portland and plastic cement mixes.
4. Ceilings; Base-Coat Mixes for Use over Metal Lath: Scratch and brown coats for three-coat plasterwork; 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick on concrete, **as directed**.
 - a. Portland cement mixes.
 - b. Masonry cement mixes.
 - c. Portland and masonry cement mixes.
 - d. Plastic cement mixes.
 - e. Portland and plastic cement mixes.
5. Walls; Base-Coat Mix: Scratch coat for two-coat plasterwork, 3/8 inch (10 mm) thick on concrete masonry **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick on concrete, **as directed**.
 - a. Portland cement mixes.
 - b. Masonry cement mixes.
 - c. Portland and masonry cement mixes.
 - d. Plastic cement mixes.
 - e. Portland and plastic cement mixes.
6. Ceilings; Base-Coat Mix: Scratch coat for two-coat plasterwork, 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick on concrete.
 - a. Portland cement mixes.
 - b. Masonry cement mixes.
 - c. Portland and masonry cement mixes.
 - d. Plastic cement mixes.
 - e. Portland and plastic cement mixes.
7. Plaster Finish Coats: Apply to provide float **OR** dash **OR** scraped trowel-textured **OR** skip trowel-textured **OR** brocade (knock-down dash) **OR** trowel sweep **OR** combed **OR** sacked (California mission) **OR** English **OR** marblecrete, **as directed**, finish to match sample.
8. Acrylic-Based Finish Coatings: Apply coating system, including primers, finish coats, and sealing topcoats, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
9. Concealed Exterior Plasterwork: Where plaster application will be used as a base for adhered finishes, omit finish coat.
10. Concealed Interior Plasterwork:
 - a. Where plaster application will be concealed behind built-in cabinets, similar furnishings, and equipment, apply finish coat.

- b. Where plaster application will be concealed above suspended ceilings and in similar locations, finish coat may be omitted.
 - c. Where plaster application will be used as a base for adhesive application of tile and similar finishes, omit finish coat.
- G. Plaster Repairs
- 1. Repair or replace work to eliminate cracks, dents, blisters, buckles, crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.
- H. Protection
- 1. Remove temporary protection and enclosure of other work. Promptly remove plaster from door frames, windows, and other surfaces not indicated to be plastered. Repair floors, walls, and other surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during plastering.

END OF SECTION 09 22 13 00b

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 22 16 13	09 21 00 00	Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing
09 22 26 23	09 21 00 00	Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing
09 22 26 23	09 22 13 00	Gypsum Plaster
09 22 26 23	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 22 26 23	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster
09 22 36 13	09 22 13 00	Gypsum Plaster
09 22 36 13	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 22 36 13	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster

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SECTION 09 22 36 23 - LATH AND PLASTER RENOVATION**GENERAL**

Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for lath and plaster renovation. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

Quality Assurance

2. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Plaster Partitions: Listed and labeled for fire-protective ratings as indicated or scheduled.
 - b. Plaster Floor/Ceilings and Roof/Ceiling Assemblies: Listed and labeled for fire-protective ratings as indicated or scheduled.
 - c. Fire Rated Assemblies: Comply with UL 05, FM P8016, or GA 600 for required fire-rated assembly.

Submittals

3. Product Data: Submit in accordance with Detailed Scope of Work. Include each type of plaster material, metal lath, and lathing accessories to be installed.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

4. General:
 - a. Plastering Materials: Deliver in original unopened containers and store off ground and under cover.
 - b. Metal Lath and Accessories: Protect from rusting during storage.
 - c. Rusted or Water Damaged Materials: Subject to rejection before or after installation.

Project Conditions

5. Environmental Requirements: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Cold-Weather Protection: Do not apply plaster if ambient temperature is less than 4 degrees C (40 degrees F) or more than 26 degrees C (80 degrees F). Maintain this temperature range in all areas 7 days prior to application, during application, and for 7 days after plaster is set.
 - b. Hot-Weather Protection: Protect plaster against uneven or excessive evaporation during dry, hot weather and from strong blasts of dry air, either natural or artificial.
 - c. Ventilation: Ventilate building spaces as required to remove water in excess of that required for hydration of plaster. Begin ventilation immediately after plaster is applied and continue until it sets.
6. Existing Conditions: See Division 1 Section "Summary of Work". Do not interfere with use of occupied buildings or portions of buildings. Maintain free and safe passage to and from occupied areas.
7. Protection: Protect grounds, plantings, buildings, and any other facilities or property from damage caused by construction operations.

Scheduling And Sequencing

8. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Sequence plaster application with installation and protection of other work so that neither will be damaged by installation of other.

PRODUCTS

Materials

9. Materials for Patching, Extending, and Matching:

- a. Provide same products or types of construction as existing structure, as needed to patch, extend, or match existing work.
 - 1) Generally, Contract Documents will not define products or standards of workmanship present in existing construction. Determine products by inspection and any necessary testing, and workmanship by use of existing as sample of comparison.
 - 2) Patching, extending, and matching of existing work and systems shall result in complete, finished system.
 - b. Presence of product, finish, or type of construction, requires that patching, extending, or matching shall be performed as necessary to make work complete and consistent.
10. Partition Metals: ASTM C 645, galvanized steel:
- a. Interior Steel Studs: Minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage), provide sizes and gages to match existing, or as indicated.
 - 1) Provide minimum of 0.84 mm (20 gage) studs both sides of hollow metal frames.
 - b. Steel Stud Runners: Match studs. Provide long leg runners for slip joint at structure above to allow for deflection.
 - c. Furring Channels: Hat-shaped furring channels, minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage).
 - d. Sheet Metal Reinforcement (Alternate to Wood Blocking): 1.52 mm (16 gage) minimum.
11. Suspended Ceiling Metals:
- a. Main Runners (Primary Members): ASTM C 754 cold-rolled steel channels with rust-inhibitive finish.
 - 1) 50 mm (2 inches) deep, 88 kg per 100 m (590 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - 2) 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) deep, 70 kg per 100 m (475 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - 3) 19 mm (3/4 inch) deep, 45 kg per 100 m (300 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - b. Cross Furring (Furring Channels): Hat-shaped galvanized steel furring channels, minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage).
 - c. Wire for Hangers and Ties: ASTM A 641, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
 - 1) Hanger Wire: Minimum 4.1 mm (8 gage).
 - 2) Tie Wire: 6 mm (16 gage).
12. Lath:
- a. Metal Lath: ASTM C 847, galvanized expanded metal.
 - 1) Weight: In compliance with ASTM C 841 for conditions and spacing of supports.
 - b. Gypsum Lath: ASTM C 37, plain. Provide Type X at fire-rated assemblies.
 - 1) Thickness: As indicated or specified and in compliance with ASTM C 841 for conditions and spacing of supports.
13. Fasteners:
- a. Screws: ASTM C 1002, corrosion-resistant. Provide types as recommended by manufacturer for each application.
 - 1) To Metal Framing: Minimum 25 mm (1 inch), Type S.
 - 2) To Wood Framing: Minimum 32 mm (1-1/4 inch), Type W bugle head.
14. Accessories: ASTM C 841, galvanized steel.
- a. Comer Beads: Small nose with expanded flanges, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Casing Beads: Square-edged style. with short or expanded flanges to suit kinds of plaster bases indicated.
 - c. Control Joints: Prefabricated folded pair of non-perforated screeds in M-shaped configuration, with expanded or perforated flanges.
 - 1) Provide removable protective tape on plaster face of control joints.
 - d. Cornerite: Galvanized expanded metal lath in accordance with ASTM C 841.
15. Gypsum Plaster Materials: ASTM C 28.
- a. Base Coat Plasters: One of following:
 - 1) Gypsum ready-mixed plaster with mill-mixed perlite aggregate.
 - 2) Gypsum wood-fibered plaster, ASTM C 28, Type N.
 - b. Finish Coat Plasters: One of following:
 - 1) Gypsum ready-mixed finished plaster, manufacturers standard mill-mixed gauged interior finish.
 - 2) Gypsum Gauging Plaster: ASTM C 28, Type G.
 - c. Quicklime: ASTM C 5.
 - d. Sand: ASTM C 35.

- e. Finishing Hydrated Limes: ASTM C 206, Type S, special hydrated lime for finishing purposes.
- f. Bonding Compound for Gypsum Plaster: ASTM C 631.
- g. Water: Clean and free from injurious amounts of oils, acids, alkalis, salts, organic materials, or substances that may be deleterious to plaster or metals in contact with plaster.
- 16. Sound-Isolation Materials:
 - a. Sound Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type I (unfaced) mineral-fiber blankets, 12 to 16 kg per cu m (0.75 to 1 PCF), thickness as indicated or scheduled, or required by fire-rated assembly.
 - b. Acoustical Sealant:
 - 1) Concealed: ASTM C 919 nondrying, non-hardening, non-skinning, non-bleeding, and non-staining.
 - 2) Exposed: ASTM C 919 non-oxidizing and skinning, permanently elastic, and paintable.
 - c. Ductwork Penetrations Packing: Low-density fiberglass.
- 17. Gypsum Plaster Mixes: As recommended by manufacturer:
 - a. Scratch Coat:
 - 1) Over Metal Lath: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster, neat or with job-mixed sand.
 - 2) Over Gypsum Lath: Gypsum neat plaster with job-mixed sand.
 - 3) Over Unit Masonry: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster, neat or with job-mixed sand.
 - b. Brown Coat:
 - 1) Over Metal Lath: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster, with job-mixed sand.
 - 2) Over Gypsum Lath: Gypsum neat plaster with job-mixed sand.
 - 3) Over Unit Masonry: Gypsum wood-fibered plaster with job-mixed sand.
 - c. Finish Coat: Proportion materials for finish coats to comply with ASTM C 842 for each type of finish coat and texture indicated.
 - 1) Gypsum Gauging Plaster 1 part plaster and 2 parts lime.
 - a) Over lightweight aggregate base coats, add 15 L (1/2 cubic foot) of perlite fines or 23 kg (50 pounds) of No. 1 white silica sand per 45 kg (100 pounds) of plaster.
 - 2) Gypsum Ready-mixed Finish Plaster Neat.
 - d. Mechanically mix cementitious and aggregate materials for plasters to comply with applicable referenced application standard and with recommendations of plaster manufacturer.

EXECUTION

Examination

- 18. Units, Spaces, and Areas to be renovated: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Verify that surfaces to receive rough carpentry are prepared to required grades and dimensions.

Preparation

- 19. Dust Protection: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 20. Building Occupation: Carry out demolition and renovation work to cause as little inconvenience to occupants as possible. See Detailed Scope of Work.
- 21. Protection: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Protection: Provide drapes and drop cloths necessary to protect walls, floors, ductwork and piping, electrical work, etc. during plastering operations.
- 22. Selective Demolition: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 23. Surface Preparation: Clean projections, dust, loose particles, grease, bond breakers, and foreign matter from surfaces to receive plaster.
 - a. Do not apply plaster directly to surfaces (1) of masonry or concrete that have been coated with bituminous compound or other waterproofing agents, or (2) that have been painted or previously plastered.
 - b. Before plaster work is started, wet masonry and concrete surfaces thoroughly with fine fog spray of clean water to produce uniformly moist surface.
 - c. Do not apply plaster to surfaces containing frost.

Laying-Out Work

24. Discrepancies: Verify dimensions and elevations indicated in layout of existing work.
 - a. Prior to commencing work, carefully compare and check Drawings (if any) for discrepancies in locations or elevations of work to be executed.
 - b. Refer discrepancies among Drawings (if any), Specifications, and existing conditions to the Owner for adjustment before work affected is performed.
 - 1) Failure to make such notification shall place responsibility on Contractor to carry out work in satisfactory, workmanlike manner.
25. Contractor: Responsible for location and elevation of construction contemplated by Construction Documents.

Performance

26. Patching: Patch and extend existing work using skilled mechanics who are capable of matching existing quality of workmanship.
 - a. Quality of Patched or Extended Work: Not less than specified for new work. If similar new work is not specified, equal to existing work.
27. Damaged Surfaces: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
28. Transitions from Existing to New Work: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
29. Isolation: Where lathing and metal support system abuts building structure horizontally and where partition/wall work abuts overhead structure, isolate work from structural movement sufficiently to prevent transfer of loads to work from building structure. Install slip or cushion-type joints to absorb deflections but maintain lateral support.
 - a. Frame both sides of control and expansion joints independently, and do not bridge joints with furring and lathing or accessories.

Installation Of Suspended Steel Framing

30. General: Construct ceilings of lath and plaster on suspended steel framing system in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Reference Standards.
31. Hanger Installation: Attach hangers to structure above ceiling to comply with NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
32. Ceiling Suspension System Components: Install In sizes and at spacings indicated but not in smaller sizes or greater spacings than those required by ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - a. Wire Hangers: Space and install wire hangers in accordance with ASTM C 841 and within 150 mm (6 inches) of channel ends, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
 - b. Main Runners (Primary Members): Space and install channels in accordance with ASTM C 841, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
 - c. Cross Furring (Furring Channels): Space and install furring channels in accordance with ASTM C 841, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
33. Framing Around Openings: Frame channels and lath on suspended soffits and ceilings and at furring to receive electric lights, etc. as indicated or as necessary to complete work. Furnish and install in furring, plaster rings or access panels furnished under other sections.

Installation Of Steel Stud Partitions

34. General: Install steel stud partition support systems in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Reference Standards.
35. Steel Stud Systems: Comply with ASTM C 754.
 - a. To Receive Metal Lath: Space studs in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - b. To Receive Gypsum Lath: Space studs in accordance with ASTM C 841.
36. Extend partition support systems to finish ceilings and attach to ceiling suspension members, unless otherwise indicated.

Metal Furring

37. General: Install in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.

- a. Install supplementary framing, blocking, and bracing at terminations in work and for support of fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, bath accessories, furnishings, and similar work to comply with manufacturer's recommendations.
- 38. Metal Furring to Receive Gypsum Lath: Space furring channels in accordance with ASTM C 841.
- 39. Metal Furring Systems:
 - a. To Receive Metal Lath: Space furring in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - b. To Receive Gypsum Lath: Space furring in accordance with ASTM C 841.
- 40. Isolation: Where lathing and metal support system abuts building structure horizontally and where partition/wall work abuts overhead structure, isolate work from structural movement sufficiently to prevent transfer of loads to work from building structure. Install slip or cushion-type joints to absorb deflections but maintain lateral support.
 - a. Frame both sides of control and expansion joints independently, and do not bridge joints with furring and lathing or accessories.

Installation Of Suspended Steel Framing

- 41. General: Construct ceilings of lath and plaster on suspended steel framing system in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Reference Standards.
- 42. Hanger Installation: Attach hangers to structure above ceiling to comply with NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
- 43. Ceiling Suspension System Components: Install In sizes and at spacings indicated but not in smaller sizes or greater spacings than those required by ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - a. Wire Hangers: Space and install wire hangers in accordance with ASTM C 841 and within 150 mm (6 inches) of channel ends, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
 - b. Main Runners (Primary Members): Space and install channels in accordance with ASTM C 841, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
 - c. Cross Furring (Furring Channels): Space and install furring channels in accordance with ASTM C 841, unless closer spacing indicated or required for fire-resistance rated assembly.
- 44. Framing Around Openings: Frame channels and lath on suspended soffits and ceilings and at furring to receive electric lights, etc. as indicated or as necessary to complete work. Furnish and install in furring, plaster rings or access panels furnished under other sections.

Installation Of Steel Stud Partitions

- 45. General: Install steel stud partition support systems in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Reference Standards.
- 46. Steel Stud Systems: Comply with ASTM C 754.
 - a. To Receive Metal Lath: Space studs in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - b. To Receive Gypsum Lath: Space studs in accordance with ASTM C 841.
- 47. Extend partition support systems to finish ceilings and attach to ceiling suspension members, unless otherwise indicated.

Metal Furring

- 48. General: Install in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - a. Install supplementary framing, blocking, and bracing at terminations in work and for support of fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, bath accessories, furnishings, and similar work to comply with manufacturer's recommendations.
- 49. Metal Furring to Receive Gypsum Lath: Space furring channels in accordance with ASTM C 841.
- 50. Metal Furring Systems:
 - a. To Receive Metal Lath: Space furring in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.
 - b. To Receive Gypsum Lath: Space furring in accordance with ASTM C 841.

Lathing

- 51. Metal Lathing: Install in accordance with ASTM C 841 and NAAMM ML/SFA 920.

- a. At Metal Framing: Attach metal lath to furring channels with long dimension of sheet at right angles to furring channels with gage wire ties spaced not over 150 mm (6 inches) apart.
 - b. At Wood Framing: Nail metal lath to wood framing with long dimension of sheet at right angles to framing member.
 - c. Place ties where sides of sheets laps at supports and at side laps of sheets between supports. Lap metal lath not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch) at sides of sheets and 25 mm (1 inch) at ends of sheets.
 - d. Suspended and Furred Ceilings: Use 1.8 kg/sq m (3.4 pounds/SY) minimum weight diamond mesh lath.
 - e. Ceramic Tile Setting Beds: Use 1.8 kg/sq m (3.4 pounds/SY) minimum weight diamond mesh lath.
52. Gypsum Lath: Install in accordance with ASTM C 841.
- a. Wood Framing and Furring: Install lath as follows:
 - 1) With screws to comply with lath manufacturer's directions.
 - 2) With nails.
 - 3) Provide floating angle construction.
 - b. Suspended and Furred Ceilings: Install lath to furring members with clips.
 - c. Vertical Metal Framing and Furring: Install lath as follows:
 - 1) With screws.
 - 2) With clips, supplemented by screws where required by lath manufacturer.
 - 3) Where sound-rated partitions are indicated, attach lath with resilient clips.

Installation Of Accessories

53. Accessories: Install as required to repair area of work to match existing. Install in accordance with ASTM C 841. Miter or cope accessories at corners; Install with tight joints and in alignment. Attach accessories securely to plaster bases to hold accessories in place and alignment during plastering.
54. Interior Corners: Apply cornerite.
55. Corner Beads: Install corner beads tightly secured to lath at exposed exterior corners.
56. Casing Beads: Install at terminations of plaster work, except where plaster passes behind and is concealed by other work and where metal screeds, bases, or metal frames act as casing beads.
57. Control Joints: Install at locations indicated or, if not indicated, at spacings and locations required by Reference Standards. Coordinate specific locations with the Owner.
58. Access Panels: Provide access panels as required for maintenance of concealed plumbing work in coordination with Division 15 Section "Plumbing." Tiled Areas: Coordinate with Division 9 Section "Ceramic Tile."
59. Sound-Rated Plaster Work: Where sound-rated plaster work is indicated by STC ratings or other notation:
 - a. Acoustical Sealant: Seal work at perimeters, control joints, openings, and penetrations with continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Comply with ASTM C 919 and plastering manufacturer's recommendations for location of sealant beads.
 - b. Sound Insulation: Install insulation blankets within stud cavities of sound-rated partition assemblies where indicated.

Plastering

60. Plastering: Comply with ASTM C 842 in thickness to match existing.
 - a. Preparation: Remove loose, fractured, or separated plaster to face of substrate. Repairing lath at substrate to ensure repair area bounded by solid and sound existing plaster construction.
 - 1) Prepare monolithic surfaces for bonded base coats and use bonding compound to comply with Reference Standards for conditioning of monolithic surfaces.
 - b. Grout hollow metal frames, bases, and similar work with base-mat plaster material, and prior to lathing where necessary. Except where full grouting is indicated or required for fire-resistance rating, grout at least 150 mm (6 inches) at each jamb anchor dip.
 - c. Plaster flush with metal frames and other built-in metal items or accessories that act as plaster ground, unless otherwise indicated. Where plaster is not terminated at metal by

casing beads, cut base coat free from metal before plaster sets and groove finish coat at junctures with metal.

61. Preparation: Check metal grounds, comer beads, screeds, and other accessories carefully for alignment before starting plaster application. Check expansion and control joints and supporting metal structures to ensure that expansion and control joints can move unrestrained.
62. Plaster: Apply In accordance with ASTM C 842 in thickness to match existing:
 - a. Use three-coat work over following plaster bases:
 - 1) Metal lath.
 - 2) Gypsum lath attached to ceiling supports by clips.
 - 3) Gypsum lath attached to ceiling supports spaced over 400 mm (16 inches) OC.
 - 4) Gypsum lath, 9.5 mm (3/8 inch) thick, with separate vapor retarder behind.
 - b. Use two-coat work over following bases.
 - 1) Gypsum lath except for installations requiring three-coat work.
 - 2) Unit masonry.
 - 3) Concrete, cast-in-place or precast when surface condition complies with ASTM C 842 for plaster bonded to solid base.
 - c. First Coat: Apply first coat of plaster with such force to secure good key.
 - d. Finish Coats: Apply troweled finish coats unless otherwise indicated.
63. Workmanship: Perform work true to line, straight, and plumb.
 - a. Finished Surfaces: Free from waves, dents, bumps, cracks, pits. checks, streaks, catfaces, blisters, or other defects. Cutout and properly replace defective areas.
 - b. Execute work to avoid any irregularity occurring at point or place where one section is joined to another.
 - c. Arises and Angles: True and sharp.
64. Tolerances: Plaster surface plane within plus/minus 3 mm in 3 000 mm (1/8 inch in 10 feet).

Integrating Existing Work

65. Protection: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

Adjustments

66. Partition Removal: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

Dust Control

67. Dust: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

Patching And Cleaning

68. Cutting and Patching: Do necessary cutting, patching, and repairing and pointing up of plastering after other work is in place to restore defective areas. Repair or replace work to eliminate blisters, buckles, excessive crazing and check-cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat-outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.
 - a. Sand smooth-troweled finishes lightly to remove trowel marks and arises.
69. Cleaning: As rapidly as plastering is completed in each space, clean up rubbish, utensils, and surplus material, sweep floor and leave in neat condition for work of others.
 - a. When general plastering is concluded, remove plastering rubbish, equipment, and surplus materials from premises.
 - b. Clean surfaces splattered with plaster.

END OF SECTION 09 22 36 23

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 22 36 23	09 22 13 00	Gypsum Plaster
09 22 36 23	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 22 36 23	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster
09 22 36 33	09 22 13 00	Gypsum Plaster
09 22 36 33	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 22 36 33	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster
09 22 36 33	09 22 36 23	Lath and Plaster Renovation

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SECTION 09 23 13 00 - GYPSUM BOARD RENOVATION

GENERAL

Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gypsum board renovation. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

Submittals

2. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that gypsum products meet or exceed specified requirements.

Quality Assurance

3. Regulatory Requirements:
 - a. Gypsum Board Partitions: Listed and labeled for fire-protective ratings as indicated or scheduled.
 - b. Gypsum Board Floor/Ceilings and Roof/Ceiling Assemblies: Listed and labeled for fire protective ratings as indicated or scheduled.
 - c. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Comply with UL 05, FM P8016, or GA 600 for required fire-rated assembly.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

4. Storage and Protection: Store wallboard off ground to protect it from weather and damage due to moisture damage.
 - a. Wallboard: Dry, free of warpage, and have bundling tape intact immediately prior to use.

Project Conditions

5. Environmental Requirements: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. During gypsum-panel application and finishing, maintain indoor temperatures within range of 13 degrees C (55 degrees F) to 21 degrees C (70 degrees F). Provide adequate ventilation to carry off excess moisture.
6. Existing Conditions: See Division 1 Section "Summary of Work". Do not interfere with use of occupied buildings or portions of buildings. Maintain free and safe passage to and from occupied areas.
7. Protection: Protect grounds, plantings, buildings and any other facilities or property from damage caused by construction operations.

Scheduling And Sequencing

8. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

PRODUCTS

Materials

9. Materials for Patching, Extending, and Matching:
 - a. Provide same products or types of construction as in existing structure, as needed to patch, extend, or match existing work.

- 1) Generally, Contract Documents will not define products present in existing construction. Determine products by Inspection and any necessary testing.
 - 2) Patching, extending, and matching of existing work and systems shall result in a complete, finished system.
- b. Presence of product, finish, or type of construction requires that patching, extending, or matching be performed as necessary to make work complete and consistent.

Metals

10. Partition Metals: ASTM C 645, galvanized steel:
 - a. Interior Steel Studs: Minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage), provide sizes and gages to match existing or as indicated.
 - 1) Provide minimum of 0.84 mm (20 gage) studs both sides of hollow metal frames.
 - b. Steel Stud Runners: Match studs. Provide long leg runners for slip joint at structure above to allow for deflection.
 - c. Furring Channels: Hat-shaped furring channels, minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage).
 - d. Resilient Furring Channels: Manufacturer's standard product designed to reduce sound transmission by resilient attachment of gypsum board, 13 mm (1/2 inch) deep.
 - e. Sheet-Metal Reinforcement (Alternate to Wood Blocking): 1.52 mm (16 gage) minimum.
11. Suspended Ceiling Metals:
 - a. Runner Channels: ASTM C 754 cold-rolled steel channels with rust-inhibitive finish.
 - 1) 50 mm (2 Inches) deep, 88 kg per 100 m (590 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - 2) 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) deep, 70 kg per 100 m (475 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - 3) 19 mm (3/4 Inch) deep, 45 kg per 100 m (300 pounds per 1,000 LF).
 - b. Furring Channels: Hat-shaped galvanized-steel furring channels, minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage).
 - c. Steel Studs: Galvanized steel as specified above, minimum 0.46 mm (25 gage).
 - d. Wire for Hangers and Ties: ASTM A 641, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
 - 1) Hanger Wire: Minimum 4.1 mm (8 gage).
 - 2) Tie Wire: 6 mm (16 gage).

Gypsum Board And Related Materials

12. Gypsum Board: GA216 and ASTM C 36
 - a. Size: 12.7 mm and 15.9 mm (1/2 inch and 5/8 inch) thick to match existing, as indicated or scheduled. Provide boards 1 200 mm (48 inches) wide by length required to minimize cross joints.
 - b. Regular Tapered-edge gypsum panels.
 - 1) Provide Type X gypsum panels at fire-rated assemblies.
 - c. Water-Resistant: ASTM C 630, paintable, tapered-edge gypsum panels.
 - 1) Provide Type X water-resistant gypsum panels at fire-rated assemblies.
13. Cementitious Backer Units (CBU): ANSI A118.9, nailable/screwable backer board composed of stable portland cement, aggregates, and reinforcements with ability to remain unaffected by prolonged exposure to moisture, 12.7 mm (1/2 inch) thick.
14. Fasteners:
 - a. Screws: ASTM C 1002, drywall screws, corrosion resistant. Provide types as recommended by manufacturer for each application.
 - 1) Wallboard to Metal Framing: Minimum 25 mm (1 inch), Type S.
 - 2) Wall board to Wood Framing: Minimum 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) Type W bugle head.
 - 3) Wall board to Wallboard: Type G.
 - b. Nails: ASTM C 514.
15. Accessories: GA 216 and ASTM C 1047, galvanized steel.
 - a. Comer Bead: GA 216 Type CB-114 x 114.

- b. Metal Trim (Casing Beads): GA 216 Type L, in depth to match gypsum-board thickness.
- c. Control Joint: V-shaped control joint.
- d. Adhesive: ASTM C 557 multi-purpose adhesive.
- 16. Finishing Materials: ASTM C 475.
 - a. Joint Tape: Provide type as recommended by panel manufacturer.
 - b. Joint Treatment: Joint compound, adhesive, water, and fasteners.
- 17. Sound-Isolation Materials:
 - a. Sound Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type I (unfaced) mineral fiber blankets, 3.7 to 4.9 kg per sq m (3/4 to 1 PCF), thickness as indicated, scheduled, or required by fire-rated assembly.
 - b. Acoustical Sealant:
 - 1) Concealed: ASTM C 919 nondrying, non-hardening, and non-skinning; non-bleeding; and non-staining.
 - 2) Exposed: ASTM C 919 non-oxidizing and skinning; permanently elastic; and paintable.
 - c. Ductwork Penetrations Packing: Low-density fiberglass.

EXECUTION

Examination

- 18. Units, Spaces, and Areas to be Renovated: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Existing Conditions: Before beginning installation, examine substrates and framing to receive gypsum board for defects or conditions adversely affecting quality and execution of installation.

Preparation

- 19. Dust Protection: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 20. Building Occupation: Carry out demolition and renovation work to cause as little inconvenience to occupants as possible. See Detailed Scope of Work.
- 21. Protection: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
 - a. Protection: Provide drapes and drop cloths necessary to protect walls, floors, ductwork and piping, electrical work, etc. during drywall finishing operations.
- 22. Selective Demolition: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

Laying Out Work

- 23. Discrepancies: Verify dimensions and elevations indicated in layout of existing work.
 - a. Prior to commencing work, carefully compare and check Drawings (if any) for discrepancies in locations or elevations of work to be executed.
 - b. Refer discrepancies among Drawings (if any), Specifications, and existing conditions to the Owner or adjustment before work affected is performed.
 - 1) Failure to make such notification shall place responsibility on Contractor to carry out work in satisfactory, workmanlike manner.
 - c. Contractor: Responsible for location and elevation of construction indicated by Construction Documents.

Performance

- 24. Patching: Patch and extend existing work using skilled mechanics capable of matching existing quality of workmanship.
 - a. Quality of Patched or Extended Work: Not less than specified for new work. If similar new work is not specified, equal to existing work.
- 25. Damaged Surfaces: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.
- 26. Transitions from Existing to New Work: Comply with Detailed Scope of Work.

Erection Of Drywall Stud Partitions

27. Reference Standard: Erect steel framing in accordance with ASTM C 754.
28. Layouts: Align partition studs accurately according to partition layout.
29. Anchoring: Anchor runner channels to concrete slabs with concrete stub nails or power-driven anchors at 600 mm (24 inches) OC. Anchor runner channels to coiling grid, where applicable, with stove bolts. Where studs extend above ceiling system, install headers where required to receive runners.
30. Studs: Position studs vertically in runners. Where studs are located adjacent to openings or partition intersections and comers. anchor studs to runners with manufacturer's metal lock fastener or with 13 mm (1/2 inch) Type S pan-head screws.
 - a. Space studs at 400 mm (16 Inches) and 600 mm (24 inches) OC as indicated or scheduled.
 - 1) Cementitious Backer Units (CBU): Space studs at maximum of 400 mm (16 inches) OC.
 - 2) Limiting Heights: Comply with ASTM C 754 for transverse load of 240 Pa (5 lb-force/SF) without exceeding either allowable stress or deflection of L/240. Comers and Intersections: Locate studs no more than 50 mm (2 inches) from abutting partitions, comers, etc.
 - b. Openings: Locate studs not more than 50 mm (2 inches) from opening frames. Anchor studs to frame anchor clips by bolt or screw attachment. Install headers over openings as recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 1) Solid-Core Wood Doors and Hollow Metal Doors: Provide two full-height studs at jambs fastened together back to back.
 - 2) Fire-Rated Openings: Comply with GA 219.
31. Bracing: Provide diagonal bracing at head of studs that terminate above the ceiling level. Bracing shall consist of metal studs bent to V-shape and extending at 45 degrees from partition head to structure above. Locate bracing 1 200 mm (48 inches) maximum OC.
32. Wood Blocking or Metal Reinforcement:
 - a. Wood Blocking: See Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry."
 - b. Install metal reinforcement of size required for support of toilet and bath accessories, hardware, cabinets, shelving, counters, and other wall-mounted items.
 - c. Set true to line, level, or plumb well-secured in stud wall and flush with back of drywall or other wall finish.
 - d. Coordinate exact locations with other sections.

Miscellaneous Framing And Furring

33. General: Provide necessary framing and furring for special framing at recesses, offsets, specialty Items, and at wall-mounted casework, shelving, and equipment.
34. Furring Channels: Install furring channels over back-up material. Position channels vertically at 600 mm (24 inches) OC. Use power-activated fasteners or stub nails at 600 mm (24 Inches) OC along alternating flanges. Shim channels level as required.
 - a. Cementitious Backer Units (CBU): Space furring at maximum of 400 mm (16 inches) OC.
35. Resilient Furring Channels: Screw-attach In accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Spacing: 600 mm (24 inches) OC for framing at 16 inches OC and 400 mm (16 inches) OC for framing at 24 Inches OC.

Ceiling Grillage Erection

36. Reference Standard: Erect steel framing In accordance with ASTM C 754.
37. Hangers: Install wire hangers spaced not over 1 200 mm (48 inches) OC in direction of 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) main runner channels and within 150 mm (6 inches) of ends of main runners or interruptions of ceiling continuity. Hang from structure above.

38. Runners: Place main runners not over 1 200 mm (48 inches) OC. Provide, position, and level hangers with hangers saddle-tied along runners. Space furring channels at 600 mm (24 inches) OC at right angles to runner channels and secure with furring channel clips.
39. Reinforcement: At light troffers or other openings, reinforce grillage with 19 mm (3/4 inch) cold-rolled channels wired atop and parallel to main runner channels.
 - a. Provide lateral seismic bracing as required by code.
40. Special Shapes: Provide necessary framing and suspension for off sets, verticals, etc.

Insulation

41. Sound Insulation: Place sound Insulation blankets in partitions tight within spaces, around cut openings. behind and around electrical and mechanical items within partitions, and tight to items passing through partitions.
 - a. Ductwork Penetrations: Provide one-inch wide clearance around ductwork and pack with fiberglass ready for joint sealers.

Installation Of Gypsum Drywall

42. Reference Standards: Apply and finish gypsum board in accordance with GA 216 and ASTM C 840.
43. Partition Gypsum Board Layout: Apply gypsum wallboard panels vertically with abutting ends and edges occurring over stud flanges or furring.
 - a. Joints on Opposite Sides of Partitions: Stagger; joints shall not occur over same stud.
 - b. Two Layer Construction: Stagger Joints between layers.
44. Ceiling Gypsum Board: Apply gypsum board of maximum practical length with long dimensions at right angles to furring channels. End and edge joints shall occur over furring channels with end joints staggered. Properly support gypsum board around cutouts and openings.
45. Fasteners: Apply board to studs or furring with drywall screws spaced 300 mm (12 inches) OC in field of board and 200 mm (8 inches) OC staggered along abutting edges.
46. Water-Resistant: Apply gypsum wallboard manufacturer's recommended sealant to raw cut edges and screw heads.
47. Cementitious Backer Units (CBU): Install in accordance with ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's recommendations.
48. Accessories:
 - a. Comer Bead: Apply as recommended by manufacturer at exposed outer corners.
 - b. Trim (Casing Beads): Apply as recommended by manufacturer, where gypsum board abuts other materials, and as indicated.
 - c. Control Joints: Comply with GA 216.
 - 1) Walls: Install at not more than 9 m (30 feet) OC.
 - 2) Ceilings: Install at not more than 15 m (50 feet) OC and where framing changes direction.
 - 3) Coordinate locations with the Owner.
49. Access Panels: Securely install access panels furnished under other sections. Set plumb and square to align with finish surface.
50. Acoustical Sealant: Seal perimeter and penetrations on both sides of sound-rated partitions and partitions with sound-attenuation blankets with minimum of single 6 mm (1/4 inch) bead of sealant
 - a. Locations:
 - 1) Seal around gypsum-board perimeter in angle formed by gypsum-board panels and abutting dissimilar materials.
 - 2) Seal intersections of gypsum board with dissimilar materials.
 - 3) Seal pipe, conduit, ductwork, penetrations, etc.
 - 4) Seal around cutouts for lights, cabinets, pipes, ductwork, electrical boxes, etc.
 - 5) Seal gypsum board panel terminations in door and window frames.
 - 6) Seal control-joint locations before installing control Joints to panels.

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- b. Installation: Comply with ASTM C 919 and requirements of indicated sound-rated assembly. Provide number and positions of beads to comply with sound rating of assembly.
 - 51. Tolerances: Gypsum-board surface plane within plus or minus 3 mm in 3 000 mm (1/8 inch in 10 feet).
 - 52. Finishing: Finish in accordance with GA 214.
 - a. Concealed Locations (Not Exposed to View in Rooms): Level 1
 - b. Beneath Tile: Level 2.
 - c. Other Finished Areas: Level 4. Finish joints, trim, and fastener dimples. Sand smooth.
 - d. Cementitious Backer Units (CBU): Treat joints in accordance with ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION 09 23 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 23 13 00	09 22 13 00	Gypsum Plaster
09 23 13 00	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 23 13 00	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster
09 23 13 00	09 22 36 23	Lath and Plaster Renovation
09 24 23 00	09 22 13 00b	Portland Cement Plaster
09 24 33 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 09 28 13 00 - GYPSUM BOARD

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gypsum board. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Interior gypsum board.
 - b. Exterior gypsum board for ceilings and soffits.
 - c. Tile backing panels.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For the following products:
 - a. Trim Accessories: Full-size Sample in 12-inch- (300-mm-) long length for each trim accessory indicated.
 - b. Textured Finishes: Manufacturer's standard size for each textured finish indicated and on same backing indicated for Work.
3. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives used to laminate gypsum board panels to substrates, including printed statement of VOC content.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
2. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

E. Storage And Handling

1. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack panels flat to prevent sagging.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
2. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
3. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Panels, General

1. Recycled Content: Provide gypsum panel products with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
2. Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

B. Interior Gypsum Board

1. General: Complying with ASTM C 36/C 36M or ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, as applicable to type of gypsum board indicated and whichever is more stringent.
2. Regular Type:
 - a. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered **OR** Tapered and featured (rounded or beveled) for prefilling, **as directed**.
3. Type X:
 - a. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm).
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered **OR** Tapered and featured (rounded or beveled) for prefilling, **as directed**.
4. Type C:
 - a. Thickness: As required by fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered.
5. Flexible Type: Manufactured to bend to fit radii and to be more flexible than standard regular-type gypsum board of same thickness.
 - a. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered.
6. Ceiling Type: Manufactured to have more sag resistance than regular-type gypsum board.
 - a. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered.
7. Foil-Backed Type:
 - a. Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), regular type **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X **OR** Type C as required by fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered **OR** Tapered and featured (rounded or beveled) for prefilling, **as directed**.
8. Abuse-Resistant Type: Manufactured to produce greater resistance to surface indentation, through-penetration (impact resistance), and abrasion than standard, regular-type and Type X gypsum board.
 - a. Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X, **as directed**.
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered.
9. High-Impact Type: Manufactured with Type X core, plastic film laminated to back side for greater resistance to through-penetration (impact resistance).
 - a. Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 - b. Plastic-Film Thickness: 0.010 inch (0.254 mm) **OR** 0.020 inch (0.508 mm) **OR** 0.030 inch (0.762 mm) **OR** 0.081 inch (2.057 mm), **as directed**.
10. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Type: With moisture- and mold-resistant core and surfaces.
 - a. Core: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X.
 - b. Long Edges: Tapered.

C. Exterior Gypsum Board For Ceilings And Soffits

1. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: ASTM C 931/C 931M or ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, with manufacturer's standard edges.
 - 1) Core: As indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X, **as directed**.
2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: ASTM C 1177/C 1177M.

- a. Core: As indicated **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X, **as directed**.
- D. Tile Backing Panels
- 1. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: ASTM C 630/C 630M or ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.
 - a. Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X **OR** Type C as required by fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 2. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Board:
 - a. Complying with ASTM C 1178/C 1178M.
 - b. Complying with ASTM C1177/C 1177M.
 - c. Core: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), regular type **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X, **as directed**.
 - 3. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9.
 - a. Thickness: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
- E. Trim Accessories
- 1. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
 - a. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet **OR** Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc **OR** Plastic **OR** Paper-faced galvanized steel sheet, **as directed**.
 - b. Shapes:
 - 1) Cornerbead.
 - 2) Bullnose bead.
 - 3) LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
 - 4) L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
 - 5) U-Bead: J-shaped; exposed short flange does not receive joint compound.
 - 6) Expansion (control) joint.
 - 7) Curved-Edge Cornerbead: With notched or flexible flanges.
 - 2. Exterior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
 - a. Material: Hot-dip galvanized steel sheet, plastic, or rolled zinc.
 - b. Shapes:
 - 1) Cornerbead.
 - 2) LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
 - 3) Expansion (Control) Joint: One-piece, rolled zinc with V-shaped slot and removable strip covering slot opening.
 - 3. Aluminum Trim: Extruded accessories of profiles and dimensions indicated.
 - a. Aluminum: Alloy and temper with not less than the strength and durability properties of ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5.
 - b. Finish: Corrosion-resistant primer compatible with joint compound and finish materials specified.
- F. Joint Treatment Materials
- 1. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
 - 2. Joint Tape:
 - a. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
 - b. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Paper.
 - c. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
 - d. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
 - 3. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
 - a. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
 - b. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping **OR** drying-type, all-purpose, **as directed**, compound.
 - 1) Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
 - c. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping **OR** drying-type, all-purpose, **as directed**, compound.

- d. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping **OR** drying-type, all-purpose, **as directed**, compound.
 - e. Skim Coat: For final coat of Level 5 finish, use setting-type, sandable topping compound **OR** drying-type, all-purpose compound **OR** high-build interior coating product designed for application by airless sprayer and to be used instead of skim coat to produce Level 5 finish, **as directed**.
4. Joint Compound for Exterior Applications:
 - a. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Use setting-type taping compound and setting-type, sandable topping compound.
 - b. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: As recommended by sheathing board manufacturer.
 5. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels:
 - a. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: Use setting-type taping compound and setting-type, sandable topping compound.
 - b. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: As recommended by backing panel manufacturer.
 - c. Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by backer unit manufacturer.
- G. Auxiliary Materials
1. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
 2. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 3. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch (0.84 to 2.84 mm) thick.
 - b. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
 4. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
 - b. Recycled Content: Provide blankets with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
 5. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
 - a. Provide sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 6. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation".
 7. Vapor Retarder: As specified in Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation".
- H. Texture Finishes
1. Primer: As recommended by textured finish manufacturer.
 2. Polystyrene Aggregate Ceiling Finish: Water-based, job-mixed, polystyrene aggregate finish with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of not more than 25 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - a. Texture: Fine **OR** Medium **OR** Coarse, **as directed**.
 3. Aggregate Finish: Water-based, job-mixed, aggregated, drying-type texture finish for spray application.
 - a. Texture: Light spatter **OR** Spatter knock-down, **as directed**.
 4. Acoustical Finish: Water-based, chemical-setting or drying-type, job-mixed texture finish for spray application.
 - a. Application Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
 - b. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Indices when tested according to ASTM E 84 as follows:
 - 1) Flame Spread: Less than 25.

- 2) Smoke Developed: Less than 450.
- c. NRC: 0.55 according to ASTM C 423.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames and framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- 2. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- 3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Applying And Finishing Panels, General

- 1. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- 2. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
- 3. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- 4. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
- 5. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.
- 6. Cover both faces of support framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
 - a. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. (0.7 sq. m) in area.
 - b. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
 - c. Where partitions intersect structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- (6.4- to 9.5-mm-) wide joints to install sealant.
- 7. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- (6.4- to 12.7-mm-) wide spaces at these locations, and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- 8. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
- 9. Wood Framing: Install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members, or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
- 10. STC-Rated Assemblies: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C 919 and with manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
- 11. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels, unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

C. Applying Interior Gypsum Board

- 1. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
 - a. Regular Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Vertical surfaces, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Type X: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly **OR** Vertical surfaces, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**.

- c. Type C: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Where required for specific fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Flexible Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Apply in double layer at curved assemblies, **as directed**.
 - e. Ceiling Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Ceiling surfaces, **as directed**.
 - f. Foil-Backed Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - g. Abuse-Resistant Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - h. High-Impact Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - i. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Type: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
2. Single-Layer Application:
- a. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) **OR** horizontally (perpendicular to framing), **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
 - 1) Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
 - 2) At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
 - c. On Z-furring members, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) with no end joints. Locate edge joints over furring members.
 - d. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.
3. Multilayer Application:
- a. On ceilings, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers before applying base layers on walls/partitions; apply face layers in same sequence. Apply base layers at right angles to framing members and offset face-layer joints 1 framing member, 16 inches (400 mm) minimum, from parallel base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
 - b. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.
 - c. On Z-furring members, apply base layer vertically (parallel to framing) and face layer either vertically (parallel to framing) or horizontally (perpendicular to framing) with vertical joints offset at least one furring member. Locate edge joints of base layer over furring members.
 - d. Fastening Methods: Fasten base layers and face layers separately to supports with screws **OR** Fasten base layers with screws; fasten face layers with adhesive and supplementary fasteners, **as directed**.
4. Laminating to Substrate: Where gypsum panels are indicated as directly adhered to a substrate (other than studs, joists, furring members, or base layer of gypsum board), comply with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations and temporarily brace or fasten gypsum panels until fastening adhesive has set.
5. Curved Surfaces:
- a. Install panels horizontally (perpendicular to supports) and unbroken, to extent possible, across curved surface plus 12-inch- (300-mm-) long straight sections at ends of curves and tangent to them.
 - b. For double-layer construction, fasten base layer to studs with screws 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. Center gypsum board face layer over joints in base layer, and fasten to studs with screws spaced 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
- D. Applying Exterior Gypsum Panels For Ceilings And Soffits
- 1. Apply panels perpendicular to supports, with end joints staggered and located over supports.
 - a. Install with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) open space where panels abut other construction or structural penetrations.
 - b. Fasten with corrosion-resistant screws.

- E. Applying Tile Backing Panels
 - 1. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: Install at showers, tubs, and where indicated. Install with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) gap where panels abut other construction or penetrations.
 - 2. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and install at showers, tubs, and where indicated **OR** locations indicated to receive tile, **as directed**. Install with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) gap where panels abut other construction or penetrations.
 - 3. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A108.11, at showers, tubs, and where indicated **OR** locations indicated to receive tile, **as directed**.
 - 4. Areas Not Subject to Wetting: Install regular-type gypsum wallboard panels to produce a flat surface except at showers, tubs, and other locations indicated to receive water-resistant panels.
 - 5. Where tile backing panels abut other types of panels in same plane, shim surfaces to produce a uniform plane across panel surfaces.

- F. Installing Trim Accessories
 - 1. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings **OR** according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by the Owner for visual effect, **as directed**.
 - 3. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
 - a. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Bullnose Bead: Use at outside corners **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.
 - d. L-Bead: Use where indicated.
 - e. U-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - f. Curved-Edge Cornerbead: Use at curved openings.
 - 4. Exterior Trim: Install in the following locations:
 - a. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.
 - b. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.
 - 5. Aluminum Trim: Install in locations indicated on Drawings.

- G. Finishing Gypsum Board
 - 1. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
 - 2. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
 - 3. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.
 - 4. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:
 - a. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
 - b. Level 2: Panels that are substrate for tile **OR** Panels that are substrate for acoustical tile **OR** Where indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Level 3: For surfaces receiving medium- or heavy-textured finishes before painting or heavy wallcoverings where lighting conditions are not critical **OR** Where indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - d. Level 4: For surfaces receiving light-textured finishes, wallcoverings, and flat paints **OR** At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view, unless otherwise indicated, **as directed**. This is generally the standard exposed finish. Gloss and semi-gloss enamel paints are not usually recommended over this level of finish. ASTM C 840 requires application of "drywall primer" on surfaces before final decoration
 - 1) Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in other Division 07.
 - e. Level 5: For surfaces receiving gloss and semigloss enamels and other surfaces subject to severe lighting **OR** Where indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in other Division 07.
 - f. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions for use as exposed soffit board.

- g. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panels: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - h. Cementitious Backer Units: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- H. Applying Texture Finishes
- 1. Surface Preparation and Primer: Prepare and apply primer to gypsum panels and other surfaces receiving texture finishes. Apply primer to surfaces that are clean, dry, and smooth.
 - 2. Texture Finish Application: Mix and apply finish using powered spray equipment, to produce a uniform texture free of starved spots or other evidence of thin application or of application patterns.
 - 3. Prevent texture finishes from coming into contact with surfaces not indicated to receive texture finish by covering them with masking agents, polyethylene film, or other means. If, despite these precautions, texture finishes contact these surfaces, immediately remove droppings and overspray to prevent damage according to texture-finish manufacturer's written recommendations.
- I. Protection
- 1. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
 - 2. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09 28 13 00

SECTION 09 28 13 00a - GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT-WALL ASSEMBLIES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies for the following:
 - a. Shaft-wall enclosures.
 - b. Chase enclosures.
 - c. Stair enclosures.
 - d. Horizontal enclosures.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each gypsum board shaft-wall assembly indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies with fire-resistance ratings determined according to ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency.
2. STC-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies tested according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a testing and inspecting agency.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, and bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
2. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes.
3. Stack panels flat on leveled supports off floor or slab to prevent sagging.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
2. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
3. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- A. Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies, General
1. Provide materials and components complying with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated.
 - a. Provide panels in maximum lengths available to eliminate or minimize end-to-end butt joints.
 - b. Provide auxiliary materials complying with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Panel Products
1. Recycled Content: Provide gypsum panel products with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
 2. Gypsum Liner Panels: Comply with ASTM C 442/C 442M.
 - a. Type X: Manufacturer's proprietary liner panels with moisture-resistant paper faces.
 - 1) Core: 1 inch (25.4 mm) thick.
 - 2) Long Edges: Double bevel.
 - b. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Type X: Manufacturer's proprietary liner panels with moisture- and mold-resistant core and surfaces; comply with ASTM D 3273.
 - 1) Core: 1 inch (25.4 mm) thick.
 - 2) Long Edges: Double bevel.
 3. Gypsum Base for Gypsum Veneer Plaster: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Veneer Plastering".
 4. Gypsum Board: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Board".
 5. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Board".
 6. Cementitious Backer Units: As specified in Division 09 Section "Tiling".
- C. Non-Load-Bearing Steel Framing
1. Framing Members: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
 2. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Recycled Content: Provide steel sheet with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
 - b. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120) **OR** ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) **OR** Coating with equivalent corrosion resistance of ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120), **as directed**, hot-dip galvanized, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Auxiliary Materials
1. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced product standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
 2. Trim Accessories: Cornerbead, edge trim, and control joints of material and shapes specified in Division 09 Section(s) "Gypsum Veneer Plastering" **OR** "Gypsum Board", **as directed**, that comply with gypsum board shaft-wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations for application indicated.
 3. Gypsum Base Joint-Reinforcing Materials: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Veneer Plastering".
 4. Gypsum Veneer Plaster: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Veneer Plastering".
 5. Gypsum Board Joint-Treatment Materials: As specified in Division 09 Section "Gypsum Board".
 6. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended by manufacturer for directly adhering gypsum face-layer panels and gypsum-base face-layer panels to backing-layer panels in multilayer construction.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 7. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.

- a. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
- 8. Track Fasteners: Power-driven fasteners of size and material required to withstand loading conditions imposed on shaft-wall assemblies without exceeding allowable design stress of track, fasteners, or structural substrates in which anchors are embedded.
 - a. Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified testing agency.
 - b. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190 conducted by a qualified testing agency.
- 9. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing), produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
 - b. Recycled Content: Provide blankets with recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content constitutes a minimum of 25 percent by weight.
- 10. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Division 07 Section "Thermal Insulation".
 - a. Provide sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

E. Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: As indicated on Drawings by design designation of a qualified testing agency.
- 2. Fire-Resistance Rating: As indicated **OR** 1 hour **OR** 2 hours **OR** 3 hours **OR** 4 hours, **as directed**.
- 3. STC Rating: As indicated **OR** 51, minimum, **as directed**.
- 4. Studs: Manufacturer's standard profile for repetitive members, corner and end members, and fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
 - a. Depth: As indicated **OR** 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.0220 inch (0.55 mm) **OR** 0.0329 inch (0.84 mm), **as directed**.
- 5. Runner Tracks: Manufacturer's standard J-profile track with long-leg length as standard with manufacturer, but at least 2 inches (51 mm) long and in depth matching studs.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated **OR** Matching steel studs **OR** 0.0179 inch (0.45 mm) **OR** 0.0220 inch (0.55 mm) **OR** 0.0329 inch (0.84 mm), **as directed**.
- 6. Firestop Tracks: Top runner manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
- 7. Jamb Struts: Manufacturer's standard J-profile strut with long-leg length of 3 inches (76 mm), in depth matching studs, and not less than 0.0329 inch (0.84 mm) thick.
- 8. Room-Side Finish: As indicated **OR** Gypsum board **OR** Gypsum veneer plaster **OR** Cementitious backer units, **as directed**.
- 9. Shaft-Side Finish: As indicated **OR** As indicated by fire-resistance-rated assembly design designation, **as directed**.
- 10. Insulation: Sound attenuation blankets.

2.2 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Sprayed Fire-Resistive Materials: Coordinate with gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies so both elements of Work remain complete and undamaged. Patch or replace sprayed fire-resistive materials removed or damaged during installation of shaft-wall assemblies to comply with requirements specified in Division 07 Section "Applied Fireproofing".

- a. Before sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, attach offset anchor plates or ceiling runner tracks to surfaces indicated to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials. Where offset anchor plates are required, provide continuous plates fastened to building structure not more than 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
2. After sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, remove only to extent necessary for installation of gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies and without reducing the fire-resistive material thickness below that which is required to obtain fire-resistance rating indicated. Protect remaining fire-resistive materials from damage.

B. Installation

1. General: Install gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies to comply with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and the following:
 - a. ASTM C 754 for installing steel framing except comply with framing spacing indicated.
 - b. Division 09 Section(s) "Gypsum Veneer Plastering" OR "Gypsum Board", **as directed**, for applying and finishing panels.
 - c. Division 09 Section "Tiling" for cementitious backer units.
2. Do not bridge architectural or building expansion joints with shaft-wall assemblies; frame both sides of expansion joints with furring and other support.
3. Install supplementary framing in gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies around openings and as required for blocking, bracing, and support of gravity and pullout loads of fixtures, equipment, services, heavy trim, furnishings, and similar items that cannot be supported directly by shaft-wall assembly framing.
 - a. At elevator hoistway entrance door frames, provide jamb struts on each side of door frame.
 - b. Where handrails directly attach to gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies, provide galvanized steel reinforcing strip with 0.0312-inch (0.79-mm) minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal, accurately positioned and secured behind at least 1 gypsum base for veneer plaster **OR** gypsum board **OR** cementitious backer unit, **as directed**, face-layer panel.
4. Integrate stair hanger rods with gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies by locating cavity of assemblies where required to enclose rods.
5. At penetrations in shaft wall, maintain fire-resistance rating of shaft-wall assembly by installing supplementary steel framing around perimeter of penetration and fire protection behind boxes containing wiring devices, elevator call buttons, elevator floor indicators, and similar items.
6. Isolate perimeter of gypsum panels from building structure to prevent cracking of panels, while maintaining continuity of fire-rated construction.
7. Firestop Tracks: Where indicated, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
8. Control Joints: Install control joints at locations indicated on Drawings **OR** according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by the Owner, **as directed**, while maintaining fire-resistance rating of gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies.
9. Seal gypsum board shaft walls with acoustical sealant at perimeter of each assembly where it abuts other work and at joints and penetrations within each assembly. Install acoustical sealant to withstand dislocation by air-pressure differential between shaft and external spaces; maintain an airtight and smoke-tight seal; and comply with ASTM C 919 requirements or with manufacturer's written instructions, whichever are more stringent.
10. In elevator shafts where gypsum board shaft-wall assemblies cannot be positioned within 4 inches (102 mm) of the shaft face of structural beams, floor edges, and similar projections into shaft, install 1/2- or 5/8-inch- (13- or 16-mm-) thick, gypsum board cants covering tops of projections. No recesses allowed (at steel beams especially).
 - a. Slope cant panels at least 75 degrees from horizontal. Set base edge of panels in adhesive and secure top edges to shaft walls at 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. with screws fastened to shaft-wall framing.
 - b. Where steel framing is required to support gypsum board cants, install framing at 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. and extend studs from the projection to shaft-wall framing.
11. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch (3mm) from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

C. Protection

1. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
2. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - a. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - b. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09 28 13 00a

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 28 13 00	09 22 13 00a	Gypsum Veneer Plaster
09 28 13 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile
09 29 00 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
09 29 00 00	09 28 13 00	Gypsum Board
09 29 00 00	09 23 13 00	Gypsum Board Renovation
09 29 00 00	09 28 13 00a	Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies
09 30 13 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile
09 30 16 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile

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SECTION 09 31 00 00 - CERAMIC TILE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for ceramic tile. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Ceramic tile.
 - b. Stone thresholds.
 - c. Waterproof membrane.
 - d. Crack isolation membrane.
 - e. Tile backing panels.
 - f. Metal edge strips.

C. Definitions

1. General: Definitions in the ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards and in ANSI A137.1 apply to Work of this Section unless otherwise specified.
2. ANSI A108 Series: ANSI A108.01, ANSI A108.02, ANSI A108.1A, ANSI A108.1B, ANSI A108.1C, ANSI A108.4, ANSI A108.5, ANSI A108.6, ANSI A108.8, ANSI A108.9, ANSI A108.10, ANSI A108.11, ANSI A108.12, ANSI A108.13, ANSI A108.14, ANSI A108.15, ANSI A108.16, and ANSI A108.17, which are contained in "American National Standard Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile."
3. Module Size: Actual tile size plus joint width indicated.
4. Face Size: Actual tile size, excluding spacer lugs.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Static Coefficient of Friction: For tile installed on walkway surfaces, provide products with the following values as determined by testing identical products per ASTM C 1028:
 - a. Level Surfaces: Minimum 0.6.
 - b. Step Treads: Minimum 0.6.
 - c. Ramp Surfaces: Minimum 0.8.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Show locations of each type of tile and tile pattern. Show widths, details, and locations of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile substrates and finished tile surfaces.
4. Samples:
 - a. Full-size units of each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required. For ceramic mosaic tile in color blend patterns, provide full sheets of each color blend.
OR
Assembled samples mounted on a rigid panel, with grouted joints, for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required. Make samples at least 12 inches (300 mm) square, but not fewer than 4 tiles. Use grout of type and in color or colors approved for completed Work.
 - b. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory for each color and finish required.

- c. Stone thresholds in 6-inch (150-mm) lengths.
- d. Metal edge strips in 6-inch (150-mm) lengths.
- 5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- 6. Master Grade Certificates: For each shipment, type, and composition of tile, signed by tile manufacturer and Installer.
- 7. Product Certificates: For each type of product, signed by product manufacturer.
- 8. Material Test Reports: For each tile-setting and -grouting product and special purpose tile.

F. Quality Assurance

- 1. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain tile of each type and color or finish **OR** tile of each type **OR** tile of each color or finish **OR** tile, **as directed**, from one source or producer.
 - a. Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- 2. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from one manufacturer and each aggregate from one source or producer.
- 3. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section from a single manufacturer for each product:
 - a. Stone thresholds.
 - b. Waterproof membrane.
 - c. Crack isolation membrane.
 - d. Joint sealants.
 - e. Cementitious backer units.
 - f. Metal edge strips.
- 4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

- 1. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirements in ANSI A137.1 for labeling tile packages.
- 2. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
- 3. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination can be avoided.
- 4. Store liquid materials in unopened containers and protected from freezing.
- 5. Handle tile that has temporary protective coating on exposed surfaces to prevent coated surfaces from contacting backs or edges of other units. If coating does contact bonding surfaces of tile, remove coating from bonding surfaces before setting tile.

H. Project Conditions

- 1. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Products, General

- 1. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
 - a. Provide tile complying with Standard grade requirements unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 1.2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.
- 3. Factory Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges, blend tile in factory and package so tile units taken from one package show same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples.

4. Mounting: For factory-mounted tile, provide back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies as standard with manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Where tile is indicated for installation in swimming pools, on exteriors or in wet areas, do not use back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies unless tile manufacturer specifies in writing that this type of mounting is suitable for installation indicated and has a record of successful in-service performance.
5. Factory-Applied Temporary Protective Coating: Where indicated under tile type, protect exposed surfaces of tile against adherence of mortar and grout by precoating with continuous film of petroleum paraffin wax, applied hot. Do not coat unexposed tile surfaces.

B. Tile Products

1. Tile Type: Factory-mounted unglazed **OR** glazed, **as directed**, ceramic mosaic tile.
 - a. Composition: Porcelain **OR** Impervious natural clay or porcelain **OR** Vitreous or impervious natural clay or porcelain, **as directed**.
 - b. Module Size: 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 1 by 2 inches (25.4 by 50.8 mm) **OR** 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.35 mm).
 - d. Face: Plain **OR** Pattern of design indicated, **as directed**, with cushion edges.
 - e. Surface (for unglazed tile): Smooth, without **OR** Slip-resistant, with, **as directed**, abrasive admixture.
 - f. Finish (for glazed tile): Bright, opaque **OR** Bright, clear **OR** Mat, opaque **OR** Mat, clear **OR** Semimat, opaque **OR** Semimat, clear **OR** Vellum, opaque **OR** Vellum, clear **OR** Crystalline, **as directed**, glaze.
 - g. Tile Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - h. Grout Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile, **as directed**. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
 - 1) Base Cove: Cove, module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Base Cap for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Bead (bullnose), module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Base Cap for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Surface bullnose, module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4) Wainscot Cap for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Bead (bullnose), module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5) Wainscot Cap for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Surface bullnose, module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm), **as directed**.
 - 6) Wainscot Cap for Flush Conditions: Regular flat tile for conditions where tile wainscot is shown flush with wall surface above it, same size as adjoining flat tile.
 - 7) External Corners for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Bead (bullnose), module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 8) External Corners for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Surface bullnose, module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm), **as directed**.
 - 9) Internal Corners: Cove, module size 1 by 1 inch (25.4 by 25.4 mm) **OR** 2 by 1 inch (50.8 by 25.4 mm), **as directed**.
OR
 Internal Corners: Field-buttet square corners. For coved base and cap, use angle pieces designed to fit with stretcher shapes.
 - 10) Tapered Transition Tile: Shape designed to effect transition between thickness of tile floor and adjoining floor finishes of different thickness, tapered to provide reduction in thickness from 1/2 to 1/4 inch (12.7 to 6.35 mm) across nominal 4-inch (100-mm) dimension.

2. Tile Type: Unglazed **OR** Glazed, **as directed**, square-edged quarry tile.
 - a. Face Size: 3 by 3 inches (76 by 76 mm) **OR** 4 by 4 inches (102 by 102 mm) **OR** 6 by 3 inches (152 by 76 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 8 by 3-7/8 inches (203 by 98 mm) **OR** 8 by 8 inches (203 by 203 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Wearing Surface (for unglazed tile): Nonabrasive, smooth **OR** Abrasive aggregate embedded in surface, **as directed**.
 - d. Finish (for glazed tile): Bright, opaque **OR** Bright, clear **OR** Mat, opaque **OR** Mat, clear **OR** Semimat, opaque **OR** Semimat, clear **OR** Vellum, opaque **OR** Vellum, clear **OR** Crystalline, **as directed**, glaze.
 - e. Tile Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Grout Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. For furan-grouted quarry tile, precoat with temporary protective coating.
 - h. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile, **as directed**. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
 - 1) Base: Coved with surface bullnose top edge, **as directed**, face size 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 8 by 3-7/8 inches (203 by 98 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Wainscot Cap: Surface bullnose, face size 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 8 by 3-7/8 inches (203 by 98 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Wainscot Cap for Flush Conditions: Regular flat tile for conditions where tile wainscot is shown flush with wall surface above it, same size as adjoining flat tile.
3. Tile Type: Unglazed **OR** Glazed, **as directed**, paver tile.
 - a. Composition: Porcelain **OR** Impervious natural clay or porcelain **OR** Vitreous or impervious natural clay or porcelain **OR** Natural clay or porcelain, **as directed**.
 - b. Face Size: 3 by 3 inches (76 by 76 mm) **OR** 4 by 4 inches (102 by 102 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 7-3/4 by 3-7/8 inches (197 by 98 mm) **OR** 7-7/8 by 7-7/8 inches (200 by 200 mm) **OR** 11-13/16 by 11-13/16 inches (300 by 300 mm) **OR** 165 by 333 mm **OR** 200 by 250 mm **OR** 250 by 250 mm **OR** 165 by 333 mm **OR** 333 by 333 mm **OR** 400 by 400 mm, **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Face: Plain with square or cushion edges **OR** Plain with square edges **OR** Plain with cushion edges **OR** Pattern of design indicated, with square or cushion edges **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish (for glazed tile): Bright, opaque **OR** Bright, clear **OR** Mat, opaque **OR** Mat, clear **OR** Semimat, opaque **OR** Semimat, clear **OR** Vellum, opaque **OR** Vellum, clear **OR** Crystalline, **as directed**, glaze.
 - f. Tile Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Grout Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
4. Tile Type: Glazed wall tile **OR** Decorative thin wall tile, **as directed**.
 - a. Module Size: 4-1/4 by 4-1/4 inches (108 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 4-1/4 inches (152 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 200 by 200 mm **OR** 250 by 250 mm **OR** 200 by 300 mm, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 5/16 inch (8 mm).
 - c. Face: Plain with modified square edges or cushion edges **OR** Plain with modified square edges **OR** Plain with cushion edges **OR** Pattern of design indicated, with manufacturer's standard edges, **as directed**.
 - d. Finish: Bright, opaque **OR** Bright, clear **OR** Mat, opaque **OR** Mat, clear **OR** Semimat, opaque **OR** Semimat, clear **OR** Vellum, opaque **OR** Vellum, clear **OR** Crystalline, **as directed**, glaze.
 - e. Tile Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

- f. Grout Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- g. Mounting: Factory, back mounted.
- h. Mounting: PregROUTED sheets of tiles factory assembled and grouted with manufacturer's standard white silicone rubber.
- i. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable and matching characteristics of adjoining flat tile, **as directed**. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
 - 1) Base for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Coved, module size 4-1/4 by 4-1/4 inches (108 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 6 by 3-3/4 inches (152 by 95 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Base for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Straight, module size 4-1/4 by 4-1/4 inches (108 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 6 by 2 inches (152 by 51 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Wainscot Cap for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Bullnose cap, module size 4-1/4 by 4-1/4 inches (108 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 6 by 2 inches (152 by 51 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4) Wainscot Cap for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Surface bullnose, module size 4-1/4 by 4-1/4 inches (108 by 108 mm) **OR** 6 by 6 inches (152 by 152 mm) **OR** 6 by 2 inches (152 by 51 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5) Wainscot Cap for Flush Conditions: Regular flat tile for conditions where tile wainscot is shown flush with wall surface above it, same size as adjoining flat tile.
 - 6) External Corners for Portland Cement Mortar Installations: Bullnose shape with radius of at least 3/4 inch (19 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7) External Corners for Thin-Set Mortar Installations: Surface bullnose, same size as adjoining flat tile.
 - 8) Internal Corners: Field-buttet square corners. For coved base and cap use angle pieces designed to fit with stretcher shapes.
- 5. Accessories: Provide vitreous china accessories of type and size indicated, suitable for installing by same method as adjoining wall tile.
 - a. One soap holder with grab handle, **as directed**, for each shower and tub indicated.
 - b. One paper holder at each water closet.
 - c. Color and Finish: Match adjoining glazed wall tile **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** White, bright glaze, **as directed**.

C. Thresholds

- 1. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
 - a. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, with lower edge of bevel aligned with or up to 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) above adjacent floor surface. Finish bevel to match top surface of threshold. Limit height of threshold to 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) or less above adjacent floor surface.
- 2. Granite Thresholds: ASTM C 615, with polished **OR** honed, **as directed**, finish.
 - a. Description: Uniform, fine **OR** medium, **as directed**,-grained, white **OR** gray **OR** black, **as directed**, stone without veining.
OR
 Description: Match sample.
- 3. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503, with a minimum abrasion resistance of 10 **OR** 12, **as directed**, per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
 - a. Description: Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.
OR
 Description: Match sample.
- 4. Slate Thresholds: ASTM C 629, Classification I Exterior **OR** II Interior, **as directed**, with fine, even grain and honed finish.
 - a. Description: Uniform, black **OR** blue-black **OR** gray **OR** blue-gray **OR** green, **as directed**, stone and unfading.
OR
 Description: Match sample.

- D. Tile Backing Panels
1. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C 1325, in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end butt joints.
 - a. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) **OR** 5/8 inch (15.9 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 2. Fiber-Cement Underlayment: ASTM C 1288, in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end butt joints.
 - a. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- E. Waterproof Membrane
1. General: Manufacturer's standard product, selected from the following, that complies with ANSI A118.10 and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
 2. Chlorinated Polyethylene Sheet: Nonplasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch (0.76-mm) nominal thickness.
 3. PVC Sheet: Two layers of PVC sheet heat-fused together and to facings of nonwoven polyester; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
 4. Polyethylene Sheet: Polyethylene faced on both sides with fleece webbing; 0.008-inch (0.203-mm) nominal thickness.
 5. Fabric-Reinforced, Modified-Bituminous Sheet: Self-adhering, SBS-modified-bituminous sheet with woven reinforcement facing; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
 6. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Membrane: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer and continuous fabric reinforcement.
 7. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
 8. Latex-Portland Cement: Flexible mortar consisting of cement-based mix and latex additive.
 9. Urethane Waterproofing and Tile-Setting Adhesive: One-part, liquid-applied urethane, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), in a consistency suitable for trowel application and intended for use as both waterproofing and tile-setting adhesive in a two-step process.
- F. Crack Isolation Membrane
1. General: Manufacturer's standard product, selected from the following, that complies with ANSI A118.12 for standard **OR** high, **as directed**, performance and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
 2. Chlorinated Polyethylene Sheet: Nonplasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch (0.76-mm) nominal thickness.
 3. PVC Sheet: Two layers of PVC sheet heat-fused together and to facings of nonwoven polyester; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
 4. Polyethylene Sheet: Polyethylene faced on both sides with fleece webbing; 0.008-inch (0.203-mm) nominal thickness.
 5. Corrugated Polyethylene: Corrugated polyethylene with dovetail-shaped corrugations and with anchoring webbing on the underside; 3/16-inch (4-mm) nominal thickness.
 6. Fabric-Reinforced, Modified-Bituminous Sheet: Self-adhering, modified-bituminous sheet with fabric reinforcement facing; 0.040-inch (1.01-mm) nominal thickness.
 7. Fabric-Reinforced, Fluid-Applied Membrane: System consisting of liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer and fabric reinforcement.
 8. Fluid-Applied Membrane: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer.
 9. Latex-Portland Cement: Flexible mortar consisting of cement-based mix and latex additive.
 10. Urethane Crack Isolation Membrane and Tile-Setting Adhesive: One-part, liquid-applied urethane, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), in a consistency suitable for trowel application and intended for use as both waterproofing and tile-setting adhesive in a two-step process.
- G. Setting Materials
1. Portland Cement Mortar (Thickset) Installation Materials: ANSI A108.02.

- a. Cleavage Membrane: Asphalt felt, ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15); or polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 4397, 4.0 mils (0.1 mm) thick.
 - b. Reinforcing Wire Fabric: Galvanized, welded wire fabric, 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm) by 0.062-inch (1.57-mm) diameter; comply with ASTM A 1064 and ASTM A 82 except for minimum wire size.
 - c. Expanded Metal Lath: Diamond-mesh lath complying with ASTM C 847.
 - 1) Base Metal and Finish for Interior Applications: Uncoated or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet, with uncoated steel sheet painted after fabrication into lath.
 - 2) Base Metal and Finish for Exterior Applications: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
 - 3) Configuration over Studs and Furring: Flat.
 - 4) Configuration over Solid Surfaces: Self furring.
 - 5) Weight: 2.5 lb/sq. yd. (1.4 kg/sq. m) **OR** 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - d. Latex Additive: Manufacturer's standard, acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber water emulsion, serving as replacement for part or all of gaging water, of type specifically recommended by latex-additive manufacturer for use with field-mixed portland cement and aggregate mortar bed.
2. Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.1.
 - a. For wall applications, provide mortar that complies with requirements for nonsagging mortar in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.1.
 3. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.4.
 - a. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
OR
 Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber liquid-latex additive at Project site.
 - b. For wall applications, provide mortar that complies with requirements for nonsagging mortar in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.4.
 4. Medium-Bed, Latex-Portland Cement Mortar: Comply with requirements in ANSI A118.4. Provide product that is approved by manufacturer for application thickness of 5/8 inch (16 mm).
 - a. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
OR
 Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber liquid-latex additive at Project site.
 5. EGP (Exterior Glue Plywood) Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.11.
 - a. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
 - b. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber liquid-latex additive at Project site.
 6. Water-Cleanable, Tile-Setting Epoxy: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - a. Provide product capable of withstanding continuous and intermittent exposure to temperatures of up to 140 deg F (60 deg C) and 212 deg F (100 deg C), respectively, and certified by manufacturer for intended use.
 7. Chemical-Resistant Furan Mortar: ANSI A118.5, with carbon filler.
 8. Organic Adhesive: ANSI A136.1, Type I, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- H. Grout Materials
1. Sand-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10, composed of white or gray cement and white or colored aggregate as required to produce color indicated.
 2. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6.
 3. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
 - a. Polymer Type: Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive, in dry, redispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.
OR

Polymer Type: Acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene rubber in liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.

4. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3.
 - a. Provide product capable of withstanding continuous and intermittent exposure to temperatures of up to 140 deg F (60 deg C) and 212 deg F (100 deg C), respectively, and certified by manufacturer for intended use.
5. Chemical-Resistant Furan Grout: ANSI A118.5, with carbon filler.
6. Grout for Pregrouted Tile Sheets: Same product used in factory to pregrout tile sheets.

I. Elastomeric Sealants

1. General: Provide sealants, primers, backer rods, and other sealant accessories that comply with the following requirements and with the applicable requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
 - a. Use sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - b. Use primers, backer rods, and sealant accessories recommended by sealant manufacturer.
2. Colors: Provide colors of exposed sealants to match colors of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints unless otherwise indicated.
3. One-Part, Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: ASTM C 920; Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to nonporous joint substrates indicated, O; formulated with fungicide, intended for sealing interior ceramic tile joints and other nonporous substrates that are subject to in-service exposures of high humidity and extreme temperatures.
4. Multipart, Pourable Urethane Sealant for Use T: ASTM C 920; Type M; Grade P; Class 25; Uses T, M, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
5. Chemical-Resistant Sealants: For chemical-resistant floors, provide chemical-resistant elastomeric sealant of type recommended and produced by chemical-resistant mortar and grout manufacturer for type of application indicated, with proven service record and compatibility with tile and other setting materials, and with chemical resistance equivalent to mortar/grout.

J. Miscellaneous Materials

1. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
2. Metal Edge Strips: Angle or L-shape, height to match tile and setting-bed thickness, metallic or combination of metal and PVC or neoprene base, designed specifically for flooring applications; half-hard brass **OR** white zinc alloy **OR** nickel silver **OR** stainless-steel, ASTM A 666, 300 Series, **as directed**, exposed-edge material.
3. Temporary Protective Coating: Either product indicated below that is formulated to protect exposed surfaces of tile against adherence of mortar and grout; compatible with tile, mortar, and grout products; and easily removable after grouting is completed without damaging grout or tile.
 - a. Petroleum paraffin wax, fully refined and odorless, containing at least 0.5 percent oil with a melting point of 120 to 140 deg F (49 to 60 deg C) per ASTM D 87.
 - b. Grout release in form of manufacturer's standard proprietary liquid coating that is specially formulated and recommended for use as temporary protective coating for tile.
4. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
5. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard silicone product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.

K. Mixing Mortars And Grout

1. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
2. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.

3. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
 - a. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm, dry, clean, free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
 - b. Verify that concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives, bonded mortar bed or thin-set mortar comply with surface finish requirements in ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
 - 1) Verify that surfaces that received a steel trowel finish have been mechanically scarified.
 - 2) Verify that protrusions, bumps, and ridges have been removed by sanding or grinding.
 - c. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed.
 - d. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives or thin-set mortar with trowelable leveling and patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
2. Where indicated, prepare substrates to receive waterproofing by applying a reinforced mortar bed that complies with ANSI A108.1A and is sloped 1/4 inch per foot (1:50) toward drains.
3. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.
4. Field-Applied Temporary Protective Coating: If indicated under tile type or needed to prevent grout from staining or adhering to exposed tile surfaces, precoat them with continuous film of temporary protective coating, taking care not to coat unexposed tile surfaces.

C. Tile Installation

1. Comply with TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation" for TCA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
 - a. For the following installations, follow procedures in the ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for providing 95 percent mortar coverage:
 - 1) Exterior tile floors.
 - 2) Tile floors in wet areas.
 - 3) Tile swimming pool decks.
 - 4) Tile floors in laundries.
 - 5) Tile floors composed of tiles 8 by 8 inches (200 by 200 mm) or larger.
 - 6) Tile floors composed of rib-backed tiles.
2. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

3. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
 4. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. For tile mounted in sheets, make joints between tile sheets same width as joints within tile sheets so joints between sheets are not apparent in finished work.
 - b. Where adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim are specified or indicated to be same size, align joints.
 - c. Where tiles are specified or indicated to be whole integer multiples of adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim, align joints unless otherwise indicated.
 5. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
 - a. Ceramic Mosaic Tile: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - b. Quarry Tile: 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Paver Tile: 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Glazed Wall Tile: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - e. Decorative Thin Wall Tile: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 6. Lay out tile wainscots to dimensions indicated or to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
 7. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
 - a. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above them.
 - b. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
 8. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds in same type of setting bed as adjacent floor unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. At locations where mortar bed (thickset) would otherwise be exposed above adjacent floor finishes, set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar (thin set).
 - b. Do not extend cleavage membrane, waterproofing or crack isolation membrane under thresholds set in dry-set portland cement or latex-portland cement mortar. Fill joints between such thresholds and adjoining tile set on cleavage membrane, waterproofing or crack isolation membrane with elastomeric sealant.
 9. Metal Edge Strips: Install at locations indicated **OR** where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with top of tile **OR** where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with or below top of tile and no threshold is indicated, **as directed**.
 10. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to cementitious grout joints in tile floors according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.
- D. Tile Backing Panel Installation
1. Install cementitious backer units and fiber-cement underlayment and treat joints according to ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of application indicated. Use latex-portland cement mortar for bonding material unless otherwise directed in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Waterproofing Installation
1. Install waterproofing to comply with ANSI A108.13 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness and bonded securely to substrate.
 2. Do not install tile or setting materials over waterproofing until waterproofing has cured and been tested to determine that it is watertight.
- F. Crack Isolation Membrane Installation

1. Install crack isolation membrane to comply with ANSI A108.17 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce membrane of uniform thickness and bonded securely to substrate.
2. Do not install tile or setting materials over crack isolation membrane until membrane has cured.

G. Cleaning And Protecting

1. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
 - a. Remove epoxy and latex-portland cement grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
 - b. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.
 - c. Remove temporary protective coating by method recommended by coating manufacturer and that is acceptable to tile and grout manufacturer. Trap and remove coating to prevent drain clogging.
2. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear. If recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors.
3. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
4. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral protective cleaner from tile surfaces.

H. Exterior Tile Installation Schedule

1. Exterior Floor Installations:
 - a. Tile Installation F101: Cement mortar bed (thickset) bonded to concrete **OR** over waterproof membrane on concrete **OR** over waterproof membrane on concrete where indicated and bonded to concrete where membrane is not indicated, **as directed**; TCA F101 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation F102: Thin-set mortar on concrete **OR** over waterproof membrane on concrete **OR** over waterproof membrane on concrete where indicated and on concrete where membrane is not indicated, **as directed**; TCA F102.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
2. Exterior Wall Installations, Masonry or Concrete:
 - a. Tile Installation W201: Cement mortar bed (thickset) on metal lath over waterproof membrane; TCA W201 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation W202: Thin-set mortar; TCA W202.

- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
- 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
- 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.

I. Interior Tile Installation Schedule

1. Interior Floor Installations, Concrete Subfloor:

- a. Tile Installation F111: Cement mortar bed (thickset) with cleavage membrane; TCA F111 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation F112: Cement mortar bed (thickset) bonded to concrete; TCA F112 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation F113: Thin-set mortar; TCA F113.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- d. Tile Installation F114: Cement mortar bed (thickset) with cleavage membrane; epoxy **OR** furan, **as directed**, grout; TCA F114 and ANSI A108.1B.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy **OR** Chemical-resistant furan, **as directed**, grout.
- e. Tile Installation F115: Thin-set mortar; epoxy **OR** furan, **as directed**, grout; TCA F115.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy **OR** Chemical-resistant furan, **as directed**, grout.
- f. Tile Installation F116: Organic adhesive **OR** Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy, **as directed**; TCA F116.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- g. Tile Installation F121: Cement mortar bed (thickset) on waterproof membrane; TCA F121 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.

- h. Tile Installation F122: Thin-set mortar on waterproof membrane; TCA F122.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Polymer-modified sanded **OR** unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- i. Tile Installation F125A: Thin-set mortar on crack isolation membrane; TCA F125A.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- j. Tile Installation F131: Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy; epoxy grout; TCA F131.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- k. Tile Installation F132: Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy on cured cement mortar bed bonded to concrete subfloor **OR** installed over cleavage membrane, **as directed**; epoxy grout; TCA F132.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
- l. Tile Installation F133: Chemical-resistant furan mortar **OR** Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy, **as directed**; furan grout. TCA F133 except use water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy instead of chemical-resistant furan mortar for setting tile.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Chemical-resistant furan grout.
- 2. Interior Floor Installations, Wood Subfloor:
 - a. Tile Installation F121: Cement mortar bed (thickset) on waterproof membrane; TCA F121 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation F141: Cement mortar bed (thickset) with cleavage membrane; TCA F141 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - c. Tile Installation F142: Organic adhesive; TCA F142.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - d. Tile Installation F143: Water-cleanable, tile-setting epoxy; epoxy grout; TCA F143.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Water-cleanable epoxy grout.
 - e. Tile Installation F144: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment; TCA F144.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.

- f. Tile Installation F150/160: Thin-set mortar on exterior-glue plywood; TCA F150 or TCA F160.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: EGP latex-portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
3. Interior Radiant Heat Floor Installations, Concrete Subfloor:
- a. Tile Installation RH110: Thin-set mortar on crack isolation membrane; hydronic piping installed in concrete; TCA RH110.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation RH115: Thin-set mortar; electric radiant system encapsulated in thin-set mortar; TCA RH115.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation RH116: Thin-set mortar on crack isolation membrane; electric radiant system encapsulated in cementitious self-leveling underlayment; TCA RH116.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Cementitious Self-Leveling Underlayment: Specified in Division 03 Section "Hydraulic Cement Underlayment".
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
4. Interior Radiant Heat Floor Installations, Wood Subfloor:
- a. Tile Installation RH130: Thin-set mortar on exterior-glue plywood; electric radiant system encapsulated in thin-set mortar; TCA RH130.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: EGP latex-portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation RH135: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment; electric radiant system encapsulated in thin-set mortar; TCA RH135.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation RH140: Thin-set mortar on crack isolation membrane; electric radiant system encapsulated in cementitious self-leveling underlayment; TCA RH140.
- 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Cementitious Self-Leveling Underlayment: Specified in Division 03 Section "Hydraulic Cement Underlayment".
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.

- 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
5. Interior Wall Installations, Masonry or Concrete:
 - a. Tile Installation W202: Thin-set mortar; TCA W202.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex- **OR** Medium-bed, latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation W211: Cement mortar bed (thickset) bonded to substrate; TCA W211 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - c. Tile Installation W221: Cement mortar bed (thickset) on metal lath over waterproof membrane, **as directed**; TCA W221 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - d. Tile Installation W222: One-coat cement mortar bed (thickset) on metal lath over waterproof membrane, **as directed**; TCA W222 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - e. Tile Installation W223: Organic adhesive; TCA W223.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
6. Interior Wall Installations, Wood Studs or Furring:
 - a. Tile Installation W221: Cement mortar bed (thickset) over waterproof membrane, **as directed**, on solid backing; TCA W221 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.

- 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation W222: One-coat cement mortar bed (thickset) over waterproof membrane, **as directed**, on solid backing; TCA W222 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation W223: Organic adhesive on solid backing; TCA W223.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- d. Tile Installation W231: Cement mortar bed (thickset); TCA W231 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- e. Tile Installation W243: Thin-set mortar on gypsum board; TCA W243.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- f. Tile Installation W244: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment over cleavage membrane, **as directed**; TCA W244.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- g. Tile Installation W245: Thin-set mortar **OR** Organic adhesive, **as directed**, on coated glass-mat, water-resistant gypsum backer board; TCA W245.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
7. Interior Wall Installations, Metal Studs or Furring:
 - a. Tile Installation W221: Cement mortar bed (thickset) over waterproof membrane, **as directed**, on solid backing; TCA W221 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.

- 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
- 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation W222: One-coat cement mortar bed (thickset) over waterproof membrane, **as directed**, on solid backing; TCA W222 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation W223: Organic adhesive on solid backing; TCA W223.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- d. Tile Installation W241: Cement mortar bed (thickset); TCA W241 and ANSI A108.1B.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- e. Tile Installation W242: Organic adhesive on gypsum board; TCA W242.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Grout: Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- f. Tile Installation W243: Thin-set mortar on gypsum board; TCA W243.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- g. Tile Installation W244: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment over cleavage membrane, **as directed**; TCA W244.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
- h. Tile Installation W245: Thin-set mortar **OR** Organic adhesive, **as directed**, on coated glass-mat, water-resistant gypsum backer board; TCA W245.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
8. Bathtub Wall Installations, Wood **OR** Metal, **as directed**, Studs or Furring:
 - a. Tile Installation B413: Thin-set mortar **OR** Organic adhesive, **as directed**, on water-resistant gypsum board; TCA B413.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.

- 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
9. Bathtub/Shower Wall Installations, Wood **OR** Metal, **as directed**, Studs or Furring:
 - a. Tile Installation B411: Cement mortar bed (thickset); TCA B411 and ANSI A108.1A.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation B412: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment; TCA B412.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
 - c. Tile Installation B419: Thin-set mortar **OR** Organic adhesive, **as directed**, on coated glass-mat, water-resistant backer board; TCA B419.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded **OR** Water-cleanable epoxy, **as directed**, grout.
10. Shower Receptor and Wall Installations, Concrete or Masonry:
 - a. Tile Installation B414: Cement mortar bed (thickset); TCA B414 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - b. Tile Installation B421: Thin-set mortar on waterproof membrane; TCA B421.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
 - c. Tile Installation B422: Thin-set mortar on waterproof membrane with integrated bonding flange for bonded membranes; TCA B422.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
11. Shower Receptor and Wall Installations, Wood **OR** Metal, **as directed**, Studs or Furring:
 - a. Tile Installation B414: Cement mortar bed (thickset); TCA B414 and ANSI A108.1A **OR** ANSI A108.1B **OR** ANSI A108.1C, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bond Coat Mortar for Wet-Set Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Thin-Set Mortar for Cured-Bed Method: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.

- 4) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- b. Tile Installation B415: Thin-set mortar on cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment; TCA B415.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- c. Tile Installation B420: Thin-set mortar on coated glass-mat, water-resistant backer board; TCA B420.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Dry-set **OR** Latex-, **as directed**, portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- d. Tile Installation B421: Thin-set mortar on waterproof membrane over cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment; TCA B421.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.
- e. Tile Installation B422: Thin-set mortar on waterproof membrane over cementitious backer units or fiber cement underlayment with integrated bonding flange for bonded membranes; TCA B422.
 - 1) Tile Type: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-portland cement mortar.
 - 3) Grout: Sand-portland cement **OR** Standard sanded cement **OR** Standard unsanded cement **OR** Polymer-modified sanded **OR** Polymer-modified unsanded, **as directed**, grout.

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 32 00 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile
09 34 00 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile
09 35 00 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile
09 39 00 00	09 31 00 00	Ceramic Tile

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SECTION 09 51 13 00 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for acoustical panel ceilings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.
2. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

C. Definitions

1. AC: Articulation Class.
2. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
3. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.
4. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Coordination Drawings: Drawn to scale and coordinating acoustical panel ceiling installation with hanger attachment to building structure and ceiling mounted items:
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
5. Product test reports.
6. Research/evaluation reports.
7. Maintenance data.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory, or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.
2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics
 - a. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical panel ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1) Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.
 - 2) Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - b. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical panels with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A **OR B OR C, as directed**, materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
 - 1) Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
3. Seismic Standard: Provide acoustical panel ceilings designed and installed to withstand the effects of earthquake motions according to the following:

- a. Standard for Ceiling Suspension Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with ASTM E 580.
 - b. CISCA's Recommendations for Acoustical Ceilings: Comply with CISCA's "Recommendations for Direct-Hung Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings--Seismic Zones 0-2."
 - c. CISCA's Guidelines for Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with CISCA's "Guidelines for Seismic Restraint of Direct-Hung Suspended Ceiling Assemblies--Seismic Zones 3 & 4."
 - d. IBC Standard for Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and for Lay-in Panel Ceilings.
 - e. ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."
4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
2. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.
3. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Acoustical Panels, General

1. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches (400 mm) away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
2. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
 - a. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical panels are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by the Owner from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.
3. Broad Spectrum Antimicrobial Fungicide and Bactericide Treatment: Provide acoustical panels treated with manufacturer's standard antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.
4. Antimicrobial Fungicide Treatment: Provide acoustical panels with face and back surfaces coated with antimicrobial treatment consisting of manufacturer's standard formulation with fungicide added to inhibit growth of mold and mildew and showing no mold or mildew growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.

B. Acoustical Panels For Acoustical Panel Ceiling

1. Classification: Provide fire-resistance-rated, **as directed**, panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:
 - a. Type and Form: Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 1, nodular **OR** 2, water felted **OR** 4, cast or molded, **as directed**.

- b. Type and Form: Type IV, mineral base with membrane-faced overlay; Form 1, nodular; with glass-fiber cloth **OR** washable vinyl-film, **as directed**, overlay.
 - c. Type and Form: Type IV, mineral base with membrane-faced overlay; Form 2, water felted; with vinyl overlay on face **OR** vinyl overlay on face and back **OR** vinyl overlay on face, back, and sealed edges **OR** fiberglass-fabric overlay on face, **as directed**.
 - d. Type and Form: Type XII, glass-fiber base with membrane-faced overlay; Form 1, plastic **OR** 2, cloth **OR** 3, other, **as directed**.
 - e. Type and Form: Type XX, other types; described as high-density, ceramic- and mineral-base panels with scrubbable finish, resistant to heat, moisture, and corrosive fumes.
 - f. Pattern: C (perforated, small holes) **OR** CD (perforated, small holes and fissured) **OR** CE (perforated, small holes and lightly textured) **OR** D (fissured) **OR** E (lightly textured) **OR** F (heavily textured) **OR** G (smooth) **OR** GH (smooth and printed) **OR** I (embossed) **OR** J (embossed-in-register) **OR** K (surface scored) **OR** Z (other patterns as described) **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designation, **as directed**.
2. Color: White **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 3. LR: Not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 0.90, **as directed**.
 4. NRC: Not less than 0.10 **OR** 0.35 **OR** 0.40 **OR** 0.50 **OR** 0.55 **OR** 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 0.90 **OR** 0.95 **OR** 1.00, **as directed**.
 5. CAC: Not less than 20 **OR** 25 **OR** 30 **OR** 35 **OR** 40, **as directed**.
 6. AC: Not less than 170 **OR** 180 **OR** 190 **OR** 200 **OR** 210, **as directed**.
 7. Edge/Joint Detail: Square **OR** Reveal sized to fit flange of exposed suspension system members **OR** Flush reveal sized to fit flange of exposed suspension system members **OR** Beveled, kerfed and rabbeted long edges and square, butt-on short edges, **as directed**.
 8. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 7/8 inch (22 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 9. Thickness (For glass-fiber-based panels): 1/8 inch (3 mm) **OR** 9/16 inch (15 mm) **OR** 5/8 inch (15 mm) **OR** 7/16 inch (22 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 10. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 48 inches (610 by 1220 mm) **OR** 600 by 600 mm **OR** 600 by 1200 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 11. Antimicrobial Treatment: Broad spectrum fungicide and bactericide **OR** Fungicide, **as directed**, based.
- C. Metal Suspension Systems, General
1. Recycled Content: Provide products made from steel sheet with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
 2. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.
 3. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.
 - a. High-Humidity Finish: Comply with ASTM C 635 requirements for "Coating Classification for Severe Environment Performance" where high-humidity finishes are indicated.
 4. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
 - a. Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 or ASTM E 1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1) Type: Cast-in-place **OR** Postinstalled expansion **OR** Postinstalled bonded, **as directed**, anchors.

- 2) Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition.
- 3) Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Group 1 Alloy 304 or 316 for bolts; Alloy 304 or 316 for anchor.
- 4) Corrosion Protection: Components fabricated from nickel-copper-alloy rods complying with ASTM B 164 for UNS No. N04400 alloy.
- b. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
5. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
OR
Stainless-Steel Wire: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Type 304, nonmagnetic.
OR
Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B 164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
 - b. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at 3 times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- (2.69-mm-) **OR** 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-), **as directed**, diameter wire.
6. Hanger Rods **OR** Flat Hangers, **as directed**: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
7. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) wide; formed with 0.04-inch- (1-mm-) thick, galvanized steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter bolts.
8. Seismic Stabilizer Bars: Manufacturer's standard perimeter stabilizers designed to accommodate seismic forces.
9. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate seismic forces.
10. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard seismic clips designed and spaced to secure acoustical panels in-place.
11. Hold-Down Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. on all cross tees.
12. Impact Clips: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard impact-clip system designed to absorb impact forces against acoustical panels.
13. Clean-Room Gasket System: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard system, including manufacturer's standard **OR** closed-cell PVC **OR** neoprene **OR** antimicrobial, **as directed**, gasket and related adhesives, tapes, seals, and retention clips, designed to seal out foreign material from and maintain positive pressure in clean room.

D. Metal Suspension System For Acoustical Panel Ceiling

1. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Fire-Rated, **as directed**, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 (Z90) coating designation, with prefinished 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide metal caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) **OR** Butt-edge, **as directed**, type.
 - c. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - d. Cap Material: Steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, cold-rolled sheet.
 - e. Cap Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of acoustical unit **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Natural finish for aluminum, **as directed**.
2. Narrow-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized

- according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 (Z90) coating designation, with prefinished 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide metal caps on flanges.
- a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) **OR** Butt-edge, **as directed**, type.
 - c. Face Design: Flat, flush **OR** Flanges formed with an integral center reveal, **as directed**.
 - d. Cap Material: Steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, cold-rolled sheet.
 - e. Cap Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of acoustical unit **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Natural finish for aluminum, **as directed**.
3. Narrow-Face, Steel-Capped, Double-Web, Fire-Rated Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 (Z90) coating designation, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide metal caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - c. Cap Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of acoustical unit **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Natural finish for aluminum, **as directed**.
 4. Narrow-Face, Uncapped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized, to produce structural members with 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide faces.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Face Design: With 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide, slotted, box-shaped flange **OR** With 1/4-inch- (6.35-mm-) wide, slotted, box-shaped flange **OR** Flanges formed in stepped design with a center protrusion projecting 19/64 inch (7.54 mm) below flange surfaces supporting panel faces and forming 3/16-inch- (4.76-mm-) wide reveals between edges of protrusion and those of panels, **as directed**.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** to match color of acoustical unit, **as directed**.
 - d. Reveal Finish: Painted to match flange color **OR** white **OR** black **OR** in color other than flange color as selected from manufacturer's full range of contrasting reveal colors, **as directed**.
 5. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Fire-Rated, **as directed**, Hot-Dip Galvanized, G60 (Z180), Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide, aluminum caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of acoustical unit **OR** Natural finish, **as directed**.
 6. Wide-Face, Single-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet electrolytically zinc coated, with prefinished flanges of width indicated.
 - a. Structural Classification: Heavy-duty system.
 - b. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** black, **as directed**.
 7. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Stainless-Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from Type 304 or 316, stainless-steel sheet, with prefinished 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide, stainless-steel caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 8. Narrow-Face, Single-Web, Extruded-Aluminum Suspension System: Main and cross runners formed from extruded aluminum to produce structural members with 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide faces.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.

- b. Face Design: Screw-slot profile.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Satin anodized per AA-M12C22A31 and AAMA 611, **as directed**.
 - d. Reveal Finish: Match face finish **OR** Painted white **OR** Painted black, **as directed**.
9. Extra-Wide-Face, Double-Web **OR** Single-Web, **as directed**, Metal Suspension System: Main and cross runners formed from extruded aluminum **OR** aluminum-capped steel **OR** steel-capped steel, **as directed**, to produce structural members with 1-1/2-inch- (50-mm-) **OR** 2-inch- (50-mm-), **as directed**, wide flanges.
- a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Satin anodized per AA-M12C22A31 and AAMA 611, **as directed**.
 - d. Gasket System: Clean-room type.
- E. Metal Edge Moldings And Trim
1. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that comply with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
 - a. Provide manufacturer's standard edge moldings that fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated and that match width and configuration of exposed runners, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. For lay-in panels with reveal edge details, provide stepped edge molding that forms reveal of same depth and width as that formed between edge of panel and flange at exposed suspension member.
 - c. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.
 2. Extruded-Aluminum Edge Moldings and Trim: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's extruded-aluminum edge moldings and trim of profile indicated or referenced by manufacturer's designations, including splice plates, corner pieces, and attachment and other clips, complying with seismic design requirements and the following:
 - a. Aluminum Alloy: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated, and with not less than the strength and durability properties of aluminum extrusions complying with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for Alloy and Temper 6063-T5.
 - b. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
 - c. Conversion-Coated Finish: AA-M12C42 (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating).
 - d. Conversion-Coated and Factory-Primed Finish: AA-M12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; organic coating as follows):
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied prime-coat finish ready for field painting.
 - e. Class II, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A31 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - f. Baked-Enamel Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; organic coating: as specified below). Apply baked enamel complying with paint manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and painting.
 - 1) Organic Coating: Thermosetting, primer/topcoat system with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.8 to 1.2 mils (0.02 to 0.03 mm).
- F. Acoustical Sealant
1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), complying with ASTM C 834 and effective

in reducing airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.

2. Acoustical Sealant for Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nondrying, nonhardening, nonskinning, nonstaining, gunnable, synthetic-rubber sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), recommended for sealing interior concealed joints to reduce airborne sound transmission.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

B. Installation

1. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636 **OR** IBC Standard, **as directed**, and seismic design requirements indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
 - a. Fire-Rated Assembly: Install fire-rated ceiling systems according to tested fire-rated design.
2. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - a. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - b. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - c. Splay hangers only where required and, if permitted with fire-resistance-rated ceilings, to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - d. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - e. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
 - f. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
 - g. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
 - h. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
 - i. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
 - j. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
 - k. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers, unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
 - l. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
3. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.

4. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.
 - a. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
 - b. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - c. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
5. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
6. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspension system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide a neat, precise fit.
 - a. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical panels as follows:
 - 1) As indicated on reflected ceiling plans.
OR
 Install panels with pattern running in one direction parallel to long **OR** short, **as directed**, axis of space.
OR
 Install panels in a basket-weave pattern.
 - b. For square-edged panels, install panels with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension system runners and moldings.
 - c. For reveal-edged panels on suspension system runners, install panels with bottom of reveal in firm contact with top surface of runner flanges.
 - d. For reveal-edged panels on suspension system members with box-shaped flanges, install panels with reveal surfaces in firm contact with suspension system surfaces and panel faces flush with bottom face of runners.
 - e. Paint cut edges of panel remaining exposed after installation; match color of exposed panel surfaces using coating recommended in writing for this purpose by acoustical panel manufacturer.
 - f. Install hold-down clips in areas indicated, in areas required by authorities having jurisdiction, and for fire-resistance ratings; space as recommended by panel manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.
 - g. Install clean-room gasket system in areas indicated, sealing each panel and fixture as recommended by panel manufacturer's written instructions.
 - h. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts to comply with requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.

C. Field Quality Control

1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
2. Tests and Inspections: Testing and inspecting of completed installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners shall take place in successive stages, in areas of extent and using methods as follows. Do not proceed with installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers for the next area until test results for previously completed installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers show compliance with requirements.
 - a. Extent of Each Test Area: When installation of ceiling suspension systems on each floor has reached 20 percent completion but no panels have been installed.
 - 1) Within each test area, testing agency will select 1 of every 10 power-actuated fasteners and postinstalled anchors used to attach hangers to concrete and will test them for 200 lbf (890 N) of tension; it will also select one of every 2 postinstalled anchors used to attach bracing wires to concrete and will test them for 440 lbf (1957 N) of tension.
 - 2) When testing discovers fasteners and anchors that do not comply with requirements, testing agency will test those anchors not previously tested until 20 pass consecutively and then will resume initial testing frequency.

3. Remove and replace acoustical panel ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners that do not pass tests and inspections and retest as specified above.
- D. Cleaning
1. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

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SECTION 09 51 23 00 - ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for acoustical tile ceilings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes acoustical tiles for ceilings and the following:
 - a. Concealed suspension systems.
 - b. Direct attachment of tiles to substrates with adhesive.
 - c. Direct attachment of tiles to substrates with staples.
2. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

C. Definitions

1. AC: Articulation Class.
2. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
3. LR: Light-Reflectance coefficient.
4. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Coordination Drawings: Drawn to scale and coordinating acoustical tile ceiling installation with hanger attachment to building structure and ceiling mounted items. Show size and location of initial access modules.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
5. Field quality-control test reports.
6. Product test reports.
7. Research/evaluation reports.
8. Maintenance data.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory, or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.
2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical tile ceilings that comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical tile ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1) Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.

- 2) Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - b. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical tiles with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A **OR** B **OR** C, **as directed**, materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
 - 1) Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
 3. Seismic Standard: Provide acoustical tile ceilings designed and installed to withstand the effects of earthquake motions according to the following:
 - a. Standard for Ceiling Suspension Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with ASTM E 580.
 - b. CISCA's Recommendations for Acoustical Ceilings: Comply with CISCA's "Recommendations for Direct-Hung Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings--Seismic Zones 0-2."
 - c. CISCA's Guidelines for Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with CISCA's "Guidelines for Seismic Restraint of Direct-Hung Suspended Ceiling Assemblies--Seismic Zones 3 & 4."
 - d. IBC Standard for Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and for Lay-in Panel Ceilings.
 - e. ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."
 4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Deliver acoustical tiles, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
 2. Before installing acoustical tiles, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.
 3. Handle acoustical tiles carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Acoustical Tiles, General

1. Acoustical Tile Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard tiles of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches (400 mm) away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
2. Acoustical Tile Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
 - a. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical tiles are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by the Owner from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.
3. Broad Spectrum Antimicrobial Fungicide and Bactericide Treatment: Provide acoustical tiles treated with manufacturer's standard antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.
4. Antimicrobial Fungicide Treatment: Provide acoustical tiles with face and back surfaces coated with antimicrobial treatment consisting of manufacturer's standard formulation with fungicide added to inhibit growth of mold and mildew and showing no mold or mildew growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.

- B. Acoustical Tiles For Acoustical Tile Ceiling
1. Classification: Provide fire-resistance-rated, **as directed**, tiles complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:
 - a. Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 1, nodular **OR** 2, water felted **OR** 4, cast or molded, **as directed**.
 - b. Pattern: C (perforated, small holes) **OR** CD (perforated, small holes and fissured) **OR** CE (perforated, small holes and lightly textured) **OR** D (fissured) **OR** E (lightly textured) **OR** F (heavily textured) **OR** G (smooth) **OR** I (embossed) **OR** J (embossed-in-register) **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designation, **as directed**.
 2. Color: White **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 3. LR: Not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80, **as directed**.
 4. NRC: Not less than 0.50 **OR** 0.55 **OR** 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.70, **as directed**.
 5. CAC: Not less than 20 **OR** 25 **OR** 30 **OR** 35 **OR** 40, **as directed**.
 6. AC: Not less than 170 **OR** 180 **OR** 190 **OR** 200 **OR** 210, **as directed**.
 7. Edge/Joint Detail: Square, kerfed and rabbeted, or tongue and grooved, or butt **OR** Beveled, kerfed and rabbeted, or tongue and grooved, or butt **OR** Beveled, kerfed and rabbeted long edges and square, butt on short edges, **as directed**.
 8. Thickness: 5/8 inch (15 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 9. Modular Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 300 by 300 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a schedule, **as directed**.
 10. Antimicrobial Treatment: Broad spectrum fungicide and bactericide **OR** Fungicide, **as directed**, based.
- C. Metal Suspension Systems, General
1. Recycled Content: Provide products made from steel sheet with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
 2. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635.
 3. Finishes and Colors, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Provide manufacturer's standard factory-applied finish for type of system indicated.
 4. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
 - a. Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 or ASTM E 1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1) Type: Cast-in-place **OR** Postinstalled expansion **OR** Postinstalled bonded, **as directed**, anchors.
 - 2) Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition.
 - 3) Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Group 1 Alloy 304 or 316 for bolts; Alloy 304 or 316 for anchors.
 - b. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 5. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.

- b. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at 3 times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- (2.69-mm-) **OR** 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-), **as directed**, diameter wire.
6. Hanger Rods **OR** Flat Hangers, **as directed**: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
 7. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) wide; formed with 0.04-inch- (1-mm-) thick, galvanized steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter bolts.
 8. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate lateral forces.
 9. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard seismic clips designed and spaced to secure acoustical tiles in-place.
- D. Metal Suspension System For Acoustical Tile Ceiling
1. Direct-Hung, Double-Web, Fire-Rated, **as directed**, Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from and capped with cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G30 (Z90) coating designation.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Access: Upward **OR** Downward, **as directed**, and end pivoted, **OR** side pivoted, **as directed**, with initial access openings of size indicated below and located throughout ceiling within each module formed by main and cross runners, with additional access available by progressively removing remaining acoustical tiles.
 2. Indirect-Hung, Fire-Rated, **as directed**, Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G30 (Z90) coating designation.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled steel, 0.059850-inch- (1.52-mm-) minimum base (uncoated) metal thickness, not less than 3/16-inch- (4.7-mm-) wide flanges by 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) deep steel channels, 475 lb/1000 feet (0.707 kg/m), with rust-inhibitive paint finish **OR** hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation, **as directed**.
 - c. Access: Where access is indicated, provide special cross runners or split splines to allow for removal of acoustical units in indicated access areas. Identify access tile with manufacturer's standard unobtrusive markers for each access unit.
- E. Metal Edge Moldings And Trim
1. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that comply with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
 - a. Provide manufacturer's standard edge moldings that fit acoustical tile edge details and suspension systems indicated and that match width and configuration of exposed runners, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.
 2. Extruded-Aluminum Edge Moldings and Trim: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's extruded-aluminum edge moldings and trim of profile indicated or referenced by manufacturer's designations, including splice plates, corner pieces, and attachment and other clips, complying with seismic design requirements and the following:
 - a. Aluminum Alloy: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated, and with not less than the strength and durability properties of aluminum extrusions complying with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for Alloy and Temper 6063-T5.
 - b. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
 - c. Conversion-Coated Finish: AA-M12C42 (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating).

- d. Conversion-Coated and Factory-Primed Finish: AA-M12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; organic coating as follows):
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard factory-applied prime-coat finish ready for field painting.
- e. Class II, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A31 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
- f. Baked-Enamel Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Chemical Finish: acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; organic coating: as specified below). Apply baked enamel complying with paint manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and painting.
 - 1) Organic Coating: Thermosetting, enamel primer/topcoat system with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.8 to 1.2 mils (0.02 to 0.03 mm).

F. Acoustical Sealant

- 1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), complying with ASTM C 834 and effective in reducing airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.
- 2. Acoustical Sealant for Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nondrying, nonhardening, nonskinning, nonstaining, gunnable, synthetic-rubber sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), recommended for sealing interior concealed joints to reduce airborne sound transmission.

G. Miscellaneous Materials

- 1. Tile Adhesive: Type recommended by tile manufacturer, bearing UL label for Class 0-25 flame spread.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- 2. Staples: 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) long, divergent-point staples.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Testing Substrates: Before installing adhesively applied tiles on wet-placed substrates such as cast-in-place concrete or plaster, test and verify that moisture level is below tile manufacturer's recommended limits.
- 2. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

B. Installation, Suspended Acoustical Tile Ceilings

- 1. General: Install acoustical tile ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636 **OR** IBC Standard, **as directed**, and seismic design requirements indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
 - a. Fire-Rated Assembly: Install fire-rated ceiling systems according to tested fire-rated design.
- 2. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - a. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - b. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

OR

- Splay hangers only where required and, if permitted with fire-resistance-rated ceilings, to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
- c. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - d. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.

OR

Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
 - e. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
 - f. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
 - g. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
 - h. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
 - i. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers, unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
 - j. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
3. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.
 4. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical tile ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical tiles.
 - a. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
 - b. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - c. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
 5. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
 6. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical tiles as follows:
 - a. As indicated on reflected ceiling plans.

OR

Install tiles with pattern running in one direction parallel to long **OR** short, **as directed**, axis of space.

OR

Install tiles in a basket-weave pattern.
 7. Install acoustical tiles in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim. Place splines or suspension system flanges into kerfed edges so tile-to-tile joints are closed by double lap of material.
 - a. Fit adjoining tile to form flush, tight joints. Scribe and cut tile for accurate fit at borders and around penetrations through tile.

- b. Hold tile field in compression by inserting leaf-type, spring-steel spacers between tile and moldings, spaced 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
 - c. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts to comply with requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- C. Installation, Directly Attached Acoustical Tile Ceilings
1. Adhesive Installation: Install acoustical tile by bonding to substrate, using amount of adhesive and procedure recommended in writing by tile manufacturer and as follows:
 - a. Remove loose dust from backs of tiles by brushing and prime them with a thin coat of adhesive.
 - b. Install splines in joints between tiles; maintain level of bottom surface of tiles to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) and not exceeding 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) cumulatively.
 - c. Maintain tight butt joints, aligned in both directions and coordinated with ceiling fixtures.
 2. Stapled Installation: Fasten acoustical tile to substrate using a minimum of two staples per tile that are installed in flanges of tile and as follows:
 - a. Form double-lapped joint between tiles by securely pressing tile tongues into corresponding tile grooves.
 - b. Maintain level of bottom surface of tiles to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) and not exceeding 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) cumulatively. Shim tile or correct substrate as required to maintain tolerance.
 - c. Maintain tight butt joints, aligned in both directions and coordinated with ceiling fixtures.
 3. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical tile ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical units.
 4. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical tiles as follows:
 - a. As indicated on reflected ceiling plans.
OR
Install tiles with pattern running in one direction parallel to long axis of space.
OR
Install tiles with pattern running in one direction parallel to short axis of space.
OR
Install tiles in a basket-weave pattern.
- D. Field Quality Control
1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 2. Tests and Inspections: Testing and inspecting of completed installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners shall take place in successive stages, in areas of extent and using methods as follows. Do not proceed with installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers for the next area until test results for previously completed installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers show compliance with requirements.
 - a. Extent of Each Test Area: When installation of ceiling suspension systems on each floor has reached 20 percent completion but no tiles have been installed.
 - 1) Within each test area, testing agency will select 1 of every 10 power-actuated fasteners and postinstalled anchors used to attach hangers to concrete and will test them for 200 lbf (890 N) of tension; it will also select one of every 2 postinstalled anchors used to attach bracing wires to concrete and will test them for 440 lbf (1957 N) of tension.
 - 2) When testing discovers fasteners and anchors that do not comply with requirements, testing agency will test those anchors not previously tested until 20 pass consecutively and then will resume initial testing frequency.
 3. Remove and replace acoustical tile ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners that do not pass tests and inspections and retest as specified above.
- E. Cleaning
1. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical tile ceilings, including trim and edge moldings. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace tiles and other ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 09 51 23 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 53 23 00	09 51 13 00	Acoustical Panel Ceilings

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SECTION 09 54 23 00 - ACOUSTICAL METAL PAN CEILINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for acoustical metal pan ceilings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes clip-in, lay-in, snap-in, and torsion-spring acoustical metal pans and the following suspension system for ceilings:
 - a. Direct hung, exposed tee and slot-bolt grid.
 - b. Direct-hung and Indirect-hung, concealed grid designed to support metal pans.
2. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices to be cast in concrete at ceilings.

C. Definitions

1. CAC: Ceiling Attenuation Class.
2. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.
3. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Exterior snap-in metal pan ceilings shall withstand exterior exposure and the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses without showing permanent deformation of ceiling system components including pans and suspension system; noise or metal fatigue caused by vibration, deflection, and displacement of ceiling units; or permanent damage to fasteners and anchors.
 - a. Wind Load: Uniform pressure of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa) **OR** of 30 lbf/sq. ft. (1436 Pa) **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, acting inward or outward.
2. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 100 deg F (55 deg C).

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Performance Data: For installed products indicated to comply with design loads and other criteria, include structural analysis and other analytical data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
5. Coordination Drawings: Drawn to scale and coordinating and showing the following:
 - a. Ceiling suspension members.
 - b. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - c. Ceiling-mounted items.
 - d. Ceiling perimeter and penetrations through the ceiling; and trim and moldings.
6. Product test reports.
7. Evaluation reports.

8. Field quality-control reports.
9. Maintenance data.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated. NVLAP-accredited laboratories must document accreditation, based on a "Certificate of Accreditation" and a "Scope of Accreditation" listing the test methods specified.
2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Seismic Standard: Provide acoustical metal pan ceilings designed and installed to withstand the effects of earthquake motions according to the following:
 - a. Standard for Ceiling Suspension Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with ASTM E 580.
 - b. CISCA's Recommendations for Acoustical Ceilings: Comply with CISCA's "Recommendations for Direct-Hung Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings - Seismic Zones 0-2."
 - c. CISCA's Guidelines for Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with CISCA's "Guidelines for Seismic Restraint of Direct-Hung Suspended Ceiling Assemblies - Seismic Zones 3 & 4."
 - d. IBC Standard for Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and for Lay-in Panel Ceilings.
 - e. SEI/ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."
4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver acoustical metal pans, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
2. Handle acoustical metal pans, suspension system components, and accessories carefully to avoid damaging units and finishes in any way.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Acoustical Metal Ceiling Pans

1. Acoustical Metal Pan Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard acoustical metal pans of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches (400 mm) away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
2. Sheet Metal Characteristics: For metal components exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, roughness, stains, or discolorations.
 - a. Aluminum Sheet: Roll-formed aluminum sheet, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M); alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 - b. Steel Sheet: Commercial-quality, cold-rolled, carbon-steel sheet; stretcher leveled; with protective coating complying with ASTM C 635.
 - 1) Recycled Content: Provide products made from steel sheet with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.

- 2) Painted Finishes: Electrolytic zinc-coated steel complying with ASTM A 591/A 591M, 40Z (12G) coating, surface treatment as recommended by finish manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - 3) Chemical/Mechanical Finishes: Uncoated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M with luster or bright finish as required by finisher for applying electroplating or other metallic-finishing processes.
 - c. Stainless-Steel Sheet: Complying with ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 **OR** Type 430, **as directed**.
 3. Sound-Absorbent Fabric Layer: Provide fabric layer, sized to fit concealed surface of pan, and consisting of black, nonwoven, nonflammable, sound-absorbent material with surface-burning characteristics for flame-spread index of 25 or less and smoke-developed index of 50 or less, as determined by testing per ASTM E 84.
 - a. Bond fabric layer to panels in the factory with manufacturer's standard nonflammable adhesive.
 4. Sound-Absorbent Pads: Provide width and length to completely fill concealed surface of pan, with surface-burning characteristics for flame-spread index of 25 or less and smoke-developed index of 50 or less, as determined by testing per ASTM E 84, and to comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Plastic Sheet-Wrapped Mineral-Fiber Insulation: Pads consisting of nonrigid, PVC plastic sheet encapsulating unfaced mineral-fiber insulation complying with ASTM C 553, Type I, II, or III, and as follows:
 - 1) Mineral-Fiber Type and Thickness: Glass fiber; 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Mineral-Fiber Density: 3/4 lb/cu. ft. (12 kg/cu. m) **OR** 1 lb/cu. ft. (16 kg/cu. m) **OR** 1-1/2 lb/cu. ft. (24 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Plastic Sheet Thickness and Color: Not less than 0.003 inch (0.076 mm); clear **OR** flat black **OR** white, **as directed**.
 - b. Unwrapped, Glass-Fiber Insulation: Black coated, unfaced, complying with ASTM C 553, Type I, II, or III; not less than 1-lb/cu. ft. (16-kg/cu. m) density; treated to be nondusting; and as follows:
 - 1) Thickness: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Spacer Grids: Provide manufacturer's standard aluminum **OR** galvanized-steel, **as directed**, grid units that provide an air cushion between metal pans and insulation pads and that act to improve sound absorption.
 - d. Sound Attenuation Panels: Provide manufacturer's standard aluminum **OR** galvanized-steel, **as directed**, unperforated metal backing unit that acts as a sound-attenuating pan to reduce the travel of sound through ceiling plenum into adjoining rooms.
 - 1) Sound-Absorbent Pads: Provide secondary sound-absorbent pads, same as specified for primary pads, for placement over sound attenuation pan to reduce plenum sound.
- B. Aluminum Pans For Acoustical Metal Pan Ceiling
1. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type VII, perforated aluminum facing (pan) with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated aluminum facing (pan) units with sound-absorbent fabric backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as unperforated aluminum facing (pan) units, **as directed**.
 - a. Pattern: Pattern A (perforated, regularly spaced large holes), arranged in diagonal **OR** parallel, **as directed**, alignment to pan edge with uniform perforations of dimension, holes per square foot or inch, and percent open area as indicated by product designation **OR** selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
OR
 Pattern: Pattern C (perforated, small holes) regularly spaced, with uniform perforations of dimension, holes per square foot or inch, and percent open area as specified by product designation **OR** selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 2. Pan Fabrication: Manufacturer's standard units of size, profile, and edge treatment indicated, formed from metal indicated and finished to comply with requirements indicated.
 - a. Lay-in Pans: Formed to set in exposed suspension grid.

- b. Clip-in Pans: Designed to clip-in and be securely retained in exposed suspension grid by formed edges or accessory clips.
 - c. Snap-in Pans: Designed with dimples or continuous beads on flanges for snap-in, secure engagement with concealed suspension system.
 - d. Torsion-Spring-Hinged Pans: Designed to be securely retained in preslotted exposed suspension grid by torsion springs.
 3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.020 inch (0.5 mm) **OR** 0.025 inch (0.6 mm) **OR** 0.032 inch (0.8 mm) **OR** 0.040 inch (1.0 mm), **as directed**.
 4. Pan Edge Detail: Square **OR** Beveled **OR** Reveal **OR** Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
OR
Pan Joint Detail: Butt **OR** Wide reveal, not less than 15/16 inch (24 mm) wide **OR** Narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide **OR** Flush narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide, **as directed**.
 5. Pan Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 12 by 24 inches (305 by 610 mm) **OR** 12 by 36 inches (305 by 915 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 48 inches (610 by 1220 mm) **OR** 24 by 60 inches (610 by 1525 mm) **OR** 30 by 30 inches (760 by 760 mm) **OR** 30 by 60 inches (760 by 1525 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 6. Scoring: Score pans at intervals to appear as 12-by-12-inch (305-by-305-mm) ceiling units.
 7. Pan Face Finish: Mill **OR** Lacquered mill **OR** Clear anodized **OR** Clear mirror-anodized **OR** Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by product designation **OR** Painted to match sample **OR** Painted in color selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Bright-reflective metallic finish selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 8. LR: Not less than 0.70 **OR** 0.75, **as directed**.
 9. NRC: Not less than 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 0.90 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
 10. CAC: Not less than 35 **OR** 40 **OR** 45, **as directed**.
- C. Steel Pans For Acoustical Metal Pan Ceiling
1. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type V, perforated steel facing (pan) with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated steel facing (pan) units with sound-absorbent fabric backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as unperforated steel facing (pan) units, **as directed**.
 - a. Pattern: Pattern A (perforated, regularly spaced large holes), arranged in diagonal **OR** parallel, **as directed**, alignment to pan edge with uniform perforations of dimension, holes per square foot or inch, and percent open area as indicated by product designation **OR** selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
OR
Pattern: Pattern C (perforated, small holes) regularly spaced, with uniform perforations of dimension, holes per square foot or inch, and percent open area as specified by product designation **OR** selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 2. Pan Fabrication: Manufacturer's standard units of size, profile, and edge treatment indicated, formed from metal indicated and finished to comply with requirements indicated.
 - a. Lay-in Pans: Formed to set in exposed suspension grid.
 - b. Clip-in Pans: Designed to clip-in and be securely retained in exposed suspension grid by formed edges or accessory clips.
 - c. Snap-in Pans: Designed with dimples or continuous beads on flanges for snap-in, secure engagement with concealed suspension system.
 - d. Torsion-Spring-Hinged Pans: Designed to be securely retained in preslotted exposed suspension grid by torsion springs.
 3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.010-inch (0.25-mm) **OR** 0.020-inch (0.5-mm) **OR** 0.024-inch (0.6-mm) **OR** 0.030-inch (0.75-mm) **OR** 0.036-inch (0.9-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 4. Pan Edge Detail: Square **OR** Beveled **OR** Reveal **OR** Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
OR

- Pan Joint Detail: Butt **OR** Wide reveal, not less than 15/16 inch (24 mm) wide **OR** Narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide **OR** Flush narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide, **as directed**.
5. Pan Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 12 by 24 inches (305 by 610 mm) **OR** 12 by 36 inches (305 by 915 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 48 inches (610 by 1220 mm) **OR** 24 by 60 inches (610 by 1525 mm) **OR** 30 by 30 inches (760 by 760 mm) **OR** 30 by 60 inches (760 by 1525 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 6. Scoring: Score pans at intervals to appear as 12-by-12-inch (305-by-305-mm) ceiling units.
 7. Pan Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by product designation **OR** Painted to match sample **OR** Painted in color selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Bright-reflective metallic finish selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 8. LR: Not less than 0.70 **OR** 0.75, **as directed**.
 9. NRC: Not less than 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 0.90 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
 10. CAC: Not less than 35 **OR** 40 **OR** 45, **as directed**.
- D. Stainless-Steel Pans For Acoustical Metal Pan Ceiling
1. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type VI, perforated stainless-steel facing (pan) with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated stainless-steel facing (pan) units with sound-absorbent fabric backing **OR** Type XX, other types described as unperforated stainless-steel facing (pan) units, **as directed**.
 - a. Pattern: Pattern A (perforated, regularly spaced large holes), arranged in parallel alignment to pan edge with uniform perforations of 0.109-inch (2.8-mm) diameter, 1800 holes/sq. ft. or inch, and 11.8 percent open area.
 2. Pan Fabrication: Manufacturer's standard units of size, profile, and edge treatment indicated, formed from metal indicated and finished to comply with requirements indicated.
 - a. Lay-in Pans: Formed to set in exposed suspension grid.
 - b. Clip-in Pans: Designed to clip-in and be securely retained in exposed suspension grid by formed edges or accessory clips.
 - c. Snap-in Pans: Designed with dimples or continuous beads on flanges for snap-in, secure engagement with concealed suspension system.
 - d. Torsion-Spring-Hinged Pans: Designed to be securely retained in preslotted exposed suspension grid by torsion springs.
 3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.019 inch (0.5 mm) **OR** 0.025 inch (0.65 mm) **OR** 0.030 inch (0.76 mm), **as directed**.
 4. Pan Edge Detail: Square **OR** Beveled **OR** Reveal **OR** Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
OR
 Pan Joint Detail: Butt **OR** Wide reveal, not less than 15/16 inch (24 mm) wide **OR** Narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide **OR** Flush narrow reveal, not greater than 9/16 inch (15 mm) wide, **as directed**.
 5. Pan Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 12 by 24 inches (305 by 610 mm) **OR** 12 by 36 inches (305 by 915 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 48 inches (610 by 1220 mm) **OR** 30 by 30 inches (760 by 760 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 6. Scoring: Score pans at intervals to appear as 12-by-12-inch (305-by-305-mm) ceiling units.
 7. Pan Face Finish: Brushed, directional polish **OR** Satin, directional polish **OR** Mirrorlike reflective, nondirectional polish, **as directed**.
 8. NRC: Not less than 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.70 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.80 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 0.90 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
 9. CAC: Not less than 35 **OR** 40 **OR** 45, **as directed**.
- E. Metal Suspension Systems
1. Recycled Content: Provide products made from steel sheet with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.

2. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable ASTM C 635 requirements.
3. Suspension Systems: Provide systems complete with carriers, runners, splice sections, connector clips, alignment clips, leveling clips, hangers, molding, trim, retention clips, load-resisting struts, and other suspension components required to support ceiling units and other ceiling-supported construction.
4. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
 - a. Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 or ASTM E 1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1) Type: Cast-in-place **OR** Postinstalled expansion **OR** Postinstalled bonded, **as directed**, anchors.
 - 2) Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition.
 - 3) Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Group 1 Alloy 304 or 316 for bolts; Alloy 304 or 316 for anchor.
 - 4) Corrosion Protection: Components fabricated from nickel-copper-alloy rods complying with ASTM B 164 for UNS No. N04400 alloy.
 - b. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
5. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
 - b. Stainless-Steel Wire: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Type 304, nonmagnetic.
 - c. Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B 164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
 - d. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at 3 times the hanger design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- (2.69-mm-) **OR** 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-), **as directed**, diameter wire.
6. Hanger Rods **OR** Flat Hangers, **as directed**: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
7. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) wide; formed with 0.04-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter bolts.
8. Seismic Stabilizer Bars: Manufacturer's standard perimeter stabilizers designed to accommodate seismic forces.
9. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate seismic forces.
10. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard seismic clips designed and spaced to secure acoustical metal pans in place.
11. Hold-Down Clips: Manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced to secure acoustical metal pans in place to molding and trim at perimeter **OR** at each pan, **as directed**.
12. Exposed Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Provide exposed members as indicated or as required to comply with seismic requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, to conceal edges of and penetrations through ceiling, to conceal edges of pans and runners, for fixture trim and adapters, for fasciae at changes in ceiling height, and for other conditions; of metal and finish matching acoustical metal pan ceiling units, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. For Circular Penetrations of Ceiling: Fabricate edge moldings to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.

F. Direct-Hung, Standard-Grid, Metal Suspension System For Acoustical Metal Pan Ceiling

1. Suspension System: For clip-in **OR** lay-in **OR** torsion-spring, **as directed**, pans.

2. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytic zinc-coated or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G30 (Z90) coating designation, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide sheet metal caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) **OR** Butt-edge, **as directed**, type.
 - c. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - d. Cap Material: Steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, cold-rolled sheet.
 - e. Cap Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of metal pan **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Natural finish for aluminum, **as directed**.
 3. Narrow-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytic zinc-coated or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/653M, G30 (Z90) coating designation, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide sheet metal caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) **OR** Butt-edge, **as directed**, type.
 - c. Face Design: Flat, flush **OR** Flanges formed with an integral center reveal, **as directed**.
 - d. Cap Material: Steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, cold-rolled sheet.
 - e. Cap Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of metal pan **OR** Plated with metallic finish, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Plated with metallic finish indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Natural finish for aluminum, **as directed**.
 4. Narrow-Face, Uncapped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytic zinc-coated or hot-dip galvanized, to produce structural members with 9/16-inch- (15-mm-) wide faces.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Face Design: With 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide, slotted, box-shaped flange **OR** With 1/4-inch- (6.35-mm-) wide, slotted, box-shaped flange, **as directed**.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** in color as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** to match color of metal pan, **as directed**.
 5. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide aluminum caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty **OR** Heavy-duty, **as directed**, system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 - c. Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by manufacturer's designation **OR** Painted to match color of acoustical unit **OR** Natural finish, **as directed**.
 6. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Stainless-Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from and capped with Type 304 or 316 stainless-steel sheet, with prefinished, cold-rolled, 15/16-inch- (24-mm-) wide stainless-steel caps on flanges.
 - a. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
 - b. Face Design: Flat, flush.
 7. Suspension System for Torsion-Spring Metal Pans: Provide runners with factory-cut slots fabricated to accept torsion-spring attachment.
- G. Metal Suspension System For Acoustical Snap-In Metal Pan Ceiling
1. Indirect-Hung, Snap-Tee **OR** Bar, **as directed**, System: Designed to support metal pans that snap into main runners, consisting of main runners connected to carrying channels that are attached by hangers to building structure, and complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Main Runners: Formed from the following metal:

- 1) Aluminum Sheet: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use indicated and manufacturer's standard finish, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - 2) Electrolytic Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 591/A 591M, with not less than 80Z (24G) zinc coating.
 - 3) Hot-Dip Galvanized Steel: ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G60 (Z180) zinc coating.
 - 4) Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 302 or 304, stretcher leveled, with cold-rolled mill finish.
 - 5) Metal Sheet: Metal as standard with ceiling system manufacturer with factory-applied protective finish complying with ASTM C 635.
- b. Carrying Channels: Same member and metal as indicated for main runners.
- OR**
- Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled steel, not less than 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) nominal thickness of base (uncoated) metal and 7/16-inch- (11-mm-) wide flanges, protected with rust-inhibitive paint **OR** hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation, **as directed**, and as follows:
- 1) Depth and Weight: 1-1/2 inches and 475 lb/1000 feet (38 mm and 215 kg/305 m) **OR** 2 inches and 590 lb/1000 feet (51 mm and 268 kg/305 m), **as directed**.
- c. Exterior Bracing Channels and Angles: Cold-rolled steel, hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation; size and profile as required to withstand wind load.
2. Direct-Hung, Snap-Tee **OR** Bar, **as directed**, System: Designed to support metal pans that snap into main runners, consisting of main runners supported by hangers attached directly to building structure, and complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Hangers: Angles or channels, as standard with ceiling system manufacturer, formed from same metal as main runners.
 - b. Main Runners: Rolled aluminum sheet; alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use indicated and manufacturer's standard finish, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 3. Access Panels: For access at locations indicated, provide acoustical snap-in metal pan ceiling units, accessible by key or tool **OR** two access knobs; place one access knob at each end of panel near corners, **as directed**.
 - a. Access Key or Tool: Provide manufacturer' standard key or tool for opening access panels; one **OR** two, **as directed**.
- H. Acoustical Sealant
1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), complying with ASTM C 834 and effective in reducing airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.
 2. Acoustical Sealant for Concealed Joints: Manufacturer's standard nondrying, nonhardening, nonskinning, nonstaining, gunnable, synthetic-rubber sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), recommended for sealing interior concealed joints to reduce airborne sound transmission.
- I. General Finish Requirements
1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - a. High-Humidity Finish: Comply with ASTM C 635 requirements for "Coating Classification for Severe Environment Performance" where high-humidity finishes are indicated.
 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
 3. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

J. Aluminum Finishes

1. Mill Finish: AA-M10C10 (Mechanical Finish: as fabricated, unspecified; Chemical Finish: chemically cleaned).
2. Lacquered Mill Finish: AA-M10C10R1x (Mechanical Finish: as fabricated, unspecified; Chemical Finish: chemically cleaned; Organic Coating: as specified below).
 - a. Organic Coating: Manufacturer's standard clear organic coating.
3. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
4. Clear Mirror Anodic Finish: AA-M21C12A212, 0.005 mm or thicker.
5. Color-Coated Finish: Manufacturer's standard powder-coat, **as directed**, baked paint complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
6. Bright-Reflective Finish: Manufacturer's standard chemical/mechanical bright-reflective metallic finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, protective coating, and minimum thickness to produce a finish uniform in appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unfinished areas, and other visible defects.

K. Galvanized-Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Color-Coated Finish: Manufacturer's standard powder-coat, **as directed**, baked paint complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.

L. Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Electroplated Finish: Electroplating process complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, and minimum thickness to produce a coating uniform in appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unplated areas, and other visible defects.
2. Bright-Reflective Finish: Manufacturer's standard chemical/mechanical bright-reflective metallic finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, protective coating, and minimum thickness to produce a finish uniform in appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unfinished areas, and other visible defects.

M. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical metal pans to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width pans at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans and Coordination Drawings.

B. Installation

1. Install acoustical metal pan ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636 **OR** IBC Standard, **as directed**, and seismic requirements indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
2. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - a. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - b. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

- c. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - d. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
OR
Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved.
 - e. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
 - f. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
 - g. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
 - h. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
 - i. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
 - j. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
3. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.
 4. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical metal pans.
 - a. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
 - b. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - c. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
 5. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
 6. Cut acoustical metal pan units for accurate fit at borders and at interruptions and penetrations by other work through ceilings. Stiffen edges of cut units as required to eliminate evidence of buckling or variations in flatness exceeding referenced standards for stretcher-leveled metal sheet.
 7. Install acoustical metal pans in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim.
 - a. For lay-in square-edge pans, install pans with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension system runners and moldings.
 - b. For lay-in reveal-edge pans on suspension system runners, install pans with bottom of reveal in firm contact with top surface of runner flanges.
 - c. For lay-in reveal-edge pans on suspension system members with box-shaped flanges, install pans with reveal surfaces in firm contact with suspension system surfaces and panel faces flush with bottom face of runners.
 - d. For clip-in **OR** torsion-spring-hinged, **as directed**, pans, position pans according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - e. For snap-in pans, fit adjoining units to form flush, tight joints.
 - f. Align joints in adjacent courses to form uniform, straight joints parallel to room axis in both directions unless otherwise indicated.

- g. Fit adjoining units to form flush, tight joints.
 - h. Install directionally patterned or textured metal pans in directions indicated.
 - i. Install sound-absorbent fabric layers in perforated metal pans.
 - j. Install sound-absorbent pads in perforated metal pans over metal spacer grids, **as directed.**
- 8. Install sound attenuation panels in areas indicated by reflected ceiling plans or room finish schedules. Lay panels directly on ceiling system and close major openings to form complete coverage in required areas. Lay second sound-absorbent pads on sound attenuation panels.
 - 9. Install hold-down clips where indicated.

C. Field Quality Control

- 1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- 2. Tests and Inspections: Testing and inspecting of completed installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners shall take place in successive stages, in areas of extent and using methods as follows. Do not proceed with installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers for the next area until test results for previously completed installations of acoustical panel ceiling hangers show compliance with requirements.
 - a. Extent of Each Test Area: When installation of ceiling suspension systems on each floor has reached 20 percent completion but no panels have been installed.
 - 1) Within each test area, testing agency will select 1 of every 10 power-actuated fasteners and postinstalled anchors used to attach hangers to concrete and will test them for 200 lbf (890 N) of tension; it will also select one of every 2 postinstalled anchors used to attach bracing wires to concrete and will test them for 440 lbf (1957 N) of tension.
 - 2) When testing discovers fasteners and anchors that do not comply with requirements, testing agency will test those anchors not previously tested until 20 pass consecutively and then will resume initial testing frequency.
- 3. Acoustical panel ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- 4. Prepare test and inspection reports.

D. Cleaning

- 1. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical metal pan ceilings, including trim and edge moldings after removing strippable, temporary protective covering, if any. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for stripping of temporary protective covering, cleaning, and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage, including dented and bent units.

END OF SECTION 09 54 23 00

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SECTION 09 54 23 00a - LINEAR METAL CEILINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for linear metal ceilings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes strip linear metal pans and suspension systems for ceilings.

C. Definitions

1. LR: Light Reflectance coefficient.
2. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Exterior linear metal ceilings shall withstand exterior exposure and the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses without showing permanent deformation of ceiling system components including pans and suspension system; noise or metal fatigue caused by vibration, deflection, and displacement of ceiling units; or permanent damage to fasteners and anchors.
 - a. Wind Load: Uniform pressure of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa) **OR** of 30 lbf/sq. ft. (1436 Pa) **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, acting inward or outward.
2. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), **as directed**, material surfaces.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Performance Data: For installed products indicated to comply with design loads and other criteria, include structural analysis and other analytical data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Coordination Drawings: Drawn to scale and coordinating and showing the following:
 - a. Linear pattern.
 - b. Joint pattern.
 - c. Ceiling suspension members.
 - d. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - e. Ceiling-mounted items.
 - f. Ceiling perimeter and penetrations through ceiling; trim and moldings.
5. Product test reports.
6. Evaluation reports.
7. Maintenance data.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Acoustical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing laboratory or an NVLAP-accredited laboratory.
2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Seismic Standard: Comply with the following:

- a. Standard for Ceiling Suspension Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with ASTM E 580.
- b. CISCA's Recommendations for Acoustical Ceilings: Comply with CISCA's "Recommendations for Direct-Hung Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings - Seismic Zones 0-2."
- c. CISCA's Guidelines for Systems Requiring Seismic Restraint: Comply with CISCA's "Guidelines for Seismic Restraint of Direct-Hung Suspended Ceiling Assemblies - Seismic Zones 3 & 4."
- d. IBC Standard for Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and for Lay-in Panel Ceilings.
- e. SEI/ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver linear metal pans, suspension system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
2. Handle linear metal pans, suspension system components, and accessories carefully to avoid damaging units and finishes in any way.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Linear Metal Ceiling Pans

1. Acoustical Metal Pan Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard linear metal pans of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264.
 - a. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: Type E-400.
2. Sheet Metal Characteristics: For metal components exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, roughness, stains, or discolorations.
 - a. Aluminum Sheet: Roll-formed aluminum sheet, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M); alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
 - b. Steel Sheet: Commercial-quality, cold-rolled, carbon-steel sheet; stretcher leveled; with protective coating complying with ASTM C 635.
 - c. Steel Sheet: Commercial-quality, cold-rolled, carbon-steel sheet; stretcher leveled and ASTM A 591/A 591M, 40Z (12G) coating for painted finish **OR** ASTM A 1008/A 1008M for electroplating, **as directed**; with protective coating complying with ASTM C 635 and recommended by finisher for finish indicated.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Sheet: Complying with ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 **OR** Type 430, **as directed**.
3. Pan Fabrication: Manufacturer's standard units of size, profile, and edge treatment indicated, formed from metal indicated to snap on and be securely retained on carriers without separate fasteners, and finished to comply with requirements indicated.
4. Pan Splices: Construction same as pans, in lengths 8 to 12 inches (200 to 300 mm); with manufacturer's standard finish.
5. End Caps: Metal matching pans **OR** Plastic **OR** Manufacturer's standard material, **as directed**; fabricated to fit and conceal exposed ends of pans.
6. Filler Strips: Metal matching pans **OR** Plastic **OR** Manufacturer's standard material, **as directed**; fabricated to uninterruptedly close voids between pans.
7. Moldings and Trim: Provide manufacturer's standard moldings and trim for exposed members, and as indicated or required, for edges and penetrations of ceiling, around fixtures, at changes in ceiling height, and for other conditions; of same metal and finish as linear metal ceiling pans.
8. Sound-Absorbent Fabric Layer: Provide fabric layer, sized to fit concealed surface of pan, and consisting of black, nonwoven, nonflammable, sound-absorbent material with surface-burning

characteristics for flame-spread index of 25 or less and smoke-developed index of 50 or less, as determined by testing per ASTM E 84.

- a. Bond fabric layer to pan in the factory with manufacturer's standard nonflammable adhesive.
9. Sound-Absorbent Pads: Provide width and length to completely fill between carriers, joined at center of panel, with surface-burning characteristics for flame-spread index of 25 or less and smoke-developed index of 50 or less, as determined by testing per ASTM E 84, and to comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Plastic Sheet-Wrapped Mineral-Fiber Insulation: Pads consisting of nonrigid, PVC plastic sheet encapsulating unfaced mineral-fiber insulation complying with ASTM C 553, Type I, II, or III, and as follows:
 - 1) Mineral-Fiber Type and Thickness: Glass fiber; 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Mineral-Fiber Density: 3/4 lb/cu. ft. (12 kg/cu. m) **OR** 1 lb/cu. ft. (16 kg/cu. m) **OR** 1-1/2 lb/cu. ft. (24 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Plastic Sheet Thickness and Color: Not less than 0.003 inch (0.076 mm); clear **OR** flat black **OR** white, **as directed**.
 - b. Unwrapped, Glass-Fiber Insulation: Black-coated, unfaced, glass-fiber insulation complying with ASTM C 553, Type I, II, or III, not less than 1-lb/cu. ft. (16-kg/cu. m) density, treated to be nondusting, and as follows:
 - 1) Thickness: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
- B. Metal Suspension Systems
 1. Metal Suspension Systems Standard: Provide ceiling manufacturer's standard metal suspension systems of types and finishes indicated that comply with applicable ASTM C 635 requirements.
 2. Suspension Systems: Provide systems complete with carriers, splice sections, connector clips, alignment clips, leveling clips, hangers, molding, trim, retention clips, load-resisting struts, fixture adapters, and other suspension components required to support ceiling units and other ceiling-supported construction.
 3. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Cast-in-Place and Postinstalled Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 or ASTM E 1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1) Type: Cast-in-place **OR** Postinstalled expansion **OR** Postinstalled bonded, **as directed**, anchors.
 - 2) Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC service condition (mild).
 - 3) Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Group 1 Alloy 304 or 316 for bolts; Alloy 304 or 316 for anchors.
 - 4) Corrosion Protection: Components fabricated from nickel-copper-alloy rods complying with ASTM B 164 for UNS No. N04400 alloy.
 - b. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 4. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wire complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
 - b. Stainless-Steel Wire: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Type 304, nonmagnetic.
 - c. Nickel-Copper-Alloy Wire: ASTM B 164, nickel-copper-alloy UNS No. N04400.
 - d. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at 3 times the hanger design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- (2.69-mm-) **OR** 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-), **as directed**, diameter wire.
 5. Hanger Rods **OR** Flat Hangers, **as directed**: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.

6. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) wide; formed from 0.04-inch- (1.0-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter bolts.
 7. Carriers: Factory finished with matte-black baked finish, **as directed**.
 - a. Main Carriers: Aluminum, not less than 0.240-inch (6.0-mm) rolled sheet, alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated, complying with ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - b. Main Carriers: Steel, not less than 0.0209-inch (0.53-mm) nominal thickness, cold-rolled sheet, with factory-applied protective coating, complying with ASTM C 635.
 - 1) Electrolytic Zinc-Coated Steel: ASTM A 591/A 591M, not less than 80Z (24G), **as directed**, zinc coating.
 - 2) Hot-Dip Galvanized Steel: ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G60 (Z180), **as directed**, zinc coating.
 - c. Adaptable Carriers: Manufacturer's standard carriers for direct attachment to existing suspended tees.
 - d. Flexible Radial Carriers: Manufacturer's standard radial carriers.
 - e. Expansion Carriers: Manufacturer's standard carriers allowing for irregularities or other unusual space conditions.
 8. Carrier Splices: Same metal, profile, and finish as indicated for carriers.
 9. Stabilizer Channels, Tees, and Bars: Manufacturer's standard components for stabilizing main carriers at regular intervals and at light fixtures, air-distribution equipment, access doors, and other equipment; spaced as standard with manufacturer for use indicated; and factory finished with matte-black baked finish.
 10. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate seismic forces.
 11. Exterior Bracing Channels and Angles: Cold-rolled steel, hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 (Z180) coating designation; size and profile as required to withstand wind load.
 12. Hold-Down Clips: Manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced as standard with manufacturer.
 13. Edge Moldings and Trim: Provide exposed members as indicated or required to comply with seismic requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, to conceal edges of penetrations through ceiling, to conceal ends of pans and carriers, for fixture trim and adapters, for fasciae at changes in ceiling height, and for other conditions; of metal and finish matching linear metal pans or extruded plastic unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. For Circular Penetrations of Ceiling: Fabricate edge moldings to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.
- C. Aluminum Pans And Suspension System For Linear Metal Ceiling
1. Aluminum Pans and Suspension System:
 2. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type XIII, aluminum strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 1, perforated **OR** Type XIII, aluminum strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 2, unperforated **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated aluminum strips with sound-absorbent fabric backing, **as directed**.
 3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.018 inch (0.46 mm) **OR** 0.022 inch (0.56 mm) **OR** 0.024 inch (0.6 mm) **OR** 0.025 inch (0.65 mm) **OR** 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) **OR** 0.032 inch (0.8 mm) **OR** 0.040 inch (1.0 mm), **as directed**.
 4. Pan Edge Detail: Beveled **OR** Square **OR** Round **OR** Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
 5. Linear Module Width and Pan Face Width: 2-inch (51-mm) module width and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) face width **OR** 4-inch (102-mm) module width and 3-1/4-inch (83-mm) face width **OR** 6-inch (152-mm) module width and 5-1/4-inch (133-mm) face width **OR** 8-inch (203-mm) module width and 7-1/4-inch (184-mm) face width **OR** 100-mm module width and 80-mm face width **OR** 200-mm module width and 180-mm face width **OR** 300-mm module width and 280-mm face width **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 6. Pan Depth: 5/8 inch (16 mm) deep **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep **OR** Not less than 1 to 1-1/2 inches (25 to 38 mm) deep **OR** 15 mm deep **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

7. Pan Face Finish: Mill **OR** Lacquered mill **OR** Clear anodized **OR** Clear mirror-anodized **OR** Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by product designation **OR** Painted to match sample **OR** Painted in color selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** High-performance organic coating in color selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Bright-reflective finish selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
8. End Cap, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan **OR** Manufacturer's standard finish, **as directed**.
9. Filler Strip Design: Recessed **OR** Flush **OR** An integral extension of pan profile **OR** Expansion, for use with expansion carriers **OR** Slotted, for air diffusion, **as directed**.
10. Filler Strip, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan, **as directed**.
11. LR: Not less than 0.70 **OR** 0.75, **as directed**.
12. NRC: Not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
13. Suspension-System Main-Carrier Material: Aluminum **OR** Electrolytic zinc-coated steel **OR** Hot-dip galvanized steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard material and protective finish, **as directed**.

D. Steel Pans And Suspension System For Linear Metal Ceiling

1. Steel Pans and Suspension System:
2. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type XIII, steel strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 1, perforated **OR** Type XIII, steel strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 2, unperforated **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated steel strips with sound-absorbent fabric backing, **as directed**.
3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.015 inch (0.4 mm) **OR** 0.020 inch (0.5 mm) **OR** 0.024 inch (0.6 mm) **OR** 0.030 inch (0.75 mm), **as directed**.
4. Pan Edge Detail: Beveled **OR** Square **OR** Round **OR** Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
5. Linear Module Width and Pan Face Width: 2-inch (51-mm) module width and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) face width **OR** 4-inch (102-mm) module width and 3-1/4-inch (83-mm) face width **OR** 6-inch (152-mm) module width and 5-1/4-inch (133-mm) face width **OR** 8-inch (203-mm) module width and 7-1/4-inch (184-mm) face width **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
6. Pan Depth: 5/8 inch (16 mm) deep **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep **OR** Not less than 1 to 1-1/2 inches (25 to 38 mm) deep **OR** 15 mm deep **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
7. Pan Face Finish: Painted white **OR** Painted to match color indicated by product designation **OR** Painted to match sample **OR** Painted in color selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Electroplated finish selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
8. End Cap, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan **OR** Manufacturer's standard finish, **as directed**.
9. Filler Strip Design: Recessed **OR** Flush **OR** An integral extension of pan profile **OR** Expansion, for use with expansion carriers **OR** Slotted, for air diffusion, **as directed**.
10. Filler Strip, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan, **as directed**.
11. LR: Not less than 0.70 **OR** 0.75, **as directed**.
12. NRC: Not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
13. Suspension-System Main-Carrier Material: Aluminum **OR** Electrolytic zinc-coated steel **OR** Hot-dip galvanized steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard material and protective finish, **as directed**.

E. Stainless-Steel Pans And Suspension System For Linear Metal Ceiling

1. Stainless-Steel Pans and Suspension System:
2. Classification: Units complying with ASTM E 1264 for Type XIII, stainless-steel strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 1, perforated **OR** Type XIII, stainless-steel strips with mineral- or glass-fiber-base backing; Form 2, unperforated **OR** Type XX, other types described as perforated stainless-steel strips with sound-absorbent fabric backing, **as directed**.
3. Pan Thickness: Not less than 0.016 inch (0.396 mm) **OR** 0.019 inch (0.475 mm), **as directed**.
4. Pan Edge Detail: Manufacturer's standard edge detail, **as directed**.
5. Linear Module Width and Pan Face Width: 2-inch (51-mm) module width and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) face width **OR** 4-inch (102-mm) module width and 3-1/4-inch (83-mm) face width **OR** 6-inch (152-mm) module width and 5-1/4-inch (133-mm) face width **OR** 8-inch (203-mm) module width and 7-1/4-inch (184-mm) face width **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
6. Pan Depth: 5/8 inch (16 mm) deep **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

7. Pan Face Finish: Brushed, directional polish **OR** Satin, directional polish **OR** Mirrorlike reflective, nondirectional polish, **as directed**.
 8. End Cap, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan **OR** Manufacturer's standard finish, **as directed**.
 9. Filler Strip Design: Recessed **OR** Flush **OR** An integral extension of pan profile **OR** Expansion, for use with expansion carriers **OR** Slotted, for air diffusion, **as directed**.
 10. Filler Strip, Finish of Exposed Portions: Matte black **OR** To match pan, **as directed**.
 11. NRC: Not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.75 **OR** 0.95, **as directed**.
 12. Suspension-System Main-Carrier Material: Aluminum **OR** Electrolytic zinc-coated steel **OR** Hot-dip galvanized steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard material and protective finish, **as directed**.
- F. Accessories
1. Access Panels: For access at locations indicated, provide door hinge assembly, retainer clip, and retainer bar, assembled with ceiling panels and carrier sections into access doors of required size, permitting upward or downward opening.
- G. General Finish Requirements
1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
 3. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- H. Aluminum Finishes
1. Mill Finish: AA-M10C10.
 2. Lacquered Mill Finish: AA-M10C10R1x with manufacturer's standard clear, organic coating.
 3. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
 4. Clear Mirror Anodic Finish: AA-M21C12A212, 0.005 mm or thicker.
 5. Color-Coated Finish: Manufacturer's standard powder-coat baked paint finish complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
 6. High-Performance Organic Finish: 2-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 7. Bright-Reflective Finish: Manufacturer's standard chemical/mechanical bright-reflective metallic finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, protective coating, and minimum thickness to produce a finish uniform in appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unfinished areas, and other visible defects.
- I. Galvanized-Steel Sheet Finishes
1. Color-Coated Finish: Manufacturer's standard powder-coat baked paint finish complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
- J. Steel Sheet Finishes
1. Electroplated Finish: Electroplating process complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, and minimum thickness to produce a coating uniform in appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unplated areas, and other visible defects.
 2. Bright-Reflective Finish: Manufacturer's standard chemical/mechanical bright-reflective metallic finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation, pretreatment, process, protective coating, and minimum thickness to produce a finish uniform in

appearance and free of blisters, pits, roughness, nodules, burning, cracks, unfinished areas, and other visible defects.

K. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Comply with ASTM C 636 **OR** IBC Standard, **as directed**, and seismic requirement indicated, per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
2. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - a. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - b. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - c. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - d. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate to which hangers are attached and for type of hanger involved.
 - e. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both structure to which hangers are attached and type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
 - f. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
 - g. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
 - h. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
 - i. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
 - j. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
 - k. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
3. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers but without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with cast-in-place or postinstalled anchors.
4. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of linear metal ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges and ends of linear metal pans.
 - a. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3.2 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - b. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.

5. Install suspension system carriers so they are aligned and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
 6. Cut linear metal pans for accurate fit at borders and at interruptions and penetrations by other work through ceilings. Stiffen edges of cut units as required to eliminate evidence of buckling or variations in flatness exceeding referenced standards for stretcher-leveled metal sheet.
 7. Install linear metal pans in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim.
 - a. Align joints in adjacent courses to form uniform, straight joints parallel to room axis in both directions unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Fit adjoining units to form flush, tight joints. Scribe and cut units for accurate fit at borders and around construction penetrating ceiling.
 - c. Install pans with butt joints using internal pan splices.
 - 1) Joint Configuration: Aligned **OR** Aligned, every other panel length **OR** Staggered a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) **OR** Random **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Install directionally textured metal pans in directions indicated.
 - e. Where metal pan ends are visible, install end caps unless trim is indicated.
 - f. Install filler strips where indicated.
 - g. Install sound-absorbent fabric layers in perforated metal pans.
 - h. Install sound-absorbent pads at right angle to perforated metal pans so pads do not hang unsupported.
 8. Install hold-down clips where indicated.
- B. Cleaning
1. Clean exposed surfaces of linear metal ceilings, including trim and edge moldings after removing strippable, temporary protective covering if any. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for stripping of temporary protective covering, cleaning, and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage, including dented and bent units.

END OF SECTION 09 54 23 00a

SECTION 09 63 13 00 - BRICK FLOORING**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for brick flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Brick flooring set on thickset mortar bed.
 - b. Brick flooring set in thin-set mortar directly on concrete.

C. PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

1. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Submit to latex-additive manufacturer, for testing as indicated below, samples of flooring materials that will contact or affect mortar and grout that contain latex additives.
 - a. Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether mortar and grout materials will obtain optimum adhesion with, and will be nonstaining to, installed brick and other materials constituting brick flooring installation.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each material indicated, except water and aggregates.
2. Samples: For each type of brick and grout indicated.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store brick on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied.
2. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
3. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
4. Store liquids in tightly closed containers protected from freezing.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Do not use mortar and grout containing portland cement when temperature of brick, substrates, or materials is below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Brick Pavers**

1. Brick Pavers: Light-traffic paving brick; ASTM C 902, without frogs or cores in surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work.
 - a. Class SX for exposure to freezing weather, and Class MX for exterior uses that do not expose brick to freezing. Class NX for interior locations.
 - b. Type I for driveways and entrances to public and commercial buildings exposed to extensive abrasion; Type II, exterior walkways and floors in restaurants and stores exposed to intermediate traffic; Type III, floors and patios exposed to low traffic, as in single-family homes.
 - c. Application PS is normal tolerance for mortared joint installation; Application PX is close tolerance for ungrouted joints; Application PA is nonuniform sized for decorative effect.
2. Colors and Textures: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

3. Slip Resistance: Static coefficient of friction of at least 0.6 where used on level surfaces and 0.8 where used on ramps when tested according to ASTM C 1028.
 4. Temporary Protective Coating: Precoat exposed surfaces of brick pavers at factory with a temporary protective coating that is compatible with brick, mortar, and grout products.
- B. Mortar Setting-Bed Materials
1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II.
 2. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
 3. Aggregate: ASTM C 144.
 4. Latex Additive: Acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber, as recommended by manufacturer water emulsion, serving as replacement for part or all of gaging water, of type specifically recommended by latex-additive manufacturer for use with field-mixed portland cement and aggregate mortar bed, and not containing a retarder.
 5. Cleavage Membrane: Asphalt felt, ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15); or polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 4397, 4.0 mils (0.1 mm) thick, for work over wood subfloor or for isolation of portland cement setting bed from concrete subfloor.
 6. Reinforcing Wire Fabric: Galvanized, welded wire fabric, 2 by 2 inches (50.8 by 50.8 mm) by 0.062-inch (1.57-mm) diameter; ASTM A 1064, for portland cement setting beds over cleavage membrane.
 7. Thin-Set Mortar: Latex-portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A118.4.
 - a. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
 - b. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene-rubber liquid-latex additive at Project site.
 - c. Provide product that is approved by manufacturer for application thickness of 5/8 inch (16 mm).
- C. Grout Materials
1. Sand-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10, composed of white or gray cement and white or colored aggregate as required to produce color indicated.
 - a. Colored Mortar Pigments for Grout: Natural and synthetic iron and chromium oxides, compounded for use in mortar and grout mixes. Use only pigments that have proved, through testing and experience, to be satisfactory for use in portland cement grout.
 2. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6, sanded.
 3. Polymer-Modified Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7, sanded.
 4. Polymer Type: Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive; in dry, redispersible form; prepackaged with other dry ingredients.
 5. Polymer Type: Acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene rubber in liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.
 6. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 7. Water: Potable.
- D. Miscellaneous Materials
1. Expansion- and Control-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.
 2. Sealer: Acrylic-based, slip-resistant, water-emulsion floor finish complying with ASTM D 4078 and specifically recommended by sealer manufacturer for use indicated.
 3. Floor Wax: Formulated for use over sealer indicated, acceptable to sealer manufacturer, and specifically recommended by floor-wax manufacturer for use intended.
 - a. Slip Resistance: Static coefficient of friction of at least 0.5 when tested according to ASTM D 2047.
- E. Mixes
1. General: Comply with referenced standards and with manufacturers' written instructions. Discard mortars and grout when they have reached their initial set.
 2. Portland Cement-Lime Setting-Bed Mortar: Type S **OR** N, **as directed**, complying with ASTM C 270, Proportion Specification, .

3. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar: Comply with written instructions of latex-additive manufacturer to produce stiff mixture with a moist surface when bed is ready to receive brick.
4. Mortar Bed Bond Coat: Mix neat cement and latex additive **OR** water, **as directed**, to a creamy consistency.
5. Latex-Portland Cement Slurry Bond Coat: Mix portland cement, aggregate, and latex additive to comply with written instructions of latex-additive manufacturer.
6. Thin-Set Mortar: Proportion and mix per written instructions of manufacturer.
7. Job-Mixed Portland Cement Grout: Proportion and mix to match setting-bed mortar, except omit hydrated lime and use enough water to produce a pourable mixture.
8. Job-Mixed Polymer-Modified Portland Cement Grout: Add liquid-latex additive to dry grout mix in proportion and concentration recommended by liquid-latex manufacturer. Proportion cement and aggregate to comply with directions of latex-additive manufacturer.
9. Packaged Grout Mix: Proportion and mix ingredients according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation, General

1. Remove substances, from subfloor, that could impair mortar bond, including curing and sealing compounds, form oil, and laitance.
2. Mix bricks from several pallets or cubes, as they are placed, to produce uniform blend of colors and textures.
3. Cut bricks with motor-driven masonry saw to provide pattern indicated and to fit adjoining work neatly. Use full units without cutting where possible.
4. Joint Pattern: Running bond **OR** Herringbone **OR** Basket weave **OR** As indicated **OR** Match existing brick flooring joint pattern, **as directed**.
 - a. Spaced Joint Widths: Provide nominal 3/8-inch (10-mm) **OR** 1/2-inch (13-mm), **as directed**, joint width with variations not exceeding plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3 mm), **as directed**.
5. Tolerances: Do not exceed 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) unit-to-unit offset from flush nor 1/8 inch in 24 inches (3 mm in 600 mm) and 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m) from level, or indicated slope.
6. Expansion and Control Joints: Provide joint filler as backing for sealant-filled joints where indicated. Install joint filler before setting brick flooring.

B. Thickset Mortared Brick Flooring

1. Apply mortar bed to concrete subfloors as follows:
 - a. Saturate concrete subfloor with clean water several hours before placing setting bed. Remove surface water about one hour before placing setting bed.
 - b. Apply mortar bed bond coat over surface of concrete subfloor before placing mortar bed. Limit area of bond coat to avoid its drying out before placing setting bed. Do not exceed 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) thickness for bond coat.
 - c. Apply mortar bed over bond coat immediately after applying bond coat. Spread and screed to elevations required for accurate setting of brick to finished elevations indicated.
 - d. Brick Wet Set on Workable Mortar Bed: Mix and place only that amount of mortar bed that can be covered with brick before initial set. Cut back, bevel edge, and discard material that has reached initial set before placing brick.
 - e. Brick Set on Cured Mortar Bed: Cure mortar bed for not less than 20 hours at 70 deg F (21 deg C).
2. Apply mortar bed over cleavage membrane as follows:
 - a. Place cleavage membrane over subfloor, lapped at least 4 inches (100 mm) at joints.
 - b. Place reinforcing wire fabric over membrane, lapped at joints by at least one full mesh and supported so mesh becomes embedded in the middle of setting bed. Hold edges back from vertical surfaces approximately 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - c. Place mortar bed over cleavage membrane with reinforcing wire fabric fully embedded in middle of setting bed. Spread and screed to uniform thickness at elevations required for accurate setting of brick to finished elevations indicated.

- d. Brick Wet Set on Workable Mortar Bed: Mix and place only that amount of mortar bed that can be covered with brick before initial set. Cut back, bevel edge, and discard material that has reached initial set before placing brick.
 - e. Brick Set on Cured Mortar Bed: Cure mortar bed for not less than 20 hours at 70 deg F (21 deg C).
3. Install brick either in workable mortar bed or in thin-set mortar bond coat over cured mortar bed at Contractor's option.
 4. Install brick in workable mortar bed as follows:
 - a. Wet brick before laying if the initial rate of absorption exceeds 30 g/30 sq. in. (30 g/194 sq. cm) per minute when tested per ASTM C 67. Allow brick to absorb the water so it is damp but not wet at the time of laying.
 - b. Place brick before initial set of cement occurs. Immediately before placing brick, apply uniform 1/16-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, slurry bond coat to bed or to back of each brick.
 - c. Tamp or beat brick with a wooden block or rubber mallet to obtain full contact with setting bed and to bring finished surfaces within indicated tolerances. Set each brick in a single operation before initial set of mortar; do not return to areas already set and disturb bricks for purposes of realigning finished surfaces or adjusting joints.
 5. Install brick in thin-set mortar bond coat over cured mortar bed as follows:
 - a. Wet brick before laying if the initial rate of absorption exceeds 30 g/30 sq. in. (30 g/194 sq. cm) per minute when tested per ASTM C 67. Allow brick to absorb the water so it is damp but not wet at the time of laying.
 - b. Apply thin-set mortar bond coat to setting bed with notched trowel complying with admixture manufacturer's specifications. Key the mortar into setting bed with flat side of trowel and comb with notched side of trowel in one direction. Apply only as much mortar as can be covered with brick before initial set (15 to 30 minutes).
 - c. Place brick while bond coat is still tacky and before initial set takes place. Immediately before placing on setting bed, apply skim coat of thin-set mortar to back of brick. Place brick by sliding in a direction perpendicular to combed ridges and tamp or beat brick to obtain full contact with setting bed and to bring finished surfaces within indicated tolerances.
- C. Thin-Set Mortared Brick Flooring
1. Install brick flooring with thin-set mortar on concrete subfloor to comply with the following:
 - a. Wet brick before laying if the initial rate of absorption exceeds 30 g/30 sq. in. (30 g/194 sq. cm) per minute when tested per ASTM C 67. Allow brick to absorb the water so it is damp but not wet at the time of laying.
 - b. Apply thin-set mortar to substrate with notched trowel complying with admixture manufacturer's specifications for notch depth and configuration and in heavy enough layer to provide a minimum mortar-bed thickness of 3/32 to 1/8 inch (2.5 to 3 mm) after bricks are fully embedded. Key the mortar into substrate with flat side of trowel and comb with notched side of trowel in one direction. Apply only as much mortar as can be covered with brick before initial set (15 to 30 minutes).
 - c. Place brick while mortar is still tacky and before initial set takes place. Immediately before placing brick, apply skim coat of thin-set mortar to back of brick. Place brick by sliding in a direction perpendicular to combed ridges and tamp or beat brick with a small beating block to obtain full contact with mortar and to bring finished surfaces within indicated tolerances; do not return to areas already set and disturb bricks for purposes of realigning finished surfaces or adjusting joints.
- D. Joint Treatment
1. Hand-Tight Joints: Sweep dry mixture of portland cement and sand into joints and then fog surface with water to set mixture.
 2. Grouted Joints: Grout brick joints complying with ANSI A108.10.
 - a. Grout joints as soon as possible after initial set of setting bed. After initial set of grout, finish joints by tooling to produce a slightly concave polished joint, free from drying cracks.
 - b. Damp cure grout for seven days, unless otherwise recommended by grout or latex-additive manufacturer.

- E. Repair, Pointing, Cleaning, And Protection
1. Remove and replace brick that is loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that does not match adjoining brick as intended. Provide new brick to match adjoining brick and install in same manner as original brick, with same joint treatment and with no evidence of replacement.
 2. Pointing: During tooling of joints, enlarge voids or holes and completely fill with mortar or grout. Point up joints at sealant joints to provide a neat, uniform appearance, properly prepared for sealant application.
 3. Remove protective coating as recommended by protective coating manufacturer and acceptable to brick and grout manufacturers. Trap and remove coating to prevent it from clogging drains.
 4. Sealing and Waxing: After floor has been cleaned and is thoroughly dry, seal and wax. Apply sealer and wax to comply with written directions of manufacturer of each product.

END OF SECTION 09 63 13 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 63 43 00	09 67 16 00	Resinous Flooring

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SECTION 09 64 13 00 - WOOD FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wood flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes:
 - a. Factory-finished wood flooring.
 - b. Field-finished wood flooring.
 - c. Sound control underlayment

C. Action Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4: For recycled-rubber underlayment, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating cost for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Certificates for Credit MR 6 OR Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that products specified to be made from certified wood comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that mill is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body. Include statement indicating cost for each certified wood product.
 - c. Product Data for Credit IEQ 4.1: For wood flooring installation adhesives, documentation including printed statement of VOC content.
 - d. Product Data for Credit IEQ 4.2: For field-applied finishes for wood flooring, documentation including printed statement of VOC content.
 - e. Product Data for Credit IEQ 4.3: For wood flooring installation adhesives and field-applied finishes for wood flooring, documentation including printed statement of VOC content.
 - f. Product Data for Credit IEQ 4.3: For wood flooring, documentation from an independent testing agency indicating compliance with the FloorScore Standard.
 - g. Product Data for Credit IEQ 4.4: For composite wood products, documentation indicating that the bonding agent contains no urea formaldehyde.
 - h. Laboratory Test Reports for Credit IEQ 4: For adhesives, field-applied finishes, flooring system elements, composite wood products and wood flooring systems.
3. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor assembly and accessory. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Include expansion provisions and trim details.
4. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors and finishes available for wood flooring.
5. Samples for Verification: For each type of wood flooring and accessory, with stain color and finish required, approximately 12 inches (300 mm) long and of same thickness and material indicated for the Work and showing the full range of normal color and texture variations expected.

D. Maintenance Material Submittals

1. Furnish extra materials described below, before installation begins, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - a. Wood Flooring: Equal to 1 percent of amount installed for each type of wood flooring indicated.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Hardwood Flooring: Comply with NOFMA's "Official Flooring Grading Rules" for species, grade, and cut.
 - a. Certification: Provide flooring that carries NOFMA grade stamp on each bundle or piece.
3. Maple Flooring: Comply with applicable MFMA grading rules for species, grade, and cut.
 - a. Certification: Provide flooring that carries MFMA mark on each bundle or piece.
4. Softwood Flooring: Comply with WCLIB No. 17 grading rules for species, grade, and cut.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver wood flooring materials in unopened cartons or bundles.
2. Protect wood flooring from exposure to moisture. Do not deliver wood flooring until after concrete, masonry, plaster, ceramic tile, and similar wet work is complete and dry.
3. Store wood flooring materials in a dry, warm, ventilated, weathertight location.

G. Project Conditions

1. Conditioning period begins not less than seven days before wood flooring installation, is continuous through installation, and continues not less than seven days after wood flooring installation.
 - a. Environmental Conditioning: Maintain an ambient temperature between 65 and 75 deg F (18 and 24 deg C) and relative humidity planned for building occupants in spaces to receive wood flooring during the conditioning period.
 - b. Wood Flooring Conditioning: Move wood flooring into spaces where it will be installed, no later than the beginning of the conditioning period.
 - 1) Do not install flooring until it adjusts to relative humidity of, and is at same temperature as, space where it is to be installed.
 - 2) Open sealed packages to allow wood flooring to acclimatize immediately on moving flooring into spaces in which it will be installed.
2. After conditioning period, maintain relative humidity and ambient temperature planned for building occupants.
3. Install factory-finished wood flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Field-Finished Wood Flooring

1. Certified Wood: Provide wood flooring produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
2. Solid-Wood Plank Flooring: Kiln dried to 6 to 9 percent maximum moisture content, tongue and groove and end matched, and with backs channeled (kerfed) for stress relief.
 - a. Species and Grade: Select red oak **OR** No. 1 Common red oak **OR** No. 2 Common red oak **OR** MFMA-RL First Grade hard maple **OR** MFMA-RL Second and Better Grade hard maple **OR** C & BTR - Flooring Douglas fir **OR** D - Flooring Douglas fir, **as directed**.
 - b. Cut: Plain sawn **OR** Quarter/rift sawn **OR** Edge grain **OR** Vertical grain, **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 25/32 inch (20 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Face Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 3-1/8 inches (79 mm) **OR** 5-1/8 inches (130 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Lengths: Manufacturer's Standard **OR** Random-length strips complying with applicable grading rules **OR** Lengths required to form pattern indicated, **as directed**.
 - f. Preservative Treatment: Clear, penetrating, water-repellent wood preservative that protects against mold, mildew, staining, and decay fungi; complying with MFMA's written recommendations and applied by immersion.
 - g. Simulated Wood Pegs: Contrasting wood pegs at ends of plank flooring pieces.
3. Solid-Wood Parquet Flooring: Kiln dried to 6 to 9 percent maximum moisture content.

- a. Species: Red oak **OR** White oak **OR** Ash **OR** Maple **OR** Black cherry, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 5/16 inch (8 mm) **OR** 11/16 inch (17 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 4. Engineered-Wood Flooring: HPVA EF, except bonding agent contains no urea formaldehyde.
 - a. Species: Red oak **OR** White oak **OR** Ash **OR** Beech **OR** Maple **OR** Black cherry, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Construction: Five **OR** Three, **as directed**, ply.
 - d. Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Length: Manufacturer's standard.
 5. Urethane Finish System: Complete solvent-based, oil-modified **OR** water-based, **as directed**, system of compatible components that is recommended by finish manufacturer for application indicated.
 - a. VOC Content: When calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), as follows:
 - 1) Finish Coats and Floor Sealers: Not more than 350 g/L.
 - 2) Stains: Not more than 250 g/L.
 - b. Finish Coats: Formulated for multicoat application on wood flooring.
 - c. Stain: Penetrating and nonfading type.
 - 1) Color: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Floor Sealer: Pliable, penetrating type.
 - e. Finish Coats: Formulated for multicoat application on wood flooring.
 6. Wood Filler: Compatible with finish system components and recommended by filler and finish manufacturers for use indicated. If required to match approved Samples, provide pigmented filler.
- B. Factory-Finished Wood Flooring
1. Certified Wood: Provide wood flooring produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
 2. Solid-Wood Flooring: Kiln dried to 6 to 9 percent maximum moisture content; tongue and groove and end matched; and with backs channeled (kerfed) for stress relief.
 - a. Species: Red oak **OR** White oak **OR** Ash **OR** Birch **OR** Maple **OR** Black cherry **OR** Hickory **OR** Walnut, **as directed**.
 - b. Cut: Plain sawn **OR** Quarter/rift sawn **OR** Edge grain **OR** Vertical grain, **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 25/32 inch (20 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Face Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 3-1/8 inches (79 mm) **OR** 5-1/8 inches (130 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Lengths: Random-length strips complying with applicable grading rules **OR** Lengths required to form pattern indicated, **as directed**.
 - f. Edge Style: Square **OR** Beveled (eased), **as directed**.
 - g. Finish: UV urethane system.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 3. Solid-Wood Parquet Flooring: Kiln dried to 6 to 9 percent maximum moisture content.
 - a. Species: Red oak.
 - b. Thickness: 5/16 inch (8 mm) **OR** 11/16 inch (17 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: UV urethane **OR** Acrylic impregnated, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 4. Engineered-Wood Flooring: HPVA EF, except bonding agent contains no urea formaldehyde.
 - a. Species: Red oak **OR** White oak **OR** Ash **OR** Beech **OR** Birch **OR** Maple **OR** Black cherry **OR** Hickory **OR** Walnut, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Construction: Five **OR** Three ply, **as directed**.
 - d. Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**.
 - e. Length: Manufacturer's standard.
 - f. Edge Style: Square **OR** Beveled (eased), **as directed**.
 - g. Finish: UV urethane **OR** Acrylic impregnated, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As selected in manufacturer's full range.

5. Engineered-Wood Parquet Flooring: HPVA EF, except bonding agent contains no urea formaldehyde.
 - a. Species: Red oak **OR** Ash **OR** Beech **OR** Maple **OR** Walnut, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Construction: Five **OR** Three, **as directed**, ply.
 - d. Finish: UV urethane.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Sound Control Underlayment
1. Sound Control Underlayment: Sound reducing underlayment consisting of impact-absorbing materials. Minimum Impact Insulation Class (IIC) of 50 **OR** 55, as directed when tested according to ASTM E 492.
 2. Material: Recycled rubber **OR** Polyurethane foam **OR** Wood fiber **OR** Wood fiber made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde, as directed.
 3. Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 5/32 inch (4 mm), as directed.
- D. Accessory Materials
1. Wood Underlayment: As specified in Division 06 Section "Rough Carpentry".
 2. Vapor Retarder: ASTM D 4397, polyethylene sheet not less than 6.0 mils (0.15 mm) **OR** 8.0 mils (0.2 mm) thick, **as directed**.
 3. Asphalt-Saturated Felt: ASTM D 4869, Type II.
 4. Wood Flooring Adhesive: Mastic recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers for application indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of not more than 100 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 5. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by wood flooring manufacturer.
 6. Fasteners: As recommended by manufacturer, but not less than that recommended in NWFA's "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring."
 7. Thresholds and Saddles: To match wood flooring. Tapered on each side.
 8. Reducer Strips: To match wood flooring. 2 inches (51 mm) wide, tapered, and in thickness required to match height of flooring.
 9. Cork Expansion Strip: Composition cork strip.
 10. Feature Strips: 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide, square-edged walnut strips furnished in lengths as long as practical and in thickness to match wood flooring.
 11. Metal Feature Strips: 1/8-by-1/8-inch (3-by-3-mm) solid-brass strip, designed for inlaying into routed reveal in wood flooring surface.
 12. Wood air vents and grilles of same species and grade as wood flooring and in sizes indicated on Drawings.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of wood flooring.
2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
3. Concrete Slabs: Verify that concrete substrates are dry and moisture-vapor emissions are within acceptable levels according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. (18.6 sq. m), and perform no fewer than two tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test per ASTM F 1869, as follows:

- a) Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) **OR** 4.5 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (2.04 kg of water/92.9 sq. m), as directed in 24 hours.
- 2) Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.

B. Preparation

- 1. Concrete Slabs: Grind high spots and fill low spots on concrete substrates to produce a maximum 1/8-inch (3-mm) deviation in any direction when checked with a 10-foot (3-m) straight edge.
 - a. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- 2. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances on substrates that are incompatible with installation adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- 3. Broom or vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before product installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

C. Installation

- 1. Comply with flooring manufacturer's written installation instructions, but not less than applicable recommendations in NWFA's "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring."
- 2. Wood Sleepers and Subfloor: Install according to requirements in Division 06 Section "Rough Carpentry".
- 3. Wood Underlayment: Install according to requirements in Division 06 Section "Rough Carpentry".
- 4. Provide expansion space at walls and other obstructions and terminations of flooring as indicated on Drawings **OR** of not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
- 5. Vapor Retarder: Comply with NOFMA's "Installing Hardwood Flooring" for vapor retarder installation and the following:
 - a. Wood Flooring Nailed to Sleepers over Concrete: Install flooring over a layer of polyethylene sheet with edges overlapped over sleepers and turned up behind baseboards.
 - b. Wood Flooring Nailed to Sleepers over Concrete: Install flooring over a layer of polyethylene sheet with edges overlapped over sleepers and turned up behind baseboards.
 - c. Wood Flooring Installed Directly on Concrete: Install a layer of polyethylene sheet according to flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
- 6. Sound Control Underlayment: Install over vapor retarder in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- 7. Solid-Wood Flooring: Blind nail or staple flooring to substrate.
 - a. For flooring of face width more than 3 inches (75 mm), do the following:
 - 1) Install countersunk screws at each end of each piece in addition to blind nailing. Cover screw heads with wood plugs glued flush with flooring.
 - 2) Install no fewer than 2 countersunk nails at each end of each piece, spaced not more than 16 inches (406 mm) along length of each piece, in addition to blind nailing. Fill holes with matching wood filler.
- 8. Solid-Wood Parquet Flooring: Set in adhesive.
- 9. Engineered-Wood Flooring: Set in adhesive **OR** Nail or staple **OR** Install floating floor, **as directed**.

D. Field Finishing

- 1. Machine-sand flooring to remove offsets, ridges, cups, and sanding-machine marks that would be noticeable after finishing. Vacuum and tack with a clean cloth immediately before applying finish.
 - a. Comply with applicable recommendations in NWFA's "Installation Guidelines: Wood Flooring."
- 2. Fill open-grained hardwood.
- 3. Fill and repair wood flooring seams and defects.

4. Apply floor-finish materials in number of coats recommended by finish manufacturer for application indicated, but not less than one coat of floor sealer and three finish coats.
 - a. Apply stains to achieve an even color distribution matching approved Samples.
 - b. For water-based finishes, use finishing methods recommended by finish manufacturer to minimize grain raise.
5. Cover wood flooring before finishing.
6. Do not cover wood flooring after finishing until finish reaches full cure, and not before seven days after applying last finish coat.

E. Protection

1. Protect installed wood flooring during remainder of construction period with covering of heavy kraft paper or other suitable material. Do not use plastic sheet or film that might cause condensation.
 - a. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over kraft-paper-covered wood flooring. Protect flooring with plywood or hardboard panels to prevent damage from storing or moving objects over flooring.

END OF SECTION 09 64 13 00

SECTION 09 64 23 00 - WOOD SPORTS-FLOOR ASSEMBLIES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wood sports-floor assemblies. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes wood sports-floor assemblies.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show installation details including location and layout of each type of floor assembly and accessory. Include the following:
 - a. Expansion provisions and trim details.
 - b. Layout, colors, widths, and dimensions of game lines and markers.
 - c. Locations of floor inserts for athletic equipment installed through flooring assembly.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For wood sports-floor assembly installation adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For field-applied finishes and game-line and marker paints, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - c. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood flooring complies with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
5. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Installer Responsibilities: Include installation and field finishing of sports-floor assembly components and accessories, and application of game lines and markers.
3. Forest Certification: Provide wood components produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Maple Flooring: Comply with MFMA grading rules for species, grade, and cut.
 - a. Certification: Provide flooring that carries MFMA mark on each bundle or piece.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver assembly materials in unopened cartons or bundles.
2. Protect wood from exposure to moisture. Do not deliver wood components until after concrete, masonry, plaster, ceramic tile, and similar wet work is complete and dry.
3. Store wood components in a dry, warm, well-ventilated, weathertight location and in a horizontal position.

F. Field Conditions

1. Conditioning period begins not less than seven days before sports-floor assembly installation, is continuous through installation, and continues not less than seven days after sports-floor installation.

- a. Environmental Conditioning: Maintain an ambient temperature between 65 and 75 deg F (18 and 24 deg C) and relative humidity planned for building occupants, but not less than 35 percent or more than 50 percent, in spaces to receive sports-floor assemblies during the conditioning period.
- b. Wood Conditioning: Move wood components into spaces where they will be installed, no later than beginning of the conditioning period.
 - 1) Do not install sports-floor assemblies until wood components adjust to relative humidity of, and are at same temperature as, spaces where they are to be installed.
 - 2) Open sealed packages to allow wood components to acclimatize immediately on moving wood components into spaces in which they will be installed.
- c. After conditioning period, maintain relative humidity and ambient temperature planned for building occupants.
- d. Install sports-floor assemblies after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Description

1. System Type: Floating **OR** Fixed **OR** Anchored resilient **OR** Portable, as directed.
2. Overall System Height: 2-1/8 inches (54 mm) **OR** 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 inches (64 mm), **as directed**.

B. Performance

1. Provide wood athletic flooring systems tested by a qualified testing agency according to DIN V 18032-2 and shown to meet the following requirements:
 - a. Shock Absorption: Minimum 53 percent.
 - b. Vertical Deflection: Minimum 0.09 inch (2.3 mm).
 - c. Area of Deflection: Maximum 15 percent.
 - d. Ball Bounce: Minimum **90** percent.
 - e. Surface Friction: Not less than 0.5 or more than 0.7.
 - f. Rolling Loads: No damage when subjected to 337 lbf (1500 N) applied through a single wheel.

C. Flooring Material

1. Random-Length Strip Flooring: Northern hard maple (*Acer saccharum*), kiln dried, random length, tongue and groove, and end matched.
 - a. Grade: MFMA-RL First **OR** Second and Better **OR** Third and Better, **as directed**.
 - 1) Exception: For areas under stacked portion of telescoping bleachers that are normally concealed from view, provide Third and Better Grade.
 - b. Cut: Edge **OR** Flat, **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 25/32 inch (20 mm) **OR** 33/32 inch (26 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Face Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
2. Finger-Jointed Strip Flooring: Northern hard maple (*Acer saccharum*), kiln dried, random length, tongue and groove, and end matched.
 - a. Grade: MFMA-RL First **OR** Second and Better **OR** Third and Better, **as directed**.
 - 1) Exception: For areas under stacked portion of telescoping bleachers that are normally concealed from view, provide Third and Better Grade.
 - b. Cut: Edge **OR** Flat, **as directed**.
 - c. Thickness: 25/32 inch (20 mm) **OR** 33/32 inch (26 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Face Width: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
3. Parquet Flooring: Northern hard maple (*Acer saccharum*), kiln dried, edge grain, and square edge.
 - a. Grade: MFMA-PQ Second and Better **OR** Third and Better, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: Not less than 5/16 inch (8 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 7/16 inch (11 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 11/16 inch (17 mm), **as directed**.

- c. Picket Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 7/8 inch (22 mm) or 1-1/8 inches (29 mm) **OR** 7/8 inch (22 mm) **OR** 1-1/8 inches (29 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Length: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 9 inches (229 mm), **as directed**.

- D. Subfloor Materials
 1. Board Underlayment: Nominal 1-by-6-inch (25-by-150-mm) graded boards; of SPIB No. 2 Southern pine, WCLIB Construction grade (any species), or WWPA No. 3 (any species), dried to 15 percent moisture content.
 2. Plywood Underlayment: APA rated, C-D Plugged, exterior glue, tongue and groove, 15/32 inch (12 mm) **OR** 23/32 inch (18 mm), **as directed**, thick.
 3. Wood Sleepers: Standard grade; 48 inches (1200 mm) long; kiln-dried Eastern hemlock, fir, pine, or spruce.
 - a. Size: Nominal 2 by 3 inches (50 by 75 mm) **OR** 2 by 4 inches (50 by 100 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Sleeper Anchors: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than steel drive pins recommended by anchor manufacturer to achieve minimum 900-lbf (4000-N) pullout strength.
 - c. Sleeper Shims: In size and type recommended in writing by flooring manufacturer for application indicated.
 - d. Asphalt Primer: ASTM D 41.
 - e. Asphalt Mastic: ASTM D 312, Type I, cold-applied dead-level asphalt or Type III, hot-applied steep asphalt, as recommended in writing by manufacturer.
 4. Channels: Manufacturer's standard as indicated by product designation above.
 - a. Channel Anchors: Manufacturer's standard but not less than modified steel drive pins recommended by anchor manufacturer to achieve minimum 900-lbf (4000-N) pullout strength.
 - b. Clips: Manufacturer's standard as indicated by product designation above.
 5. Resilient Pads: With air voids for resiliency and installed at manufacturer's standard spacing for product designation indicated above.
 - a. Material: PVC **OR** Rubber **OR** Neoprene, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 7/16 inch (11 mm) **OR** 5/8 inch (16 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
 6. Resilient Underlayment: Flexible, multicellular, closed-cell, expanded polyethylene-foam sheet; 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick; nominal 2-lb/cu. ft. (32-kg/cu. m) density, **as directed**.

- E. Finishes
 1. Floor-Finish System: System of compatible components recommended in writing by flooring manufacturer, and MFMA approved.
 - a. Floor-Sealer Formulation: Pliable, penetrating type. MFMA Group 1, Sealers.
 - b. Finish-Coat Formulation: Formulated for gloss finish indicated and multicoat application.
 - 1) Type: MFMA Group 3, Gymnasium-Type Surface Finishes **OR** MFMA Group 5, Water-Based Finishes, **as directed**.
 - c. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Industrial enamel compatible with finish coats and recommended in writing by manufacturers of finish coats, and paint for this use.
 - d. VOC Content: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1) Floor Sealers and Finish Coats: VOC content of not more than 350 g/L.
 - 2) Game-Line and Marker Paint: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - e. VOC Emissions: Provide products that comply with the maximum allowable concentrations of VOCs when tested according to California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

- F. Accessories
 1. Vapor Retarder: ASTM D 4397, polyethylene sheet not less than 6 mils (0.15 mm) thick.
 2. Resilient Wall Base: Molded, vented, rubber or vinyl cove base; 4 by 3 by 48 inches (100 by 75 by 1200 mm); with premolded outside corners.

- a. Color: Black **OR** Brown, **as directed**.
3. Wood Wall Base: Nominal 1-by-3-inch (25-by-75-mm) wood base **OR** Built-up wood base as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, matching species, grade, and cut of wood flooring.
4. Thresholds: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
5. Fasteners: Type and size recommended by manufacturer, but not less than those recommended by MFMA for application indicated.
6. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by sports-floor manufacturer.
7. Adhesives: Manufacturer's standard for application indicated.
 - a. Concrete Primers: Manufacturer's standard for application indicated.
 - b. Use adhesive and primer, if any, that have a VOC content of 100 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
8. Floor-Finish System: System of compatible components recommended in writing by flooring manufacturer and MFMA approved.
 - a. Type: MFMA Group 3, Gymnasium Type (Surface) Finishes; urethane-oil type **OR** Group 5, Water Based Finishes; polyurethane, **as directed**.
 - b. Floor-Sealer Formulation: Pliable, penetrating type.
 - c. Finish-Coat Formulation: Formulated for gloss finish and multicoat application.
 - d. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Industrial enamel compatible with finish coats and recommended in writing by manufacturers of finish coats, and paint for this use.
 - e. VOC content: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1) Floor Sealers and Finish Coats: VOC content of not more than 350 g/L.
 - 2) Game-Line and Marker Paint: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Grind high spots and fill low spots on concrete substrates to produce a maximum 1/8-inch (3-mm) deviation in any direction when checked with a 10-foot (3-m) straight edge.
 - a. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
2. Remove coatings including curing compounds and other substances on substrates that are incompatible with installation adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; use mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
3. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before product installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Installation

1. General: Comply with sports-floor assembly manufacturer's written instructions, but not less than written recommendations of MFMA applicable to flooring type indicated.
2. Pattern: Lay flooring parallel with long dimension of space to be floored, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Expansion Spaces: Provide as indicated, but not less than that required by manufacturer's written instructions and MFMA's written recommendations at walls and other obstructions, and at interruptions and terminations of flooring.
 - a. Cover expansion spaces with base molding, trim, and saddles, as indicated on Drawings.
4. Vapor Retarder: Install with joints lapped a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) and sealed.
5. Underlayment: Install perpendicular to direction of flooring, staggering end joints in adjacent rows.
6. Sleepers:
 - a. Install perpendicular to direction of flooring, staggering end joints a minimum of 24 inches (610 mm).
 - b. Space at spacing recommended by manufacturer for system components indicated **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. **OR** 9 inches (229 mm) o.c. **OR** 8 inches (203 mm) o.c., **as directed**.

- c. Shim and level sleepers and install anchors at spacing recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 30 inches (760 mm) o.c.
 - d. Anchor predrilled sleepers through resilient pads.
 7. Channels: Anchor channels to substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Install wood strip flooring across channels.
 - b. Insert steel clip at each intersection of a flooring strip with a channel.
 8. Strip Flooring: Mechanically fasten perpendicular to supports.
 9. Parquet Flooring: Adhere to substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 10. Installation Tolerances: 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m) of variance from level.
- C. Sanding And Finishing
1. Follow applicable recommendations in MFMA's "Industry Recommendations for Sanding, Sealing, Court Lining, Finishing, and Resurfacing of Maple Gym Floors."
 2. Allow installed flooring to acclimate to ambient conditions for at least 10 days before sanding.
 3. Machine sand with coarse, medium, and fine grades of sandpaper to achieve a level, smooth, uniform surface without ridges or cups. Remove sanding dust by tack or vacuum.
 4. Finish: Apply seal and finish coats of finish system according to finish manufacturer's written instructions. Provide not less than four coats total and not less than two finish coats.
 - a. Water-Based Finishes: Use finishing methods recommended by finish manufacturer to reduce grain raise and sidebonding effect.
 - b. Game Lines and Markers: Apply game-line and marker paint between final seal coat and first finish coat according to paint manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1) Mask flooring at game lines and markers, and apply paint to produce lines and markers with sharp edges.
 - 2) Where game lines cross, break minor game line at intersection; do not overlap lines.
 - 3) Apply game lines and markers in widths and colors according to requirements indicated on Drawings.
 - 4) Apply finish coats after game-line and marker paint is fully cured.
- D. Protection
1. Protect sports floors during remainder of construction period to allow finish to cure and to ensure that flooring and finish are without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.
 - a. Do not cover sports floors after finishing until finish reaches full cure, and not before seven days after applying last finish coat.
 - b. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over sports floors. Protect fully cured floor finishes and surfaces with plywood or hardboard panels to prevent damage from storing or moving objects over sports floors.

END OF SECTION 09 64 23 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 64 23 00	09 64 13 00	Wood Flooring
09 64 29 00	09 64 13 00	Wood Flooring
09 64 29 00	09 64 23 00	Wood Sports-Floor Assemblies
09 64 66 00	09 64 23 00	Wood Sports-Floor Assemblies

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SECTION 09 65 13 13 - CORK FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for cork flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Cork floor tile.
 - b. Engineered cork floor tile.
 - c. Cork rubber floor tile.
 - d. Cork floating floor system.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 6.0: For cork flooring, including printed statement of costs for each rapidly renewable material.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesive, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - c. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For field-applied sealer and finish coatings, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - d. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For cork flooring and MDF, including printed statement indicating that the bonding agent and adhesive contain no urea-formaldehyde resins.
3. Shop Drawings: For each type of cork flooring. Include cork flooring layouts, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
4. Samples: Full-size units of each shade and finish **OR** shade, pattern, and finish **OR** color and pattern, **as directed**, of cork flooring required.
5. Maintenance Data: For each type of cork flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** Class II, not less than 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**.
2. Product Certificates: For cork floating floor system, from manufacturer, certifying that MDF core contains no urea-formaldehyde resins.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store cork flooring and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C). Store cork flooring on flat surfaces.

F. Project Conditions

1. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F (18 deg C) or more than 75 deg F (24 deg C) where relative humidity is between 45 and 65 percent, in spaces to receive cork flooring during the following time periods:
 - a. 72 hours before installation.
 - b. During installation.
 - c. 72 hours after installation.
2. Until Final Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F (18 deg C) or more than 75 deg F (24 deg C).

3. Close spaces to traffic during cork flooring installation.
4. Close spaces to traffic for 72 hours after cork flooring installation.
5. Install cork flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Cork Floor Tile

1. Cork Floor Tile: Composed of 100 percent natural cork bark and recycled cork granules and set in a natural or synthetic, flexible resin matrix; homogeneous and uniform in composition throughout the tile thickness.
2. Provide cork floor tile made with adhesives and binders that do not contain urea-formaldehyde resins.
3. Minimum Density: 30 lb/cu. ft. (480 kg/cu. m) **OR** 34 lb/cu. ft. (544 kg/cu. m) **OR** 37 lb/cu. ft. (592 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
4. Thickness: Nominal 0.180 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** Nominal 0.312 inch (8.0 mm), **as directed**.
5. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 12 by 24 inches (305 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm), **as directed**.
6. Shade: Light **OR** Medium **OR** Dark **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
7. Finish: Sanded or unfinished **OR** Waxed **OR** Polyurethane **OR** Polyurethane containing UV inhibitors **OR** Acrylic **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.

B. Engineered Cork Floor Tile

1. Engineered Cork Floor Tile: Composed of 100 percent natural cork bark and recycled cork granules with laminated, patterned cork veneers and set in a natural or synthetic, flexible resin matrix; homogeneous and uniform in composition throughout the tile thickness.
2. Provide cork floor tile made with adhesives and binders that do not contain urea-formaldehyde resins.
3. Minimum Density: 30 lb/cu. ft. (480 kg/cu. m) **OR** 34 lb/cu. ft. (544 kg/cu. m) **OR** 37 lb/cu. ft. (592 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
4. Thickness: Nominal 0.180 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** Nominal 0.312 inch (8.0 mm), **as directed**.
5. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 12 by 24 inches (305 by 610 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm), **as directed**.
6. Shade: Light **OR** Medium **OR** Dark **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
7. Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
8. Finish: Sanded or unfinished **OR** Waxed **OR** Polyurethane **OR** Polyurethane containing UV inhibitors **OR** Acrylic **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.

C. Cork Rubber Floor Tile

1. Cork Rubber Floor Tile: Composed of 70 percent natural cork granules and 30 percent rubber granules combined with fade-resistant pigments; homogeneous and uniform in composition throughout the tile thickness.
2. Provide cork rubber floor tile made with adhesives and binders that do not contain urea-formaldehyde resins.
3. Physical Characteristics:
 - a. Minimum Density: 78 lb/cu. ft. (1249 kg/cu. m).
 - b. Minimum Tensile Strength: 700 psi (4.8 MPa).
4. Thickness: Nominal 0.125 inch (3.2 mm).
5. Size: 18 by 18 inches (450 by 450 mm).
6. Texture: Lightly textured wear surface.
7. Colors and Patterns: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors, **as directed**.

- D. Cork Floating Floor System
 - 1. Cork Floating Floor System: Laminated planks made of two cork layers, top and bottom, sandwiched around an MDF core and containing no urea-formaldehyde resins.
 - 2. Plank Density:
 - a. Cork Top Layer: 28 lb/cu. ft. (448 kg/cu. m) **OR** Manufacturer's standard density, **as directed**.
 - b. Interlocking MDF Core: 45 lb/cu. ft. (720 kg/cu. m) **OR** Manufacturer's standard density, **as directed**.
 - c. Cork Underlayment Layer: 13 lb/cu. ft. (208 kg/cu. m) **OR** Manufacturer's standard density, **as directed**.
 - 3. Plank Thickness: Nominal 0.450-inch (11.4-mm) overall thickness made up as follows:
 - a. Cork Top Layer: Nominal 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard dimension, **as directed**.
 - b. Interlocking MDF Core: Nominal 0.250 inch (6.3 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard dimension, **as directed**.
 - c. Cork Underlayment Layer: Nominal 0.078 inch (2.0 mm) **OR** Manufacturer's standard dimension, **as directed**.
 - 4. Plank Size: 18 by 18 inches (450 by 450 mm) **OR** 36 by 12 inches (900 by 305 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5. Plank Edge: Tongue-and-groove type **OR** Manufacturer's standard interlock, **as directed**.
 - 6. Shade: Light **OR** Medium **OR** Dark **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
 - 7. Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
 - 8. Finish: Sanded or unfinished **OR** Waxed **OR** Polyurethane **OR** Polyurethane containing UV inhibitors **OR** Acrylic **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.

- E. Installation Materials
 - 1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by cork flooring manufacturer for applications indicated.
 - 2. Vapor Retarder: ASTM D 4397, polyethylene sheet not less than 6.0 mils (0.15 mm) **OR** 8.0 mils (0.2 mm), **as directed**, thick.
 - 3. Adhesive: Water-resistant products as recommended by manufacturer to suit cork flooring and substrate conditions indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of not more than 50 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

- F. Field-Applied Finishes
 - 1. Cork Sealer: Product as recommended by cork flooring manufacturer.
 - a. Use sealers that have a VOC content of not more than 350 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Paste Wax: Products as recommended by cork flooring manufacturer.
 - 3. Finish Coatings: Products containing UV inhibitors as recommended by cork flooring manufacturer.
 - a. Use finish coatings that have a VOC content of not more than 350 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 4. Cork Rubber Tile Sealer: Product as recommended by cork rubber floor tile manufacturer.
 - a. Use sealers that have a VOC content of not more than 350 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Preparation
 - 1. Prepare substrates according to cork flooring manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of cork flooring.
 - 2. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.

- a. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - b. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - c. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by cork flooring manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - d. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by cork flooring manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test according to ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
 - 2) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes according to ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
 3. Access Flooring Panels: Remove protective film of oil or other coating using method recommended by access flooring manufacturer.
 4. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
 5. Do not install cork flooring until materials are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
 - a. Move cork flooring products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 72 hours in advance of installation.
 6. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by cork flooring products.
- B. Floor Tile Installation**
1. Comply with cork flooring manufacturer's written instructions for installing cork flooring.
 2. Mix floor tiles from each carton together to ensure uniform distribution of shade.
 3. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed floor tiles.
 4. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
 5. Lay floor tiles square with room axis **OR** at a 45-degree angle with room axis **OR** in ashlar or staggered joint pattern **OR** in pattern indicated, **as directed**.
 6. Apply adhesive to substrate and set floor tiles in adhesive.
 7. Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
 8. Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor tiles to center of door openings.
 9. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
 10. Install floor tiles on covers for telephone and electrical ducts, building expansion-joint covers, and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of shade and finish **OR** shade, pattern, and finish **OR** color and pattern, **as directed**, between pieces of tile installed on covers and adjoining tiles. Tightly adhere tile edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
- C. Cork Floating Floor System Installation**
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing cork floating floor system.
 2. Install continuous vapor retarder over substrate, taping side and end laps.
 3. Mix floor planks from several cartons to ensure uniform distribution of shade.
 4. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed floor planks.
 5. Do not attach floor planks to substrate.
 6. Tightly interlock and adhere plank edges with adhesive. Remove excess adhesive from top surface of planks.
 7. Lay floor planks in pattern indicated.

8. Use spacers to keep planks from shifting as subsequent rows are added. Remove spacers after installing cork floating floor system.
9. Maintain expansion space at walls and other obstructions and terminations of flooring as indicated on Drawings **OR** of not less than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), **as directed**.
10. Extend floor planks into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor planks to center of door openings.
11. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor planks as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

D. Field-Applied Finishes

1. Apply finishes according to cork flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Cork Sealer: Apply one **OR** two, **as directed**, coat(s).
3. Paste Wax: Apply one **OR** two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
4. Finish Coatings: Apply two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
5. Cork Rubber Tile Sealer: Apply one **OR** two, **as directed**, coat(s).

E. Cleaning And Protection

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting cork flooring.
2. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
3. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
4. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
5. Protect cork flooring products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
6. Cover cork flooring until Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13 13

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SECTION 09 65 13 13a - RESILIENT WALL BASE AND ACCESSORIES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for resilient wall base and accessories. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Resilient base.
 - b. Resilient stair accessories.
 - c. Resilient molding accessories.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Samples: For each type of product indicated, in manufacturer's standard-size Samples but not less than 12 inches (300 mm) long, of each resilient product color, texture, and pattern required.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C).

F. Project Conditions

1. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C), in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:
 - a. 48 hours before installation.
 - b. During installation.
 - c. 48 hours after installation.
2. Until Final Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C).
3. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Resilient Base

1. Resilient Base Standard: ASTM F 1861.
 - a. Material Requirement: Type TV (vinyl, thermoplastic) **OR** Type TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset) **OR** Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic), **as directed**.
 - b. Manufacturing Method: Group I (solid, homogeneous) **OR** Group II (layered), **as directed**.
 - c. Style: Cove (base with toe) **OR** Straight (flat or toeless) **OR** Butt to (fit-to-floor), **as directed**.

2. Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 0.080 inch (2.0 mm), **as directed**.
3. Height: 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
4. Lengths: Cut lengths, 48 inches (1219 mm) long **OR** Coils in manufacturer's standard length, **as directed**.
5. Outside Corners: Job formed **OR** Preformed, **as directed**.
6. Inside Corners: Job formed **OR** Preformed, **as directed**.
7. Finish: Satin **OR** Matte **OR** Low luster **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
8. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

B. Resilient Stair Accessories

1. Resilient Stair Treads Standard: ASTM F 2169.
 - a. Material Requirement: Type TV (vinyl, thermoplastic) **OR** Type TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset) **OR** Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic), **as directed**.
 - b. Surface Design:
 - 1) Class 1, Smooth (flat).
 - 2) Class 2, Pattern: Raised-disc design **OR** Raised-square design **OR** Raised-chevron design **OR** Raised-diamond design **OR** Raised-rib design **OR** Raised-rib design with abrasive strips, **as directed**.
 - c. Manufacturing Method: Group 1, tread with embedded abrasive strips **OR** Group 2, tread with contrasting color for the visually impaired, **as directed**.
2. Nosing Style: Square, adjustable to cover angles between 60 and 90 degrees **OR** Square **OR** Round, **as directed**.
3. Nosing Height: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 2-3/16 inches (56 mm), **as directed**.
4. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6 mm) and tapered to back edge.
5. Size: Lengths and depths to fit each stair tread in one piece **OR** one piece or, for treads exceeding maximum lengths manufactured, in equal-length units, **as directed**.
6. Risers: Smooth, flat, coved-toe, 7 inches (178 mm) high by length matching treads **OR** toeless, height and length to cover risers, **as directed**; produced by same manufacturer as treads and recommended by manufacturer for installation with treads.
 - a. Thickness: 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 0.080 inch (2.0 mm), **as directed**.
7. Stringers: Of same thickness as risers, height and length after cutting to fit risers and treads and to cover stair stringers; produced by same manufacturer as treads and recommended by manufacturer for installation with treads.
8. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

C. Resilient Molding Accessory

1. Description: Cap for cove carpet **OR** Cap for cove resilient floor covering **OR** Carpet bar for tackless installations **OR** Carpet edge for glue-down applications **OR** Nosing for carpet **OR** Nosing for resilient floor covering **OR** Reducer strip for resilient floor covering **OR** Joiner for tile and carpet **OR** Transition strips, **as directed**.
2. Material: Vinyl **OR** Rubber, **as directed**.
3. Profile and Dimensions: As indicated.
4. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

D. Installation Materials

1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
2. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1) Cove Base Adhesives: Not more than 50 g/L.
 - 2) Rubber Floor Adhesives: Not more than 60 g/L.

3. Stair-Tread-Nose Filler: Two-part epoxy compound recommended by resilient tread manufacturer to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.
4. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edges of tiles, and in maximum available lengths to minimize running joints.
5. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by resilient stair tread manufacturer.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
2. Concrete Substrates for Resilient Stair Treads and Accessories: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - a. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - b. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - c. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.
 - d. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
 - 2) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
3. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
4. Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
 - a. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
5. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

B. Resilient Base Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
2. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
3. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
4. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
5. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
6. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
7. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.
8. Job-Formed Corners:
 - a. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends.
 - b. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible.

C. Resilient Accessory Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.
2. Resilient Stair Accessories:
 - a. Use stair-tread-nose filler to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.

-
- b. Tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece.
 - c. For treads installed as separate, equal-length units, install to produce a flush joint between units.
3. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of carpet **OR** resilient floor covering, **as directed**, that would otherwise be exposed.
- D. Cleaning And Protection
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of resilient products.
 2. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:
 - a. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
 - b. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
 - c. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
 3. Protect resilient products from marks, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
 4. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from resilient stair treads before applying liquid floor polish.
 - a. Apply one **OR** two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
 5. Cover resilient products until Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13 13a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 65 13 23	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring

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SECTION 09 65 13 33 - RESILIENT FLOOR TILE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for resilient floor tile. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Solid vinyl floor tile.
 - b. Rubber floor tile.
 - c. Vinyl composition floor tile.
 - d. Resilient terrazzo floor tile.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, sealants and chemical-bonding compounds, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor tile. Include floor tile layouts, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
 - a. Show details of special patterns.
4. Samples: Full-size units of each color and pattern of floor tile required.
5. Seam Samples: For seamless-installation technique indicated and for each flooring product, color, and pattern required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 6-by-9-inch (150-by-230-mm) Sample applied to a rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
6. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
2. Preconstruction Testing: Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether materials will obtain optimum adhesion with installed flooring material.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store floor tile and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C). Store floor tiles on flat surfaces.

F. Project Conditions

1. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C), in spaces to receive floor tile during the following time periods:
 - a. 48 hours before installation.
 - b. During installation.
 - c. 48 hours after installation.
2. Until Final Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C).
3. Close spaces to traffic during floor tile installation.
4. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor tile installation.
5. Install floor tile after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Solid Vinyl Floor Tile

1. Tile Standard: ASTM F 1700.
 - a. Class: As indicated by product designations **OR** Class I, monolithic vinyl tile **OR** Class II, surface-decorated vinyl tile **OR** Class III, printed film vinyl tile, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Type A, smooth surface **OR** Type B, embossed surface, **as directed**.
2. Thickness: 0.080 inch (2.0 mm) **OR** 0.100 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.120 inch (3.0 mm) **OR** 0.125 inch (3.2 mm), **as directed**.
3. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 18 by 18 inches (457 by 457 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 36 by 36 inches (914 by 914 mm) **OR** 3 by 36 inches (76 by 914 mm), **as directed**.
4. Seaming Method: Heat welded **OR** Chemically bonded **OR** Standard, **as directed**.
5. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

B. Rubber Floor Tile

1. Tile Standard: ASTM F 1344, Class I-A, homogeneous rubber tile, solid color **OR** Class I-B, homogeneous rubber tile, through mottled **OR** Class II-A, laminated rubber tile, solid-color wear layer **OR** Class II-B, laminated rubber tile, mottled wear layer, **as directed**.
2. Hardness: Not less than 85 as required by ASTM F 1344, measured using Shore, Type A durometer per ASTM D 2240 **OR** Manufacturer's standard hardness, **as directed**.
3. Wearing Surface: Smooth **OR** Textured **OR** Molded pattern, **as directed**.
 - a. Molded-Pattern Figure: Raised discs **OR** Raised squares, **as directed**.
4. Thickness: 0.125 inch (3.2 mm).
5. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm), **as directed**.
6. Seaming Method: Heat welded **OR** Chemically bonded **OR** Standard, **as directed**.
7. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

C. Vinyl Composition Floor Tile

1. Tile Standard: ASTM F 1066, Class 1, solid-color tile **OR** Class 2, through-pattern tile **OR** Class 3, surface-pattern tile, **as directed**.
2. Wearing Surface: Smooth **OR** Embossed, **as directed**.
3. Thickness: 0.125 inch (3.2 mm).
4. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm).
5. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

D. Resilient Terrazzo Floor Tile

1. Resilient Terrazzo Floor Tile: Marble or granite chips embedded in flexible, thermoset-polyester-resin matrix; electrically nonconductive and chemical, oil, and corrosion resistive, with smooth wearing surface and manufacturer's standard factory-applied, protective urethane coating.
2. Thickness: 1/8 inch (3.0 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm), **as directed**.
3. Size: 12 by 12 inches (305 by 305 mm).
4. Performance Characteristics:
 - a. Compressive Strength: 2900 to 5000 psi (20 to 34.5 MPa), ASTM C 109/C 109M or ASTM D 695.
 - b. Abrasion Resistance: Maximum 0.0196 cubic centimeters volume loss, ASTM F 510, Taber abrader, S-39 wheels, at 500 cycles with 1000-gram load.
 - c. Static Load Limit: 0.0007-inch (0.0177-mm) maximum indentation, ASTM F 970 at 125 lb (57 kg).
 - d. Resin Matrix Hardness: Not less than 78, as measured using Shore, Type D durometer per ASTM D 2240.
5. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

E. Installation Materials

1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
2. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit floor tile and substrate conditions indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1) VCT and Asphalt Tile Adhesives: Not more than 50 g/L.
 - 2) Rubber Floor Adhesives: Not more than 60 g/L.
3. Seamless-Installation Accessories:
 - a. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range to contrast with floor tile **OR** Match floor tile, **as directed**.
 - b. Chemical-Bonding Compound: Manufacturer's product for chemically bonding seams.
 - 1) Use chemical-bonding compound that has a VOC content of 350 **OR** 510, **as directed**, g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
4. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by manufacturer.
5. Joint Sealant for Resilient Terrazzo Floor Tile: Silicone sealant of type and grade as recommended in writing by manufacturer to suit resilient terrazzo floor tile.
 - a. Use sealant that has a VOC content of not more than 250 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - b. Joint-Sealant Color: White **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range to match floor tile **OR** Match floor tile, **as directed**.
6. Sealers and Finish Coats for Resilient Terrazzo Floor Tile: Premium-type products as recommended by manufacturer for resilient terrazzo floor tile.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
2. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - a. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - b. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - c. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - d. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
 - 2) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75% relative humidity level measurement.
3. Access Flooring Panels: Remove protective film of oil or other coating using method recommended by access flooring manufacturer.
4. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
5. Do not install floor tiles until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
 - a. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
6. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

B. Floor Tile Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor tile.
2. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
 - a. Lay tiles square with room axis **OR** at a 45-degree angle with room axis **OR** in pattern indicated, **as directed**.
3. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in the same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed tiles.
 - a. Lay tiles with grain running in one direction **OR** with grain direction alternating in adjacent tiles (basket-weave pattern) **OR** in pattern of colors and sizes indicated, **as directed**.
4. Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
5. Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor tiles to center of door openings.
6. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor tiles as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
7. Install floor tiles on covers for telephone and electrical ducts, building expansion-joint covers, and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of tile installed on covers and adjoining tiles. Tightly adhere tile edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
8. Adhere floor tiles to flooring substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
9. Seamless Installation:
 - a. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and heat weld with welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.
 - b. Chemically Bonded Seams: Bond seams with chemical-bonding compound to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare seams and apply compound to produce tightly fitted seams without gaps, overlays, or excess bonding compound on floor covering surfaces.

C. Cleaning And Protection

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor tile.
2. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor tile installation:
 - a. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
 - b. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
 - c. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
3. Protect floor tile products from marks, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
4. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from floor tile surfaces before applying liquid floor polish.
 - a. Apply one **OR** two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
5. Joint Sealant: Apply sealant to resilient terrazzo floor tile perimeter and around columns, at door frames, and at other joints and penetrations.
6. Sealers and Finish Coats: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from resilient terrazzo floor tile surfaces before applying liquid cleaners, sealers, and finish products.
 - a. Sealer: Apply two base coats of liquid sealer.
 - b. Finish: Apply two **OR** three, **as directed**, coats of liquid floor finish.
7. Cover floor tile until Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13 33

SECTION 09 65 13 33a - RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for resilient sheet floor flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Vinyl sheet floor covering, with and without backing.
 - b. Rubber sheet floor covering, with and without backing.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and chemical-bonding compounds, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor covering. Include floor covering layouts, locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
 - a. Show details of special patterns.
4. Samples: In manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 6-by-9-inch (150-by-230-mm) sections of each different color and pattern of floor covering required.
 - a. For heat-welding bead, manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 9 inches (230 mm) long, of each color required.
5. Seam Samples: For seamless-installation technique indicated and for each floor covering product, color, and pattern required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 6-by-9-inch (150-by-230-mm) Sample applied to a rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
6. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C). Store rolls upright.

F. Project Conditions

1. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) or more than 85 deg F (29 deg C), in spaces to receive floor coverings during the following time periods:
 - a. 48 hours before installation.
 - b. During installation.
 - c. 48 hours after installation.
2. Until Final Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C).
3. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.
4. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after floor covering installation.
5. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Vinyl Sheet Floor Covering

1. Unbacked Vinyl Sheet Floor Covering: ASTM F 1913, 0.080 inch (2.0 mm) thick.
2. Vinyl Sheet Floor Covering with Backing: ASTM F 1303.
 - a. Type (Binder Content): Type I, minimum binder content of 90 percent **OR** Type II, minimum binder content of 34 percent, **as directed**.
 - b. Wear-Layer Thickness: Grade 1.
 - c. Overall Thickness: As standard with manufacturer.
 - d. Interlayer Material: Foamed plastic **OR** None, **as directed**.
 - e. Backing Class: Class A (fibrous) **OR** Class B (nonfoamed plastic) **OR** Class C (foamed plastic), **as directed**.
3. Wearing Surface: Smooth **OR** Embossed **OR** Smooth with embedded abrasives **OR** Embossed with embedded abrasives, **as directed**.
4. Sheet Width: As standard with manufacturer **OR** 4.9 feet (1.5 m) **OR** 6 feet (1.8 m) **OR** 6.5 feet (1.98 m) **OR** 6.6 feet (2.0 m) **OR** 9 feet (2.7 m) **OR** 12 feet (3.6 m), **as directed**.
5. Seaming Method: Heat welded **OR** Chemically bonded **OR** Standard, **as directed**.
6. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

B. Rubber Sheet Floor Covering

1. Unbacked Rubber Sheet Floor Covering: ASTM F 1859.
 - a. Type: Type I (homogeneous rubber sheet) **OR** Type II (layered rubber sheet), **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: As standard with manufacturer.
2. Rubber Sheet Floor Covering with Backing: ASTM F 1860.
 - a. Type: Type I, homogeneous rubber sheet with backing **OR** Type II, layered rubber sheet with backing, **as directed**.
 - b. Wear-Layer Thickness: As standard with manufacturer.
 - c. Overall Thickness: As standard with manufacturer.
 - d. Interlayer Material: As standard with manufacturer **OR** None, **as directed**.
 - e. Backing Type: Fibrous) **OR** Foamed rubber, **as directed**.
3. Hardness: Not less than required by ASTM F 1859 **OR** Not less than required by ASTM F 1860 **OR** Manufacturer's standard hardness, measured using Shore, Type A durometer per ASTM D 2240, **as directed**.
4. Wearing Surface: Smooth **OR** Textured **OR** Molded pattern, **as directed**.
 - a. Molded-Pattern Figure: Raised discs **OR** Raised squares, **as directed**.
5. Sheet Width: As standard with manufacturer **OR** 4.9 feet (1.5 m) **OR** 6 feet (1.8 m) **OR** 6.5 feet (1.98 m) **OR** 6.6 feet (2.0 m) **OR** 9 feet (2.7 m) **OR** 12 feet (3.6 m), **as directed**.
6. Seaming Method: Heat welded **OR** Chemically bonded **OR** Standard, **as directed**.
7. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

C. Installation Materials

1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
2. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit floor covering and substrate conditions indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of not more than 50 g/L **OR** 60 g/L, **as directed**, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
3. Seamless-Installation Accessories:
 - a. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range to contrast with floor covering **OR** Match floor covering, **as directed**.
 - b. Chemical-Bonding Compound: Manufacturer's product for chemically bonding seams.
 - 1) VOC Content: Not more than 510 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA method 24).
4. Integral-Flash-Cove-Base Accessories:

- a. Cove Strip: 1-inch (25-mm) radius provided or approved by manufacturer.
 - b. Cap Strip: Square metal, vinyl, or rubber cap **OR** Tapered vinyl cap, **as directed**, provided or approved by manufacturer.
 - c. Corners: Metal inside and outside corners and end stops provided or approved by manufacturer.
5. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by manufacturer.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of floor coverings.
2. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - a. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - b. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - c. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - d. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
 - 2) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
3. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
4. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
 - a. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
5. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation.

B. Floor Covering Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor coverings.
2. Unroll floor coverings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
3. Lay out floor coverings as follows:
 - a. Maintain uniformity of floor covering direction.
 - b. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches (152 mm) away from parallel joints in floor covering substrates.
 - c. Match edges of floor coverings for color shading at seams.
 - d. Avoid cross seams.
4. Scribe and cut floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
5. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
6. Maintain reference markers, holes, or openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
7. Install floor coverings on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in installation areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of floor coverings installed on covers and adjoining floor covering. Tightly adhere floor covering edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.

8. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
 9. Seamless Installation:
 - a. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.
 - b. Chemically-Bonded Seams: Bond seams with chemical-bonding compound to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare seams and apply compound to produce tightly-fitted seams without gaps, overlays, or excess bonding compound on floor covering surfaces.
 10. Integral-Flash-Cove Base: Cove floor coverings 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** dimension indicated, **as directed**, up vertical surfaces. Support floor coverings at horizontal and vertical junction by cove strip. Butt at top against cap strip.
 - a. Install metal corners at inside and outside corners.
- C. Cleaning And Protection
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor coverings.
 2. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor covering installation:
 - a. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from floor covering surfaces.
 - b. Sweep and vacuum floor coverings thoroughly.
 - c. Damp-mop floor coverings to remove marks and soil.
 3. Protect floor coverings from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
 4. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from floor covering before applying liquid floor polish.
 - a. Apply one **OR** two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
 5. Cover floor coverings until Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13 33a

SECTION 09 65 13 33b - LINOLEUM FLOOR COVERINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for linoleum floor coverings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Linoleum floor tile **OR** sheet flooring, **as directed**.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 6.0: For linoleum flooring, including printed statement of costs for each rapidly renewable material.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: For each type of floor covering. Include floor covering layouts, locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
4. Samples for Verification: In manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 6-by-9-inch (152-by-230-mm) sections of each color and pattern of floor covering required.
 - a. Heat-Welding Bead: Include manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 9 inches (230 mm) long, of each color required.
5. Heat-Welded Seam Samples: For each floor covering product and welding bead color and pattern combination required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 6-by-9-inch (152-by-230-mm) Sample applied to rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
6. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store floor coverings and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F (18 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C).
 - a. Floor Tile: Store on flat surfaces.
 - b. Sheet Flooring: Store rolls upright.

F. Project Conditions

1. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C), in spaces to receive floor coverings during the following time periods:
 - a. 72 hours before installation.
 - b. During installation.
 - c. 72 hours after installation.
2. Until Final Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C).
3. Close spaces to traffic during floor covering installation.
4. Close spaces to traffic for 72 hours after floor covering installation.

5. Install floor coverings after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Linoleum Floor Covering

1. Floor Tile: ASTM F 2195, Type I, linoleum floor tile with fibrous backing **OR** Type II, linoleum floor tile with special backing **OR** Type III, linoleum floor tile without backing, **as directed**.
 - a. Nominal Floor Tile Size: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 12 by 12 inches (300 by 300 mm) **OR** 18 by 18 inches (460 by 460 mm) **OR** 20 by 20 inches (500 by 500 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (600 by 600 mm), **as directed**.
2. Sheet Flooring: ASTM F 2034, Type I, linoleum sheet with backing **OR** Type III, linoleum sheet with special backing, **as directed**.
 - a. Roll Size: In manufacturer's standard length by not less than 78 inches (1980 mm) wide.
3. Seaming Method: Standard **OR** Heat welded, **as directed**.
4. Thickness: 0.08 inch (2.0 mm) **OR** 0.10 inch (2.5 mm) **OR** 0.13 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 0.16 inch (4.0 mm) **OR** 0.18 inch (4.5 mm), **as directed**.
5. Colors and Patterns: As selected from full range of industry colors.

B. Installation Materials

1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer for applications indicated.
2. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit products and substrate conditions indicated.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of not more than 50 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
3. Heat-Welding Bead: Solid-strand product of linoleum floor covering manufacturer.
 - a. As selected from manufacturer's full range to contrast with linoleum floor covering **OR** Match linoleum floor covering, **as directed**.
4. Integral-Flash-Cove-Base Accessories:
 - a. Cove Strip: 1-inch (25.4-mm) radius provided or approved by manufacturer.
 - b. Cove-Base Cap Strip: Square metal, vinyl, or rubber cap provided or approved by manufacturer.
5. Floor Polish: Provide protective liquid floor polish products as recommended by manufacturer.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of floor coverings.
2. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
 - a. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
 - b. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with floor covering adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
 - c. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - d. Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and as follows. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.

- 2) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
 3. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
 4. Do not install floor coverings until they are same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
 - a. Move floor coverings and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 72 hours in advance of installation.
 5. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by floor coverings immediately before installation.
- B. Installation, General
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing floor coverings.
 2. Scribe and cut floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings.
 3. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
 4. Maintain reference markers, holes, or openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on floor coverings as marked on subfloor. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
 5. Install floor coverings on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in finished floor areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of floor covering installed on covers and adjoining floor covering. Tightly adhere floor covering edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
 6. Adhere floor coverings to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
 7. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and use welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor covering. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining floor covering surfaces.
- C. Linoleum Floor Tile Installation
1. Lay out floor tiles from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so floor tiles at opposite edges of room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid using cut widths that equal less than one-half tile at perimeter.
 - a. Lay floor tiles square with room axis **OR** at a 45-degree angle with room axis **OR** in pattern indicated, **as directed**.
 2. Match floor tiles for color and pattern by selecting tiles from cartons in same sequence as manufactured and packaged, if so numbered. Discard broken, cracked, chipped, or deformed floor tiles.
 - a. Lay floor tiles with grain running in one direction **OR** with grain direction alternating in adjacent floor tiles (basket-weave pattern) **OR** in pattern of colors and sizes indicated, **as directed**.
- D. Linoleum Sheet Flooring Installation
1. Unroll sheet floorings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
 2. Lay out sheet floorings as follows:
 - a. Maintain uniformity of floor covering direction.
 - b. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches (152 mm) away from parallel joints in floor covering substrates.
 - c. Match edges of floor coverings for color shading at seams.
 - d. Avoid cross seams.
 - e. Eliminate deformations that result from hanging method used during drying process (stove bar marks).
 3. Integral-Flash-Cove Base: Cove linoleum floor covering 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** dimension indicated, **as directed**, up vertical surfaces. Support floor covering at horizontal and vertical junction with cove strip. Butt at top against cap strip.

- E. Cleaning And Protection
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of floor coverings.
 2. Perform the following operations immediately after completing floor covering installation:
 - a. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
 - b. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
 - c. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
 3. Protect floor coverings from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
 4. Floor Polish: Remove soil, visible adhesive, and surface blemishes from floor coverings before applying liquid floor polish.
 - a. Apply two **OR** three, **as directed**, coat(s).
 5. After allowing drying room film (yellow film caused by linseed oil oxidation) to disappear, cover floor coverings until Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13 33b

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 65 13 33	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
09 65 13 33	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 13 33	09 65 13 13a	Resilient Wall Base And Accessories
09 65 13 36	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 13 36	09 65 13 13a	Resilient Wall Base And Accessories
09 65 16 23	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 16 23	09 65 13 33a	Resilient Sheet Flooring
09 65 19 19	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 19 19	09 65 13 33	Resilient Floor Tile
09 65 19 23	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 19 23	09 65 13 33	Resilient Floor Tile
09 65 19 33	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 19 33	09 65 13 33	Resilient Floor Tile
09 65 19 43	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 19 43	09 65 13 33	Resilient Floor Tile
09 65 43 00	09 65 13 13	Cork Flooring
09 65 43 00	09 65 13 33a	Resilient Sheet Flooring

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SECTION 09 65 66 00 - FLUID-APPLIED ATHLETIC FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fluid-applied sports flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes polyurethane flooring that is fluid applied directly on substrates or over base mats.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show installation details for flooring including layout, colors, widths, and dimensions of game lines and markers and locations of athletic equipment floor inserts.
3. Samples: For each color, gloss, and texture of flooring required, 12 inches (305 mm) square, applied to a rigid backing. Include sample sets showing the game-line paint and marker paint colors applied to the flooring.
4. Qualification Data: For Installer.
5. Maintenance Data: For fluid-applied sports flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: An installer (applicator) who is approved, trained, or certified by fluid-applied sports flooring manufacturer.
2. Game Lines and Markers: Comply with requirements of National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) **OR** National Federation of State High School Associations, **as directed**, for sports activities indicated.

E. Field Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, humidity, ventilation, and other conditions affecting flooring application.
 - a. Do not apply flooring until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof; wet work in spaces is complete and dry; and overhead work, including installing mechanical systems, lighting, and athletic equipment, is complete.
2. Conditioning Period: Begins not less than seven days before flooring application, is continuous through application, and continues not less than three days after application.
 - a. During conditioning period, maintain an ambient temperature between 65 and 75 deg F (18 and 24 deg C) and not more than 50 percent relative humidity in spaces to receive flooring.
 - b. After conditioning period, maintain relative humidity and ambient temperature planned for building occupants.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Direct-Applied Flooring:

1. Description: Fluid-applied athletic flooring system consisting of primer and polyurethane body and top coats applied directly to substrate.
2. Performance:
 - a. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide products with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1) Primer: VOC content of not less than 250 g/L.

- 2) Body and Top Coats: VOC content of not more than 100 g/L.
- b. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide adhesives, paints and coatings, and flooring systems that comply with the maximum allowable concentrations of VOC's when tested according to California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
3. Materials:
 - a. Primer: Manufacturer's primer recommended for substrate indicated.
 - b. Body Coat(s): Two-component, self-leveling, pigmented, polyurethane containing no rubber fillers and no mercury.
 - c. Topcoat (Finish Coat): Manufacturer's standard pigmented polyurethane.
 - d. Finishes:
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - 2) Surface Texture: Manufacturer's standard.
- B. Flooring Applied over Base Mats:
 1. Description: Fluid-applied athletic flooring system consisting of resilient base mat adhered to substrate, base mat sealer, and fluid-applied polyurethane body and top coats.
 2. Performance:
 - a. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide products with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 1) Base Mat Adhesive: VOC content of not more than 60 g/L.
 - 2) Base Mat Sealer: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
 - 3) Body and Topcoats: VOC content of not more than 100 g/L.
 - b. Low-Emitting Materials: Provide adhesives, paints and coatings, and flooring systems that comply with the maximum allowable concentrations of VOC's when tested according to California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
 3. Materials:
 - a. Base Mat: Manufacturer's standard base mats of granulated recycled rubber in polyurethane binder.
 - 1) Thickness: **5/32 inch (4 mm) OR 1/4 inch (6 mm) OR 9/32 inch (7 mm) OR 11/32 inch (9 mm) OR 15/32 inch (12 mm).**
 - b. Base-Mat Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane.
 - c. Base-Mat Sealer: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane compound formulated for sealing base mat.
 - d. Body Coat(s): Two-component, self-leveling, pigmented, polyurethane containing no rubber fillers and no mercury.
 - e. Topcoat (Finish Coat): Manufacturer's standard pigmented polyurethane.
 4. Finishes:
 - a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
 - b. Surface Texture: Manufacturer's standard.
- C. Accessories
 1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by flooring manufacturer.
 2. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Complete system including primer, if any, compatible with flooring and recommended in writing by flooring and paint manufacturers for use indicated.
 - a. VOC content: Provide products with VOC content of not more than 150 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - b. Colors: As selected **OR** As required to comply with game-line and marker requirements of sports association indicated, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.
 - a. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
 - b. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

- B. Preparation
 1. Concrete Substrates: Prepare and clean substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Remove laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants that might impair flooring bond. Remove contaminants using mechanical means.
 - b. Treat nonmoving substrate cracks and control joints to prevent cracks from telegraphing (reflecting) through flooring according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - c. Protect substrate voids and joints to prevent flooring resins from flowing into or leaking through them.
 2. Protect walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions during installation. Cover floor and wall areas at mixing stations.

- C. Flooring Installation, General
 1. General: Mix and apply flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, install continuous joint of same width through flooring.

- D. Installation of Direct-Applied Flooring:
 1. Apply primer over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate.
 2. Apply body coat(s) and topcoat to produce a uniform, level surface and finish.

- E. Installation of Flooring Applied over Base Mats:
 - a. Adhesively apply resilient base mats to substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1) Base mats must not be in compression. Leave gap of width recommended in writing by manufacturer at butted base-mat sheets, walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions.
 - 2) Roll base mats to set them into adhesive and eliminate air pockets.
 - 3) Repair ridges at seams, loose areas, and air pockets according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Apply seal coat to base mats before applying body coat(s).
 - c. Smooth ridges and high spots in seal coat before applying elastomeric resin.
 - d. Apply elastomeric resin and topcoat to produce a uniform surface and finish.

- F. Game Lines And Markers
 1. Mask flooring surfaces at game lines and markers, and apply paint to produce sharp edges.
 - a. Where game lines cross, break minor game line at intersection; do not overlap lines.
 - b. Apply game lines and markers in widths and colors according to requirements indicated on Drawings **OR** sports association indicated, **as directed**.

- G. Protection
 1. Protect fluid-applied sports flooring during remainder of construction period to allow it to cure and to ensure that flooring and finish are without damage or deterioration at the time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 65 66 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 65 66 00	09 65 13 33	Resilient Floor Tile

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SECTION 09 66 13 00 - PORTLAND CEMENT TERRAZZO FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for portland cement terrazzo flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Poured-in-place portland cement terrazzo flooring and base.
 - b. Poured-in-place rustic terrazzo flooring.
 - c. Precast terrazzo units.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For marble chips, aggregates, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement that indicates cost for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Include terrazzo installation requirements. Include plans, elevations, sections, component details, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples: For each type, material, color, and pattern of terrazzo and accessory required showing the full range of color, texture, and pattern variations expected
5. Qualification data.
6. Material certificates.
7. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: An installer who is a contractor member of NTMA.
2. NTMA Standards: Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and with written recommendations for terrazzo type indicated unless more stringent requirements are specified.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials to Project site in supplier's original wrappings and containers, labeled with source's or manufacturer's name, material or product brand name, and lot number if any.
2. Store materials in their original, undamaged packages and containers, inside a well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Maintain temperature above 50 deg F (10 deg C) for 48 hours before and during terrazzo installation.
2. Weather Limitations: Proceed with rustic terrazzo installation only when forecasted weather conditions permit work to be performed according to NTMA's written recommendations and temperatures remain above 45 deg F (7.2 deg C).
3. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with precast terrazzo by field measurements before fabrication.

4. Control and collect dust produced by grinding operations. Protect adjacent construction from detrimental effects of grinding operations.
 - a. Provide dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust migration and to isolate areas from noise.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Portland Cement Terrazzo

1. Portland Cement Terrazzo Type: Sand cushion **OR** Structural **OR** Bonded **OR** Monolithic **OR** Installed over metal deck, **as directed**.
2. Materials:
 - a. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type 1.
 - 1) Color for Exposed Matrix: As required by mix indicated **OR** White **OR** Gray, **as directed**.
 - b. Water: Potable.
 - c. Sand: ASTM C 33.
 - d. Marble Chips **OR** Aggregates, **as directed**: Complying with NTMA gradation standards for mix indicated and containing no deleterious or foreign matter.
 - 1) Abrasion and Impact Resistance: Less than 40 percent loss per ASTM C 131 and ASTM C 535, **as directed**.
 - 2) 24-Hour Absorption Rate: Less than 0.75 percent.
 - 3) Dust Content: Less than 1.0 percent by weight.
 - e. Matrix Pigments: Pure mineral or synthetic pigments, alkali resistant, durable under exposure to sunlight, and compatible with terrazzo matrix.
 - f. Bonding Agent: Neat portland cement or epoxy or acrylic bonding agents formulated for use with topping indicated.
 - g. Underbed Reinforcement: Galvanized welded-wire reinforcement, 2 by 2 inches (51 by 51 mm) by 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) diameter wire, complying with ASTM A 1064 and ASTM A 82, except for minimum wire size.
 - h. Isolation Membrane: Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 2103, Type 13300, 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick; or unperforated asphalt felt, ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15).
3. Mixes:
 - a. Underbed (for structural portland cement terrazzo or portland cement terrazzo installed over metal deck): Structural-concrete underbed as specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete".
 - b. Underbed (for sand-cushion or bonded portland cement terrazzo): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated for component proportions and mixing.
 - c. Portland Cement Terrazzo (below for NTMA-formulated design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated for matrix and marble-chip proportions and mixing.
 - 1) Formulated Mix Color and Pattern: As selected from NTMA standard-terrazzo plates **OR** As selected from NTMA Venetian-terrazzo plates, **as directed**.
 - d. Portland Cement Terrazzo (for custom design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated for matrix and marble-chip **OR** aggregate, **as directed**, proportions and mixing.
 - 1) Custom Mix Color and Pattern: Match sample **OR** Match existing, **as directed**.

B. Rustic Terrazzo

1. Rustic Terrazzo Type: Structural **OR** Bonded **OR** Monolithic **OR** Unbonded, **as directed**.
2. Materials:
 - a. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type 1.
 - 1) Color for Exposed Matrix: As required by mix indicated.
 - b. Water: Potable.
 - c. Sand: ASTM C 33.

- d. Marble Chips **OR** Aggregates, **as directed**: As required for mix indicated, sizes complying with NTMA gradation standards, 0.25 percent maximum 24-hour absorption rate, and containing no deleterious or foreign matter.
 - e. Matrix Pigments: Pure mineral or synthetic pigments, alkali resistant, durable under exposure to sunlight and weather, and compatible with matrix binder.
 - f. Air-Entraining Agent (for underbed of structural, bonded, or unbonded rustic terrazzo): Complying with NTMA's written recommendations and recommended by supplier for intended use.
 - g. Underbed Bonding Agent (for bonded rustic terrazzo): Neat portland cement.
 - h. Topping Bonding Agent (for monolithic rustic terrazzo): Neat portland cement, or epoxy or acrylic bonding agents formulated for use with topping indicated.
 - i. Isolation Membrane (for unbonded rustic terrazzo): Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 2103, Type 13300, 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick.
3. Mixes:
- a. Underbed (for structural or unbonded rustic terrazzo): Structural-concrete underbed as specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete".
 - b. Underbed (for bonded rustic terrazzo): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for component proportions and mixing.
 - 1) Exterior Applications: Provide air-entraining agent.
 - c. Rustic Terrazzo (for NTMA-formulated design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated for matrix and marble-chip proportions and mixing.
 - 1) Formulated Mix Color and Pattern: As selected from NTMA rustic-terrazzo plates.
 - d. Rustic Terrazzo (for custom design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated for matrix and marble-chip **OR** aggregate, **as directed**, proportions and mixing.
 - 1) Custom Mix Color and Pattern: Match sample **OR** Match existing, **as directed**.
- C. Strip Materials
- 1. Standard Divider Strips: One-piece, flat-type strips for grouting into sawed joints prepared in concrete slab or underbed.
 - a. Material: As indicated **OR** White-zinc alloy **OR** Brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Depth: As indicated **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Width: As indicated **OR** 0.05 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2. Heavy-Top Divider Strips: One-piece, flat-type strips for grouting into sawed joints prepared in concrete slab or underbed.
 - a. Base-Section Material: As indicated **OR** White-zinc alloy **OR** Galvanized steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Top-Section Material: As indicated **OR** White-zinc alloy **OR** Brass **OR** Plastic, in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Depth: As indicated **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Top-Section Width: As indicated **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3. Heavy-Top Angle Divider Strips: One-piece, L-type angle strips with anchoring device and in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 - a. Material: As indicated **OR** White-zinc alloy **OR** Brass **OR** Plastic, in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Top-Section Width: As indicated **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4. Control-Joint Strips: Separate, double L-type angles, positioned back to back, that match material, thickness, and color of divider strips and in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 - 5. Expansion-Joint Strips (for structural portland cement terrazzo or for any type of rustic terrazzo): Brass **OR** Plastic strips in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, with

removable zip-strip top for installing sealant; in width indicated **OR** minimum 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) wide, **as directed**.

6. Accessory Strips: Match divider strip width, material, and color unless otherwise indicated. Use the following types of accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation:
 - a. Base-bead strips for exposed top edge of terrazzo base.
 - b. Edge-bead strips for exposed edges of terrazzo.
 - c. Nosings for terrazzo stair treads and landings.
7. Abrasive Strips (for terrazzo stair treads and landings): Silicon carbide or aluminum oxide, or combination of both, in epoxy-resin binder and set in channel.
 - a. Width: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
 - b. Depth: As required by terrazzo thickness.
 - c. Length: 4 inches (100 mm) less than stair width **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

D. Miscellaneous Accessories

1. Strip Adhesive: Adhesive recommended by manufacturer for this use.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
2. Anchoring Devices:
 - a. Strips: Provide mechanical anchoring devices for strip materials as required for secure attachment to substrate.
 - b. Precast Terrazzo: Provide mechanical anchoring devices as recommended by fabricator for proper anchorage and support of units for conditions of installation and support.
3. Isolation and Expansion-Joint Material: Closed-cell polyethylene foam, nonabsorbent to liquid water and gas, and nonoutgassing in unruptured state; butyl rubber; rubber; or cork; in width indicated **OR** minimum 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) wide, **as directed**.
4. Portland Cement Terrazzo Cleaner: Chemically neutral cleaner with pH factor between 7 and 10 that is biodegradable, phosphate free, and recommended by cleaner manufacturer for use on terrazzo type indicated.
5. Rustic Terrazzo Cleaner: Solution of muriatic acid and water for use on terrazzo type indicated.
6. Sealer: Slip- and stain-resistant, penetrating-type sealer that is chemically neutral with pH factor between 7 and 10; does not affect color or physical properties of terrazzo; is recommended by sealer manufacturer; and complies with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.
 - a. Rustic Terrazzo: Use solvent acrylic-type sealer.

E. Precast Terrazzo

1. Precast Terrazzo Base Units: Minimum 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) thick, reinforced portland cement terrazzo units cast in maximum lengths possible, but not less than 36 inches (900 mm).
 - a. Type: As indicated **OR** Coved with minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) radius **OR** Straight **OR** Splayed, **as directed**.
 - b. Top Edge: Straight, unfinished if top edge is concealed **OR** Beveled with polished top surface **OR** Radius edge with polished top surface, **as directed**.
 - c. Metal Toe Strip (for coved-toe bases): Zinc **OR** Brass, **as directed**.
 - d. Outside Corner Units: With finished returned edges at outside corner.
 - e. Color, Pattern, and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** Match adjacent poured-in-place terrazzo flooring, **as directed**.
2. Precast Terrazzo Units for Stair Treads, Thresholds, Sills, Benches and Planters: Comply with NTMA's written recommendations for fabricating precast terrazzo units in sizes and profiles indicated. Reinforce units as required by unit sizes, profiles, and thicknesses and as recommended by manufacturer.
 - a. Stair Treads: Three-line **OR** Two-line **OR** One-line **OR** Abrasive nosing strip and two-line, **as directed**, abrasive inserts at nosings.
 - b. Color, Pattern, and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** Match adjacent poured-in-place terrazzo flooring, **as directed**.
3. Precast Terrazzo Finishing (for custom precast terrazzo components):
 - a. Finish exposed-to-view edges or reveals to match face finish.

- b. Ease exposed edges to 1/8-inch (3-mm) radius.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Clean substrates to produce clean, dry, and neutral substrate for terrazzo application.
 - a. Remove substances, including oil, grease, and curing compounds, that might impair bond of terrazzo system.
 - b. Roughen concrete substrates before installing terrazzo system according to NTMA's written recommendations.
- 2. Protect other work from dust generated by grinding operations. Control dust to prevent air pollution and comply with environmental protection regulations.
 - a. Erect and maintain temporary enclosures and other suitable methods to limit dust migration and to ensure adequate ambient temperatures and ventilation conditions during installation.

B. Installation, General

- 1. Comply with NTMA's written recommendations for terrazzo and accessory installation.
- 2. Installation Tolerance: Limit variation in terrazzo surface from level to 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m); noncumulative.
- 3. Structural Portland Cement **OR** Structural Rustic **OR** Bonded Rustic **OR** Monolithic Rustic **OR** Unbonded Rustic, **as directed**, Terrazzo: Install isolation and expansion material where terrazzo and underbed abut **OR** terrazzo abuts, **as directed**, adjacent construction and directly above substrate expansion joints.
- 4. Underbed (for structural portland cement terrazzo or portland cement terrazzo installed over metal deck, or for structural or unbonded rustic terrazzo): Install structural-concrete underbed according to requirements specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete".
- 5. Underbed (for sand-cushion or bonded portland cement terrazzo or for bonded rustic terrazzo):
 - a. Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for underbed installation.
 - b. For sand-cushion portland cement terrazzo only:
 - 1) Cover entire surface to receive terrazzo with dusting of sand.
 - 2) Install isolation membrane over sand, overlapping ends and edges a minimum of 3 inches (75 mm).
 - 3) Install welded wire reinforcement, overlapping at edges and ends at least two squares. Stop mesh a minimum of 1 inch (25 mm) short of expansion joints.
 - c. Place underbed and screed to elevation indicated below finished floor elevation.
- 6. Strip Materials:
 - a. Divider and Control-Joint Strips:
 - 1) Locate divider strips over each edge of steel beams and girders **OR** centered over steel beams and joists **OR** directly over control joints, breaks, and saw cuts in concrete slabs **OR** in locations indicated, **as directed**.
 - 2) Install control-joint strips back to back and directly above concrete-slab control joints **OR** in locations indicated, **as directed**.
 - 3) Install control-joint strips with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) gap between strips, and install sealant in gap.
 - 4) Install strips in adhesive setting bed without voids below strips, or mechanically anchor strips as required to attach strips to substrate, as recommended by strip manufacturer.
 - b. Expansion-Joint Strips (for structural portland cement terrazzo or for any type of rustic terrazzo): Form expansion joints using divider strips and install directly above concrete-slab expansion joints.
 - c. Accessory Strips: Install accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation.
 - d. Abrasive Strips: Install with surface of abrasive strip positioned 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/32 inch (0.8 mm), **as directed**, higher than terrazzo surface.
- 7. Repair: Cut out and replace terrazzo areas that evidence lack of bond with substrate or underbed, including areas that emit a "hollow" sound if tapped. Cut out terrazzo areas in panels

defined by strips and replace to match adjacent terrazzo, or repair panels according to NTMA's written recommendations, as approved by the Owner.

- C. Portland Cement Terrazzo Installation
1. Pour in place, cure, and finish portland cement terrazzo according to NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.
 2. Terrazzo Topping Thickness: As indicated.
 3. Finishing:
 - a. Seed additional marble chips **OR** aggregates, **as directed**, in matrix to uniformly distribute granular material on surface.
 - b. Delay fine grinding until heavy trade work is complete and construction traffic through area is restricted.
 - c. Fine Grinding: Grind with stones 120 grit or finer until all grout is removed from surface. Repeat rough grinding, grout coat, and fine grinding if large voids exist after initial fine grinding. Produce surface with a minimum of 70 percent aggregate exposure.
- D. Rustic Terrazzo Installation
1. Pour in place, cure, and finish rustic terrazzo according to NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.
 2. Terrazzo Topping Thickness: As indicated.
 3. Finishing:
 - a. Seed additional marble chips **OR** aggregates, **as directed**, in matrix to uniformly distribute granular material on surface.
- E. Precast Terrazzo Installation
1. Install precast terrazzo units using method recommended by NTMA and manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.
 2. Installation Tolerance: Set units with alignment level and true to dimensions, varying 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) maximum in length, height, or width; noncumulative.
 3. Do not install units that are chipped, cracked, discolored, or improperly finished.
 4. Seal joints between units with cement grout matching precast terrazzo matrix **OR** joint sealant, **as directed**.
- F. Cleaning And Protection
1. Portland Cement Terrazzo and Precast Terrazzo Cleaning:
 - a. Remove grinding dust from installation and adjacent areas.
 - b. Wash surfaces with cleaner immediately after grouting precast terrazzo units and final cleaning of terrazzo flooring.
 - c. Wash surfaces with cleaner according to NTMA's written recommendations and manufacturer's written instructions; rinse surfaces with water and allow to dry thoroughly.
 2. Rustic Terrazzo Cleaning: Clean surfaces with 1:10 solution of muriatic acid in water. Legally contain and dispose of runoff from cleaning operations. Rinse surfaces with water and allow to dry thoroughly.
 3. Sealing:
 - a. Seal surfaces according to NTMA's written recommendations.
 - b. Apply sealer according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions.
 4. Protection: Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to Installer, that ensure that terrazzo is without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 66 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 66 16 00	09 66 13 00	Portland Cement Terrazzo Flooring

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SECTION 09 66 23 00 - RESINOUS MATRIX TERRAZZO FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for resinous matrix terrazzo flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Thin-set epoxy-resin terrazzo flooring and base.
 - b. Precast terrazzo units.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For marble chips, aggregates, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement that indicates cost for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Include terrazzo installation requirements. Include plans, elevations, sections, component details, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples: For each type, material, color, and pattern of terrazzo and accessory required showing the full range of color, texture, and pattern variations expected.
5. Installer certificates.
6. Qualification data.
7. Material certificates.
8. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who is acceptable to terrazzo manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.
 - a. Engage an installer who is certified in writing by terrazzo manufacturer as qualified to install manufacturer's products.
 - b. Engage an installer who is a contractor member of NTMA.
2. NTMA Standards: Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and with written recommendations for terrazzo type indicated unless more stringent requirements are specified.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials to Project site in supplier's original wrappings and containers, labeled with source's or manufacturer's name, material or product brand name, and lot number if any.
2. Store materials in their original, undamaged packages and containers, inside a well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting terrazzo installation.

2. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with precast terrazzo by field measurements before fabrication.
3. Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during terrazzo installation.
4. Close spaces to traffic during terrazzo application and for not less than 24 hours after application unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.
5. Control and collect dust produced by grinding operations. Protect adjacent construction from detrimental effects of grinding operations.
 - a. Provide dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust migration and to isolate areas from noise.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Epoxy-Resin Terrazzo

1. Materials:
 - a. Flexible Reinforcing Membrane: Manufacturer's resinous membrane for substrate crack preparation and reflective crack reduction.
 - 1) Reinforcement: Fiberglass scrim.
 - b. Primer: Manufacturer's product recommended for substrate and use indicated.
 - c. Epoxy-Resin Matrix: Manufacturer's standard recommended for use indicated and in color required for mix indicated.
 - 1) Physical Properties without Marble Chips **OR** Aggregates, **as directed**:
 - a) Hardness: 60 to 85 per ASTM D 2240, Shore D.
 - b) Minimum Tensile Strength: 3000 psi (20.7 MPa) per ASTM D 638 for a 2-inch (51-mm) specimen made using a "C" die per ASTM D 412.
 - c) Minimum Compressive Strength: 10,000 psi (6.9 MPa) per ASTM D 695, Specimen B cylinder.
 - d) Chemical Resistance: No deleterious effects by contaminants listed below after seven-day immersion at room temperature per ASTM D 1308.
 - i. Distilled water.
 - ii. Mineral water.
 - iii. Isopropanol.
 - iv. Ethanol.
 - v. 0.025 percent detergent solution.
 - vi. 1.0 percent soap solution.
 - vii. 10 percent sodium hydroxide.
 - viii. 10 percent hydrochloric acid.
 - ix. 30 percent sulfuric acid.
 - x. 5 percent acetic acid.
 - 2) Physical Properties with Marble Chips **OR** Aggregates, **as directed**: For resin blended with Georgia white marble, ground, grouted, and cured per requirements in NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide," comply with the following:
 - a) Flammability: Self-extinguishing, maximum extent of burning 0.25 inch (6.35 mm) per ASTM D 635.
 - b) Thermal Coefficient of Linear Expansion: 0.0025 inch/inch per deg F (0.0025 mm/mm per 0.5556 deg C) for temperature range of minus 12 to plus 140 deg F (minus 24 to plus 60 deg C) per ASTM D 696.
 - d. Marble Chips **OR** Aggregates, **as directed**: Complying with NTMA gradation standards for mix indicated and containing no deleterious or foreign matter.
 - 1) Abrasion and Impact Resistance: Less than 40 percent loss per ASTM C 131.
 - 2) 24-Hour Absorption Rate: Less than 0.75 percent.
 - 3) Dust Content: Less than 1.0 percent by weight.
 - e. Finishing Grout: Resin based.
2. Terrazzo (for NTMA-formulated design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and manufacturer's written instructions for matrix and marble-chip proportions and mixing.

- a. Formulated Mix Color and Pattern: As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range **OR** As selected from NTMA standard-terrazzo plates **OR** As selected from NTMA thin-set terrazzo plates, **as directed**.
 3. Terrazzo (for custom design mixes): Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and manufacturer's written instructions for matrix and marble-chip **OR** aggregate, **as directed**, proportions and mixing.
 - a. Custom Mix Color and Pattern: Match sample **OR** Match existing, **as directed**.
- B. Strip Materials
 1. Thin-Set Divider Strips: L-type angle or T-type, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) deep.
 - a. Material: White-zinc alloy **OR** Brass **OR** Aluminum **OR** Plastic, in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Top Width: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 2. Heavy-Top Divider Strips: L-type angle in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 - a. Bottom-Section Material: Galvanized steel **OR** Matching top-section material, **as directed**.
 - b. Top-Section Material: White-zinc alloy **OR** Brass **OR** Aluminum **OR** Plastic, in color selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Top-Section Width: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), **as directed**.
 3. Control-Joint Strips: Separate, double L-type angles, positioned back to back, that match material, thickness, and color of divider strips and in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 4. Accessory Strips: Match divider strip width, material, and color unless otherwise indicated. Use the following types of accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation:
 - a. Base-bead strips for exposed top edge of terrazzo base.
 - b. Edge-bead strips for exposed edges of terrazzo.
 - c. Nosings for terrazzo stair treads and landings.
 5. Abrasive Strips (for terrazzo stair treads and landings): Silicon carbide or aluminum oxide, or combination of both, in epoxy-resin binder and set in channel.
 - a. Width: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
 - b. Depth: As required by terrazzo thickness.
 - c. Length: 4 inches (100 mm) less than stair width **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Miscellaneous Accessories
 1. Strip Adhesive: Epoxy-resin adhesive recommended by adhesive manufacturer for this use and acceptable to terrazzo manufacturer.
 - a. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 2. Anchoring Devices:
 - a. Strips: Provide mechanical anchoring devices for strip materials as required for secure attachment to substrate.
 - b. Precast Terrazzo: Provide mechanical anchoring devices as recommended by fabricator for proper anchorage and support of units for conditions of installation and support.
 3. Patching and Fill Material: Terrazzo manufacturer's resinous product approved and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
 4. Joint Compound: Terrazzo manufacturer's resinous product approved and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
 5. Cleaner: Chemically neutral cleaner with pH factor between 7 and 10 that is biodegradable, phosphate free, and recommended by sealer manufacturer for use on terrazzo type indicated.
 6. Sealer: Slip- and stain-resistant penetrating-type sealer that is chemically neutral with pH factor between 7 and 10; does not affect color or physical properties of terrazzo; is recommended by sealer manufacturer; and complies with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated **OR** Acrylic **OR** Urethane **OR** Chemical-resistant epoxy, **as directed**.
- D. Precast Terrazzo
 1. Precast Terrazzo Units: Precast epoxy-resin terrazzo base, stair tread, threshold, bench, and planter units.

2. Precast Terrazzo Base Units: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick; cast in maximum lengths possible, but not less than 36 inches (900 mm); with rounded, finished top edge.
 - a. Type: Coved with minimum 3/4-inch (19-mm) radius **OR** Straight **OR** Splayed **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Height: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 4 inches (101 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Outside Corner Units: With finished returned edges at outside corner.
 - d. Color, Pattern, and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** Match adjacent poured-in-place terrazzo flooring, **as directed**.
3. Precast Terrazzo Stair Treads: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick with rounded nosing edge.
 - a. Abrasive Strips: Three-line **OR** Two-line **OR** One-line **OR** Abrasive nosing strip and two-line, **as directed**, abrasive inserts at nosings.
 - b. Color, Pattern, and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match sample **OR** Match adjacent poured-in-place terrazzo flooring, **as directed**.
4. Precast Terrazzo Finishing (for custom precast terrazzo components):
 - a. Finish exposed-to-view edges or reveals to match face finish.
 - b. Ease exposed edges to 1/8-inch (3-mm) radius.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Clean substrates of substances, including oil, grease, and curing compounds, that might impair terrazzo bond. Provide clean, dry, and neutral substrate for terrazzo application.
2. Concrete Slabs:
 - a. Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with terrazzo.
 - 1) Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
 - 2) Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to terrazzo manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - 3) Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to terrazzo manufacturer's written instructions.
 - b. Verify that concrete substrates are visibly dry and free of moisture.
 - c. Moisture Testing:
 - 1) Test for moisture by anhydrous calcium chloride method according to ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) in 24 hours.
 - 2) Test for moisture by relative humidity probe and digital meter method according to ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum relative-humidity-measurement reading of 70 to 75 percent in 24 hours.
 - 3) Test for moisture content by method recommended in writing by terrazzo manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
3. Protect other work from dust generated by grinding operations. Control dust to prevent air pollution and comply with environmental protection regulations.
 - a. Erect and maintain temporary enclosures and other suitable methods to limit dust migration and to ensure adequate ambient temperatures and ventilation conditions during installation.
4. Installation of terrazzo indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

B. Epoxy-Resin Terrazzo Installation

1. General:
 - a. Comply with NTMA's written recommendations for terrazzo and accessory installation.
 - b. Place, rough grind, grout, cure grout, fine grind, and finish terrazzo according to manufacturer's written instructions and NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide."

- c. Installation Tolerance: Limit variation in terrazzo surface from level to 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m); noncumulative.
 - d. Ensure that matrix components and fluids from grinding operations do not stain terrazzo by reacting with divider and control-joint strips.
 - e. Delay fine grinding until heavy trade work is complete and construction traffic through area is restricted.
 - 2. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**, nominal.
 - 3. Flexible Reinforcing Membrane:
 - a. Prepare and prefill substrate cracks with membrane material.
 - b. Install membrane to produce full substrate coverage in areas to receive terrazzo.
 - c. Reinforce membrane with fiberglass scrim.
 - d. Prepare membrane according to manufacturer's written instructions before applying substrate primer.
 - 4. Primer: Apply to terrazzo substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 5. Strip Materials:
 - a. Divider and Control-Joint Strips:
 - 1) Locate divider strips in locations indicated.
 - 2) Install control-joint strips back to back directly above concrete-slab control joints **OR** in locations indicated, **as directed**.
 - 3) Install control-joint strips with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) gap between strips, and install sealant in gap.
 - 4) Install strips in adhesive setting bed without voids below strips, or mechanically anchor strips as required to attach strips to substrate, as recommended by strip manufacturer.
 - b. Accessory Strips: Install accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation **OR** in locations indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Abrasive Strips: Install with surface of abrasive strip positioned 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/32 inch (0.8 mm), **as directed**, higher than terrazzo surface.
 - 6. Fine Grinding: Grind with stones 120 grit or finer until all grout is removed from surface. Repeat rough grinding, grout coat, and fine grinding if large voids exist after initial fine grinding. Produce surface with a minimum of 70 percent aggregate exposure.
 - 7. Repair: Remove and replace terrazzo areas that evidence lack of bond with substrate. Cut out terrazzo areas in panels defined by strips and replace to match adjacent terrazzo, or repair panels according to NTMA's written recommendations, as approved by the Owner.
- C. Precast Terrazzo Installation
- 1. Install precast terrazzo units using method recommended NTMA and manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Installation Tolerance: Set units with alignment level and true to dimensions, varying 1/8-inch (3.2-mm) maximum in length, height, or width; noncumulative.
 - 3. Do not install units that are chipped, cracked, discolored, or not properly finished.
 - 4. Seal joints between units with joint compound matching precast terrazzo matrix **OR** joint sealant, **as directed**.
- D. Cleaning And Protection
- 1. Cleaning:
 - a. Remove grinding dust from installation and adjacent areas.
 - b. Wash surfaces with cleaner according to NTMA's written recommendations and manufacturer's written instructions; rinse surfaces with water and allow to dry thoroughly.
 - 2. Sealing:
 - a. Seal surfaces according to NTMA's written recommendations.
 - b. Apply sealer according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. Protection: Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to Installer, that ensure that terrazzo is without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 66 23 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 66 23 16	09 66 23 00	Resinous Matrix Terrazzo Flooring
09 66 33 13	09 66 23 00	Resinous Matrix Terrazzo Flooring
09 66 33 16	09 66 23 00	Resinous Matrix Terrazzo Flooring
09 66 33 19	09 66 23 00	Resinous Matrix Terrazzo Flooring

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SECTION 09 67 16 00 - RESINOUS FLOORING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for resinous flooring. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Decorative resinous flooring systems.
 - b. Industrial resinous flooring systems.
 - c. High-performance resinous flooring systems.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include manufacturer's technical data, application instructions, and recommendations for each resinous flooring component required.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For resinous flooring systems, documentation including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.
3. Samples: For each resinous flooring system required, 6 inches (150 mm) square, applied to a rigid backing by Installer for this Project.
4. Product Schedule: For resinous flooring. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Installer Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that installers comply with specified requirements.
6. Material Certificates: For each resinous flooring component, from manufacturer.
7. Material Test Reports: For each resinous flooring system.
8. Maintenance Data: For resinous flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of flooring systems required for this Project.
 - a. Engage an installer who is certified in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer as qualified to apply resinous flooring systems indicated.
2. Source Limitations: Obtain primary resinous flooring materials, including primers, resins, hardening agents, grouting coats, and topcoats, from single source from single manufacturer. Provide secondary materials, including patching and fill material, joint sealant, and repair materials, of type and from source recommended by manufacturer of primary materials.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storage and mixing with other components.

F. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting resinous flooring application.
2. Lighting: Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during resinous flooring application.
3. Close spaces to traffic during resinous flooring application and for not less than 24 hours after application unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. VOC Content of Resinous Flooring: Provide resinous flooring systems, for use inside the weatherproofing system, that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

- a. Resinous Flooring: 100 g/L.

B. Decorative Resinous Flooring

1. Resinous Flooring: Abrasion-, impact- and chemical-resistant, decorative-aggregate-filled, epoxy-resin-based, monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor and integral cove base, **as directed**.
2. System Characteristics:
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated by product designation, **as directed**.
 - b. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance **OR** Orange-peel texture **OR** Smooth **OR** Manufacturer's standard wearing surface, **as directed**.
 - c. Overall System Thickness: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Federal Agency Approvals: USDA **OR** FDA, **as directed**, approved for food-processing environments.
3. Body Coats:
 - a. Resin: Epoxy.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Application Method: Self-leveling slurry with broadcast aggregates **OR** Self-leveling slurry **OR** Troweled or screeded, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness of Coats: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
 - d. Aggregates: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Colored quartz (ceramic-coated silica) **OR** Vinyl flakes **OR** Granite **OR** Natural silica, **as directed**.
4. Topcoat: Sealing or finish coats.
 - a. Resin: Epoxy **OR** Urethane **OR** Vinyl ester, **as directed**.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Type: Clear **OR** Pigmented, **as directed**.
 - d. Finish: Matte **OR** Gloss, **as directed**.
 - e. Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
5. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested according to test methods indicated:
 - a. Compressive Strength: per ASTM C 579.
 - b. Tensile Strength: per ASTM C 307.
 - c. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity: per ASTM C 580.
 - d. Water Absorption: per ASTM C 413.
 - e. Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: per ASTM C 531.
 - f. Indentation: per MIL-D-3134.
 - g. Impact Resistance: No chipping, cracking, or delamination and not more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) permanent indentation per MIL-D-3134.
 - h. Resistance to Elevated Temperature: No slip or flow of more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) per MIL-D-3134.
 - i. Abrasion Resistance: maximum weight loss per ASTM D 4060.
 - j. Flammability: Self-extinguishing per ASTM D 635.
 - k. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**, or greater per NFPA 253.
 - l. Hardness: Shore D per ASTM D 2240.
 - m. Bond Strength: 100 percent concrete failure per ACI 503R.
6. System Chemical Resistance: Test specimens of cured resinous flooring system are unaffected when tested according to ASTM D 1308 for 50 percent immersion **OR** ASTM D 543, Procedure A,

for immersion **OR** ASTM C 267 for immersion, **as directed**, in reagents **as directed** for no fewer than seven days.

C. Industrial Resinous Flooring

1. Resinous Flooring: Abrasion-, impact- and chemical-resistant, industrial-aggregate-filled, resin-based, monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor and integral cove base, **as directed**.
2. System Characteristics:
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated by product designation, **as directed**.
 - b. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance **OR** Orange-peel texture **OR** Smooth **OR** Manufacturer's standard wearing surface, **as directed**.
 - c. Overall System Thickness: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Federal Agency Approvals: USDA **OR** FDA, **as directed**, approved for food-processing environments.
3. Body Coats:
 - a. Resin: Epoxy **OR** Urethane **OR** Vinyl ester, **as directed**.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Application Method: Self-leveling slurry with broadcast aggregates **OR** Self-leveling slurry **OR** Troweled or screeded, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness of Coats: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
 - d. Aggregates: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Colored quartz (ceramic-coated silica) **OR** Vinyl flakes **OR** Granite **OR** Natural silica, **as directed**.
4. Topcoat: Sealing or finish coats.
 - a. Resin: Epoxy **OR** Urethane **OR** Vinyl ester, **as directed**.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Type: Clear **OR** Pigmented, **as directed**.
 - d. Finish: Matte **OR** Gloss, **as directed**.
 - e. Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
5. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested according to test methods indicated:
 - a. Compressive Strength: per ASTM C 579.
 - b. Tensile Strength: per ASTM C 307.
 - c. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity: per ASTM C 580.
 - d. Water Absorption: per ASTM C 413.
 - e. Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: per ASTM C 531.
 - f. Indentation: percent maximum per MIL-D-3134.
 - g. Impact Resistance: No chipping, cracking, or delamination and not more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) permanent indentation per MIL-D-3134.
 - h. Resistance to Elevated Temperature: No slip or flow of more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) per MIL-D-3134.
 - i. Abrasion Resistance: maximum weight loss per ASTM D 4060.
 - j. Flammability: Self-extinguishing per ASTM D 635.
 - k. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**, or greater per NFPA 253.
 - l. Hardness: Shore D per ASTM D 2240.
 - m. Bond Strength: 100 percent concrete failure per ACI 503R.
6. System Chemical Resistance: Test specimens of cured resinous flooring system are unaffected when tested according to ASTM D 1308 for 50 percent immersion **OR** ASTM D 543, Procedure A, for immersion **OR** ASTM C 267 for immersion, **as directed**, in reagents **as directed** for no fewer than seven days.

D. High-Performance Resinous Flooring

1. Resinous Flooring: Abrasion-, impact- and chemical-resistant, high-performance-aggregate-filled, resin-based, monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor and integral cove base, **as directed**.
2. System Characteristics:
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated by product designation, **as directed**.
 - b. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance **OR** Orange-peel texture **OR** Smooth **OR** Manufacturer's standard wearing surface, **as directed**.
 - c. Overall System Thickness: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Federal Agency Approvals: USDA **OR** FDA, **as directed**, approved for food-processing environments.
3. Body Coats:
 - a. Resin: Epoxy **OR** Epoxy novolac **OR** Urethane **OR** Vinyl ester **OR** Methyl methacrylate, **as directed**.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Application Method: Self-leveling slurry with broadcast aggregates **OR** Self-leveling slurry **OR** Troweled or screeded, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness of Coats: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) **OR** 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) **OR** 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
 - d. Aggregates: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Colored quartz (ceramic-coated silica) **OR** Vinyl flakes **OR** Granite **OR** Natural silica, **as directed**.
4. Topcoat: Sealing or finish coats.
 - a. Resin: Epoxy **OR** Epoxy novolac **OR** Urethane **OR** Vinyl ester **OR** Methyl methacrylate, **as directed**.
 - b. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.
 - c. Type: Clear **OR** Pigmented, **as directed**.
 - d. Finish: Matte **OR** Gloss, **as directed**.
 - e. Number of Coats: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
5. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested according to test methods indicated:
 - a. Compressive Strength: per ASTM C 579.
 - b. Tensile Strength: per ASTM C 307.
 - c. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity: per ASTM C 580.
 - d. Water Absorption: per ASTM C 413.
 - e. Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: per ASTM C 531.
 - f. Indentation: percent maximum per MIL-D-3134.
 - g. Impact Resistance: No chipping, cracking, or delamination and not more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) permanent indentation per MIL-D-3134.
 - h. Resistance to Elevated Temperature: No slip or flow of more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) per MIL-D-3134.
 - i. Abrasion Resistance maximum weight loss per ASTM D 4060.
 - j. Flammability: Self-extinguishing per ASTM D 635.
 - k. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**, or greater per NFPA 253.
 - l. Hardness: Shore D per ASTM D 2240.
 - m. Bond Strength: 100 percent concrete failure per ACI 503R.
6. System Chemical Resistance: Test specimens of cured resinous flooring system are unaffected when tested according to ASTM D 1308 for 50 percent immersion **OR** ASTM D 543, Procedure A, for immersion **OR** ASTM C 267 for immersion, **as directed**, in reagents **as directed** for no fewer than seven days.

E. Accessories

1. Primer: Type recommended by manufacturer for substrate and body coats indicated.
 - a. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids **OR** Water based, **as directed**.

2. Waterproofing Membrane: Type recommended by manufacturer for substrate and primer and body coats indicated.
 - a. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids, **as directed**.
3. Reinforcing Membrane: Flexible resin formulation that is recommended by manufacturer for substrate and primer and body coats indicated and that prevents substrate cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring.
 - a. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids **OR** High solids, **as directed**.
 - 1) Provide fiberglass scrim embedded in reinforcing membrane.
4. Patching and Fill Material: Resinous product of or approved by resinous flooring manufacturer and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. General: Prepare and clean substrates according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated. Provide clean, dry substrate for resinous flooring application.
2. Concrete Substrates: Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with resinous flooring.
 - a. Roughen concrete substrates as follows:
 - 1) Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
OR
 Comply with ASTM C 811 requirements unless manufacturer's written instructions are more stringent.
 - b. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
 - c. Verify that concrete substrates are dry and moisture-vapor emissions are within acceptable levels according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1) Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with application of resinous flooring only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. (1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m) of slab area in 24 hours.
 - 2) Perform plastic sheet test, ASTM D 4263. Proceed with application only after testing indicates absence of moisture in substrates.
 - 3) Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
 - d. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Verify that concrete substrates have pH within acceptable range. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with application only after substrates pass testing.
3. Resinous Materials: Mix components and prepare materials according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
4. Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
5. Treat control joints and other nonmoving substrate cracks to prevent cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring according to manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Application

1. General: Apply components of resinous flooring system according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic wearing surface of thickness indicated.
 - a. Coordinate application of components to provide optimum adhesion of resinous flooring system to substrate, and optimum intercoat adhesion.
 - b. Cure resinous flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination during application and curing processes.
 - c. At substrate expansion and isolation joints, comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

2. Apply primer over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate.
 3. Apply waterproofing membrane, where indicated, in manufacturer's recommended thickness.
 - a. Apply waterproofing membrane to integral cove base substrates.
 4. Apply reinforcing membrane to substrate cracks **OR** entire substrate surface, **as directed**.
 5. Integral Cove Base: Apply cove base mix to wall surfaces before applying flooring. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions and details including those for taping, mixing, priming, troweling, sanding, and topcoating of cove base. Round internal and external corners.
 - a. Integral Cove Base: 4 inches (100 mm) high.
 6. Apply self-leveling slurry body coats in thickness indicated for flooring system.
 - a. Broadcast aggregates at rate recommended by manufacturer and, after resin is cured, remove excess aggregates to provide surface texture indicated.
 7. Apply troweled or screeded body coats in thickness indicated for flooring system. Hand or power trowel and grout to fill voids. When cured, remove trowel marks and roughness using method recommended by manufacturer.
 8. Apply grout coat, of type recommended by resinous flooring manufacturer, to fill voids in surface of final body coat and to produce wearing surface indicated.
 9. Apply topcoats in number indicated for flooring system and at spreading rates recommended in writing by manufacturer.
- C. Field Quality Control
1. Core Sampling: At the direction of the Owner and at locations designated by the Owner, take one core sample per 1000 sq. ft. (92.9 sq. m) of resinous flooring, or portion of, to verify thickness. For each sample that fails to comply with requirements, take two additional samples. Repair damage caused by coring and correct deficiencies.
 2. Material Sampling: the Owner may at any time and any number of times during resinous flooring application require material samples for testing for compliance with requirements.
 - a. Contractor will engage an independent testing agency to take samples of materials being used. Material samples will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will test samples for compliance with requirements, using applicable referenced testing procedures or, if not referenced, using testing procedures listed in manufacturer's product data.
 - c. If test results show applied materials do not comply with specified requirements, pay for testing, remove noncomplying materials, prepare surfaces coated with unacceptable materials, and reapply flooring materials to comply with requirements.
- D. Protection
1. Protect resinous flooring from damage and wear during the remainder of construction period. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary covering, recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 09 67 16 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 67 29 00	09 67 16 00	Resinous Flooring

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SECTION 09 68 13 00 - CARPET TILE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for carpet tile. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes modular, fusion-bonded **OR** tufted, **as directed**, carpet tile.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
 - a. Columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet tiles.
 - b. Existing flooring materials to be removed.
 - c. Existing flooring materials to remain.
 - d. Carpet tile type, color, and dye lot.
 - e. Type of subfloor.
 - f. Type of installation.
 - g. Pattern of installation.
 - h. Pattern type, location, and direction.
 - i. Pile direction.
 - j. Type, color, and location of insets and borders.
 - k. Type, color, and location of edge, transition, and other accessory strips.
 - l. Transition details to other flooring materials.
3. Samples: For each of the following products and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer's name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
 - a. Carpet Tile: Full-size Sample.
 - b. Exposed Edge, Transition, and other Accessory Stripping: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Samples.
4. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.3:
 - 1) For carpet tile, documentation indicating compliance with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label Plus" program.
 - 2) For installation adhesive, including printed statement of VOC content.
5. Product Schedule: For carpet tile. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
6. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.
2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products with the critical radiant flux classification indicated in Part 2, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."

F. Project Conditions

1. Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.2, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity" and Section 7.12, "Ventilation."
2. Environmental Limitations: Do not install carpet tiles until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
3. Do not install carpet tiles over concrete slabs until slabs have cured and are sufficiently dry to bond with adhesive and concrete slabs have pH range recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
4. Where demountable partitions or other items are indicated for installation on top of carpet tiles, install carpet tiles before installing these items.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty for Carpet Tiles: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet tile installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet tile due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
 - b. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, loss of tuft bind strength, dimensional stability, excess static discharge, and delamination.
 - c. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Carpet Tile

1. Fiber Content: 100 percent nylon 6, 6 **OR** 100 percent nylon 6 **OR** 100 percent polypropylene **OR** 100 percent wool **OR** 80 percent wool; 20 percent nylon 6, 6 **OR** 80 percent wool; 20 percent nylon 6, 6 **as directed**.
2. Fiber Type: **<Insert proprietary fiber type.>**
3. Pile Characteristic: Level-loop **OR** Cut **OR** Cut-and-loop, **as directed**, pile.
4. Yarn Twist: **<Insert twist in TPI (TPCM).>**
5. Yarn Count: **<Insert yarn count.>**
6. Density: **<Insert oz./cu. yd. (g/cu. cm).>**
7. Pile Thickness: **<Insert inches (mm)>** for finished carpet tile per ASTM D 6859.
8. Stitches: **<Insert stitches per inch (mm).>**
9. Gage: **<Insert gage in ends per inch (mm).>**
10. Surface Pile Weight: **<Insert oz./sq. yd. (g/sq. m).>**
11. Total Weight: **<Insert oz./sq. yd. (g/sq. m)>** for finished carpet tile.
12. Primary Backing/Backcoating: Manufacturer's standard composite materials **OR** PVC **OR** Fiberglass-reinforced PVC **OR** Fiberglass-reinforced amorphous resin **OR** Reinforced polyurethane composite cushion **OR** Reinforced polyurethane composite **OR** Reinforced thermoplastic copolymer, **as directed**.
13. Secondary Backing: Manufacturer's standard material.
14. Backing System: **<Insert proprietary name.>**
15. Size: 18 by 18 inches (457 by 457 mm) **OR** 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 18 by 36 inches (457 by 914 mm) **OR** 36 by 36 inches (914 by 914 mm), **as directed**.
16. Applied Soil-Resistance Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.
17. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.
18. Performance Characteristics: As follows:
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**.
 - b. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf (445 N) per ASTM D 2646.
 - c. Tuft Bind: Not less than 3 lbf (13 N) **OR** 5 lbf (22 N) **OR** 6.2 lbf (28 N) **OR** 8 lbf (36 N) **OR** 10 lbf (45 N), **as directed**, per ASTM D 1335.
 - d. Delamination: Not less than 3.5 lbf/in. (15 N/mm) **OR** 4 lbf/in. (18 N/mm), **as directed**, per ASTM D 3936.

- e. Dimensional Tolerance: Within 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) of specified size dimensions, as determined by physical measurement.
- f. Dimensional Stability: 0.2 percent or less per ISO 2551 (Aachen Test).
- g. Resistance to Insects: Comply with AATCC 24.
- h. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): **<Insert NRC>** per ASTM C 423.
- i. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
- j. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 40 **OR** 60, **as directed**, AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
- k. Antimicrobial Activity: Not less than 2-mm halo of inhibition for gram-positive bacteria; not less than 1-mm halo of inhibition for gram-negative bacteria; no fungal growth; per AATCC 174.
- l. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.5 **OR** 2, **as directed**, kV per AATCC 134.
- m. Environmental Requirements: Provide carpet tile that complies with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label Plus" program.

B. Installation Accessories

- 1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
- 2. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining, pressure-sensitive type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet tile and is recommended by carpet tile manufacturer for releasable installation.
 - a. VOC Limits: Provide adhesives with VOC content not more than 50 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA method 24).

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 6.2, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive carpet tile installation.
- 2. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide or wider and protrusions more than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm), unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.
- 3. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.
- 4. Clean metal substrates of grease, oil, soil and rust, and prime if directed by adhesive manufacturer. Rough sand painted metal surfaces and remove loose paint. Sand aluminum surfaces, to remove metal oxides, immediately before applying adhesive.
- 5. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet tile.

B. Installation

- 1. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 14, "Carpet Modules," and with carpet tile manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- 2. Installation Method: As recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer **OR** Glue down; install every tile with full-spread, releasable, pressure-sensitive adhesive **OR** Partial glue down; install periodic tiles with releasable, pressure-sensitive adhesive **OR** Free lay; install carpet tiles without adhesive, **as directed**.
- 3. Maintain dye lot integrity. Do not mix dye lots in same area.
- 4. Cut and fit carpet tile to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
- 5. Extend carpet tile into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.

6. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
7. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders.
8. Stagger joints of carpet tiles so carpet tile grid is offset from access flooring panel grid. Do not fill seams of access flooring panels with carpet adhesive; keep seams free of adhesive.

C. Cleaning And Protection

1. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet tile:
 - a. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet tile manufacturer.
 - b. Remove yarns that protrude from carpet tile surface.
 - c. Vacuum carpet tile using commercial machine with face-beater element.
2. Protect installed carpet tile to comply with CRI 104, Section 16, "Protection of Indoor Installations."
3. Protect carpet tile against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet tile manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 09 68 13 00

SECTION 09 68 16 00 - CARPET

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for carpet. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Tufted carpet.
 - b. Woven carpet.
 - c. Carpet cushion.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show the following:
 - a. Columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet.
 - b. Existing flooring materials to be removed.
 - c. Existing flooring materials to remain.
 - d. Carpet type, color, and dye lot.
 - e. Locations where dye lot changes occur.
 - f. Seam locations, types, and methods.
 - g. Type of subfloor.
 - h. Type of installation.
 - i. Pattern type, repeat size, location, direction, and starting point.
 - j. Pile direction.
 - k. Type, color, and location of insets and borders.
 - l. Type, color, and location of edge, transition, and other accessory strips.
 - m. Transition details to other flooring materials.
 - n. Type of carpet cushion.
3. Samples: For each of the following products and for each color and texture required. Label each Sample with manufacturer's name, material description, color, pattern, and designation indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
 - a. Carpet: 12-inch- (300-mm-) square Sample.
 - b. Exposed Edge, Transition, and other Accessory Stripping: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Samples.
 - c. Carpet Cushion: 6-inch- (150-mm-) square Sample.
 - d. Carpet Seam: 6-inch (150-mm) Sample.
 - e. Mitered Carpet Border Seam: 12-inch- (300-mm-) square Sample. Show carpet pattern alignment.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.3:
 - 1) For carpet, documentation indicating compliance with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label Plus" program.
 - 2) For carpet cushion, documentation indicating compliance with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label" program.
 - 3) For installation adhesive, including printed statement of VOC content.
5. Product Schedule: For carpet and carpet cushion. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
6. Maintenance data.

- D. Quality Assurance
1. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board or who can demonstrate compliance with its certification program requirements.
 2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products with the critical radiant flux classification indicated in Part 1.2, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 648 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Comply with CRI 104, Section 5, "Storage and Handling."
- F. Project Conditions
1. Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.2, "Site Conditions; Temperature and Humidity" and Section 7.12, "Ventilation."
 2. Environmental Limitations: Do not install carpet and carpet cushion until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
 3. Do not install carpet and carpet cushion over concrete slabs until slabs have cured, are sufficiently dry to bond with adhesive, and have pH range recommended by carpet manufacturer.
 4. Where demountable partitions or other items are indicated for installation on top of carpet, install carpet before installing these items.
- G. Warranty
1. Special Warranty for Carpet: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
 - b. Failures include, but are not limited to, more than 10 percent loss of face fiber, edge raveling, snags, runs, loss of tuft bind strength, excess static discharge, and delamination.
 - c. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
 2. Special Warranty for Carpet Cushion: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of carpet cushion installation that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty includes consequent removal and replacement of carpet and accessories.
 - b. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of carpet cushion due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
 - c. Failure includes, but is not limited to, permanent indentation or compression.
 - d. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Tufted Carpet
1. Fiber Content: 100 percent nylon 6, 6 **OR** 100 percent nylon 6 **OR** 100 percent polypropylene, **as directed**.
 2. Pile Characteristic: Level-loop **OR** Cut **OR** Cut-and-loop **OR** Multilevel-loop **OR** Level tip shear **OR** Random shear **OR** Frieze **OR** Sculptured, **as directed**, pile.
 3. Yarn Twist: as directed by the Owner.
 4. Yarn Count: as directed by the Owner.
 5. Density: as directed by the Owner.
 6. Pile Thickness: finished carpet per ASTM D 6859.
 7. Stitches: as directed by the Owner.
 8. Gage: as directed by the Owner.
 9. Face Weight: as directed by the Owner.
 10. Total Weight: for finished carpet.

11. Primary Backing: Manufacturer's standard material **OR** Woven polypropylene **OR** Nonwoven, polypropylene or polyester, **as directed**.
12. Secondary Backing: Manufacturer's standard material **OR** Woven polypropylene **OR** Nonwoven, polypropylene or polyester **OR** Woven jute **OR** Fiberglass, **as directed**.
13. Backcoating: Manufacturer's standard material **OR** SBR latex **OR** PVC **OR** Thermoplastic copolymer, **as directed**.
14. Width: 12 feet (3.7 m) **OR** 6 feet (1.8 m) **OR** 13.5 feet (4.1 m) **OR** 15 feet (4.6 m), **as directed**.
15. Applied Soil-Resistance Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.
16. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.
17. Performance Characteristics: As follows:
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**.
 - b. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf (445 N) per ASTM D 2646.
 - c. Tuft Bind: Not less than 3 lbf (13 N) **OR** 5 lbf (22 N) **OR** 6.2 lbf (28 N) **OR** 8 lbf (36 N) **OR** 10 lbf (45 N), **as directed**, per ASTM D 1335.
 - d. Delamination: Not less than 2.5 lbf/in. (12 N/mm) **OR** 3.5 lbf/in. (15 N/mm) **OR** 4 lbf/in. (18 N/mm), **as directed**, per ASTM D 3936.
 - e. Resistance to Insects: Comply with AATCC 24.
 - f. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): per ASTM C 423.
 - g. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
 - h. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 40 **OR** 60, **as directed**, AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
 - i. Antimicrobial Activity: Not less than 2-mm halo of inhibition for gram-positive bacteria; not less than 1-mm halo of inhibition for gram-negative bacteria; no fungal growth; per AATCC 174.
 - j. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.5 **OR** 2, **as directed**, kV per AATCC 134.
 - k. Environmental Requirements: Provide carpet that complies with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label Plus" program.

B. Woven Carpet

1. Fiber Content: 100 percent wool **OR** 80 percent wool; 20 percent nylon 6, 6 **OR** 80 percent wool; 20 percent nylon 6, **as directed**.
2. Face Construction: Axminster **OR** Wilton **OR** Velvet, **as directed**.
3. Pile Characteristic: Level-loop **OR** Cut **OR** Cut-and-loop, **as directed**, pile.
4. Yarn Twist: as directed by the Owner.
5. Yarn Count: as directed by the Owner.
6. Density: as directed by the Owner.
7. Pile Thickness: for finished carpet per ASTM D 6859.
8. Rows: as directed by the Owner.
9. Pitch: as directed by the Owner.
10. Face Weight: as directed by the Owner.
11. Total Weight: as directed by the Owner., for finished carpet.
12. Backing: Manufacturers standard **OR** As follows, **as directed**:
 - a. Chain Warp: as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Stuffer Warp: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Shot or Fill Weft: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Backcoating: as directed by the Owner.
13. Applied Soil-Resistance Treatment: Manufacturer's standard material.
14. Performance Characteristics: As follows:
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**.
 - b. Dry Breaking Strength: Not less than 100 lbf (445 N) per ASTM D 2646.
 - c. Resistance to Insects: Comply with AATCC 24.
 - d. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): per ASTM C 423.
 - e. Colorfastness to Crocking: Not less than 4, wet and dry, per AATCC 165.
 - f. Colorfastness to Light: Not less than 4 after 40 **OR** 60, **as directed**, AFU (AATCC fading units) per AATCC 16, Option E.
 - g. Electrostatic Propensity: Less than 3.5 **OR** 2, **as directed**, kV per AATCC 134.

- h. Environmental Requirements: Provide carpet that complies with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label Plus" program.

C. Carpet Cushion

1. Traffic Classification: CCC Class I, moderate **OR** II, heavy **OR** III, extra-heavy, **as directed**, traffic.
2. Fiber Cushion: Rubberized hair, mothproofed and sterilized **OR** Rubberized jute, mothproofed and sterilized **OR** Synthetic **OR** Resinated, recycled textile, **as directed**.
 - a. Weight: as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Thickness: as directed by the Owner.plus 5 percent maximum.
 - c. Density: as directed by the Owner.
3. Rubber Cushion: Flat **OR** Rippled waffle **OR** Textured flat **OR** Reinforced, **as directed**.
 - a. Weight: as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Thickness: as directed by the Owner.plus 5 percent maximum.
 - c. Compression Resistance: at 25 **OR** 65, **as directed**, percent per ASTM D 3676.
 - d. Density: as directed by the Owner.
4. Polyurethane-Foam Cushion: Grafted prime **OR** Densified **OR** Bonded **OR** Mechanically frothed, **as directed**.
 - a. Compression Force Deflection at 65 Percent: per ASTM D 3574.
 - b. Thickness: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Density: as directed by the Owner.
5. Performance Characteristics: As follows:
 - a. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm **OR** 0.22 W/sq. cm, **as directed**.
 - b. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): per ASTM C 423.
 - c. Environmental Requirements: Provide carpet cushion that complies with testing and product requirements of Carpet and Rug Institute's "Green Label" program.

D. Installation Accessories

1. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or recommended by carpet **OR** carpet cushion, **as directed**, manufacturer.
2. Adhesives: Water-resistant, mildew-resistant, nonstaining type to suit products and subfloor conditions indicated, that complies with flammability requirements for installed carpet and is recommended or provided by carpet manufacturer **OR** carpet and carpet cushion manufacturers, **as directed**.
 - a. VOC Limits: Provide adhesives with VOC content not more than 50g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA method 24).
3. Tackless Carpet Stripping: Water-resistant plywood, in strips as required to match cushion thickness and that comply with CRI 104, Section 12.2.
4. Seam Adhesive: Hot-melt adhesive tape or similar product recommended by carpet manufacturer for sealing and taping seams and butting cut edges at backing to form secure seams and to prevent pile loss at seams.
5. Metal Edge Strips: Extruded aluminum with mill finish of width shown, of height required to protect exposed edge of carpet, and of maximum lengths to minimize running joints.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. General: Comply with CRI 104, Section 7.3, "Site Conditions; Floor Preparation," and with carpet manufacturer's written installation instructions for preparing substrates.
2. Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to fill cracks, holes, depressions, and protrusions in substrates. Fill or level cracks, holes and depressions 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide or wider, and protrusions more than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm), unless more stringent requirements are required by manufacturer's written instructions.

3. Remove coatings, including curing compounds, and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, without using solvents. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by carpet **OR** carpet cushion, **as directed**, manufacturer.
4. Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered immediately before installing carpet.

B. Installation

1. Comply with CRI 104 and carpet manufacturer's **OR** carpet and carpet cushion manufacturers', **as directed**, written installation instructions for the following:
 - a. Direct-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 9, "Direct Glue-Down Installation."
 - b. Double-Glue-Down Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 10, "Double Glue-Down Installation."
 - c. Carpet with Attached-Cushion Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11, "Attached-Cushion Installations."
 - d. Preapplied Adhesive Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11.4, "Pre-Applied Adhesive Systems (Peel and Stick)."
 - e. Hook-and-Loop Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 11.5, "Hook and Loop Technology."
 - f. Stretch-in Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 12, "Stretch-in Installation."
 - g. Stair Installation: Comply with CRI 104, Section 13, "Carpet on Stairs" for stretch-in **OR** glue-down, **as directed**, installation.
2. Comply with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations and Shop Drawings for seam locations and direction of carpet; maintain uniformity of carpet direction and lay of pile. At doorways, center seams under the door in closed position.
 - a. Bevel adjoining border edges at seams with hand shears **OR** Level adjoining border edges, **as directed**.
3. Do not bridge building expansion joints with carpet.
4. Cut and fit carpet to butt tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, thresholds, and nosings. Bind or seal cut edges as recommended by carpet manufacturer.
5. Extend carpet into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, open-bottomed obstructions, removable flanges, alcoves, and similar openings.
6. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.
7. Install pattern parallel to walls and borders to comply with CRI 104, Section 15, "Patterned Carpet Installations" and with carpet manufacturer's written recommendations.
8. Comply with carpet cushion manufacturer's written recommendations. Install carpet cushion seams at 90-degree angle with carpet seams.

C. Cleaning And Protecting

1. Perform the following operations immediately after installing carpet:
 - a. Remove excess adhesive, seam sealer, and other surface blemishes using cleaner recommended by carpet manufacturer.
 - b. Remove yarns that protrude from carpet surface.
 - c. Vacuum carpet using commercial machine with face-beater element.
2. Protect installed carpet to comply with CRI 104, Section 16, "Protection of Indoor Installations."
3. Protect carpet against damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by carpet manufacturer and carpet cushion manufacturer **OR** and carpet adhesive manufacturer **OR** and carpet cushion and adhesive manufacturers, **as directed**.

END OF SECTION 09 68 16 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 68 16 00	09 68 13 00	Carpet Tile

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SECTION 09 72 13 00 - WALL COVERINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wall coverings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Vinyl wall covering.
 - b. Woven glass-fiber wall covering.
 - c. Textile wall covering.
 - d. Heavy-duty synthetic textile wall covering.
 - e. Wood-veneer wall covering.
 - f. Wallpaper.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood-veneer wall coverings comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - c. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For paints and coatings, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.
3. Shop Drawings: Show location and extent of each wall-covering type. Indicate pattern placement, veneer matching, seams and termination points.
4. Samples: Full width by 36-inch- (914-mm-) long section of wall covering from same print run or dye lot to be used for the Work, with specified treatments, paint, applied. Show complete pattern repeat. Mark top and face of fabric.
5. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for wall covering.
6. Maintenance Data: For wall coverings to include in maintenance manuals.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Forest Certification: Fabricate products with wood veneer produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
2. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: As determined by testing identical wall coverings applied with identical adhesives to substrates according to test method indicated below by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As follows, per ASTM E 84:
 - 1) Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2) Smoke-Developed Index: 50 **OR** 450, **as directed**, or less.
 - b. Fire-Growth Contribution: Textile wall coverings complying with acceptance criteria of IBC Standard 803.
 - c. Fire-Growth Contribution: Textile wall coverings tested according to NFPA 265 **OR** NFPA 286, **as directed**, and complying with test protocol and criteria in the IBC Standard 803.

E. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install wall coverings until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
 - a. Wood-Veneer Wall Coverings: Condition spaces for not less than 48 hours before installation.
2. Lighting: Do not install wall covering until a permanent level of lighting is provided on the surfaces to receive wall covering.
3. Ventilation: Provide continuous ventilation during installation and for not less than the time recommended by wall-covering manufacturer for full drying or curing.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Wall Coverings

1. General: Provide rolls of each type of wall covering from same print run or dye lot.

B. Vinyl Wall Covering

1. Vinyl Wall-Covering Standards: Provide products **OR** mildew-resistant products, **as directed**, complying with the following:
 - a. FS CCC-W-408D and CFFA-W-101-D for Type I, Light-Duty **OR** Type II, Medium-Duty **OR** Type III, Heavy-Duty, **as directed**, products.
 - b. ASTM F 793 for peelable **OR** strippable, **as directed**, wall coverings that qualify as Category I, Decorative Only **OR** Category II, Decorative with Medium Serviceability **OR** Category III, Decorative with High Serviceability **OR** Category IV, Type I, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category V, Type II, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category VI, Type III, Commercial Serviceability, **as directed**, products.
2. Width: 27 inches (686 mm) **OR** 54 inches (1372 mm), **as directed**.
3. Backing: Scrim **OR** Osnaburg **OR** Drill **OR** Nonwoven, **as directed**, fabric.
 - a. Fiber Content: Cotton **OR** Polyester **OR** Polycotton **OR** Polyester cellulose, **as directed**.
4. Repeat: Random.
5. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

C. Woven Glass-Fiber Wall Covering

1. Width: 39 inches (991 m).
2. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

D. Textile Wall Covering

1. Wall-Covering Standard: Provide mildew-resistant **OR** peelable **OR** strippable, **as directed**, wall coverings that comply with ASTM F 793 for Category I, Decorative Only **OR** Category II, Decorative with Medium Serviceability **OR** Category III, Decorative with High Serviceability **OR** Category IV, Type I, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category V, Type II, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category VI, Type III, Commercial Serviceability, **as directed**, products.
2. Test Responses:
 - a. Colorfastness to Wet and Dry Crocking: Passes AATCC 8, Grade 3, minimum.
 - b. Colorfastness to Light: Passes AATCC 16, Option 1 or 3, Grade 4, minimum, at 40 hours.
3. Repeat: Random.
4. Applied Backing Material: Acrylic **OR** Paper, **as directed**.
5. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

E. Heavy-Duty Synthetic Textile Wall Covering

1. Wall-Covering Standard: Provide wall coverings **OR** mildew-resistant wall coverings, **as directed**, that comply with ASTM F 793 for Category IV, Type I, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category V, Type II, Commercial Serviceability **OR** Category VI, Type III, Commercial Serviceability, **as directed**, products.
2. Test Responses:

- a. Colorfastness to Wet and Dry Crocking: Passes AATCC 8, Class 3, minimum.
 - b. Colorfastness to Light: Passes AATCC 16A or AATCC 16E, Class 4, minimum, at 40 hours.
- 3. Width: 54 inches (1372 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1524 mm), **as directed**.
- 4. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

- F. Wood-Veneer Wall Covering
 - 1. Sheet Size: 24 by 96 inches (610 by 2440 mm) **OR** 48 by 96 inches (1220 by 2440 mm) **OR** 48 by 120 inches (1220 by 3050 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2. Veneer Construction: Single ply veneer **OR** Two veneer plies assembled perpendicular to one another, **as directed**.
 - 3. Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Cherry, **as directed**.
 - 4. Veneer Match: Book **OR** Slip, **as directed**.
 - 5. Sheet Match: Running **OR** Balance **OR** Center **OR** Sequence, as indicated **OR** Blueprint, as indicated, **as directed**.
 - 6. Applied Backing Material: Fabric.
 - 7. Finish: Factory **OR** Field, **as directed**, applied using wall-covering manufacturer's standard stain and polyurethane system.
 - a. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

- G. Wallpaper
 - 1. Wall-Covering Standard: Provide mildew-resistant **OR** peelable **OR** strippable, **as directed**, wallpaper that complies with ASTM F 793 for Category I, Decorative Only **OR** Category II, Decorative with Medium Serviceability **OR** Category III, Decorative with High Serviceability, **as directed**, products.
 - 2. Width: 20-1/2 inches (520.7 mm) **OR** 28 inches (711.2 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3. Repeat: Random.
 - 4. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

- H. Accessories
 - 1. Adhesive: Mildew-resistant, nonstaining, strippable, **as directed**, adhesive, for use with specific wall covering and substrate application; as recommended in writing by wall-covering manufacturer and with a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - 2. Primer/Sealer: Mildew resistant, complying with requirements in Division 09 Section "Interior Painting" and recommended in writing by wall-covering manufacturer for intended substrate.
 - 3. Wall Liner: Nonwoven, synthetic underlayment and adhesive as recommended by wall-covering manufacturer.
 - 4. Seam Tape: As recommended in writing by wall-covering manufacturer.
 - 5. Metal Primer: Interior ferrous metal primer complying with Division 09 Section "Interior Painting".

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Preparation
 - 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation.
 - 2. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of wall covering, including dirt, oil, grease, mold, mildew, and incompatible primers.
 - 3. Prepare substrates to achieve a smooth, dry, clean, structurally sound surface free of flaking, unsound coatings, cracks, and defects.
 - a. Moisture Content: Maximum of 5 percent on new plaster, concrete, and concrete masonry units when tested with an electronic moisture meter.
 - b. Plaster: Allow new plaster to cure. Neutralize areas of high alkalinity. Prime with primer as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall-covering manufacturer.
 - c. Metals: If not factory primed, clean and apply metal as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall-covering manufacturer.

- d. Gypsum Board: Prime with primer as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall-covering manufacturer.
 - e. Painted Surfaces: Treat areas susceptible to pigment bleeding.
4. Check painted surfaces for pigment bleeding. Sand gloss, semigloss, and eggshell finish with fine sandpaper.
 5. Remove hardware and hardware accessories, electrical plates and covers, light fixture trims, and similar items.
 6. Acclimatize wall-covering materials by removing them from packaging in the installation areas not less than 24 hours before installation.
 7. Install wall liner, with no gaps or overlaps, where required by wall-covering manufacturer. Form smooth wrinkle-free surface for finished installation. Do not begin wall-covering installation until wall liner has dried.
- B. Installation
1. General: Comply with wall-covering manufacturers' written installation instructions applicable to products and applications indicated except where more stringent requirements apply.
 2. Cut wall-covering strips in roll number sequence. Change roll numbers at partition breaks and corners.
 3. Install strips in same order as cut from roll.
 4. Install reversing every other strip.
 5. Install wall covering with no gaps or overlaps, no lifted or curling edges, and no visible shrinkage.
 6. Match pattern 72 inches (1830 mm) above the finish floor.
 7. Install seams vertical and plumb at least 6 inches (150 mm) from outside corners and 3 inches (75 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, from inside corners unless a change of pattern or color exists at corner. No horizontal seams are permitted.
 8. Fully bond wall covering to substrate. Remove air bubbles, wrinkles, blisters, and other defects.
 9. Trim edges and seams for color uniformity, pattern match, and tight closure. Butt seams without any overlay or spacing between strips.
- C. Field Finishing Of Wood-Veneer Wall Coverings
1. Apply wall-covering manufacturer's standard stain and polyurethane system according to coating manufacturer's written instructions to produce finish that is consistent in color and gloss and matches approved Samples.
 2. Apply no fewer than two **OR** three, **as directed**, finish coats.
- D. Cleaning
1. Remove excess adhesive at finished seams, perimeter edges, and adjacent surfaces.
 2. Use cleaning methods recommended in writing by wall-covering manufacturer.
 3. Replace strips that cannot be cleaned.
 4. Reinstall hardware and hardware accessories, electrical plates and covers, light fixture trims, and similar items.

END OF SECTION 09 72 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 72 16 00	09 72 13 00	Wall Coverings
09 73 00 00	09 68 16 00	Carpet
09 81 16 00	09 84 13 00	Acoustical Wall Panels

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SECTION 09 84 13 00 - ACOUSTICAL WALL PANELS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for acoustical wall panels. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes spline-mounted **OR** back-mounted, **as directed**, acoustical wall panels.

C. Definitions

1. NRC: Noise reduction coefficient.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of panel edge, core material, and mounting indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For acoustical wall panels. Include mounting devices and details.
3. Coordination Drawings: Show intersections with adjacent work.
4. Samples: For each fabric and sample panels.
5. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For installation adhesive, including printed statement of VOC content.
6. Product certificates **OR** test reports, **as directed**.
7. Maintenance data.
8. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical wall panels with the following surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 **OR** IBC Chapter 8, **as directed**, by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
2. Fire Growth Contribution: Meeting acceptance criteria of local code and authorities having jurisdiction when tested according to NFPA 265 **OR** NFPA 286, **as directed**.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Comply with fabric and acoustical wall panel manufacturers' written instructions for minimum and maximum temperature and humidity requirements for shipment, storage, and handling.
2. Deliver materials and panels in unopened bundles and store in a temperature-controlled dry place with adequate air circulation.
3. Protect panel edges from crushing and impact.

G. Project Conditions

1. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical wall panels until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
2. Lighting: Do not install acoustical wall panels until a permanent level of lighting **OR** a lighting level of not less than 50 fc (538 lux), **as directed**, is provided on surfaces to receive acoustical wall panels.

3. Air-Quality Limitations: Protect acoustical wall panels from exposure to airborne odors, such as tobacco smoke, and install panels under conditions free from odor contamination of ambient air.
4. Field Measurements: Verify locations of acoustical wall panels by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

H. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of acoustical wall panels that fail in performance, materials, or workmanship within two years from date of Final Completion.
 - a. Failure in performance includes, but is not limited to, acoustical performance.
 - b. Failures in materials include, but are not limited to, fabric sagging, distorting, or releasing from panel edge; or warping of core.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Core Materials

1. Glass-Fiber Board: ASTM C 612, Type IA or Types IA and IB; density as specified, unfaced, dimensionally stable, molded rigid board, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively.
2. Mineral-Fiber Board: Maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 15 and 5, respectively.
3. Cementitious-Fiber Board Core: Density of not less than 20 lb/cu. ft. (320 kg/cu. m).
4. Tackable, Impact-Resistant, High-Density Face Layer: 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) thick layer of compressed molded glass-fiber board with a minimum nominal density of 16 to 18 lb/cu. ft. (256 to 288 kg/cu. m) laminated to face of core.
5. Impact-Resistant, Acoustically Transparent, Copolymer Face-Sheet Layer for High-Abuse Applications: 1/16- to 1/8-inch- (1.6- to 3.2-mm-) thick layer of perforated, noncombustible, copolymer sheet laminated to face of core.
6. Wood: Clear, vertical grain, straight, kiln-dried hardwood of manufacturer's standard species, AWWA C20, Interior Type A, fire-retardant treated, low-hygroscopic-type formulation. Use fire-retardant-treatment formulations that do not bleed through or otherwise adversely affect finishes. Kiln-dry material after treatment to 5 to 10 percent moisture content.

B. Spline-Mounted Acoustical Wall Panels With Perforated Mineral-Fiber Board Core Or Cementitious-Fiber Board Core

1. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material laminated to front face of a perforated, water-felted, mineral-fiber board **OR** cementitious-fiber board, **as directed**, core; with long edges kerfed and rabbeted to receive splines.
 - a. Mineral-Fiber Board: Not less than 13-lb/cu. ft. (208-kg/cu. m) **OR** 20-lb/cu. ft. (320-kg/cu. m), **as directed**, nominal density; with perforated surface.
2. Facing Material: Fabric from same dye lot; color and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** matching samples **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Fiber Content: 100 percent woven polyester **OR** nonwoven polyester **OR** polyolefin **OR** acoustically transparent vinyl, **as directed**.
 - b. Width: 54 inches (1371 mm) **OR** 66 inches (1676 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Applied Treatments: Stain resistance.
3. Nominal Overall Panel Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm), **as directed**.
4. NRC: For Type A mounting per ASTM E 795, NRC 0.50 to NRC 0.90 **OR** NRC 0.60 to NRC 0.70 **OR** NRC 0.65 to NRC 0.75, **as directed**.
5. Panel Width: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 600 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
6. Panel Height: Fabricated from units 96 inches (2438 mm) **OR** 108 inches (2743 mm) **OR** 120 inches (3048 mm), **as directed**, in height; mounting height **as directed**.
7. Panel Edge: Core self-edge.

8. Panel Short Edge Detail: Square.
- C. Spline-Mounted Acoustical Wall Panels With Glass-Fiber Board Core
1. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material laminated to front face of a dimensionally stable, rigid glass-fiber board core with a nominal density of 6 to 7 lb/cu. ft. (96 to 112 kg/cu. m); with long edges kerfed and rabbeted to receive splines.
 2. Core-Face Layer: Tackable, impact-resistant, high-density board **OR** Impact-resistant, acoustically transparent, copolymer face-sheet, **as directed**.
 3. Facing Material: Fabric from same dye lot; color and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** matching samples **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Fiber Content: 100 percent woven polyester **OR** nonwoven polyester **OR** polyolefin **OR** acoustically transparent vinyl, **as directed**.
 - b. Width: 54 inches (1371 mm) **OR** 66 inches (1676 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Applied Treatments: Stain resistance.
 4. Nominal Overall Panel Thickness: 3/4 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm), **as directed**.
 5. NRC: For Type A mounting per ASTM E 795, not less than NRC 0.20 **OR** NRC 0.80 **OR** NRC 0.95, **as directed**.
 6. Panel Width: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 600 mm **OR** 1200 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 7. Panel Height: Fabricated from units 96 inches (2438 mm) **OR** 108 inches (2743 mm) **OR** 120 inches (3048 mm), **as directed**, in height; mounting height **as directed**.
 8. Panel Edge: Manufacturer's standard short edge.
 9. Panel Short Edge Detail: Square.
- D. Back-Mounted Acoustical Wall Panels With Perforated Mineral-Fiber Board Core
1. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material laminated to front face of a perforated, water-felted, mineral-fiber board core of not less than 13-lb/cu. ft. (208-kg/cu. m) **OR** 20-lb/cu. ft. (320-kg/cu. m), **as directed**, nominal density; with perforated surface.
 2. Facing Material: Fabric from same dye lot; color and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** matching samples **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Fiber Content: 100 percent woven polyester **OR** nonwoven polyester **OR** polyolefin **OR** acoustically transparent vinyl, **as directed**.
 - b. Width: 54 inches (1371 mm) **OR** 66 inches (1676 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Applied Treatments: Stain resistance.
 3. Nominal Core Thickness and Overall System NRC: 1/2 inch (13 mm) and not less than NRC 0.35 **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm) and not less than NRC 0.45, **as directed**, for Type A mounting.
 4. Panel Width: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 600 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 5. Panel Height: Fabricated from units 96 inches (2438 mm) **OR** 108 inches (2743 mm) **OR** 120 inches (3048 mm), **as directed**, in height; mounting height **as directed**.
 6. Panel Edge: Core self-edge.
 7. Panel Short Edge Detail: Square.
- E. Back-Mounted, Edge-Reinforced Acoustical Wall Panels With Glass-Fiber Board Core
1. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material laminated to front face, edges, and back border of dimensionally stable, rigid glass-fiber **OR** rock-fiber/slag-fiber, **as directed**, board core; with edges chemically hardened or impact resistant and resilient to reinforce panel perimeter against warpage and damage.
 2. Nominal Core Density: 4 to 7 lb/cu. ft. (64 to 112 kg/cu. m) **OR** 6 to 7 lb/cu. ft. (96 to 112 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
 3. Core-Face Layer: Tackable, impact-resistant, high-density board **OR** Impact-resistant, acoustically transparent, copolymer face-sheet, **as directed**.

4. Facing Material: Fabric from same dye lot; color and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** matching samples **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Fiber Content: 100 percent woven polyester **OR** nonwoven polyester **OR** polyolefin **OR** acoustically transparent vinyl, **as directed**.
 - b. Width: 54 inches (1371 mm) **OR** 66 inches (1676 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Applied Treatments: Stain resistance.
 5. Nominal Core Thickness and Overall System NRC: 3/4 inch (19 mm) and not less than NRC 0.65 **OR** 1 inch (25 mm) and not less than NRC 0.80 **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) and not less than NRC 0.85 **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) and not less than NRC 0.90 **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) and not less than NRC 1.00, **as directed**, for Type A mounting per ASTM E 795.
 6. Panel Width: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 600 mm **OR** 1200 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 7. Panel Height: Fabricated height as indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**; mounting height as indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 8. Panel Edge Detail: Square **OR** Bullnosed (radiused) **OR** Chamfered (beveled) **OR** Mitered **OR** Custom as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 9. Corner Detail: Square **OR** Round, radius as indicated **OR** Off-square, dimensions as indicated, **as directed**, to form continuous profile to match edge detail.
- F. Back-Mounted, Edge-Framed Acoustical Wall Panels With Glass-Fiber Board Core
1. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard panel construction consisting of facing material stretched over front face of edge-framed, dimensionally stable, rigid glass-fiber board core and bonded or attached to edges and back of frame.
 2. Nominal Core Density: 4 to 7 lb/cu. ft. (64 to 112 kg/cu. m) **OR** 6 to 7 lb/cu. ft. (96 to 112 kg/cu. m), **as directed**.
 3. Core-Face Layer: Tackable, impact-resistant, high-density board **OR** Impact-resistant, acoustically transparent, copolymer face-sheet, **as directed**.
 4. Facing Material: Fabric from same dye lot; color and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** matching samples **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Fiber Content: 100 percent woven polyester **OR** nonwoven polyester **OR** polyolefin **OR** acoustically transparent vinyl, **as directed**.
 - b. Width: 54 inches (1371 mm) **OR** 66 inches (1676 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Applied Treatments: Stain resistance.
 5. Nominal Core Thickness and Overall System NRC: 1 inch (25 mm) and not less than NRC 0.80 **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) and not less than NRC 0.85 **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) and not less than NRC 0.90, **as directed**, for Type A mounting per ASTM E 795.
 6. Panel Width: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 600 mm **OR** 1200 mm **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 7. Panel Height: Fabricated height as indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**; mounting height as indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 8. Panel Edge and Frame: Extruded-aluminum or zinc-coated, rolled-steel shape **OR** Extruded PVC **OR** Hardwood, rabbeted, and splined with glued joints and machined corners, **as directed**.
 - a. Panel Edge Detail: Square.
- G. Fabrication
1. Sound-Absorption Performance: Provide acoustical wall panels with minimum NRCs indicated, as determined by testing per ASTM C 423 for mounting type specified.
 2. Acoustical Wall Panels: Panel construction consisting of facing material adhered to face, **as directed**, edges and back border of dimensionally stable core; with rigid edges to reinforce panel perimeter against warpage and damage.
 - a. Glass-Fiber Board: Resin harden areas of core for attachment of mounting devices.
 3. Fabric Facing: Stretched straight, on the grain, tight, square, and free from puckers, ripples, wrinkles, sags, blisters, seams, adhesive, or other foreign matter. Applied with visible surfaces fully covered.

- a. Where square corners are indicated, tailor corners. Heat seal vinyl fabric seams at corners.
- b. Where radius or other nonsquare corners are indicated, attach facing material so there are no seams or gathering of material.
- c. Where fabrics with directional or repeating patterns or directional weave are indicated, mark fabric top and attach fabric in same direction so pattern or weave matches in adjacent panels.
4. Core-Face Layer: Evenly stretched over core face and edges and securely attached to core; free from puckers, ripples, wrinkles, sags.
5. Dimensional Tolerances of Finished Units: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) for the following:
 - a. Thickness.
 - b. Edge straightness.
 - c. Overall length and width.
 - d. Squareness from corner to corner.
 - e. Chords, radii, and diameters.
6. Spline-Mounting Accessories: Manufacturer's standard concealed, extruded-aluminum or plastic connecting splines designed and fabricated for screw attachment to walls, with other moldings and trim for interior and exterior corners, leveling and base support with factory-applied finish on exposed items.
 - a. Finish Color: White **OR** Black **OR** Match color of facing material **OR** Match sample, **as directed**.
7. Back-Mounting Devices: Concealed on backside of panel, recommended to support weight of panel, with base-support bracket system where recommended by manufacturer for additional support of panels, and as follows:
 - a. Adhesive. Use only adhesives that have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - b. Hook-and-loop tape.
 - c. Impaling clips.
 - d. Magnetic strip or devices.
 - e. Metal "Z" Clips: Two-part panel clips, with one part of each clip mechanically attached to back of panel and the other part to wall substrate, designed to allow for panel removal.
 - f. As recommended by manufacturer.
8. Owner-Furnished Fabric: Provide fabric acceptable to acoustical wall panel manufacturer for application indicated. Notify the Owner of fabric unacceptability.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install acoustical wall panels in locations indicated with vertical surfaces and edges plumb, top edges level and in alignment with other panels, faces flush, and scribed to fit adjoining work accurately at borders and at penetrations.
 - a. Cut units to be at least 50 percent of unit width, with facing material extended over cut edge to match uncut edge. Scribe acoustical wall panels to fit adjacent work. Butt joints tightly.
2. Comply with acoustical wall panel manufacturer's written instructions for installation of panels using type of concealed mounting accessories indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by manufacturer. Anchor panels securely to supporting substrate.
3. Match and level fabric pattern and grain among adjacent panels.
4. Installation Tolerances: As follows:
 - a. Variation from Level and Plumb: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - b. Variation of Panel Joints from Hairline: Not more than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 1/32 inch (0.79 mm), **as directed**, wide.

B. Cleaning

1. Clip loose threads; remove pills and extraneous materials.
2. Clean panels with fabric facing, on completion of installation, to remove dust and other foreign materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Protection

1. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, to ensure that acoustical wall panels are without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.
2. Replace acoustical wall panels that cannot be cleaned and repaired, in a manner approved by the Owner, before time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 09 84 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 85 00 00	09 28 13 00	Gypsum Board
09 85 00 00	09 23 13 00	Gypsum Board Renovation
09 85 00 00	09 28 13 00a	Gypsum Board Shaft-Wall Assemblies

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SECTION 09 91 13 00 - EXTERIOR PAINTING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for exterior painting. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior substrates:
 - a. Concrete.
 - b. Clay masonry.
 - c. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - d. Steel.
 - e. Galvanized metal.
 - f. Aluminum (not anodized or otherwise coated).
 - g. Wood.
 - h. Plastic trim fabrications.
 - i. Exterior portland cement (stucco).
 - j. Exterior gypsum board.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each finish and for each color and texture required.
3. Product List: Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 1.2, with the proposed product highlighted.

D. Quality Assurance

1. MPI Standards:
 - a. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - b. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated. For renovation projects, comply with requirements of "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.
2. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - a. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - 1) Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - 2) Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - b. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - 1) If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
 - c. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - d. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

F. Project Conditions

1. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
2. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Paint, General

1. Material Compatibility:
 - a. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - b. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
2. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

B. Block Fillers

1. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI #4.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

C. Primers/Sealers

1. Alkali-Resistant Primer: MPI #3.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Bonding Primer (Water Based): MPI #17.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Bonding Primer (Solvent Based): MPI #69.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
4. Wood-Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for use in paint system indicated.

D. Metal Primers

1. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
2. Quick-Drying Alkyd Metal Primer: MPI #76.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #26.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
4. Waterborne Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #134.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
5. Quick-Drying Primer for Aluminum: MPI #95.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

E. Wood Primers

1. Exterior Latex Wood Primer: MPI #6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer: MPI #5.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Exterior Oil Wood Primer: MPI #7.

- a. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
- F. Exterior Latex Paints
- 1. Exterior Latex (Flat): MPI #10 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 2. Exterior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #11 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 3. Exterior Latex (Gloss): MPI #119 (Gloss Level 6, except minimum gloss of 65 units at 60 deg).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- G. Exterior Alkyd Paints
- 1. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Flat): MPI #8 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
 - 2. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #94 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - 3. Exterior Alkyd Enamel (Gloss): MPI #9 (Gloss Level 6).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
- H. Quick-Drying Enamels
- 1. Quick-Drying Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #81 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 2. Quick-Drying Enamel (High Gloss): MPI #96 (Gloss Level 7).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- I. Textured And High-Build Coatings
- 1. Latex Stucco and Masonry Textured Coating: MPI #42.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 2. High-Build Latex (Exterior): MPI #40.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
- J. Aluminum Paint
- 1. Aluminum Paint: MPI #1.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- K. Floor Coatings
- 1. Interior/Exterior Clear Concrete Floor Sealer (Water Based): MPI #99.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 2. Interior/Exterior Clear Concrete Floor Sealer (Solvent Based): MPI #104.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - 3. Interior/Exterior Latex Floor and Porch Paint (Low Gloss): MPI #60 (maximum Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 3.
 - 4. Exterior/Interior Alkyd Floor Enamel (Gloss): MPI #27 (Gloss Level 6).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - b. Additives: Manufacturer's standard additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- 2. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - a. Concrete: 12 percent.
 - b. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
 - c. Wood: 15 percent.

- d. Plaster: 12 percent.
 - e. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
 3. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
 4. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
 - a. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.
- B. Preparation And Application
1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
 2. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - a. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
 3. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
 4. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 5. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.
- C. Exterior Painting Schedule
1. Paint systems herein are based on "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" (hereafter, "MPI Manual"). For renovation projects, consult "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual" and revise paint systems accordingly.
 2. For a Premium Grade system, "MPI Manual" requires intermediate coat; if Custom Grade system is required or if so directed, delete intermediate coat, **unless directed otherwise** or as otherwise required by manufacturer's recommendations.
 3. Concrete Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 3.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Aggregate/Latex System: MPI EXT 3.1 B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Latex Over Alkali-Resistant Primer System: MPI EXT 3.1K.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkali-resistant primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. High-Build Latex System: MPI EXT 3.1L, applied to form dry film thickness of not less than 10 mils (0.25 mm).
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-build latex (exterior).
 - e. Latex Aggregate System: MPI EXT 3.1N.
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
 4. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
 - a. Latex Floor Paint System: MPI EXT 3.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).

- 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
- 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
- b. Alkyd Floor Enamel System: MPI EXT 3.2D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
- c. Clear Sealer System: MPI EXT 3.2G.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
- d. Water-Based Clear Sealer System: MPI EXT 3.2H.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (water based).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (water based).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (water based).
5. Clay-Masonry Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 4.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. High-Build Latex System: MPI EXT 4.1H, applied to form dry film thickness of not less than 10 mils (0.25 mm).
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-build latex (exterior).
 - c. Latex Aggregate System: MPI EXT 4.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
6. CMU Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 4.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkali-Resistant Primer System: MPI EXT 4.2L.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkali-resistant primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. High-Build Latex System: MPI EXT 4.2K, applied to form dry film thickness of not less than 10 mils (0.25 mm).
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-build latex (exterior).
 - d. Latex Aggregate System: MPI EXT 4.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
7. Steel Substrates:
 - a. Quick-Drying Enamel System: MPI EXT 5.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying alkyd metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Quick-drying enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Quick-drying enamel (semigloss) **OR** (high gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Aluminum Paint System: MPI EXT 5.1K.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Aluminum paint.

- 3) Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
8. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Galvanized-metal substrates should not be chromate passivated (commercially known as "bonderized") if primer is field applied. If galvanized metal is chromate passivated, consult manufacturers for appropriate surface preparation and primers.
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 5.3A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Water-Based Primer System: MPI EXT 5.3H. "MPI Manual" recommends latex over water-based primer system for low-contact/traffic areas.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.3B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
9. Aluminum Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 5.4H.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.4F.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
10. Glue-Laminated Beam and Column Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.1L.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
11. Dressed Lumber Substrates: Including architectural woodwork **OR** doors, **as directed**.
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.3L.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**. Flat paint is not recommended for use on doors.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.3A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**. Flat paint is not recommended for use on doors.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.3B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**. Flat paint is not recommended for use on doors.
12. Wood Panel Substrates: Including plywood siding **OR** fascias **OR** soffits, **as directed**.
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.4K.

- 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
- 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.4G.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.4B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
13. Wood Shingle and Shake Substrates (Excluding Roofs):
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.6E.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.6A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.6B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
14. Dimension Lumber Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces: Including board siding **OR** fencing **OR** undersides of decking, **as directed**.
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.2M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.2C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
15. Dimension Lumber Substrates, Traffic Surfaces: Including lumber decking **OR** stairs, **as directed**.
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.5E.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
 - a) With additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI EXT 6.5A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch (low gloss).
 - a) With additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.
 - c. Alkyd Floor Enamel System: MPI EXT 6.5B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - a) With additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.
16. Plastic Trim Fabrication Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 6.8A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Bonding primer (water based) **OR** (solvent based), **as directed**.

- 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- b. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 6.8B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Bonding primer (water based) **OR** (solvent based), **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
17. Stucco Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 9.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkali-Resistant Primer System: MPI EXT 9.1J.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkali-resistant primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. High-Build Latex System: MPI EXT 9.1H, applied to form dry film thickness of not less than 10 mils (0.25 mm).
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-build latex (exterior).
18. Exterior Gypsum Board Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI EXT 9.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.

END OF SECTION 09 91 13 00

SECTION 09 91 13 00a - WOOD STAINS AND TRANSPARENT FINISHES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wood stains and transparent finishes. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of wood finishes on the following substrates:
 - a. Exterior Substrates:
 - 1) Exposed glue-laminated beams and columns.
 - 2) Exposed dimension lumber (rough carpentry).
 - 3) Dressed lumber (finish carpentry).
 - 4) Exposed wood panel products.
 - 5) Wood decks and stairs.
 - 6) Wood shingles and shakes (excluding roofs).
 - b. Interior Substrates:
 - 1) Exposed glue-laminated beams and columns.
 - 2) Exposed dimension lumber (rough carpentry).
 - 3) Dressed lumber (finish carpentry).
 - 4) Exposed wood panel products.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For interior primers, stains, and transparent finishes, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Samples: For each finish and for each color and texture required.
4. Product List: Printout of MPI's current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 1.2, with the product proposed for use highlighted.

D. Quality Assurance

1. MPI Standards:
 - a. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
 - b. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and finish systems indicated.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

F. Project Conditions

1. Apply finishes only when temperature of surfaces to be finished and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
2. Do not apply exterior finishes in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials, General

1. Material Compatibility:
 - a. Provide materials for use within each finish system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - b. For each coat in a finish system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in finish system and on substrate indicated.
2. VOC Content of Field-Applied Interior Primers, Stains, and Transparent Finishes: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24); these requirements do not apply to primers, stains, and transparent finishes that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Flat Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - c. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
 - d. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - e. Clear Wood Finishes, Lacquers: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - f. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - g. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - h. Stains: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
3. Stain Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match samples **OR** As indicated in a color schedule, **as directed**.

B. Wood Fillers

1. Wood Filler Paste: MPI #91.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

C. Primers And Sealers

1. Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer: MPI #5.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Exterior Latex Wood Primer: MPI #6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Exterior Oil Wood Primer: MPI #7.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
4. Wood Preservative: MPI #37.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
5. Alkyd Sanding Sealer: MPI #102.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
6. Lacquer Sanding Sealer: MPI #84.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
7. Shellac: MPI #88.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

D. Stains

1. Exterior Semitransparent Stain (Solvent Based): MPI #13.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
2. Exterior Solid-Color Stain (Solvent Based): MPI #14.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Exterior, Solid-Color Latex Stain: MPI #16.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
4. Stain for Wood Decks: MPI #33.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
5. Interior Wood Stain (Semitransparent): MPI #90.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.

E. Varnishes

1. Exterior Marine Spar Varnish (Gloss): MPI #28, Gloss Level 7.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
2. Exterior Varnish (Gloss): MPI #29, Gloss Level 6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
3. Exterior Varnish (Semigloss): MPI #30, Gloss Level 5.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
4. Interior Varnish (Flat): MPI #73, Gloss Level 1, alkyd type.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
5. Interior Varnish (Semigloss): MPI #74, Gloss Level 5, alkyd type.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
6. Interior Varnish (Gloss): MPI #75, Gloss Level 6, alkyd type.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

F. Polyurethane Finishes

1. Two-Component Aliphatic Polyurethane (Clear): MPI #78.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Interior, Oil-Modified, Clear Urethane (Satin): MPI #57, Gloss Level 4.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
3. Interior, Oil-Modified, Clear Urethane (Gloss): MPI #56, Gloss Level 6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
4. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane (Flat): MPI #71, Gloss Level 1.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2.
5. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane (Gloss): MPI #31.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

G. Waterborne Acrylic Finishes

1. Waterborne Clear Acrylic (Satin): MPI #128, Gloss Level 4.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
2. Waterborne Clear Acrylic (Semigloss): MPI #129, Gloss Level 5.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
3. Waterborne Clear Acrylic (Gloss): MPI #130, Gloss Level 6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.

H. Lacquers

1. Lacquer (Clear Flat): MPI #87, Gloss Level 1.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Lacquer (Clear Satin): MPI #85, Gloss Level 4.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Lacquer (Clear Gloss): MPI #86, Gloss Level 6.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

I. Oil Finish

1. Danish Oil: MPI #92.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E3.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be finished. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and finishing.
 - a. After completing finishing operations, reinstall items that were removed; use workers skilled in the trades involved. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
 3. Clean and prepare surfaces to be finished according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.
 - a. Remove surface dirt, oil, or grease by washing with a detergent solution; rinse thoroughly with clean water and allow to dry. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.
 - b. Remove mildew by scrubbing with a commercial wash formulated for mildew removal and as recommended by stain manufacturer.
 - c. Countersink steel nails, if used, and fill with putty tinted to final color to eliminate rust leach stains.
 4. Apply wood filler paste to open-grain woods, as defined in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual," to produce smooth, glasslike finish.
- B. Application
1. Apply finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Use applicators and techniques suited for finish and substrate indicated.
 - b. Finish surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces.
 2. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, holidays, lap marks, brush marks, runs, ropiness, or other surface imperfections.
- C. Field Quality Control
1. The following procedure may be requested at any time and as often as the Owner deems necessary during the period when finishes are being applied:
 - a. Engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample finish materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - c. the Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying finishes if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying materials from Project site, pay for testing, and refinish surfaces finished with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously finished surfaces if, on refinishing with complying materials, the two finishes are incompatible.
- D. Cleaning And Protection
1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
 2. After completing finish application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered materials by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
 3. Protect work of other trades against damage from finish application. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced finished wood surfaces.
- E. Exterior Wood-Finish-System Schedule
1. Exposed Glue-Laminated Beam and Column Substrates:
 - a. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI EXT 6.1C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
 - b. Varnish Over Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.1D.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).

- 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior marine spar varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (semigloss), **as directed**.
- c. Varnish System: MPI EXT 6.1K.
 - 1) Four (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Three, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior marine spar varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (semigloss), **as directed**.
- d. Clear, Two-Component Polyurethane Over Stain System: MPI EXT 6.1E.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Two-component aliphatic polyurethane (clear).
- e. Clear, Two-Component Polyurethane System: MPI EXT 6.1H.
 - 1) Three Finish Coats: Two-component aliphatic polyurethane (clear).
- 2. Exposed Rough Carpentry Substrates:
 - a. Solid-Color Latex Stain System: MPI EXT 6.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior, solid-color latex stain.
 - b. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI EXT 6.2D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - c. Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
 - d. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.2L.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - e. Varnish Over Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.2E.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior marine spar varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (gloss) **OR** varnish (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Varnish System: MPI EXT 6.2K.
 - 1) Four (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Three, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior varnish (marine spar, high gloss) **OR** (gloss) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - g. Clear, Two-Component Polyurethane System: MPI EXT 6.2H.
 - 1) Three Finish Coats: Two-component aliphatic polyurethane (clear).
- 3. Finish Carpentry Substrates:
 - a. Solid-Color Latex Stain System: MPI EXT 6.3K.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior, solid-color latex stain.
 - b. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI EXT 6.3C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
 - c. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.3D.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - d. Varnish Over Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.3E.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior varnish (marine spar, high gloss) **OR** (gloss) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Varnish System: MPI EXT 6.3F.
 - 1) Four (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Three, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior varnish (marine spar, high gloss) **OR** (gloss) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Clear, Two-Component Polyurethane System: MPI EXT 6.3G.
 - 1) Three Finish Coats: Two-component aliphatic polyurethane (clear).
- F. Exposed Wood Panel-Product Substrates:
 - a. Solid-Color Latex Stain System: MPI EXT 6.4A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** latex **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior, solid-color latex stain.
 - b. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI EXT 6.4C.

- 1) Prime Coat (for a Premium Grade system): Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
 - c. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.4D.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - d. Varnish Over Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.4J.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior varnish (marine spar, high gloss) **OR** (gloss) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Varnish System: MPI EXT 6.4H.
 - 1) Four (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Three, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Exterior varnish (marine spar, high gloss) **OR** (gloss) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 2. Wood Deck and Stair Substrates:
 - a. MPI EXT 6.5D.
 - 1) Preservative Coat: Wood preservative.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Stain for wood decks.
 - b. MPI EXT 6.5F.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Stain for wood decks.
 3. Wood Shingle and Shake Substrates (Excluding Roofs):
 - a. Solid-Color Latex Stain System: MPI EXT 6.6D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior, solid-color latex stain.
 - b. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI EXT 6.6C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
 - c. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI EXT 6.6F.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
- G. Interior Wood-Finish-System Schedule
1. Exposed Glue-Laminated Beam and Column Substrates:
 - a. Alkyd Varnish Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.1K.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Varnish Over Stain and Sealer System: MPI INT 6.1P.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd Varnish Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.1C.
 - 1) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer.
 - 2) Two Finish Coats: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Polyurethane Varnish Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.1J.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Polyurethane Varnish System: MPI INT 6.1D.
 - 1) One Factory-Applied Finish Coat: Matching field-applied finish coats.
 - 2) Two Field-Applied Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.1S.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Moisture-cured clear polyurethane (flat) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.

- g. Waterborne Clear Acrylic Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.1R.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- h. Waterborne Clear Acrylic System: MPI INT 6.F.
 - 1) Three Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- i. Solid-Color Latex Stain System: MPI INT 6.1T.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior alkyd **OR** oil, **as directed**, wood primer.
 - 2) Two Stain Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Stain Coat, **as directed**: Exterior, solid-color latex stain.
- j. Solid-Color, Solvent-Based Stain System: MPI INT 6.1H.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior solid-color stain (solvent based).
- k. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI INT 6.1G.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
- 2. Exposed Rough Carpentry Substrates:
 - a. Alkyd Varnish Over Stain and Sealer System: MPI INT 6.2K.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Varnish Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.2P.
 - 1) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer.
 - 2) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Polyurethane Varnish Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.2J.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Polyurethane Varnish System: MPI INT 6.2H.
 - 1) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.2N.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Moisture-cured clear polyurethane (flat) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Waterborne Clear Acrylic Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.2M.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- 3. Finish Carpentry Substrates:
 - a. Alkyd Varnish Over Stain and Sealer System: MPI INT 6.3D.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer **OR** Shellac, **as directed**.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Varnish Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.3J.
 - 1) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer **OR** Shellac, **as directed**.
 - 2) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Polyurethane Varnish Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.3E.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Polyurethane Varnish System: MPI INT 6.3K.
 - 1) One Factory-Applied Finish Coat: Matching field-applied finish coats.
 - 2) Two Field-Applied Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.

- e. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.3Y.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Moisture-cured clear polyurethane (flat) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- f. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane System: MPI INT 6.3X.
 - 1) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Moisture-cured clear polyurethane (flat) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- g. Clear, Two-Component Polyurethane System: MPI INT 6.3Z.
 - 1) Three (for a Premium Grade system) Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Two-component aliphatic polyurethane (clear).
- h. Waterborne Clear Acrylic Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.3W.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- i. Waterborne Clear Acrylic System: MPI INT 6.3Q.
 - 1) Three Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- j. Lacquer Over Stain and Sealer System: MPI INT 6.3F.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Lacquer sanding sealer.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Lacquer (clear flat **OR** satin **OR** gloss, **as directed**).
- k. Lacquer Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.3H.
 - 1) Seal Coat: Lacquer sanding sealer.
 - 2) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Lacquer (clear flat **OR** satin **OR** gloss, **as directed**).
- l. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI INT 6.3C.
 - 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
- m. Danish Oil System: MPI INT 6.3M.
 - 1) Two Finish Coats: Danish oil.
- 4. Exposed Wood Panel-Product Substrates:
 - a. Alkyd Varnish Over Sealer and Stain System: MPI INT 6.4D.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer **OR** Shellac, **as directed**.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Varnish Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.4G.
 - 1) Seal Coat: Alkyd sanding sealer **OR** Shellac, **as directed**.
 - 2) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Interior varnish (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Polyurethane Varnish Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.4E.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Polyurethane Varnish System: MPI INT 6.4.J.
 - 1) One Factory-Applied Finish Coat: Matching field-applied finish coats.
 - 2) Two Field-Applied Finish Coats: Interior, oil-modified, clear urethane (satin) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.4V.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Moisture-cured clear polyurethane (flat) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Waterborne Clear Acrylic Over Stain System: MPI INT 6.4U.
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Waterborne clear acrylic (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - g. Lacquer Over Stain and Sealer System: MPI INT 6.4F.

- 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain (semitransparent).
 - 2) Seal Coat: Lacquer sanding sealer.
 - 3) Two Finish Coats (for a Premium Grade system) **OR** One Finish Coat, **as directed**: Lacquer (clear flat **OR** satin **OR** gloss, **as directed**).
- h. Lacquer Over Sealer System: MPI INT 6.4Y.
- 1) Seal Coat: Lacquer sanding sealer.
 - 2) Three (for a Premium Grade system) Two, **as directed**, Finish Coats: Lacquer (clear flat **OR** satin **OR** gloss, **as directed**).
- i. Semitransparent Stain System: MPI INT 6.4C.
- 1) Two Stain Coats: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based).
- j. Danish Oil System: MPI INT 6.4K.
- 1) Two Finish Coats: Danish oil.

END OF SECTION 09 91 13 00a

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SECTION 09 91 13 00b - HIGH-TEMPERATURE-RESISTANT COATINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for high-temperature-resistant coatings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and application of high-temperature-resistant coating systems on steel substrates subject to high temperatures.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each coating and for each color and texture required.
3. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For coatings, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Master Painters Institute (MPI) Standards:
 - a. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List" **OR** "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual," **as directed**.
 - b. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" **OR** "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual," **as directed**, for products and coating systems indicated.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

F. Project Conditions

1. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 and 104 deg F (10 and 40 deg C).
2. Do not apply coatings in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. High-Temperature-Resistant Coatings

1. VOC Content of Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24) :
 - a. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - c. Anticorrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
 - d. Flat Interior Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - e. Nonflat Interior Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - f. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.

- g. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
- h. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: VOC content of not more than 340 g/L.
- 2. Chemical Components of Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide topcoat paints and anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints applied to ferrous metals that comply with the following chemical restrictions; these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing 1 or more benzene rings).
 - b. Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
 - 1) Acrolein.
 - 2) Acrylonitrile.
 - 3) Antimony.
 - 4) Benzene.
 - 5) Butyl benzyl phthalate.
 - 6) Cadmium.
 - 7) Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
 - 8) Di-n-butyl phthalate.
 - 9) Di-n-octyl phthalate.
 - 10) 1,2-dichlorobenzene.
 - 11) Diethyl phthalate.
 - 12) Dimethyl phthalate.
 - 13) Ethylbenzene.
 - 14) Formaldehyde.
 - 15) Hexavalent chromium.
 - 16) Isophorone.
 - 17) Lead.
 - 18) Mercury.
 - 19) Methyl ethyl ketone.
 - 20) Methyl isobutyl ketone.
 - 21) Methylene chloride.
 - 22) Naphthalene.
 - 23) Toluene (methylbenzene).
 - 24) 1,1,1-trichloroethane.
 - 25) Vinyl chloride.
- 3. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match samples, **as directed**.
- 4. Primer: Undercoating recommended in writing for use in coating system by manufacturer of high-temperature-resistant coating under conditions indicated.
- 5. Heat-Resistant Enamel (Gloss): MPI #21.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- 6. Inorganic Zinc Primer: MPI #19.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of 0 **OR** E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- 7. Aluminum Heat-Resistant Enamel: MPI #2.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- 8. High-Heat-Resistant Coating: MPI #22.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" **OR** "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual," **as directed**, applicable to substrates indicated.
- 2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be coated. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and coating.

- a. After completing coating operations, reinstall items that were removed; use workers skilled in the trades involved.
 - 3. Clean steel substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - a. Remove incompatible primers as required to produce coating systems indicated.

- B. Application
 - 1. Apply high-temperature-resistant coating systems according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
 - b. Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - c. Coat back sides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.

- C. Field Quality Control
 - 1. Contractor shall invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as necessary during the period when coatings are being applied:
 - a. Engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating material being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with specified requirements.
 - c. the Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with specified requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying coating materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with complying materials, the two coatings are incompatible.

- D. Cleaning And Protection
 - 1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
 - 2. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
 - 3. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 - 4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.

- E. High-Temperature-Resistant Coating Schedule
 - 1. Heat-Resistant Enamel (Gloss) Coating System (System below corresponds with MPI EXT 5.2A and MPI INT 5.2A coating systems) {suitable for use on surfaces that reach a maximum temperature of 400 deg F (205 deg C)}:
 - a. Surface Preparation: Clean using methods recommended in writing by finish-coat manufacturer, but not less than blast cleaning according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning," **as directed**.
 - b. Prime Coat: Primer.
 - c. Finish Coat(s): Heat-resistant enamel (gloss), MPI #21, in number of coats recommended in writing by manufacturer for conditions indicated.
 - 2. Inorganic Zinc Primer Coating System (System below corresponds with MPI EXT 5.2C and MPI INT 5.2C coating systems) {suitable for use on surfaces that reach a maximum temperature of 750 deg F (400 deg C)}:
 - a. Surface Preparation: Clean using methods recommended in writing by finish-coat manufacturer, but not less than blast cleaning according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1,

- "White Metal Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning," **as directed**.
- b. Prime Coat: Primer.
 - c. Finish Coat(s): Inorganic zinc primer, MPI #19, in number of coats recommended in writing by manufacturer for conditions indicated.
3. Aluminum Heat-Resistant Enamel Coating System (System below corresponds with MPI EXT 5.2B and MPI INT 5.2B coating systems) {suitable for use on surfaces that reach a maximum temperature of 800 deg F (427 deg C)}:
- a. Surface Preparation: Clean using methods recommended in writing by finish-coat manufacturer, but not less than blast cleaning according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning," **as directed**.
 - b. Prime Coat: Primer.
 - c. Finish Coat(s): Aluminum heat-resistant enamel, MPI #2, in number of coats recommended in writing by manufacturer for conditions indicated.
4. High-Heat-Resistant Coating System (System below corresponds with MPI EXT 5.2D and MPI INT 5.2D coating systems) {suitable for use on surfaces that reach a maximum temperature of 1100 deg F (593 deg C)}:
- a. Surface Preparation: Clean using methods recommended in writing by finish-coat manufacturer, but not less than blast cleaning according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning," **as directed**.
 - b. Prime Coat: Primer.
 - c. Finish Coat(s): High-heat-resistant coating, MPI #22, in number of coats recommended in writing by manufacturer for conditions indicated.

END OF SECTION 09 91 13 00b

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 91 13 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 09 91 23 00 - INTERIOR PAINTING**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for interior painting. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:
 - a. Concrete.
 - b. Clay masonry.
 - c. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - d. Steel.
 - e. Galvanized metal.
 - f. Aluminum (not anodized or otherwise coated).
 - g. Wood.
 - h. Gypsum board.
 - i. Plaster.
 - j. Spray-textured ceilings.
 - k. Cotton or canvas insulation covering.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each finish and for each color and texture required.
3. Product List: Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 1.2, with the proposed product highlighted.
4. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For paints, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.

D. Quality Assurance

1. MPI Standards:
 - a. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - b. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.
2. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - a. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - 1) Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - 2) Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - b. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - 1) If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
 - c. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - d. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

- E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.
- F. Project Conditions
1. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
 2. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Paint, General
1. Material Compatibility:
 - a. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - b. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
 2. VOC Content of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24); these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - c. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - d. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - e. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - f. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - g. Flat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - h. Nonflat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - i. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - j. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - k. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - l. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - m. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
 - n. Dry-Fog Coatings: VOC content of not more than 400 g/L.
 - o. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: VOC content of not more than 340 g/L.
 - p. Pre-Treatment Wash Primers: VOC content of not more than 420 g/L.
 3. Chemical Components of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide topcoat paints and anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints applied to ferrous metals that comply with the following chemical restrictions; these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing one or more benzene rings).
 - b. Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
 - 1) Acrolein.
 - 2) Acrylonitrile.
 - 3) Antimony.
 - 4) Benzene.
 - 5) Butyl benzyl phthalate.

- 6) Cadmium.
 - 7) Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
 - 8) Di-n-butyl phthalate.
 - 9) Di-n-octyl phthalate.
 - 10) 1,2-dichlorobenzene.
 - 11) Diethyl phthalate.
 - 12) Dimethyl phthalate.
 - 13) Ethylbenzene.
 - 14) Formaldehyde.
 - 15) Hexavalent chromium.
 - 16) Isophorone.
 - 17) Lead.
 - 18) Mercury.
 - 19) Methyl ethyl ketone.
 - 20) Methyl isobutyl ketone.
 - 21) Methylene chloride.
 - 22) Naphthalene.
 - 23) Toluene (methylbenzene).
 - 24) 1,1,1-trichloroethane.
 - 25) Vinyl chloride.
4. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match samples **OR** As indicated in a color schedule, **as directed**.
- B. Block Fillers
- 1. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI #4.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- C. Primers/Sealers
- 1. Interior Latex Primer/Sealer: MPI #50.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
 - 2. Interior Alkyd Primer/Sealer: MPI #45.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - 3. Wood-Knot Sealer: Sealer recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer for use in paint systems indicated.
- D. Metal Primers
- 1. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - 2. Quick-Drying Alkyd Metal Primer: MPI #76.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 3. Rust-Inhibitive Primer (Water Based): MPI #107.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
 - 4. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #26.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1.
 - 5. Waterborne Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #134.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
 - 6. Vinyl Wash Primer: MPI #80.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 7. Quick-Drying Primer for Aluminum: MPI #95.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- E. Wood Primers
- 1. Interior Latex-Based Wood Primer: MPI #39.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.

F. Latex Paints

1. Interior Latex (Flat): MPI #53 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 0.5 **OR** EPR 1.5 **OR** EPR 2.5, **as directed**.
2. Interior Latex (Low Sheen): MPI #44 (Gloss Level 2).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
3. Interior Latex (Eggshell): MPI #52 (Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
4. Interior Latex (Satin): MPI #43 (Gloss Level 4).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1.5 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 2.5 **OR** EPR 3.5, **as directed**.
5. Interior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #54 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3 **OR** EPR 4, **as directed**.
6. Interior Latex (Gloss): MPI #114 (Gloss Level 6, except minimum gloss of 65 units at 60 deg).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3 **OR** EPR 4, **as directed**.
7. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex (Flat): MPI #143 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E3.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 4 **OR** EPR 5.5, **as directed**.
8. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex (Low Sheen): MPI #144 (Gloss Level 2).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E3.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 4.5.
9. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex (Eggshell): MPI #145 (Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E3.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 4.5.
10. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex (Semigloss): MPI #147 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E3.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 3 **OR** EPR 5.5, **as directed**.
11. High-Performance Architectural Latex (Low Sheen): MPI #138 (Gloss Level 2).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 4 **OR** EPR 5 **OR** EPR 6, **as directed**.
12. High-Performance Architectural Latex (Eggshell): MPI #139 (Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 5 **OR** EPR 6, **as directed**.
13. High-Performance Architectural Latex (Satin): MPI #140 (Gloss Level 4).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 4.5 **OR** EPR 6.5, **as directed**.
14. High-Performance Architectural Latex (Semigloss): MPI #141 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 5 **OR** EPR 6 **OR** EPR 7, **as directed**.
15. Exterior Latex (Flat): MPI #10 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
16. Exterior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #11 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
17. Exterior Latex (Gloss): MPI #119 (Gloss Level 6, except minimum gloss of 65 units at 60 deg).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

G. Alkyd Paints

1. Interior Alkyd (Flat): MPI #49 (Gloss Level 1).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Interior Alkyd (Eggshell): MPI #51 (Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
3. Interior Alkyd (Semigloss): MPI #47 (Gloss Level 5).

- a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
- b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
4. Interior Alkyd (Gloss): MPI #48 (Gloss Level 6).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.

H. Quick-Drying Enamels

1. Quick-Drying Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #81 (Gloss Level 5).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Quick-Drying Enamel (High Gloss): MPI #96 (Gloss Level 7).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

I. Textured Coating

1. Latex Stucco and Masonry Textured Coating: MPI #42.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

J. Dry Fog/Fall Coatings

1. Latex Dry Fog/Fall: MPI #118.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
2. Waterborne Dry Fall: MPI #133.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 1 **OR** EPR 2 **OR** EPR 3, **as directed**.
3. Interior Alkyd Dry Fog/Fall: MPI #55.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

K. Aluminum Paint

1. Aluminum Paint: MPI #1.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

L. Floor Coatings

1. Interior Concrete Floor Stain: MPI #58.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 2.
2. Interior/Exterior Clear Concrete Floor Sealer (Water Based): MPI #99.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
3. Interior/Exterior Clear Concrete Floor Sealer (Solvent Based): MPI #104.
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
4. Interior/Exterior Latex Floor and Porch Paint (Low Gloss): MPI #60 (maximum Gloss Level 3).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b. Environmental Performance Rating: EPR 3.
5. Exterior/Interior Alkyd Floor Enamel (Gloss): MPI #27 (Gloss Level 6).
 - a. VOC Content: E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - b. Additives: Manufacturer's standard additive to increase skid resistance of painted surface.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - a. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
 - b. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

3. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - a. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
4. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
5. Clay Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content of surfaces or alkalinity of mortar joints to be painted exceed that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
6. Concrete Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
7. Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.
8. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.
9. Aluminum Substrates: Remove surface oxidation.
10. Wood Substrates:
 - a. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
 - b. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view, and dust off.
 - c. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.
 - d. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.
11. Gypsum Board Substrates: Do not begin paint application until finishing compound is dry and sanded smooth.
12. Plaster Substrates: Do not begin paint application until plaster is fully cured and dry.
13. Spray-Textured Ceiling Substrates: Do not begin paint application until surfaces are dry.
14. Cotton or Canvas Insulation Covering Substrates: Remove dust, dirt, and other foreign material that might impair bond of paints to substrates.

B. Application

1. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
 - b. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - c. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
2. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
3. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
4. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
5. Painting Mechanical and Electrical Work: Paint items exposed in equipment rooms and occupied spaces including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Mechanical Work:
 - 1) Uninsulated metal piping.
 - 2) Uninsulated plastic piping.
 - 3) Pipe hangers and supports.
 - 4) Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
 - 5) Visible portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets.

- 6) Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
 - 7) Mechanical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
 - b. Electrical Work:
 - 1) Switchgear.
 - 2) Panelboards.
 - 3) Electrical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
- C. Field Quality Control
- 1. Testing of Paint Materials: The following procedure may be requested at any time and as often as the Owner deems necessary during the period when paints are being applied:
 - a. Engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - c. the Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying paints if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying-paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.
- D. Cleaning And Protection
- 1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
 - 2. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
 - 3. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 - 4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.
- E. Interior Painting Schedule
- 1. Concrete Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 3.1E.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Sealer System: MPI INT 3.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Latex Over Latex Aggregate System: MPI INT 3.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Exterior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior latex (flat) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Alkyd System: MPI INT 3.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 3.1M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.

- 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
- f. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 3.1C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
2. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
 - a. Latex Floor Enamel System: MPI INT 3.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
 - b. Alkyd Floor Enamel System: MPI INT 3.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - c. Concrete Stain System: MPI INT 3.2E.
 - 1) First Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior concrete floor stain.
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior concrete floor stain.
 - d. Clear Sealer System: MPI INT 3.2F.
 - 1) First Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (solvent based).
 - e. Water-Based Clear Sealer System: MPI INT 3.2G.
 - 1) First Coat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (water based).
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior/exterior clear concrete floor sealer (water based).
3. Clay-Masonry Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 4.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd System: MPI INT 4.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Latex Aggregate System: MPI INT 4.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: As recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturer.
 - 3) Topcoat: Latex stucco and masonry textured coating.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 4.1M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 4.1L.
 - 1) Prime Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.

4. CMU Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 4.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd System: MPI INT 4.2C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd Over Latex Sealer System: MPI INT 4.2N.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Sealer Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 3) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 4) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 4.2E.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 4.2D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
5. Steel Substrates:
 - a. Quick-Drying Enamel System: MPI INT 5.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying alkyd metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Quick-drying enamel matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Quick-drying enamel (semigloss) **OR** (high gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based Dry-Fall System: MPI INT 5.1C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Topcoat: Latex dry fog/fall **OR** Waterborne dry fall, **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd Dry-Fall System: MPI INT 5.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior alkyd dry fog/fall.
 - d. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 5.1Q.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Alkyd System: MPI INT 5.1E.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Aluminum Paint System: MPI INT 5.1M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Aluminum paint.
 - 3) Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
 - g. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 5.1S.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Rust-inhibitive primer (water based).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.

- 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
- h. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 5.1R.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive **OR** Quick-drying alkyd, **as directed**, metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
6. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
 - a. Water-Based Dry-Fall System: MPI INT 5.3H.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne dry fall.
 - 2) Topcoat: Waterborne dry fall.
 - b. Alkyd Dry-Fall System: MPI INT 5.3F.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior alkyd dry fog/fall.
 - c. Latex System: MPI INT 5.3A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Latex Over Waterborne Primer System: MPI INT 5.3J.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - e. Alkyd System: MPI INT 5.3C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - f. Aluminum Paint System: MPI INT 5.3G.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Aluminum paint.
 - 3) Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
 - g. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 5.3N.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - h. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 5.3M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne galvanized-metal primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
7. Aluminum (Not Anodized or Otherwise Coated) Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 5.4H.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Over Vinyl Wash Primer System: MPI INT 5.4A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd Over Quick-Drying Primer System: MPI INT 5.4J.

- 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
- 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**).
- d. Aluminum Paint System: MPI INT 5.4D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Aluminum paint.
 - 3) Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
- e. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 5.4G.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
- f. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 5.4F.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
8. Glue-Laminated Beam and Column Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 6.1M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 6.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI INT 6.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 6.1Q.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 6.1N.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
9. Dressed Lumber Substrates: Including architectural woodwork and doors.
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 6.3T.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 6.3U.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI INT 6.3B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.

- 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
- d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 6.3V.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
- e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 6.3A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
10. Wood Panel Substrates: Including painted plywood, medium-density fiberboard, and hardboard.
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 6.4R.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 6.4A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI INT 6.4B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 6.4T.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat : Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 6.4S.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
11. Dimension Lumber Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces: Including exposed joists and exposed beams.
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 6.2D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 6.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat : Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd System: MPI INT 6.2C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 6.2L.

- 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
- 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
- 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
- e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 6.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
12. Wood Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
 - a. Latex Floor Paint System: MPI INT 6.5G.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior/exterior latex floor and porch paint (low gloss).
 - b. Alkyd Floor Enamel System: MPI INT 6.5A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
 - 3) Topcoat: Exterior/interior alkyd floor enamel (gloss).
13. Gypsum Board Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer (for MPI Premium Grade system) **OR** matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Over Latex Primer System: MPI INT 9.2C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 9.2M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - d. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 9.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
14. Plaster Substrates:
 - a. Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer (for MPI Premium Grade system) **OR** matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 9.2K.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Alkyd Over Latex Primer System: MPI INT 9.2C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.

- 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 9.2M.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - e. High-Performance Architectural Latex System: MPI INT 9.2B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
15. Spray-Textured Ceiling Substrates:
- a. Latex (Flat) System: MPI INT 9.1A, spray applied.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer **OR** (flat), **as directed**.
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat).
 - b. Latex System: MPI INT 9.1E, spray applied.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Latex Over Alkyd Primer System: MPI INT 9.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - d. Alkyd (Flat) System: MPI INT 9.1C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd (flat).
 - 2) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat).
 - e. Alkyd System: MPI INT 9.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
16. Cotton or Canvas Insulation-Covering Substrates: Including pipe and duct coverings.
- a. Latex System: MPI INT 10.1A.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer (for MPI Premium Grade system) **OR** matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (satin) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - b. Alkyd Over Latex Primer System: MPI INT 10.1B.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Interior alkyd matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Interior alkyd (flat) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss) **OR** (gloss), **as directed**.
 - c. Aluminum Paint System: MPI INT 10.1C.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Aluminum paint.
 - 3) Topcoat: Aluminum paint.
 - d. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System: MPI INT 10.1D.
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for MPI Premium Grade system): Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex matching topcoat.

- 3) Topcoat: Institutional low-odor/VOC interior latex (flat) **OR** (low sheen) **OR** (eggshell) **OR** (semigloss), **as directed**.

END OF SECTION 09 91 23 00

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SECTION 09 91 23 00a - MULTICOLORED INTERIOR COATINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for multicolored interior coatings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and field application of multicolor interior coating systems applied on the following substrates:
 - a. Vertical concrete.
 - b. Cementitious composition board.
 - c. Clay masonry units.
 - d. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - e. Wood.
 - f. Fiberglass moldings and trim.
 - g. Plastic moldings and trim.
 - h. Plaster, Gypsum veneer plaster, and Gypsum board.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each finish-coat product and for each color and texture required.
3. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For coatings, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide coatings with flame-spread and smoked-developed indexes of 25 or less and 450 or less, respectively, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Master Painters Institute (MPI) Standards: Comply with recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" **OR** "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual," **as directed**, applicable to products and coating systems indicated.
3. Mockups: Apply mockup of each coating system indicated to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - a. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each coating system and type of substrate.
 - 1) Wall Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - 2) Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - b. Apply mockup after permanent lighting and other environmental services have been activated.
 - c. Final approval of color and pattern selections will be based on mockup.
 - 1) If preliminary color and pattern selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of colors and patterns selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
 - d. Repair Mockup: After approval of color and pattern selections, apply representative repairs to 100 sq. in. (65 sq. cm) of mockup to establish quality standards for coating system repairs.
 - e. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.

- f. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Multicolor Coating Systems, General

1. Material Compatibility: Provide materials for use within each coating system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
2. VOC Content of Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - a. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - c. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - d. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - e. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - f. Flat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - g. Nonflat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - h. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - i. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - j. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - k. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
3. Chemical Components of Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide topcoat paints that comply with the following chemical restrictions; these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing 1 or more benzene rings).
 - b. Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
 - 1) Acrolein.
 - 2) Acrylonitrile.
 - 3) Antimony.
 - 4) Benzene.
 - 5) Butyl benzyl phthalate.
 - 6) Cadmium.
 - 7) Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
 - 8) Di-n-butyl phthalate.
 - 9) Di-n-octyl phthalate.
 - 10) 1,2-dichlorobenzene.
 - 11) Diethyl phthalate.
 - 12) Dimethyl phthalate.
 - 13) Ethylbenzene.
 - 14) Formaldehyde.
 - 15) Hexavalent chromium.
 - 16) Isophorone.
 - 17) Lead.
 - 18) Mercury.
 - 19) Methyl ethyl ketone.
 - 20) Methyl isobutyl ketone.
 - 21) Methylene chloride.

- 22) Naphthalene.
 - 23) Toluene (methylbenzene).
 - 24) 1,1,1-trichloroethane.
 - 25) Vinyl chloride.
4. Colors and Patterns: Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in color schedule, **as directed**.

B. Fillers And Primers

- 1. General: Undercoatings recommended in writing for use in coating systems by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating on substrates and under conditions indicated.
- 2. Latex Block Filler: Waterborne, high-solids, emulsion-type, pigmented coating product recommended in writing for use in coating system indicated by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating, with bridging and filling properties, and formulated for filling surfaces of CMU for subsequent applications of finish coatings.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #4.
- 3. Wood Filler Paste: Solvent-based, high-solids, clear paste product recommended in writing for use in coating system indicated by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating, for use on open-grained or damaged woods and that fills hardwood pores with minimal surface residues and without showing cracking or shrinkage. When dry, sanding filler produces a smooth surface without clogging or gumming sandpaper.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #91.
- 4. Wood-Knot Sealer: White shellac or other sealer recommended in writing for this purpose by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating.
- 5. Primer/Sealer for Multicolor Systems: Acrylic or acrylic/polyvinyl acetate (PVA) co-polymer emulsion-type, pigmented primer/sealer product recommended in writing for use in coating system indicated by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #125.
- 6. Interior Alkyd Primer/Sealer: Solvent-based, pigmented primer/sealer.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #45.
- 7. Water-Based Bonding Primer: Water-based, emulsion-type, pigmented primer product recommended in writing for use in coating system indicated by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating, and formulated to promote adhesion of subsequent coatings.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #17.
- 8. Solvent-Based Bonding Primer: Solvent-based, pigmented product recommended in writing for use in coating system indicated by manufacturer of multicolor interior coating, and formulated to promote adhesion of subsequent coatings to substrate.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**, according to requirements for MPI #69.

C. Multicolor Coatings

- 1. Multicolor Coatings: Complying with MPI #112 and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
- 2. Clear Topcoat: Product of multicolor coating manufacturer complying with MPI #121 and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be coated. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and coating.
 - a. After completing coating operations, reinstall items that were removed; use workers skilled in the trades involved.
 3. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.
 4. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 5. Clay Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 6. Concrete Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 7. Wood Substrates:
 - a. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots, and apply a thin coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
 - b. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view and dust off.
 - c. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and back sides of wood.
 - d. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.
- B. Application
1. Apply coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions using applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
 2. Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 3. Coat back sides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
 4. Apply coating systems to produce uniformly textured, colored, and patterned finished-surface films without substrates, undercoats, marks, or stains showing through. Produce sharp, even glass lines and color breaks.
- C. Cleaning And Protection
1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
 2. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
 3. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.
- D. Multicolor Interior Coating Schedule
1. Vertical Concrete Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.1H
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer/sealer for multicolor systems.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
 2. Cementitious Composition Board Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.3F
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer/sealer for multicolor systems.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.

- d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 3. Clay Masonry Units Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1H
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer/sealer for multicolor systems tinted to match multicolor basecoat.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 4. CMU Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.2H
 - a. Block Filler: Latex block filler.
 - b. Prime Coat: Primer/sealer for multicolor systems.
 - c. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - e. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 5. Wood Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.2E, MPI INT 6.3N, and MPI INT 6.4L
 - a. Fill Coat: Wood filler paste (Fill coat is optional component and is for use on open-grained woods where a smooth, glasslike finish is desired).
 - b. Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer tinted to match multicolor base coat {for dressed lumber (finished carpentry)}.
 - c. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - e. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 6. Fiberglass Molding and Trim Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.7G
 - a. Prime Coat: Water-based **OR** Solvent-based, **as directed**, bonding primer.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 7. Plastic Molding and Trim Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.8D
 - a. Prime Coat: Solvent-based bonding primer.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.
- 8. Plaster **OR** Gypsum Veneer Plaster **OR** Gypsum Board, **as directed**, Substrates: System below corresponds to MPI INT 9.2G
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer/sealer for multicolor systems.
 - b. Multicolor Base Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - c. Multicolor Pattern Coat: Multicolor coating, MPI #112.
 - d. Topcoat (for a Premium Grade system): Clear topcoat, MPI #121.

END OF SECTION 09 91 23 00a

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 91 23 00	09 91 13 00	Exterior Painting
09 91 33 00	09 91 13 00a	Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes
09 91 33 00	09 91 13 00b	High-Temperature-Resistant Coatings
09 91 43 00	03 01 30 71	Concrete Rehabilitation

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SECTION 09 93 23 53 - FLOOR TREATMENT REFINISHING WOOD FLOORS**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for refinishing wood floors. Products shall match existing materials and/or shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

C. Quality Assurance

1. Build mockup of typical flooring area as shown on Drawings including base and shoe moldings.
 - a. To set quality standards for sanding and application of field finishes, prepare finish mockup of floor area as shown on Drawings.
 - b. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - c. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Cleaning Compound: A liquid chemical cleaner containing non-ionic and anionic type detergents, non-reactive to wood flooring. Compound shall have no free metal alkalies, no artificial coloring and no fatty acids. Compound shall be UL listed as "slip-resistant."
- B. Varnish Remover: Non-flammable paint and varnish remover.
- C. Stain: Penetrating type non-fading wood stain.
- D. Wood Filler: Paste type wood filler, pigmented if necessary to match sample, complying with Fed. Spec. TT-F-336.
- E. Floor Sealer: Penetrating type, pliable, wood-hardening finish/sealer.
- F. Floor Varnish: Alkyd resin varnish, specially compounded for floor finish, Fed. Spec. TT-V-109.
- G. Urethane Finish: Specially compounded for wood floor finish, moisture curing type, for multiple-coat application.
- H. Floor Wax: Liquid, solvent-type, slip-resistant, CID A-A-1550, Type II.

1.3 EXECUTION**A. Preparation:**

1. Cleaning: Scrub thoroughly with cleaning compound and warm water. Rinse with clean water, mop dry, and buff with polishing machine.
2. Varnish Removal: Apply paint and varnish remover as required.
3. Sanding: Traverse floors two times with an electric-powered sanding machine. A rotary disc sander may be used for the final cut, but first cut shall be made with a drum-type machine. The

first cut may be made crosswise of the grain or at a 45-degree angle. Make second cut in direction of grain. Use No. 1/2 sandpaper for first traverse and No. 0 for second traverse. Use an electric edger or hand sander for sanding areas near walls, in corners, and small closets.

B. Installation:

1. Apply Wood Paste Filler, followed by wiping cross-grain to work into pores and cracks.
2. Apply Stain if needed to match selected finish.
3. Apply Sealer (2 coats) complying with Fed. Spec. TT-S-176. Use Class I for white oak and red oak floors and Class II for beech, birch, and hard maple floors.
4. Apply Floor Varnish, (3 coats) buffing after each coat. First coat may be thinned as a sealer.
5. Apply Urethane Finish. Apply as many coats as needed to build a dry film thickness of 1.0 mil.
6. When Floors are Dry, apply two coats of wax complying with Fed. Spec. P-W-155; concentration 12 percent. Spread the wax at the rate of 1,500 square feet per gallon and polish the floors with a weighted floor brush or an electric polisher.
7. Protection: Upon completion of work, cover all traffic areas immediately with nonstaining kraft paper or polyethylene, taped along edges, and maintain floor protection until acceptance.

END OF SECTION 09 93 23 53

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 93 23 53	09 91 13 00a	Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes

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SECTION 09 96 00 00 - HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for high performance coatings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes surface preparation and application of high-performance coating systems on the following substrates:
 - a. Exterior Substrates:
 - 1) Concrete, vertical and horizontal surfaces.
 - 2) Clay masonry.
 - 3) Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - 4) Steel.
 - 5) Galvanized metal.
 - 6) Aluminum (not anodized or otherwise coated).
 - 7) Wood.
 - b. Interior Substrates:
 - 1) Concrete, vertical and horizontal surfaces.
 - 2) Clay masonry.
 - 3) Concrete masonry units (CMU).
 - 4) Steel.
 - 5) Galvanized metal.
 - 6) Aluminum (not anodized or otherwise coated).
 - 7) Wood.
 - 8) Gypsum board.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Samples: For each type of finish-coat product indicated.
3. Product List: For each product indicated. Cross-reference products to coating system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
4. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For coatings, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Master Painters Institute (MPI) Standards:
 - a. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - b. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" **OR** "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual," **as directed**, for products and coating systems indicated.
2. Mockups: Apply mockups of each coating system indicated to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - a. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each coating system specified in Part 3.
 - 1) Wall and Ceiling Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - 2) Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - b. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.

- 1) If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
- c. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
- d. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - a. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - b. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

F. Project Conditions

1. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
2. Do not apply coatings in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. High-Performance Coatings, General

1. Material Compatibility:
 - a. Provide materials for use within each coating system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - b. Provide products of same manufacturer for each coat in a coating system.
2. VOC Content of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - a. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - c. Anticorrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
 - d. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - e. Clear Wood Finishes, Lacquers: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - f. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - g. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - h. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - i. Stains: VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
 - j. Flat Interior Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - k. Nonflat Interior Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - l. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - m. Clear Wood Finishes, Varnishes: VOC not more than 350 g/L.
 - n. Clear Wood Finishes, Lacquers: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - o. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - p. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - q. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - r. Stains: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - s. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 g/L.
 - t. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: VOC content of not more than 340 g/L.
 - u. Pre-Treatment Wash Primers: VOC content of not more than 420 g/L.

3. Chemical Components of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide topcoat paints and anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints applied to ferrous metals that comply with the following chemical restrictions; these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - a. Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing 1 or more benzene rings).
 - b. Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
 - 1) Acrolein.
 - 2) Acrylonitrile.
 - 3) Antimony.
 - 4) Benzene.
 - 5) Butyl benzyl phthalate.
 - 6) Cadmium.
 - 7) Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
 - 8) Di-n-butyl phthalate.
 - 9) Di-n-octyl phthalate.
 - 10) 1,2-dichlorobenzene.
 - 11) Diethyl phthalate.
 - 12) Dimethyl phthalate.
 - 13) Ethylbenzene.
 - 14) Formaldehyde.
 - 15) Hexavalent chromium.
 - 16) Isophorone.
 - 17) Lead.
 - 18) Mercury.
 - 19) Methyl ethyl ketone.
 - 20) Methyl isobutyl ketone.
 - 21) Methylene chloride.
 - 22) Naphthalene.
 - 23) Toluene (methylbenzene).
 - 24) 1,1,1-trichloroethane.
 - 25) Vinyl chloride.
4. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match samples **OR** As indicated in color schedule, **as directed**.

B. Block Fillers

1. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI#4.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
2. Epoxy Block Filler: MPI #116.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.

C. Interior Primers/Sealers

1. Interior Latex Primer/Sealer: MPI #50.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**.
2. Interior Alkyd Primer/Sealer: MPI #45.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
3. Interior Latex-Based Wood Primer: MPI #39.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**.

4. Wood-Knot Sealer: White shellac or other sealer recommended in writing by manufacturer for this purpose.

D. Metal Primers

1. Inorganic Zinc Primer: MPI #19.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of 0 **OR** E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
2. Epoxy Zinc Primer: MPI #20.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
3. Rust-Inhibitive Primer (Water Based): MPI #107.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed.**
4. Cold-Curing Epoxy Primer: MPI #101.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
5. Alkyd Anticorrosive Metal Primer: MPI #79.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed.**
6. Quick-Dry Alkyd Metal Primer: MPI #76.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
7. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #26.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
8. Waterborne Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #134.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed.**
9. Quick-Drying Primer for Aluminum: MPI #95.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
10. Vinyl Wash Primer: MPI #80.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**

E. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coatings

1. Gloss, Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating: MPI #110-G6.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 2.
2. Semigloss, Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating: MPI #110-G5.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 2 **OR** 3, **as directed.**
3. Eggshell, Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating: MPI #110-G3.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 2 **OR** 3, **as directed.**

F. Epoxy Coatings

1. Epoxy, Cold-Cured, Gloss: MPI #77.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed.**
2. Water-Based Epoxy (Interior and Exterior): MPI #115.

- a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 3. High-Build Epoxy Marine Coating, Low Gloss: MPI #108.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 4. Epoxy Deck Coating: MPI #82.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 5. Water-Based Epoxy Floor Paint: MPI #93.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3, **as directed**.
- G. Polyurethane Coatings
- 1. Polyurethane, Two-Component, Pigmented, Gloss: MPI #72.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 2. Two-Component, Aliphatic Polyurethane, Clear: MPI #78.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 3. Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear, Gloss: MPI #31.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - 4. Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear, Flat: MPI #71.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E2.
- H. Interior High-Performance Architectural Latex Coatings
- 1. High-Performance Architectural Latex, Velvet Finish: MPI #138, Gloss Level 2.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 4 **OR** 5 **OR** 6, **as directed**.
 - 2. High-Performance Architectural Latex, Eggshell Finish: MPI #139, Gloss Level 3.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 5 **OR** 6, **as directed**.
 - 3. High-Performance Architectural Latex, Satin Finish: MPI #140, Gloss Level 4.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 4.5 **OR** 6.5, **as directed**.
 - 4. High-Performance Architectural Latex, Semigloss Finish: MPI #141, Gloss Level 5.
 - a. Environmental Characteristics:
 - 1) VOC Content:
 - a) Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2 **OR** E3, **as directed**.
 - b) Meets or exceeds LEED requirements for VOC content.
 - 2) Environmental Performance Rating (EPR): Minimum EPR 5 **OR** 6 **OR** 7, **as directed**.
- I. Wood Stains
- 1. Exterior Semitransparent Stain (Solvent Based): MPI #13.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.
 - 2. Interior Wood Stain, Semitransparent (Solvent Based): MPI #90.
 - a. VOC Content: Minimum E Range of E1 **OR** E2, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be coated. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and coating.
 - a. After completing coating operations, reinstall items that were removed; use workers skilled in the trades involved.
3. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - a. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce coating systems indicated.
4. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Clean surfaces with pressurized water. Use pressure range of 1500 to 4000 psi (10 350 to 27 580 kPa) at 6 to 12 inches (150 to 300 mm) **OR** 4000 to 10,000 psi (27 580 to 68 950 kPa), **as directed**.
OR
Abrasive blast clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning."
5. Clay Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Clean surfaces with pressurized water. Use pressure range of 100 to 600 psi (690 to 4140 kPa) **OR** 1500 to 4000 psi (10 350 to 27 580 kPa), **as directed**, at 6 to 12 inches (150 to 300 mm).
6. CMU Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
7. Steel Substrates (for field applied primers): Remove rust and loose mill scale.
 - a. Clean using methods recommended in writing by coating manufacturer.

Blast clean according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning **OR** SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2, "Near-White Blast Cleaning," **as directed**.
8. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied coatings.
9. Aluminum Substrates: Remove surface oxidation.
10. Wood Substrates:
 - a. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots, and apply a thin coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
 - b. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view and dust off.
 - c. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and back sides of wood.
 - d. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.

B. Application

1. Apply high-performance coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
 - b. Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - c. Coat back sides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.

2. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of the same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of finish coat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
3. If undercoats or other conditions show through final coat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform coating finish, color, and appearance.
4. Apply coatings to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Produce sharp glass lines and color breaks.

C. Field Quality Control

1. The following procedure may be requested at any time and as often as the Owner deems necessary during the period when coatings are being applied:
 - a. Engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating material being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with specified requirements.
 - c. the Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with specified requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying coating materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with complying materials, the two coatings are incompatible.

D. Cleaning And Protection

1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
2. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
3. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.

E. Exterior High-Performance Coating Schedule

1. Coating systems in this Article are based on "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual." For renovation projects, consult "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual" and revise coating systems accordingly.
2. Concrete Substrates, Vertical Surfaces:
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 3.1C):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - b. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 3.1D):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - c. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 3.1E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
3. Concrete Substrates, Horizontal Surfaces (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 3.2C):
 - a. Epoxy Slip-Resistant Deck Coating System:

- 1) Topcoat: Epoxy deck coating, MPI #82.
4. Clay-Masonry Substrates (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.1C):
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System:
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - b. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.1D) (MPI recommends this system for smooth brick.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat : Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - c. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.1E) (MPI recommends this system for smooth brick.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - d. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.1J):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
5. CMU Substrates:
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.2C):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler, MPI #4.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - b. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.2E):
 - 1) Block Filler: Epoxy block filler, MPI #116.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - c. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.2F):
 - 1) Block Filler: Epoxy block filler, MPI #116.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - d. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 4.2G):
 - 1) Block Filler: Epoxy block filler, MPI #116.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
6. Steel Substrates:
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1B, MPI EXT 5.1C, MPI EXT 5.1M and MPI EXT 5.1N, depending on primer selected):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Inorganic zinc primer, MPI #19 **OR** Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer, MPI #79 **OR** Rust-inhibitive primer, (water based), MPI #107 **OR** Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101, **as directed**, primer.

- 2) Intermediate Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat (intermediate coat is required for coating systems except MPI Custom Grade system using inorganic zinc primer).
- 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
- b. High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1F):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
- c. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Rust-inhibitive primer, (water based), MPI #107.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
- d. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1H):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat (for Premium Grade system): Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
- e. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1P)
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy zinc primer, MPI#20.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
- f. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1G):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy zinc primer, MPI#20.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat (for Premium Grade system): Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
- g. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1J):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
- h. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.1L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Inorganic zinc primer, MPI #19.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
7. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.3G and MPI EXT 5.3J, depending on primer selected):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer, MPI #26 **OR** Waterborne galvanized-metal primer, MPI #134, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for Premium Grade system): Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - b. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.3C) (MPI recommends this system for high-contact and -traffic areas.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.

- 2) Intermediate Coat (for Premium Grade system): Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - c. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.3D) (MPI recommends these systems for high-contact and -traffic areas.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer, MPI #80.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101, **as directed**.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - d. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.3L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72, **as directed**.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 8. Aluminum (Not Anodized or Otherwise Coated) Substrates:
 - a. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.4G):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum, MPI #95.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - b. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.4E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer, MPI #80.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat (for Premium Grade system): Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - c. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 5.4B) (MPI recommends these systems for high-contact and -traffic areas.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer, MPI #80.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 4) Second Topcoat (for Premium Grade system): Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 9. Wood Substrates:
 - a. Pigmented Polyurethane Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 6.1J, MPI EXT 6.2J, and MPI EXT 6.3H):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - b. Polyurethane, Clear, Two-Component Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI EXT 6.1E for use on glue-laminated beams and columns):
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based), MPI #13.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
 - 4) Second Topcoat (for Premium Grade systems): Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
- F. Interior High-Performance Coating Schedule
1. Coating systems in this Article are based on "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual." For renovation projects, consult "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual" and revise coating systems accordingly.
 2. Concrete Substrates, Vertical Surfaces (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.1C):
 - a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System:
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer, MPI #50.

- 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat, **as directed**.
- 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
- b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.1L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
- c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.1F.) (MPI recommends this system for smooth concrete.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
- d. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.1G) (MPI recommends this system for smooth concrete.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
3. Concrete Substrates, Horizontal Surfaces.
 - a. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.2C):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - b. Water-Based Epoxy Floor Paint Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.2L).
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based epoxy floor paint, MPI #93.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy floor paint, MPI #93, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy floor paint, MPI #93.
 - c. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.2D):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - d. Polyurethane, Clear, Two-Component Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 3.2K):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
4. Clay-Masonry Substrates:
 - a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.

- b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1C):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1F) (MPI recommends this system for smooth brick.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - d. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1G) (MPI recommends this system for smooth brick.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - e. Polyurethane, Clear, Two-Component Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.1K):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
5. CMU Substrates:
- a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.2D):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler, MPI #4.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.2K):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler, MPI #4.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.2F and MPI INT 4.2G, depending on primer selected) (MPI recommends these systems for dry environments.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler, MPI #4 **OR** Epoxy block filler, MPI #116, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - d. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 4.2J) (MPI recommends this system for wet environments.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler, MPI #4.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
6. Steel Substrates:

- a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1R):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer, MPI #79 **OR** Quick-dry alkyd metal primer, MPI #76, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1B and MPI INT 5.1N, depending on primer selected.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Rust-inhibitive primer (water based), MPI #107 **OR** Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - c. High-Build Epoxy Coating System - Premium Grade (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1P):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy zinc primer, MPI#20.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - d. High-Build Epoxy Coating System – Custom Grade (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1P):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy zinc primer, MPI#20.
 - 2) Topcoat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - e. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - f. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1K):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Rust-inhibitive primer (water based), MPI #107.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.
 - g. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1F):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - h. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1H):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Inorganic zinc primer, MPI #19.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - i. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1J):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy zinc primer, MPI#20.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - j. Polyurethane, Pigmented, Over High-Build Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.1G):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-build epoxy marine coating, low gloss, MPI #108.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
7. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
- a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.3M):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Waterborne galvanized-metal primer, MPI #134.

- 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat, **as directed**.
- 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
- b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.3B and MPI INT 5.3K, depending on primer selected.):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer, MPI #26 **OR** Waterborne galvanized-metal primer, MPI #134, **as directed**.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
- c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.3D):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Cold-curing epoxy primer, MPI #101.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
8. Aluminum (Not Anodized or Otherwise Coated) Substrates (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.4F):
 - a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System:
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum, MPI #95.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** High-performance architectural latex, matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.4E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Quick-drying primer for aluminum, MPI #95.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.4B):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer, MPI #80.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - d. Polyurethane, Pigmented Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 5.4C):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Vinyl wash primer, MPI #80.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
9. Wood Substrates:
 - a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.1N, MPI INT 6.3A, and MPI INT 6.4S):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer, MPI #39.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.3P and MPI INT 6.4N):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior alkyd primer/sealer, MPI #45.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.

- 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
- c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.1L and MPI INT 6.3L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
- d. Pigmented Polyurethane Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.1E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
 - 3) Topcoat: Polyurethane, two-component, pigmented, gloss, MPI #72.
- e. Polyurethane, Clear, Moisture-Cured Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.1S, MPI INT 6.2N, MPI INT 6.3Y, and MPI INT 6.4V):
 - 1) Stain Coat: Interior wood stain, semitransparent (solvent based), MPI #90.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
 - 3) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
 - 4) Second Topcoat: Not required **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
- f. Polyurethane, Clear, Moisture-Cured Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.3X):
 - 1) Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
 - 2) First Topcoat: Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
 - 3) Second Topcoat: Not required **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, flat, MPI #71 **OR** Polyurethane, moisture cured, clear, gloss, MPI #31, **as directed**.
- g. Polyurethane, Clear, Two-Component Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 6.3Z):
 - 1) Stain Coat: Exterior semitransparent stain (solvent based), MPI #13.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Two-component, aliphatic polyurethane, clear, MPI #78.
- 10. Gypsum Board Substrates:
 - a. High-Performance Architectural Latex Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 9.2B):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer, MPI #50.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: High-performance architectural latex matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: High-performance architectural latex, velvet finish, MPI #138, Gloss Level 2 **OR** eggshell finish, MPI #139, Gloss Level 3 **OR** satin finish, MPI #140, Gloss Level 4 **OR** semigloss finish, MPI #141, Gloss Level 5, **as directed**.
 - b. Water-Based, Light-Industrial Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 9.2L):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer, MPI #50.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110, gloss matching topcoat.
 - 3) Topcoat: Water-based, light-industrial coating, MPI #110-G6, gloss **OR** 5, semigloss **OR** 3, eggshell, **as directed**.
 - c. Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 9.2E):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer, MPI #50.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77, **as directed**.
 - 3) Topcoat: Epoxy, cold-cured, gloss, MPI #77.
 - d. Water-Based Epoxy Coating System (System below corresponds to MPI INT 9.2F):
 - 1) Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer, MPI #50.
 - 2) Intermediate Coat: Not required **OR** Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115, **as directed**.

- 3) Topcoat: Water-based epoxy (interior and exterior), MPI #115.

END OF SECTION 09 96 00 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 96 53 00	09 91 13 00	Exterior Painting

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SECTION 09 96 56 00 - FIBERGLASS REINFORCED EPOXY COATING**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fiberglass reinforced epoxy coating. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each coating system specified.

C. Material Storage

1. Store materials in a temperature controlled environment (50°F - 90°F) and out of direct sunlight.
2. Keep resins, hardeners, and solvents separated from each other and away from sources of ignition. One year shelf life is expected for products stored between 50°F - 90°F.

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Materials**

1. Multi-Layer, High Build Wall and Ceiling Surfacing System
 - a. Primer
 - 1) Water-based epoxy base coating.
 - b. Base Coat
 - 1) High performance epoxy coating.
 - c. Fiberglass Mesh Reinforcement
 - 1) Bound fiberglass cloth, 5.6 oz.
 - d. Saturant
 - 1) High performance epoxy coating.
 - e. Level Coat
 - 1) High performance epoxy coating.
 - f. Chemical Resistant Finish Coat
 - 1) 100% solids polyurethane.

1.3 EXECUTION**A. Primer**

1. Mixing and Application: Water Based Epoxy Wall Coating should only be used on unpainted, porous surfaces. If the surface is painted with latex or an epoxy coating, clean and abrade the surface then apply the primer.
2. Premix resin and hardener separately, using a low speed drill and Jiffy mixer. Mix for three minutes and until uniform, exercising caution not to whip air into the materials.
3. Add 2 parts resin to 1 part hardener, mix with low speed drill and Jiffy mixer for three minutes and until uniform. Apply material using a 1/4" short nap roller at a spread rate of 300-350 sq. ft. per gallon to yield 5 mils WFT.
4. Allow to cure for a minimum of 3 hours depending upon air movement. Lightly "pole sand" smooth rough edges of the flake before applying base coat.

B. Base Coat

1. Mixing and Application
 - a. Premix resin and hardener separately, using a low speed drill and Jiffy mixer. Mix for three minutes and until uniform, exercising caution not to introduce air into the material.

- b. Add 3 parts resin to 1 part hardener by volume. Mix with low speed drill and Jiffy mixer for three minutes and until uniform. To insure proper system cure and performance, strictly follow mix ratio recommendations.
 - c. Base coat may be applied via spray, roller or brush. Apply using a 1/4" nap roller at a spread rate of 200-250 sq. ft. per gallon to yield 6-8 mils WFT evenly with no runs. Coverage will vary depending upon porosity of the substrate and surface texture.
- C. Fiberglass Reinforcement
1. Apply 5.6 oz. bound fiberglass cloth for walls and 4 oz. for ceilings directly into wet resin. Do not allow material to cure or recoating will be necessary.
 2. Hang fiberglass cloth directly to the wall similar to hanging wallpaper so seams are uniform and even. Overlap each strip using a double cut method. Remove the trimmed material behind the front strip.
 3. After hand affixing to wall, use a broad knife to remove air pockets, wrinkles or any irregularities.
- D. Saturant Coat
1. Mixing and Application
 - a. Premix resin and hardener separately, using a low speed drill and Jiffy mixer. Mix for three minutes and until uniform, exercising caution not to introduce air into the material.
 - b. Add 3 parts 3548PA (resin) to 1 part 3548B (hardener) by volume. Mix with low speed drill and Jiffy mixer for three minutes and until uniform. To insure proper system cure and performance, strictly follow mix ratio recommendations.
 - c. Saturant coat may be applied via spray, roller or brush. Apply at a spread rate of 250-400 sq. ft. per gallon to yield 4-6 mils WFT evenly with no runs. Allow to cure overnight (minimum 10 hours) before lightly sanding seams, bumps and other imperfections with 60-80 grit sandpaper caused by the saturant coat.
- E. Level Coat
1. Mixing and Application
 - a. Apply leveling coat as described in previous step.
 - b. Allow to cure overnight.
 - c. An additional level coat may be applied.
 - d. Sand any imperfections prior to applying finish coat.
- F. Finish Coat
1. Mixing and Application
 - a. Premix resin using a low speed drill and Jiffy mixer. Mix for three minutes and until uniform, exercising caution not to introduce air into the material.
 - b. Add 1 part resin to 1 part hardener by volume. Mix with low speed drill and Jiffy mixer for three minutes and until uniform. To insure proper system cure and performance, strictly follow mix ratio recommendations.
 - c. Finish coat may be applied via spray, roller or brush. Apply using a 1/4" nap non-shedding, urethane enamel roller at a spread rate of 250-400 sq. ft. per gallon to yield 4-6 WFT mils evenly with no runs. If second coat is required, the surface must be abraded with 80-120 grit paper or screen and tack wiped prior to second application.
 - d. Allow to cure 48 hours for water exposure and 7 days for chemical exposure. In cool and/or high humidity conditions, a surface film may form which can be washed with soap and water.

END OF SECTION 09 96 56 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 96 56 00	09 96 00 00	High-Performance Coatings

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SECTION 09 96 66 00 - CEMENTITIOUS COATINGS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for cementitious coatings. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes surface preparation and application of cementitious coating systems on the following substrates:
 - a. Exterior and Interior concrete.
 - b. Exterior and Interior concrete masonry units.
 - c. Exterior and Interior brick.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.2: For paints and coatings, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.
3. Samples: In each color and gloss of finish coat indicated.
 - a. Submit Samples on rigid backing **OR** actual substrate, **as directed**, not less than 4 by 8 inches (100 by 200 mm), with mortar joint in center, **as directed**.
 - b. Step coats on Samples to show each coat required for system.
 - c. Label each coat of each Sample.
4. Material Certificates: For each cementitious coating, from manufacturer.
5. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency or by a qualified testing agency, for each product formulation.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Source Limitations: Obtain cementitious coating materials from single source from single manufacturer.
2. Mockups: Apply benchmark samples of coating system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - a. Architect will select one actual substrate of each type to represent surfaces and conditions for application of coating.
 - 1) Wall Surfaces: Prepare samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9.3 sq. m).
 - b. Apply benchmark samples after permanent lighting and other environmental services have been activated.
 - c. Final approval of color selections will be based on benchmark samples.
 - 1) If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional benchmark samples of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver materials to Project site in manufacturer's original, new, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:
 - a. Product name or title of material.
 - b. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.
 - c. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
 - d. Application instructions.
 - e. Color name and number.

- f. Handling instructions and precautions.
2. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 45 deg F (7 deg C). Maintain containers used in storage of coatings in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - a. Protect cementitious coating materials from freezing. Keep materials dry and storage area neat and orderly. Remove waste daily. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and applying the coating.

F. Project Conditions

1. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
2. Do not apply coatings when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Cementitious Coatings

1. Polymer-Modified Cementitious Coating: Containing portland cement, polymer, and hydrated lime or aggregates.
2. Performance Requirements: Comply with the following:
 - a. Compressive Strength: Not less than 3500 psi (24.1 MPa) at 28 days according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.
 - b. Tensile Strength: Not less than 350 psi (2.41 MPa) at 28 days according to ASTM C 109/C 109M.
 - c. Flexural Strength: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Adhesion: as directed by the Owner.
 - e. Permeance: as directed by the Owner.
 - f. Accelerated Weathering: as directed by the Owner.
 - g. UV Resistance: as directed by the Owner.
 - h. Salt-Spray Resistance: as directed by the Owner.
3. Other Materials: Provide crack fillers, block fillers, and related materials that are compatible with cementitious finish-coat materials and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
4. Chemical Components of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24) and the following chemical restrictions:
 - a. Flat Paints and Coatings: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - b. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
5. Chemical Components of Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide topcoat paints that comply with the following chemical restrictions:
 - a. Aromatic Compounds: Paints and coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing one or more benzene rings).
 - b. Restricted Components: Paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
 - 1) Acrolein.
 - 2) Acrylonitrile.
 - 3) Antimony.
 - 4) Benzene.
 - 5) Butyl benzyl phthalate.
 - 6) Cadmium.
 - 7) Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate.
 - 8) Di-n-butyl phthalate.
 - 9) Di-n-octyl phthalate.
 - 10) 1,2-dichlorobenzene.

- 11) Diethyl phthalate.
 - 12) Dimethyl phthalate.
 - 13) Ethylbenzene.
 - 14) Formaldehyde.
 - 15) Hexavalent chromium.
 - 16) Isophorone.
 - 17) Lead.
 - 18) Mercury.
 - 19) Methyl ethyl ketone.
 - 20) Methyl isobutyl ketone.
 - 21) Methylene chloride.
 - 22) Naphthalene.
 - 23) Toluene (methylbenzene).
 - 24) 1,1,1-trichloroethane.
 - 25) Vinyl chloride.
6. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in a color schedule, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 2. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility.
- 3. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
 - a. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

B. Preparation

- 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for mixing and preparing materials and as applicable to substrates indicated.
- 2. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be coated. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and coating.
 - a. After completing coating operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- 3. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dirt, oil, grease, incompatible coatings, and loose substrate materials.
- 4. Cementitious and Masonry Surfaces: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- 5. Crack Repair: Fill cracks according to manufacturer's written instructions before coating surfaces.
 - a. Cracks Larger Than 1/32 Inch (0.8 mm): Cut out static cracks, voids, or honeycombing larger than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) and patch with materials recommended in writing by coating manufacturer. Identify dynamic cracks and treat according to manufacturer's written instructions before beginning application.

C. Application

- 1. Apply coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
 - a. Dampen substrate of surfaces to receive cementitious coatings one hour before beginning application to prevent surface drag. Immediately before applying coatings, redampen substrate. Substrates shall be saturated surface dry at time of application.
 - b. Brushes: Use tampico or masonry brushes best suited for material being applied.

- c. Spray Equipment: Use spray equipment recommended in writing by manufacturer for material and texture required.
 2. Apply each material at not less than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate. Provide total cured material thickness indicated or as recommended in writing by manufacturer.
 3. Brush Application: Brush-out and work brush coats into surfaces in an even film, filling all pores and voids at rate recommended in writing by manufacturer to achieve cured material thickness indicated. Finish coat with smooth, horizontal strokes.
 4. Spray Application: Apply each coat according to manufacturer's written instructions to provide the equivalent hiding of brush-applied coats. Follow spray application with a general light brooming of coated surface to impart a slight texture.
- D. Field Quality Control
 1. Testing of Coating Materials: Contractor shall invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as necessary during the period when coating operations are being conducted:
 - a. Engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with the following product requirements.
 - 1) Quantitative material analysis.
 - 2) Compressive strength.
 - 3) Tensile strength.
 - 4) Flexural strength.
 - 5) Permeance.
 - 6) Accelerated weathering.
 - c. the Owner may direct Contractor to stop coating application if test results show materials being used do not comply with requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with complying materials, the two coatings are incompatible.
- E. Cleaning And Protection
 1. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
 2. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
 3. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by the Owner, and leave in an undamaged condition.
 4. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.
- F. Coating Schedule
 1. General: Apply additional coats when undercoats or other conditions show through final coat until cured film is of uniform coating finish, color, and appearance.
 2. Above-Grade Concrete and Masonry: Two finish coats with total cured thickness not less than 40 mils (1.0 mm).
 - a. First Coat: Apply polymer-modified cementitious coating material at the rate of 2 lb/sq. yd. (1 kg/sq. m) to achieve a total cured thickness of 25 mils (0.6 mm).
 - b. Second Coat: Apply polymer-modified cementitious coating material at the rate of 1 lb/sq. yd. (0.5 kg/sq. m) to achieve a total cured thickness of 15 mils (0.4 mm).
 3. Surfaces Previously Coated with Polymer-Modified Cementitious Coating: One finish coat with a total cured thickness of not less than 15 mils (0.4 mm).
 - a. Apply polymer-modified cementitious coating material at the rate of 1 lb/sq. yd. (0.5 kg/sq. m) to achieve a total cured thickness of 15 mils (0.4 mm).

END OF SECTION 09 96 66 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
09 97 26 13	09 96 00 00	High-Performance Coatings
09 97 35 00	09 91 23 00	Interior Painting
09 97 63 00	09 96 00 00	High-Performance Coatings

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SECTION 10 11 13 13 - VISUAL DISPLAY SURFACES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for visual display surfaces. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Chalkboards.
 - b. Markerboards.
 - c. Tackboards.
 - d. Visual display rails.
 - e. Visual display wall panels.
 - f. Support systems for visual display boards.
 - g. Sliding visual display units.
 - h. Visual display conference units.
 - i. Visual display wall coverings.
 - j. Electronic markerboards.

C. Definitions

1. Tackboard: Framed or unframed, tackable, visual display board assembly.
2. Visual Display Board Assembly: Visual display surface that is factory fabricated into composite panel form, either with or without a perimeter frame; includes chalkboards, markerboards, and tackboards.
3. Visual Display Surface: Surfaces that are used to convey information visually, including surfaces of chalkboards, markerboards, tackboards, and surfacing materials that are not fabricated into composite panel form but are applied directly to walls.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics and individual panel weights for sliding visual display units.
 - b. Include computer system requirements for electronic markerboards.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For composite wood products, documentation indicating that the product contains no urea formaldehyde.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content and chemical components.
3. Shop Drawings: For visual display surfaces. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Show locations of panel joints.
 - b. Show locations of special-purpose graphics for visual display surfaces.
 - c. Include sections of typical trim members.
 - d. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
6. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for surface-burning characteristics of fabrics.
7. Operation and Maintenance Data: For visual display surfaces and power-operated units to include in maintenance manuals.
8. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

- E. Quality Assurance
1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of motor-operated, sliding visual display units required for this Project.
 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 **OR** 450, **as directed**, or less.
 3. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Deliver factory-built visual display surfaces, including factory-applied trim where indicated, completely assembled in one piece without joints, where possible. If dimensions exceed maximum manufactured panel size, provide two or more pieces of equal length as acceptable to the Owner. When overall dimensions require delivery in separate units, prefit components at the factory, disassemble for delivery, and make final joints at the site.
 2. Store visual display surfaces vertically with packing materials between each unit.
- G. Project Conditions
1. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install visual display surfaces until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
 2. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with visual display surfaces by field measurements before fabrication.
 - a. Allow for trimming and fitting where taking field measurements before fabrication might delay the Work.
- H. Warranty
1. Special Warranty for Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheets: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace porcelain-enamel face sheets that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Surfaces lose original writing and erasing qualities.
 - 2) Surfaces exhibit crazing, cracking, or flaking.
 - b. Warranty Period: 50 years from date of Final Completion **OR** Life of the building, **as directed**.
 2. Special Warranty for Electronic Markerboards: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace electronic markerboards that fail in materials or workmanship within two years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Materials, General
1. Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheet: ASTM A 424, enameling-grade steel, uncoated thickness indicated; with exposed face and edges coated with primer, 1.7-to-2.5-mil- (0.043-to-0.064-mm-) thick ground coat, and color cover coat; and with concealed face coated with primer and 1.7-to-2.5-mil- (0.043-to-0.064-mm-) thick ground coat.
 - a. Matte-Finish Cover Coat: Low reflective; chalk wipes clean with dry cloth or standard eraser. Minimum 2.0-to-2.5-mil- (0.051-to-0.064-mm-) thick cover coat. Cover and ground coats shall be fused to steel at manufacturer's standard firing temperatures but not less than 1250 deg F (677 deg C).

- b. Gloss-Finish Cover Coat: Gloss as indicated; dry-erase markers wipe clean with dry cloth or standard eraser. Minimum 3.0-to-4.0-mil- (0.076-to-0.102-mm-) thick cover coat. Cover and ground coats shall be fused to steel at manufacturer's standard firing temperatures but not less than 1475 deg F (802 deg C).
- 2. Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheet: Porcelain-enamel-clad, ASTM A 463/A 463M, Type 1, stretcher-leveled aluminized steel, with 0.024-inch (0.60-mm) uncoated thickness; with porcelain-enamel coating fused to steel at approximately 1000 deg F (538 deg C).
 - a. Matte Finish: Low reflective; chalk wipes clean with dry cloth or standard eraser.
 - b. Gloss Finish: Low gloss; dry-erase markers wipe clean with dry cloth or standard eraser. Suitable for use as projection screen.
- 3. Porcelain-Enamel Face Sheet: Manufacturer's standard steel sheet with porcelain-enamel coating fused to steel; uncoated thickness indicated.
 - a. Matte Finish: Low reflective; chalk wipes clean with dry cloth or standard eraser.
 - b. Gloss Finish: Gloss as indicated; dry-erase markers wipe clean with dry cloth or standard eraser.
- 4. Melamine: Thermally fused, melamine-impregnated decorative paper complying with LMA SAT-1.
- 5. High-Pressure Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3.
- 6. Natural Cork Sheet: Seamless, single-layer, compressed fine-grain cork sheet; bulletin board quality; face sanded for natural finish with surface-burning characteristics indicated.
- 7. Plastic-Impregnated Cork Sheet: Seamless, homogeneous, self-sealing sheet consisting of granulated cork, linseed oil, resin binders, and dry pigments that are mixed and calendared onto fabric backing; with washable vinyl finish and integral color throughout with surface-burning characteristics indicated.
- 8. Vinyl Fabric: Mildew resistant, washable, complying with FS CCC-W-408D, Type II, burlap weave; weighing not less than 13 oz./sq. yd. (440 g/sq. m); with surface-burning characteristics indicated.
- 9. Polyester Fabric: Nondirectional weave, 100 percent polyester; weighing not less than 15 oz./sq. yd. (508 g/sq. m); with surface-burning characteristics indicated.
- 10. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4, tempered.
- 11. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-1, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
- 12. Fiberboard: ASTM C 208.
- 13. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063.

B. Chalkboard Assemblies

- 1. Porcelain-Enamel Chalkboards: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated chalkboard assembly of three-ply construction consisting of backing sheet, core material, and 0.021-inch- (0.53-mm-) thick, **OR** 0.013-inch- (0.33-mm-) thick, **as directed**, porcelain-enamel face sheet with matte finish.
 - a. Hardboard Core: 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick; with 0.005-inch- (0.127-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.0129-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - b. Particleboard Core: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) thick; with 0.005-inch- (0.127-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.0129-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - c. Fiberboard Core: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm), **as directed**, thick; with 0.001-inch- (0.025-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.0129-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - d. Manufacturer's Standard Core: Minimum 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick, with manufacturer's standard moisture-barrier backing.
 - e. Laminating Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard, moisture-resistant thermoplastic type.
- 2. High-Pressure-Laminate Chalkboards: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated chalkboard assembly of two-ply construction consisting of fiberboard core material and high-pressure-laminate writing surface.
- 3. Melamine Chalkboards: Fabricated from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, sealed and primed hardboard panels permanently bonded with melamine writing surface.

4. Painted-Finish Chalkboards: Fabricated from two plies of 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, treated, tempered hardboard panels permanently surfaced with manufacturer's standard, heat-cured organic coating formulated for chalk-receptive matte finish.
5. Natural-Slate Chalkboards: Select grade, resurfaced, natural slate; free from ribbons and other natural marks that impair their functional use and durability as a writing surface.
 - a. Writing surface shall be free of tooling marks, pits, chipping, scratches, and surface spalls in excess of those that can be easily corrected; and shall be free of surface-applied stain, dye, or other artificial coloring.
 - b. Thickness: Not less than 1/4 inch (6 mm) or more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) thick with maximum deviation of 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) when an average thickness of at least 1/4 inch (6 mm) is maintained.

C. Markerboard Assemblies

1. Porcelain-Enamel Markerboards: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated markerboard assembly of three-ply construction consisting of backing sheet, core material, and 0.021-inch- (0.53-mm-) thick, **OR** 0.013-inch- (0.33-mm-) thick, **as directed**, porcelain-enamel face sheet with high-gloss **OR** low-gloss, **as directed**, finish.
 - a. Hardboard Core: 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick; with 0.005-inch- (0.127-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.013-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - b. Particleboard Core: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm), **as directed**, thick; with 0.005-inch- (0.127-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.013-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - c. Fiberboard Core: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm), **as directed**, thick; with 0.001-inch- (0.025-mm-) thick, aluminum foil **OR** 0.015-inch- (0.38-mm-) thick, aluminum sheet **OR** 0.013-inch- (0.35-mm-) thick, galvanized-steel sheet, **as directed**, backing.
 - d. Manufacturer's Standard Core: Minimum 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick, with manufacturer's standard moisture-barrier backing.
 - e. Laminating Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard, moisture-resistant thermoplastic type.
2. Melamine Markerboards: Fabricated from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, sealed and primed hardboard panels permanently bonded with melamine or another high-pressure-laminate writing surface.
3. High-Pressure-Laminate Markerboard Assembly: Balanced, high-pressure, factory-laminated chalkboard assembly of three-ply construction consisting of backing sheet, fiberboard core material, and high-pressure-laminate writing surface.

D. Tackboard Assemblies

1. Natural-Cork Tackboard:
 - a. 1/16-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, natural cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 7/16-inch- (11-mm-), **as directed**, thick fiberboard backing.
 - b. 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, natural cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - c. 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, natural cork sheet factory laminated to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick hardboard **OR** particleboard, **as directed**, backing.
2. Plastic-Impregnated-Cork Tackboard:
 - a. 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, plastic-impregnated cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - b. 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, plastic-impregnated cork sheet factory laminated to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick hardboard **OR** particleboard, **as directed**, backing.
3. Vinyl-Fabric-Faced Tackboard:
 - a. Vinyl fabric factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 7/16-inch- (11-mm-) **OR** 1/2-inch- (13-mm-), **as directed**, thick fiberboard backing.
 - b. 1/16-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, vinyl-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - c. 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, vinyl-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - d. 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, vinyl-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick hardboard **OR** particleboard, **as directed**, backing.

4. Polyester-Fabric-Faced Tackboard:
 - a. Polyester fabric factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 1/2-inch- (13-mm-), **as directed**, thick fiberboard backing.
 - b. 1/16-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, polyester-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - c. 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, polyester-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick fiberboard backing.
 - d. 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, polyester-fabric-faced cork sheet factory laminated to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick hardboard **OR** particleboard, **as directed**, backing.

- E. Visual Display Rails
 1. General: Manufacturer's standard, aluminum-framed, tackable cork **OR** fabric, **as directed**, visual display surface fabricated into narrow rail shape and designed for displaying material.

- F. Visual Display Wall Panels
 1. Marker Wall Sheets: Fabricated from 0.021-inch (0.53-mm) uncoated thickness, porcelain-enamel face sheets; for direct application to wall surface.
 2. Marker Wall Panels: Fabricated from markerboard assembly indicated.
 3. Tack Wall Panels: With tackable surface.
 - a. Fabricated from tackboard assembly indicated.
 - b. Natural Cork: 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6-mm-), **as directed**, thick, natural cork sheet for direct application to wall surface.
 - c. Plastic-Impregnated Cork: 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6-mm-), **as directed**, thick, plastic-impregnated cork sheet for direct application to wall surface.
 - d. Vinyl Fabric-Faced Cork: 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, vinyl-fabric-faced cork sheet for direct application to wall surface.
 - e. Polyester-Fabric-Faced Cork: 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, polyester-fabric-faced cork sheet for direct application to wall surface.
 4. Joint Accessories: Manufacturer's standard, exposed trim **OR** concealed aluminum or steel spline, **as directed**, at butt joints.
 5. Adhesive: Mildew-resistant, nonstaining adhesive, for use with specific tack wall panels and substrate application, as recommended in writing by visual display surface manufacturer, and with a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 6. Primer/Sealer: Mildew-resistant primer/sealer complying with requirements in Division 09 Section "Interior Painting" and recommended in writing by visual display surface manufacturer for intended substrate.

- G. Rail Support System For Visual Display Boards
 1. Support Rails: Horizontal, wall-mounted, extruded-aluminum rails designed to receive hanger clip and to support visual display boards; capable of gripping and suspending paper directly from rail.
 - a. Finish: Clear anodic **OR** Color anodic **OR** Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
 - b. Color and Gloss: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 2. Hanger Clips: Extruded aluminum with finish to match rails; designed to support independent visual display boards by engaging support rail and top trim of board.
 3. Visual Display Panels: Fabricated from not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, kraft-paper honeycomb core; designed to be rigid and to resist warpage, and with aluminum trim designed to engage hanger clips.

- H. Modular Support System For Visual Display Boards
 1. Standards: 72-inch- (1829-mm-) long, extruded-aluminum slotted standards designed for supporting visual display boards on panel clips. Standards shall be punched at not less than 4 inches (100 mm) o.c.
 - a. Finish: Clear anodic **OR** Color anodic **OR** Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.

- b. Color and Gloss: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 2. Panel Clips: Extruded aluminum or steel with finish to match standards.
 - I. Sliding Visual Display Units
 1. Horizontal-Sliding Visual Display Units: Factory-fabricated units consisting of extruded-aluminum tubular frame, fixed-rear visual display panel, aluminum-framed horizontal-sliding panels, and extruded-aluminum fascia that conceals overhead sliding track; designed for recessed mounting. Provide panels that operate smoothly without vibration or chatter.
 - a. Two-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel covering entire rear surface. Provide two sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-half of overall length of unit.
 - b. Three-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel covering entire rear surface. Provide three sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-third **OR** one-half, **as directed**, of overall length of unit.
 - c. Four-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel centered in and covering not less than one-half of rear surface, and fixed front panel on each side of unit equal to not less than one-quarter of overall length of unit. Provide four sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-quarter of overall length of unit.
 - 1) Swinging Doors: Fabricated from same construction as sliding panels and supported on full-height continuous hinges. Provide visual display surface on both sides of each door.
 - d. Sliding Panels: Fabricated from not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, kraft-paper honeycomb core; designed to be rigid and to resist warpage.
 - 1) Fabricate sliding panels with 0.021-inch (0.53-mm) uncoated thickness, porcelain-enamel face sheets.
 - e. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard, extruded-aluminum overhead track and channel-shaped bottom guides; with two nylon ball-bearing carriers and two nylon rollers for each sliding panel.
 2. Vertical-Sliding Visual Display Units: Factory-fabricated units consisting of extruded-aluminum tubular frame, fixed-rear visual display panel, and aluminum-framed vertical-sliding panels; designed for recessed mounting. Provide panels that operate smoothly without vibration or chatter.
 - a. Type: Tubular frame on four sides **OR** top and two sides, with sides extending to floor; with kick panel to conceal sliding panels, **as directed**. Unit shall be designed to support panels independent of wall.
 - b. Two-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel covering entire rear surface. Provide two sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-half of overall height of unit.
 - c. Three-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel covering entire rear surface. Provide three sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-half of overall height of unit.
 - d. Four-Track Units: Fabricate unit with fixed rear panel centered in and covering not less than one-half of rear surface. Provide four sliding panels, each equal to not less than one-half of overall height of unit.
 - e. Sliding Panels: Fabricated from not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, kraft-paper honeycomb core; designed to be rigid and to resist warpage.
 - 1) Fabricate sliding panels with 0.021-inch (0.53-mm) uncoated thickness, porcelain-enamel face sheets.
 - f. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard, neoprene ball-bearing end rollers, four on each side of each sliding panel. Counterbalance each sliding panel with lead counterweights supported by steel aircraft cable over ball-bearing sheaves; with removable cover plate for access to counterweights. Provide rubber bumpers at top and bottom for each sliding panel.
 - g. Motorized Operation: Provide not less than one motor with gearhead reducers for each sliding panel, mounted above visual display unit and connected to sliding panels with steel aircraft cable. Provide removable cover plate for access to motor. Equip motors with limit switches to automatically stop motor at each end of travel.

- 1) Electric Motors: UL approved or recognized, totally enclosed, complying with NEMA MG 1, with thermal-overload protection; 1/15 hp, single phase, 110 **OR** 220, **as directed**, V, 60 Hz.
- 2) Control Station: Three-position, maintained-contact **OR** momentary-contact, **as directed**, switch-operated control station with open, close, and off functions; with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure. Provide one control station for each sliding panel unit, unless directed otherwise.
- 3) Key Switch: Provide supplementary key switch for each control station. Furnish two keys for each control station, keyed alike.

J. Visual Display Conference Units

1. Visual Display Conference Units: Factory-fabricated units consisting of hinged-door wood cabinet with perimeter face frame, sides, and back; not less than 3-inch (75-mm) interior depth and designed for surface wall mounting. Fabricate inside of cabinet and cabinet doors with fixed visual display surfaces.
 - a. Wood Cabinets: Fabricated from solid wood with integral, solid-wood markertray. Fabricate hinged door panels with solid wood frame and wood-veneer exterior surface.
 - b. Plastic-Laminate Cabinets: Cabinet and hinged door panels fabricated from manufacturer's standard, high-pressure, plastic-laminate-finished panels; with integral markertray.
 - c. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard, full-height continuous hinges, wire door pulls, and door bumpers.
 - d. Projection Screens: Manufacturer's standard, pull-down, matte, white projection screen, not less than 8 inches (200 mm) smaller in each direction than overall cabinet size, and mounted above rear visual display surface.
 - e. Fluorescent Light: Manufacturer's standard, not less than 24 inches (610 mm) long, and mounted above rear visual display surface.

K. Visual Display Wall Coverings

1. Visual Display Wall Covering: Intended for use with dry-erase markers and as a projection surface, **as directed**, and consisting of low-gloss **OR** moderate-gloss **OR** high-gloss, **as directed**, plastic film bonded to fabric backing; not less than 0.012-mil (0.0003-mm) **OR** 0.020-mil (0.0005-mm), **as directed**, total thickness.
2. Surface Graphics: 2-inch- (50-mm-) square grid.
 - a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
3. Magnetic Visual Display Wall Covering: Intended for use with dry-erase markers and magnetic aids and consisting of moderate-gloss plastic film bonded to ferrous-powdered fabric backing; not less than 0.025-mil (0.0006-mm) total thickness.
 - a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
4. Adhesive: Mildew-resistant, nonstaining, strippable, **as directed**, adhesive, for use with specific wall covering and substrate application, as recommended in writing by wall covering manufacturer, and with a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
5. Primer/Sealer: Mildew-resistant primer/sealer complying with requirements in Division 09 Section "Interior Painting" and recommended in writing by wall covering manufacturer for intended substrate.

L. Electronic Markerboards

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard electronic markerboard that consists of touch-sensitive writing surface connected to microcomputer via RS-232 serial cable and that electronically records writing with standard dry-erase markers. Equip unit with cables, software, pens, erasers, mounting hardware, and accessories required for a complete installation.
2. Software: Capable of real-time recording, saving, and printing of everything that is written and drawn on electronic markerboard; with Windows **OR** Macintosh, **as directed**, operating system.
 - a. File Export Formats: BMP, WMF, HTML, and vector-based formats.
 - b. Compatibility: Compatible with Microsoft NetMeeting or other T.120-compliant software.

- c. Features: Capable of the following:
 - 1) Saving directly from screen.
 - 2) Erasing portions of screen.
 - 3) Printing directly from screen.
 - 4) Saving individual screens as separate pages.
 - 5) Showing onscreen toolbar **OR** keyboard, **as directed**.
 - 6) Recognizing not less than four pen colors.
 - 7) Recognizing finger touch control for presentations.
 - 8) Connecting multiple electronic markerboards to a single computer.
 - 9) Showing online help and tutorial.
- 3. Overall Size: Approximately 48 inches high by 60 inches wide (1219 mm high by 1524 mm wide).
- 4. Mounting: Wall mounted **OR** Supported by rail support system, **as directed**.

M. Chalkboard, Markerboard, And Tackboard Accessories

- 1. Aluminum Frames and Trim: Fabricated from not less than 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) thick, extruded aluminum; standard size and shape **OR** slim size and standard shape **OR** of size and shape indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - a. Field-Applied Trim: Manufacturer's standard, snap-on trim with no visible screws or exposed joints **OR** slip-on trim **OR** screw-on trim with Phillips flat-head screws, **as directed**.
 - b. Factory-Applied Trim: Manufacturer's standard.
- 2. Factory-Applied Wood Trim: Red oak **OR** Walnut **OR** Manufacturer's standard species, **as directed**, not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick; standard size and shape **OR** of size and shape indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
- 3. Field-Applied Wood Trim: Comply with requirements specified in Division 06 Section(s) "Finish Carpentry" **OR** "Interior Architectural Woodwork" **as directed**.
- 4. Chalktray: Manufacturer's standard, continuous.
 - a. Box Type: Extruded aluminum with slanted front, grooved tray, and cast-aluminum end closures.
 - b. Solid Type: Extruded aluminum with ribbed section and smoothly curved exposed ends.
- 5. Map Rail: Provide the following accessories:
 - a. Display Rail: Continuous and integral with map rail; fabricated from cork approximately 1 to 2 inches (25 to 50 mm) wide.
 - b. End Stops: Located at each end of map rail.
 - c. Map Hooks: Two map hooks for every 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 1200 mm, **as directed**, of map rail or fraction thereof.
 - d. Map Hooks and Clips: Two map hooks with flexible metal clips for every 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 1200 mm, **as directed**, of map rail or fraction thereof.
 - e. Flag Holder: One for each room.
 - f. Paper Holder: Extruded aluminum; designed to hold paper by clamping action.
- 6. Special-Purpose Graphics: Fuse or paint the following graphics into surface of porcelain-enamel visual display unit:
 - a. Semivisible writing guidelines.
 - b. Penmanship lines.
 - c. Music staff lines.
 - d. Grid, 1 inch (25 mm) square.
 - e. Graph coordinates, rectangular.
 - f. Horizontal lines, 2 inches (50 mm) o.c.
 - g. Polar coordinates.
 - h. USA map.
 - i. World map.
 - j. Soccer field.
 - k. Football field.
 - l. Basketball court.

N. Fabrication

1. Porcelain-Enamel Visual Display Assemblies: Laminate porcelain-enamel face sheet and backing sheet to core material under heat and pressure with manufacturer's standard flexible, waterproof adhesive.
 2. Natural-Slate Chalkboards: Surface slate panels to a natural plane. Grind and hone to smooth, uniform finish equivalent to that obtained by minimum 180 grit and maximum 220 grit.
 - a. Cut joints straight and true. Space joints symmetrically. Fit and match panels before shipment to provide continuous, uniform writing surface.
 - b. Length: Furnish panels approximately equal in length with permissible variation not more than 3 inches (75 mm) in either direction of equal spacing. Allow 1/4-inch (6-mm) clearance at trim in length and width for fitting. Provide lengths of panels in each space as follows:
 - 1) Up to 5 feet (1.5 m); one panel.
 - 2) More than 5 feet (1.5 m) but less than 9 feet (2.7 m); two panels.
 - 3) More than 9 feet (2.7 m) but less than 13.5 feet (4.1 m); three panels.
 - 4) More than 13.5 feet (4.1 m) but less than 18 feet (5.5 m); four panels.
 - 5) More than 18 feet (5.5 m) but less than 22.5 feet (6.9 m); five panels.
 - 6) More than 22.5 feet (6.9 m) but less than 27 feet (8.2 m); six panels.
 3. Visual Display Boards: Factory **OR** Field, **as directed**, assemble visual display boards unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Where factory-applied trim is indicated, trim shall be assembled and attached to visual display boards at manufacturer's factory before shipment.
 4. Factory-Assembled Visual Display Units: Coordinate factory-assembled units with trim and accessories indicated. Join parts with a neat, precision fit.
 - a. Make joints only where total length exceeds maximum manufactured length. Fabricate with minimum number of joints, balanced around center of board, as acceptable to the Owner **OR** as indicated on approved Shop Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Provide manufacturer's standard vertical-joint spline **OR** H-trim, **as directed**, system between abutting sections of chalkboards **OR** markerboards, **as directed**.
 - c. Provide manufacturer's standard mullion trim at joints between chalkboards **OR** markerboards **OR** tackboards, **as directed**, of combination units.
 - d. Where size of visual display boards or other conditions require support in addition to normal trim, provide structural supports or modify trim as indicated or as selected by the Owner from manufacturer's standard structural support accessories to suit conditions indicated.
 5. Modular Visual Display Boards: Fabricated with integral panel clips attached to core material.
 6. Aluminum Frames and Trim: Fabricate units straight and of single lengths, keeping joints to a minimum. Miter corners to a neat, hairline closure.
 - a. Where factory-applied trim is indicated, trim shall be assembled and attached to visual display units at manufacturer's factory before shipment.
- O. General Finish Requirements
1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
 3. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- P. Aluminum Finishes
1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
 2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, surface conditions of wall, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
2. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of connections before installation of motor-operated, sliding visual display units.
3. Examine walls and partitions for proper preparation and backing for visual display surfaces.
4. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth where sliding visual display units will be installed.
5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation.
2. Clean substrates of substances that could impair the performance of and affect the smooth, finished surfaces of visual display boards, including dirt, mold, and mildew.
3. Prepare surfaces to achieve a smooth, dry, clean surface free of flaking, unsound coatings, cracks, defects, projections, depressions, and substances that will impair bond between visual display surfaces and wall surfaces.
 - a. Prime wall surfaces indicated to receive direct-applied, visual display tack wall panels **OR** visual display wall coverings, **as directed**, and as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall covering manufacturer.
 - b. Prepare surfaces to receive visual display wall coverings and test for moisture according to requirements specified in Division 09 Section "Wall Coverings".
OR
Prepare substrates indicated to receive visual display wall covering as required by manufacturer's written instructions to achieve a smooth, dry, clean, structurally sound surface that is uniform in color.
 - 1) Moisture Content: Maximum of 4 percent when tested with an electronic moisture meter.
 - 2) Plaster: Allow new plaster to cure. Neutralize areas of high alkalinity. Prime with primer as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall covering manufacturer.
 - 3) Metals: If not factory primed, clean and apply metal as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall covering manufacturer.
 - 4) Gypsum Board: Prime with primer as recommended in writing by primer/sealer manufacturer and wall covering manufacturer.
 - 5) Painted Surfaces: Treat areas susceptible to pigment bleeding.
4. Prepare recesses for sliding visual display units as required by type and size of unit.

C. Installation, General

1. General: Install visual display surfaces in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at heights indicated below. Keep perimeter lines straight, level, and plumb. Provide grounds, clips, backing materials, adhesives, brackets, anchors, trim, and accessories necessary for complete installation.
 - a. Mounting Height for Grades K through 3: 24 inches (610 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray.
 - b. Mounting Height for Grades 4 through 6: 28 inches (711 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray.
 - c. Mounting Height for Grades 7 and Higher: 36 inches (914 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray.
OR
 - a. Mounting heights of 24 inches (610 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray for kindergarten.
 - b. Mounting heights of 26 inches (660 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray for Grades 1 through 3.

- c. Mounting heights of 30 inches (762 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray for Grades 4 through 6.
- d. Mounting heights of 34 inches (864 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray for Grades 7 through 9.
- e. Mounting heights of 37 inches (940 mm) above finished floor to top of chalktray for Grades 10 and higher,
as directed

D. Installation Of Field-Fabricated Visual Display Boards And Assemblies

- 1. Field-Assembled Visual Display Units: Coordinate field-assembled units with grounds, trim, and accessories indicated. Join parts with a neat, precision fit.
 - a. Make joints only where total length exceeds maximum manufactured length. Fabricate with minimum number of joints, balanced around center of board, as acceptable to the Owner **OR** as indicated on approved Shop Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Provide manufacturer's standard vertical-joint spline **OR** H-trim, **as directed**, system between abutting sections of chalkboards **OR** markerboards, **as directed**.
 - c. Provide manufacturer's standard mullion trim at joints between chalkboards **OR** markerboards **OR** tackboards, **as directed**, of combination units.
 - d. Where size of visual display boards or other conditions require support in addition to normal trim, provide structural supports or modify trim as indicated or as selected by the Owner from manufacturer's standard structural support accessories to suit conditions indicated.
- 2. Natural-Slate Chalkboards: Align and level joints between adjoining panels and apply manufacturer's recommended joint-filler compound. Hone and finish joints to continuous even plane.

E. Installation Of Factory-Fabricated Visual Display Boards And Assemblies

- 1. Visual Display Boards:
 - a. Attach visual display boards to wall surfaces with egg-size adhesive gobs at 16 inches (400 mm) o.c., horizontally and vertically.
OR
 Attach concealed clips, hangers, and grounds to wall surfaces and to visual display boards with fasteners at not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. Secure both top and bottom of boards to walls.
 - b. Field-Applied Aluminum Trim: Attach trim over edges of visual display boards and conceal grounds and clips. Attach trim to boards with fasteners at not more than 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
 - 1) Attach chalktrays to boards with fasteners at not more than 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
 - c. Field-Applied Wood Trim: Install trim according to requirements in Division 06 Section(s) "Finish Carpentry" **OR** "Interior Architectural Woodwork", **as directed**.

F. Installation Of Visual Display Rails

- 1. Display Rails: Install rails in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Attach to wall surface with fasteners at not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c.
 - a. Mounting Height: 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1524 mm), **as directed**, above finished floor to top of rail.

G. Installation Of Visual Display Wall Panels

- 1. Marker Wall Sheets: Attach wall sheets to wall surface with thin layer of adhesive over entire wall surface. Butt join adjacent panels and cover joint with matching joint strip installed with double-stick tape, **as directed**.
- 2. Marker Wall Panels: Attach panels to wall surface with egg-size adhesive gobs at 16 inches (400 mm) o.c., horizontally and vertically.
 - a. Join adjacent wall panels with concealed steel splines for smooth alignment.
OR
 Join adjacent wall panels with exposed, H-shaped aluminum trim painted to match wall panel.

3. Tack Wall Panels: Attach panels to wall surface with egg-size adhesive gobs at 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. horizontally and vertically.
 - a. Install wrapped-edge wall panels with butt joints between adjacent wall panels.
 - b. Join adjacent wall panels with exposed, H-shaped aluminum trim covered with same fabric as wall panels.

- H. Installation Of Rail **OR** Modular, **as directed**, Support System
 1. Rail Support System: Install horizontal support rail in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Attach to wall surface with fasteners at 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
 - a. Mounting Height: 72 inches (1829 mm) above finished floor to top of rail.
 - b. Hang visual display units on rail support system.
 2. Modular Support System: Install adjustable standards in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Install standards at 48 inches (1219 mm) o.c., vertically aligned and plumb, and attached to wall surface with fasteners at 12 inches (300 mm) o.c.
 - a. Mounting Height: 12 inches (300 mm) above finished floor to bottom of standard.
 - b. Install single-slotted standard at each end of each run of standards and double-slotted standards at intermediate locations.
 - c. Provide locking screw at top corner of visual display board at each standard.
 - d. Hang visual display units on modular support system.

- I. Installation Of Factory-Fabricated Visual Display Units
 1. Sliding Visual Display Units: Install units in recessed locations and at mounting heights indicated. Attach to wall framing with fasteners at not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c.
 - a. Adjust panels to operate smoothly without warp or bind. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by manufacturer.
 2. Visual Display Conference Units: Install units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Attach to wall surface with fasteners through back of cabinet **OR** concealed brackets screwed to wall **OR** concealed wood cleats screwed to wall, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting Height: 72 inches (1829 mm) above finished floor to top of cabinet.

- J. Installation Of Visual Display Wall Covering
 1. General: Comply with visual display wall covering manufacturers' written installation instructions.
 2. Install seams horizontal and level, with lowest seam 24 inches (610 mm) above finished floor. Railroad fabric (reverse roll direction) to ensure color matching.
 3. Double cut seams, with no gaps or overlaps. Remove air bubbles, wrinkles, blisters, and other defects.
 4. After installation, clean visual display wall covering according to manufacturer's written instructions. Remove excess adhesive at finished seams, perimeter edges, and adjacent surfaces.

- K. Installation Of Visual Electronic Markerboards
 1. Electronic Markerboards: Install units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, at height indicated below. Attach to wall **OR** cubicle, **as directed**, surface with manufacturer's standard mounting hardware.
 - a. Mounting Height: 72 inches (1829 mm) above finished floor to top of markerboard.

- L. Cleaning And Protection
 1. Clean visual display surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Attach one cleaning label to visual display surface in each room.
 2. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.
 3. Cover and protect visual display surfaces after installation and cleaning.

- M. Demonstration

1. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain motor-operated, sliding visual display units.

END OF SECTION 10 11 13 13

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 11 13 33	10 11 13 13	Visual Display Surfaces
10 11 16 13	10 11 13 13	Visual Display Surfaces
10 11 16 33	10 11 13 13	Visual Display Surfaces
10 11 23 13	10 11 13 13	Visual Display Surfaces
10 13 16 00	10 11 13 13	Visual Display Surfaces
10 14 00 00	01 58 13 00	Signage

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SECTION 10 14 23 00 - VITRIFIED BRICK PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT**1.1 GENERAL****A. General**

1. Limits of Brick Pavement Replacement shall be as per the detail entitled "Payment Limits for Surface Restoration" shown in the plans, plus one foot on each side. Alternate individual bricks may have to be removed in order to maintain staggered joint pattern along the edge of the undisturbed brick pavement.

1.2 PRODUCT**A. Preparation**

1. Base shall be provided and shaped to match level, kind and thickness (4" min.) of adjoining base. The base material shall be compacted to meet the density standards. 4" 2500 PSI concrete base may be used for irregular patches and where compaction is otherwise impractical. Concrete shall be properly placed, consolidated and cured. One inch of sand, or good grade dirt, free from clay, loam or other foreign matter shall be used for cushion to hold the bricks in place. The sand shall be shaped to a true surface parallel to required finished pavement surface.

B. Materials

1. Existing bricks shall be cleaned, stored, and secured by the Contractor.

1.3 EXECUTION**A. Reinstallation of Bricks**

1. The bricks shall be installed in rows, better face upward, sorted by size with joints staggered, then rolled daily with a static tandem wheel roller. Additional bricks, if required, will be supplied by the Owner. City Personnel shall inspect work daily. After inspection, the bricks shall be sprayed with a solution of lime and water, using 26 lbs. of lime to 55 gallons of water. Asphalt steep 7330 or equal shall be used for joint filler. The steep shall be heated until fluid and poured over bricks and removed when cool with square pointed shovels dipped in lime water. Removed asphalt may be reused. If adjoining bricks are grouted, new filler shall be grout (8:1, builders sand: cement).

B. Acceptance

1. Upon completion of the work, and before acceptance and final payment, the Contractor shall remove all false work, equipment, rubbish, surplus, and discarded materials. The Contractor shall restore in an acceptable manner all property, both public and private, damaged during the prosecution of the work. The Contractor shall leave the roadway in a neat and presentable condition each day.

END OF SECTION 10 14 23 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 14 23 00	01 58 13 00	Signage

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SECTION 10 14 53 00 - TRAFFIC SIGNS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of traffic signs. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

1.2 PRODUCT

A. Sign Foundations:

1. Replacement Foundation Footing Concrete shall be a mixture of cement complying with ASTM C 150 and aggregate complying with ASTM C 33. Compressive strength shall be 2,800 psi at 28 days.
2. Sulfur Mortar shall comply with ASTM C 287.
3. Reinforcing Steel shall comply with ASTM A 615.

B. Sign Supports shall be of the "break-away" type. Supports shall be strong enough to resist applicable wind forces without damage, but shall be designed to experience a brittle rupture type failure or a "quick separation" type joint.

1. Sign Support, Aluminum:

- a. Replacement Castings shall be Alloy A356.0-T6 in compliance with ASTM B 108.
- b. Replacement Structural Members shall comply with ASTM B 308.
- c. Replacement Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes shall comply with ASTM B 221, alloy 6061-T6.
- d. Replacement Bolts, Nuts, and Screws shall match items being replaced and shall be alloy 2024-T4 with anodic coating complying with ASTM B 580, or 6061-T6 in compliance with ASTM B 211. Bolt heads shall be hexagon. Bolt threads shall be Class 2, 2A, or 2B in compliance with ANSI B18.2.1. Nuts shall be hexagon shaped in compliance with ANSI B18.2.2.
- e. Replacement washers shall be furnished from sheet metal complying with ASTM B 209, alloy Alclad 2024-T3 or T4.

2. Sign Support, Steel:

- a. Replacement Structural Members shall comply with ASTM A 36.
- b. Replacement Bars shall comply with ASTM A 108.
- c. Replacement Pipe shall comply with ASTM A 53 standard weight.
- d. Replacement Fasteners shall comply with ASTM A 307 and ASTM A 325.
- e. Replacement Anchor Bolts for anchoring base plates to concrete bases and nuts and washers shall be galvanized in compliance with ASTM A 153.

3. Sign Support, Wood:

- a. Replacement Wood Sign Post shall be of the species listed in AASHTO M168, dressed four sides and having a pyramidal top cut before being treated.
- b. Replacement Sign Post shall be pressure treated with creosote or creosote-tar solution complying with AWPB LP-55.

C. Sign Face:

1. Replacement Plywood Sign Face shall be grade HDOAB G-1 EXTERIOR, in compliance with DOC PS 1. Material shall be cut to size in compliance with ANSI D6.1E.
2. Replacement Galvanizing Steel Sign Face shall comply with USDOT FHA MUTCD.

D. Reflective Sheeting shall be enclosed lens unless otherwise directed by the Owner.

1. Enclosed Lens Reflective Sheeting shall comply with Fed. Spec. L-S-300.

2. Reflective Sheeting shall comply with FP-79 minimum reflective intensity. Measurements shall comply with Fed. Spec. L-S-300.
 3. Color shall be matched visually and within the limits shown on the Color Tolerance Charts issued by the Federal Highway Administration. The diffuse day color of the reflective sheeting shall be determined in compliance with ASTM E 97.
 4. Film:
 - a. General: Reflective sheeting shall be sufficiently flexible to be easily cut to shape and permit application over, and conformance to, moderate shallow embossing characteristic of certain sign borders and symbols.
 - b. Surface: Sheeting surface shall be smooth and flat, shall facilitate cleaning and wet performance, and shall exhibit 85 degrees glossmeter rating of not less than 40, as specified in ASTM D 523. The sheeting surface shall withstand cleaning with gasoline, VM&P Naphtha, mineral spirits, turpentine, methanol, and xylol.
- E. Demountable Sign Face Materials:
1. Acrylic Plastic Reflectors: Replacement demountable sign letters, digits, arrows, borders, and alphabet accessories shall be reflectorized and shall consist of acrylic plastic reflectors supported by embossed aluminum frames. They shall comply with the Standard Alphabet for Highway Signs, of the Federal Highway Administration, Series E.
 2. Design and Fabrication: The letters shall be modified as necessary to accommodate the required reflectors. All items except border strips shall be fabricated from 0.040-inch minimum sheet aluminum. Border strips shall be of 0.032-inch minimum sheet aluminum. Mounting holes shall be provided within the frames to permit the use of screws, rivets or other acceptable fasteners. The size and spacing of the reflector holes shall provide maximum night legibility and visibility of the finished cutout figure.
 3. General Requirements: The reflectors shall be of acrylic plastic meeting the requirements of Fed. Spec. L-P-380, Type I, Class 3. The reflectors shall be yellow or colorless. The lens shall consist of a smooth front surface, free from projections or indentations other than for identification, and a rear surface bearing a prismatic configuration that will effect total internal reflection of light.
 4. Reflective Sheeting:
 - a. Demountable Sign Letters, Digits, Arrows, Borders, and Alphabet Accessories, when so specified, shall be reflectorized with reflective sheeting supported by flat aluminum backing and shall comply with the Standard Alphabet Highway Signs of the Federal Highway Administration.
 - b. Design and Fabrication: Letter design shall be Series E, modified for legibility. All items except border strips shall be fabricated from 0.040-inch sheet aluminum, 6061-T6 alloy, with mounting holes to permit use of screws, rivets, or other acceptable fasteners.
- F. Highway Delineators, Enclosed Lens Type: Replacement reflectors shall be of acrylic plastic and a minimum of 3 inches in diameter. They shall be mounted in a heavy-duty housing with a back plate. The reflector shall consist of a clear and transparent plastic lens, which shall be colorless, and a plastic back of the same material, fused to the lens under heat and pressure around the entire perimeter to form a homogeneous unit, permanently sealed against dust, water, and water vapor. The acrylic plastic shall comply with Fed. Spec. L-P-380, Type I, Class 3.
- G. Highway Delineators, High Intensity Type:
1. Replacement Reflectorized Delineators shall consist of a reflective sheeting compound of glass spheres, embedded in a weatherproof, synthetic, noncellulose material. The overall size of the plastic reflectors shall be 4 inches by 5 inches, with a reflective area of at least 17.5 square inches.
 2. Delineators shall be silver-white when viewed with reflected light.
- H. Highway Delineators Including Posts and Attachments:
1. Reflective Sheeting: Replacement reflective sheeting for delineators shall match delineators being replaced.

2. Delineator Posts and Accessories shall be of steel or aluminum. They shall have the necessary holes for attachment of the delineator housing. The assembly shall be furnished with the necessary bolts, nuts, and washers for attaching to the posts.
3. Insulating Materials: Neoprene, for separation of aluminum and steel parts, shall contain at least 60 percent, by volume, of pure neoprene. Other material may be used, subject to the approval of the Owner as to pliability and ability to withstand wear caused by stretching or distortion.
4. Reflector Units for guardrail installation shall match existing reflector being replaced in size and color.
5. Highway Delineators shall be supplemented with directional guidance signs as directed by the Owner. Signs shall be the chevron alignment type and shall comply with ANSI D6.1E, Type W 1-8.

I. Painting Panels for Nonreflectorized Background:

1. Replacement Metal Panels for sign categories not required to be reflectorized shall have a nonreflectorized background composed of one spray coat of primer and two finish coats of baked enamel.
2. Finish Coats shall be baked alkyd resin enamels meeting Fed. Spec. TT-E-529, Class B, of a composition that affects the finished background surface. When thoroughly dry, the colors shall match those described in the current Highway Blue Color Tolerance Chart, PR Color No. 3, or in Highway Green Color Tolerance Chart, PR Color No. 4, of the Federal Highway Administration.
3. Wood Signs shall have two coats of oil paint complying with Fed. Spec. TT-P-52. Message paint shall be a single coat of oil paint. All colors shall comply with ANSI D6.1E.

J. Sign Wash Detergent shall comply with ASTM D 3399.

K. Street, Wayside, Utility Location, And Parking Lot Signs; Decals

1. Blanks: aluminum of type, size, and shape indicated.
2. Reflective sheeting: Type 1 sheeting having Level A reflective intensity.
3. Silk screen lettering paint and transparent process colors: as directed by the Owner.
4. Posts
 - a. Drive type: as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Pipe type: Two-inch inside diameter.
5. Hardware: as directed by the Owner.
6. Fabrication
 - a. Dimensions, colors, and reflectorizing: As indicated, and in accordance with MUTCD.
 - b. Size, style, and spacing of letters, numerals, symbols, and borders: As indicated, and the Owner; as supplemented by DOT/FHA's publication entitled Standard Highway Signs as specified in MUTCD 1978.
 - c. Workmanship: as directed by the Owner.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Footings for Signs, Posts, and Supports:

1. Backfill Material shall be at or near optimum moisture and neither dry nor saturated. It shall be tamped thoroughly in place.
2. Concrete Footings may be cast in place or precast. Hand mixing of concrete will be permitted where the quantity does not exceed one-half cubic yard.

B. Erection of Signs and Sign Supports: Sign posts shall be erected vertically. Posts erected in sleeves shall be anchored with sulphur mortar. Mortar shall comply with ASTM C 287. Sign faces shall be positioned to be generally perpendicular to the line-of-sight for the observer. Reflectorized signs shall be inspected at night. If specular reflection is apparent on any sign, its position shall be adjusted by the Contractor to eliminate the condition.

C. Delineators and Hazard Markers: Delineator posts shall be driven to a depth of 30 inches.

- D. Removal of Existing Signs and Posts:
 - 1. Damaged, Obsolete, or Change of Purpose Signs and Posts shall be removed and delivered to a storage area designated by the Owner. Post hole shall be backfilled, tamped, and made level with the adjacent surface. Disturbed paving, sidewalks, and grassed areas shall be replaced with matching material of same quality and quantity as existing.
 - 2. Signs and Posts to be Replaced shall be removed and replaced by new signs and posts in identical locations. Backfill around post shall be thoroughly compacted to hold posts securely in a vertical position.

- E. Installation: Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and as directed by the Owner. Unless otherwise indicated, install not more than one sign on each post.

END OF SECTION 10 14 53 00

SECTION 10 21 13 13 - TOILET COMPARTMENTS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for toilet compartments. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Steel toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures, entrance screens, and urinal screens.
 - b. Stainless-steel toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures, entrance screens, and urinal screens.
 - c. Plastic-laminate-faced toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures, entrance screens, and urinal screens.
 - d. Phenolic-core toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures, entrance screens, and urinal screens.
 - e. Solid-polymer toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures, entrance screens, and urinal screens.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For particleboard, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples for each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
5. Product certificates.
6. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Comply with requirements in GSA's CID-A-A-60003, "Partitions, Toilets, Complete", **as directed**.
2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, or another standard acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Flame-Spread Index: **25 OR 75 OR 200, as directed**, or less.
 - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
3. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M.

2. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
3. Brass Castings: ASTM B 584.
4. Brass Extrusions: ASTM B 455.
5. Steel Sheet: Commercial steel sheet for exposed applications; mill phosphatized and selected for smoothness.
 - a. Electrolytically Zinc Coated: ASTM A 879/A 879M, 01Z (03G).
 - b. Hot-Dip Galvanized: ASTM A 653/A 653M, either hot-dip galvanized or galvanized.
6. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
7. Stainless-Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.
8. Zamac: ASTM B 86, commercial zinc-alloy die castings.
9. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2 with 45-lb (20.4-kg) density, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
10. Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3, general-purpose HGS grade, 0.048-inch (1.2-mm) nominal thickness.

B. Steel Units

1. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
2. Entrance-Screen Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
3. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung, flat panel **OR** Wall hung with integral flanges **OR** Wall hung, wedge shaped **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Overhead braced **OR** Post to ceiling, **as directed**.
4. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction: Seamless, metal facing sheets pressure laminated to core material; with continuous, interlocking molding strip or lapped-and-formed edge closures; corners secured by welding or clips and exposed welds ground smooth. Provide with no-sightline system, **as directed**. Exposed surfaces shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections.
 - a. Core Material: Manufacturer's standard sound-deadening honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in thickness required to provide finished thickness of 1 inch (25 mm) for doors and panels and 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for pilasters.
 - b. Grab-Bar Reinforcement: Provide concealed internal reinforcement for grab bars mounted on units.
 - c. Tapping Reinforcement: Provide concealed reinforcement for tapping (threading) at locations where machine screws are used for attaching items to units.
5. Urinal-Screen Construction:
 - a. Flat-Panel Urinal Screen: Matching panel construction.
 - b. Integral-Flange, Wall-Hung Urinal Screen: Similar to panel construction, with integral full-height flanges for wall attachment, and maximum 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick.
 - c. Wedge-Shaped, Wall-Hung Urinal Screen: Similar to panels, V-shaped, fabricated for concealed wall attachment, and maximum 6 inches (152 mm) wide at wall and minimum 1 inch (25 mm) wide at protruding end.
6. Facing Sheets and Closures: Electrolytically coated steel **OR** Hot-dip galvanized-steel **OR** Electrolytically coated or hot-dip galvanized-steel, **as directed**, sheet with nominal base-metal (uncoated) thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Pilasters, Braced at Both Ends (for overhead-braced and floor-and-ceiling-anchored mounting styles): Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.036 inch (0.91 mm).
 - b. Pilasters, Unbraced at One End (for floor-anchored and ceiling-hung mounting styles): Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.048 inch (1.21 mm).
 - c. Panels: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.036 inch (0.91 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Doors: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch (0.76 mm).
 - e. Flat-Panel Urinal Screens: Thickness matching the panels.
 - f. Integral-Flange, Wall-Hung Urinal Screens (for government-style metal screens): Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch (0.76 mm).
 - g. Wedge-Shaped, Wall-Hung Urinal Screens: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.036 inch (0.91 mm).

7. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
 8. Urinal-Screen Post (for floor-anchored, overhead-braced, and post-to-ceiling urinal screens): Manufacturer's standard post design of material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters **OR** 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) square, aluminum tube with satin finish, **as directed**; with shoe and sleeve (cap), **as directed**, matching that on the pilaster.
 9. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; chrome-plated zamac **OR** clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
 10. Steel-Sheet Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard baked-on finish, including thermosetting, electrostatically applied, and powder coatings. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking. Apply one color **OR** two colors, **as directed**, in each room.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Stainless-Steel Units
1. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
 2. Entrance-Screen Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
 3. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung flat panel **OR** Wall hung with integral flanges **OR** Wall hung, wedge shaped **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Overhead braced **OR** Post to ceiling, **as directed**.
 4. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction: Seamless, metal facing sheets pressure laminated to core material; with continuous, interlocking molding strip or lapped-and-formed edge closures; corners secured by welding or clips and exposed welds ground smooth. Provide with no-sightline system, **as directed**. Exposed surfaces shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections.
 - a. Core Material: Manufacturer's standard sound-deadening honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in thickness required to provide finished thickness of 1 inch (25 mm) for doors and panels and 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for pilasters.
 - b. Grab-Bar Reinforcement: Provide concealed internal reinforcement for grab bars mounted on units.
 - c. Tapping Reinforcement: Provide concealed reinforcement for tapping (threading) at locations where machine screws are used for attaching items to units.
 5. Urinal-Screen Construction:
 - a. Flat-Panel Urinal Screen: Matching panel construction.
 - b. Integral-Flange, Wall-Hung Urinal Screen (for government-style metal screens): Similar to panel construction, with integral full-height flanges for wall attachment, and maximum 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick.
 - c. Wedge-Shaped, Wall-Hung Urinal Screen: Similar to panels, V-shaped, fabricated for concealed wall attachment, and maximum 6 inches (152 mm) wide at wall and minimum 1 inch (25 mm) wide at protruding end.
 6. Facing Sheets and Closures: Stainless-steel sheet of nominal thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Pilasters, Braced at Both Ends (for overhead-braced and floor-and-ceiling-anchored mounting styles): Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.038 inch (0.95 mm).
 - b. Pilasters, Unbraced at One End (for floor-anchored and ceiling-hung mounting styles: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.050 inch (1.27 mm).
 - c. Panels: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.031 inch (0.79 mm) **OR** 0.038 inch (0.95 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Doors: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.031 inch (0.79 mm).
 - e. Flat-Panel Urinal Screens: Thickness matching the panels.
 - f. Integral-Flange, Wall-Hung Urinal Screens (for government-style metal screens: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.031 inch (0.79 mm).
 - g. Wedge-Shaped, Wall-Hung Urinal Screens: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.038 inch (0.95 mm).

7. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
8. Urinal-Screen Post (for floor-anchored, overhead-braced, and post-to-ceiling urinal screens): Manufacturer's standard post design of material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters **OR** 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) square, aluminum tube with satin finish, **as directed**; with shoe and sleeve (cap) matching that on the pilaster.
9. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; chrome-plated zamac **OR** clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
10. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 4 bright, directional polish **OR** Manufacturer's standard textured finish, **as directed**, on exposed faces. Protect exposed surfaces from damage by application of strippable, temporary protective covering before shipment.

D. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Units

1. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
2. Entrance-Screen Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
3. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Overhead braced **OR** Post to ceiling, **as directed**.
4. Door, Panel, Screen, and Pilaster Construction: One-piece, plastic-laminate facing sheets pressure laminated to core material without splices or joints in facings or cores; with laminate **OR** stainless-steel edge trim 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) thick, **as directed**, applied to edges before faces to seal edges and prevent laminate from being pried loose. Seal exposed core material at cutouts to protect core from moisture. Provide with no-sightline system, **as directed**.
 - a. Core Material: Particleboard.
 - b. Doors and Panels: Finished to not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm), **as directed**, thick.
 - c. Pilasters: Provide construction to comply with one of the following, **as directed**:
 - 1) Finished to not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick and with internal, nominal 0.134-inch- (3.42-mm-) thick, steel-sheet reinforcement, **as directed**.
 - 2) Finished to 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick and with manufacturer's standard steel-sheet core laminated to both sides of honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in lieu of particleboard core.
 - 3) Finished to not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick and with internal, nominal 0.120-inch- (3.04-mm-) thick, steel-sheet reinforcement.
5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Formed from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
6. Urinal-Screen Post (for floor-anchored, overhead-braced, and post-to-ceiling urinal screens): Manufacturer's standard post design of material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters **OR** 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) square, aluminum tube with satin finish **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) square, stainless-steel tube 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) thick with satin finish, **as directed**; with shoe and sleeve (cap) matching that on the pilaster.
7. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets, chrome-plated zamac **OR** clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
8. Plastic-Laminate Finish: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room.
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

E. Phenolic-Core Units

1. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.

2. Entrance-Screen Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
3. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Overhead braced **OR** Post to ceiling, **as directed**.
4. Door, Panel, Screen, and Pilaster Construction: Solid phenolic-core panel material with melamine facing on both sides fused to substrate during panel manufacture (not separately laminated), and with eased and polished edges and no-sightline system, **as directed**. Provide minimum 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) thick doors and pilasters and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick panels.
5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Fabricated from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
6. Urinal-Screen Post (for floor-anchored, overhead-braced, and post-to-ceiling urinal screens): Manufacturer's standard post design of monolithic phenolic urinal screen cut out at bottom to form a post **OR** material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters **OR** 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) square, aluminum tube with satin finish, **as directed**; with shoe and sleeve (cap) matching that on the pilaster.
7. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets, chrome-plated zamac **OR** clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
8. Phenolic-Panel Finish:
 - a. Facing Sheet Finish: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room.
 - b. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range, with manufacturer's standard dark color core **OR** through-color core matching face sheet, **as directed**.

F. Solid-Polymer Units

1. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
2. Entrance-Screen Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Ceiling hung **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
3. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung **OR** Floor anchored **OR** Overhead braced **OR** Post to ceiling, **as directed**.
4. Door, Panel, Screen, and Pilaster Construction: Solid, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) **OR** polypropylene (PP), **as directed**, panel material, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick, seamless, with eased edges, no-sightline system, **as directed**, and with homogenous color and pattern throughout thickness of material.
 - a. Integral Hinges: Configure doors and pilasters to receive integral hinges.
 - b. Heat-Sink Strip: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, strip fastened to exposed bottom edges of solid-polymer components to prevent burning.
 - c. Color and Pattern: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Manufacturer's standard design; polymer **OR** stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - a. Polymer Color and Pattern: Matching pilaster **OR** Contrasting with pilaster, as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Contrasting with pilaster, as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
6. Urinal-Screen Post (for floor-anchored, overhead-braced, and post-to-ceiling urinal screens): Manufacturer's standard post design of material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters **OR** 1-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) square, aluminum tube with satin finish, **as directed**; with shoe and sleeve (cap) matching that on the pilaster.
7. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets, chrome-plated zamac **OR** clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.

- b. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; polymer or extruded aluminum **OR** polymer **OR** extruded aluminum **OR** stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Polymer Color and Pattern: Matching panel **OR** Contrasting with panel, as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Contrasting with panel, as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- 8. Overhead Cross Bracing for Ceiling-Hung Units: As recommended by manufacturer and fabricated from solid polymer.

G. Accessories

- 1. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design, heavy-duty operating hardware and accessories.
 - a. Material: Chrome-plated zamac **OR** Clear-anodized aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard paired, self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees **OR** continuous, cam type that swings to a closed or partially open position **OR** continuous, spring-loaded type **OR** integral hinge for solid-polymer doors, **as directed**.
 - c. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard recessed **OR** surface-mounted, **as directed**, latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible.
 - d. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's standard combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
 - e. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors and entrance-screen doors, **as directed**.
 - f. Door Pull: Manufacturer's standard unit at out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible.
- 2. Overhead Bracing (for overhead-braced units): Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail with antigrip profile and in manufacturer's standard finish.
- 3. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel or chrome-plated steel or brass, finished to match the items they are securing, with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless steel, hot-dip galvanized steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel.

H. Fabrication

- 1. Overhead-Braced Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant supports, leveling mechanism, and anchors at pilasters to suit floor conditions. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal supports and leveling mechanism.
- 2. Floor-Anchored Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.
- 3. Ceiling-Hung Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for connection to structural support above finished ceiling. Provide assemblies that support pilasters from structure without transmitting load to finished ceiling. Provide sleeves (caps) at tops of pilasters to conceal anchorage.
- 4. Floor-and-Ceiling-Anchored Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment at tops and bottoms of pilasters. Provide shoes and sleeves (caps) at pilasters to conceal anchorage.
- 5. Urinal-Screen Posts: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment at tops and bottoms, **as directed**, of posts. Provide shoes and sleeves (caps) at posts to conceal anchorage.
- 6. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- (610-mm-) wide, in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- (914-mm-) wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch- (813-mm-) wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
 - a. Maximum Clearances:
 - 1) Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - 2) Panels and Walls: 1 inch (25 mm).
 - b. Stirrup Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with no fewer than two brackets attached **OR** three brackets attached at midpoint and, **as directed**, near top and bottom of panel.
 - 1) Locate wall brackets so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
 - 2) Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.
2. Overhead-Braced Units: Secure pilasters to floor and level, plumb, and tighten. Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Secure continuous head rail to each pilaster with no fewer than two fasteners. Hang doors to align tops of doors with tops of panels, and adjust so tops of doors are parallel with overhead brace when doors are in closed position.
3. Floor-Anchored Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches (51 mm) into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb, and tighten pilasters. Hang doors and adjust so tops of doors are level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
4. Ceiling-Hung Units: Secure pilasters to supporting structure and level, plumb, and tighten. Hang doors and adjust so bottoms of doors are level with bottoms of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
5. Floor-and-Ceiling-Anchored Units: Secure pilasters to supporting construction and level, plumb, and tighten. Hang doors and adjust so doors are level and aligned with panels when doors are in closed position.
6. Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb, rigid, and secured to resist lateral impact.

B. Adjusting

1. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors and doors in entrance screens to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10 21 13 13

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 21 13 13	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
10 21 13 14	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
10 21 13 14	10 21 13 13	Toilet Compartments
10 21 13 16	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
10 21 13 16	10 21 13 13	Toilet Compartments

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SECTION 10 21 13 19 - SOLID SURFACE MATERIAL TOILET COMPARTMENTS**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work:**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for solid surface material toilet compartments. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
2. Samples:
 - a. Panel: 1'-0" by 1'-0" panel showing construction with two sides and two edges, including one finished corner condition.
 - b. Hardware: Actual hardware item
3. Manufacturer's installation and maintenance instructions.

C. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Solid surface material compartment manufacturer's three year warranty against defects in fabricated products. Provide for product replacement only; labor not included. Damage caused by physical or chemical abuse is not warranted.

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Manufactured Units**

1. Product standard of quality: E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company, Inc.; Privacy Partitions.

B. Types:

1. Floor supported, overhead braced compartments.
2. Wall hung urinal screens.

C. Materials:

1. Partitions, panels, headrails, and doors:
 - a. Material: E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company, Inc.; Corian, or approved equivalent.
 - b. Characteristics:
 - 1) Material type: Homogeneous filled methyl methacrylate sheet, not coated.
 - 2) Meet ANSI Z124.3 and 6, Type Six.
 - 3) Thickness: 1/2".
 - a) Partition panels and doors: 1/2".
 - b) Urinal screen panels: 1/2".
 - c. Colors: Selected from manufacturer's color selection.
 - d. Finish: Matte.
2. Pilasters, hardware, and fittings: Note requirements in FABRICATION Article for hardware concealment.
 - a. Pilaster material: Same material as panels; 1" thickness.
 - b. Acceptable hardware manufacturer: Jack Knob Hardware, or approved equivalent.
 - c. Hinges:
 - 1) ANSI Type 304 stainless steel; surface mounted; self closing pivot hinge type, two per door; matt finish.
 - 2) Type: Adjustable to return door by gravity to preset position when not latched.
 - d. Wall brackets:
 - 1) Material: ASTM B209-90, extruded aluminum alloy 6463-T5, mill finish, full length continuous wall brackets; extrusion weighing not less than 1.685 lbs. per LF.

- 2) Predrill by manufacturer; holes spaced 6" along full bracket length; tamper resistant bolt attachment.
- e. Pilaster hanger:
 - 1) Manufacturer's standard galvanized anchorage device for attachment of pilaster to structural support and for leveling compartment.
 - 2) Hanger consists of threaded rods, saddle, lock washers, and leveling nuts.
 - 3) Design pilaster hangers to transmit loads to above-ceiling support system, not finished ceiling.
- f. Pilaster base:
 - 1) Type: Manufacturer's standard galvanized anchorage devices for attachment of pilaster to supporting floor and for leveling of compartment. Base consists of threaded rods, saddle, lock washers, leveling nuts, and minimum of two brass or lead expansion shields per base.
 - 2) Anchor penetration: Penetrate floor at least 1" for overhead braced compartments.
- g. Latch and keeper: AISI Type 304 Type stainless steel; 360 deg. pivot on latch; ADA compatible; surface mounted.
- h. Door stop/bumper: AISI Type 304 Type stainless steel; surface mounted.
- i. Door pull: Same material as panels; meet ADA requirements on handicap stalls.
- j. Coat hook; one per unit: Same material as panels; surface mounted.
- k. Grab bar mounting plate: Same material as panels; recessed back; complete with "T" nuts and screws; one per each mounting location to divider panel.
- l. Headrail for overhead braced units: ASTM B209-90, 6063-T6 extruded aluminum, satin anodized finish.

D. Accessories:

1. Exposed fasteners: Stainless steel or chrome plated brass with theft resistant one-way heads,
2. Unexposed fasteners: Galvanized steel, hot-dip coated following fabrication.
3. Inserts for door hardware, hinges, latches, and coat hooks: Threaded steel.
4. Adhesives: Type recommended by panel material manufacturer for joints.
5. Silicone sealant: Specified in Joints Sealants Section.

E. Fabrication

1. Shop assembly:
 - a. Fabricate components in accord with manufacturers standards, without face or edge seams in solid plastic material; bevel exposed edges.
 - b. Factory install metal inserts into components for screw fastened hardware; fasteners secured directly into core are prohibited.
 - c. Pre-notch and predrill panels for hardware at factory. Exposed hardware in completed installation includes only the following items or portion of items:
 - 1) Door hinge barrel.
 - 2) Door latch and keeper.
 - 3) Door striker.
 - d. Cover hardware with 1/2" solid surfacing material strips, except as indicated above.
 - e. Secure templates and factory cut panels for installation of accessories furnished under other Sections.
 - f. Doors: Inswing and outswing type indicated.
 - g. Exposed surfaces free from marks and blemishes; completely hide through material joints.
2. Tolerances; variation in size: $\pm 1/8"$

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General:
 - a. Erect solid surface material compartment system plumb; attach to supporting structure indicated on reviewed shop drawings.

- b. Attach solid surface material compartment system to back-up construction; use fasteners indicated on reviewed shop drawings.
 - c. Secure solid surface material panels to walls with continuous mounting flanges.
 - d. Locate wall brackets aligning holes for fasteners with masonry or tile joints.
 - e. Floor supported, overhead braced compartments:
 - 1) Attach pilasters to supporting floor with pilaster base indicated on reviewed shop drawings.
 - 2) Level and plumb compartments. Tighten pilaster base fasteners.
 - 3) Secure pilaster shoes in position against finished floor.
 - 4) Secure headrail to panels with minimum of two fasteners per face. Provide cover plates for exposed ends.
 - 5) Set door tops parallel with headrail when doors are in closed position.
 - f. Wall hung screens:
 - 1) Attach screens to wall construction with brackets and fasteners, indicated on reviewed shop drawings.
 - 2) Position and level units. Tighten fasteners in place.
- B. Application
- 1. Tolerances:
 - a. Between panel and pilaster: 1/2", except where concealed fasteners are used.
 - b. Between door edge and pilaster: 1/4"
 - c. Between panel and wall: 1".
 - 2. Conceal evidence of drilling, cutting, and fitting to room finishes.
- C. Adjustment And Cleaning
- 1. Adjustment:
 - a. Lubricate and adjust hardware. Tighten fasteners.
 - b. Set hinges on in-swing doors to hold doors open approximately 15 deg. from closed position when unlatched.
 - c. Set hinges on out-swing doors to return to closed position.
 - 2. Cleaning:
 - a. Remove protective coverings from compartments and hardware.
 - b. Clean exposed surfaces of compartments and hardware using materials and methods recommended by solid surface material compartment system manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 10 21 13 19

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 21 13 19	10 21 13 13	Toilet Compartments
10 21 13 43	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
10 21 13 43	10 21 13 13	Toilet Compartments

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SECTION 10 21 16 17 - SHOWER AND DRESSING COMPARTMENTS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for shower and dressing compartments. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Shower compartments fabricated from steel, stainless steel, solid phenolic, or solid polymer.
 - b. Dressing compartments fabricated from steel, stainless steel, solid phenolic, solid polymer, or plastic laminate.
 - c. Shower receptors.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For particleboard, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: For shower and dressing compartments. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted accessories.
 - b. Show locations of reinforcements for compartment-mounted grab bars.
 - c. Show locations of centerlines of drains.
 - d. Show ceiling grid and overhead support or bracing locations.
4. Samples: For the following products, in manufacturer's standard sizes unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Each type of material, color, and finish required for compartments, prepared on 6-inch- (152-mm-) square Samples of same thickness and material indicated for the Work.
 - b. Each type of hardware and accessory.
 - c. Curtain Fabric: 12-inch- (305-mm-) square swatch or larger as required to show complete pattern repeat, from dye lot used for the Work, with specified treatments applied. Mark top and face of material.
5. Product Certificates: For each type of shower and dressing compartment, from manufacturer.
6. Maintenance Data: For shower and dressing compartments to include in maintenance manuals.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, or another standard acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 **OR** 75 **OR** 200, **as directed**, or less.
 - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
2. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1 for shower and dressing compartments designated as accessible.

E. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with shower and dressing compartments by field measurements before fabrication.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M.
2. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
3. Brass Castings: ASTM B 584.
4. Brass Extrusions: ASTM B 455.
5. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, either hot-dip galvanized or galvanized; mill phosphatized and selected for smoothness.
6. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
7. Stainless-Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.
8. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2 with 45-lb (20.4-kg) density, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
9. Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3, general-purpose HGS grade, 0.048-inch (1.2-mm) nominal thickness.

B. Steel Compartments

1. Configuration: Shower compartment **OR** Shower and dressing compartments **OR** Shower compartment with two dressing compartments **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
2. Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
3. Panel and Pilaster Construction: Seamless metal facing sheets, pressure laminated to core material; with continuous, interlocking molding strip or lapped-and-formed edge closures and with corners secured by welding or clips and exposed welds ground smooth. Exposed surfaces shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections.
 - a. Core Material: Manufacturer's standard, sound-deadening honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in thickness required to provide finished thickness of 1 inch (25 mm) for panels and 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for pilasters.
 - b. Grab-Bar Reinforcement: Provide concealed internal reinforcement for grab bars mounted on compartments.
 - c. Tapping Reinforcement: Provide concealed reinforcement for tapping (threading) at locations where machine screws are used for attaching items to compartments.
4. Door Construction: Match panels; 1-inch (25-mm) finished thickness.
5. Facing Sheets and Closures: Hot-dip galvanized-steel sheet with nominal base-metal (uncoated) thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Pilasters, Braced at Both Ends: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.036 inch (0.91 mm).
 - b. Panels: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) **OR** 0.036 inch (0.91 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Doors: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch (0.76 mm).
6. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Formed from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
7. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; clear-anodized aluminum.
 - b. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Dressing-Compartment Brackets: Match toilet-compartment brackets specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments".
8. Steel-Sheet Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard baked-on finish, including thermosetting, electrostatically applied, and powder coatings. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking. Apply one color **OR** two colors, **as directed**, in each room.

- a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match steel toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**.

C. Stainless-Steel Compartments

- 1. Configuration: Shower compartment **OR** Shower and dressing compartments **OR** Shower compartment with two dressing compartments **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
- 2. Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
- 3. Panel and Pilaster Construction: Seamless metal facing sheets, pressure laminated to core material; with continuous, interlocking molding strip or lapped-and-formed edge closures and with corners secured by welding or clips and exposed welds ground smooth. Exposed surfaces shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections.
 - a. Core Material: Manufacturer's standard, sound-deadening honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in thickness required to provide finished thickness of 1 inch (25 mm) for panels and 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for pilasters.
 - b. Grab-Bar Reinforcement: Provide concealed internal reinforcement for grab bars mounted on compartments.
 - c. Tapping Reinforcement: Provide concealed reinforcement for tapping (threading) at locations where machine screws are used for attaching items to compartments.
- 4. Door Construction: Match panels; 1-inch (25-mm) finished thickness.
- 5. Facing Sheets and Closures: Stainless-steel sheet of nominal thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Pilasters, Braced at Both Ends: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.038 inch (0.95 mm).
 - b. Panels: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.031 inch (0.79 mm) **OR** 0.038 inch (0.95 mm), **as directed**.
- 6. Doors: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.031 inch (0.79 mm).
- 7. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Formed from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
- 8. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; clear-anodized aluminum.
 - b. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Dressing-Compartment Brackets: Match toilet-compartment brackets specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments".
- 9. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 4, bright, directional polish **OR** Manufacturer's standard textured finish **OR** Match stainless-steel toilet-compartment finish, specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**, on exposed faces. Protect exposed surfaces from damage by applying strippable, temporary protective covering before shipment.

D. Phenolic-Core Compartments

- 1. Configuration: Shower compartment **OR** Shower and dressing compartments **OR** Shower compartment with two dressing compartments **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
- 2. Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
- 3. Panel and Pilaster Construction: Solid phenolic material consisting of solid phenolic-core panel with melamine facing on both sides fused to substrate during panel manufacture (not separately laminated) and with eased and polished edges. Provide minimum 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) thick pilasters and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick panels.
- 4. Door Construction: Match panels; 3/4-inch (19-mm) minimum thickness.
- 5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Formed from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
- 6. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; clear-anodized aluminum.
 - b. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Dressing-Compartment Brackets: Match toilet-compartment brackets specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments".
- 7. Phenolic-Core-Panel Finish:

- a. Facing Sheet Finish: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room.
 - b. Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations, **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **OR** Match phenolic-core toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**, with manufacturer's standard dark-color core **OR** through-color core matching face sheet, **as directed**.
- E. Solid-Polymer Compartments
1. Configuration: Shower compartment **OR** Shower and dressing compartments **OR** Shower compartment with two dressing compartments **OR** As shown on Drawings, **as directed**.
 2. Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
 3. Panel and Pilaster Construction: Solid HDPE panel material, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick, seamless, with eased edges and with homogenous color and pattern throughout thickness of material.
 - a. Integral Hinges: Configure doors and pilasters to receive integral hinges.
 - b. Heat-Sink Strip: Manufacturer's standard, continuous, clear-anodized extruded-aluminum or stainless-steel strip fastened to exposed bottom edges of solid-polymer components to prevent burning.
 - c. Color and Pattern: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room; as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** match solid-polymer toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**.
 4. Door Construction: Match panels.
 5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Manufacturer's standard design; polymer or stainless steel.
 - a. Polymer Color and Pattern: Match pilaster **OR** Contrast with pilaster, as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Contrast with pilaster, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match solid-polymer toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**.
 6. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; polymer or clear-anodized extruded aluminum **OR** polymer **OR** clear-anodized extruded aluminum, **as directed**.
 - 1) Polymer Color and Pattern: Match panel **OR** Contrast with panel, as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Contrast with panel, as selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match solid-polymer toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**.
 - b. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Dressing-Compartment Brackets: Match toilet-compartment brackets specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments".
- F. Plastic-Laminate-Faced Dressing Compartments
1. Configuration: Dressing compartment attached to steel **OR** stainless-steel **OR** phenolic-core **OR** solid-polymer, **as directed**, shower compartment as shown on Drawings.
 2. Enclosure Style: Overhead braced **OR** Floor and ceiling anchored, **as directed**.
 3. Panel and Pilaster Construction: One-piece, plastic-laminate facing sheets pressure laminated to core material without splices or joints in facings or cores; with laminate **OR** stainless-steel edge trim 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) thick, **as directed**, applied to edges before faces to seal edges and prevent laminate from being pried loose. Seal exposed core material at cutouts to protect core from moisture.
 - a. Core Material: Particleboard.
 - b. Panels: Finished to not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick.
 - c. Pilasters: Comply with one of the following:
 - 1) Finished to not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick and with internal, nominal 0.134-inch- (3.42-mm-) thick, steel-sheet reinforcement.
OR
Finished to not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick and with internal, nominal 0.120-inch- (3.04-mm-) thick, steel-sheet reinforcement.

4. Door Construction: Match panels.
5. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Formed from stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 3 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
6. Brackets (Fittings):
 - a. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; clear-anodized aluminum.
 - b. Stirrup Type: Ear or U-brackets; clear-anodized aluminum **OR** stainless steel **OR** chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
7. Plastic-Laminate Finish: One color and pattern **OR** Two colors and patterns, **as directed**, in each room.
 - a. Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match toilet compartments specified in Division 10 Section "Toilet Compartments", **as directed**.

G. Shower Receptors

1. General: Manufacturer's standard, prefabricated, terrazzo receptor complete with integral drain.
 - a. Curb: Not less than 2 inches (51 mm) and not more than 9 inches (229 mm) deep when measured from the top of the curb to the top of the drain; with curb threshold not less than 1 inch (25 mm) below the sides and back of the receptor; and with a ramped entrance surface for accessible compartments, **as directed**.
 - b. Floor: Finished, sloping uniformly toward the drain and not less than 1/4 unit vertical in 12 units horizontal and not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - c. Drain Strainer: Manufacturer's standard, removable brass strainer **OR** chrome strainer **OR** stainless-steel strainer **OR** plastic strainer, matching the receptor, **as directed**.
 - d. Drain Gasket: Manufacturer's standard gasket sized to fit waste pipe.
 - e. Waterstop: Manufacturer's standard, continuous galvanized-steel flange or rabbeted groove to receive panels and create a waterstop when panels are in place.
2. Finish: Manufacturer's standard finish on exposed surfaces, matching the enclosure panels **OR** contrasting with the enclosure panels, as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** contrasting with the enclosure panels, as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, and with slip-resistant floor surface texture.

H. Accessories

1. Door Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design, heavy-duty, operating hardware and accessories.
 - a. Material: Clear-anodized aluminum **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Chrome-plated brass, **as directed**.
 - b. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, paired, self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees **OR** continuous, cam type that swings to a closed or partially open position **OR** continuous, spring-loaded type **OR** integral hinge for solid-polymer doors, **as directed**.
 - c. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard, recessed **OR** surface-mounted, **as directed**, latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at each compartment, accessible or not **OR** at compartments designated as accessible, **as directed**.
 - d. Clothing Hooks: Manufacturer's standard clothing hooks in each dressing compartment; include one combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper at in-swinging doors, sized to prevent door from hitting wall panel or compartment-mounted accessories, **as directed**.
 - e. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard, rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.
 - f. Door Pull: Manufacturer's standard unit at out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible.
2. Overhead Bracing: Manufacturer's standard, continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail or cap with antigrip profile; in manufacturer's standard finish.
3. Head Rail with Hooks: Manufacturer's standard, continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail or cap with curtain hooks running in concealed track; with antigrip profile; in manufacturer's standard finish.

OR

Curtain Rod with Hooks: Manufacturer's standard, 1-inch- (25-mm-) diameter, stainless-steel curtain rod with matching hooks.

4. Curtain: Flame-resistant, polyester-reinforced vinyl fabric **OR** manufacturer's standard fabric, **as directed**, that is stain resistant, self-sanitizing, antistatic, and antimicrobial; launderable to a temperature of not less than 90 deg F (32 deg C).
 - a. Flame Resistance: Passes NFPA 701 tests when tested by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. Labeling: Identify fabrics with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - c. Curtain Grommets: Two-piece, rolled-edge, rustproof, nickel-plated brass; spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.; machined into top hem.
 - d. Length: Where curtain extends to a floor surface, size so that bottom hem clears finished floor by not more than 1 inch (25 mm) and not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) above floor surface. Where curtains extend to a shower-receptor curb, size so that bottom hem hangs above curb line and clears curb line by not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - e. Color and Pattern: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
5. Soap Holder: Surface-mounted **OR** Recessed, **as directed**, seamless stainless-steel soap dish.
6. Seats: Manufacturer's standard, panel-mounted, wall-mounted or floor-mounted benches.
 - a. Material: Wood **OR** Solid phenolic **OR** Molded plastic **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - b. Operation: Fixed **OR** Folding, **as directed**.
 - c. Finish: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Match enclosure panels, **as directed**.
7. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard, exposed fasteners of stainless steel, chrome-plated steel, or solid brass, finished to match the items they are securing; with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless steel, hot-dip galvanized steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel.

I. Fabrication

1. Overhead-Braced Compartments: Provide manufacturer's standard, corrosion-resistant supports, leveling method, and anchors at pilasters and walls to suit floor and wall conditions. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal supports and leveling method.
2. Floor-and-Ceiling-Anchored Compartments: Provide manufacturer's standard, corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies at pilasters and walls with leveling adjustment at tops and bottoms of pilasters. Provide shoes and sleeves (caps) at pilasters to conceal anchorage.
3. Door Sizes and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- (610-mm-) wide, in-swinging doors for standard shower and dressing compartments, and 36-inch- (914-mm-) wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch- (813-mm-) wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install compartments rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure compartments in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
 - a. Maximum Clearances for Dressing Compartment:
 - 1) Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - 2) Panels and Walls: 1 inch (25 mm).
 - b. Stirrup Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with no fewer than two brackets attached **OR** three brackets attached at midpoint and, **as directed**, near top and bottom of panel.
 - 1) Locate wall brackets so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
 - 2) Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.

2. Overhead-Braced Compartments: Secure pilasters to floor, and level, plumb, and tighten. Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Secure continuous head rail to each pilaster with no fewer than two fasteners. Hang doors to align tops of doors with tops of panels, and adjust so tops of doors are parallel with overhead brace when doors are in closed position, **as directed**.
3. Floor-and-Ceiling-Anchored Compartments: Secure pilasters to supporting construction, and level, plumb, and tighten. Hang doors and adjust so doors are level and aligned with panels when doors are in closed position, **as directed**.
4. Curtains: Install curtains to specified length and verify that they hang vertically without stress points or diagonal folds.
5. Shower Receptors: Install prefabricated shower receptors with drain gasket compression fit to outside diameter of waste pipe.

B. Adjusting

1. Curtain Adjustment: After hanging curtains, test and adjust each track or rod to produce unencumbered, smooth operation. Steam and dress down curtains as required to produce crease- and wrinkle-free installation. Remove and replace curtains that are stained or soiled or that have stress points or diagonal folds.
2. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10 21 16 17

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SECTION 10 21 16 17a - CUBICLE CURTAINS AND TRACKS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for cubicle curtains and tracks. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Curtain tracks and curtain carriers.
 - b. IV tracks and hangers.
 - c. Cubicle, dressing area, tub, and shower curtains.

C. Definition

1. IV: Intravenous.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Curtains: Provide curtain fabrics with the following characteristics:
 - a. Fabrics are launderable to a temperature of not less than 160 deg F (71 deg C) **OR** 90 deg F (32 deg C), **as directed**.
 - b. Fabrics are flame resistant and are identical to those that have passed NFPA 701 when tested by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1) Identify fabrics with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: Include durability, laundry temperature limits, fade resistance, and fire-test-response characteristics for each type of curtain fabric indicated.
 - a. Include data on each type of applied curtain treatment.
2. Shop Drawings: Show layout and types of cubicles, sizes of curtains, number of carriers, anchorage details, and conditions requiring accessories. Indicate dimensions taken from field measurements.
 - a. Include details on blocking above ceiling and in walls.
3. Samples: For each type of product required.
4. Curtain and Track Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Operation and Maintenance Data.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Curtain Tracks

1. Extruded-Aluminum Track: Not less than 1-1/4 inches wide by 3/4 inch high (32 mm wide by 19 mm high) **OR** 5/8 inch wide by 1/2 inch high (16 mm wide by 13 mm high), **as directed**; with minimum wall thickness of 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) **OR** 0.058 inch (1.47 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.57 mm), **as directed**.
 - a. Curved Track: Factory-fabricated, 12-inch- (305-mm-) **OR** 14-inch- (356-mm-) **OR** 18-inch- (457-mm-), **as directed**, radius bends.
 - b. Finish: Clear anodized **OR** Satin anodized **OR** Baked enamel, acrylic, or epoxy, **as directed**.
2. PVC Track: Not less than 1-1/4 inches wide by 15/16 inch high (32 mm wide by 24 mm high).
 - a. Curved Track: Factory-fabricated, 12-inch- (305-mm-) radius bends.

3. Track Accessories: Fabricate splices, end caps, connectors, end stops, coupling and joining sleeves, wall flanges, brackets, ceiling clips, and other accessories from same material and with same finish as track.
 - a. Suspended Track Support: Not less than 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) square **OR** 7/8-inch- (22.2-mm-) OD, **as directed**, tube.
 - b. End Stop: Nonremovable **OR** Removable with carrier hook, **as directed**.
 - c. Switch Unit: Shuttle and coupling device for rerouting and securing cubicle curtain, with pull chain for switching track.
 - d. Hinged Loading Unit: Detachable hinge and lock unit factory assembled on 60-inch (1524-mm) section of manufacturer's extruded-aluminum track. Provide 1 operating wand for every 10 cubicles.
 4. Curtain Carriers: Two nylon rollers and nylon axle with chrome-plated steel **OR** nylon **OR** aluminum, **as directed**, hook.
 5. Curtain Carriers: One-piece nylon glide with chrome-plated steel **OR** nylon, **as directed**, hook.
 6. Breakaway Curtain Carriers: One-piece nylon **OR** Velcro, **as directed**, breakaway curtain carriers designed to allow curtains to detach from tracks with a pulling force of no more than 5 lbf (22.2 N).
 7. Exposed Fasteners: Stainless steel.
 8. Concealed Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
- B. IV Support Systems
1. Extruded-Aluminum IV Track: Not less than 1-1/4 inches wide by 3/4 inch high (32 mm wide by 19 mm high); with minimum wall thickness of 0.058 inch (1.47 mm) **OR** 0.062 inch (1.57 mm), **as directed**.
 - a. Curved Track: Factory fabricated 12-inch- (305-mm-) **OR** 14-inch- (356-mm-) **OR** 18-inch- (457-mm-), **as directed**, radius bends.
 - b. Finish: Clear anodized **OR** Satin anodized **OR** Baked enamel, acrylic, or epoxy, **as directed**.
 2. IV Carriers: Four nylon rollers and nylon **OR** steel or stainless-steel, **as directed**, axles, with ball bearings, **as directed**, with hanger loop fabricated from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter stainless steel.
 3. Stationary IV Hangers: 24-inch (610-mm) **OR** 30-inch (762-mm) **OR** 36-inch (914-mm) **OR** 42-inch (1067-mm) **OR** 48-inch (1219-mm), **as directed**, overall height with stainless-steel shaft; with 4 **OR** 8, **as directed**, folding **OR** nonfolding, **as directed**, 1/4-inch (6-mm) stainless-steel arms with loops, a stainless-steel bottom loop, and a stainless-steel top loop to attach to carrier.
 - a. Top Loop: Coated for nonconductivity **OR** Uncoated, **as directed**.
 4. Telescoping IV Hangers: 28-inch (711-mm) **OR** 39-inch (991-mm) **OR** 45-inch (1143-mm) **OR** 51-inch (1295-mm) **OR** 57-inch (1448-mm), **as directed**, overall height with a 3/4-inch (19-mm) stainless-steel main shaft and a 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) stainless-steel inner shaft, minimum vertical adjustment of 16 inches (406 mm); with 4 **OR** 8, **as directed**, folding **OR** nonfolding, **as directed**, 1/4-inch (6-mm) stainless-steel arms with loops and a stainless-steel top loop to attach to carrier.
 - a. Top Loop: Coated for nonconductivity **OR** Uncoated, **as directed**.
 - b. Adjustment Control: Push button **OR** Release ring, **as directed**.
- C. Curtains
1. Cubicle Curtain and Dressing Area Fabric: Curtain manufacturer's standard, 100 percent polyester, inherently and permanently flame resistant, stain resistant, and antimicrobial.
 - a. Pattern: **<Insert manufacturer's style name.>**
 - b. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 2. Shower and Tub Curtain Fabric: Curtain manufacturer's standard. Polyester-reinforced vinyl fabric; flame resistant, stain resistant, and antimicrobial.
 - a. Pattern: **<Insert manufacturer's style name.>**
 - b. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 3. Curtain Grommets: Two-piece, rolled-edge, rustproof, nickel-plated brass; spaced not more than 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.; machined into top hem.
 4. Mesh Top: No. 50 **OR** 40 **OR** 42, **as directed**, nylon mesh.

5. Beaded-Chain Curtain Drop: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 9 inches (229 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 15 inches (381 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, long; nickel-plated steel, with aluminum hook.
6. PVC-Strip Curtain Drop: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, long, with chrome-plated steel hook.
 - a. Curtain Movers: In-line hinged nylon spacers that connect to the top of PVC-strip curtain drops to provide tangle-free operation.
7. Curtain Tieback: Nickel-plated brass chain; one at each curtain termination.

D. Curtain Fabrication

1. Fabricate curtains to comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Width: Equal to track length from which curtain is hung plus 10 percent added fullness, but not less than 12 inches (305 mm) added fullness.
 - b. Length: Equal to floor-to-ceiling height minus depth of track and carrier at top, and minus distance above the finished floor at bottom as follows:
OR
 Length: Equal to floor-to-ceiling height, with 20-inch (508-mm) mesh top, and minus distance above the finished floor at bottom as follows:
OR
 Length: Equal to floor-to-ceiling height minus 18 inches (457 mm) from finished ceiling at top, and minus distance above the finished floor at bottom as follows:
 - 1) Cubicle Curtains: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 15 inches (381 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Dressing Area Curtains: 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Tub Curtains: 6 inches (152 mm).
 - 4) Shower Curtains: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - c. Top Hem: Not less than 1 inch (25.4 mm) and not more than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide, triple thickness, reinforced with integral web, and double lock stitched.
 - d. Mesh Top: Top hem not less than 1 inch (25.4 mm) and not more than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide, triple thickness, reinforced with integral web, and double lock stitched. Double lock stitch bottom of mesh directly to 1/2-inch (13-mm) triple thickness, top hem of curtain fabric.
 - e. Bottom Hem: Not less than 1 inch (25.4 mm) and not more than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) wide, double thickness and single **OR** double thickness and double **OR** triple thickness, reinforced, and double, **as directed**, lock stitched.
 - f. Side Hems: Not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) and not more than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) wide, with double **OR** triple, **as directed**, turned edges, and single lock stitched.
2. Vertical Seams: Not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide, double turned and double stitched.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Install tracks level and plumb, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Up to 16 feet (4.9 m) **OR** 20 feet (6.0 m), **as directed**, in length, provide track fabricated from 1 continuous length.
 - a. Curtain Track Mounting: Surface **OR** Suspended **OR** Recessed **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. IV Track Mounting: Surface.
3. Surface Track Mounting: Fasten surface-mounted tracks at intervals of not less than 24 inches (610 mm). Fasten support at each splice and tangent point of each corner. Center fasteners in track to ensure unencumbered carrier operation. Attach track to ceiling as follows:
 - a. Mechanically fasten directly to bottom of concrete deck with post-installed anchors.
 - b. Mechanically fasten directly to finished ceiling with toggle bolts.
 - c. Mechanically fasten to furring through suspended ceiling with screw and tube spacer.
 - d. Mechanically fasten to suspended ceiling grid with screws.
 - e. Attach track to suspended ceiling grid with manufacturer's proprietary clip.

4. Suspended Track Mounting: Install track with suspended supports at intervals of not more than 48 inches (1219 mm). Fasten support at each splice and tangent point of each corner. Secure ends of track to wall with flanged fittings or brackets.
 5. Track Accessories: Install splices, end caps, connectors, end stops, coupling and joining sleeves, and other accessories as required for a secure and operational installation.
 - a. Provide one locking switch unit for each pair of beds.
 - b. Provide one hinged loading unit for each bed **OR** pair of beds with locking switch unit, **as directed**.
 6. IV Hangers: Unless otherwise indicated, install one IV hook on each IV track and hang one IV hanger.
 7. Curtain Carriers: Provide curtain carriers adequate for 6-inch (152-mm) spacing along full length of curtain plus an additional carrier.
 8. Curtains: Hang curtains on each curtain track. Secure with curtain tieback, **as directed**.
- B. Protection
1. Protect installed recessed track openings with nonresidue adhesive tape to prevent construction debris from impeding carrier operation. Remove tape prior to Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 10 21 16 17a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 21 16 17	10 21 13 13	Toilet Compartments

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SECTION 10 22 13 00 - WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for wire mesh partitions. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Standard-duty wire mesh partitions.
 - b. Heavy-duty wire mesh partitions.
 - c. Wire mesh ceilings.
 - d. Wire mesh storage lockers.
 - e. Wire mesh stairway partitions.
 - f. Wire mesh equipment barriers.

C. Definitions

1. As defined in ASTM E 2016:
 - a. Intermediate Crimp: Wires pass over one and under the next adjacent wire in both directions, with wires crimped before weaving and with extra crimps between the intersections.
 - b. Lock Crimp: Deep crimps at points of the intersection that lock wires securely in place.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design wire mesh units, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Structural Performance: Wire mesh units shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to SEI/ASCE 7.
3. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For wire mesh units indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
5. Maintenance data.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
2. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver wire mesh items with cardboard protectors on perimeters of panels and doors and with posts wrapped **OR** palleted **OR** crated, **as directed**, to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Use vented plastic.
2. Inventory wire mesh partition door hardware on receipt and provide secure lockup for wire mesh partition door hardware delivered to Project site.
 - a. Tag each item or package separately with identification and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.
3. Deliver keys to the Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Steel Wire: ASTM A 510 (ASTM A 510M).
2. Steel Plates, Channels, Angles, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
3. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
4. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40 unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads.
5. Square Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed structural-steel tubing.
6. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
7. Panel-to-Panel Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard steel bolts, nuts, and washers.
8. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: With capability to sustain, without failure, load imposed within factors of safety indicated, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - a. Carbon Steel: Zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition (mild).
 - b. Stainless Steel: ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2 (ASTM F 738M and ASTM F 836M, Alloy Group 1 or 4), for bolts and nuts; ASTM A 276 or ASTM A 666, Type 304 or 316, for anchors.
 - c. For Postinstalled Anchors in Concrete: Capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to four times the loads imposed.
 - d. For Postinstalled Anchors in Grouted Masonry Units: Capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the loads imposed.
9. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated and fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials; with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by wire mesh construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
10. Seismic Bracing: Angles with legs not less than 1-1/4 inch (32 mm) wide, formed from 0.04-inch- (1-mm-) thick, metallic-coated steel sheet; with bolted connections and 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolts.
11. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Division 07..
12. Universal Shop Primer: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer, complying with MPI#79.
 - a. Use primer containing pigments that make it easily distinguishable from zinc-rich primer.
13. Zinc-Rich Primer: Compatible with topcoat, complying with SSPC-Paint 20 or SSPC-Paint 29.
14. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.

B. Standard-Duty Wire Mesh Partitions

1. Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) diamond mesh.
2. Vertical Panel Framing: 1-1/4-by-5/8-by-0.097-inch (32-by-16-by-2.5-mm) cold-rolled, C-shaped steel channels with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) o.c. along center of framing.

3. Horizontal and Vertical Panel Framing: 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels.
4. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 2 cold-rolled steel channels, not less than 1 by 3/8 by 1/8 inch (25 by 9.5 by 3 mm), bolted or riveted toe to toe through mesh or 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels with wire woven through.
5. Top Capping Bars: 2-1/4-by-1-inch (57-by-25-mm) cold-rolled steel channels.
6. Posts for 90-Degree Corners: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angles with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing; with floor anchor clips.
7. Posts for Other-Than-90-Degree Corners: Manufacturer's standard steel pipe or tubing with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing.
 - a. Partitions up to 12 Feet (3.7 m) High: 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) OD.
 - b. Partitions up to 20 Feet (6.1 m) High: 2-1/2-inch (65-mm) OD.
8. Adjustable Corner Posts: 2, manufacturer's standard steel pipe or tubing posts connected by steel hinges at 36 inches (900 mm) o.c. attached to posts; with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing.
9. Line Posts: 3-inch-by-4.1-lb (76-mm-by-1.9-kg) or 3-1/2-by-1-1/4-by-0.127-inch (89-by-32-by-3.2-mm) steel channels; with 5-by-18-by-1/4-inch (125-by-450-by-6-mm) steel base plates punched for attachment to floor.
10. Three- and Four-Way Intersection Posts: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-inch (32-by-32-mm) tubular steel, with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligned for bolting to adjacent panels.
11. Floor Shoes: Steel, cast iron, or cast aluminum, not less than 2 inches (50 mm) high; sized to suit vertical framing, drilled for attachment to floor, and with set screws for leveling adjustment.
12. Swinging Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, sides, and with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
 - a. Hinges: Full-surface type, 3-by-3-inch (76-by-76-mm) steel, 1-1/2 pairs per door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
 - d. Inactive Leaf Hardware: Cane bolt at bottom and chain bolt at top.
13. Swinging Dutch Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, sides, and with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
 - a. Hinges: Full-surface type, 3-by-3-inch (76-by-76-mm) steel, 1 pair per section of door (top and bottom); bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside; mounted in lower section of door.
 - c. Bolt: Mounted in, securing upper section of door.
 - d. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet, 12 inches (300 mm) deep by full width of door; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; mounted on top of lower section of door and braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
14. Sliding Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 4 sides.
 - a. Hardware: Two, four-wheel roller-bearing carriers, box track, and bottom guide channel for each door.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
15. Vertically Sliding Service Windows: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as panels and equipped with spring catch **OR** slide bolts, **as directed**, on each jamb that locks window in open

and closed positions. Include opening frame in partition fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels.

- a. Size: 24 inches wide by 18 inches high (600 mm wide by 450 mm high) **as directed** As indicated, **as directed**.
- b. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
 - 1) Size: 24 inches wide by 12 inches deep (600 mm wide by 300 mm deep) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

16. Swinging Service Windows: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as panels and equipped with spring catch on strike jamb that locks window in closed position. Include opening frame in partition fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels.

- a. Size: 24 inches wide by 18 inches high (600 mm wide by 450 mm high) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- b. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
 - 1) Size: 24 inches wide by 12 inches deep (600 mm wide by 300 mm deep) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

17. Accessories:

- a. Sheet Metal Base: Not less than 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.
- b. Adjustable Filler Panels: Not less than 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; capable of filling openings from 2 to 12 inches (50 to 300 mm).
- c. Wall Clips: Manufacturer's standard, cold-rolled steel sheet; allowing up to 1 inch (25 mm) of adjustment, **as directed**.

18. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Hot-dip galvanized and shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop coat **OR** Baked-enamel finish **OR** Powder-coated finish, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.

- a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

C. Heavy-Duty Wire Mesh Partitions

1. Mesh: 0.192-inch- (4.8-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 2-inch (50-mm) diamond mesh.
2. Vertical and Horizontal Panel Framing: 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-0.097-inch (38-by-19-by-2.5-mm) cold-rolled, C-shaped steel channels; with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) o.c. along center of framing.
3. Vertical and Horizontal Panel Framing: 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/4-inch (38-by-19-by-6-mm) cold-rolled steel channels; with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) o.c. along center of framing. Provide vertical panel stiffeners in shapes and sizes as recommended by manufacturers.
4. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 2 cold-rolled steel channels, not less than 1 by 1/2 by 1/8 inch (25 by 13 by 3 mm), bolted or riveted toe to toe through mesh or 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels with wire woven through.
5. Top Capping Bars: 3-inch-by-4.1-lb (76-mm-by-1.9-kg) hot-rolled steel channels.
6. Posts for 90-Degree Corners: 2-by-2-by-1/8-inch (50-by-50-by-3-mm) steel angles with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing; with floor anchor clips.
7. Posts for Other-Than-90-Degree Corners: Manufacturer's standard steel 2-inch- (50-mm) OD pipe or tubing with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing.
8. Adjustable Corner Posts: 2, manufacturer's standard steel pipe or tubing posts connected by steel hinges at 36 inches (900 mm) o.c. attached to posts; with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing.
9. Line Posts: 3-inch-by-4.1-lb (76-mm-by-1.9-kg) or 3-1/2-by-1-1/4-by-0.1265-inch (89-by-32-by-3.2-mm) steel channels; with 5-by-18-by-1/4-inch (125-by-450-by-6-mm) steel base plates punched for attachment to floor.
10. Three- and Four-Way Intersection Posts: 2-by-2-inch (50-by-50-mm) tubular steel, with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligned for bolting to adjacent panels.

11. Floor Shoes: Steel, cast iron, or cast aluminum, not less than 2 inches (50 mm) high; sized to suit vertical framing, drilled for attachment to floor, and with set screws for leveling adjustment.
12. Swinging Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 4 sides, and with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
 - a. Hinges: Full-surface type, 3-1/2-by-3-1/2-inch (89-by-89-mm) steel, 1-1/2 pairs per door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
 - d. Inactive Leaf Hardware: Cane bolt at bottom and chain bolt at top.
13. Swinging Dutch Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, sides, and with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
 - a. Hinges: Full-surface type, 3-1/2-by-3-1/2-inch (89-by-89-mm) steel, 1 pair per section of door (top and bottom); bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
 - c. Bolt: Mounted in, securing upper section of door.
 - d. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet, 12 inches (300 mm) deep by full width of door; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; mounted on top of lower section of door and braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
14. Sliding Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 4 sides.
 - a. Hardware: Two, four-wheel roller-bearing carriers, box track, and bottom guide channel for each door.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
15. Vertically Sliding Service Windows: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as panels and equipped with spring catch **OR** slide bolts, **as directed**, on each jamb that locks window in open and closed positions. Include opening frame in partition fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels.
 - a. Size: 24 inches wide by 18 inches high (600 mm wide by 450 mm high) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
 - 1) Size: 24 inches wide by 12 inches deep (600 mm wide by 300 mm deep) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
16. Swinging Service Windows: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as panels and equipped with spring catch on strike jamb that locks window in closed position. Include opening frame in partition fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (32-by-13-by-3-mm) steel channels or C-channels.
 - a. Size: 24 inches wide by 18 inches high (600 mm wide by 450 mm high) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Shelf: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; with corners rounded and edges finished smooth; braced with manufacturer's standard brackets.
 - 1) Size: 24 inches wide by 12 inches deep (600 mm wide by 300 mm deep) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
17. Accessories:
 - a. Sheet Metal Base: Not less than 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.

- b. Adjustable Filler Panels: Not less than 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; capable of filling openings from 2 to 12 inches (50 to 300 mm).
 - c. Wall Clips: Manufacturer's standard, cold-rolled steel sheet; allowing up to 1 inch (25 mm) of adjustment, **as directed**.
18. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Hot-dip galvanized and shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop coat **OR** Baked-enamel finish **OR** Powder-coated finish, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
- a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Wire Mesh Ceilings
- 1. Mesh, Framing, and Stiffeners: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as wire mesh partition panels.
 - 2. Perimeter Partition Supports: 1-1/2-by-1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-38-by-3-mm) steel angle, with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes aligned for bolting to top of wire mesh partitions and to sides of wire mesh ceiling panels.
 - 3. Wall Supports: 1-1/2-by-1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-38-by-3-mm) steel angle punched for attachment to wall and wire mesh ceiling panels.
 - 4. Intermediate Supports: Steel I-beam, as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 5. Intermediate Support Posts: 2-by-2-by-1/8-inch (50-by-50-by-3-mm) steel pipe or tubing.
 - 6. Finishes: Match adjacent wire mesh partitions.
- E. Wire Mesh Storage Lockers
- 1. Unit Sizes:
 - a. Width: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Depth: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1524 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Height: 90 inches (2286 mm).
 - 2. Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) diamond **OR** 1-by-2-inch (25-by-50-mm) rectangular, **as directed**, mesh.
 - 3. Wall Panels: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angle framing on top, bottom, and back sides, and 3-by-1/8-inch (76-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel flat bar framing on front side; with wire mesh welded to framing.
 - a. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angles or 3/4-by-1/4-inch (19-by-6-mm) hot-rolled steel flat bars.
 - 4. Backs: 0.027-inch- (0.7-mm-) thick, metallic-coated steel sheet.
 - 5. Tops: Fabricated from same mesh and framing as doors **OR** 0.027-inch- (0.7-mm-) thick, metallic-coated steel sheet, **as directed**.
 - 6. Horizontal Dividers/Shelves: 0.043-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet; with flanged edges and reinforced across width with 3/4-by-1/4-inch (19-by-6-mm) steel stiffeners, **as directed**.
 - 7. Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as wall panels, with framing fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angles on 4 sides; with wire mesh welded to framing. Include door strike and padlock hasp.
 - a. Horizontal Stiffeners for Single-Tier Doors: 3/4-by-1/4-inch (19-by-6-mm) steel flat bars.
 - b. Hinges: Full-surface type, 2-1/2-by-2-1/2-inch (64-by-64-mm) steel, 1-1/2 pairs per single-tier door and 1 pair per double-tier door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - 8. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Hot-dip galvanized and shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop coat **OR** Baked-enamel finish **OR** Powder-coated finish, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- F. Wire Mesh Stairway Partitions
- 1. Standard-Duty Stairway Partitions:
 - a. Diamond Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) diamond pattern and securely clinched to frames.

- b. Square Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate **OR** lock, **as directed**,-crimp steel wire woven into 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) square pattern, inserted through frame holes and welded into frame. Vertical wires are plumb, and horizontal wires are perpendicular to vertical wires.
 - c. Rectangular Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate **OR** lock, **as directed**, -crimp steel wire woven into 2-by-1-inch (50-by-25-mm) rectangular pattern, inserted through frame holes and welded into frame. Vertical wires are plumb, and horizontal wires are perpendicular to vertical wires.
 - d. Vertical Panel Framing: 1-1/4-by-5/8-by-0.0966-inch (32-by-16-by-2.5-mm) cold-rolled, C-shaped steel channels; with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) o.c. along center of framing.
 - e. Horizontal Panel Framing: 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels.
 - f. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels with wire woven through, or two 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels bolted or riveted toe to toe through mesh.
2. Heavy-Duty Stairway Partitions:
- a. Diamond Mesh: 0.192-inch- (4.9-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 2-inch (50-mm) diamond pattern and securely clinched to frames.
 - b. Square Mesh: 0.192-inch- (4.9-mm-) diameter, intermediate **OR** lock, **as directed**, -crimp steel wire woven into 2-inch (50-mm) square pattern, inserted through frame holes and welded into frame. Vertical wires are plumb, and horizontal wires are perpendicular to vertical wires.
 - c. Rectangular Mesh: 0.192-inch- (4.9-mm-) diameter, intermediate **OR** lock, **as directed**, -crimp steel wire woven into 2-by-1-inch (50-by-25-mm) rectangular pattern, inserted through frame holes and welded into frame. Vertical wires are plumb, and horizontal wires are perpendicular to vertical wires.
 - d. Vertical and Horizontal Panel Framing: 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-0.0966-inch (38-by-19-by-2.5-mm) cold-rolled, C-shaped steel channels; with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 18 inches (450 mm) o.c. along center of framing.
 - e. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels with wire woven through, or two 1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch (25-by-13-by-3-mm) cold-rolled steel channels bolted or riveted toe to toe through mesh.
3. Swinging Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 1-1/2-by-3/4-by-1/8-inch (38-by-19-by-3-mm) steel channels, banded with 1-1/2-by-1/8-inch (38-by-3-mm) flat steel bar cover plates on 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, sides, and with 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
- a. Hinges: Full-surface spring type, 3-1/2-by-3-1/2-inch (89-by-89-mm) steel, 1-1/2 pairs per door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Exit Device: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware".
 - c. Tamper Shield: Fabricated from 0.097-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; 15 inches (381 mm) high by width of door.
4. Door Jamb Framing: 2-by-2-by-1/8-inch (50-by-50-by-3-mm) steel pipe or tubing.
5. Floor Shoes: Steel, cast iron, or cast aluminum, not less than 2 inches (50 mm) high; sized to suit vertical framing, drilled for attachment to floor, and with set screws for leveling adjustment.
6. Wall Clips: Manufacturer's standard, cold-rolled steel sheet; allowing up to 1 inch (25 mm) of adjustment, **as directed**.
7. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Hot-dip galvanized and shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop coat **OR** Baked-enamel finish **OR** Powder-coated finish, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
- a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- G. Wire Mesh Equipment Barriers
- 1. Mesh: 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) diamond **OR** 1-by-2-inch (25-by-50-mm) rectangular, **as directed**, mesh.
 - 2. Panels: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angle framing on 4 sides, with wire mesh welded to framing.

- a. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch (32-by-32-by-3-mm) steel angles or 3/4-by-1/4-inch (19-by-6-mm) hot-rolled steel flat bars.
- b. Height: 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1525 mm), **as directed**.
3. Line and Corner Posts: 2-by-2-by-0.068-inch (50-by-50-by-1.7-mm) steel tubing with steel base plates welded to bottoms, drilled for attachment to floor, and with steel caps welded to tops.
 - a. Height: Panel height plus 12-inch- (300-mm-), **as directed**, high, sweep space.
4. Swinging Gates: Fabricated from same mesh as panels, with gate framing fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-3/16-inch (32-by-32-by-4.7-mm) steel angles on 4 sides, and with wire mesh welded to framing.
 - a. Hinges: Full-surface spring, **as directed**, type, 3-1/2-by-3-1/2-inch (89-by-89-mm) steel, 1 pair per door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
5. Sliding Gates: Fabricated from same mesh as panels, with framing fabricated from 1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-3/16-inch (32-by-32-by-4.7-mm) steel angles on 4 sides, and with wire mesh welded to framing.
 - a. Hardware: Two, four-wheel roller-bearing carriers, box track, and bottom guide channel for each door.
 - b. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
 - c. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with manufacturer's standard cylinder **OR** cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware", **as directed**; operated by key outside and recessed turn knob **OR** knob **OR** lever, **as directed**, inside.
6. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized **OR** Hot-dip galvanized and shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop primed for field painting **OR** Shop coat **OR** Baked-enamel finish **OR** Powder-coated finish, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

H. Fabrication

1. General: Fabricate wire mesh items from components of sizes not less than those indicated. Use larger-sized components as recommended by wire mesh item manufacturer. As required for complete installation, provide bolts, hardware, and accessories with manufacturer's standard finishes.
 - a. Fabricate wire mesh items to be readily disassembled.
 - b. Welding: Weld corner joints of framing and grind smooth, leaving no evidence of joint **OR** finish sand **OR** remove spatter **OR** leave as applied, **as directed**.
2. Standard- and Heavy-Duty Wire Mesh Partitions: Fabricate wire mesh partitions with cutouts for pipes, ducts, beams, and other items indicated. Finish edges of cutouts to provide a neat, protective edge.
 - a. Mesh: Securely clinch mesh to framing.
 - b. Framing: Fabricate framing with mortise and tenon corner construction.
 - 1) Provide horizontal stiffeners as indicated or, if not indicated, as required by panel height and as recommended by wire mesh partition manufacturer. Weld horizontal stiffeners to vertical framing.
 - 2) Fabricate three- and four-way intersections using intersection posts **OR** manufacturer's standard connecting clips and fasteners, **as directed**.
 - 3) Fabricate partition and door framing with slotted holes for connecting adjacent panels.
 - c. Fabricate wire mesh partitions with 3 inches (76 mm) of clear space between finished floor and bottom horizontal framing.
 - d. Fabricate wire mesh partitions with bottom horizontal framing flush with finished floor.
 - e. Doors: Align bottom of door with bottom of adjacent panels.
 - 1) For doors that do not extend full height of partition, provide transom over door, fabricated from same mesh and framing as partition panels.
 - f. Hardware Preparation: Mortise, reinforce, drill, and tap doors and framing as required to install hardware.

3. Wire Mesh Ceilings: Fabricate wire mesh partitions with cutouts for pipes, ducts, beams, and other items indicated. Finish edges of cutouts to provide a neat, protective edge.
 - a. Mesh: Securely clinch mesh to framing.
 - b. Framing: Fabricate framing with mortise and tenon corner construction.
 - 1) Provide stiffeners as indicated or, if not indicated, as required by panel span and as recommended by wire mesh ceiling manufacturer. Weld stiffeners to framing.
4. Wire Mesh Stairway Partitions: Provide door jamb framing on each side of doors. Attach tamper shields centered behind exit devices.
5. Wire Mesh Storage Lockers: Fabricate initial storage locker with front and two sides. Fabricate additional storage lockers similarly, so each unit is independent **OR** as add-on units, designed to share one side with initial storage locker, **as directed**.
 - a. Fabricate wall panel and door framing with slotted holes for connecting adjacent panels.
 - b. Prehang doors in factory.

I. General Finish Requirements

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

J. Steel And Iron Finishes

1. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:
 - a. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron components.
 - b. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.
 - c. Preparation for Shop Priming: After galvanizing, thoroughly clean wire mesh components of grease, dirt, oil, flux, and other foreign matter, and treat with metallic-phosphate process.
2. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface-preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:
 - a. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B) and Items Indicated to Receive Zinc-Rich Primer: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - b. Interiors (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
3. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal fabrications, except those with galvanized finishes and those to be embedded in concrete or masonry, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.
 - a. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.
4. Shop Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard one-coat, shop-coat finish suitable for use intended. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and curing.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
5. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard 2-coat, baked-on finish, suitable for use indicated, consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat, with a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm) for topcoat.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Wire Mesh Partitions Erection

1. Anchor wire mesh partitions to floor with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, postinstalled expansion anchors at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through anchor clips located at each post and corner. Shim anchor clips as required to achieve level and plumb installation.
2. Anchor wire mesh partitions to floor with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, postinstalled expansion anchors at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through floor shoes located at each post and corner. Adjust wire mesh partition posts in floor shoes to achieve level and plumb installation.

3. Anchor wire mesh partitions to walls at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through back corner panel framing and as follows:
 - a. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
 - b. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.
 - c. For wood stud partitions, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with carpentry work to locate backing members.
 - d. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with stud installation to locate backing members.
 - e. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, fasten brackets directly to steel framing or concealed reinforcements using self-tapping screws of size and type required to support structural loads.
 4. Secure top capping bars to top framing channels with 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter "U" bolts spaced not more than 28 inches (700 mm) o.c.
 5. Provide line posts at locations indicated or, if not indicated, as follows:
 - a. On each side of sliding door openings.
 - b. For partitions that are 7 to 9 feet (2.1 to 2.7 m) high, spaced at 15 to 20 feet (4.6 to 6.1 m) o.c.
 - c. For partitions that are 10 to 12 feet (3.0 to 3.7 m) high, located between every other panel.
 - d. For partitions that are more than 12 feet (3.7 m) high, located between each panel.
 6. Provide seismic supports and bracing as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by manufacturer and as required for stability, extending and fastening members to supporting structure.
 7. Where standard-width wire mesh partition panels do not fill entire length of run, provide adjustable filler panels to fill openings.
 8. Install doors complete with door hardware.
 9. Install service windows complete with window hardware.
 10. Weld or bolt sheet metal bases to wire mesh partitions and doors **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 11. Bolt accessories to wire mesh partition framing.
- B. Wire Mesh Ceilings Erection
1. Anchor wall support angle to walls at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - a. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
 - b. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.
 - c. For wood stud partitions, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with carpentry work to locate backing members.
 - d. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with stud installation to locate backing members.
 - e. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, fasten brackets directly to steel framing or concealed reinforcements using self-tapping screws of size and type required to support structural loads.
 2. Attach wire mesh ceiling panels to wall support angles with bolts at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
 3. Attach wire mesh ceiling panels to wire mesh partitions with slotted angles bolted to sides of ceiling panels and to top of partitions at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
 4. Attach wire mesh ceiling panels to intermediate supports as recommended by manufacturer.
 5. Provide seismic supports and bracing as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by manufacturer and as required for stability, extending and fastening members to supporting structure.
- C. Wire Mesh Storage Lockers Erection
1. Anchor wire mesh storage lockers to floor with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, expansion anchors at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through bottom panel framing. Shim panel framing as required to achieve level and plumb installation.
 2. Anchor wire mesh storage lockers to walls at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through back corner panel framing and as follows:

- a. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
 - b. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.
 - c. For wood stud partitions, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with carpentry work to locate backing members.
 - d. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with stud installation to locate backing members.
 - e. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, fasten brackets directly to steel framing or concealed reinforcements using self-tapping screws of size and type required to support structural loads.
- 3. Attach adjacent wire mesh storage lockers to each other through side panel framing.
 - 4. Install horizontal dividers/shelving in double-tier storage lockers.
 - 5. Install doors complete with door hardware.
- D. Wire Mesh Stairway Partitions Erection
- 1. Anchor wire mesh stairway partitions to floor with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, postinstalled expansion anchors at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. through floor shoes located at each post. Adjust wire mesh partition posts in floor shoes to achieve level and plumb installation.
 - 2. Anchor angle clips supporting wire mesh stairway partitions at stairs and intermediate landings with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, postinstalled expansion anchors at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. Weld stairway partition framing to angle clips.
 - 3. Provide seismic supports and bracing as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by manufacturer and as required for stability, extending and fastening members to supporting structure.
 - 4. Install doors complete with door hardware.
- E. Wire Mesh Equipment Barriers Erection
- 1. Anchor wire mesh equipment barriers to floor with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, expansion anchors through post bases. Shim post bases as required to achieve level and plumb installation.
 - 2. Floor anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if indicated on Shop Drawings.
 - 3. Install gates complete with gate hardware.
- F. Adjusting And Cleaning
- 1. Adjust doors **OR** gates **OR** service windows, **as directed**, to operate smoothly and easily, without binding or warping. Adjust hardware to function smoothly. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.
 - 2. Remove and replace defective work including doors and framing that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
 - 3. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
 - 4. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

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SECTION 10 22 43 00 - OPERABLE PANEL PARTITIONS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for operable panel partitions. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Manually operated, acoustical panel partitions.
 - b. Electrically operated, acoustical panel partitions.
 - c. Manually operated, fire-rated panel partitions.
 - d. Manually operated, glass panel partitions.

C. Definitions

1. ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines: U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities."
2. Glass and Glazing Definitions: See Division 08 Section "Glazing".
3. NIC: Noise Isolation Class.
4. NRC: Noise Reduction Coefficient.
5. STC: Sound Transmission Class.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design operable panel partitions, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Seismic Performance: Operable panel partitions shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the panels will remain in place without separation of any parts from the system when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
3. Acoustical Performance: Provide operable panel partitions tested by a qualified testing agency for the following acoustical properties according to test methods indicated:
 - a. Sound-Transmission Requirements: Operable panel partition assembly tested for laboratory sound-transmission loss performance according to ASTM E 90, determined by ASTM E 413, and rated for not less than the STC indicated.
 - b. Noise-Reduction Requirements: Operable panel partition assembly, identical to partition tested for STC, tested for sound-absorption performance according to ASTM C 423, and rated for not less than the NRC indicated.
 - c. Acoustical Performance Requirements: Installed operable panel partition assembly, identical to partition tested for STC, tested for NIC according to ASTM E 336, determined by ASTM E 413, and rated for 10 dB less than STC value indicated.
4. Fire Resistance: Provide fire-rated operable panel partition assemblies including pass doors with fire-resistance ratings indicated.
 - a. Pass Doors: Provide doors in fire-rated operable panel partition assemblies with fire-resistance ratings indicated. Pass doors shall meet positive-pressure requirements.

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:

- a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that operable panel partitions comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
- b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For each composite wood product used in operable panel partitions, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data for attachments, signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - b. Indicate storage and operating clearances. Indicate location and installation requirements for hardware and track, blocking, and direction of travel.
 - c. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Samples: For each type of exposed material, finish, covering, or facing indicated.
5. Delegated-Design Submittal: For operable panel partitions indicated to comply with performance requirements, including analysis data and calculations signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - a. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for seismic restraints.
6. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
7. Setting Drawings: For embedded items and cutouts required in other work, including support-beam, mounting-hole template.
8. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For operable panel partitions, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
9. Product Certificates.
10. Product Test Reports.
11. Field quality-control reports.
12. Operation and Maintenance Data.
13. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
2. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
3. Forest Certification: Fabricate products with wood, wood veneers, and wood-based panel products produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide panels with finishes meeting one of the following as determined by testing identical products by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing per ASTM E 84.
 - 1) Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less **OR** 26 to 75 **OR** 76 to 200, **as directed**.
 - 2) Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
 - b. Fire Growth Contribution: Meeting acceptance criteria of local code and authorities having jurisdiction when tested according to NFPA 265 **OR** NFPA 286, **as directed**.
5. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Comply with NFPA 80, based on testing according to UL 10B.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
6. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
7. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Protectively package and sequence panels in order for installation. Clearly mark packages and panels with numbering system used on Shop Drawings. Do not use permanent markings on panels.

H. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of operable panel partitions that fail in materials or workmanship within two years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Steel Frame: Steel sheet, manufacturer's standard **OR** 0.0508-inch (1.3-mm) **OR** 0.0641-inch (1.6-mm) **OR** 0.0747-inch (1.9-mm), **as directed**, nominal minimum thickness for uncoated steel.
2. Steel Face/Liner Sheets: Tension-leveled steel sheet, manufacturer's standard **OR** minimum 0.0299-inch (0.75-mm) **OR** 0.0359-inch (0.9-mm) **OR** 0.0478-inch (1.2-mm) **OR** 0.0598-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.0747-inch (1.9-mm), **as directed**, nominal minimum thickness for uncoated steel.
3. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use, corrosion resistance, and finish indicated; ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for extrusions; manufacturer's standard strengths and thicknesses for type of use.
 - a. Frame Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard steel or aluminum.
4. Wood Frame: Clear, vertical-grain, straight, kiln-dried, wood **OR** fire-retardant-treated wood, **as directed**; of manufacturer's standard species **OR** one of the following species, **as directed**:
 - a. Cherry.
 - b. Hemlock.
 - c. Maple.
 - d. Meranti.
 - e. Poplar.
 - f. Red oak.
5. Gypsum Board: ASTM C 36/C 36M.
6. Cement Board: ASTM C 1288.
7. Plywood: DOC PS 1.
8. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
9. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.

B. Operable Acoustical Panels

1. Operable Acoustical Panels: Operable acoustical panel partition system, including panels, seals, finish facing, suspension system, operators, and accessories.
2. Panel Operation: Manually operated, individual **OR** Manually operated, paired **OR** Manually operated, continuously hinged **OR** Electrically operated, continuously hinged, **as directed**, panels.
3. Panel Construction: Provide top reinforcement as required to support panel from suspension components and provide reinforcement for hardware attachment. Fabricate panels with tight hairline joints and concealed fasteners. Fabricate panels so finished in-place partition is rigid; level; plumb; aligned, with tight joints and uniform appearance; and free of bow, warp, twist, deformation, and surface and finish irregularities.
4. Dimensions: Fabricate operable acoustical panel partitions to form an assembled system of dimensions indicated and verified by field measurements.
 - a. Panel Width: Standard widths **OR** Equal widths **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
5. STC: Not less than 38 **OR** 41 **OR** 45 **OR** 47 **OR** 50 **OR** 52 **OR** 54, **as directed**.
6. NRC: Not less than 0.50 **OR** 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.90, **as directed**.
7. Panel Weight: 8 lb/sq. ft. (40 kg/sq. m) **OR** 10 lb/sq. ft. (50 kg/sq. m) **OR** 12 lb/sq. ft. (59 kg/sq. m), **as directed**, maximum.
8. Panel Thickness: Not less than 3 inches (75 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**.
9. Panel Closure: Manufacturer's standard.
 - a. Initial Closure: Flexible, resilient PVC, bulb-shaped acoustical seal **OR** Fixed jamb **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Final Closure: Constant-force, lever-operated mechanical closure expanding from panel edge to create a constant-pressure acoustical seal **OR** Hinged jamb closure **OR** Hinged

communicating panel **OR** Fixed jamb **OR** Angle jamb **OR** Flexible, resilient PVC, bulb-shaped acoustical seal, **as directed**.

10. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard as required to operate operable panel partition and accessories; with decorative, protective finish.
 - a. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Concealed (invisible), **as directed**.
 - b. Exit Device: Manufacturer's standard.

C. Operable Fire-Rated Panels

1. Operable Fire-Rated Panels: Operable fire-rated acoustical panel partition system, including panels, seals, finish facing, suspension system, operators, and accessories.
2. Panel Operation: Manually operated, individual **OR** Manually operated, paired, **as directed**, panels.
3. Panel Construction: Provide top reinforcement as required to support panel from suspension components and provide reinforcement for hardware attachment. Fabricate panels with tight hairline joints and concealed fasteners. Fabricate panels so finished in-place partition is rigid; level; plumb; aligned, with tight joints and uniform appearance; and free of bow, warp, twist, deformation, and surface and finish irregularities.
4. Dimensions: Fabricate operable fire-rated panel partitions to form an assembled system of dimensions indicated and verified by field measurements.
 - a. Panel Width: Standard widths **OR** Equal widths **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
5. Fire Rating: 1 hour **OR** 2 hours, **as directed**.
6. STC: Not less than 38 **OR** 41 **OR** 45 **OR** 47 **OR** 50 **OR** 52 **OR** 54, **as directed**.
7. NRC: Not less than 0.50 **OR** 0.60 **OR** 0.65 **OR** 0.90, **as directed**.
8. Panel Weight: 8 lb/sq. ft. (40 kg/sq. m) **OR** 10 lb/sq. ft. (50 kg/sq. m) **OR** 12 lb/sq. ft. (59 kg/sq. m), **as directed**, maximum.
9. Panel Thickness: Not less than 3 inches (75 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**.
10. Panel Closure: Manufacturer's standard fire-rated closure.
 - a. Initial Closure: Flexible, resilient PVC, bulb-shaped acoustical seal **OR** Fixed jamb **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Final Closure: Fire-rated, constant-force, lever-operated mechanical closure expanding from panel edge to create a constant-pressure acoustical seal **OR** hinged jamb closure **OR** hinged communicating panel **OR** fixed jamb **OR** angle jamb **OR** flexible, resilient PVC, bulb-shaped acoustical seal, **as directed**.
11. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard as required to operate fire-rated operable panel partition and accessories; with decorative, protective finish.
 - a. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Concealed (invisible), **as directed**.
 - b. Exit Device: Manufacturer's standard.

D. Operable Glass Panels

1. Operable Glass Panels: Operable frameless aluminum **OR** aluminum-framed **OR** wood-framed, **as directed**, glass panel partition system with acoustical properties, **as directed**, including panels, seals, **as directed**, suspension system, operators, and accessories.
2. Panel Operation: Manually operated, individual **OR** Manually operated, paired **OR** Manually operated, continuously hinged, **as directed**, panels.
3. Panel Construction: Manufacturer's standard glazed panels, reinforced as required to support panel from suspension components and with reinforcement for hardware attachment. Fabricate panels with tight hairline joints and concealed fasteners. Fabricate panels so finished in-place partition is rigid; level; plumb; aligned, with tight joints and uniform appearance; and free of bow, warp, twist, deformation, and surface and finish irregularities.
 - a. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze operable glass panels in the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated. Comply with manufacturer's written requirements and with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
4. Glass and Glazing:
 - a. Safety Glass: Provide glass products complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201, for Category II materials, unless those of Category I are expressly indicated and permitted.

- b. Glass: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Custom, **as directed**, glass and glass assemblies as indicated and complying with the following:
 - 1) Tempered Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Type I (transparent flat glass), Class 1 (clear) **OR** Class 2 (tinted), **as directed**, Quality-Q3.
 - 2) Tempered Patterned Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Type II (patterned flat glass), Class 1 (clear), Form 3 (patterned); and of quality, finish, and pattern specified.
 - 3) Laminated Glass: ASTM C 1172, with clear **OR** colored **OR** patterned **OR** graphic, **as directed**, interlayer.
 - a) Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent flat glass), Class 1 (clear) **OR** Class 2 (tinted), **as directed**, Quality-Q3.
 - b) Patterned Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type II (patterned and wired flat glass), Class 1 (clear), Form 3 (patterned); and of quality, finish, and pattern specified.
 - 4) Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass as indicated, separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units.
 - a) Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction.
 - b) Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer construction and material as follows: Aluminum with mill or clear anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with black, color anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with bronze, color anodic finish **OR** Aluminum with powdered-metal paint finish in color selected **OR** Galvanized steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 5) Glass Thickness: Manufacturer's standard thickness for indicated requirements **OR** As indicated **OR** 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 3/8 inch (10 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 2-1/4 inches (57 mm), **as directed**.
 - 6) Glass Vertical Edge: Polished **OR** Manufacturer's standard, permanently adhered edge trim, **as directed**.
- c. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces acoustical seal **OR** Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system as indicated, **as directed**.
- 5. Dimensions: Fabricate operable glass panel partitions to form an assembled system of dimensions indicated and verified by field measurements.
 - a. Panel Width: Standard widths **OR** Equal widths **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - 6. STC: Not less than 36 **OR** 41 **OR** 46 **OR** 48, **as directed**.
 - 7. Panel Weight: 8 lb/sq. ft. (40 kg/sq. m) **OR** 20 lb/sq. ft. (98 kg/sq. m), **as directed**, maximum.
 - 8. Panel Frame Thickness: Maximum 1-7/8 inches (48 mm) **OR** 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 3-3/4 inches (96 mm), **as directed**.
 - 9. Panel Closure: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 10. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard as required to operate operable panel partition and accessories; with decorative, protective finish.
 - 11. Finishes:
 - a. Exposed Metal: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, as follows:
 - 1) Aluminum: Clear anodized **OR** Light bronze anodized **OR** Medium bronze anodized **OR** Dark bronze anodized **OR** Black anodized **OR** Baked powder coating, **as directed**.
 - 2) Metal-Clad Aluminum: Satin stainless steel **OR** Polished stainless steel **OR** Satin brass **OR** Polished brass **OR** Satin bronze **OR** Polished bronze, **as directed**.
 - b. Wood Finish: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, as follows:
 - 1) Type: Transparent finish **OR** Transparent finish over stain, **as directed**, over wood variety indicated.

E. Seals

- 1. General: Provide types of seals indicated that produce operable panel partitions complying with acoustical and fire-resistive performance requirements, **as directed**, and the following:

- a. Manufacturer's standard seals.
 - b. Seals made from materials and in profiles that minimize sound leakage.
 - c. Seals fitting tight at contact surfaces and sealing continuously between adjacent panels and between operable panel partition perimeter and adjacent surfaces, when operable panel partition is extended and closed.
 2. Vertical Seals: Deep-nesting, interlocking steel, **as directed**, astragals mounted on each edge of panel, with continuous PVC acoustical seal.
 3. Horizontal Top Seals:
 - a. Continuous-contact, extruded-PVC seal exerting uniform constant pressure on track.
OR
PVC-faced, mechanical, retractable, constant-force-contact seal exerting uniform constant pressure on track when extended.
OR
Continuous-contact, extruded-PVC seal exerting uniform constant pressure on track or PVC-faced, mechanical, retractable, constant-force-contact seal exerting uniform constant pressure on track when extended.
 4. Horizontal Bottom Seals: PVC-faced, mechanical, retractable, constant-force-contact seal exerting uniform constant pressure on floor when extended, ensuring horizontal and vertical sealing and resisting panel movement.
 - a. Mechanically Operated for Acoustical Panels: Extension and retraction of bottom seal by operating handle or built-in operating mechanism, with operating range not less than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**, between retracted seal and floor finish.
OR
Mechanically Operated for Fire-Rated Panels: Extension and retraction of bottom seal by operating handle or built-in operating mechanism, with operating range not less than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**, between retracted seal and floor finish.
OR
Automatically Operated for Acoustical Panels: Extension and retraction of bottom seal automatically operated by movement of partition, with operating range not less than 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 2 inches (50 mm), **as directed**, between retracted seal and floor finish.
- F. Finish Facing
1. General: Provide finish facings for panels that comply with indicated fire-test-response characteristics and that are factory applied to operable panel partitions with appropriate backing, using mildew-resistant nonstaining adhesive as recommended by facing manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Apply facings **OR** one-piece, seamless facings, **as directed**, free of air bubbles, wrinkles, blisters, and other defects, with edges tightly butted, and **OR** with invisible seams complying with Shop Drawings for location, and, **as directed**, with no gaps or overlaps. Horizontal butted edges **OR** seams, **as directed**, are not permitted. Tightly secure and conceal raw and selvage edges of facing for finished appearance.
 - b. Where facings with directional or repeating patterns or directional weave **OR** directional, repeating, or matching grain, **as directed**, are indicated, mark facing top and attach facing in same direction.
 - c. Match facing pattern 72 inches (1830 mm) above finished floor.
 - d. Color/Pattern: Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 2. Vinyl-Coated Fabric Wall Covering: Manufacturer's standard, mildew-resistant, washable, vinyl-coated fabric wall covering; complying with CFFA-W-101-D for type indicated; Class A.
 - a. Antimicrobial Treatment: Additives capable of inhibiting growth of bacteria, fungi, and yeasts.
 3. Carpet Wall Covering: Manufacturer's standard nonwoven, needle-punched carpet with fibers fused to backing, from same dye lot, treated to resist stains.
 4. Fabric Wall Covering: Manufacturer's standard fabric **OR** 100 percent polyolefin woven fabric, **as directed**, from same dye lot, treated to resist stains.

5. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: NEMA LD 3, Horizontal grade.
6. Wood Veneer: Laminated to noncombustible **OR** fire-retardant-treated wood, **as directed**, core with moisture-resistant adhesive, of wood species indicated.
 - a. Wood Finish: Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, as follows:
 - 1) Type: Transparent finish **OR** Transparent finish over stain, **as directed**, over wood variety indicated.
7. Paint: Manufacturer's standard factory-painted finish.
 - a. Color: As indicated **OR** As selected, **as directed**.
8. Cap-Trimmed Edges: Protective perimeter-edge trim with tight hairline joints concealing edges of panel and finish facing, finished as follows:
 - a. Steel, Painted: Finished with manufacturer's standard neutral color **OR** Matching sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated, and with not less than the strength and durability properties of alloy and temper required to comply with performance requirements; and with manufacturer's standard mill **OR** clear anodic **OR** color anodic, **as directed**, finish.
9. Trimless Edges: Fabricate exposed panel edges so finish facing wraps uninterrupted around panel, covering edge and resulting in an installed partition with facing visible on vertical panel edges, without trim, for minimal sightlines at panel-to-panel joints.

G. Suspension Systems

1. Suspension Tracks: Steel or aluminum mounted directly to overhead structural support, **OR** with adjustable steel hanger rods for overhead support, **as directed**, designed for type of operation, size, and weight of operable panel partition indicated. Size track to support partition operation and storage without damage to suspension system, operable panel partitions, or adjacent construction. Limit track deflection to no more than 0.10 inch (2.54 mm) between bracket supports. Provide a continuous system of track sections and accessories to accommodate configuration and layout indicated for partition operation and storage.
 - a. Panel Guide: Aluminum; finished with factory-applied, decorative, protective finish.
 - b. Head Closure Trim: As required for acoustical performance; with factory-applied, decorative, protective finish **OR** primed for field finish, **as directed**.
2. Carriers: Trolley system as required for configuration type, size, and weight of partition and for easy operation; with ball-bearing wheels.
 - a. Multidirectional Carriers: Capable of negotiating 90-degree L, T, and X intersections without track switches.
3. Track Intersections, Switches, and Accessories: As required for type of operation, storage, track configuration, and layout indicated for operable panel partitions, and compatible with partition assembly specified. Fabricate track intersections and switches from steel or aluminum.
 - a. Curve-and-Diverter Switches: Allowing radius turns to divert panels to an auxiliary track.
 - b. L Intersections: Allowing panels to change 90 degrees in direction of travel.
 - c. T Intersections: Allowing panels to pass through or change 90 degrees to another direction of travel.
 - d. X Intersections: Allowing panels to pass through or change travel direction full circle in 90-degree increments, and allowing 1 partition to cross track of another.
 - e. Multidirectional Switches: Adjustable switch configuring track into L, T, or X intersections and allowing panels to be moved in all pass-through, 90-degree change, and cross-over travel direction combinations.
 - f. Center carrier stop.
4. Aluminum Finish: Mill finish or manufacturer's standard, factory-applied, decorative finish unless otherwise indicated.
5. Steel Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied, corrosion-resistant, protective coating unless otherwise indicated.

H. Electric Operators

1. General: Provide factory-assembled electric operation system of size and capacity recommended and provided by operable panel partition manufacturer for partition specified; with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, speed reducer, chain drive, remote-control

stations, control devices, and accessories required for proper operation. Include wiring from motor control to motor. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.

2. Comply with NFPA 70.
3. Control Equipment: Complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6.
4. Motor Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, within installed environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate rating or considering service factor. Comply with NEMA MG 1 and the following:
 - a. Voltage: 120 V **OR** 208-220 V **OR** NEMA standard voltage selected to operate on nominal circuit voltage to which motor is connected, **as directed**.
 - b. Horsepower: 1/4 **OR** 1/3 **OR** 3/4 **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - c. Efficiency: Standard **OR** Premium, **as directed**.
 - d. Enclosure: Open dripproof **OR** Totally enclosed **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - e. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F (40 deg C) and at altitude of 3300 feet (1005 m) above sea level.
 - f. Service Factor: 1.15 for open dripproof motors; 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.
 - g. Phase: Single **OR** Polyphase, **as directed**.
5. Remote-Control Stations: Two single-key-operated, constant-pressure control stations located remotely from each other on opposite sides and opposite ends of partition run. Wire in series to require simultaneous activation of both key stations to operate partition. Each three-position control station labeled "Open," "Close," and "Off **OR** Stop, **as directed**." Provide two keys per station.
6. Obstruction-Detection Devices: Provide each motorized operable panel partition with automatic safety sensor indicated, that causes operator to immediately shut off motor **OR** stop and reverse direction, **as directed**.
 - a. Sensor Edge: Contact-pressure-sensitive safety edge along partition's leading edge.
 - b. Sensor Mat: Electrically operated, contact-weight-sensitive safety mat in storage pocket area.
 - c. Infrared Sensor System: Designed to detect an obstruction in partition's path and sound an audible alarm, without obstruction contacting partition.
7. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop operable panel partition at fully extended and fully stacked positions.
8. Emergency Release Mechanism: Quick disconnect-release of electric-motor drive system, permitting manual operation in event of operating failure.

I. Accessories

1. Pass Doors: Fabricated to comply with recommendations in ICC/ANSI A117.1 **OR** the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines, **as directed**. Swinging door built into and matching panel materials, **OR** construction, **OR** acoustical qualities, **OR** fire rating, **as directed**, finish, and thickness, complete with frames and operating hardware. Hinges finished to match other exposed hardware.
 - a. Single Pass Door: 36 by 80 inches (914 by 2032 mm) **OR** 36 by 84 inches (914 by 2134 mm), **as directed**, with the following:
 - b. Double Pass Door: 72 by 80 inches (1829 by 2032 mm) **OR** 72 by 84 inches (1829 by 2134 mm), **as directed**, with the following:
 - 1) Door Seals: Mechanically operated floor seal on panels containing pass doors **OR** Sweep floor seals, **as directed**.
 - 2) Panic **OR** Fire, **as directed**, exit device.
 - 3) Concealed door closer.
 - 4) Door Viewer: Installed with view in direction of swing.
 - 5) Exit Sign: Recessed, self-illuminated.
 - 6) Latchset: Passage set.
 - 7) Lock: Key-operated lock cylinder, keyed to master key system, **as directed**, operable from both sides of door. Include two keys per lock.
OR
Lock: Deadlock to receive cylinder, operable from both sides of door. Refer to Division 12 for lock cylinder and keying requirements.

2. Storage Pocket Door: Full height at end of partition runs to conceal stacked partition; of same materials, finish, construction, thickness, and acoustical qualities as panels; complete with operating hardware and acoustical seals at soffit, floor, and jambs, **as directed**. Hinges in finish to match other exposed hardware.
 - a. Manufacturer's standard method to secure storage pocket door in closed position.
OR
 Rim Lock: Key-operated lock cylinder, keyed to master key system, **as directed**, to secure storage pocket door in closed position. Include two keys per lock.
OR
 Rim Lock: Deadlock to receive cylinder, to secure storage pocket door in closed position. Refer to Division 12 for lock cylinder and keying requirements.
3. Electric Interlock: Provide each motorized operable panel partition with electric interlocks at locations indicated, to prevent operation of operable panel partition under the following conditions:
 - a. On storage pocket door, to prevent operation if door is not in fully open position.
 - b. On partitions at location of convergence by another partition, to prevent operation if merging partitions are in place.
4. Windows: Manufacturer's standard **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
5. Work Surfaces: Quantities, placement, and size indicated.
 - a. Surface: Porcelain steel marker/projection surface **OR** Self-healing, tackable, vinyl-coated fabric wall covering, complying with CFFA-W-101-D, Type II, and indicated fire-test-response characteristics; laminated to natural cork tackboard, **as directed**.
 - b. Surface Color: Matching sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Size: Full width and height of panel **OR** Full width of panel by 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 48 by 48 inches (1219 by 1219 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - d. Trim: Aluminum slip-on or snap-on trim with no visible screws or exposed joints and with corners mitered to a neat, hairline joint.
6. Chalk Tray and Eraser Pocket, **as directed**: Manufacturer's standard.
 - a. Aluminum with mill **OR** clear anodic **OR** color anodic, **as directed**, finish.
7. Chair Rails: Recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**, in locations indicated on Drawings.
8. Vertical Edge Trim: Manufacturer's standard transparent **OR** thin aluminum astragal, **as directed**, trim to protect vertical edges of glass in frameless panels.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Comply with ASTM E 557 except as otherwise required by operable panel partition manufacturer's written installation instructions.
2. Install operable panel partitions and accessories after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.
3. Install panels from marked packages in numbered sequence indicated on Shop Drawings.
4. Broken, cracked, chipped, deformed, or unmatched panels are not acceptable.
5. Broken, cracked, deformed, or unmatched gasketing or gasketing with gaps at butted ends is not acceptable.

B. Adjusting

1. Adjust operable panel partitions to operate smoothly, without warping or binding. Lubricate hardware, electric operator, **as directed**, and other moving parts.
2. Adjust pass doors and storage pocket doors, **as directed**, to operate smoothly and easily, without binding or warping. Check and readjust operating hardware. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

C. Field Quality Control

1. This paragraph is applicable if sound control is critical. Installer shall conduct a light-leakage test at completion of installation, and prior to NIC testing, to correct alignment of vertical joints and top and bottom seals.

2. Light-Leakage Test: Illuminate one side of partition installation and observe vertical joints and top and bottom seals for voids; adjust partitions for acceptable fit.
3. NIC Testing: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
4. Testing Methodology: Perform testing of installed operable panel partition for noise isolation according to ASTM E 336, determined by ASTM E 413, and rated for not less than NIC indicated. Adjust and fit partitions to comply with NIC test method requirements.
5. Testing Extent: Testing agency shall randomly select one operable panel partition installation(s) for testing.
6. Repair or replace operable panel partitions that do not comply with requirements.
7. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of repaired, replaced, or additional work with specified requirements.
8. Prepare test and inspection reports.

D. Cleaning

1. Clean soiled surfaces of operable panel partitions to remove dust, loose fibers, fingerprints, adhesives, and other foreign materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 10 22 43 00

SECTION 10 26 13 00 - IMPACT-RESISTANT WALL PROTECTION

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for impact-resistant wall protection. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Wall guards.
 - b. Impact-resistant handrails.
 - c. Bed locators.
 - d. Corner guards.
 - e. Impact-resistant wall coverings.
 - f. Door protection systems.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Provide handrails capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
 - a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. (0.73 kN/m) applied in any direction.
 - b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (0.89 kN) applied in any direction.
 - c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, impact strength, fire-test-response characteristics, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each impact-resistant wall protection unit.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood rails comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives, including printed statement of VOC content.
 - c. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For particleboard, documentation indicating that products contain no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: For each impact-resistant wall protection unit showing locations and extent. Include sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
4. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below. Include Samples of accent strips to verify color selected.
 - a. Wall and Corner Guards: 12 inches (300 mm) long. Include examples of joinery, corners, end caps, top caps, and field splices.
 - b. Handrails: 12 inches (300 mm) long. Include examples of joinery, corners, and field splices.
 - c. Impact-Resistant Wall Covering: 6 by 6 inches (150 by 150 mm) square.
 - d. Door-Surface Protection: 6 by 6 inches (150 by 150 mm) square.
 - e. Door-Edge and -Frame Protectors: 12 inches (300 mm) long.
 - f. Door-Knob and -Lever Protectors: Full-size unit of each type.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer and testing agency.

6. Material Certificates: For each impact-resistant plastic material, from manufacturer.
 7. Material Test Reports: For each impact-resistant plastic material.
 8. Maintenance Data: For each impact-resistant wall protection unit to include in maintenance manuals.
 - a. Include recommended methods and frequency of maintenance for maintaining optimum condition of plastic covers under anticipated traffic and use conditions. Include precautions against using cleaning materials and methods that may be detrimental to plastic finishes and performance.
 9. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.
- E. Quality Assurance
1. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
 2. Source Limitations: Obtain impact-resistant wall protection units from single source from single manufacturer.
 3. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of impact-resistant wall protection units and are based on the specific system indicated.
 - a. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
 4. Forest Certification: Fabricate wood rails from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
 5. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide impact-resistant, plastic wall protection units with surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, NFPA 255, or UL 723 by UL or another qualified testing agency.
 6. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.
 7. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Store impact-resistant wall protection units in original undamaged packages and containers inside well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.
 - a. Maintain room temperature within storage area at not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) during the period plastic materials are stored.
 - b. Keep plastic sheet material out of direct sunlight.
 - c. Store plastic wall protection components for a minimum of 72 hours, or until plastic material attains a minimum room temperature of 70 deg F (21 deg C).
 - 1) Store corner-guard covers in a vertical position.
 - 2) Store wall-guard, bed-locator and handrail covers in a horizontal position.
- G. Project Conditions
1. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install impact-resistant wall protection units until building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet work is complete and dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature at 70 deg F (21 deg C) for not less than 72 hours before beginning installation and for the remainder of the construction period.
- H. Warranty
1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of impact-resistant wall protection units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures.
 - 2) Deterioration of plastic and other materials beyond normal use.
 - b. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. PVC Plastic: ASTM D 1784, Class 1, textured, chemical- and stain-resistant, high-impact-resistant PVC or acrylic-modified vinyl plastic with integral color throughout; extruded and sheet material, thickness as indicated.
 - a. Impact Resistance: Minimum 25.4 ft-lbf/in. (1356 J/m) of notch when tested according to ASTM D 256, Test Method A.
 - b. Chemical and Stain Resistance: Tested according to ASTM D 543 **OR** ASTM D 1308.
 - c. Self-extinguishing when tested according to ASTM D 635.
 - d. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - e. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
2. Polycarbonate Plastic Sheet: ASTM D 6098, S-PC01, Class 1 or 2, abrasion resistant; with a minimum impact-resistance rating of 15 ft-lbf/in. (800 J/m) of notch when tested according to ASTM D 256, Test Method A.
3. Aluminum Extrusions: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, but with not less than strength and durability properties specified in ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for Alloy 6063-T5.
4. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M.
5. Brass: ASTM B 249/B 249M for extruded shapes and ASTM B 36/B 36 M for sheet.
6. Solid Wood: Clear hardwood lumber of species indicated, free of appearance defects, and selected for compatible grain and color.
7. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2; made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
8. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.
9. Adhesive: As recommended by impact-resistant plastic wall protection manufacturer and with a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

B. Wall Guards

1. Crash Rail: Heavy-duty assembly consisting of continuous snap-on plastic cover installed over concealed retainer system; designed to withstand impacts.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.100-inch (2.5-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Flat **OR** Convex, **as directed**.
 - a) Dimensions: Nominal 6 inches high by 1 inch deep (150 mm high by 25 mm deep) **OR** 8 inches high by 1 inch deep (200 mm high by 25 mm deep), **as directed**.
 - b) Surface: Uniform **OR** Uniform with coextruded accent inlay strip in contrasting color **OR** Grooved, **as directed**.
 - i. Accent Inlay Strip: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) high by length of rail.
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Continuous Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.

OR

 Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips designed for heavy-duty performance.
 - c. Bumper: Continuous rubber or vinyl bumper cushion(s).
 - d. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; matching color **OR** contrasting with color, **as directed**, cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - e. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
 - f. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall **OR** Reveal mounted on bumper cushion(s) **OR** Extended mounting on injection-molded plastic mounting brackets, **as directed**.
2. Bumper Rail: Assembly consisting of continuous snap-on plastic cover installed over concealed, continuous retainer; designed to withstand impacts.

- a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Half round profile, nominal 1 inch high by 1 inch deep (25 mm high by 25 mm deep) **OR** Rounded bullnose profile, nominal 4 inches high by 2 inches deep (100 mm high by 50 mm deep) **OR** Angled profile with rounded-bullnose front edge, nominal 4 inches high by 2 inches deep (100 mm high by 50 mm deep) **OR** Flat profile, nominal 4 inches high by 1 inch deep (100 mm high by 25 mm deep), **as directed**.
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Continuous Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.

OR

 Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips.
 - c. Bumper: Continuous rubber or vinyl bumper cushion(s).
 - d. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; matching color **OR** contrasting with color, **as directed**, cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - e. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
 - f. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall **OR** Reveal mounted on bumper cushions **OR** Extended mounting on injection-molded plastic mounting brackets, **as directed**.
3. Rub Rail: Assembly consisting of continuous snap-on cover installed over concealed, continuous retainer.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic **OR** flexible PVC, **as directed**, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Half-round profile, nominal 1-1/8 inches high by 1-1/8 inches deep (30 mm high by 30 mm deep) **OR** Rounded bullnose profile, nominal 2 inches high by 1 inch deep (50 mm high by 25 mm deep), **as directed**.
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.0625-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - d. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
 - e. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall **OR** Reveal mounted on bumper cushions, **as directed**.
 4. Wood Chair Rail with Bumper: Assembly consisting of continuous sculpted, solid-wood rail, with continuous bumper insert installed in continuous recessed retainer.
 - a. Wood Rail: 3-1/2 inches high by 7/8 inch deep (89 mm high by 22 mm deep) **OR** 5-1/2 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep (140 mm high by 38 mm deep) **OR** Size and profile indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Ash **OR** Beech, **as directed**.
 - 2) Finish: Clear **OR** Stained, **as directed**.
 - 3) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Bumper: Extruded rigid plastic **OR** flexible vinyl, **as directed**, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Half-round profile, nominal 2 inches high by 1 inch deep (50 mm high by 25 mm deep) **OR** Small rounded profile, nominal 1-1/8 inches high by 1-1/8 inches deep (30 mm high by 30 mm deep), **as directed**.
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - 3) End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching bumper; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on bumper.
 - c. Retainer: Minimum 0.0625-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.

- 1) Finish: Mill **OR** Brass colored, **as directed**.
- d. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
- e. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall.
- 5. Wood Chair Rail: Assembly consisting of continuous sculpted, solid-wood rail.
 - a. Rail: 3-1/2 inches high by 7/8 inch deep (89 mm high by 22 mm deep) **OR** 5-1/2 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep (140 mm high by 38 mm deep) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Ash **OR** Bamboo, **as directed**.
 - 2) Finish: Clear **OR** Stained, **as directed**.
 - 3) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
 - c. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall.
- 6. Opaque-Plastic Chair Rail: Assembly consisting of continuous snap-on cover installed over continuous retainer.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.070-inch (1.8-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Rounded bullnose profile, nominal 2 inches high by 1 inch deep (50 mm high by 25 mm deep) **OR** Half-round profile, nominal 1-1/8 inches high by 1-1/8 inches deep (30 mm high by 30 mm deep), **as directed**.
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Bumper: Continuous rubber or vinyl bumper cushion(s).
 - d. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - e. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
 - f. Mounting: Surface mounted directly to wall **OR** Reveal mounted on bumper cushions, **as directed**.
- 7. Transparent-Plastic Chair Rail: Consisting of clear polycarbonate plastic sheet.
 - a. Height: 3 inches (75 mm) nominal **OR** 4 inches (100 mm) nominal **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted using flat-head countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes.
- 8. Rub Strip: Consisting of minimum 0.040-inch- (1.0-mm-) **OR** 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick, plastic sheet wall-covering material.
 - a. Height: 8 inches (200 mm) nominal.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Surface mounted with adhesive or double-faced adhesive tape.

C. Handrails

- 1. Impact-Resistant Plastic Handrails: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer.
 - a. Cover: Minimum 0.078-inch- (2.0-mm-) **OR** 0.100-inch- (2.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick, extruded rigid plastic; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Single Handrail: Cylindrical tube profile cover with continuous retainer; with mounting brackets supporting bottom of rail.
 - a) Tube Diameter: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Bumper Rail: Cover with flat **OR** sculpted with contoured thumb recess on, **as directed**, front side; with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter gripping surface and finger recess on back side; supported by concealed, continuous retainer and extended mounting brackets.
 - a) Bumper-Rail Dimensions: Nominal 5-1/2 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep (140 mm high by 38 mm deep) **OR** 5-1/2 inches high by 2 inches deep (140 mm high by 50 mm deep), **as directed**.

- b) Bumper Surface: Smooth **OR** Smooth with coextruded accent inlay strip in contrasting color **OR** Grooved, **as directed**.
 - c) Accent Inlay Strip: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) high by length of rail.
 - 3) Double Handrail with Bumper-Rail Profile: Two tubes mounted above and below nominal, flat-faced bumper rail; each tube with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter gripping surface and finger recess on back side; supported by concealed, continuous retainer and extended mounting brackets.
 - a) Bumper-Rail Dimensions: Nominal 4 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep (100 mm high by 38 mm deep).
 - b) Bumper Surface: Smooth **OR** Smooth with coextruded accent inlay strip in contrasting color **OR** Grooved, **as directed**.
 - c) Accent Inlay Strip: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) high by length of rail.
 - 4) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Mounting Bracket: Extended mounting on injection-molded plastic **OR** anodized-aluminum, **as directed**, mounting brackets.
 - d. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; matching color **OR** contrasting with color, **as directed**, cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - e. Accessories: Concealed splices, cushions, and mounting hardware.
2. Combination Wood-Plastic Bumper Handrail: Assembly consisting of solid-wood handrail mounted above plastic bumper rail, both mounted on continuous retainer; with reveal between handrail and bumper serving as thumb recess on front side; with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter gripping surface and finger recess on back side.
 - a. Wood Handrail: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in diameter; with matching end caps and corners.
 - 1) Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Ash **OR** Beech, **as directed**.
 - 2) Finish: Clear **OR** Stained, **as directed**.
 - 3) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Bumper: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch- (2.0-mm-) **OR** 0.100-inch- (2.5-mm-), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Flat **OR** Convex, **as directed**, profile, nominal 4 inches high by 1 inch deep (100 mm high by 25 mm deep).
 - 2) Accent Inlay Strip: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) high by length of rail.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - 4) End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching bumper; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on bumper.
 - c. Retainer: Minimum 0.0625-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - d. Reveal: Extruded rigid plastic or vinyl over aluminum retainer.
 - 1) Color: Brass **OR** Chrome **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - e. Accessories: Concealed splices, cushion(s), and mounting hardware.
3. Wood Handrail with Bumper: Assembly consisting of continuous sculpted, solid-wood handrail, with bumper insert installed in continuous retainer recessed into the face of the wood.
 - a. Wood Handrail: As indicated on Drawings with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter gripping surface.
 - 1) End Caps, Returns, Corners, and Mounting Brackets: Solid wood that matches rail.
 - 2) Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Ash **OR** Beech **OR** Bamboo, **as directed**.
 - 3) Finish: Clear **OR** Stained, **as directed**.
 - 4) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Bumper: Extruded rigid plastic **OR** flexible vinyl, **as directed**, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.

- 1) Profile: Half-round profile, nominal 2 inches high by 1 inch deep (50 mm high by 25 mm deep) **OR** Small rounded profile, nominal 1-1/8 inches high by 1-1/8 inches deep (30 mm high by 30 mm deep), **as directed**.
- 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- 3) End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching bumper; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on bumper.
- c. Retainer: Minimum 0.0625-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - 1) Finish: Mill **OR** Brass colored, **as directed**.
- d. Accessories: Concealed splices and mounting hardware.
4. Solid-Wood Handrail: Assembly consisting of continuous sculpted, solid-wood handrail.
 - a. Handrail: 5-1/2 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep (140 mm high by 38 mm deep) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter gripping surface.
 - 1) End Caps, Returns, Corners, and Mounting Brackets: Solid wood that matches rail.
 - 2) Wood Species: Red oak **OR** Maple **OR** Ash **OR** Beech, **as directed**.
 - 3) Finish: Clear **OR** Stained, **as directed**.
 - 4) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

D. Bed Locators

1. Bed Locators: Assembly consisting of continuous snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer; with two bed-locator end caps and mounting hardware; cover designed to spring back when hit.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness.
 - 1) Profile: Large rounded angled **OR** bullnose, **as directed**, profile, nominal 4 inches high by 2 inches deep (100 mm high by 50 mm deep).
 - 2) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Bed-Locator End Caps: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
 - d. Mounting Type: Surface mounted on 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick cushion spacers **OR** Extended mounting on injection-molded plastic mounting brackets **OR** Extended mounting on aluminum mounting brackets, **as directed**.

E. Corner Guards

1. Surface-Mounted, Resilient, Plastic Corner Guards: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer; including mounting hardware; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Nominal 2-inch- (50-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) corner radius, **as directed**.
 - 2) Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) **OR** 8 feet (2.4 m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum **OR** One-piece extruded plastic, **as directed**.
OR
 Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips.
 - c. Top and Bottom Caps: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
2. Flush-Mounted, Resilient, Plastic Corner Guards: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover that is flush with adjacent wall surface, installed over continuous retainer; including mounting hardware; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition; full wall height.

- a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Nominal 2-inch- (50-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) corner radius, **as directed**.
 - 2) Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) **OR** 8 feet (2.4 m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
OR
Retainer Clips: Manufacturer's standard impact-absorbing clips.
 - c. Aluminum Cove Base: Nominal 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, high.
3. Fire-Rated, Resilient, Plastic Corner Guards: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover that is flush with adjacent wall surface, installed over continuous retainer and intumescent fire barrier; including mounting hardware; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition; full wall height.
 - a. Fire Rating: 1 hour **OR** 2 hours **OR** Same rating as wall in which corner guard is installed, **as directed**; UL listed and labeled according to UL 2079.
 - b. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Leg: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 3 inches (75 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Corner Radius: 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Retainer: Minimum 0.070-inch- (1.8-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - d. Aluminum Cove Base: Nominal 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, high.
 4. Surface-Mounted, Opaque-Plastic Corner Guards: Fabricated from PVC plastic, acrylic-modified vinyl sheet or opaque polycarbonate sheet; with formed edges; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.
 - a. Wing Size: Nominal 3/4 by 3/4 inch (20 by 20 mm) **OR** 1-1/8 by 1-1/8 inches (30 by 30 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 by 2-1/2 inches (65 by 65 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Adhesive **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
 - c. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 5. Surface-Mounted, Transparent-Plastic Corner Guards: Fabricated from clear polycarbonate plastic sheet; with formed edges; fabricated with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.
 - a. Wing Size: Nominal 3/4 by 3/4 inch (20 by 20 mm) **OR** 1-1/8 by 1-1/8 inches (30 by 30 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 by 2-1/2 inches (65 by 65 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: Minimum 0.050 inch (1.3 mm) **OR** 0.075 inch (1.9 mm) **OR** 0.100 inch (2.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Corner clips, **as directed**.
 6. Surface-Mounted, Metal Corner Guards: Fabricated from one-piece, formed or extruded metal with formed edges; with 90- or 135-degree turn to match wall condition.
 - a. Material: Stainless steel, Type 304 **OR** Type 430, **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness: Minimum 0.0500 inch (1.3 mm) **OR** 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 0.0781 inch (2.0 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Finish: Directional satin, No. 4 **OR** Bright annealed, **as directed**.

OR
Material: Extruded aluminum, minimum 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm) thick, with clear anodic finish.
OR

Material: Brass sheet, minimum 0.0500 inch (1.3 mm) thick, with buffed, smooth specular **OR** fine satin, **as directed**, finish.

- b. Wing Size: Nominal 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 by 2-1/2 inches (65 by 65 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches (90 by 90 mm), **as directed**.
- c. Corner Radius: 1/8 inch (3 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
- d. Mounting: Flat-head, countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Oval head, countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced, adhesive foam tape **OR** Adhesive, **as directed**.

F. End-Wall Guards

- 1. Surface-Mounted, Resilient, Plastic End-Wall Guard: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer **OR** continuous retainer at each corner, with end of wall covered by semirigid, impact-resistant sheet wall covering, **as directed**; including mounting hardware.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Nominal 2-inch- (50-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) corner radius, **as directed**.
 - 2) Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) **OR** 8 feet (2.4 m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **a directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Top and Bottom Caps: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; color matching cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
- 2. Flush-Mounted, Resilient, Plastic End-Wall Guard: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover that is flush with adjacent wall surface and that covers entire end of wall, installed over continuous retainer **OR** continuous retainer at each corner, with end of wall covered by semirigid, impact-resistant sheet wall covering, **as directed**; including mounting hardware.
 - a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Profile: Nominal 2-inch- (50-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1/4-inch (6-mm) corner radius **OR** 3-inch- (75-mm-) long leg and 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) corner radius, **as directed**.
 - 2) Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) **OR** 8 feet (2.4 m), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - c. Aluminum Cove Base: Nominal 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, high.
- 3. Fire-Rated, Resilient, Plastic End-Wall Guard: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover that is flush with adjacent wall surface and that covers entire end of wall, installed over continuous retainer and intumescent fire barrier; including mounting hardware; full wall height.
 - a. Fire Rating: 1 hour **OR** 2 hours **OR** Same rating as wall in which end guard is installed, **as directed**; UL listed and labeled according to UL 2079.
 - b. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.078-inch (2.0-mm) **OR** 0.100-inch (2.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; as follows: **OR** in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 1) Leg: Nominal 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 3 inches (75 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Corner Radius: 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Retainer: Minimum 0.070-inch- (1.8-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
 - d. Aluminum Cove Base: Nominal 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 6 inches (150 mm), **as directed**, high.

4. Surface-Mounted, Metal, End-Wall Guards: Fabricated from one-piece, formed or extruded metal that covers entire end of wall; with formed edges.
 - a. Material: Stainless steel, Type 304 **OR** Type 430 **as directed**.
 - 1) Thickness: Minimum 0.0500 inch (1.3 mm) **OR** 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm) **OR** 0.0781 inch (2.0 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Finish: Directional satin, No. 4 **OR** Bright annealed, **as directed**.

OR

Material: Extruded aluminum, minimum 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm) thick, with clear anodic finish.

OR

Material: Brass sheet, minimum 0.0500 inch (1.3 mm) thick, with buffed, smooth specular **OR** fine satin, **as directed**, finish.
 - b. Wing Size: Nominal 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 by 2-1/2 inches (65 by 65 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches (90 by 90 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Corner Radius: 1/8 inch (3 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Mounting: Flat-head, countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Oval head, countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced, adhesive foam tape **OR** Adhesive, **as directed**.
- G. Impact-Resistant Wall Coverings
1. Impact-Resistant Sheet Wall Covering: Fabricated from plastic sheet wall-covering material.
 - a. Size: 48 by 96 inches (1219 by 2438 mm) for sheet **OR** 48 by 120 inches (1219 by 3048 mm) for roll **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Sheet Thickness: 0.022 inch (0.56 mm) **OR** 0.028 inch (0.7 mm) **OR** 0.040 inch (1.0 mm) **OR** 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) **OR** 0.080 inch (2.0 mm) **OR** 0.093 inch (2.4 mm) **OR** 0.125 inch (3.0 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Height: Full wall **OR** Wainscot **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - e. Trim and Joint Moldings: Extruded rigid plastic that matches sheet wall covering color.
 - f. Mounting: Adhesive.
 2. Prelaminated, Impact-Resistant Wall Panels: Rigid wall panels consisting of impact-resistant plastic sheet wall covering material factory laminated to high-impact-resistant core, with moisture-resistant vapor barrier factory laminated to reverse side of panel for stability.
 - a. Composition: 0.028-inch- (0.70-mm-) thick plastic sheet laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, particleboard core **OR** 0.04-inch- (1.02-mm-) thick plastic sheet laminated to 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, particleboard core, **as directed**.
 - b. Sheet Size: 48 by 96 inches (1219 by 2438 mm) **OR** 48 by 108 inches (1219 by 2743 mm) **OR** 48 by 120 inches (1219 by 3048 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Height: Full wall **OR** Wainscot **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Sheet Edge: Square **OR** Beveled, **as directed**.
 - e. Trim and Joint Moldings: Extruded rigid plastic that matches sheet wall covering color.
 - f. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Mounting: Adhesive.
- H. Door Protection Systems
1. General: Comply with BHMA A156.6.
 - a. For fire-rated doors, provide door protection systems that are UL listed and labeled.
 2. Protection Plates: Fabricated from extruded rigid plastic, of thickness indicated.
 3. Full-Height Door-Surface Protection: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; with 90-degree bend for door-edge protection.
 - a. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.

4. Armor Plates: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; beveled four sides.
 - a. Size: 32 inches (813 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1016 mm) **OR** 42 inches (1067 mm), **as directed**, high by door width, with allowance for frame stops.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
5. Kick Plates: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed** wall thickness; beveled four sides.
 - a. Size: 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** 10 inches (254 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, high by door width, with allowance for frame stops.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
6. Mop Plates: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; beveled four sides.
 - a. Size: 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**, high by 1 inch (25 mm) less than door width.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
7. Stretcher Plates: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; beveled four sides.
 - a. Size: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 8 inches (203 mm), **as directed**, high by door width, with allowance for frame stops.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
8. Push Plates: Minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) **OR** 0.080-inch (2.0-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; beveled four sides.
 - a. Size: 12 inches high by 4 inches wide (305 mm high by 102 mm wide) **OR** 16 inches high by 4 inches wide (406 mm high by 102 mm wide), **as directed**.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
9. Door-Edge Protection: Fabricated from extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; formed to fit over door edge without mortising.
 - a. Shape: L **OR** U, **as directed**.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
10. Door-Frame Protector: Fabricated from extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.040-inch (1.0-mm) **OR** 0.050-inch (1.3-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.5-mm), **as directed**, wall thickness; formed to fit entire door-frame profile.
 - a. Height: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Adhesive **OR** Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes **OR** Double-faced adhesive foam tape, **as directed**.
11. Door-Frame Protector: Assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer; formed to fit door frame on opposite side of door swing.

- a. Cover: Extruded rigid plastic, minimum 0.080-inch (2.0-mm) wall thickness; in dimensions and profiles indicated.
 - 1) Height: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Corner Radius: 1/4 inch (6 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
12. Door-Knob **OR** Door-Lever, **as directed**, Protector: Fabricated from injection-molded plastic, minimum 0.060-inch (1.5-mm) wall thickness.
- a. Color and Texture: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes.

I. Fabrication

1. Fabricate impact-resistant wall protection units to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, and member sizes, including thicknesses of components.
2. Preform curved semirigid, impact-resistant sheet wall covering in factory for radius and sheet thickness as follows:
 - a. Sheet Thickness of 0.040 Inch (1.0 mm): 24-inch (610-mm) radius.
 - b. Sheet Thickness of 0.060 Inch (1.5 mm): 36-inch (914-mm) radius.
3. Assemble components in factory to greatest extent possible to minimize field assembly. Disassemble only as necessary for shipping and handling.
4. Fabricate components with tight seams and joints with exposed edges rolled. Provide surfaces free of wrinkles, chips, dents, uneven coloration, and other imperfections. Fabricate members and fittings to produce flush, smooth, and rigid hairline joints.
5. Miter corners and ends of wood handrails for returns.

J. Metal Finishes

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - a. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 - b. Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - c. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - d. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
2. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates and wall areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, fire rating, and other conditions affecting performance of work.
2. Examine walls to which impact-resistant wall protection will be attached for blocking, grounds, and other solid backing that have been installed in the locations required for secure attachment of support fasteners.
 - a. For impact-resistant wall protection units attached with adhesive or foam tape, verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Complete finishing operations, including painting, before installing impact-resistant wall protection system components.
2. Before installation, clean substrate to remove dust, debris, and loose particles.

C. Installation

1. General: Install impact-resistant wall protection units level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.
 - a. Install impact-resistant wall protection units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings or, if not indicated, at heights indicated on Drawings **OR** as directed.
 - b. Provide splices, mounting hardware, anchors, and other accessories required for a complete installation.
 - 1) Provide anchoring devices to withstand imposed loads.
 - 2) Where splices occur in horizontal runs of more than 20 feet (6.1 m), splice aluminum retainers and plastic covers at different locations along the run, but no closer than 12 inches (305 mm).
 - 3) Adjust end and top caps as required to ensure tight seams.
2. Impact-Resistant Wall Covering: Install top and edge moldings, corners, and divider bars as required for a complete installation.

D. Cleaning

1. Immediately after completion of installation, clean plastic covers and accessories using a standard, ammonia-based, household cleaning agent.
2. Remove excess adhesive using methods and materials recommended in writing by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 10 26 13 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 26 13 00	05 50 00 00	Metal Fabrications
10 26 23 00	10 26 13 00	Impact-Resistant Wall Protection

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SECTION 10 28 13 13 - TOILET AND BATH ACCESSORIES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for toilet and bath accessories. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Public-use washroom accessories.
 - b. Public-use shower room accessories.
 - c. Private-use bathroom accessories.
 - d. Healthcare accessories.
 - e. Warm-air dryers.
 - f. Childcare accessories.
 - g. Underlavatory guards.
 - h. Custodial accessories.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Product Schedule:
 - a. Identify locations using room designations indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Identify products using designations indicated on Drawings.

D. Warranty

1. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within 15 years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304, 0.0312-inch (0.8-mm) minimum nominal thickness, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Brass: ASTM B 19 flat products; ASTM B 16 (ASTM B 16M), rods, shapes, forgings, and flat products with finished edges; or ASTM B 30, castings.
3. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Designation CS (cold rolled, commercial steel), 0.0359-inch (0.9-mm) minimum nominal thickness.
4. Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with G60 (Z180) hot-dip zinc coating.
5. Galvanized Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A 153/A 153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
6. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit and tamper-and-theft resistant where exposed, and of galvanized steel where concealed.
7. Chrome Plating: ASTM B 456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service).
8. Mirrors: ASTM C 1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick.
9. ABS Plastic: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene resin formulation.

B. Public-Use Washroom Accessories

1. Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser:
 - a. Description: Roll-in-reserve dispenser with hinged front secured with tumbler lockset **OR** Single-roll dispenser **OR** Double-roll dispenser **OR** Double-roll dispenser with shelf, **as directed**.

- b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Partition mounted serving two adjacent toilet compartments **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Operation: Noncontrol delivery with standard spindle **OR** Noncontrol delivery with theft-resistant spindle **OR** Spindleless with tension-spring controlled delivery **OR** Spindleless with tension-spring controlled delivery and self-locking device extending through core that prevents core removal until roll is empty **OR** Eccentric-shaped, molded-plastic spindle revolves one-half revolution per dispensing operation for controlled delivery; core cannot be removed until roll is empty, **as directed**.
 - d. Capacity: Designed for 4-1/2- or 5-inch- (114- or 127-mm-) **OR** 5-inch- (127-mm-), **as directed**, diameter tissue rolls.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) or steel **OR** Satin-finish aluminum bracket with plastic spindle **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
2. Combination Toilet Tissue Dispenser:
- a. Description: Combination unit with double-roll toilet tissue dispenser and the following:
 - 1) Removable sanitary-napkin waste receptacle with self-closing disposal-opening cover.
 - 2) Seat-cover dispenser with minimum capacity of 500 **OR** 1000, **as directed**, single or half-fold seat covers.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Surface mounted **OR** Partition mounted, dual access with two tissue rolls per compartment **OR** Partition mounted, dual access with two tissue rolls per compartment and with one side that mounts flush with partition of accessible compartment, **as directed**.
 - c. Toilet Tissue Dispenser Capacity: 4-1/2- or 5-inch- (114- or 127-mm-) diameter tissue rolls.
 - d. Toilet Tissue Dispenser Operation: Noncontrol delivery with theft-resistant spindles.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - f. Lockset: Tumbler type.
3. Toilet Tissue (Folded) Dispenser:
- a. Description: Folded-tissue dispenser with cover hinged at bottom.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted.
 - c. Minimum Capacity: 1250 single-fold tissues.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - f. Refill Indicators: Pierced slots at front.
4. Toilet Tissue (Jumbo-Roll) Dispenser:
- a. Description: One-roll unit **OR** Two-roll unit with sliding panel to expose other roll, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted.
 - c. Capacity: 9- or 10-inch- (228- or 254-mm-) diameter rolls.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - f. Refill Indicator: Pierced slots at front.
5. Paper Towel (Folded) Dispenser:
- a. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Deck mounted, recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Capacity: 400 C-fold or 525 multifold towels **OR** 600 C-fold or 800 multifold towels **OR** 400 single-fold towels, **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
 - d. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - e. Refill Indicators: Pierced slots at sides or front.
6. Paper Towel (Roll) Dispenser:
- a. Description: Lever-actuated mechanism permits controlled delivery of paper rolls in preset lengths per stroke.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Minimum Capacity: 8-inch (203-mm) wide, 800-foot (244-m) long roll.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.

- e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
- 7. Waste Receptacle:
 - a. Mounting: Open top, recessed **OR** Self-closing disposal-opening cover, recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted **OR** Wall mounted for corner installation **OR** Freestanding **OR** Undercounter, **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Capacity: Capacity in gal. (L) **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - d. Liner: Reusable vinyl liner.
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type for waste-receptacle.
- 8. Combination Towel (Folded) Dispenser/Waste Receptacle:
 - a. Description: Combination unit for dispensing C-fold or multifold towels, with removable waste receptacle.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted **OR** Surface mounted with stainless-steel collar **OR** Recessed **OR** Recessed with projecting receptacle **OR** Semirecessed, **as directed**.
 - 1) Designed for nominal 4-inch (100-mm) **OR** 6-inch (150-mm), **as directed**, wall depth.
 - c. Minimum Towel-Dispenser Capacity: 600 C-fold or 800 multifold paper towels.
 - d. Minimum Waste-Receptacle Capacity: 4 gal. (15 L) **OR** 12 gal. (45.4 L), **as directed**.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - f. Liner: Reusable, vinyl waste-receptacle liner.
 - g. Lockset: Tumbler type for towel-dispenser compartment and waste receptacle.
- 9. Combination Towel (Roll) Dispenser/Waste Receptacle:
 - a. Description: Combination unit for dispensing preset length of roll paper towels, with removable waste receptacle.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Minimum Towel-Dispenser Capacity: 8-inch (203-mm) wide, 800-foot (244-m) long roll.
 - d. Minimum Waste Receptacle Capacity: 8 gal. (30 L) **OR** 12 gal. (45.4 L) **OR** 15 gal. (56.8 L), **as directed**.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - f. Liner: Reusable, vinyl waste-receptacle liner.
 - g. Lockset: Tumbler type for towel dispenser compartment and waste receptacle.
- 10. Multipurpose Soap/Towel Dispenser Unit:
 - a. Description: Combination unit for dispensing soap in liquid or lotion **OR** lather, **as directed**, form and folded towels.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed, designed for nominal 4-inch (100-mm) wall depth **OR** Surface mounted with stainless-steel collar, **as directed**.
 - c. Minimum Soap-Dispenser Capacity: 80 oz. (2.36 L).
 - d. Minimum Towel-Dispenser Capacity: 600 C-fold or 800 multifold **OR** 1000 single-fold, **as directed**, towels.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) for unit body and soap valve.
 - f. Lockset: Tumbler type.
- 11. Liquid-Soap Dispenser:
 - a. Description: Designed for dispensing soap in liquid or lotion **OR** lather, **as directed**, form.
 - b. Mounting: Deck mounted on vanity **OR** Deck mounted on lavatory **OR** Horizontally oriented, recessed **OR** Horizontally oriented, surface mounted **OR** Vertically oriented, surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity: Capacity in **oz. (mL)**, **as directed**.
 - d. Materials: Valve and reservoir materials and finishes, **as directed**.
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - f. Refill Indicator: Window type.
- 12. Grab Bar:
 - a. Mounting: Flanges with concealed **OR** exposed, **as directed**, fasteners.
 - b. Material: Stainless steel, 0.05 inch (1.3 mm) thick.
 - 1) Finish: Smooth, No. 4, satin finish **OR** Smooth, No. 4, satin finish on ends and slip-resistant texture in grip area, **as directed**.
 - c. Outside Diameter: 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** [1-1/2 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings **OR** Straight, 36 inches (914 mm) long, **as directed**.

13. Vendor:
 - a. Type: Sanitary napkin **OR** Sanitary napkin and tampon **OR** Condom, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Fully recessed, designed for 4-inch (100-mm) wall depth, **OR** Semirecessed, **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity: **As directed**.
 - d. Operation: No coin (free) **OR** Single coin (25 cents) **OR** Two coin (50 cents), **as directed**.
 - e. Exposed Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - f. Lockset: Tumbler type with separate lock and key for coin box.
14. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit:
 - a. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Partition mounted, dual access **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Door or Cover: Self-closing disposal-opening cover and hinged face panel with tumbler lockset.
 - c. Receptacle: Removable.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
15. Seat-Cover Dispenser:
 - a. Mounting: Surface mounted **OR** Recessed **OR** Partition mounted, dual access, **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Capacity: 250 **OR** 500, **as directed**, seat covers.
 - c. Exposed Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
 - d. Lockset: Tumbler type.
16. Fold-Down Purse Shelf:
 - a. Description: Hinged unit with spring-loaded shelf that automatically returns to vertical position.
 - b. Nominal Size: 15 inches (381 mm) long by 5-1/2 inches (140 mm) wide.
 - c. Material and Finish: Chrome-plated cast-zinc alloy (zamac) with stippled finish on tray or stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Chrome-plated cast-zinc alloy (zamac) with stippled finish on tray and bright chrome finish on edges **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), **as directed**.
17. Mirror Unit:
 - a. Frame: Stainless-steel angle, 0.05 inch (1.3 mm) thick **OR** Stainless-steel channel **OR** Stainless steel, fixed tilt **OR** Stainless steel, adjustable tilt, **as directed**.
 - 1) Corners: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Mitered and mechanically interlocked **OR** Welded and ground smooth, **as directed**.
 - b. Integral Shelf: 5 inches (127 mm) deep.
 - c. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
 - 1) One-piece, galvanized steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
 - 2) Wall bracket of galvanized steel, equipped with concealed locking devices requiring a special tool to remove.
 - d. Size: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
18. Facial Tissue Dispenser:
 - a. Mounting: Wall mounted, recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Nominal Depth: 2-1/4 inches (57 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity: 150 double-ply tissues.
 - d. Material and Finish:
 - 1) Dispenser Face: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - 2) Cabinet: Steel with corrosion-resistant finish.

C. Public-Use Shower Room Accessories

1. Shower Curtain Rod:
 - a. Description: 1-inch (25.4-mm) OD; fabricated from nominal 0.0375-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick stainless steel **OR** 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) OD; fabricated from nominal **0.05-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel, as directed**.

- b. Mounting Flanges: Stainless-steel flanges designed for exposed fasteners.
 - c. Finish: No. 4 (satin).
 - 2. Shower Curtain:
 - a. Size: Minimum 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, wider than opening by 72 inches (1828 mm) high.
 - b. Material: Vinyl, minimum 0.006-inch- (0.15-mm-) thick, opaque, matte, **OR** Duck, minimum 8 oz. (227 g), white, 100 percent cotton, **OR** Nylon-reinforced vinyl, minimum 10-oz. (284-g) or 0.008-inch- (0.2-mm-) thick vinyl, with integral antibacterial agent, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: White **OR** Green **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Grommets: Corrosion resistant at minimum 6 inches (152 mm) o.c. through top hem.
 - e. Shower Curtain Hooks: Chrome-plated or stainless-steel, spring wire curtain hooks with snap fasteners, sized to accommodate specified curtain rod. Provide one hook per curtain grommet.
 - 3. Folding Shower Seat:
 - a. Configuration: L-shaped seat, designed for wheelchair access **OR** Rectangular seat **OR** Triangular, corner-type seat **OR** Stainless-steel seat designed to fold into recessed-mounted, stainless-steel wall box, **as directed**.
 - b. Seat: Phenolic or polymeric composite of slat-type or one-piece construction in color as selected **OR** White vinyl padded seat **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin); 0.05-inch (1.3-mm) minimum nominal thickness; with single-piece, pan-type construction and edge seams welded and ground smooth, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting Mechanism: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - d. Dimensions: **As directed**.
 - 4. Soap Dish:
 - a. Description: With **OR** Without, **as directed**, washcloth bar.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Ceramic at Cermaic Tile Bathtub surround (See Ceramic Tile Section) **OR** Metal at Porcelain Steel Bathtub Surround (Fastenings: Plated expansion toggle or molly bolts, lead anchors or as required by existing wall conditions), **as directed**.
- D. Private-Use Bathroom Accessories
- 1. Toilet Tissue Dispenser:
 - a. Description: Single-roll dispenser **OR** Double-roll dispenser **OR** Single-roll dispenser with hood **OR** Double-roll dispenser with hood, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity: Designed for 4-1/2- or 5-inch- (114- or 127-mm-) diameter tissue rolls.
 - d. Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - 2. Shower Curtain Rod:
 - a. Outside Diameter: 1 inch (25.4 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inch (32 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Flanges with exposed **OR** concealed, **as directed**, fasteners.
 - c. Rod Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - d. Flange Material and Finish: Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - e. Accessories: Integral chrome-plated brass glide hooks.
 - 3. Soap Dish:
 - a. Description: **As directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished) **OR** Ceramic at Cermaic Tile Bathtub surround (See Ceramic Tile Section) **OR** Metal at Porcelain Steel Bathtub Surround (Fastenings: Plated expansion toggle or molly bolts, lead anchors or as required by existing wall conditions), **as directed**.

4. Medicine Cabinet:
 - a. Mounting: Recessed, for nominal 4-inch (100-mm) wall depth **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Size: 18 by 24 inches (460 by 610 mm).
 - c. Door: Framed mirror door concealing storage cabinet equipped with continuous hinge and spring-buffered, rod-type stop and magnetic door catch.
 - d. Shelves: Three, adjustable.
 - e. Material and Finish:
 - 1) Cabinet: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Steel with corrosion resistant finish, **as directed**.
 - 2) Mirror Frame: **As directed**.
 - 3) Door: **As directed**.
 - 4) Hinge: **As directed**.
 - 5) Shelves: **As directed**.
5. Facial Tissue Dispenser:
 - a. Mounting: Wall mounted, recessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Depth: 2-5/8 inches (67 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish:
 - 1) Dispenser Face: Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated steel **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - 2) Cabinet: Steel with corrosion-resistant finish.
6. Robe Hook:
 - a. Description: Double-prong **OR** Single-prong, **as directed**, unit.
 - b. Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
7. Toothbrush and Tumbler Holder:
 - a. Description: **As directed**.
 - b. Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
8. Towel Bar:
 - a. Description: 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) square tube with rectangular end brackets **OR** 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) round tube with circular end brackets, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Flanges with concealed **OR** exposed, **as directed**, fasteners.
 - c. Length: 18 inches (457 mm), **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **OR** 30 inches (762 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished) **OR** Polished aluminum, **as directed**.
9. Towel Pin:
 - a. Description: Projecting minimum of 3 inches (75 mm) **OR** 5 inches (127 mm), **as directed**, from wall surface.
 - b. Material and Finish: Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
10. Towel Ring:
 - a. Description: Pin projecting approximately 2-1/2 inches (63 mm) from wall with square **OR** circular **OR** oval **OR** trapezoidal, **as directed**, ring.
 - b. Pin Material and Finish: Solid brass, polished **OR** Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated brass **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
 - c. Ring Material and Finish: Matching pin **OR** Clear plastic, **as directed**.
11. Towel Shelf:
 - a. Description: Surface-mounted, guest-towel shelf with four 3/8-inch- (9-mm-) diameter **OR** 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) square, **as directed**, stainless steel tubes mounted in support arms.

- 1) Towel Bar: 1/4-inch (6-mm-) diameter **OR** 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) square, **as directed**, stainless-steel towel bar below shelf.
 - b. Length: 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Material and Finish: Polished brass-plated stainless steel tubes mounted in zinc alloy (zamac) support arms **OR** Polished chrome-plated stainless steel tubes mounted in zinc alloy (zamac) support arms **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
12. Towel Rack:
- a. Description: Surface-mounted, guest-towel unit with approximately 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter wire rings welded to upright wire bracket.
 - b. Capacity: 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, sets of bath towels, hand towels, and washcloths.
 - c. Nominal Height: 11 inches (279 mm) **OR** 17 inches (432 mm) **OR** 21 inches (533 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Material and Finish: Polished brass-plated zinc alloy (zamac) **OR** Polished chrome-plated zinc alloy (zamac), **as directed**.
13. Retractable Clothesline:
- a. Description: Surface-mounted rectangular **OR** circular, **as directed**, housing with minimum 72-inch- (1829-mm-) long, retractable, spring-actuated, synthetic clothesline and remote retention bracket.
 - b. Material and Finish Chrome-plated brass **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished), **as directed**.
14. Bottle Opener:
- a. Description: Surface-mounted unit with standard **OR** vandal-resistant, **as directed**, fasteners.
 - b. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Stainless steel, No. 7 finish (polished) **OR** Chrome-plated steel, **as directed**.
- E. Healthcare Accessories
1. Specimen Pass-Through Cabinet:
 - a. Description: With self-closing doors on both sides, lock that prevents doors from both being opened at the same time, and removable stainless-steel tray.
 - b. Nominal Wall Opening: 12 by 11-1/4 inches (305 by 285 mm), width times height.
 - c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 2. Specimen Pass-Through Box:
 - a. Description: With minimum 12-inch (305-mm) diameter turntable removable cylinder that revolves on stainless-steel self-lubricating ball bearing plates, and with mechanism to prevent over rotation of cylinder.
 - b. Nominal Wall Opening: 13-1/4 by 14 inches (335 by 355 mm), width times height.
 - c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - d. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 3. Bedpan and Urinal Cabinet:
 - a. Description: For storing one conventional size bedpan and one urinal bottle; with door that produces 1/2-inch (13-mm) opening at top and bottom of cabinet to allow air circulation.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed.
 - c. Nominal Wall Opening: 13-1/2 by 26-1/2 by 5 inches (340 by 670 by 130 mm), width times height times depth.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 4. Bedpan and Urinal Rack:
 - a. Description: For storing one conventional size bedpan and one urinal bottle.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted.
 - c. Size: 12 by 27 inches (300 by 685 mm), width times height.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- F. Warm-Air Dryers
1. Warm-Air Dryer:
 - a. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Operation: Touch-button **OR** Electronic-sensor, **as directed**, activated with timed power cut-off switch.
 - 1) Operation Time: 30 to 40, **OR** 80, **as directed**, seconds.

- c. Cover Material and Finish: Steel, with white enamel finish **OR** Cast iron, with enamel finish in color selected **OR** Chrome-plated steel **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** Molded plastic, gray **OR** Molded plastic, white, **as directed**.
- d. Electrical Requirements: 115 V, 13 A, 1500 W **OR** 115 V, 15 A, 1725 W **OR** 115 V, 20 A, 2300 W **OR** 208-240 V, 9-10 A, 1900-2300 W, **as directed**.

G. Childcare Accessories

- 1. Diaper-Changing Station:
 - a. Description: Horizontal **OR** Vertical, **as directed**, unit that opens by folding down from stored position and with child-protection strap.
 - 1) Engineered to support a minimum of 250-lb (113-kg) static load when opened.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted, with unit projecting not more than 4 inches (100 mm) from wall when closed **OR** Semirecessed, with unit projecting not more than 1 inch (25 mm) from wall when closed, **as directed**.
 - c. Operation: By pneumatic shock-absorbing mechanism.
 - d. Material and Finish: High-density polyethylene in manufacturer's standard color **OR** High-density polyethylene with plastic laminate insert in color selected **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), with replaceable insulated polystyrene tray liner and rounded plastic corners **OR** Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), exterior shell with rounded plastic corners; high-density polyethylene interior in manufacturer's standard color, **as directed**.
 - e. Liner Dispenser: Built in.
- 2. Diaper-Pack Vendor:
 - a. Mounting: Surface mounted **OR** Recessed, **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Capacity: 100 diaper packs.
 - c. Coin Operation: Coin slot preset for 1 U.S. dollar, adjustable up in 25-cent increments.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- 3. Child-Protection Seat:
 - a. Description: Unit that opens by folding down from stored position and with child-protection strap.
 - 1) Engineered to support a minimum of 80-lb (36-kg), **OR** 150-lb (68-kg), **as directed**, static load when opened.
 - b. Mounting: Surface mounted, with unit projecting not more than 4-1/2 inches (114 mm), **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**, from wall when closed.
 - c. Material and Finish: High-density polyethylene in manufacturer's standard color.

H. Underlavatory Guards

- 1. Material and Finish: Antimicrobial, molded-plastic, white.

I. Custodial Accessories

- 1. Utility Shelf:
 - a. Description: With exposed edges turned down not less than 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) and supported by two triangular brackets welded to shelf underside.
 - b. Size: 16 inches (406 mm) long by 6 inches (152 mm) deep.
 - c. Material and Finish: Not less than nominal 0.05-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- 2. Mop and Broom Holder:
 - a. Description: Unit with shelf, hooks, holders, and rod suspended beneath shelf.
 - b. Length: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - c. Hooks: Three.
 - d. Mop/Broom Holders: Four, spring-loaded, rubber hat, cam type.
 - e. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
 - 1) Shelf: Not less than nominal 0.05-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel.
 - 2) Rod: Approximately 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter stainless steel.
- 3. Paper Towel (Folded) Dispenser:
 - a. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - b. Minimum Capacity: 400 C-fold or 525 multifold towels **OR** 600 C-fold or 800 multifold towels **OR** 400 single-fold towels, **as directed**.

- c. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin) **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
 - d. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - e. Refill Indicators: Pierced slots at sides or front.
 - 4. Paper Towel (Roll) Dispenser:
 - a. Description: Lever-actuated mechanism permits controlled delivery of paper rolls in preset lengths per stroke.
 - b. Mounting: Recessed **OR** Semirecessed **OR** Surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Minimum Capacity: 8-inch (203-mm) wide, 800-foot (244-m) long roll.
 - d. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin), **OR** ABS plastic, gray, **as directed**.
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - 5. Liquid-Soap Dispenser:
 - a. Description: Designed for dispensing soap in liquid or lotion **OR** lather, **as directed**, form.
 - b. Mounting: Deck mounted on vanity **OR** Deck mounted on lavatory **OR** Horizontally oriented, recessed **OR** Horizontally oriented, surface mounted **OR** Vertically oriented, surface mounted, **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity: Capacity in oz. (mL), **as directed**.
 - d. Materials: Valve and reservoir materials and finishes, **as directed**.
 - e. Lockset: Tumbler type.
 - f. Refill Indicator: Window type.
- J. Fabrication
- 1. Keys: Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying. Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

- a. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
- b. Grab Bars: Install to withstand a downward load of at least 250 lbf (1112 N), when tested according to method in ASTM F 446.

END OF SECTION 10 28 13 13

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SECTION 10 28 13 13a - DETENTION TOILET ACCESSORIES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for detention toilet accessories. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Safety hooks.
 - b. Shelves.
 - c. Combination shelves with safety hooks.
 - d. Miscellaneous toilet accessories.
 - e. Stainless-steel mirrors.
 - f. Grab bars.
 - g. Shower seats.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For security sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Samples: For each type of detention toilet accessory indicated.
4. Product Schedule: Indicate types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room.
5. Coordination Drawings: Drawings showing location of each built-in anchor supporting detention toilet accessories, including anchors to be installed as work of other Sections, drawn to scale and coordinating anchorage with detention toilet accessories.
6. Welding certificates.
7. Maintenance data.
8. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.
9. Other Informational Submittals:
 - a. Examination reports documenting inspection of substrates, areas, and conditions.
 - b. Anchor inspection reports documenting inspections of built-in and cast-in anchors.
 - c. Field quality-control certification signed by Contractor and Detention Specialist.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - c. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
2. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
3. Coordination Meetings: Conduct coordination meetings at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Special Project Procedures For Detention Facilities".

E. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace detention toilet accessories that fail in materials or workmanship within two years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B.
2. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) coating designation.
3. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304; Type 430 for mirrors.
4. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
5. Concealed Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A unless otherwise indicated.
6. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type indicated below, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 4 times the load imposed, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - a. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M.
7. Embedded Plate Anchors: Fabricated from steel shapes and plates, minimum 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) thick; with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) diameter headed studs welded to back of plate.
8. Proprietary Built-in Masonry Anchors: Fabricated from 0.134-inch (3.41-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet **OR** 1/4-inch (6.3-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate **OR** 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate, **as directed**, into 6-inch- (152-mm-) **OR** 8-inch- (203-mm-), **as directed**, deep blocks matching size of concrete masonry units; with weld nuts attached on inside to receive field-bolted attachments, **as directed**.
 - a. Finish: Factory primed for field painting for anchors with field-welded attachments **OR** Polyester powder coat for anchors with bolted attachments **OR** Epoxy paint for anchors with bolted attachments, **as directed**.
9. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications.

B. Security Sealants

1. Manufacturer's standard, high-modulus, nonsag, two-part, pick-proof, epoxy sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), recommended for sealing nonmoving interior joints in security applications.

C. Security Fasteners

1. Fasteners that are operable only by tools produced by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator for use on specific type of fastener.
2. Provide drive-system type, head style, material, and protective coating as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
 - a. Drive-System Types: Pinned Torx-Plus **OR** Pinned Torx, **as directed**.
 - b. Fastener Strength: 120,000 psi (827 MPa).
 - c. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - d. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - e. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
 - f. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
 - 1) Zinc and clear trivalent chromium, where indicated.
 - 2) Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.

D. Detention Safety Hooks

1. Individual, Curved, Detention Safety Hook: 0.188-inch (4.77-mm) nominal-thickness, stainless-steel curved hook held by 0.141-inch- (3.58-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.77-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel bracket punched with not less than 2 holes for fastening with security fastener. Provide friction washer assembly, adjustable with a nonremovable security screw that maintains pressure on hook and allows hook to pivot when load exceeds preset limit. Provide No. 4 finish.
 2. Individual, Straight, Detention Safety Hook: 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6.3-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, stainless-steel straight hook held by 0.109-inch- (2.77-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel mounting plate approximately 4 inches (102 mm) square. Provide pivoting assembly that maintains pressure on hook and snaps down when load exceeds 8 lbf (35.6 N). Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 3. Multiple, Curved, Safety Hook Strip: Minimum 5-1/2-inch- (140-mm-) high backplate by length indicated, formed from 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.77-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet. Provide 0.188-inch- (4.77-mm-) thick, stainless-steel hooks attached to backplate; with each hook having a friction washer assembly, adjustable with a nonremovable security screw that maintains pressure on hook and allows hook to pivot when load exceeds preset limit. Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Configuration: 16 inches (406 mm) long with 2 hooks **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) long with 4 hooks **OR** 21 inches (533 mm) long with 4 hooks **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) long with 3 hooks **OR** 32 inches (813 mm) long with 4 hooks, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 4. Multiple, Straight, Safety Hook Strip: Minimum 5-1/2-inch- (140-mm-) high backplate by length indicated, formed from 0.141-inch- (3.58-mm-) **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.77-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet. Provide 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6.3-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, stainless-steel straight hooks attached to backplate. Provide pivoting assembly that maintains pressure on hook and snaps down when load exceeds 8 lbf (35.6 N). Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Configuration: 16 inches (406 mm) long with 2 hooks **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) long with 4 hooks **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) long with 3 hooks **OR** 32 inches (813 mm) long with 4 hooks, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
- E. Detention Shelves
1. Surface-Mounted, Steel Detention Shelf: Minimum 6 inches high by 8 inches (152 mm high by 203 mm) deep by 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 32 inches (813 mm), **as directed**, long; formed from 0.138-inch (3.50-mm) **OR** 0.108-inch (2.74-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet; with welded side gussets and minimum 1-inch (25.4-mm) flanged front edge; with back punched for fastening to wall with security fasteners. Provide factory priming for field-painted **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.
 2. Surface-Mounted, Stainless-Steel Detention Shelf: Minimum 5-1/2 inches high by 8 inches (140 mm high by 203 mm) deep by 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**, long; formed from 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet; with welded side gussets and hemmed front edge. Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 3. Recessed Detention Shelf: Minimum inside dimensions of 16 inches (406 mm) wide by 5 inches high by 4 inches (127 mm high by 102 mm) deep; formed from 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet; with 1-inch- (25.4-mm-) wide flanged front edge. Secure to wall with rear-mounting steel strap and adjustment bolts. Provide No. 4 finish.
- F. Combination Detention Shelves With Safety Hooks
1. Steel Detention Shelf with Multiple, Curved Safety Hooks: Minimum 6 inches high by 8 inches (152 mm high by 203 mm) deep by length indicated, formed from 0.138-inch (3.50-mm) **OR** 0.108-inch (2.74-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet, with welded side gussets and hemmed or flanged front edge. Provide 0.138-inch (3.50-mm) nominal-

thickness, zinc-plated-steel curved hooks held by 0.1265-inch- (3.21-mm-) thick steel brackets welded to backplate, with each hook having a friction washer assembly, adjustable with a nonremovable security screw that maintains pressure on hook and allows hook to pivot when load exceeds preset limit. Provide factory priming for field-painted **OR** baked-enamel, **as directed**, finish.

- a. Configuration: 16 inches (406 mm) long with 2 hooks **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) long with 3 hooks **OR** 32 inches (813 mm) long with 4 hooks, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
2. Stainless-Steel Detention Shelf with Multiple, Curved Safety Hooks: Minimum 5-1/2 inches high by 8 inches (140 mm high by 203 mm) deep by length indicated; formed from 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet; with welded side gussets and hemmed or flanged front edge. Provide 0.141-inch (3.58-mm) stainless-steel curved hooks held by 0.141-inch- (3.58-mm-) thick stainless-steel brackets welded to backplate, with each hook having a friction washer assembly, adjustable with a nonremovable security screw that maintains pressure on hook and allows hook to pivot when load exceeds preset limit. Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Configuration: 16 inches (406 mm) long with 2 hooks **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) long with 4 hooks **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) long with 3 hooks **OR** 32 inches (813 mm) long with 4 hooks, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 3. Stainless-Steel Detention Shelf with Multiple, Straight Safety Hooks: Minimum 5-1/2 inches high by 8 inches (140 mm high by 203 mm) deep by length indicated; formed from 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet; with welded side gussets and hemmed or flanged front edge. Provide 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6.3-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, stainless-steel straight hooks held by 0.109-inch- (2.77-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel mounting plate. Provide pivoting assembly that maintains pressure on hook and snaps down when load exceeds 8 lbf (35.6 N). Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Configuration: 16 inches (406 mm) long with 2 hooks **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) long with 4 hooks **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) long with 3 hooks **OR** 32 inches (813 mm) long with 4 hooks, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.

G. Miscellaneous Detention Toilet Accessories

1. Recessed, Detention Toilet Tissue Dispenser: Minimum 5-inch diameter by 4-1/2 inches (127-mm diameter by 114 mm) deep; formed from 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet. Secure to wall with rear-mounting steel strap and adjustment bolts. Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Face: 1-inch (25.4-mm) lip around entire face **OR** 7-inch- (178-mm-) square face flange, **as directed**.
2. Recessed, Detention Soap Dish: Minimum inside dimensions of 5-3/4 inches wide by 4-1/2 inches high by 2-1/2 inches (146 mm wide by 114 mm high by 64 mm) deep with 3/4-inch (19-mm) lip around entire face; formed from 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) **OR** 0.050-inch- (1.27-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet. Secure to wall with rear-mounting steel strap and adjustment bolts. Provide No. 4 finish.

H. Detention Mirrors

1. Small, Framed Detention Mirror: Approximately 9-1/2 inches wide by 11 inches (241 mm wide by 279 mm) high; formed from 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick, stainless-steel sheet with fiberboard backing; enclosed in a frame formed from 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, zinc-plated steel sheet; with round corners. Fabricate frame with welded and ground corners or from one piece of metal. Provide No. 8 **OR** 4, **as directed**, finish for mirror, chrome plating for frame.
 - a. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners to 0.168-inch (4.27-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel mounting plate **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
2. Small, Integrally Framed Detention Mirror: Approximately 9-1/2 inches wide by 11 inches (241 mm wide by 279 mm) high; with mirror and integral frame formed from a single sheet of 0.038-

- inch- (0.95-mm-) **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-), **as directed**, thick stainless steel; with round corners. Provide No. 8 **OR** 4, **as directed**, finish for mirror, chrome plating for frame.
- a. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners to 0.168-inch (4.27-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel mounting plate **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
3. Large, Framed Detention Mirror with Square Corners: Minimum 11 inches wide by 16 inches (279 mm wide by 406 mm) high; formed from 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet with fiberboard backing and No. 8 **OR** No. 4, **as directed**, finish; enclosed in a metal frame.
 - a. Frame: Formed from 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, chrome-plated steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet. Fabricate frame with welded and ground corners or from one piece of metal.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners to 0.168-inch (4.27-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel mounting plate **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 4. Large, Framed Detention Mirror with Round Corners: Minimum 11 inches wide by 16 inches (279 mm wide by 406 mm) high, formed from a single sheet of 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick stainless steel with No. 8 **OR** No. 4, **as directed**, finish; enclosed in a metal frame.
 - a. Frame: Formed from 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, chrome-plated steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet. Fabricate frame with welded and ground corners or from one piece of metal.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners to 0.168-inch (4.27-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel mounting plate **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
 5. Large, Integrally Framed Detention Mirror with Round Corners: Minimum 11 inches wide by 16 inches (279 mm wide by 406 mm) high; with mirror and integral frame formed from 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet; with round corners. Provide No. 8 **OR** 4, **as directed**, finish for mirror, chrome plating for frame.
 - a. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners to 0.168-inch (4.27-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel mounting plate **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
- I. Detention Grab Bars
1. Grab Bars: 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) in diameter; formed from 0.038-inch- (0.95-mm-) thick, stainless-steel tubing, with 3-inch- (76.2-mm-) diameter flanges formed from 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, stainless steel. Closure plates formed from 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, stainless steel. All-welded construction. Provide No. 4 finish.
 - a. Length: As indicated on Drawings **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) long, **as directed**.
 - b. Mounting: Front mounting with security fasteners **OR** Chase mounting with welded anchor nuts on backplate, **as directed**.
- J. Detention Shower Seats
1. Shower Seats: Double-pan retractable, recessed shower seat with recessed handle. Approximately 16-inch by 16-inch (406-mm by 406-mm) overall size formed from 0.062-inch- (1.57-mm-) **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-), **as directed**, thick, stainless-steel sheet. Seat pivots on solid 0.375-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter stainless-steel rod and self-latches when closed. Minimum 750 lb. (340 kg) loading capacity. Provide No. 4 finish.
- K. Fabrication
1. Coordinate dimensions and attachment methods of detention toilet accessories with those of adjoining construction to produce integrated assemblies with closely fitting joints and with edges and surfaces aligned unless otherwise indicated.
 2. Shear and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs.

3. Form edges and corners to be free of sharp edges and rough areas. Fold back exposed edges of unsupported sheet metal to form a 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) wide hem on the concealed side, or ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) and support with concealed stiffeners.
4. Form metal in maximum lengths to minimize joints. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
5. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with referenced AWS standard and the following:
 - a. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - b. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - c. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - d. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
 - e. Weld before finishing components to greatest extent possible. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
6. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Fabricate and space anchoring devices to secure detention toilet accessories rigidly in place and to support expected loads. Build in straps, plates, and brackets as needed to support and anchor fabricated items to adjoining construction. Reinforce formed-metal units as needed to attach and support other construction.
7. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap detention toilet accessories to receive hardware, security fasteners, and similar items.
8. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces. Grind off and ease edges unless otherwise indicated.
9. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible. Use exposed security fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated, flat-head (countersunk) security fasteners. Locate joints where least conspicuous.

L. Finishes

1. Finish detention toilet accessories after assembly.
2. Steel Finishes:
 - a. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning," or SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling."
 - b. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard prime coat immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.
 - c. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 1.2 mils (0.03 mm).
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Chromium Plating: ASTM B 456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service), nickel plus chromium electrodeposited on base metal.
3. Stainless-Steel Finishes: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish.
 - a. Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform, directionally textured, polished finish indicated, free of cross scratches. Run grain with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing detention toilet accessories to in-place construction. Include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, security fasteners, and other connectors.
 2. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete or masonry or similar construction.
 3. Apply security sealant around perimeter in a continuous ribbon on back of detention toilet accessories before installation.
 4. Security Fasteners: Install detention toilet accessories using security fasteners with head style appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in stainless-steel materials, **as directed**.
- B. Field Quality Control
1. Inspect installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
 2. Remove and replace detention work where inspections indicate that work does not comply with specified requirements.
 3. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
 4. Prepare field quality-control certification that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- C. Adjusting And Cleaning
1. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
 2. Adjust safety hooks to release with application of 8-lbf (35.6-N) load.
 3. Painting: Immediately after erection, clean bolted connections and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
 4. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of bolted connections and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Division 07..

END OF SECTION 10 28 13 13a

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 28 13 13	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 10 28 16 13 - BATH ACCESSORIES

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for bath accessories. Products shall be as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

GENERAL

Definitions

1. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by the Owner.

Submittals

2. Product Data.
3. Shop Drawings.
4. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Certificates: Submit manufacturer's written self certification that bath accessories meet or exceed specified requirements.

Quality Assurance

5. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4152-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (28 CFR Part 35).
6. Mock-ups: Install one complete mock-up of bath accessories in each typical bathroom installation. Comply with Detailed Scope of Work for bathroom renovation mock-up requirements.
 - a. Locations: As directed.
 - b. Approved Mock-ups: Standard for rest of work.
 - c. Approved Mock-ups: May remain part of completed project.

Scheduling

7. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

PRODUCTS

Bath Accessories

8. Ceramic Soap Dishes at Ceramic Tile Bathtub Surround: See Division 9 Section "Ceramic Tile."
9. Metal Soap Dishes at Porcelain Steel Bathtub Surround:
 - a. Recessed: FS WW-P-541/8B, Type VI, Class 2, heavy duty satin stainless steel.
 - b. Fastenings: Plated expansion toggle or molly bolts, lead anchors or as required by existing wall conditions.
10. Safety Grab Bars: Type 304 stainless steel, minimum 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) OD, maximum 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) OD, 1.2 mm (18 gage) wall thickness in accordance with Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).

- a. Grab Bar Posts: Stainless steel.
- b. Post Flanges: Diameter of not less than 68 mm (2-11/16 inches) with center line of screw holes located minimum 13 mm (1/2 inch) from edges of flange.
11. Shower Curtains and Rods: By Bobrick Washroom Equipment, McKinney/Parker, or Leigh Products, or approved equal:
 - a. Rods: Type 304 stainless steel, satin finish, adjustable length type to fit bathtub length, minimum 25 mm (1 inch) OD, minimum 1.0 mm (20 gage) wall thickness, similar to Bobrick No. B-6107 or McKinney/Parker No. 267.
 - b. Flanges: Chrome plated cast brass or stainless steel.
 - c. Shower Curtains: FS L-C-780a, Style I, opaque, matte white vinyl 0.2 mm (0.008 inch) thick, 1 829 mm (72 inches) by 1 829 mm (72 inches) high.
 - 1) Curtains: Germ proof, bacteria proof, and mildew resistant.
 - 2) Curtains: Similar to Bobrick No. 204-2 or McKinney/Parker No. 268SC.
 - d. Curtain Hooks: Stainless steel, Type 304 or nickel plated brass wire, similar to Bobrick No. 204-1 or McKinney/Parker No. 269SH. Provide 12 hooks per curtain.
12. Other Bathroom Accessories: FS WW-P-541/8B, Type 304 stainless steel, satin finish, by Bobrick Washroom Equipment, McKinney/Parker, or Leigh Products, or approved equal:
 - a. Surface Mounted:
 - 1) Medicine Cabinets: Type III, Class 2, Style S, swinging door, minimum 381 mm (15 inches) wide by 610 mm (24 inches) high. Provide complete with magnetic catch, three adjustable shelves, and full length mirror.
 - 2) Towel Bars: Type IV, Class 1, square bar, 610 mm (24 inches) long.
 - 3) Toilet Paper Holders: Type I, Class 1, Mounting S, Style A.
 - 4) Tumbler and Toothbrush Holders: Type VI, Class 4.
 - 5) Lavatory Soap Dishes: Type VI, Class 1.
 - 6) Robe hooks.
 - b. Recessed:
 - 1) Medicine Cabinets: Type III, Class 2, Style R, enamel painted steel, swinging door, minimum 381 mm (15 inches) wide by 610 mm (24 inches) high. Provide complete with magnetic catch, three adjustable shelves, and full length mirror.
 - 2) Toilet Paper Holders: Type I, Class 1, Style K.
 - 3) Lavatory Soap Dishes: Type VI, Class 2.
13. Window Curtains and Rods: Provide over bathroom window openings.
 - a. Rods: Solid steel with brass finish, minimum 10 mm (3/8 inch) diameter.
 - b. Rod Brackets: Two brass-finished brackets with open tops and brass finish.
 - c. Window Curtains: FS L-C-780a, Style II, opaque, matte white vinyl 0.2 mm (0.008 inch) thick.
 - 1) Curtains : Germ proof, bacteria proof, and mildew resistant.
 - 2) Size: To fit bathroom windows.
14. Joint Sealant: Mildew resistant one-component silicone; FS TT-S-001543A, Class A; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, G, and A.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard line.

EXECUTION

Examination

15. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - 1) Field Measurements: Verify field measurements.
 - 2) Existing Conditions: Ensure proper openings and blocking have been installed.

Installation

16. General: Install accessories rigidly and securely to blocking in walls using methods and materials recommended by manufacturer.
 - a. Locations and Mounting Heights: As indicated or directed.
 - b. Comply with Regulatory Requirements.

17. Bath Accessories: Securely install flanges for bath accessories and window curtain rods in accordance with manufacturer s recommendations and approved Shop Drawing.
 - a. Safety Grab Bars: Install 100 mm (4 inch) by 100 mm (4 inch) perforated 1.2 mm (18 gage) galvanized steel plates at each post, flush to wall, by using toggle bolts, molly bolts, or anchors as required by conditions.
 - 1) After installation of wall finish, secure each grab bar flange to perforated plates through wall finish with three - 6 mm (1/4 inch) chrome plated machine screws, screwed into threaded sleeves or tee nuts welded to plates.
 - b. Shower Curtains and Rods: Mount flanges to existing wall with approved expansion type inserts and chrome plated or stainless steel wood screws.
18. Bath Accessories at Bathroom with Porcelain Steel Surround:
 - a. Metal Soap Dishes: Mount to new porcelain enamel panels and anchored securely to existing walls using approved mechanical fastenings.
 - 1) Waterproof with joint sealant between surround panel and dishes.
 - b. China Soap Dishes: Anchor securely, using approved mechanical fastening.
 - c. Safety Grab Bars: After installation of wall panels, secure each grab bar flange to perforated plates through panels with three - 6 mm (1/4 inch) chrome plated machine screws, screwed into threaded sleeves or tee nuts welded to plates.

Cleaning

19. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Detailed Scope of Work.

END OF SECTION 10 28 16 13

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 28 16 13	10 28 13 13	Toilet And Bath Accessories
10 28 16 13	10 28 13 13a	Detention Toilet Accessories

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SECTION 10 28 19 16 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for plumbing fixtures. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following conventional plumbing fixtures and related components:
 - a. Faucets for lavatories, bathtubs, bathtub/showers, showers, and sinks.
 - b. Laminar-flow faucet-spout outlets.
 - c. Flushometers.
 - d. Toilet seats.
 - e. Protective shielding guards.
 - f. Fixture supports.
 - g. Interceptors.
 - h. Shower receptors.
 - i. Dishwasher air-gap fittings.
 - j. Disposers.
 - k. Hot-water dispensers.
 - l. Water closets.
 - m. Urinals.
 - n. Bidets.
 - o. Lavatories.
 - p. Commercial sinks.
 - q. Shampoo bowls.
 - r. Wash fountains.
 - s. Bathtubs.
 - t. Individual showers.
 - u. Group showers.
 - v. Whirlpool bathtubs.
 - w. Kitchen sinks.
 - x. Service sinks.
 - y. Service basins.
 - z. Laundry trays.
 - aa. Sacristy sinks.

C. Definitions

1. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
2. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
3. Cast Polymer: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material. This material includes cultured-marble and solid-surface materials.
4. Cultured Marble: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material with surface coating.
5. Fitting: Device that controls the flow of water into or out of the plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, shower heads and tub spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.
6. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
7. PMMA: Polymethyl methacrylate (acrylic) plastic.
8. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

9. Solid Surface: Nonporous, homogeneous, cast-polymer-plastic material with heat-, impact-, scratch-, and stain-resistance qualities.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of plumbing fixture indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit WE 2, 3.1, and 3.2: Documentation indicating flow and water consumption requirements.
3. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Operation and maintenance data
5. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
2. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities" **OR** Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act", **as directed**; for plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
3. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.
4. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
5. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.
6. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures:
 - a. Enameled, Cast-Iron Fixtures: ASME A112.19.1M.
 - b. Plastic Bathtubs: ANSI Z124.1.
 - c. Plastic Lavatories: ANSI Z124.3.
 - d. Plastic Laundry Trays: ANSI Z124.6.
 - e. Plastic Mop-Service Basins: ANSI Z124.6.
 - f. Plastic Shower Enclosures: ANSI Z124.2.
 - g. Plastic Sinks: ANSI Z124.6.
 - h. Plastic Urinal Fixtures: ANSI Z124.9.
 - i. Plastic Whirlpool Bathtubs: ANSI Z124.1 and ASME A112.19.7M.
 - j. Porcelain-Enameled, Formed-Steel Fixtures: ASME A112.19.4M.
 - k. Slip-Resistant Bathing Surfaces: ASTM F 462.
 - l. Solid-Surface-Material Lavatories and Sinks: ANSI/ICPA SS-1.
 - m. Stainless-Steel Commercial, Handwash Sinks: NSF 2 construction.
 - n. Stainless-Steel Residential Sinks: ASME A112.19.3.
 - o. Vitreous-China Fixtures: ASME A112.19.2M.
 - p. Water-Closet, Flush Valve, Tank Trim: ASME A112.19.5.
 - q. Water-Closet, Flushometer Tank Trim: ASSE 1037.
 - r. Whirlpool Bathtub Fittings: ASME A112.19.8M.
7. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for lavatory and sink faucets:
 - a. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Side Spray: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - b. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Hose-Thread Outlet: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - c. Diverter Valves for Faucets with Hose Spray: ASSE 1025.
 - d. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
 - e. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1011.
 - f. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - g. Integral, Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
 - h. NSF Potable-Water Materials: NSF 61.
 - i. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.

- j. Sensor-Actuated Faucets and Electrical Devices: UL 1951.
- k. Supply Fittings: ASME A112.18.1.
- l. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.
- 8. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for bathtub, bathtub/shower, and shower faucets:
 - a. Backflow Protection Devices for Hand-Held Showers: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - b. Combination, Pressure-Equalizing and Thermostatic-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASSE 1016.
 - c. Deck-Mounted Bath/Shower Transfer Valves: ASME 18.7.
 - d. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
 - e. Hand-Held Showers: ASSE 1014.
 - f. High-Temperature-Limit Controls for Thermal-Shock-Preventing Devices: ASTM F 445.
 - g. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - h. Manual-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444.
 - i. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - j. Pressure-Equalizing-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444 and ASSE 1016.
 - k. Sensor-Actuated Faucets and Electrical Devices: UL 1951.
 - l. Thermostatic-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444 and ASSE 1016.
- 9. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous fittings:
 - a. Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
 - b. Brass and Copper Supplies: ASME A112.18.1.
 - c. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings: ASSE 1021.
 - d. Manual-Operation Flushometers: ASSE 1037.
 - e. Plastic Tubular Fittings: ASTM F 409.
 - f. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.
 - g. Sensor-Operation Flushometers: ASSE 1037 and UL 1951.
- 10. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - a. Disposers: ASSE 1008 and UL 430.
 - b. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings: ASSE 1021.
 - c. Flexible Water Connectors: ASME A112.18.6.
 - d. Floor Drains: ASME A112.6.3.
 - e. Grab Bars: ASTM F 446.
 - f. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - g. Hot-Water Dispensers: ASSE 1023 and UL 499.
 - h. Off-Floor Fixture Supports: ASME A112.6.1M.
 - i. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - j. Plastic Shower Receptors: ANSI Z124.2.
 - k. Plastic Toilet Seats: ANSI Z124.5.
 - l. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.
 - m. Whirlpool Bathtub Equipment: UL 1795.

F. Warranty

- 1. Special Warranties: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of whirlpools that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period for Commercial Applications: One **OR** Three, **as directed**, year(s) from date of Final Completion.
 - b. Warranty Period for Residential Applications of Shells: Five **OR** 20 **OR** 30, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - c. Warranty Period for Residential Applications of Pumps and Blowers: Five **OR** 20, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 - d. Warranty Period for Residential Applications of Electronic Controls: Five years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Lavatory Faucets

1. Description: Single-control mixing **OR** Single-control nonmixing **OR** Two-handle mixing, **as directed**, valve. Include hot- and cold-water indicators; coordinate faucet inlets with supplies and fixture holes; coordinate outlet with spout and fixture receptor.
 - a. Body Material: Commercial, solid brass **OR** General-duty, solid brass **OR** General-duty, solid brass or copper or brass underbody with brass cover plate **OR** General-duty, copper or brass underbody with brass cover plate **OR** Residential, nonmetallic underbody with brass cover plate **OR** Residential, nonmetallic underbody with nonmetallic cover plate, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Polished chrome plate **OR** Polished brass **OR** Nonmetallic, **as directed**.
 - c. Maximum Flow Rate: 0.5 gpm (1.5 L/min.) **OR** 2.2 gpm (8.3 L/min.) **OR** 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), **as directed**.
OR
Maximum Flow: 0.25 gal. (0.95 L).
 - d. Centers: 3-3/8 inches (86 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** Single hole **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
 - e. Mounting: Deck, exposed **OR** Deck, concealed **OR** Back/wall, exposed **OR** Back/wall, concealed, **as directed**.
 - f. Valve Handle(s): Lever **OR** Knob **OR** Knob, nonmetallic **OR** Cross, four arm **OR** Wrist blade, 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** Elbow, 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** Push button **OR** Not applicable, **as directed**.
 - g. Inlet(s): NPS 3/8 (DN 10) tubing, plain end **OR** NPS 3/8 (DN 10) tubing, with NPS 1/2 (DN 15) male adaptor **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15) male shank **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15) female shank, **as directed**.
 - h. Spout: Rigid **OR** Swing **OR** Rigid, gooseneck **OR** Swivel, gooseneck, **as directed**, type.
 - i. Spout Outlet: Aerator **OR** Spray **OR** Laminar flow **OR** Plain end **OR** Spray, 0.5 gpm (1.5 L/min.), **as directed**.
 - j. Operation: Compression, manual **OR** Noncompression, manual **OR** Sensor **OR** Self-closing, metering, **as directed**.
 - k. Drain: Not required **OR** Pop up **OR** Stopper with chain **OR** Grid **OR** Lift and turn, **as directed**.
 - l. Tempering Device: Mechanical **OR** Thermostatic **OR** Pressure balance **OR** Not required, **as directed**.

B. Bathtub Faucets

1. Description: Single-control mixing **OR** Two-handle mixing **OR** Three-handle mixing **OR** Push-button, metering, nonmixing, **as directed**, valve. Include hot- and cold-water indicators and tub spout. Coordinate faucet inlets with supplies.
 - a. Body Material: Solid brass.
 - b. Finish: Polished chrome plate **OR** Polished brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Mounting: Deck **OR** Exposed, over rim **OR** Wall, **as directed**.
 - d. Valve Handle(s): Lever **OR** Knob **OR** Knob, nonmetallic **OR** Cross, four arm **OR** Not applicable, **as directed**.
 - e. Bathtub Spout: Chrome-plated brass with diverter, **as directed**.
 - f. Operation: Compression, manual **OR** Noncompression, manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**.
 - g. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), union **OR** Sweat, **as directed**.

C. Bathtub/Shower Faucets

1. Description: Single-handle pressure-balance **OR** thermostatic **OR** thermostatic/pressure-balance, **as directed**, valve for bathtub and for shower. Include hot- and cold-water indicators; check stops; tub spout; and shower head, arm, and flange. Coordinate faucet inlets with supplies; coordinate outlet with diverter valve.
 - a. Body Material: Solid brass with nonmetallic trim, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Polished chrome plate **OR** Polished brass, **as directed**.

- c. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), unless otherwise indicated.
- d. Diverter Valve: Integral **OR** Not integral, **as directed**, with mixing valve.
- e. Mounting: Wall.
- f. Bathtub Spout: Chrome-plated brass with diverter, **as directed**.
- g. Operation: Compression, manual **OR** Noncompression, manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**.
- h. Antiscald Device: Integral with mixing valve **OR** Separate unit, **as directed**.
- i. Check Stops: Check-valve type, integral with or attached to body; on hot- and cold-water supply connections.
- j. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), union **OR** Sweat, **as directed**.
- k. Backflow Protection Device for Hand-Held Shower: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
- l. Shower Head Type: Ball joint **OR** Without ball joint **OR** Ball joint and head integral with mounting flange **OR** Integral with mounting flange **OR** Hand held, slide-bar mounted **OR** Hand held, hook mounted, **as directed**.
- m. Shower Head Material: Metallic **OR** Nonmetallic **OR** Combined, metallic and nonmetallic, **as directed**, with chrome-plated finish.
- n. Spray Pattern: Fixed **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
- o. Integral Volume Control: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
- p. Shower-Arm Flow-Control Fitting: Not required **OR** 1.5 gpm (5.7 L/min.) **OR** 2.0 gpm (7.6 L/min.), **as directed**.

D. Shower Faucets

- 1. Description: Single-handle pressure-balance **OR** thermostatic **OR** thermostatic and pressure-balance, **as directed**, valve. Include hot- and cold-water indicators; check stops; and shower head, arm, and flange. Coordinate faucet inlets with supplies and outlet with diverter valve.
 - a. Body Material: Solid brass with nonmetallic trim, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Polished chrome plate **OR** Polished brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), unless otherwise indicated.
 - d. Diverter Valve: Not required **OR** Integral with mixing valve **OR** Not integral with mixing valve, **as directed**.
 - e. Mounting: Exposed **OR** Concealed, **as directed**.
 - f. Backflow Protection Device for Hand-Held Shower: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - g. Operation: Compression, manual **OR** Noncompression, manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**.
 - h. Antiscald Device: Integral with mixing valve **OR** Separate unit **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - i. Check Stops: Check-valve type, integral with or attached to body; on hot- and cold-water supply connections.
 - j. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), union **OR** Sweat, **as directed**.
 - k. Shower Head Type: Ball joint **OR** Without ball joint **OR** Ball joint and head integral with mounting flange **OR** Integral with mounting flange **OR** Hand held, slide-bar mounted **OR** Hand held, hook mounted, **as directed**.
 - l. Shower Head Material: Metallic **OR** Nonmetallic **OR** Combined, metallic and nonmetallic, **as directed**, with chrome-plated finish.
 - m. Spray Pattern: Fixed **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
 - n. Integral Volume Control: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - o. Shower-Arm Flow-Control Fitting: Not required **OR** 1.5 gpm (5.7 L/min.) **OR** 2.0 gpm (7.6 L/min.), **as directed**.
 - p. Temperature Indicator: Not required **OR** Integral with faucet, **as directed**.

E. Sink Faucets

- 1. Description: Kitchen faucet with spray, three-hole fixture **OR** Kitchen faucet with spray, four-hole fixture **OR** Kitchen faucet without spray **OR** Laundry tray faucet **OR** Service sink faucet with stops in shanks, vacuum breaker, hose-thread outlet, and pail hook **OR** Bar sink faucet, **as directed**. Include hot- and cold-water indicators; coordinate faucet inlets with supplies and fixture holes; coordinate outlet with spout and fixture receptor.

- a. Body Material: Commercial, solid brass **OR** General-duty, solid brass **OR** General-duty, solid brass or copper or brass underbody with brass cover plate **OR** General-duty, copper or brass underbody with brass cover plate **OR** Residential, nonmetallic underbody with brass cover plate **OR** Residential, nonmetallic underbody with nonmetallic cover plate, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Polished chrome plate **OR** Polished brass **OR** Nonmetallic **OR** Polished or rough brass **OR** Rough brass, **as directed**.
 - c. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), unless otherwise indicated.
 - d. Mixing Valve: Single control **OR** Two-lever handle, **as directed**.
 - e. Backflow Protection Device for Hose Outlet: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - f. Backflow Protection Device for Side Spray: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - g. Centers: 3-3/8 inches (86 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** Single hole **OR** Adjustable, **as directed**.
 - h. Mounting: Deck **OR** Back/wall, **as directed**, exposed **OR** concealed, **as directed**.
 - i. Handle(s): Lever **OR** Knob **OR** Knob, nonmetallic **OR** Cross, four arm **OR** Wrist blade, 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** Elbow, 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** Not applicable, **as directed**.
 - j. Inlet(s): NPS 3/8 (DN 10) plain-end tubing **OR** NPS 3/8 (DN 10) tubing with NPS 1/2 (DN 15) male adapter **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15) male shank **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15) female shank, **as directed**.
 - k. Spout Type: Rigid, solid brass **OR** Rigid, solid brass with wall brace **OR** Swing, round tubular **OR** Swing, shaped tube **OR** Swing, solid brass **OR** Rigid gooseneck **OR** Swivel gooseneck, **as directed**.
 - l. Spout Outlet: Aerator **OR** Swivel aerator/spray **OR** Spray **OR** Laminar flow **OR** Hose thread **OR** Plain end, **as directed**.
 - m. Vacuum Breaker: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - n. Operation: Compression, manual **OR** Noncompression, manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**.
 - o. Drain: Not required **OR** Pop up **OR** Stopper with chain **OR** Grid **OR** Lift and turn, **as directed**.
- F. Laminar-Flow Faucet-Spout Outlets
1. Description: Chrome-plated-brass faucet-spout outlet that produces non-aerating, laminar stream. Include male or female thread that mates with faucet outlet for attachment to faucets where indicated and flow-rate range that includes flow of faucet.
- G. Flushometers
1. Description: Flushometer for urinal-type **OR** water-closet-type, **as directed**, fixture. Include brass body with corrosion-resistant internal components, non-hold-open feature, **as directed**, control stop with check valve, vacuum breaker, copper or brass tubing, and polished chrome-plated finish on exposed parts.
 - a. Internal Design: Diaphragm **OR** Piston, **as directed**, operation.
 - b. Style: Exposed **OR** Concealed, **as directed**.
 - c. Inlet Size: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) **OR** NPS 1 (DN 25), **as directed**.
 - d. Trip Mechanism: Oscillating, lever-handle actuator **OR** Mechanical, push-button actuator with stainless-steel access plate **OR** Hydraulic, push-button actuator **OR** Foot-pedal actuator **OR** Hard-wired, electric-sensor actuator **OR** Battery-operated sensor actuator, **as directed**.
 - e. Consumption: 0.5 gal./flush (1.9 L/flush) **OR** 1.0 gal./flush (3.8 L/flush) **OR** 1.5 gal./flush (5.7 L/flush) **OR** 1.6 gal./flush (6.0 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - f. Tailpiece Size: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, and standard, **as directed**, length to top of bowl.
- H. Toilet Seats
1. Description: Toilet seat for water-closet-type fixture.
 - a. Material: Molded, solid plastic with antimicrobial agent, **as directed**.
 - b. Configuration: Closed **OR** Open, **as directed**, front with **OR** without, **as directed**, cover.
 - c. Size: Elongated **OR** Regular, **as directed**.

- d. Hinge Type: CK, check **OR** SS, self-sustaining **OR** SC, self-sustaining, check **OR** SR, self-raising, **as directed**.
 - e. Class: Residential **OR** Standard commercial **OR** Heavy-duty commercial, **as directed**.
 - f. Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- I. Protective Shielding Guards
- 1. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:
 - a. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot-water supply **OR** hot- and cold-water supplies, **as directed**, and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.
 - 2. Protective Shielding Piping Enclosures:
 - a. Description: Manufactured plastic enclosure for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with ADA requirements.
- J. Fixture Supports
- 1. Water-Closet Supports:
 - a. Description: Combination carrier designed for accessible **OR** standard, **as directed**, mounting height of wall-mounting, water-closet-type fixture. Include single or double, vertical or horizontal, hub-and-spigot or hubless waste fitting as required for piping arrangement; faceplates; couplings with gaskets; feet; and fixture bolts and hardware matching fixture. Include additional extension coupling, faceplate, and feet for installation in wide pipe space.
 - 2. Urinal Supports:
 - a. Description: Type I, urinal carrier with fixture support plates and coupling with seal and fixture bolts and hardware matching fixture **OR** Type II, urinal carrier with hanger and bearing plates, **as directed**, for wall-mounting, urinal-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
 - b. Accessible-Fixture Support: Include rectangular steel uprights.
 - 3. Lavatory Supports:
 - a. Description: Type I, lavatory carrier with exposed arms and tie rods **OR** Type II, lavatory carrier with concealed arms and tie rod **OR** Type III, lavatory carrier with hanger plate and tie rod, **as directed**, for wall-mounting, lavatory-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
 - b. Accessible-Fixture Support: Include rectangular steel uprights.
 - 4. Sink Supports:
 - a. Description: Type I, sink carrier with exposed arms and tie rods **OR** Type II, sink carrier with hanger plate, bearing studs, and tie rod **OR** Type III, sink carrier with hanger plate and exposed arms, **as directed**, for sink-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
- K. Interceptors
- 1. Hair Interceptors:
 - a. Description: Manufactured unit with removable screen or strainer and removable cover; designed to trap and retain hair.
 - 1) Material: Brass **OR** Stainless-steel, **as directed**, body.
 - 2) Pipe Connections: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**.
 - 2. Sediment Interceptors:
 - a. Description: Manufactured unit with removable screens or strainer and removable cover; designed to trap and retain waste material.
 - 1) Material: Cast-iron or steel body with acid-resistant lining and coating **OR** Carbon-steel body with acid-resistant lining and coating **OR** Stainless-steel, **as directed**.
 - 2) Pipe Connections: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**.
- L. Shower Receptors
- 1. Description: Cast-polymer **OR** FRP **OR** PMMA **OR** Precast-terrazzo **OR** Solid-surface, **as directed**, base for built-up-type shower fixture.
 - 1) Type: Standard, residential **OR** Handicapped/wheelchair, **as directed**.

- 2) Size: 32 by 32 inches (813 by 813 mm) **OR** 36 by 36 inches (914 by 914 mm) **OR** 32 by 42 inches (813 by 1067 mm) **OR** 48 by 60 inches (1219 by 1524 mm), **as directed**.
- 3) Color: White.
- 4) Outlet: Cast-in-floor drain **OR** Drain, **as directed**, with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**, outlet.

M. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings

1. Description: Fitting suitable for use with domestic dishwashers and for deck mounting; with plastic body, chrome-plated brass cover, **as directed**; and capacity of at least 5 gpm (0.32 L/s); and inlet pressure of at least 5 psig (35 kPa) at a temperature of at least 140 deg F (60 deg C). Include 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) ID inlet and 7/8-inch- (22-mm-) ID outlet hose connections.
2. Hoses: Rubber and suitable for temperature of at least 140 deg F (60 deg C).
 - a. Inlet Hose: 5/8-inch (16-mm) ID and 48 inches (1219 mm) long.
 - b. Outlet Hose: 7/8-inch (22-mm) ID and 48 inches (1219 mm) long.

N. Disposers

1. Description: Batch-feed **OR** Continuous-feed, **as directed**, household, food-waste disposer. Include reset button; wall switch; corrosion-resistant chamber with jam-resistant, cutlery- or stainless-steel grinder or shredder; NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) outlet; quick-mounting, stainless-steel sink flange; antisplash guard; and combination cover/stopper.
 - a. Type: Batch-feed **OR** Continuous-feed, **as directed**, household.
 - b. Model: Not applicable **OR** Sound-insulated chamber **OR** Sound-insulated chamber and stainless-steel outer shell, **as directed**.
 - c. Motor: 115-V ac, 1725 rpm, 1/3 **OR** 1/2 **OR** 3/4 **OR** 1, **as directed**, hp with overload protection.

O. Hot-Water Dispensers

1. Description: Gooseneck spout with lever-handle **OR** Spout with twist-knob or push-button, **as directed**, flow control, household-type dispenser with instant on-off control; insulated, corrosion-resistant-metal storage tank that is open to atmosphere; electric heating element; chrome-plated faucet or spout; removable strainer; thermostat control for water temperature up to 190 deg F (88 deg C); and thermal-overload protection.
 - a. Storage Tank Capacity: 0.5 gal. (1.5 L).
 - b. Heating Element: 750 W minimum, 115-V ac.

P. Water Closets

1. Water Closets, Wall-Mounting, Back-Outlet Type:
 - a. Description Accessible, wall-mounting **OR** Wall-mounting, **as directed**, back-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for flushometer-tank **OR** gravity-type tank **OR** flushometer valve, **as directed**, operation.
 - 1) Style: Close coupled **OR** One piece, **as directed**.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated **OR** Round front, **as directed**, with siphon-jet design.
 - b) Design Consumption: 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - c) Tank: Gravity type with trim **OR** Flushometer-tank type with trim and pressurized tank, **as directed**. Include cover.
 - d) Trip Mechanism: Lever-handle **OR** Push-button, **as directed**, actuator.
 - e) Color: White.
 - 2) Supply: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated brass or copper with wheel-handle **OR** screwdriver **OR** loose-key, **as directed**, stop.
 - 3) Style: Flushometer valve.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated **OR** Round front, **as directed**, with siphon-jet **OR** blowout, **as directed**, design.
 - b) Design Consumption: 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - c) Color: White.

- 4) Fixture Support: Water-closet support <Insert designation> combination carrier.
2. Water Closets, Floor-Mounting, Floor-Outlet Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, floor-mounting **OR** Floor-mounting, **as directed**, floor-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for gravity-type tank **OR** flushometer tank **OR** flushometer valve, **as directed**, operation.
 - 1) Style: Close coupled **OR** One piece, **as directed**.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated **OR** Round front, **as directed**, with siphon-jet design. Include bolt caps matching fixture.
 - b) Height: Standard **OR** Accessible **OR** Juvenile **OR** Child, **as directed**.
 - c) Design Consumption: 1 gal./flush (3.8 L/flush) **OR** 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - d) Tank: Gravity type with trim **OR** Flushometer-tank type with trim and pressurized tank, **as directed**. Include cover.
 - e) Trip Mechanism: Lever-handle **OR** Push-button, **as directed**, actuator.
 - f) Color: White.
 - 2) Supply: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), **as directed**, chrome-plated brass or copper with wheel-handle **OR** screwdriver **OR** loose-key, **as directed**, stop.
 - 3) Style: Flushometer valve.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated **OR** Round front, **as directed**, with siphon-jet **OR** reverse-trap **OR** blowout **OR** siphon-vortex **OR** siphon-wash **OR** washdown, **as directed**, design. Include bolt caps matching fixture.
 - b) Height: Standard **OR** Accessible **OR** Juvenile **OR** Child, **as directed**.
 - c) Design Consumption: 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - d) Color: White.
3. Water Closets, Floor-Mounting, Back-Outlet Type:
 - a. Description Accessible, floor-mounting **OR** Floor-mounting, **as directed**, back-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for gravity-tank **OR** flushometer-tank **OR** flushometer-valve, **as directed**, operation.
 - 1) Style: Close coupled.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated with siphon-jet design. Include bolt caps matching fixture.
 - b) Height: Standard **OR** Accessible, **as directed**.
 - c) Design Consumption: 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush).
 - d) Tank: Gravity type with trim. Include cover.
 - e) Trip Mechanism: Lever-handle actuator.
 - f) Color: White.
 - 2) Supply: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated brass or copper with wheel-handle **OR** screwdriver **OR** loose-key, **as directed**, stop.
 - 3) Style: Flushometer valve.
 - a) Bowl Type: Elongated with siphon-jet design. Include bolt caps matching fixture.
 - b) Height: Standard **OR** Accessible, **as directed**.
 - c) Design Consumption: 1.6 gal./flush (6 L/flush) **OR** 3.5 gal./flush (13.3 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - d) Color: White.
 - 4) Wall Support: Manufactured waste fitting with seal and fixture bolts.

Q. Urinals

1. Urinals, Wall-Mounting, Back-Outlet Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, wall-mounting **OR** Wall-mounting, **as directed**, back-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for flushometer valve operation.
 - 1) Type: Blowout **OR** Siphon jet **OR** Blowout with extended shields **OR** Siphon jet with extended shields **OR** Washout with extended shields, **as directed**.
 - 2) Strainer or Trapway: Integral cast strainer **OR** Separate removable strainer **OR** Open trapway, **as directed**, with integral trap.
 - 3) Design Consumption: 0.5 gal./flush (1.9 L/flush) **OR** 1 gal./flush (3.8 L/flush) **OR** 1.5 gal./flush (5.7 L/flush), **as directed**.

- 4) Color: White.
- 5) Supply Spud Size: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**.
- 6) Outlet Size: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**.
- 7) Fixture Support: Urinal chair carrier.
2. Urinals, Wall-Mounting, Bottom-Outlet Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, wall-mounting **OR** Wall-mounting, **as directed**, bottom-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for flushometer valve operation.
 - 1) Type: Washout **OR** Washdown, **as directed**.
 - 2) Strainer or Trapway: Integral cast strainer **OR** Separate removable strainer **OR** Open trapway, **as directed**.
 - 3) Design Consumption: 0.5 gal./flush (1.9 L/flush) **OR** 1 gal./flush (3.8 L/flush), **as directed**.
 - 4) Color: White.
 - 5) Supply Spud Size: NPS 3/4 (DN 20).
 - 6) Outlet Size: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40).
 - 7) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - 8) Flushing Device: Fixture manufacturer's standard matching fixture.
 - 9) Flushometer: **As directed**.
 - 10) Fixture Support: Urinal chair carrier.
3. Urinals, Stall-Type, Bottom-Outlet:
 - a. Description Stall-type, bottom-outlet, vitreous-china fixture designed for flushometer valve operation.
4. Urinals, Wall-Mounting, Bottom-Outlet, Trough-Type:
 - a. Description: Wall-mounting, bottom-outlet, trough-type, enameled, cast-iron fixture modified for flushometer valve operation.
 - 1) Style: Similar to wash sink with back and without pedestal.
 - 2) Size: 36 inches (915 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1525 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1830 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color: White.
 - 4) Drain: Separate removable dome strainer.
 - 5) Design Consumption: Not applicable.
 - 6) Supply: NPS 1/2 (DN 15).
 - 7) Outlet Size: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40).
 - 8) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - 9) Flushing Device: Fixture manufacturer's standard, with washdown pipe, matching fixture.
 - 10) Fixture Support: Sink chair carrier.
5. Urinals, Wall-Mounting, Back-Outlet Dry Type:
 - a. Description Accessible, wall-mounting **OR** Wall-mounting, **as directed**, back-outlet dry, plastic **OR** vitreous-china, **as directed**, fixture designed for liquid-trap-seal operation.
 - 1) Type: Without water supply.
 - 2) Trap-Seal Method: Proprietary cartridge or trap system.
 - 3) Color: White.
 - 4) Outlet Size: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**. Include transition coupling, if required.
 - 5) Trap-Sealing Liquid: Proprietary.
 - 6) Fixture Support: Urinal chair carrier.

R. Bidets

1. Description: Floor-mounting, vitreous-china fixture with fittings.
 - a. Type: With spray **OR** flushing rim **OR** spray and flushing rim, **as directed**, and overflow. Include bolt caps matching fixture.
 - b. Faucet Hole Punching: One **OR** Two **OR** Three **OR** Four **OR** No, **as directed**, hole(s).

- c. Color: White.
- d. Faucet: Fixture manufacturer's standard, or two-valve supply, provided by fixture supplier, with vacuum breaker, diverter, submerged spray, **OR** over-rim filling, **as directed**, pop-up waste, and chrome-plated finish.
- e. Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), **as directed**, chrome-plated copper with stops.
- f. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.032-inch- (0.8-mm-) **OR** 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-), **as directed**, thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

S. Lavatories

1. Lavatories, Wall-Mounting Type:

- a. Description: Accessible, wall-mounting **OR** Wall-mounting **OR** Wall-and-pedestal-mounting, **as directed**, enameled, cast-iron **OR** vitreous-china, **as directed**, fixture.
 - 1) Type: With back **OR** Ledge back **OR** Shelf back **OR** Slab **OR** Pedestal, **as directed**.
 - 2) Size: 18 by 15 inches (457 by 381 mm) **OR** 19 by 16 inches (483 by 406 mm) **OR** 20 by 18 inches (508 by 457 mm) **OR** 24 by 20 inches (610 by 508 mm), **as directed**, rectangular.
 - 3) Faucet Hole Punching: One hole **OR** Three holes, 2-inch (51-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 4-inch (102-mm) centers, **as directed**.
 - 4) Faucet Hole Location: Top **OR** Front wall **OR** Inclined panel, **as directed**.
 - 5) Pedestal: Not required **OR** Required, **as directed**.
 - 6) Color: White.
 - 7) Faucet: Lavatory with pop-up waste **OR** for separate drain, **as directed**.
 - 8) Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 9) Drain: See faucet **OR** Grid **OR** Grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - a) Location: Not applicable **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 10) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, 0.032-inch- (0.8-mm-) **OR** 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-), **as directed**, thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

OR

 Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - a) Exception: Omit P-trap if hair interceptor is required.
 - 11) Hair Interceptor: Not required.
 - 12) Protective Shielding Guard(s): **As directed**.
 - 13) Fixture Support: Lavatory.

2. Lavatories, Counter-Mounting Type:

- a. Description: Accessible **OR** Counter-mounting **OR** Undercounter-mounting, **as directed**, enameled, cast-iron **OR** FRP **OR** PMMA **OR** porcelain-enameled, formed-steel **OR** solid-surface **OR** stainless-steel **OR** vitreous-china, **as directed** fixture.
 - 1) Type: Flat rim with ledge **OR** Self-rimming, **as directed**.
 - 2) Rectangular Lavatory Size: 18 by 15 inches (457 by 381 mm) **OR** 19 by 16 inches (483 by 406 mm) **OR** 20 by 18 inches (508 by 457 mm) **OR** 24 by 20 inches (610 by 508 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Oval Lavatory Size: 19 by 16 inches (483 by 406 mm) **OR** 20 by 17 inches (508 by 432 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4) Round Lavatory Size: 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 19 inches (483 mm), **as directed**, in diameter.
 - 5) Faucet Hole Punching: One hole **OR** Three holes, 2-inch (51-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 4-inch (102-mm) centers, **as directed**.
 - 6) Faucet Hole Location: Top **OR** Front wall **OR** Inclined panel, **as directed**.
 - 7) Color: White.
 - 8) Faucet: Lavatory with pop-up waste **OR** for separate drain, **as directed**.
 - 9) Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) chrome-plated copper with stops.

- 10) Drain: See faucet **OR** Grid **OR** Grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - a) Location: Not applicable **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 11) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, 0.032-inch- (0.8-mm-) **OR** 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-), **as directed**, thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

OR

 Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - a) Exception: Omit P-trap if hair interceptor is required.
 - 12) Hair Interceptor: Not required.
 - 13) Protective Shielding Guard(s): **As directed**.
3. Lavatories, Countertop With Integral Bowl Type:
- a. Description: Countertop **OR** Accessible countertop, **as directed**, with integral bowl fixtures for mounting on base unit.
 - 1) Backsplash: Integral with countertop **OR** Separate, same material as countertop **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - 2) Overall Rectangular Top Size: 25 by 17 inches (635 by 432 mm) **OR** 31 by 19 inches (787 by 483 mm) **OR** 49 by 22 inches (1245 by 559 mm) **OR** 73 by 22 inches (1854 by 559 mm), **as directed**, with 1 **OR** 2 **OR** 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, bowl(s).
 - a) Bowl Size: Oval 19 by 16 inches (483 by 406 mm) **OR** 20 by 17 inches (508 by 432 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Faucet Hole Punching: One hole **OR** Three holes, 2-inch (51-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 4-inch (102-mm) centers, **as directed**.
 - 4) Faucet Hole Location: Countertop.
 - 5) Color: White.
 - 6) Faucet(s): Lavatory with pop-up waste **OR** with separate drain, **as directed**, for each bowl.
 - 7) Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 8) Drain(s): See faucets **OR** Grid **OR** Grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - a) Location: Not applicable **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 9) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, 0.032-inch- (0.8-mm-) **OR** 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-), **as directed**, thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

OR

 Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - 10) Hair Interceptor(s): **As directed** for bowls as indicated.
 - 11) Protective Shielding Guard(s): **As directed** for bowls as indicated.
4. Lavatories, For Wheelchair-Bound Persons:
- a. Description: Accessible, wall-mounting, vitreous-china fixture designed for people in wheelchairs.
 - 1) Type: Ledge back **OR** Shelf back **OR** Slab, **as directed**.
 - 2) Size: 20 by 26 inches (508 by 660 mm) minimum; rectangular.
 - 3) Faucet Hole Punching: One hole **OR** Three holes, 2-inch (51-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 4-inch (102-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 8-inch (203-mm) centers **OR** Three holes, 12-inch (305-mm) centers, **as directed**.
 - 4) Color: White.
 - 5) Faucet: Lavatory for separate drain.
 - 6) Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 7) Drain: Grid **OR** Grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - 8) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2

(DN 40), **as directed**, 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

OR

Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/4 by NPS 1-1/2 (DN 32 by DN 40), **as directed**, P-trap; NPS 1-1/4 (DN 32) **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **as directed**, tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.

- 9) Fixture Support: Lavatory.

T. Commercial Sinks

1. Commercial Sinks, Counter-Mounting Type:

a. Description: One-compartment **OR** Two-compartment **OR** Three-compartment, **as directed**, counter-mounting, stainless-steel commercial sink with backsplash.

1) Metal Thickness: 0.050 inch (1.3 mm).

2) Compartment (for single-compartment sink):

a) Drain: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with stopper **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with pop-up waste, **as directed**.

i. Location: Centered in compartment **OR** Near back of compartment **OR** Near left side of compartment **OR** Near right side of compartment, **as directed**.

3) Each Compartment (for multiple-compartment sink):

a) Drains: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with stopper **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with pop-up waste, **as directed**.

i. Location: Centered in compartment **OR** Near back of compartment, **as directed**.

4) Faucet(s): Sink.

a) Number Required: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.

b) Mounting: Deck.

5) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 3/4 (DN 20), **as directed**, chrome-plated copper with stops or shutoff valves.

6) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass **OR** copper pipe, **as directed**, waste to wall; continuous waste, **as directed**; and wall escutcheon(s).

2. Commercial Sinks, Freestanding Type:

a. Description: One-compartment **OR** Two-compartment **OR** Three-compartment, **as directed**, freestanding, stainless-steel commercial sink with backsplash.

1) Metal Thickness: 0.050 inch (1.3 mm) **OR** 0.063 inch (1.6 mm), **as directed**.

2) Compartment (for single-compartment sink):

a) Drain: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with stopper **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with pop-up waste, **as directed**.

i. Location: Centered in compartment **OR** Near back of compartment **OR** Near left side of compartment **OR** Near right side of compartment, **as directed**.

3) Each Compartment (for multiple-compartment sink):

a) Drains: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) tailpiece and twist drain **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with stopper **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece with pop-up waste, **as directed**.

i. Location: Centered in compartment **OR** Near back of compartment, **as directed**.

4) Drainboard(s): Not required **OR** Both **OR** Left **OR** Right, **as directed**, side(s).

a) Dimensions Each: Not applicable.

5) Supports: Adjustable-length, steel legs.

6) Faucet(s): Sink.

a) Number Required: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.

b) Mounting: In backsplash.

- 7) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 3/4 (DN 20), **as directed**, chrome-plated copper with stops or shutoff valves.
 - 8) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**, chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass **OR** copper pipe, **as directed**, waste to wall; continuous waste, **as directed**; and wall escutcheon(s).
3. Commercial Sinks, Handwash Type:
- a. Description: Wall-mounting, stainless-steel, commercial, handwash-sink fixture.
 - 1) Type: Basin with radius corners, back for faucet, and support brackets.
 - 2) Size: Approximately 17 by 16 by 5 inches (432 by 406 by 127 mm).
 - 3) Faucet: Back-mounting, chrome-plated, solid-brass, gooseneck type with individual valves.
 - 4) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 5) Drain: Grid.
 - 6) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - 7) Fixture Support: Sink for wall-mounting installation.
- U. Shampoo Bowls
1. Description: Enameled, cast-iron **OR** PMMA, **as directed**, fixture shaped for head rest. Include vacuum breaker, faucet, hose and spray, drain, and mounting brackets.
 - a. Color: White.
 - b. Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), **as directed**, chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - c. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
OR
Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap; tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - d. Hair Interceptor: **As directed**
 - e. Fixture Support for Counter Mounting: Brackets or forms.
OR
Fixture Support for Wall Mounting: Sink.
- V. Wash Fountains
1. Wash Fountains, Freestanding Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, Circular, freestanding-design, wash-up fixture.
 - 1) Arrangement: Wash-up stations facing central spray head.
 - 2) Receptor Material: Precast terrazzo **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Solid surface, **as directed**, on base.
 - 3) Receptor Color or Finish: Not applicable.
 - 4) Size: 36- to 39-inch (914- to 990-mm) **OR** 54-inch (1370-mm), **as directed**, diameter.
 - 5) Number of Stations: Two **OR** Three **OR** Four **OR** Five **OR** Six **OR** Eight, **as directed**.
 - 6) Control: Collective **OR** Individual, **as directed**, push-button **OR** foot-pedal **OR** sensor, **as directed**, actuation with thermostatic valve and check stops or field-installed check valves.
 - 7) Liquid Soap Dispensers: Manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**, for each station.
 - 8) Mounting: Floor.
 - 9) Supplies: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) **OR** NPS 1 (DN 25), **as directed**, copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves from bottom **OR** top, **as directed**.
 - 10) Shroud: Not required **OR** Stainless steel of size to cover supplies and vent piping, **as directed**.
 - 11) Drain: Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) tailpiece.
 - 12) Trap Fitting: Not required **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50) trap with waste and vent connections, **as directed**.
 - 13) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40), **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**, waste to floor.

- 14) Vent Piping: Not required **OR** NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) to ceiling, **as directed**.
2. Wash Fountains, Semicircular Or Corner Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, Semicircular **OR** Corner, **as directed**, design, wash-up fixture.
 - 1) Arrangement: Wash-up stations facing central spray head.
 - 2) Receptor Material: Precast terrazzo **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Solid surface, **as directed**, on base.
 - 3) Receptor Color or Finish: Not applicable.
 - 4) Size: 36- to 39-inch (914- to 990-mm) **OR** 54-inch (1370-mm), **as directed**, diameter.
 - 5) Number of Stations: Two **OR** Three **OR** Four, **as directed**.
 - 6) Control: Collective **OR** Individual, **as directed**, push-button **OR** foot-pedal **OR** sensor, **as directed**, actuation with thermostatic valve and check stops or field-installed check valves.
 - 7) Liquid Soap Dispensers: Manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**, for each station.
 - 8) Mounting: Floor and flush-to-wall with wall bracket.
 - 9) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) **OR** NPS 3/4 (DN 20), **as directed**, copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 - 10) Drain: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**, tailpiece.
 - 11) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50), **as directed**, P-trap, waste to wall, and wall flange.
3. Wash Fountains, Wall-Mounting Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, **as directed**, Flush-to-wall, **as directed**, linear design, wash-up fixture.
 - 1) Arrangement: Wash-up stations facing spray heads.
 - 2) Receptor Material: Precast terrazzo **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Solid surface, **as directed**, on base.
 - 3) Receptor Color or Finish: Not applicable.
 - 4) Number of Stations: One **OR** Two **OR** Three **OR** Four, **as directed**.
 - 5) Control: Collective **OR** Individual, **as directed**, push-button **OR** sensor, **as directed**, actuation with thermostatic valve and check stops or field-installed check valves.
 - 6) Liquid Soap Dispensers: Manual **OR** Sensor, **as directed**, for each station.
 - 7) Mounting: Floor mounting with bracket for attaching to wall.
 - 8) Faucet(s): Push-button **OR** Sensor-actuated, **as directed**, mixing valve with check stops.
 - 9) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 - 10) Drain: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) tailpiece.
 - 11) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap, waste to wall, and wall flange.

W. Bathtubs

1. Description: Enameled, cast-iron **OR** FRP **OR** PMMA **OR** Porcelain-enameled, formed-steel, **as directed**, fixture.
 - a. Bathing Surface: Slip resistant.
 - b. Size: 48 by 30 inches (1220 by 765 mm) **OR** 60 by 30 inches (1525 by 765 mm) **OR** 66 by 30 inches (1680 by 765 mm), **as directed**, with front apron **OR** drop-in type, **as directed**.
 - c. Color: White.
 - d. Drain Location: Left **OR** Right, **as directed**, end.
 - e. Accessibility Options: Include grab bar and bench.
 - f. Faucet: Bathtub **OR** Bathtub/shower, **as directed**.
 - g. Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 - h. Drain: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40); chrome-plated exposed parts; brass pop-up waste and overflow.
 - i. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) cast-brass P-trap and waste.
OR
 Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap and waste.

X. Individual Showers

1. Individual Showers, Enclosure Type:
 - a. Description: Accessible, **as directed**, FRP **OR** PMMA, **as directed**, shower enclosure with slip-resistant bathing surface and shower rod with curtain.
 - 1) Size: 36 by 34 inches (915 by 865 mm) **OR** 42 by 36 inches (1065 by 915 mm) **OR** 43 by 39 inches (1090 by 990 mm) **OR** 48 by 34 inches (1220 by 865 mm) **OR** 52 by 36 inches (1320 by 915 mm) **OR** 60 by 36 inches (1525 by 915 mm) **OR** 72 by 36 inches (1830 by 915 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Surround: One piece or sealed, multiple piece, **as directed**.
OR
Surround: One piece.
 - 3) Color: White.
 - 4) Drain Location: Left side **OR** Center **OR** Right side, **as directed**.
 - 5) Accessibility Options: Include grab bar and bench.
 - 6) Faucet: Shower.
 - 7) Drain: Grid, NPS 2 (DN 50).
 2. Individual Showers, Built-Up Type:
 - a. Description: Components for built-up shower.
 - 1) Receptor: Not required.
 3. Individual Showers, Cabinet Type:
 - a. Description: Factory-fabricated, accessible, **as directed**, cabinet type with faucet and receptor.
 - 1) Size: 30 by 30 inches (760 by 760 mm) **OR** 32 by 32 inches (815 by 815 mm) **OR** 36 by 36 inches (915 by 915 mm) **OR** 36 by 39 inches (915 by 990 mm) **OR** 45 by 39 inches (1145 by 990 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Material: Steel **OR** Composite **OR** Plastic, **as directed**, front **OR** corner **OR** front and rear, **as directed**, access.
 - 3) Color: Not applicable.
 - 4) Accessibility Options: Grab bar and bench.
 - 5) Faucet: Shower.
 - 6) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves, **as directed**.
 - 7) Drain: Grid, NPS 2 (DN 50).
- Y. Group Showers
1. Group Showers, Column Type:
 - a. Description: Stainless-steel column fixture with two **OR** three **OR** four **OR** five **OR** six, **as directed**, individual showers.
 - 1) Height to Shower Heads: 66 inches (1675 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1830 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Control: Thermostatic **OR** Pressure-balance, **as directed**, valve with individual hot- and cold-water mixing valve operation.
OR
Control: Thermostatic valve with individual tempered-water supply and push-button **OR** sensor, **as directed**, operation.
 - 3) Flow Control: 2 gpm (7.6 L/min.) **OR** 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), **as directed**, for each shower head.
 - 4) Liquid Soap Dispenser: For each shower.
 - 5) Mounting: Floor flange.
 - 6) Supplies: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) **OR** NPS 1 (DN 25), **as directed**, copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves from bottom **OR** top, **as directed**.
 - 7) Shroud: Not required **OR** Stainless steel of size to cover supplies and vent piping, **as directed**.
 - 8) Drain Fitting: NPS 3 (DN 80) **OR** NPS 4 (DN 100), **as directed**, outlet with NPS 2 (DN 50) vent, integral with base of column.
 - 9) Vent Piping: Not required **OR** NPS 2 (DN 50) to ceiling, **as directed**.
 2. Group Showers, Wall-Mounting Type:

- a. Description: Wall-mounting fixture with stainless-steel surface enclosure with two **OR** three, **as directed**, individual showers.
 - 1) Control: Thermostatic **OR** Pressure-balance, **as directed**, valve with individual hot-and cold-water mixing valve operation.
OR
 Control: Thermostatic valve with individual tempered-water supply and push-button **OR** sensor, **as directed**, operation.
 - 2) Flow Control: 2 gpm (7.6 L/min.) **OR** 2.5 gpm (9.5 L/min.), **as directed**, for each shower head.
 - 3) Liquid Soap Dispenser: For each shower.
 - 4) Mounting: Wall bracket.
 - 5) Supplies: NPS 3/4 (DN 20) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 3. Group Showers, Freestanding, Plastic Type:
 - a. Description: Freestanding, plastic group-shower fixture.
 - 1) Number of Shower Stations: One **OR** Two **OR** Three **OR** Four, **as directed**, with individual self-closing control valve(s).
 - 2) Number of Foot Wash Stations: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, with individual self-closing control valve(s).
 - 3) Hose Bibb: Not **OR** One, **as directed**, required.
 - 4) Control-Valve Mounting Height: 50 inches (1270 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5) Material: Cast-filled-polymer plastic.
 - 6) Color: Gray.
 - 7) Internal Piping: Factory installed.
 - 8) Mounting: Base flange with bolt holes.
 4. Group Showers, Freestanding, Steel Type:
 - a. Description: Freestanding, steel group-shower fixture.
 - 1) Number of Shower Stations: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, with individual self-closing control valve(s).
 - 2) Number of Foot Wash Stations: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, with individual self-closing control valve(s).
 - 3) Material: Painted steel pipe.
 - 4) Color: Blue.
 - 5) Internal Piping: Factory installed.
 - 6) Mounting: Base flange with bolt holes.
- Z. Whirlpool Bathtubs
1. Whirlpool Bathtubs, Water-Circulation Hydromassage Type:
 - a. Description: Packaged, enameled, cast-iron **OR** FRP **OR** PMMA **OR** porcelain-enameled, formed-steel, **as directed**, hydromassage bathtub with air-entrained-water jet nozzles and water circulation.
 - 1) Seating Capacity: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, person(s).
 - 2) Bathing Surface: Slip resistant.
 - 3) Size: 60 by 30 inches (1525 by 765 mm) **OR** 66 by 30 inches (1680 by 765 mm) **OR** 60 by 42 inches (1525 by 1065 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4) Base for Drop-in Unit: **<Insert description>** with access panel.
OR
 Apron: Matching unit, covering exposed front and sides, and with access panel.
 Color: White.
 - 5) Drain Location: Left **OR** Right, **as directed**, end.
 - 6) Controls: For pump, timer, **as directed**, and water heater, **as directed**.
 - 7) Faucet: Fixture manufacturer's individual valves **OR** mixing valve, **as directed**, with over-rim tub filler.
 - 8) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 - 9) Drain: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40); chrome-plated exposed parts; brass pop-up waste and overflow.
 - 10) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) cast-brass P-trap and waste.
OR

- Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap and waste.
- 12) Water-Circulating System: Electric circulating pump and plastic piping.
 - 13) Water Heater: Electric, inline, **as directed**.
2. Whirlpool Bathtubs, Airmassage Type:
- a. Description: Packaged, PMMA airmassage bathtub with air-injection nozzles.
 - 1) Seating Capacity: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, person(s).
 - 2) Bathing Surface: Slip resistant.
 - 3) Size: 60 by 30 inches (1525 by 765 mm) **OR** 66 by 30 inches (1680 by 765 mm) **OR** 60 by 42 inches (1525 by 1065 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4) Base for Drop-in Unit: **<Insert description>** with access panel.
OR
Apron: Matching unit, covering exposed front and sides, and with access panel.
 - 5) Color: White.
 - 6) Drain Location: Left **OR** Right, **as directed**, end.
 - 7) Controls: For blower, timer, **as directed**, and water heater, **as directed**.
 - 8) Faucet: Fixture manufacturer's individual valves **OR** mixing valve, **as directed**, with over-rim tub filler.
 - 9) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves.
 - 10) Drain: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40); chrome-plated exposed parts; brass pop-up waste and overflow.
 - 11) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) cast-brass P-trap and waste.
OR
Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap and waste.
 - 12) Air-Injection System: Electric, blower **OR** combination blower/heater, **as directed**, and plastic piping.
- AA. Kitchen Sinks
1. Kitchen Sinks:
 - a. Description: One-bowl **OR** Two-bowl **OR** Three-bowl, **as directed**, residential, counter-mounting, enameled, cast-iron **OR** PMMA **OR** porcelain-enameled, formed-steel **OR** solid-surface **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, kitchen sink.
 - 1) Metal Thickness: 0.038 inch (1.0 mm) **OR** 0.050 inch (1.3 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Bowl (single bowl):
 - a) Drain: 3-1/2-inch (89-mm) crumb cup **OR** grid **OR** grid with offset waste **OR** outlet for disposer, **as directed**.
 - i. Location: Centered in bowl **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 3) Left Bowl:
 - a) Drain: 3-1/2-inch (89-mm) crumb cup **OR** grid **OR** grid with offset waste **OR** outlet for disposer, **as directed**.
 - i. Location: Centered in bowl **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 4) Right Bowl:
 - a) Drain: 3-1/2-inch (89-mm) crumb cup **OR** grid **OR** grid with offset waste **OR** outlet for disposer, **as directed**.
 - i. Location: Centered in bowl **OR** Near back of bowl, **as directed**.
 - 5) Center Bowl:
 - a) Drain: 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) **OR** 3-1/2-inch (89-mm), **as directed**, crumb cup **OR** grid **OR** grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - i. Location: Centered in bowl.
 - 6) Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 7) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; continuous waste, **as directed**; and wall escutcheon(s).
OR
Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap; tubular waste to wall; continuous waste, **as directed**; and wall escutcheon(s).

- 8) Disposer: Not required.
 - 9) Dishwasher Air-Gap Fitting: Required **OR** Not required, **as directed**.
 - 10) Hot-Water Dispenser: Not required.
2. Bar Sinks:
- a. Description: Single-bowl, residential, counter-mounting, enameled, cast-iron **OR** PMMA **OR** stainless-steel **OR** porcelain-enameled, cast-iron **OR** solid-surface, **as directed**, bar sink.
 - 1) Supplies: NPS 3/8 (DN 10) **OR** NPS 1/2 (DN 15), **as directed**, chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - 2) Drain: 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) **OR** 3-1/2-inch (89-mm), **as directed**, crumb cup **OR** grid **OR** grid with offset waste, **as directed**.
 - 3) Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
OR
 Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap; tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - 4) Protective Shielding Guard(s): **As directed**.
- BB. Service Sinks
- 1. Service Sinks, Standard Type:
 - a. Description: Trap-standard- and wall-mounting, enameled, cast-iron fixture with roll-rim **OR** vitreous-china fixture, **as directed**, with plain **OR** two faucet holes in, **as directed**, back and rim guard on front and sides.
 - 1) Size (cast-iron fixture): 22 by 18 inches (560 by 460 mm) **OR** 24 by 20 inches (610 by 510 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Size (vitreous-china fixture): 19 by 16 inches (480 by 405 mm) **OR** 22 by 20 inches (560 by 510 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Color: White.
 - 4) Faucet: Sink type. Polished **OR** rough, as directed, chrome-plated, solid-brass faucet. Include integral stops in shanks, vacuum breaker, hose-thread outlet, and pail hook. Provide type with wall brace if faucet will be mounted above back.
 - 5) Drain: Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**, outlet.
 - 6) Trap Standard: NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**, enameled, cast iron with cleanout and floor flange.
 - 7) Fixture Support: Sink.
 - 2. Service Sinks, Floor-Mounting Type:
 - a. Description: Floor-mounting, enameled, cast-iron fixture with front apron, raised back, and coated, wire rim guard. (This type of service sink requires a drainage piping trap under the fixture. This trap is not part of fixture fittings)
 - 1) Size: 28 by 28 inches (710 by 710 mm).
 - 2) Color: White.
 - 3) Faucet: Sink type. Polished **OR** rough, as directed, chrome-plated, solid-brass faucet with wall brace. Include integral stops in shanks, vacuum breaker, hose-thread outlet, and pail hook..
 - 4) Drain: Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**, outlet.
- CC. Service Basins
- 1. Description: Flush-to-wall, floor-mounting, precast terrazzo **OR** cast-polymer, **as directed**, fixture with rim guard. (This type of fixture requires a drainage piping trap under the fixture. This trap is not part of fixture fittings.)
 - a. Shape: Square **OR** Rectangular **OR** Five sided **OR** Radial front, **as directed**.
 - b. Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm) **OR** 28 by 28 inches (710 by 710 mm) **OR** 24 by 36 inches (610 by 915 mm) **OR** 32 by 32 inches (815 by 815 mm) **OR** 36 by 36 inches (915 by 915 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Height: 6 inches (150 mm) **OR** 10 inches (255 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) with dropped front, **as directed**.
 - d. Tiling Flange: Not required **OR** On one side **OR** On two sides **OR** On three sides, **as directed**.

- e. Rim Guard: On front **OR** all, **as directed**, top surfaces.
- f. Color: Not applicable.
- g. Faucet: Sink type. Polished **OR** rough, as directed, chrome-plated, solid-brass faucet with wall brace. Include integral stops in shanks, vacuum breaker, hose-thread outlet, and pail hook.
- h. Drain: Grid with NPS 2 (DN 50) **OR** NPS 3 (DN 80), **as directed**, outlet.

DD. Laundry Trays

1. Description: Stand-mounting **OR** Counter-mounting, **as directed**, enameled, cast-iron **OR** plastic, **as directed**, laundry trays.
 - a. Size: 24 by 21 inches (610 by 535 mm) **OR** 25 by 22 inches (635 by 560 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Not applicable.
 - c. Faucet: Sink type, polished, chrome-plated, solid brass, for fixture-ledge **OR** wall **OR** counter, **as directed**, mounting.
 - d. Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated copper with stops **OR** copper tubing with ball, gate, or globe valves, **as directed**.
 - e. Drain: Grid with NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) outlet.
 - f. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, cast-brass P-trap; 0.045-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick tubular brass waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
OR
Drain Piping: Schedule 40 ABS **OR** PVC, **as directed**, NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) P-trap; tubular waste to wall; and wall escutcheon.
 - g. Stand: Not required **OR** Painted steel, **as directed**.

EE. Sacristy Sinks

1. Description: Two-bowl, counter-mounting, stainless-steel fixture.
 - a. Size: Approximately 22 by 42 inches (560 by 1070 mm).
 - b. Cover: Hinged with lock on left **OR** right, **as directed**, bowl.
 - c. Supplies: NPS 1/2 (DN 15) chrome-plated copper with stops.
 - d. Drains: One with stopper and one with grid.
 - e. Drain Piping: NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) chrome-plated, tubular-brass waste. Include one trap, one direct waste without trap, separate waste piping, and wall flanges.

1.3 EXECUTION
A. Installation

1. Assemble plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.
2. Install off-floor supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounting fixtures.
 - a. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
 - b. Use carrier supports without waste fitting for fixtures with tubular waste piping.
 - c. Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible fixtures.
3. Install back-outlet, wall-mounting fixtures onto waste fitting seals and attach to supports.
4. Install floor-mounting fixtures on closet flanges or other attachments to piping or building substrate.
5. Install wall-mounting fixtures with tubular waste piping attached to supports.
6. Install floor-mounting, back-outlet water closets attached to building floor substrate and wall bracket and onto waste fitting seals.
7. Install counter-mounting fixtures in and attached to casework.
8. Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
9. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.

- a. Exception: Use ball, gate, or globe valves if supply stops are not specified with fixture. Valves are specified in Division 22 Section "General-duty Valves For Plumbing Piping".
 - 10. Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.
 - 11. Install tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be indirectly connected to drainage system.
 - 12. Install flushometer valves for accessible water closets and urinals with handle mounted on wide side of compartment. Install other actuators in locations that are easy for people with disabilities to reach.
 - 13. Install tanks for accessible, tank-type water closets with lever handle mounted on wide side of compartment.
 - 14. Install toilet seats on water closets.
 - 15. Install trap-seal liquid in dry urinals.
 - 16. Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
 - 17. Install water-supply flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.
 - 18. Install faucet flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
 - 19. Install shower flow-control fittings with specified maximum flow rates in shower arms.
 - 20. Install traps on fixture outlets.
 - a. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
 - b. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 21. Install disposer in outlet of each sink indicated to have disposer. Install switch where indicated or in wall adjacent to sink if location is not indicated.
 - 22. Install dishwasher air-gap fitting at each sink indicated to have air-gap fitting. Install in sink deck **OR** on countertop at sink, **as directed**. Connect inlet hose to dishwasher and outlet hose to disposer.
 - 23. Install hot-water dispensers in back top surface of sink or in countertop with spout over sink.
 - 24. Install escutcheons at piping wall ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 22 Section "Common Work Results For Plumbing".
 - 25. Set bathtubs, shower receptors, and service basins in leveling bed of cement grout. Grout is specified in Division 22 Section "Common Work Results For Plumbing".
 - 26. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, floors, and countertops using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".
- B. Connections
- 1. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 14. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
 - 2. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
 - 3. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding And Bonding For Electrical Systems".
 - 4. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Low-voltage Electrical Power Conductors And Cables".
- C. Field Quality Control
- 1. Verify that installed plumbing fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.
 - 2. Check that plumbing fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.
 - 3. Inspect installed plumbing fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
 - 4. Test installed fixtures after water systems are pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.
 - 5. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

-
- D. Adjusting
1. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.
 2. Operate and adjust disposers, hot-water dispensers, and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning units and controls.
 3. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.
 4. Replace washers and seals of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.
 5. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.
- E. Cleaning
1. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:
 - a. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
 - b. Remove sediment and debris from drains.
 2. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished fixtures, faucets, and fittings, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.
- F. Protection
1. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.
 2. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by the Owner.

END OF SECTION 10 28 19 16

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 28 19 19	10 28 19 16	Plumbing Fixtures

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SECTION 10 44 13 00 - FIRE PROTECTION CABINETS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fire extinguisher cabinets. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Fire protection cabinets for the following:
 - 1) Portable fire extinguishers.
 - 2) Fire hose valves.
 - 3) Fire hoses and racks.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Show location of knockouts for hose valves.
3. Shop Drawings: For fire protection cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples: For each type of fire protection cabinet indicated.
5. Maintenance Data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Rated, Fire Protection Cabinets: Listed and labeled to comply with requirements in ASTM E 814 for fire-resistance rating of walls where they are installed.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

E. Coordination

1. Coordinate size of fire protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire extinguishers indicated are accommodated.
2. Coordinate size of fire protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire hoses, hose valves, and hose racks indicated are accommodated.
3. Coordinate sizes and locations of fire protection cabinets with wall depths.

F. Sequencing

1. Apply decals **OR** vinyl lettering, **as directed**, on field-painted, fire protection cabinets after painting is complete.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
2. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, and as follows:
 - a. Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
 - b. Extruded Shapes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
3. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304.
4. Copper-Alloy Brass Sheet: ASTM B 36/B 36M, alloy UNS No. C26000 (cartridge brass, 70 percent copper).

5. Copper-Alloy Bronze Sheet: ASTM B 36/B 36M, alloy UNS No. C28000 (muntz metal, 60 percent copper).
 6. Clear Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3, 3 **OR** 6, **as directed**, mm thick.
 7. Tempered Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Quality q3, 3 mm thick, Class 1 (clear) **OR** Class 2 (tinted, heat absorbing, and light reducing), bronze tint, **as directed**.
 8. Break Glass: Clear annealed float glass, ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3, 1.5 mm thick, single strength.
 9. Tempered Break Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Quality q3, 1.5 mm thick.
 10. Wire Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type II, Class 1, Form 1, Quality q8, Mesh m1 (diamond), 6 mm thick.
 11. Transparent Acrylic Sheet: ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell-cast sheet), 1.5 **OR** 3 **OR** 6, **as directed**, mm thick, with Finish 1 (smooth or polished) **OR** Finish 2 (patterned, textured), **as directed**.
 12. Acrylic Bubble: One piece.
- B. Fire Protection Cabinet
1. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher **OR** extinguisher and hose valve **OR** hose, rack, valve, and extinguisher **OR** hose, rack, and valve **OR** hose valve, **as directed**.
 2. Cabinet Construction: Nonrated **OR** 1-hour fire rated **OR** 2-hour fire rated, **as directed**.
 - a. Fire-Rated Cabinets: Construct fire-rated cabinets with double walls fabricated from 0.0428-inch- (1.1-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet lined with minimum 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) thick, fire-barrier material. Provide factory-drilled mounting holes.
 3. Cabinet Material: Steel **OR** Aluminum **OR** Stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Shelf: Same metal and finish as cabinet.
 4. Recessed Cabinet: Cabinet box recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated.
 - a. Trimless with Concealed Flange: Surface of surrounding wall finishes flush with exterior finished surface of cabinet frame and door, without overlapping trim attached to cabinet. Provide recessed flange, of same material as box, attached to box to act as plaster stop **OR** drywall bead, **as directed**.
 - b. Trimless with Hidden Flange: Flange of same metal and finish as box overlaps surrounding wall finish and is concealed from view by an overlapping door.
 - c. Exposed Flat Trim: One-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).
 5. Semirecessed Cabinet: Cabinet box partially recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated; with one-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend). Provide where walls are of insufficient depth for recessed cabinets but are of sufficient depth to accommodate semirecessed cabinet installation.
 - a. Square-Edge Trim: 1-1/4- to 1-1/2-inch (32- to 38-mm) backbend depth.
 - b. Rolled-Edge Trim: 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) **OR** 4-inch (102-mm) **OR** 4-1/2-inch (114-mm), **as directed**, backbend depth.
 6. Surface-Mounted Cabinet: Cabinet box fully exposed and mounted directly on wall with no trim. Provide where walls are of insufficient depth for semirecessed cabinet installation.
 7. Cabinet Trim Material: Steel sheet **OR** Aluminum sheet **OR** Extruded-aluminum shapes **OR** Stainless-steel sheet **OR** Copper-alloy brass sheet **OR** Copper-alloy bronze sheet **OR** Same material and finish as door, **as directed**.
 8. Door Material: Steel sheet **OR** Aluminum sheet **OR** Extruded-aluminum shapes **OR** Stainless-steel sheet **OR** Copper-alloy brass sheet **OR** Copper-alloy bronze sheet, **as directed**.
 9. Door Style: Fully glazed, frameless, backless, acrylic panel **OR** Fully glazed panel with frame **OR** Full bubble, frameless **OR** Full bubble with frame **OR** Full bubble with frameless, rotating turntable **OR** Horizontal duo panel with frame **OR** Vertical duo panel with frame **OR** Center glass panel with frame **OR** Solid opaque panel with frame **OR** Flush opaque panel, frameless, with no exposed hinges, **as directed**.
 10. Door Glazing: Clear float glass **OR** Tempered float glass (clear) **OR** Tempered float glass (bronze tint) **OR** Break glass **OR** Tempered break glass **OR** Wire glass **OR** Mirror glass **OR** Acrylic sheet **OR** Break acrylic bubble **OR** Molded acrylic bubble, **as directed**.

- a. Acrylic Sheet Color: Clear **OR** Bronze, **as directed**, transparent acrylic sheet.
 - b. Acrylic Sheet Color: Clear transparent acrylic sheet painted white **OR** red **OR** black, **as directed**, on unexposed side.
 - c. Acrylic Bubble Color: Clear **OR** Bronze **OR** Red, **as directed**, transparent.
 - 11. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated.
 - a. Provide projecting lever handle with cam-action latch **OR** projecting door pull and friction latch **OR** recessed door pull and friction latch **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - b. Provide continuous hinge, of same material and finish as trim, **OR** concealed hinge **OR** pivot hinge **OR** manufacturer's standard hinge, **as directed**, permitting door to open 180 degrees.
 - 12. Accessories:
 - a. Mounting Bracket: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to fire protection cabinet, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.
 - b. Break-Glass Strike: Manufacturer's standard metal strike, complete with chain and mounting clip, secured to cabinet.
 - c. Lettered Door Handle: One-piece, cast-iron door handle with the word "FIRE" embossed into face.
 - d. Door Lock: Cam lock that allows door to be opened during emergency by pulling sharply on door handle **OR** Cylinder lock, keyed alike to other cabinets, **as directed**.
 - e. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as directed.
 - 1) Identify fire extinguisher in fire protection cabinet with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER."
 - a) Location: Applied to cabinet door **OR** cabinet glazing **OR** location indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b) Application Process: Silk-screened **OR** Engraved **OR** Etched **OR** Decals **OR** Pressure-sensitive vinyl letters, **as directed**.
 - c) Lettering Color: Red **OR** Black **OR** White, **as directed**.
 - d) Orientation: Vertical **OR** Horizontal **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - f. Alarm: Manufacturer's standard alarm that actuates when fire protection cabinet door is opened and that is powered by batteries **OR** low voltage, complete with transformer, **as directed**.
 - 13. Finishes:
 - a. Manufacturer's standard baked-enamel paint for the following:
 - 1) Exterior of cabinet door **OR** trim, **OR** door, and trim, **as directed**, except for those surfaces indicated to receive another finish.
 - 2) Interior of cabinet and door, **as directed**.
 - b. Aluminum: Clear anodic **OR** Color anodic **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - c. Steel: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - d. Stainless Steel: No. 2B **OR** No. 4 **OR** No. 6 **OR** No. 7 **OR** No. 8, **as directed**.
 - e. Copper Alloy, Brass: Buffed **OR** Hand rubbed **OR** Hand rubbed, lacquered **OR** Medium satin **OR** Fine matte **OR** Statuary conversion **OR** Patina conversion, **as directed**.
 - f. Copper Alloy, Bronze: Buffed **OR** Hand rubbed **OR** Hand rubbed, lacquered **OR** Medium satin **OR** Fine matte **OR** Statuary conversion **OR** Patina conversion, **as directed**.
- C. Security Fire Protection Cabinet
- 1. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher **OR** extinguisher and hose valve **OR** hose, rack, valve, and extinguisher **OR** hose, rack, and valve **OR** hose valve, **as directed**.
 - 2. Cabinet Construction: Nonrated **OR** 1-hour fire rated **OR** 2-hour fire rated, **as directed**.
 - a. Fire-Rated Cabinets: Construct fire-rated cabinets with double walls lined with minimum 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) thick, fire-barrier material.
 - 3. Cabinet Material: 0.0677-inch- (1.7-mm-) thick steel **OR** 0.0966-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick steel **OR** 0.0781-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - a. Shelf: Same metal and finish as cabinet.

4. Recessed Cabinet: Cabinet box recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated.
 - a. Exposed Flat Trim: One-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).
5. Semirecessed Cabinet: Cabinet box partially recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated; with one-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend). Provide where walls are of insufficient depth for recessed cabinets but are of sufficient depth to accommodate semirecessed cabinet installation.
 - a. Square-Edge Trim: 1-1/4- to 1-1/2-inch (32- to 38-mm) backbend depth.
 - b. Rolled-Edge Trim: 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) backbend depth.
6. Surface-Mounted Cabinet: Cabinet box fully exposed and mounted directly on wall; with no trim. Provide where walls are of insufficient depth for semirecessed cabinet installation.
7. Cabinet Trim Material: Steel sheet **OR** Stainless-steel sheet **OR** Same material and finish as door, **as directed**.
8. Door Material: 0.0966-inch- (2.5-mm-) thick steel **OR** 0.0781-inch- (2.0-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.1094-inch- (2.8-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
9. Door Style: Solid opaque panel with frame.
10. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated, and as follows:
 - a. Recessed door pull.
 - b. Continuous Hinge: Same material and finish as trim, permitting door to open 180 degrees.
 - c. Mechanical Deadlock: Lockbolt retracted and extended by five-tumbler paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, cylinder; keyed one side.
 - 1) Lockbolt: 1-1/2 inches high by 3/4 inch (38 mm high by 19 mm) thick; 5/8-inch (16-mm) throw.
 - d. Mechanical Deadlock: As specified in Division 08 Section "Detention Door Hardware".
 - e. Mechanical Snaplatch: Automatic snaplatch when closed; latchbolt retracted by five-tumbler paracentric **OR** mogul, **as directed**, cylinder; keyed one side.
 - 1) Lockbolt: 1 inch high by 7/16 inch (25 mm high by 11 mm) thick; 5/16-inch (8-mm) throw.
 - f. Mechanical Snaplatch: As specified in Division 08 Section "Detention Door Hardware".
11. Accessories:
 - a. Mounting Bracket: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to security fire protection cabinet, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.
 - b. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as directed.
 - 1) Identify fire extinguisher in security fire protection cabinet with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER."
 - a) Location: Applied to cabinet door **OR** location indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b) Application Process: Silk-screened **OR** Engraved **OR** Etched **OR** Decals **OR** Pressure-sensitive vinyl letters, **as directed**.
 - c) Lettering Color: Red **OR** Black **OR** White, **as directed**.
 - d) Orientation: Vertical **OR** Horizontal **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Keys to Door Locks: Three per lock.
12. Finishes:
 - a. Manufacturer's standard baked-enamel paint for the following:
 - 1) Exterior of cabinet door **OR** trim, **OR** door, and trim, **as directed**, except for those surfaces indicated to receive another finish.
 - 2) Interior of cabinet and door, **as directed**.
 - b. Steel: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - c. Stainless Steel: No. 4 finish.

D. Fabrication

1. Fire Protection Cabinets: Provide manufacturer's standard box (tub) with trim, frame, door, and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated.
 - a. Weld joints and grind smooth.
 - b. Provide factory-drilled mounting holes.
 - c. Prepare doors and frames to receive locks.
 - d. Install door locks at factory.
 2. Cabinet Doors: Fabricate doors according to manufacturer's standards, from materials indicated and coordinated with cabinet types and trim styles selected.
 - a. Fabricate door frames with tubular stiles and rails and hollow-metal design, minimum 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick.
 - b. Fabricate door frames of one-piece construction with edges flanged.
 - c. Miter and weld perimeter door frames.
 3. Cabinet Trim: Fabricate cabinet trim in one piece with corners mitered, welded, and ground smooth.
- E. General Finish Requirements
1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces of fire protection cabinets from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
 3. Finish fire protection cabinets after assembly.
 4. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- F. Aluminum Finishes
1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - b. Color: As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- G. Steel Finishes
1. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" **OR** SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling", **as directed**. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it, **as directed**.
 2. Factory Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.
 3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- H. Stainless-Steel Finishes
1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
 2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

- c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
 - d. Dull Satin Finish: No. 6.
 - e. Reflective, Directional Polish: No. 7.
 - f. Mirrorlike Reflective, Nondirectional Polish: No. 8.
3. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B.
- I. Copper-Alloy Finishes
- 1. Buffed Finish, Lacquered: M21-O6x (Mechanical Finish: buffed, smooth specular; Coating: clear organic, air drying, as specified below).
 - a. Clear, Organic Coating: Lacquer specified for copper alloys, applied by air spray in 2 coats per manufacturer's written instructions, with interim drying, to a total thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
 - 2. Hand-Rubbed Finish, Lacquered: M31-M34-O6x (Mechanical Finish: directionally textured, fine satin; Mechanical Finish: directionally textured, hand rubbed; Coating: clear organic, air drying, as specified below).
 - a. Clear, Organic Coating: Lacquer specified for copper alloys, applied by air spray in 2 coats per manufacturer's written instructions, with interim drying, to a total thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
 - 3. Statuary Conversion Coating over Satin Finish: M31-C55 (Mechanical Finish: directionally textured, fine satin; Chemical Finish: conversion coating, sulfide).
 - a. Color: Match sample.
 - 4. Patina Conversion Coating: CDA-M36-C12-C52 (Mechanical Finish: directionally textured, uniform; Chemical Finish: nonetched cleaned, degreased; Chemical Finish: conversion coating, ammonium sulfate).
 - a. Color: Match sample.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Prepare recesses for recessed and semirecessed fire protection cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and trim style.

B. Installation

- 1. General: Install fire protection cabinets in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights indicated below: or, if not indicated, at heights acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Fire Protection Cabinets: 54 inches (1372 mm) above finished floor to top of cabinet.
- 2. Fire Protection Cabinets: Fasten cabinets to structure, square and plumb.
 - a. Unless otherwise indicated, provide recessed fire protection cabinets. If wall thickness is not adequate for recessed cabinets, provide semirecessed fire protection cabinets.
 - b. Provide inside latch and lock for break-glass panels.
 - c. Fasten mounting brackets to inside surface of fire protection cabinets, square and plumb.
 - d. Fire-Rated, Hose and Valve **OR** Hose-Valve, **as directed**, Cabinets:
 - 1) Install cabinet with not more than 1/16-inch (1.6-mm) tolerance between pipe OD and knockout OD. Center pipe within knockout.
 - 2) Seal through penetrations with firestopping sealant as specified in Division 07 Section "Penetration Firestopping".
- 3. Identification: Apply decals **OR** vinyl lettering, **as directed**, at locations indicated.

C. Adjusting And Cleaning

- 1. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as fire protection cabinets are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- 2. Adjust fire protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.

3. On completion of fire protection cabinet installation, clean interior and exterior surfaces as recommended by manufacturer.
4. Touch up marred finishes, or replace fire protection cabinets that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by fire protection cabinet and mounting bracket manufacturers.
5. Replace fire protection cabinets that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 10 44 13 00

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SECTION 10 44 16 13 - FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fire extinguishers. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes portable, hand-carried and wheeled fire extinguishers and mounting brackets for fire extinguishers.
2. Owner-Furnished Material: Hand-carried **OR** Wheeled, **as directed**, fire extinguishers.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Operation and maintenance data.
3. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."
2. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
4. Coordinate type and capacity of fire extinguishers with fire protection cabinets to ensure fit and function.

E. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire extinguishers that fail in materials or workmanship within six years from date of Final Completion.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Failure of hydrostatic test according to NFPA 10.
 - 2) Faulty operation of valves or release levers.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Portable, Hand-Carried Fire Extinguishers

1. Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for each fire protection cabinet **OR** mounting bracket **OR** fire protection cabinet and mounting bracket, **as directed**, indicated.
 - a. Valves: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Nickel-plated, polished brass body, **as directed**.
 - b. Handles and Levers: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - c. Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B and bar coding for documenting fire extinguisher location, inspections, maintenance, and recharging.
2. Stored-Pressure Water Type: UL-rated 2-A, 2.5-gal. (9.5-L) nominal capacity, with water in stainless-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
3. Stored-Pressure Antifreeze Water Type: UL-rated 2-A, 2.5-gal. (9.5-L) nominal capacity, with water and approved antifreeze solution mixed for temperatures as low as minus 40 deg F (minus 40 deg C) in stainless-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
4. Stored-Pressure Water-Mist Type: UL-rated 2-A:C, 2.5-gal. (9.5-L) nominal capacity, with water in enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.

5. Pressurized, AFFF-Foam Type: UL-rated 2-A:10-B, 1.6-gal. (6-L) **OR** 3-A:20-B, 2.5-gal. (9.5-L), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with AFFF foam in stainless-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
6. Pressurized, FFFP-Foam Type: UL-rated 3-A:20-B, 2.5-gal. (9.5-L) nominal capacity, with FFFP foam in stainless-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
7. Wet-Chemical Type: UL-rated 2-A:1-B:C:K, 1.6-gal. (6-L) **OR** 2.5-gal. (9.5-L), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with potassium acetate-based **OR** citrate-based **OR** carbonate-based, **as directed**, chemical in stainless-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
8. Regular Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated <Insert capacity> nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in manufacturer's standard enameled container.
9. Regular Dry-Chemical Type in Steel Container: UL-rated 2-B:C, 1-lb (0.4-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 40-B:C, 5.5-lb (2.5-kg) **OR** 40-B:C, 6-lb (2.7-kg) **OR** 60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in enameled-steel container.
10. Regular Dry-Chemical Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 2-B:C, 1-lb (0.4-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 40-B:C, 5.5-lb (2.5-kg) **OR** 60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in enameled-aluminum container.
11. Regular Dry-Chemical Type in Brass Container: UL-rated 40-B:C, 6-lb (2.7-kg) **OR** 60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in chrome-plated brass container.
12. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated <Insert capacity> nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in manufacturer's standard enameled container.
13. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type in Steel Container: UL-rated 1-A:10-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 2-A:10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 3-A:40-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 3-A:40-B:C, 6-lb (2.7-kg) **OR** 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 20-A:120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in enameled-steel container.
14. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 1-A:10-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 2-A:10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 3-A:40-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 3-A:40-B:C, 6-lb (2.7-kg) **OR** 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 20-A:120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in enameled-aluminum container.
15. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type in Brass Container: UL-rated 2-A:10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 3-A:40-B:C, 6-lb (2.7-kg) **OR** 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 4-A:80-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 20-A:120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in chrome-plated brass container.
16. Purple-K Dry-Chemical Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 10-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 30-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with potassium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in enameled-aluminum container.
17. Purple-K Dry-Chemical Type in Brass Container: UL-rated 80-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 120-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with potassium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in chrome-plated brass container.
18. Carbon Dioxide Type: UL-rated 5-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 15-lb (6.8-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 20-lb (9.1-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with carbon dioxide in manufacturer's standard enameled-metal **OR** enameled-steel **OR** enameled-aluminum, **as directed** container.
19. Dry-Powder Type: FMG-approved, **as directed**, UL-rated Class D, 30-lb (13.6-kg) nominal capacity, with sodium chloride-based **OR** copper-based, **as directed**, powder in enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
20. Halon Type: UL-rated 5-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 10-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, in enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
21. Clean-Agent Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 1-B:C, 1.4-lb (0.6-kg) **OR** 2-B:C, 2.5-lb (1.1-kg) **OR** 5-B:C, 5-lb (2.3-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with HCFC Blend B agent and inert material in enameled-aluminum container; with pressure-indicating gage.
22. Clean-Agent Type in Brass Container: UL-rated 1-A:10-B:C, 11-lb (5-kg) **OR** 2-A:10-B:C, 15.5-lb (7-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with HCFC Blend B agent and inert material in chrome-plated brass container; with pressure-indicating gage.

23. Clean-Agent Type in Steel Container: UL-rated 5-B:C, 4.75-lb (2.2-kg) **OR** 1-A:10-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) **OR** 2-A:10-B:C, 14-lb (6.4-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with HFC blend agent and inert material in enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.

B. Mounting Brackets

1. Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's standard galvanized, **as directed**, steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to wall or structure, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or red **OR** black, **as directed**, baked-enamel finish.
2. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location.
 - a. Identify bracket-mounted fire extinguishers with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" in red letter decals applied to mounting surface.
 - 1) Orientation: Vertical **OR** Horizontal, **as directed**.

C. Wheeled Fire Extinguishers

1. Wheeled Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for locations indicated, complete with carriage.
 - a. Carriage: Fabricated from enameled-steel pipe, complete with hanger assembly, long-range nozzle, hose, and semipneumatic solid-rubber tires **OR** wide-rim wheels, **as directed**.
 - 1) Hose: 15 feet (4.6 m) **OR** 50 feet (15.2 m) **OR** 100 feet (30.5 m), **as directed**.
2. Pressurized, FFFP-Foam Type: UL-rated 20-A:160-B, 33-gal. (125-L) nominal capacity, with FFFP foam in stainless-steel container.
3. Regular Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 160-B:C, 50-lb (23-kg) **OR** 240-B:C, 150-lb (68-kg) **OR** 160-B:C, 250-lb (113-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in regulated-pressure **OR** stored-pressure **OR** direct-pressure, **as directed**, enameled-steel container.
4. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 20-A:160-B:C, 30-lb (13.6-kg) **OR** 30-A:160-B:C, 50-lb (23-kg) **OR** 40-A:240-B:C, 125-lb (57-kg) **OR** 40-A:160-B:C, 250-lb (113-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in regulated-pressure **OR** stored-pressure **OR** direct-pressure, **as directed**, enameled-steel **OR** enameled-aluminum, **as directed**, container.
5. Purple-K Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 160-B:C, 50-lb (23-kg) **OR** 320-B:C, 125-lb (57-kg) **OR** 160-B:C, 250-lb (113-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with potassium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in regulated-pressure **OR** stored-pressure **OR** direct-pressure, **as directed**, enameled-steel container.
6. Carbon Dioxide Type: UL-rated 20-B:C, 50-lb (23-kg) **OR** 20-B:C, 100-lb (45-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with carbon dioxide in manufacturer's standard enameled-metal **OR** enameled-steel **OR** enameled-aluminum, **as directed**, container.
7. Dry-Powder Type: FMG-approved, **as directed**, UL-rated Class D, sodium chloride-based powder, 150-lb (68-kg) **OR** copper-based powder, 250-lb (113-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, in regulated-pressure, enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.
8. Clean-Agent Type: UL-rated 4-A:40-B:C, 65-lb (29-kg) **OR** 10-A:80-B:C, 150-lb (68-kg), **as directed**, nominal capacity, with HCFC Blend B agent and inert material in stored-pressure, enameled-steel container; with pressure-indicating gage.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Install fire extinguishers and mounting brackets in locations indicated and in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Mounting Brackets: 54 inches (1372 mm) above finished floor to top of fire extinguisher. If NFPA 10 is the governing code, maximum mounting height for fire extinguishers weighing 40 lb (18 kg) or less shall be 60 inches (1524 mm); for those weighing more, maximum mounting height shall be 42 inches (1067 mm).
2. Mounting Brackets: Fasten mounting brackets to surfaces, square and plumb, at locations indicated.

END OF SECTION 10 44 16 13

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 44 16 13	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 10 51 13 00 - METAL LOCKERS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for metal lockers. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Standard metal lockers.
 - b. Heavy-duty metal lockers.
 - c. Athletic metal lockers.
 - d. Open-front athletic metal lockers.
 - e. Coin-operated metal lockers.
 - f. Locker benches.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For metal lockers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For units with factory-applied color finishes.
4. Maintenance data.
5. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Regulatory Requirements: Where metal lockers and benches are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
2. Do not deliver metal lockers until spaces to receive them are clean, dry, and ready for their installation.
3. Deliver master and control keys **OR** combination control charts, **as directed**, to the Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

F. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal lockers that fail in materials or workmanship, excluding finish, within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period for Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Two years from date of Final Completion.
 - b. Warranty Period for All-Welded Metal Lockers: Lifetime **OR** 10 years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, suitable for exposed applications.

2. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron, alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
3. Expanded Metal: ASTM F 1267, Type II (flattened), Class I, 3/4-inch (19-mm) steel mesh, with at least 70 percent open area.
4. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304.
5. Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3, Grade HGP.
6. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
7. Steel Tube: ASTM A 500, cold rolled.
8. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.
9. Fasteners: Zinc- or nickel-plated steel, slotless-type, exposed bolt heads; with self-locking nuts or lock washers for nuts on moving parts.
10. Anchors: Material, type, and size required for secure anchorage to each substrate.
 - a. Provide nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts on inside face of exterior walls, and elsewhere as indicated, for corrosion resistance.
 - b. Provide toothed-steel or lead expansion sleeves for drilled-in-place anchors.

B. Standard Metal Lockers

1. Locker Arrangement: Single tier **OR** Double tier **OR** Triple tier **OR** Box **OR** Two person **OR** Duplex **OR** 16 person **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
2. Material: Cold-rolled **OR** Metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet.
3. Body: Assembled by riveting or bolting body components together. Fabricate from unperforated steel sheet as follows:
 - a. Tops, Bottoms, and Intermediate Dividers: 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal thickness, with single bend at sides.
 - b. Backs and Sides: 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal thickness, with full-height, double-flanged connections.
 - c. Shelves: 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal thickness, with double bend at front and single bend at sides and back.
4. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.
 - a. Cross Frames between Tiers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frames.
 - b. Frame Vents: Fabricate face frames with vents.
5. Doors: One piece; fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges.
 - a. Doors less than 12 inches (305 mm) wide may be fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - b. Doors for box lockers less than 15 inches (381 mm) wide may be fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 15 inches (381 mm) wide; welded to inner face of doors.
 - d. Stiffeners: Manufacturer's standard full-height stiffener fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to inner face of doors.
 - e. Sound-Dampening Panels: Manufacturer's standard, designed to stiffen doors and reduce sound levels when doors are closed, of die-formed metal with full perimeter flange and sound-dampening material; welded to inner face of doors.
 - f. Door Style: Unperforated panel. **OR** Vented panel as follows:, **as directed**,
 - 1) Louvered Vents: No fewer than six louver openings at top and bottom for single-tier **OR** three louver openings at top and bottom for double-tier **OR** two louver openings at top and bottom, or three louver openings at top or bottom, for triple-tier, **as directed**, lockers.
 - 2) Security Vents: Manufacturer's standard, stamped horizontal or vertical.
 - 3) Perforated Vents: Manufacturer's standard shape and configuration.

- 4) Concealed Vents: Slotted perforations in top and bottom horizontal return flanges of doors.
6. Hinges: Welded to door and attached to door frame with no fewer than two factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees; self-closing, **as directed**.
 - a. Knuckle Hinges: Steel, full loop, five or seven knuckles, tight pin; minimum 2 inches (51 mm) high. Provide no fewer than three hinges for each door more than 42 inches (1067 mm) high.
 - b. Continuous Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel, full height.
7. Projecting Door Handle and Latch: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with either built-in combination locks or padlocks; positive automatic latching, chromium plated; pry and vandal resistant.
 - a. Latch Hooks: Equip doors 48 inches (1219 mm) and higher with three latch hooks and doors less than 48 inches (1219 mm) high with two latch hooks; fabricated from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded or riveted to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.
 - b. Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard, rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a prelocking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.
8. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry and vandal resistant.
 - a. Multipoint Latching: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks, built-in key locks, or padlocks; positive automatic latching and prelocking.
 - 1) Latch Hooks: Equip doors 48 inches (1219 mm) and higher with three latch hooks and doors less than 48 inches (1219 mm) high with two latch hooks; fabricated from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded or riveted to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.
 - 2) Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard, rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated with vinyl or nylon to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a prelocking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.
 - b. Single-Point Latching: Nonmoving latch hook designed to engage bolt of built-in combination or cylinder lock **OR** with steel padlock loop that projects through recessed cup and is finished to match metal locker body, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latch Hook: Equip each door with one latch hook, fabricated from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded midway up full-height door strike; with resilient silencer.
9. Door Handle and Latch for Box **OR** 16-Person, **as directed**, Lockers: Stainless-steel strike plate with integral pull; with steel padlock loop that projects through metal locker door.
10. Combination Padlocks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of five combination changes **OR** Provided by the Owner, **as directed**.
11. Built-in Combination Locks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of at least five combination changes made automatically with a control key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
12. Cylinder Locks: Built-in, flush, cam locks with five-pin tumbler keyway, keyed separately and master keyed. Furnish two change keys for each lock and two, **as directed**, master keys.
 - a. Key Type: Flat **OR** Grooved, **as directed**, with minimum 2- by 2.68-inch (51- by 68.3-mm) key head for accessible lockers, **as directed**.
 - b. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
13. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Single-Tier Units: Shelf, one double-prong ceiling hook, and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - b. Double-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - c. Triple-Tier **OR** Box, **as directed**, Units: One double-prong ceiling hook.

- d. Coat Rods: As indicated on Drawings **OR** For each compartment of single-tier, double-tier, and triple-tier metal lockers **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 24 inches (610 mm) high or more **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 18 inches (457 mm) deep or more, **as directed**.
14. Accessories:
- a. Legs: 6 inches (152 mm) high; formed by extending vertical frame members, or fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to bottom of locker.
- 1) Closed Front and End Bases: Fabricated from 0.036-inch (0.91-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- b. Continuous Zee Base: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) **OR** manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.060-inch (1.52-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 1) Height: 4 inches (102 mm).
- c. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.036-inch (0.91-mm) **OR** 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) **OR** manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.036-inch (0.91-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 1) Closures: Vertical-end **OR** Hipped-end, **as directed**, type.
- 2) Sloping-top corner fillers, mitered.
- d. Individual Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- e. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- f. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.036-inch (0.91-mm) **OR** 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) **OR** manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.036-inch (0.91-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- g. Boxed End Panels: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- h. Finished End Panels: Fabricated from 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- i. Center Dividers: Fabricated from 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
15. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
- a. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Two colors, with door one color and frame and body another color; as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

C. Heavy-Duty Metal Lockers

1. Locker Arrangement: Single tier **OR** Double tier **OR** Triple tier **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
2. Material: Cold-rolled steel sheet.
3. Body: Assembled by welding body components together. Fabricate from unperforated steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:
- a. Tops, Bottoms, and Sides: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness.
- b. Backs: 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal thickness.
- c. Shelves: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness, with double bend at front and single bend at sides and back.
4. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.
- a. Cross Frames between Tiers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frames.
5. Doors: One piece; fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges.
- a. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 15 inches (381 mm) wide; welded to inner face of doors.
- b. Door Style:
- 1) Louvered Vents: No fewer than six louver openings at top and bottom for single-tier **OR** three louver openings at top and bottom for double-tier **OR** two louver openings at top and bottom, or three louver openings at top or bottom, for triple-tier, **as directed**, lockers.

- 2) Security Vents: Manufacturer's standard, stamped horizontal or vertical.
- 3) Perforated Vents: Manufacturer's standard shape and configuration.
6. Hinges: Welded to door and attached to door frame with no fewer than two factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees; self-closing, **as directed**.
 - a. Knuckle Hinges: Steel, full loop, five or seven knuckles, tight pin; minimum 2 inches (51 mm) high. Provide no fewer than three hinges for each door more than 42 inches (1067 mm) high.
 - b. Continuous Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel, full height.
7. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry and vandal resistant.
 - a. Multipoint Latching: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks or padlocks; positive automatic latching and prelocking.
 - 1) Latch Hooks: Equip doors 48 inches (1219 mm) and higher with three latch hooks and doors less than 48 inches (1219 mm) high with two latch hooks; fabricated from 0.120-inch (3.04-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.
 - 2) Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard, rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a prelocking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.
 - b. Single-Point Latching: Nonmoving latch hook designed to engage bolt of built-in combination or cylinder lock **OR** with steel padlock loop that projects through recessed cup and is finished to match metal locker body, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latch Hook: Equip each door with one latch hook, fabricated from 0.120-inch (3.04-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded midway up full-height door strike; with resilient silencer.
8. Combination Padlocks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of five combination changes **OR** Provided by the Owner, **as directed**.
9. Built-in Combination Locks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of at least five combination changes made automatically with a control key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
10. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Single-Tier Units: Shelf, one double-prong ceiling hook, and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - b. Double-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - c. Triple-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook.
 - d. Coat Rods: As indicated on Drawings **OR** For each compartment of single-tier, double-tier and triple-tier metal lockers **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 24 inches (610 mm) high or more **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 18 inches (457 mm) deep or more.
11. Accessories:
 - a. Legs: 6 inches (152 mm) high; formed by extending vertical frame members, or fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to bottom of locker.
 - 1) Closed Front and End Bases: Fabricated from 0.036-inch (0.91-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - b. Continuous Zee Base: Fabricated from, 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) **OR** manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.060-inch (1.52-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - 1) Height: 4 inches (102 mm).
 - c. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet, with a pitch of approximately 20 degrees.
 - 1) Closures: Vertical-end **OR** Hipped-end, **as directed**, type.
 - d. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - e. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - f. Boxed End Panels: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
12. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.

- a. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Two colors, with door one color and frame and body another color; as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

D. Athletic Metal Lockers

1. Locker Arrangement: Single tier **OR** Double tier **OR** Triple tier **OR** Box **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
2. Material: Cold-rolled **OR** Metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet.
3. Body: Assembled by welding **OR** riveting or bolting, **as directed**, body components together. Fabricate from unperforated steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Tops and Bottoms: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness, with single bend at edges.
 - b. Backs: 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal thickness.
 - c. Shelves: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness, with double bend at front and single bend at sides and back.
4. Unperforated Sides: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) **OR** 0.060-inch (1.52-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet.
5. Perforated Sides: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet with manufacturer's standard diamond perforations.
6. Expanded-Metal Sides: Fabricated from 0.090-inch (2.28-mm) nominal-thickness expanded metal; welded to 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel angles or 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel channel frames.
7. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet or 0.097-inch (2.45-mm) nominal-thickness steel angles; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.
 - a. Cross Frames for Double-Tier **OR** Triple-Tier, **as directed**, Lockers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frames.
8. Reinforced Bottoms: Structural channels, formed from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to front and rear of side-panel frames.
9. Perforated Doors: One piece; fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet with manufacturer's standard diamond perforations; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges and latch point (bottom) and right-angle single bend at remaining edges for box lockers.
 - a. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 15 inches (381 mm) wide; welded to inner face of doors.
10. Expanded-Metal Doors: Fabricated from 0.090-inch (2.28-mm) nominal-thickness expanded metal; welded to 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel angle frame; with 0.090-inch (2.28-mm) nominal-thickness, steel sheet lock panel backed by 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet retainer welded to door frame.
11. Hinges: Welded to door and attached to door frame with no fewer than two factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees; self-closing, **as directed**.
 - a. Knuckle Hinges: Steel, full loop, five or seven knuckles, tight pin; minimum 2 inches (51 mm) high. Provide no fewer than three hinges for each door more than 42 inches (1067 mm) high.
 - b. Continuous Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel; side or top mounted as required by locker configuration.
 - c. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel continuous or knuckle type.
12. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry and vandal resistant.
 - a. Multipoint Latching: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks, built-in cylinder locks, or padlocks; positive automatic latching and prelocking.
 - 1) Latch Hooks: Equip doors 48 inches (1219 mm) and higher with three latch hooks and doors less than 48 inches (1219 mm) high with two latch hooks; fabricated from 0.120-inch (3.04-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.

- 2) Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard, rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a prelocking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.
- b. Single-Point Latching: Nonmoving latch hook designed to engage bolt of built-in combination or cylinder lock **OR** with steel padlock loop that projects through recessed cup and is finished to match metal locker body, **as directed**.
 - 1) Latch Hook: Equip each door with one latch hook, fabricated from 0.120-inch (3.04-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded midway up full-height door strike; with resilient silencer.
- 13. Projecting Turn-Handle and Latch: Steel handle welded to manufacturer's standard, three-point, cremone-type latching mechanism consisting of steel rods or bars that engage main locker frame at top and bottom of door, and center latch that engages strike jamb; with steel padlock loop.
- 14. Door Handle and Latch for Box Lockers: Stainless-steel strike plate with integral pull; with steel padlock loop that projects through metal locker door.
- 15. Combination Padlocks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of five combination changes **OR** Provided by the Owner, **as directed**.
- 16. Built-in Combination Locks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of at least five combination changes made automatically with a control key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
- 17. Cylinder Locks: Built-in, flush, cam locks with five-pin tumbler keyway, keyed separately and master keyed. Furnish two change keys for each lock and two, **as directed**, master keys.
 - a. Key Type: Flat **OR** Grooved, **as directed**, with minimum 2- by 2.68-inch (51- by 68.3-mm) key head for accessible lockers, **as directed**.
 - b. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
- 18. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Single-Tier Units: Shelf, one double-prong ceiling hook, and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - b. Double-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook and two single-prong wall hooks.
 - c. Triple-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook.
 - d. Coat Rods: As indicated on Drawings **OR** For each compartment of single-tier, double-tier and triple-tier metal lockers **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 24 inches (610 mm) high or more **OR** In lieu of ceiling hook for metal lockers 18 inches (457 mm) deep or more, **as directed**.
- 19. Accessories:
 - a. Legs: 6 inches (152 mm) high; formed by extending vertical frame members, or fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to bottom of locker.
 - 1) Closed Front and End Bases: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - b. Continuous Zee Base: 4 inches (102 mm) high; fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet, with a pitch of approximately 20 degrees.
 - 1) Closures: Vertical-end **OR** Hipped-end, **as directed**, type.
 - d. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - e. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - f. Boxed End Panels: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 20. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
 - a. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Two colors, with door one color and frame and body another color; as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

E. Open-Front Athletic Metal Lockers

- 1. Locker Arrangement: Open front, with seat/shelf **OR** seat/footlocker, upper shelf **OR** upper shelf with security box **OR** full-width security compartment **OR** configuration as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
- 2. Material: Cold-rolled **OR** Metallic-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet.

3. Body: Assembled by welding **OR** riveting or bolting, **as directed**, body components together. Fabricate from unperforated steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Tops and Bottoms: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness, with single bend at edges.
 - b. Backs: 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal thickness.
 - c. Shelves: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness, with double bend at front and single bend at sides and back.
4. Unperforated Sides: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
5. Perforated Sides: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet with manufacturer's standard diamond perforations. Perforations shall not occur above upper shelf **OR** at security compartment **OR** at seat/footlocker, **as directed**.
6. Expanded-Metal Sides: Fabricated from 0.090-inch (2.28-mm) nominal-thickness expanded metal; welded to 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel angles or 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel channel frames.
7. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet or 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel angles; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames.
8. Reinforced Bottoms: Structural channels, formed from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; welded to front and rear of side-panel frames.
9. Seats/Shelves: Full width of metal locker; channel formed; fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; with stiffeners for reinforcement.
10. Seats/Footlockers: Enclosure full width of bottom of metal locker; fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet.
 - a. Seat/Lid: 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; channel formed and reinforced with stiffeners; with manufacturer's standard, steel continuous hinge that is completely concealed and tamper resistant when seat/lid is closed; with padlock hasp.
 - b. Front Panel: 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; channel formed at top edge; with minilouvers for ventilation; recessed for padlock loop.
 - c. Sides: Integral part of unperforated **OR** Unperforated bottom portions of perforated **OR** 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet inside expanded-metal, **as directed**, sides.
11. Security Boxes: Consisting of partition extending from upper shelf to top of metal locker, fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet; with channel-formed, 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness, steel sheet door frame, and door fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet with right-angle single bend at edges; with manufacturer's standard, steel continuous hinge that is completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees.
 - a. Single-Point Latching: Stainless-steel strike plate with integral pull; with steel, nonmoving latch hook designed to engage bolt of built-in combination or cylinder lock **OR** with steel padlock loop that projects through door and is finished to match metal locker body, **as directed**.
12. Security Compartments: Full width of metal locker, with door fabricated from 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
13. Combination Padlocks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of five combination changes **OR** Provided by the Owner, **as directed**.
14. Built-in Combination Locks: Key-controlled, three-number dialing combination locks; capable of at least five combination changes made automatically with a control key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
15. Cylinder Locks: Built-in, flush, cam locks with five-pin tumbler keyway, keyed separately and master keyed. Furnish two change keys for each lock and two, **as directed**, master keys.
 - a. Key Type: Flat **OR** Grooved, **as directed**, with minimum 2- by 2.68-inch (51- by 68.3-mm) key head for accessible lockers, **as directed**.
 - b. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
16. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Two single-prong wall hooks bolted to locker back.

- b. Coat rod and two rod holders.
- 17. Accessories:
 - a. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet, with a pitch of approximately 20 degrees.
 - 1) Closures: Vertical-end **OR** Hipped-end, **as directed**, type.
 - b. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.048-inch (1.21-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - d. Boxed End Panels: Fabricated from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 18. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
 - a. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Two colors; as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

F. Coin-Operated Metal Lockers

- 1. Steel Lockers: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:
 - a. Tops, Bottoms, Sides, and Shelves: 0.024-inch (0.61-mm) nominal thickness.
 - b. Backs: 0.036-inch (0.91-mm) nominal thickness.
 - c. Frames: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness.
 - d. Doors: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness.
 - e. Exposed Ends of Nonrecessed Lockers: 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal thickness.
- 2. Stainless-Steel Lockers: Fabricated from stainless-steel sheet with thicknesses and finishes as follows:
 - a. Tops, Bottoms, Sides, Backs, and Shelves: 0.025 inch (0.64 mm) thick, with No. 2B finish.
 - b. Frames: 0.062 inch (1.59 mm) thick, with No. 3 or No. 4 finish.
 - c. Doors: 0.062 inch (1.59 mm) thick, with manufacturer's standard patterned finish.
 - d. Exposed Ends of Nonrecessed Lockers: 0.062 inch (1.59 mm) thick, with No. 3 or No. 4 finish.
- 3. Body: Assembled by welding or riveting body components to frames using manufacturer's standard aluminum or stainless-steel rivets; flanged for double thickness at back vertical corners; back ventilated.
- 4. Frames: Channel formed; lapped and welded at corners; with top, bottom, and cross frames welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames, and equip frames with resilient bumpers to cushion door closing.
 - a. Cross Frames between Tiers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical main frame.
- 5. Doors: One piece; formed into channel shape at vertical edges and flanged at right angles at horizontal edges; fabricated to swing 180 degrees. Brace or reinforce inner face of doors with manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffener panels.
- 6. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, full-loop, five- or seven-knuckle type; tight pin; minimum 2-1/2 inches (64 mm) high or continuous type, of same material as door; self-closing, **as directed**. Weld hinge to inside of door frame and attach hinge to door with factory-installed fasteners that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed.
 - a. Provide at least three hinges for each door more than 42 inches (1067 mm) high.
- 7. Projecting Door Handle: Manufacturer's standard; stainless steel; pry and vandal resistant.
- 8. Built-in, Coin-Operated Locks: Self-contained units mounted on interior of door with replaceable lock cylinders keyed separately and master keyed. Mount instruction decals on both faces of door. Furnish one change key for each lock and one master key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
 - b. Lock Type: Fee return/deposit **OR** collect/pay, **as directed**.
 - c. Fee Type: Token **OR** Coin, one quarter **OR** Coin, two quarters, **as directed**.
 - d. Coin Box: Manufacturer's standard housing or stainless-steel cash box with stainless-steel flanged cover set into base of lock channel frame. Furnish with removable cylinder and key, and master code changer key.
- 9. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Powder coat, **as directed**.
 - a. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** Two colors, with door one color and frame and body another color; as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

G. Keyless Locks

1. Built-in, Card-Operated Locks: Self-contained units mounted on interior of door with replaceable lock cylinders keyed separately and master keyed. Mount instruction decals on both faces of door. Furnish one change card key for each lock and one master card key.
 - a. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt **OR** automatically locking spring bolt, **as directed**.
2. Digital Keypad Locks: Battery-powered electronic keypad with reprogrammable manager and the Owner codes that override access. Three consecutive incorrect code entries shall disable lock for three minutes.
 - a. Designed for permanently assigned access via entry of user's four-digit code.
 - b. Designed for shared or temporary access by multiple users, with user-defined code to lock and unlock. Provide LED indicator to show when lock is in use.

H. Locker Benches

1. Provide bench units with overall assembly height of 17-1/2 inches (445 mm).
2. Bench Tops: Manufacturer's standard one-piece units, with rounded corners and edges.
 - a. Size: Minimum 9-1/2 inches wide by 1-1/4 inches thick (241 mm wide by 32 mm thick) except provide minimum 20-inch- (508-mm-) wide tops where accessible benches are indicated.
 - b. Laminated clear hardwood with one coat of clear sealer on all surfaces and one coat of clear lacquer on top and sides.
 - c. Plastic laminate over particleboard core, with two steel tubes running full length of top and positioned to receive pedestal fasteners.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - d. Extruded aluminum with clear anodic finish.
3. Fixed Pedestals: Manufacturer's standard supports, with predrilled fastener holes for attaching bench top and anchoring to floor, complete with fasteners and anchors, and as follows:
 - a. Tubular Steel: 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter steel tubing threaded on both ends, with standard pipe flange at top and bell-shaped cast-iron base; with baked-enamel or powder-coat finish; anchored with exposed fasteners.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - b. Tubular Steel: 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) diameter steel tubing, with 0.1265-inch- (3.2-mm-) thick steel flanges welded at top and base; with baked-enamel **OR** zinc-plated, **as directed**, finish; anchored with exposed fasteners.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
4. Freestanding Pedestals: Manufacturer's standard supports, with predrilled fastener holes for attaching bench top, complete with fasteners, and as follows:
 - a. Aluminum: 1/8-inch-thick by 3-inch-wide (3-mm-thick by 76-mm-wide) channel or 1/4-inch-thick by 3-inch-wide (6-mm-thick by 76-mm-wide) bar stock, shaped into trapezoidal **OR** inverted-T, **as directed**, form; with nonskid pads at bottom.
 - 1) Finish: Clear **OR** Black **OR** Gold, **as directed**, anodic finish.
 - b. Stainless Steel: 1/8-inch-thick by 3-inch-wide (3-mm-thick by 76-mm-wide) channel or 1/4-inch-thick by 3-inch-wide (6-mm-thick by 76-mm-wide) bar stock, shaped into trapezoidal form; with nonskid pads at bottom. Add finish.

I. Fabrication

1. Fabricate metal lockers square, rigid, and without warp and with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make exposed metal edges safe to touch and free of sharp edges and burrs.
 - a. Form body panels, doors, shelves, and accessories from one-piece steel sheet unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Provide fasteners, filler plates, supports, clips, and closures as required for complete installation.
2. Fabricate each metal locker with an individual door and frame; individual top, bottom, and back; and common intermediate uprights separating compartments. Factory weld frame members of each metal locker together to form a rigid, one-piece assembly.
3. Knocked-Down Construction: Fabricate metal lockers using nuts, bolts, screws, or rivets for nominal assembly at Project site **OR** preassembly at plant prior to shipping, **as directed**.

4. All-Welded Construction: Factory preassemble metal lockers by welding all joints, seams, and connections; with no bolts, nuts, screws, or rivets used in assembly of main locker groups. Factory weld main locker groups into one-piece structures. Grind exposed welds flush.
5. Accessible Lockers: Fabricate as follows:
 - a. Locate bottom shelf no lower than 15 inches (381 mm) above the floor.
 - b. Where hooks, coat rods, or additional shelves are provided, locate no higher than 48 inches (1219 mm) above the floor.
6. Hooks: Manufacturer's standard ball-pointed type, aluminum or steel; zinc plated.
7. Coat Rods: Fabricated from 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 3/4-inch- (19-mm-), **as directed**, diameter steel, chrome finished **OR** nickel plated, **as directed**.
8. Identification Plates: Manufacturer's standard, etched, embossed, or stamped aluminum **OR** plastic, **as directed**, plates, with numbers and letters at least 3/8 inch (9 mm) high.
9. Continuous Base: Formed into channel or zee profile for stiffness, and fabricated in lengths as long as practical to enclose base and base ends of metal lockers; finished to match lockers.
10. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated in lengths as long as practical, without visible fasteners at splice locations; finished to match lockers.
 - a. Sloping-top corner fillers, mitered.
11. Individual Sloping Tops: Fabricated in width to fit one locker frame in lieu of flat locker tops; with integral back; finished to match lockers. Provide wedge-shaped divider panels between lockers.
12. Recess Trim: Fabricated with minimum 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) face width and in lengths as long as practical; finished to match lockers.
13. Filler Panels: Fabricated in an unequal leg angle shape; finished to match lockers. Provide slip-joint filler angle formed to receive filler panel.
14. Boxed End Panels: Fabricated with 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide edge dimension, and designed for concealing fasteners and holes at exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.
 - a. Provide one-piece panels for double-row (back-to-back) locker ends.
15. Finished End Panels: Designed for concealing unused penetrations and fasteners, except for perimeter fasteners, at exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.
 - a. Provide one-piece panels for double-row (back-to-back) locker ends.
16. Center Dividers: Full-depth, vertical partitions between bottom and shelf; finished to match lockers.

J. Steel Sheet Finishes

1. Factory finish steel surfaces and accessories except stainless-steel and chrome-plated surfaces.
2. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning, pretreating, and phosphatizing, apply manufacturer's standard thermosetting baked-enamel finish. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
3. Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, electrostatically apply manufacturer's standard, baked-polymer, thermosetting powder finish. Comply with resin manufacturer's written instructions for application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.

K. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. General: Install level, plumb, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims.
 - a. Anchor locker runs at ends and at intervals recommended by manufacturer, but not more than 36 inches (910 mm) o.c. Using concealed fasteners, install anchors through backup reinforcing plates, channels, or blocking as required to prevent metal distortion.

- b. Anchor single rows of metal lockers to walls near top and bottom of lockers **OR** of lockers and to floor, **as directed**.
 - c. Anchor back-to-back metal lockers to floor.
 2. Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Assemble with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on door faces or face frames.
 3. All-Welded Metal Lockers: Connect groups together with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on face frames.
 4. Equipment and Accessories: Fit exposed connections of trim, fillers, and closures accurately together to form tight, hairline joints, with concealed fasteners and splice plates.
 - a. Attach hooks with at least two fasteners.
 - b. Attach door locks on doors using security-type fasteners.
 - c. Identification Plates: Identify metal lockers with identification indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Attach plates to each locker door, near top, centered, with at least two aluminum rivets.
 - 2) Attach plates to upper shelf of each open-front metal locker, centered, with a least two aluminum rivets.
 - d. Attach recess trim to recessed metal lockers with concealed clips.
 - e. Attach filler panels with concealed fasteners. Locate filler panels where indicated on Drawings.
 - f. Attach sloping-top units to metal lockers, with closures at exposed ends.
 - g. Attach boxed end panels with concealed fasteners to conceal exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers.
 - h. Attach finished end panels with fasteners only at perimeter to conceal exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers.
 5. Fixed Locker Benches: Provide no fewer than two pedestals for each bench, uniformly spaced not more than 72 inches (1830 mm) apart. Securely fasten tops of pedestals to undersides of bench tops, and anchor bases to floor.
 6. Freestanding Locker Benches: Place benches in locations indicated on Drawings.
- B. Adjusting, Cleaning, And Protection
1. Clean, lubricate, and adjust hardware. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.
 2. Protect metal lockers from damage, abuse, dust, dirt, stain, or paint. Do not permit use during construction.
 3. Touch up marred finishes, or replace metal lockers that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by locker manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 10 51 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 51 13 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 10 51 26 00 - SOLID PLASTIC LOCKERS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for solid plastic lockers. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings: Submitted shop drawings showing individual locker construction and overall dimensions, including complete installation instructions.

C. Product Handling

1. Store locker components flat until assembly. Protect all finishes from soiling and damage during handling.

D. Warranty

1. Manufacturer shall warranty lockers for a period of 10 years against rust and other types of corrosion, delamination, or breakage of any of the plastic panels, doors, and shelves under normal use.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials: Sides, tips, bottoms, rears, doors, and shelves shall be made from high impact, high density polyethylene (HDPE) formed under high pressure into solid plastic components 3/8" thick with homogeneous color throughout. All panels, doors, and shelves will match in color.

1. Material testing: All solid plastic components shall resist deterioration and discoloration when subjected to any of the following:
 - Acetic Acid 80%
 - Acetone
 - Ammonia Liquid
 - Ammonium Phosphate
 - Bleach 12%
 - Borax
 - Brine
 - Caustic Soda
 - Chlorine Water
 - Citric Acid
 - Copper Chloride
 - Core Oils
 - Hydrochloric Acid 40%
 - Hydrogen Peroxide 30%
 - Isopropyl Alcohol
 - Lactic Acid 25%
 - Lime Sulfur
 - Nicotine
 - Potassium Bromide
 - Soaps
 - Sodium Bicarbonate
 - Trisodium Phosphate
 - Urea and Urine
 - Vinegar

(Testing in accordance with corrosion testing procedure established by the United States Plastic Corporation)

2. Continuous latch, capable of accepting various locking mechanisms, shall be securely fastened to the entire length of the door, providing a continuous security latch.
3. Door hinge shall be made from plastic with no steel or metal parts. Door hinge shall be continuous and integrated into the full length of the door and main locker body.
4. Coat hooks shall be made from chrome plated steel and attached with tempered screws.
5. All components shall have a smooth "orange peel" finish. All components shall be of the same color and selected from the manufacturer's full color line.

B. Fabrication

1. Locker components shall be fabricated square and rigid with a finish free of scratches and chips. All sides, tops, bottoms, backs, doors, and shelves shall be coated on both sides with a protective masking.
2. Solid plastic locker components shall snap together for easy assembly and shall provide a solid and secure construction. Adjacent lockers shall share a common side panel. Locker units shall be manufactured for assembly in a group of no more than five adjacent lockers.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install lockers at the location shown in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for plumb, level, rigid, and flush installations.
2. Anchor the units to wall studs through the locker back and to the floor using #8 pan head wood screws. Furring must be installed between lockers and wall of installations.
3. Lockers can be either floor-mounted or installed on a 4" high base. Hardware and instructions for either method shall be provided by the manufacturer.
4. Number plates shall be available for field or factory mounting.

END OF SECTION 10 51 26 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 51 53 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 10 75 16 00 - FLAGPOLES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work:

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for flagpoles. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes ground-mounted, wall-mounted, and roof-mounted flagpoles made from aluminum, copper alloy (bronze), fiberglass, stainless steel, and steel.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Structural Performance: Flagpole assemblies, including anchorages and supports, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads, and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to the following design criteria:
 - a. Seismic Loads: **<Insert seismic criteria>** according to SEI/ASCE 7.
 - b. Wind Loads: **<Insert wind speed and exposure factor>** according to NAAMM FP 1001, "Guide Specifications for Design of Metal Flagpoles" **OR** SEI/ASCE 7, **as directed**.
 - c. Base flagpole design on polyester **OR** nylon or cotton, **as directed**, flags of maximum standard size suitable for use with flagpole or flag size indicated, whichever is more stringent.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Delegated-Design Submittal: For flagpole assemblies indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - a. Include loads, point reactions, and locations for attachment of flagpoles to building's structure.
3. Operation and Maintenance Data: For flagpoles to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. General: Spiral wrap flagpoles with heavy paper and enclose in a hard fiber tube or other protective container.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Flagpoles

1. Flagpole Construction, General: Construct flagpoles in one piece if possible. If more than one piece is necessary, comply with the following:
 - a. Fabricate shop and field joints without using fasteners, screw collars, or lead caulking.
 - b. Provide flush hairline joints using self-aligning, snug-fitting, internal sleeves.
OR
 Provide self-aligning, snug-fitting joints.
2. Exposed Height: 20 feet (6 m) **OR** 25 feet (7.5 m) **OR** 30 feet (9 m) **OR** 35 feet (11 m) **OR** 40 feet (12 m) **OR** 45 feet (13.5 m) **OR** 50 feet (15 m) **OR** 60 feet (18 m) **OR** 70 feet (21 m) **OR** 80 feet (24 m), **as directed**.
3. Aluminum Flagpoles: Provide cone **OR** entasis, **as directed**, tapered flagpoles fabricated from seamless extruded tubing complying with ASTM B 241/B 241M, Alloy 6063, with a minimum wall thickness of 3/16 inch (4.8 mm).

4. Copper-Alloy (Bronze) Flagpoles: Provide cone **OR** entasis, **as directed**, tapered flagpoles fabricated from seamless pipe or tube complying with ASTM B 43 or ASTM B 135 (ASTM B 135M), Alloy UNS C23000 (red brass, 85 percent copper).
5. Fiberglass Flagpoles: Provide cone **OR** entasis, **as directed**, tapered flagpoles fabricated from polyester resin reinforced with woven glass-fiber roving with 75 percent of glass fibers parallel to length of flagpole.
6. Stainless-Steel Flagpoles: Provide cone **OR** entasis, **as directed**, tapered flagpoles fabricated from pipe, tube, or plate complying with ASTM A 312/A 312M, ASTM A 269, or ASTM A 666, Alloy UNS S30400 **OR** Alloy UNS S31603, **as directed**.
7. Steel Flagpoles: Provide cone-tapered **OR** stepped-sectional, **as directed**, flagpoles fabricated from standard-weight, seamless steel pipe complying with ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type S, Grade B or steel tube complying with ASTM A 513.
8. Metal Foundation Tube: Manufacturer's standard corrugated-steel foundation tube, not less than 0.064-inch- (1.6-mm-) nominal wall thickness. Provide with 3/16-inch (4.8-mm) steel bottom plate and support plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel ground spike; and steel centering wedges welded together. Galvanize steel after assembly. Provide loose hardwood wedges at top of foundation tube for plumbing pole.
 - a. Provide flashing collar of same material and finish as flagpole.
 - b. Provide steel ground protectors extending 12 inches (300 mm) aboveground and 6 inches (150 mm) belowground for steel flagpoles where flashing collars are not provided.
9. Sleeve for Fiberglass **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, Flagpole: Fiberglass or PVC pipe foundation sleeve, made to fit flagpole, for casting into concrete foundation.
 - a. Provide flashing collar of same material and finish as flagpole.
10. Cast-Metal Shoe Base: For anchor-bolt mounting; provide with anchor bolts.
 - a. Provide units made from aluminum **OR** steel, **as directed**, with same finish and color as flagpoles.
 - b. Provide ground spike at grade-mounted flagpoles for metal flagpoles or fiberglass flagpoles with metal halyards.
 - c. Provide connector to building's lightning protection system conductor at roof-mounted flagpoles for metal flagpoles or fiberglass flagpoles with metal halyards.
11. Hinged Baseplate: Cast-metal tilting hinged base and anchored plate joined by permanently secured pivot rod for aluminum and fiberglass flagpoles 30 to 40 feet (9 to 12 m) or less in height. Provide with stainless-steel screws for securing tilting base to anchored plate when not tilted; provide with anchor bolts.
 - a. Finish base to match flagpole.
 - b. Provide aluminum base or aluminum flashing collar finished to match flagpole.
 - c. Provide ground spike at grade-mounted flagpoles for metal flagpoles or fiberglass flagpoles with metal halyards.
 - d. Provide connector to building's lightning protection system conductor at roof-mounted metal flagpoles for metal flagpoles or fiberglass flagpoles with metal halyards.
12. Pivoting Tilt Base: Steel baseplate with channel or rectangular tube uprights, pivot bolt, and locking device for tilting flagpole. Provide tilting flagpole with steel counterweight box and weights, or provide with internal counterweight. Provide base with anchor bolts.
 - a. Finish base to match flagpole.
 - b. Provide ground spike at grade-mounted flagpoles.
OR
Provide connector to building's lightning protection system conductor at roof-mounted metal flagpoles.
13. Vertical Wall Mount: Cast-aluminum **OR** Cast-copper-alloy (bronze), **as directed**, mounting bracket complete with escutcheon, **as directed**, mounting plate and through-wall anchorage.
 - a. Provide units with same finish as flagpole for copper-alloy (bronze) or aluminum units.
 - b. Provide units with gold anodic **OR** bronze powder-coated **OR** black powder-coated, **as directed**, finish for aluminum units.
14. Outrigger Wall Mount: Aluminum **OR** Copper-alloy (bronze), **as directed**, mounting bracket complete with escutcheon, **as directed**, mounting plate and through-wall anchorage.
 - a. Provide units with same finish as flagpole for copper-alloy (bronze) or aluminum units.

- b. Provide units with gold anodic **OR** bronze powder-coated **OR** black powder-coated, **as directed**, finish for aluminum units.
- 15. Braced Roof Mount: Roof-mounted flagpole socket and either rod or tubular braces with turnbuckles and mounting bases. Provide as a complete assembly with anchor bolts and connector for lightning protection system.
 - a. Provide braces, turnbuckles, and connectors made from same metal and with same finish as flagpoles.

B. Fittings

- 1. Finial Ball: Manufacturer's standard flush-seam ball, sized as indicated or, if not indicated, to match flagpole-butt diameter.
 - a. 0.063-inch (1.6-mm) spun aluminum, finished to match flagpole **OR** with gold anodic finish, **as directed**.
 - b. 20-oz. (0.70-mm) copper with 23-karat gold leaf finish.
 - c. Spun stainless steel, finished to match flagpole.
 - d. Spun copper alloy, finished to match flagpole.
- 2. Finial Eagle: Manufacturer's standard, sized as indicated **OR** as standard with manufacturer for flagpole size indicated, **as directed**.
 - a. Cast aluminum, finished to match flagpole **OR** with gold anodic finish, **as directed**.
OR
 20-oz. (0.70-mm) copper with 23-karat gold leaf finish.
- 3. Internal Halyard, Winch System: Manually operated winch with control stop device and removable handle, stainless-steel cable halyard, and concealed revolving truck assembly with plastic-coated counterweight and sling. Provide flush access door secured with cylinder lock. Finish truck assembly to match flagpole.
 - a. Halyard Flag Snaps: Provide two chromium-plated bronze **OR** stainless-steel **OR** bronze **OR** nylon, **as directed**, swivel snap hooks per halyard.
 - 1) Provide with neoprene or vinyl covers.
 - b. Plastic Halyard Flag Clips: Made from injection-molded, UV-stabilized, acetal resin (Delrin). Clips attach to flag and have two eyes for inserting both runs of halyards. Provide two flag clips per halyard.
- 4. Internal Halyard, Cam Cleat System (for flagpoles 40 feet (12 m) or less in height): 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter, braided polypropylene halyard; cam cleat; and concealed revolving truck assembly with plastic-coated counterweight and sling. Provide flush access door secured with cylinder lock. Finish truck assembly to match flagpole.
 - a. Halyard Flag Snaps: Provide two chromium-plated bronze **OR** stainless-steel **OR** bronze **OR** nylon, **as directed**, swivel snap hooks per halyard.
 - 1) Provide with neoprene or vinyl covers.
 - b. Plastic Halyard Flag Clips: Made from injection-molded, UV-stabilized, acetal resin (Delrin). Clips attach to flag and have two eyes for inserting both runs of halyards. Provide two flag clips per halyard.
- 5. External Halyard: Ball-bearing, nonfouling, revolving truck assembly of cast metal with continuous 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter, braided polypropylene halyard and 9-inch (228-mm) cast-metal cleats with fasteners. Finish exposed metal surfaces to match flagpole.
 - a. Provide one halyard and one cleat **OR** two halyards and two cleats, **as directed**, at each flagpole.
 - b. Provide cast-metal cleat covers, finished to match flagpole, secured with cylinder locks.
 - c. Provide halyard covers consisting of a 2-inch (50-mm) channel, 60 inches (1500 mm) long, finished to match flagpole.
 - d. Halyard Flag Snaps: Provide two chromium-plated bronze **OR** stainless-steel **OR** bronze **OR** nylon, **as directed**, swivel snap hooks per halyard.
 - 1) Provide with neoprene or vinyl covers.
 - e. Plastic Halyard Flag Clips: Made from injection-molded, UV-stabilized, acetal resin (Delrin). Clips attach to flag and have two eyes for inserting both runs of halyards. Provide two flag clips per halyard.

C. Miscellaneous Materials

1. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout (for baseplate-mounted flagpoles): Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107.
2. Drainage Material (for ground-set flagpoles with foundations): Crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel; coarse aggregate.
3. Sand (for ground-set, foundation-tube-mounted flagpoles): ASTM C 33, fine aggregate.
4. Elastomeric Joint Sealant (for ground-set, foundation-tube-mounted flagpoles): Multicomponent nonsag urethane **OR** Single-component nonsag urethane **OR** Single-component neutral- and basic-curing silicone **OR** Single-component neutral-curing silicone, **as directed**, joint sealant complying with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for Use NT (nontraffic) and for Use M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, for Use O.
5. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

D. General Finish Requirements

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

E. Aluminum Finishes

1. Natural Satin Finish: AA-M32, fine, directional, medium satin polish; buff complying with AA-M20; seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
2. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
3. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm **OR** AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm, **as directed**, or thicker.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Match sample **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
4. Gold Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M32C22A43 Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker; gold color.
5. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
6. High-Performance Organic Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 50 **OR** 70, **as directed**, percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

F. Steel Finishes

1. Flagpole Interior Finish: Apply one coat of bituminous paint on interior of flagpole or otherwise treat to prevent corrosion.
2. Galvanized Finish: Hot-dip galvanize after fabrication to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M.
3. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" **OR** SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling," **as directed**. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it, **as directed**.
4. Polyurethane Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning, apply manufacturer's standard primer and two-coat, high-gloss, high-build polyurethane-enamel finish.
 - a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
5. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting

topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).

- a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

G. Stainless-Steel Finishes

- 1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
- 2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.

H. Copper-Alloy Finishes

- 1. Buffed Finish, Lacquered: M21-O6x (Mechanical Finish: buffed, smooth specular; Coating: clear organic, air drying, as specified below).
 - a. Clear, Organic Coating: Lacquer specified for copper alloys, applied by air spray in two coats per manufacturer's written instructions, with interim drying, to a total thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
- 2. Medium Satin Finish, Lacquered: M32-O6x (Mechanical Finish: medium satin; Coating: clear organic, air drying, as specified below).
 - a. Clear, Organic Coating: Lacquer specified for copper alloys, applied by air spray in two coats per manufacturer's written instructions, with interim drying, to a total thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
- 3. Statuary Conversion Coating over Satin Finish: M31-C55 (Mechanical Finish: directionally textured, fine satin; Chemical Finish: conversion coating, sulfide).
 - a. Color: Match sample.

I. Fiberglass Finishes

- 1. Fiberglass: UV-light stable, hard, high-gloss gel coat or high-gloss, high-build polyurethane or polyester coating.
 - a. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

- 1. Prepare uncoated metal flagpoles that are set in foundation tubes by painting below-grade portions with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- 2. Foundation Excavation: Excavate to neat clean lines in undisturbed soil. Remove loose soil and foreign matter from excavation and moisten earth before placing concrete. Place and compact drainage material at excavation bottom.
- 3. Provide forms where required due to unstable soil conditions and for perimeter of flagpole base at grade. Secure and brace forms to prevent displacement during concreting.
- 4. Place concrete, as specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete". Compact concrete in place by using vibrators. Moist-cure exposed concrete for not less than seven days or use nonstaining curing compound.
- 5. Trowel exposed concrete surfaces to a smooth, dense finish, free of trowel marks, and uniform in texture and appearance. Provide positive slope for water runoff to perimeter of concrete base.

B. Flagpole Installation

- 1. General: Install flagpoles where shown and according to Shop Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Ground Set: Place foundation tube, sleeve, center, and brace to prevent displacement during concreting. Place concrete. Plumb and level foundation tube **OR** sleeve, **as directed**, and allow concrete to cure. Install flagpole, plumb, in foundation tube **OR** sleeve, **as directed**.

- a. Foundation Tube: Place tube seated on bottom plate between steel centering wedges and install hardwood wedges to secure flagpole in place. Place and compact sand in foundation tube and remove hardwood wedges. Seal top of foundation tube with a 2-inch (50-mm) layer of elastomeric joint sealant and cover with flashing collar.
3. Baseplate: Cast anchor bolts in concrete foundation. Install baseplate on washers placed over leveling nuts on anchor bolts and adjust until flagpole is plumb. After flagpole is plumb, tighten retaining nuts and fill space under baseplate solidly with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout. Finish exposed grout surfaces smooth and slope 45 degrees away from edges of baseplate.
4. Mounting Brackets and Bases: Anchor brackets and bases securely through to structural support with fasteners as indicated on Shop Drawings.

END OF SECTION 10 75 16 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
10 75 23 00	10 75 16 00	Flagpoles

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SECTION 10 81 13 00 - ORIENTED FLEXIBLE NETTING BIRD BARRIER

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of oriented flexible netting bird barrier. Products shall match existing materials and/or shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Material

1. Polyethylene twine netting attached to pre-installed cable system and steel installation hardware.
2. Netting shall be high density polyethylene knitted into sheets with mesh sizes of 3/4" **OR** 1-1/8" **OR** 2", **as directed**. Polyethylene shall be UV treated, color stable, and flame-retardant.
3. Color shall be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
4. Installation hardware shall include corner and intermediate attachments, perimeter cable, turnbuckles, ferrules or clamps and net rings.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Comply with manufacturer's printed instructions.

END OF SECTION 10 81 13 00

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SECTION 11 13 13 00 - LOADING DOCK EQUIPMENT

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for loading dock equipment. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Dock levelers.
 - b. Truck levelers.
 - c. Truck restraints.
 - d. Light-communication systems.
 - e. Dock bumpers.
 - f. Dock lifts (scissors lifts).
 - g. Dock seals.
 - h. Dock shelters.
 - i. Transparent-strip door curtains.

C. Definitions

1. Operating Range: Maximum amount of travel above and below the loading dock level.
2. Working Range: Recommended amount of travel above and below the loading dock level for which loading and unloading operations can take place.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For loading dock equipment. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - b. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
3. Samples: For each type of dock-seal and -shelter fabric indicated.
4. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
5. Welding certificates.
6. Product Test Reports.
7. Operation and Maintenance Data.
8. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
2. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
3. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
4. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Store and handle dock seals and shelters in a manner to avoid significant or permanent damage to fabric or frame.

- a. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for minimum and maximum temperature requirements for storage.

G. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with loading dock equipment, including recessed pit dimensions, slopes of driveways, and heights of loading docks, by field measurements before fabrication.

H. Warranty

1. Special Warranty for Dock Levelers: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace dock-leveler components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures including cracked or broken structural support members, load-bearing welds, and front and rear hinges.
 - 2) Faulty operation of operators, control system, or hardware.
 - 3) Deck plate failures including cracked plate or permanent deformation in excess of 1/4 inch (6 mm) between deck supports.
 - 4) Hydraulic system failures including failure of hydraulic seals and cylinders.
 - b. Warranty Period for Structural Assembly: 10 years from date of Final Completion.
 - c. Warranty Period for Hydraulic System: Five years from date of Final Completion.
 - d. Warranty shall be for unlimited usage of leveler for the specified rated capacity over the term of the warranty.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM 36/A 36M.
2. Rolled-Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A 786/A 786M, rolled from steel plate complying with ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 55 (380).
3. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold formed.
4. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
5. Wood: DOC PS 20 dimension lumber, select structural grade, kiln dried.
6. Pressure-Treated Wood: DOC PS 20 dimension lumber, select structural grade, kiln dried, and pressure treated with waterborne preservatives to comply with AWPA C2.

B. Recessed Dock Levelers

1. General: Recessed, hinged-lip-type dock levelers designed for permanent installation in concrete pits preformed in the edge of loading platform; of type, function, operation, capacity, size, and construction indicated; and complete with controls, safety devices, and accessories required.
2. Standard: Comply with MH 30.1, except for structural testing to establish rated capacity, **as directed**.
3. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load without permanent deflection or distortion.
4. Platform: Not less than 3/16-inch- (5-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) **OR** 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel plate.
 - a. Platform Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Frame: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Clean-pit type, designed to support leveler at sides of pit, with no side-to-side supports at front of pit floor, **as directed**.
 - c. Toe Guards: Equip open sides of dock leveler over range indicated with metal toe guards.
 - 1) Toe-Guard Range: Entire upper operating **OR** working, **as directed**, range.
5. Hinged Lip: Not less than 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) **OR** 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) **OR** 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) **OR** 1-inch- (25-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel plate.

- a. Hinge: Full width, piano-type hinge with heavy-wall hinge tube and greased fittings, **as directed**, with gussets on lip and ramp for support.
- b. Safety Barrier Lip: Designed to protect material-handling equipment from an accidental fall from loading platform edge of the dock leveler when the leveler is not in use.
6. Function: Dock levelers shall compensate for differences in height between truck bed and loading platform.
 - a. Vertical Travel: Operating range above platform level of sufficient height to enable lip to extend and clear truck bed before contact with the following minimum working range:
 - 1) Above Adjoining Platform: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 2) Below Adjoining Platform: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 14 inches (356 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Automatic Vertical Compensation: Floating travel of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for upward or downward movement of truck bed during loading and unloading.
 - c. Automatic Lateral Compensation: Tilting of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for canted truck beds of up to 4 inches (102 mm) over width of ramp.
 - d. Lip Operation: Manufacturer's standard mechanism that automatically extends and supports hinged lip on ramp edge with lip resting on truck bed over dock leveler's working range, allows lip to yield under impact of incoming truck, and automatically retracts lip when truck departs.
 - 1) Length of Lip Extension: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 20 inches (508 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - e. Automatic Ramp Return: Automatic return of unloaded ramp, from raised or lowered positions to stored position, level with platform, as truck departs.
 - f. Interlock: Leveler will not operate while overhead door is in closed position **OR** leveler night lock is engaged **OR** truck restraint is not engaged **OR** inflatable dock seal is not inflated **OR** inflatable dock shelter is not inflated, **as directed**.
7. Mechanical Operating System: Manual control; counterbalance and spring operation. Spring-operated raising and walk-down lowering of unloaded ramp. Equip leveler with an upward-biased-spring counterbalancing mechanism controlled by a hold-down device. Ramp raises to top limit of operating range by operating recessed control handle in ramp to disengage hold-down device. Ramp lowers below platform level with lip retracted by operating auxiliary, recessed control handle to release support legs.
 - a. Free-Fall Protection: Manufacturer's standard protection system to limit free fall of loaded ramps with front edge supported by truck bed.
8. Hydraulic Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; fully hydraulic operation. Electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of ramp. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized, totally enclosed, nonventilated electric motor, pump, manifold reservoir, and valve assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated. Include means for lowering ramp below platform level with lip retracted behind dock bumpers. Provide a hydraulic velocity fuse connected to main hydraulic cylinder to limit loaded ramp's free fall to not more than 3 inches (76 mm).
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 **OR** Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing button.
 - b. Remote-Control Station with Emergency Stop: Weatherproof multibutton **OR** Multibutton, **as directed**, control station with an UP button of the constant-pressure type and an emergency STOP button of the momentary-contact type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 **OR** Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding UP button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing UP button. All ramp movement stops, regardless of position of ramp or lip, by depressing STOP button. Normal operation resumes by engaging a manual reset button or by pulling out STOP button.
 - 1) Dual-Panel Control Station: Remote-control station for operating side-by-side dock levelers.

- 2) Master Panel: Control panel with integral fused disconnecting means for operating dock leveler, dock door, and truck restraints.
- c. Independent Lip Operation: Electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of lip, controlled independent of raising and lowering of ramp.
9. Electric Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; motorized operation. Electric activation for raising of ramp and automatic extending of lip. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized electric motor and shaft assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated. Include means for lowering ramp below platform level with lip retracted behind dock bumpers.
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 **OR** Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing button.
 - b. Remote-Control Station with Emergency Stop: Weatherproof multibutton **OR** Multibutton, **as directed**, control station with an UP button of the constant-pressure type and an emergency STOP button of the momentary-contact type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 **OR** Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding UP button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing UP button. All ramp movement stops, regardless of position of ramp or lip, by depressing STOP button. Normal operation resumes by engaging a manual reset button or by pulling out STOP button.
10. Air-Bag Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; pneumatic operation. High-volume, low-pressure lifting of ramp. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a PVC-coated, reinforced polyester lifting bag and two-stage, single-speed electric fan of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated. Include dock-leveler supports controlled by release chain for lowering ramp below platform level without extending lip.
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 4, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing button.
11. Construction: Fabricate dock-leveler frame, platform supports, and lip supports from structural- or formed-steel shapes. Weld platform and hinged lip to supports. Fabricate entire assembly to withstand deformation during both operating and stored phases of service. Chamfer lip edge to minimize obstructing wheels of material-handling vehicles.
 - a. Cross-Traffic Support: Manufacturer's standard method of supporting ramp at platform level in stored position with lip retracted. Provide a means to release supports to allow ramp to descend below platform level.
 - b. Maintenance Strut: Integral strut to positively support ramp in up position during maintenance of dock leveler.
12. Integral Molded-Rubber Dock Bumpers: Fabricated from 4-inch- (102-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, heavy molded-rubber compound reinforced with nylon, rayon, or polyester cord; with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 80, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240. Provide two dock bumpers for each recessed dock leveler, attached to face of loading dock with expansion bolts.
13. Integral Laminated-Tread Dock Bumper: Fabricated from 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.
14. Accessories:
 - a. Curb Angles: 3-by-3-by-1/4-inch (76-by-76-by-6-mm) galvanized-steel curb angles for edge of recessed leveler pit, with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter by 6-inch- (152-mm-) long concrete anchors welded to angle at 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
 - b. Self-Forming Pan: Manufacturer's standard prefabricated, self-forming steel form system for poured-in-place construction of concrete pit.
 - c. Night Locks: Manufacturer's standard means to prevent extending lip and lowering ramp when overhead doors are locked.
 - d. Side and rear weatherseals.

- e. Foam insulation under dock-leveler platform.
- f. Abrasive skid-resistant **OR** Smooth, **as directed**, surface.
- 15. Finish: Paint **OR** Hot-dip galvanize, **as directed**, dock levelers after assembly and testing, **as directed**.
 - a. Toe Guards: Paint yellow **OR** orange, **as directed**, to comply with ANSI Z535.1.

C. Edge-Of-Dock Levelers

- 1. General: Surface-mounted, hinged-lip-type, edge-of-dock levelers designed for permanent installation on face of loading dock platform; of type, function, operation, capacity, size, and construction indicated; and complete with controls, safety devices, and accessories required.
- 2. Standard: Comply with MH 30.1, except for structural testing to establish rated capacity, **as directed**.
- 3. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load without permanent deflection or distortion.
- 4. Platform Ramp Width: 66 inches (1676 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1829 mm) **OR** 78 inches (1981 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2134 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
- 5. Hinged Lip: Not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 7/16-inch- (11-mm-) **OR** 1/2-inch- (13-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel tread plate.
 - a. Hinge: Full width, piano-type hinge with heavy-wall hinge tube and greased fittings, **as directed**, with gussets on lip and ramp for support.
- 6. Function: Dock levelers shall compensate for differences in height between truck bed and loading platform.
 - a. Vertical Travel: Operating range above platform level of sufficient height to enable lip to extend and clear truck bed before contact with the following minimum working range:
 - 1) Above Adjoining Platform: 5 inches (127 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 2) Below Adjoining Platform: 5 inches (127 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Automatic Vertical Compensation: Floating travel of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for upward or downward movement of truck bed during loading and unloading.
 - c. Automatic Lateral Compensation: Tilting of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for canted truck beds of up to 3 inches (76 mm) over width of ramp.
 - d. Lip Operation: Manufacturer's standard mechanism that automatically extends and supports hinged lip on ramp edge with lip resting on truck bed over dock leveler's working range, allows lip to yield under impact of incoming truck, and automatically retracts lip when truck departs.
 - 1) Length of Lip Extension: 15 inches (381 mm) **OR** 17 inches (432 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - e. Automatic Ramp Return: Automatic return of unloaded ramp, from raised or lowered positions to stored position, level with platform, as truck departs. Leveler shall be capable of retracting to stored position while truck is at loading dock.
- 7. Mechanical Operating System: Manual control; counterbalance and spring operation. Spring-operated raising and walk-down lowering of unloaded ramp. Equip leveler with a torsion-spring counterbalancing mechanism controlled by a hold-down device.
 - a. Lever Handle: Self-storing lever handle for raising unloaded ramp with minimal lifting force by pulling lever back to extend lip and pushing lever forward to lower ramp and lip.
 - b. Removable Lifting Handle: For raising unloaded ramp by lifting action.
- 8. Hydraulic Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; fully hydraulic operation. Electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of ramp. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized, totally enclosed, nonventilated electric motor, pump, manifold reservoir, and valve assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated. Provide a hydraulic velocity fuse connected to main hydraulic cylinder to limit loaded ramp's free fall to not more than 3 inches (76 mm).
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp and lip raise to vertical position and extend to truck bed by depressing and holding button.

9. Construction: Fabricate dock-leveler frame, platform supports, and lip supports from structural- and formed-steel shapes. Weld platform and hinged lip to supports. Fabricate entire assembly to withstand deformation during both operating and stored phases of service. Chamfer lip edge to minimize obstructing wheels of material-handling vehicles.
 - a. Cross-Traffic Support: Manufacturer's standard method of supporting ramp at platform level in stored position with lip retracted. Provide a means to release supports to allow ramp to descend below platform level.
 - b. Maintenance Strut: Integral strut to positively support ramp in up position during maintenance of dock leveler.
 10. Integral Molded-Rubber Dock Bumpers: Fabricated from 4-inch- (102-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, heavy molded-rubber compound reinforced with nylon, rayon, or polyester cord; with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 80, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240. Provide two dock bumpers for each recessed dock leveler, attached to face of loading dock with expansion bolts.
 11. Integral Laminated-Tread Dock Bumper: Fabricated from 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.
 12. Accessories:
 - a. Self-forming pan.
 - b. Cast-in-place design.
 - c. Run-off guards.
 - d. Ramp approach plate.
 13. Dock-Leveler Finish: Painted in manufacturer's standard color.
- D. Top-Of-Dock Levelers
1. General: Surface-mounted, hinged-lip-type, top-of-dock levelers designed for permanent installation on top edge of loading dock platform without concrete pit; of type, function, operation, capacity, size, and construction indicated; and complete with controls, safety devices, and accessories required.
 2. Standard: Comply with MH 30.1, except for structural testing to establish rated capacity, **as directed**.
 3. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load without permanent deflection or distortion.
 4. Platform Width: 72 inches (1829 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 5. Hinged Lip: Not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) **OR** 7/16-inch- (11-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel plate.
 - a. Hinge: Full width, piano-type hinge with heavy-wall hinge tube and greased fittings, **as directed**, with gussets on lip and ramp for support.
 6. Function: Dock levelers shall compensate for differences in height between truck bed and loading platform.
 - a. Vertical Travel: Operating range above platform level of sufficient height to enable lip to extend and clear truck bed before contact with a minimum working range of 10 inches (250 mm), **as directed**, above and 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**, below adjoining platform level.
 - b. Automatic Vertical Compensation: Floating travel of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for upward or downward movement of truck bed during loading and unloading.
 - c. Lip Operation: Manufacturer's standard mechanism that automatically extends and supports hinged lip on ramp edge with lip resting on truck bed over dock leveler's working range, allows lip to yield under impact of incoming truck, and automatically retracts lip when truck departs.
 - 1) Length of Lip Extension: 15 inches (381 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.

- d. Automatic Ramp Return: Automatic return of unloaded ramp, from raised or lowered positions to stored position, level with platform, as truck departs. Leveler shall be capable of retracting to stored position while truck is at loading dock.
 7. Mechanical Operating System: Manual control; counterbalance and spring operation. Spring-operated raising and walk-down lowering of unloaded ramp. Equip leveler with a torsion-spring counterbalancing mechanism controlled by a hold-down device.
 - a. Removable Lifting Hook: For raising unloaded ramp by lifting action and pushing forward to lower ramp and lip.
 8. Hydraulic Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station, fully hydraulic operation. Electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of ramp. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized, totally enclosed, nonventilated electric motor, pump, manifold reservoir, and valve assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated.
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp and lip raise to vertical position and extend to truck bed by depressing and holding button.
 9. Construction: Fabricate dock-leveler frame, platform supports, and lip supports from structural- or formed-steel shapes. Weld platform and hinged lip to supports. Fabricate entire assembly to withstand deformation during both operating and stored phases of service. Chamfer lip edge to minimize obstructing wheels of material-handling vehicles.
 10. Integral Molded-Rubber Dock Bumpers: Fabricated from 4-inch- (102-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, heavy molded-rubber compound reinforced with nylon, rayon, or polyester cord; with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 80, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240. Provide two dock bumpers for each recessed dock leveler, attached to face of loading dock with expansion bolts.
 11. Integral Laminated-Tread Dock Bumper: Fabricated from 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.
 12. Dock-Leveler Finish: Painted in manufacturer's standard color.
- E. Vertical-Storing Dock Levelers
1. General: Recessed, hinged-lip-type, vertical-storing dock levelers designed for permanent installation in shallow concrete pits preformed in the edge of loading platform; of type, function, operation, capacity, size, and construction indicated; and complete with controls, safety devices, and accessories required.
 2. Standard: Comply with MH 30.1, except for structural testing to establish rated capacity, **as directed**.
 3. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load without permanent deflection or distortion.
 4. Platform: Not less than 3/16-inch- (5-mm-) **OR** 1/4-inch- (6-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel plate.
 - a. Platform Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 5. Hinged Lip: Not less than 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) **OR** 5/8-inch- (16-mm-), **as directed**, thick, nonskid steel plate.
 - a. Hinge: Full width, piano-type hinge with heavy-wall hinge tube and greased fittings, **as directed**, with gussets on lip and ramp for support.
 6. Function: Dock levelers shall compensate for differences in height between truck bed and loading platform.
 - a. Vertical Travel: Operating range above platform level of sufficient height to enable lip to extend and clear truck bed before contact with the following minimum working range:
 - 1) Above Adjoining Platform: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 10 inches (250 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 2) Below Adjoining Platform: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.

- b. Automatic Vertical Compensation: Floating travel of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for upward or downward movement of truck bed during loading and unloading.
 - c. Automatic Lateral Compensation: Tilting of ramp with lip extended and resting on truck bed shall compensate automatically for canted truck beds of up to 4 inches (102 mm) over width of ramp.
 - d. Lip Operation: Manufacturer's standard mechanism that automatically extends and supports hinged lip on ramp edge with lip resting on truck bed over dock leveler's working range, allows lip to yield under impact of incoming truck, and automatically retracts lip when truck departs.
 - 1) Length of Lip Extension: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 20 inches (508 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
7. Hydraulic Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; fully hydraulic operation. Electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of ramp. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized, totally enclosed, nonventilated electric motor, pump, manifold reservoir, and valve assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity of leveler indicated. Provide a hydraulic velocity fuse connected to main hydraulic cylinder to limit loaded ramp's free fall to not more than 3 inches (76 mm). Provide mechanical lock that prevents leveler from lowering without hydraulic pressure.
- a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof single **OR** Single, **as directed**, -button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp lowers at a controlled rate.
 - b. Remote-Control Station with Emergency Stop: Weatherproof multibutton **OR** Multibutton, **as directed**, control station with an UP button of the constant-pressure type and an emergency STOP button of the momentary-contact type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box. Ramp raises by depressing and holding UP button; ramp lowers at a controlled rate by releasing UP button. All ramp movement stops, regardless of position of ramp or lip, by depressing STOP button. Normal operation resumes by engaging a manual reset button or by pulling out STOP button.
 - 1) Master Panel: Control panel with integral fused disconnecting means for operating dock leveler, dock door, and truck restraints.
 - c. Independent Lip Operation: Electric-powered hydraulic raising and lowering of lip, controlled independent of raising and lowering of ramp.
8. Construction: Fabricate dock-leveler frame, platform supports, run-off guards, **as directed**, and lip supports from structural- or formed-steel shapes. Weld platform and hinged lip to supports. Fabricate entire assembly to withstand deformation during both operating and stored phases of service. Chamfer lip edge to minimize obstructing wheels of material-handling vehicles.
9. Integral Molded-Rubber Dock Bumpers: Fabricated from 4-inch- (102-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, heavy molded-rubber compound reinforced with nylon, rayon, or polyester cord; with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 80, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240. Provide two dock bumpers for each recessed dock leveler, attached to face of loading dock with expansion bolts.
10. Integral Laminated-Tread Dock Bumper: Fabricated from 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) **OR** 6-inch- (152-mm-), **as directed**, thick, multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.
11. Accessories:
- a. Interlock: Leveler will not operate while overhead door is in closed position **OR** truck restraint is not engaged, **as directed**.
 - b. Curb Angles: 3-by-3-by-1/4-inch (76-by-76-by-6-mm) galvanized-steel curb angles for edge of recessed leveler pit, with 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter by 6-inch- (152-mm-) long concrete anchors welded to angle at 6 inches (152 mm) o.c.
12. Finish: Paint **OR** Hot-dip galvanize, **as directed**, dock levelers after assembly and testing, **as directed**.

- F. Truck Levelers
1. General: Two-cylinder, hydraulic ramp designed to raise and lower end of truck at loading dock. Equip leveler with a packaged unit including a unitized electric motor, pump, manifold reservoir, and valve assembly of proper size, type, and operation for capacity indicated. Provide manufacturer's standard means for limiting loaded ramp's free fall.
 2. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load without permanent deflection or distortion.
 3. Travel Speed: Leveler raises and lowers at 3 fpm (0.015 m/s), measured at traveling end.
 4. Surface-Mounted Units: Designed for mounting on surface of concrete driveway.
 5. Shallow-Pit-Mounted Units: Designed for mounting in sloping shallow pit; capable of 18 inches (457 mm) of vertical travel above and below level of driveway.
 6. Full-Pit-Mounted Units: Designed for installation in a fully recessed pit, with top of platform in stored position flush with driveway.
 - a. Provide removable plate for access to pit for service.
 7. Hydraulic Operating System: Electric control from a remote-control station; fully hydraulic operation. Self-contained, electric-powered hydraulic raising and hydraulic lowering of lift.
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Weatherproof, multibutton control station of the constant-pressure type with UP and DOWN push buttons. Controller shall consist of magnetic motor starter with three-pole adjustable overloads and 24-V control transformer with 4-A, fused secondary prewired to terminal strips and enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box.
 - 1) Upper-Travel-Limit Switch: Equip unit with manufacturer's standard, adjustable, upper-travel-limit switch.
 8. Construction: Fabricate truck leveler from structural- and formed-steel shapes; fabricate platform from nonskid steel plate. Construct platform with notch at loading-dock end to provide clearance for truck restraint.
 - a. Cylinders: Equip truck leveler with not less than two heavy-duty, high-pressure, hydraulic, ram-type cylinders. Rams shall be manufacturer's standard, either direct-displacement plunger or rod-and-piston type with positive internal stops. Cylinder rods shall be chrome plated and polished.
 9. Truck-Leveler Finish: Manufacturer's standard finish.
- G. Truck Restraints
1. General: Manufacturer's standard device designed to engage truck's rear-impact guard and hold truck at loading dock. Restraint shall consist of an iron or steel restraining arm that raises until contacting rear-impact guard. Arm shall move vertically, automatically adjusting to varying height of truck due to loading and unloading operations.
 2. Standard: Comply with MH 30.3.
 3. Rated Capacity: Capable of supporting total gross load of **<Insert capacity>** without permanent deflection or distortion.
 4. Operating Range: Capable of restraining rear-impact guards within a range from:
 - a. Vertical: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, above driveway.
 - b. Horizontal: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, in front of dock bumpers.
 5. Power Operating System: Manufacturer's standard electromechanical or hydraulic unit.
 - a. Remote-Control Station: Single-button station of the constant-pressure type, enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box. Restraint is engaged by depressing and holding button; restraint is released by releasing button.
 - b. Interlock: Leveler will not operate while truck restraint is not engaged.
 6. Mechanical Operating System: Restraint operates by use of a lifting rod or hook to raise engagement device.
 7. Rear-Impact-Guard Sensor: Detects presence of rear-impact guard and automatically returns to stored position if rear-impact guard is not engaged, **as directed**.
 8. Caution Signs: Exterior, surface mounted; designed to inform both dock attendant and truck driver; with sign copy as follows. Provide one sign at each truck-restraint location.
 - a. Sign Copy in Forward and Reverse Text: Manufacturer's standard text permitting truck movement with green light, **as directed**.

- b. Interior Sign Copy: Manufacturer's standard text permitting truck movement with green light, **as directed**.
 9. Light-Communication System: Red and green illuminated signal-light sets, with lens approximately 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter, designed to indicate status to both dock attendant and truck driver. Equip system with steel control panel located at interior of dock that includes illuminated lights indicating **OR** indicates, **as directed**, status of exterior signal lights. Provide signal-light set and control panel at each location indicated for light-communication system. Enclose exterior signal-light sets in steel or plastic housing with sunshade.
 - a. Manual Operation: System is activated by push button or switch located on interior **OR** truck-restraint, **as directed**, control panel.
 - b. Automatic Operation: System is activated automatically by limit switch **OR** photoelectric sensor **OR** magnetic switch, **as directed**, mounted on overhead door track. Provide on-off switch located on light-communication system **OR** truck-restraint, **as directed**, control panel.
 - c. Automatic Operation: System is activated automatically when device engages rear-impact guard. Provide on-off switch located on truck-restraint control panel.
 - d. Mounting: Wall **OR** Driveway **OR** Pit, **as directed**.
 10. Alarm: Audible **OR** Visual **OR** Audible and visual, **as directed**, system indicating that rear-impact guard is not engaged, with manual reset.
 11. Accessories: Interlock to dock leveler **OR** Key switch, **as directed**.
 12. Truck-Restraint Finish: Painted **OR** Hot-dip galvanized, **as directed**.
- H. Light-Communication Systems
1. General: Provide communication system consisting of signal-light sets, caution signs, alarms, and controls for each location indicated.
 2. Caution Signs: Surface mounted; designed to inform both dock attendant and truck driver; with sign copy as follows:
 - a. Exterior Sign Copy in Forward and Reverse Text: Manufacturer's standard text permitting truck movement with green light, **as directed**.
 - b. Interior Sign Copy: Manufacturer's standard text permitting truck movement with green light, **as directed**.
 3. Signal-Light Sets: Red and green illuminated signal-light sets, with lens approximately 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter, designed to indicate status to both dock attendant and truck driver. Equip system with steel control panel that includes illuminated lights indicating **OR** indicates, **as directed**, status of exterior signal lights; located at interior of dock. Provide signal-light set and control panel at each location indicated for light-communication system. Enclose signal lights in steel or plastic housing, with exterior signal-light sets equipped with sunshade.
 - a. Manual Operation: Lights are activated by push button or switch located on interior signal-light enclosure **OR** control panel, **as directed**.
 - b. Automatic Operation: Lights are activated automatically by limit switch **OR** photoelectric sensor **OR** magnetic switch, **as directed**, mounted on overhead door track. Provide on-off switch located on control panel.
- I. Dock Bumpers
1. Laminated-Tread Dock Bumper: Fabricated from multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.
 - a. Thickness: 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Horizontal Style: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 10 inches (250 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, high by length indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Vertical Style: 8 inches (203 mm) wide by 20 inches (508 mm) high **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) high **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) high **OR** height indicated on Drawings, as directed.

2. Molded-Rubber Bumpers: Fabricated from molded-rubber compound reinforced with nylon, rayon, or polyester cord; with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 80, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240; of size and configuration indicated. Fabricate units with not less than two predrilled anchor holes.
 - a. Configuration: T shape **OR** Inverted-L shape **OR** Square **OR** Rectangular **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Thickness: 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
3. Extruded-Rubber Bumpers: Fabricated from ASTM D 2000, extruded synthetic rubber with Type A Shore durometer hardness of 75, plus or minus 5, when tested according to ASTM D 2240; of size and configuration indicated. Furnish units with predrilled anchor holes and concealed, flat, steel mounting bar.
 - a. Configuration: Flat or ribbed, with 2-inch (50-mm) nominal thickness and 9-inch (229-mm) height **OR** 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) wide base and 4-inch (102-mm) depth with half-oval shape that compresses and returns to original shape **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
4. Steel-Face, Laminated-Tread Bumpers: Fabricated from multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires and with 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) steel face plate of same size as rubber surface. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch (25 mm) of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles. Weld face plate to two steel support brackets, which shall extend back to and engage 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter support rods in elongated holes, allowing steel face to float on impact.
 - a. Thickness: 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Horizontal Style: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 10 inches (250 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, high by length indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Vertical Style: 8 inches (203 mm) wide by 20 inches (508 mm) high **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) high **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) high **OR** height indicated, **as directed**.
5. Anchorage Devices: Hot-dip galvanized-steel anchor bolts, nuts, washers, bolts, sleeves, cast-in-place plates, and other anchorage devices as required to fasten bumpers securely in place and to suit installation type indicated.

J. Dock Lifts

1. General: Built-in, scissors-type, single-leg, hydraulic dock lift of capacity, size, and construction indicated; complete with controls, safety devices, and accessories required.
2. Standard: MH 29.1.
3. Rated Capacity: Lifting capacity of not less than 8000 lb (3629 kg) with 6500-lb (2948-kg) **OR** indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, axle load at ends and 5000-lb (2268-kg) **OR** indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, axle load at sides.
4. Platform: Nonskid, safety-tread **OR** Smooth-surface, **as directed**, heavy steel deck plate.
 - a. Platform Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - b. Platform Guarding: Bevel toe guards **OR** Toe sensor **OR** Indicator bar **OR** Skirts **OR** Enclosure, **as directed**, to comply with requirements in MH 29.1.
 - c. Removable **OR** Fixed, **as directed**, Handrails: Equip lift with handrails on two sides of platform with a single, removable chain across each end. Provide handrails not less than 39 inches (991 mm) high with midrail and 4-inch- (102-mm-) high kick plate at bottom. Mount rail sockets flush with platform surface, **as directed**.
5. Bridge: Nonskid, safety-tread steel **OR** High-tensile aluminum, **as directed**, plate.
 - a. Hinged Bridge: Hinged, throw-over bridge bolted to full-length, heavy-duty, piano-type hinge welded to toe guard at end of platform. Provide bridge complete with heavy-duty lifting chains. Chamfer edge of bridge to minimize obstructing wheels of material-handling vehicles.
 - b. Size: 18 inches (457 mm) long by 60 inches (1524 mm) wide **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) long by 72 inches (1829 mm) wide **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Locations: Ends **OR** Sides **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.

6. Function: Dock lifts shall compensate for differences in height between truck bed and loading platform.
 - a. Vertical Travel: Maximum of 60 inches (1524 mm), **as directed**, from a lowered height of 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, for a total raised height of 72 inches (1829 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Travel Speed: Nominal raising speed of 8 fpm (0.04 m/s) **OR** 10 fpm (0.05 m/s) **OR** 12 fpm (0.06 m/s), **as directed**.
 - c. Vertical Travel and Travel Speed: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - d. Hinged Throw-Over Bridges Operation: Manual **OR** Manual-assist bridge winch **OR** Automatic powered, **as directed**.
 7. Hydraulic Operating System: Self-contained, electric, hydraulic power unit for raising and lowering lift; of size, type, and operation needed for capacity of lift indicated; controlled from a remotely located push-button station.
 - a. Power Unit: Consisting of continuous-duty motor, high-pressure gear pump, valve manifold, oil-line filters, and oil reservoir.
 - 1) Equip manifold with relief valve, check valve, pressure-compensated flow-control valve, and solenoid valve and with provisions for lowering lift manually if power fails.
 - 2) Equip reservoir, valve manifold, and pressure line with oil-line filters.
 - b. Cylinders: Equip lift with not less than two heavy-duty, high-pressure, hydraulic, ram-type cylinders. Rams shall be manufacturer's standard, either direct-displacement plunger or rod-and-piston type with positive internal stops. Cylinder rods shall be chrome plated and polished.
 - 1) Rate of Descent Protection: Pressure-compensated flow control or hydraulic velocity fuse to limit down speed for each cylinder.
 - c. Remote-Control Station: Multibutton control station of the constant-pressure type with UP and DOWN push buttons. Controller shall consist of magnetic motor starter with three-pole adjustable overloads and 24-V control transformer with 4-A, fused secondary prewired to terminal strips and enclosed in NEMA ICS 6, Type 12, **as directed**, box.
 - 1) Upper-Travel-Limit Switch: Equip unit with manufacturer's standard, adjustable, upper-travel-limit switch.
 8. Construction: Fabricate lift from structural-steel shapes rigidly welded and reinforced for maximum strength, safety, and stability. Design assembly to withstand deformation during both operating and stored phases of service. Provide mounting brackets and removable lifting eyes for ease of installation.
 - a. Scissors Mechanism: Fabricate leg members from heavy, steel-formed tube or plate members to provide maximum strength and rigidity.
 - b. Scissors Configuration: Single leg **OR** Multiple width **OR** Multiple length, **as directed**.
 - c. Bearings: Pivot points with permanently lubricated antifriction bushings or sealed ball-bearings for minimum maintenance.
 - d. Maintenance Leg: Removable, safety maintenance leg or hinged, safety maintenance bars.
 - e. Mounting: Surface **OR** Pit, **as directed**.
 9. Dock Lift Finish: Painted **OR** Hot-dip galvanized, **as directed**.
 - a. Toe Guards: Paint yellow **OR** orange, **as directed**, to comply with ANSI Z535.1.
- K. Foam-Pad Dock Seals
1. General: Dock seals consisting of fabric-covered foam pads designed to compress 4 to 5 inches (102 to 127 mm) under pressure of truck body to form an airtight seal at jambs and head of loading dock openings; of type, size, and construction indicated.
 2. Door Opening Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 3. Stationary Head Pad: 8 inches (203 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**, high and same depth as jamb pads; beveled, **as directed**; sized for opening width.
 4. Adjustable Head Pad: 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm), **as directed**, high and same depth as jamb pads; sized for opening width; with manufacturer's standard hardware and tension spring or counterweight mechanism for adjusting height of pad.
 5. Jamb Pads: Square **OR** Beveled; tapered to reduce opening width, **as directed**.

- a. Nominal Size: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, wide and sized for opening height.
- 6. Construction: Consisting of single- or double-ply, coated, fabric-covered, urethane-foam core with supporting frame. Fabricate jamb and head pads of same depth and sized for opening width.
 - a. Pressure-Treated, **as directed**, Wood Support Frame: Factory painted; with steel mounting hardware.
 - b. Steel Support Frame: Steel channel frame of manufacturer's standard weight, shape, and finish; with steel mounting hardware.
 - c. Tapered Side Panels: Taper side panels to angle required to accommodate sloped loading dock approach grades and make sealing edge of dock shelter parallel to back edge of truck. Taper for declined **OR** inclined, **as directed**, approach.
 - d. Cover Fabric: Vinyl-coated nylon or polyester with minimum total weight of 22 oz./sq. yd. (746 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - e. Cover Fabric: Neoprene-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 16 oz./sq. yd. (543 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m) **OR** 45 oz./sq. yd. (1526 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Cover Fabric: Hypalon-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 16 oz./sq. yd. (543 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Cover Fabric: Manufacturer's proprietary cover fabric complying with the following minimum requirements:
 - 1) Tearing strength of not less than 300 by 300 lbf (1334 by 1334 N) when tested according to ASTM D 2261.
 - 2) Abrasion resistance of not less than 6000 cycles when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5306.
 - 3) Tensile strength of not less than 1200 by 1200 lbf (5338 by 5338 N) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5100.1.
 - 4) Cold resistance to minus 40 deg F (minus 40 deg C) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5874.
 - 5) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - h. Guide Strips: 4-inch- (102-mm-) wide, coated, nylon guide strips on jamb pads.
 - i. Pleated Protectors: On face of jamb pads of overlapping layers of coated fabric attached to base fabric; 4-inch (102-mm) **OR** 8-inch (203-mm) **OR** 16-inch (406-mm), **as directed**, wear exposure.
- L. Inflatable Dock Seals
 - 1. General: Inflatable dock seals consisting of one-piece jamb, sill, **as directed**, and header seals designed to inflate by motor/blower and compress against truck bodies to form airtight seals at loading dock openings; of type, size, and construction indicated.
 - 2. Door Opening Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 3. Head Members: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
 - 4. Jamb Members: One **OR** Two, **as directed**.
 - 5. Construction: Fabricate header seal full width over jamb seals. Mount seals on pressure-treated wood frame with hot-dip galvanized-steel mounting hardware. Inflate seals by use of 1/2-hp motor/blower with on-off switch, mounted above header seal in galvanized-steel hood. Provide bottom of header and jamb seals with grommets to allow for release of moisture and excess air.
 - a. Fabric: Neoprene-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 14 oz./sq. yd. (475 g/sq. m).

- 1) Color: Black **OR** Gray **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Fabric: Manufacturer's proprietary fabric complying with the following minimum requirements:
 - 1) Tearing strength of not less than 110 by 85 lbf (489 by 378 N) when tested according to ASTM D 2261.
 - 2) Abrasion resistance of not less than 490 cycles when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5306.
 - 3) Tensile strength of not less than 500 by 440 lbf (2224 by 1957 N) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5100.1.
 - 4) Cold resistance to minus 40 deg F (minus 40 deg C) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5874.
 - 5) Color: Black **OR** Gray **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- M. Frame-Type Dock Shelters
1. General: Dock shelters designed to form a seal with sides and top of truck body while leaving entire width and height of truck's rear opening unobstructed; of type, size, and construction indicated.
 2. Door Opening Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 3. Rigid-Frame Type: Fabricated from translucent, fabric-covered **OR** fiberglass, **as directed**, side and top panels attached to fixed supporting framework. Provide head and side curtains with built-in flexible stays, wind straps between head curtain and side frame, pleated protectors on head curtain, and a yellow aim patch on side curtains. Slope head frame from center for drainage. Provide replaceable, fabric-covered, tapered, foam-bottom pads and protective steel bumpers of size and type required for application shown.
 4. Flexible-Frame Type: Fabricated from fabric-covered side and top panels attached to retractable supporting framework with independent spring-tension extension arms. Provide head and side curtains with built-in flexible stays, pleated protectors on head curtain, and a yellow aim patch on side curtains. Provide replaceable, fabric-covered, tapered, foam-bottom pads of size and type required for application shown.
 5. Head-Pad Height: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm), **as directed**.
 6. Construction: Fabricate framework, pads, bumpers, fabric for curtains and panels, and other components to sizes and shapes indicated or required to fit door opening sizes shown and allow for not less than 18 inches (457 mm) of truck-body penetration when truck is docked.
 - a. Wood Framework: Factory painted, mechanically fastened together using nails and lag bolts or metal connectors to form a rigid assembly.
 - b. Steel Framework: Zinc-plated steel tubing of size and thickness standard with manufacturer, with joints welded.
 - c. Top and Side Panels: White, translucent fiberglass, 0.045 inch (1.1 mm) thick, weighing 6 oz./sq. ft. (1831 g/sq. m).
 - d. Top and Side Panels: White, translucent vinyl, weighing 14 oz./sq. ft. (4272 g/sq. m).
 - e. Tapered Side Panels: Taper side panels to angle required to accommodate sloped loading dock approach grades and make sealing edge of dock shelter parallel to back edge of truck. Taper for declined **OR** inclined, **as directed**, approach.
 - f. Cover Fabric: Vinyl-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 22 oz./sq. yd. (746 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Cover Fabric: Polyurethane-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 25 oz./sq. yd. (848 g/sq. m).

- 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - h. Cover Fabric: Neoprene-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 16 oz./sq. yd. (543 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m) **OR** 45 oz./sq. yd. (1526 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Cover Fabric: Hypalon-coated nylon with minimum total weight of 16 oz./sq. yd. (543 g/sq. m) **OR** 40 oz./sq. yd. (1356 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - j. Cover Fabric: Manufacturer's proprietary cover fabric complying with the following minimum requirements:
 - 1) Tearing strength of not less than 300 by 300 lbf (1334 by 1334 N) when tested according to ASTM D 2261.
 - 2) Abrasion resistance of not less than 6000 cycles when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5306.
 - 3) Tensile strength of not less than 1200 by 1200 lbf (5338 by 5338 N) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5100.1.
 - 4) Cold resistance to minus 40 deg F (minus 40 deg C) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5874.
 - 5) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** Tan **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - k. Pleated Protectors: Overlapping layers of same fabric as cover.
 - 7. Accessories:
 - a. Buffer flaps.
 - b. Bottom filler curtain.
 - c. Bottom seal pads.
- N. Inflatable Dock Shelters
- 1. General: Inflatable dock shelters designed to inflate by motor/blower and compress against truck bodies to form airtight seals at loading dock openings; of type, size, and construction indicated.
 - 2. Door Opening Size: As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 3. Rigid Canopy: Consisting of rigid canopy, fabric-covered header curtain, and one-piece inflatable header and jamb seals. Fabricate canopy from white, translucent plastic attached to rigid support framework.
 - 4. Rigid Canopy and Sides: Consisting of rigid canopy and sides, fabric-covered header curtain, and one-piece, inflatable header and jamb seals. Fabricate canopy and sides from white, translucent plastic attached to rigid support framework.
 - 5. Construction: Fabricate header seal full width over jamb seals. Mount seals on pressure-treated wood frame with hot-dip galvanized-steel mounting hardware. Provide header curtain with built-in flexible stays and two yellow aim patches. Slope canopy frame from center for drainage. Provide two protective steel bumpers of size and type required for application shown. Inflate seals by use of a 1/2-hp motor/blower with on-off switch, mounted under canopy frame. Provide bottom of header and jamb seals with grommets to allow for release of moisture and excess air.
 - a. Shape and Size: Fabricate framework, fabric for curtains, and other components to sizes and shapes indicated or required to fit door opening sizes shown and allow for not less than 12 inches (305 mm) of truck-body penetration when truck is docked.
 - b. Wood Framework: Fasten members together mechanically using nails and lag bolts or metal connectors to form a rigid assembly.
 - c. Steel Framework: Zinc-plated steel tubing of size and thickness standard with manufacturer, with joints welded.
 - d. Fabric: Polyurethane **OR** Vinyl, **as directed**, -coated nylon with minimum total weight of 14 oz./sq. yd. (475 g/sq. m).

- 1) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - e. Fabric: Manufacturer's proprietary fabric complying with the following minimum requirements:
 - 1) Tearing strength of not less than 110 by 85 lbf (489 by 378 N) when tested according to ASTM D 2261.
 - 2) Abrasion resistance of not less than 490 cycles when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5306.
 - 3) Tensile strength of not less than 500 by 440 lbf (2224 by 1957 N) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5100.1.
 - 4) Cold resistance to minus 40 deg F (minus 40 deg C) when tested according to FED-STD-191A-5874.
 - 5) Color: Black **OR** Green **OR** Blue **OR** Brown **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- O. Transparent-Strip Door Curtains
1. General: Door curtains consisting of overlapping strips suspended from top of opening to form a sealed door curtain. Provide strips of length required to suit opening height and with sufficient number in unit to close opening width with overlap indicated.
 2. Strip Material: Curved, clear, transparent, extruded PVC. Fabricate strips for manufacturer's standard method of attachment to overhead mounting system indicated.
 - a. Standard Grade: Designed to withstand temperature range of 0 to plus 150 deg F (minus 18 to plus 66 deg C).
 - b. Low-Temperature Grade: USDA accepted, designed to withstand temperature range of minus 30 to plus 150 deg F (minus 34 to plus 66 deg C).
 - c. Strip Width and Thickness:
 - 1) 6 inches (152 mm) wide and 0.060 inch (1.5 mm) thick.
OR
8 inches (203 mm) wide and 0.080 inch (2 mm) thick.
OR
12 inches (305 mm) wide and 0.120 inch (3 mm) thick.
OR
16 inches (406 mm) wide and 0.160 inch (4 mm) thick.
 - d. Overlap: None **OR** One-third **OR** One-half **OR** Two-thirds **OR** Three-quarters **OR** Full, **as directed**.
 3. Header Mounting: Consisting of an angle bolted or welded to opening lintel; equip angle with permanently attached mounting pins and a steel-angle or -plate retaining strip attached to angle with wing nuts.
 4. Wall Surface Mounting:
 - a. Consisting of a steel plate bolted to side of lintel; equip plate with permanently attached, threaded, mounting pins and steel-angle or -plate retaining strip attached to plate with wing nuts.
OR
Consisting of steel pipe attached to side of lintel by manufacturer's standard, winged-U-type suspension brackets.
OR
Consisting of a rigid, vinyl wall-mounting unit bolted to side of lintel above opening; equip unit with a similarly formed, rigid, vinyl retainer attached to unit with wing nuts.
- P. General Finish Requirements
1. Finish loading dock equipment after assembly and testing.
- Q. Steel Finishes
1. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize components as indicated to comply with the following:
 - a. ASTM A 123/A 123M for iron and steel loading dock equipment.

- b. ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329 for iron and steel hardware for loading dock equipment.
2. Galvanized-Steel and Steel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat in manufacturer's standard color.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Coordinate size and location of loading dock equipment indicated to be attached to or recessed into concrete or masonry, and furnish anchoring devices with templates, diagrams, and instructions for their installation.
2. Set curb angles in concrete edges of dock-leveler recessed pits with tops flush with loading platform. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
3. Set curb angles in concrete edges of truck-leveler recessed pits with tops flush with driveway. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
4. Place self-forming pan system for recessed dock **OR** edge-of-dock, **as directed**, levelers in proper relation to loading platform before pouring concrete.
5. Clean recessed pits of debris.

B. Installation

1. General: Install loading dock equipment, including motors, pumps, control stations, wiring, safety devices, light-communication systems, and accessories as required for a complete installation.
 - a. Rough-in electrical connections according to requirements specified in Division 22..
2. Recessed Dock Levelers: Attach dock levelers securely to loading dock platform, flush with adjacent loading dock surfaces and square to recessed pit.
3. Edge **OR** Top, **as directed**,-of-Dock Levelers: Attach dock levelers to loading dock platform in a manner that complies with requirements indicated for arrangement and position relative to top of platform.
 - a. Weld anchor holes in contact with continuous embedded loading dock edge channel. Weld or bolt bumper blocks to face of loading dock.
4. Truck Levelers: Attach truck levelers securely to driveway construction with expansion anchors and bolts.
5. Truck Restraints: Attach truck restraints in a manner that complies with requirements for arrangement and height required for device to engage vehicle rear-impact guard. Interconnect control panel and signals with dock leveler, **as directed**.
 - a. Wall-Mounted Units: Weld truck restraints to steel curb angle **OR** edge channel **OR** mounting plate, **as directed**, embedded in loading dock edge.
 - b. Wall-Mounted Units: Anchor truck restraints to face of loading dock with expansion anchors and bolts.
 - c. Driveway-Mounted Units: Anchor truck restraints to driveway with expansion anchors and bolts.
 - d. Pit-Mounted Units: Anchor truck restraints to concrete pit with expansion anchors and bolts.
6. Dock Bumpers: Attach dock bumpers to face of loading dock in a manner that complies with requirements indicated for spacing, arrangement, and position relative to top of platform and anchorage.
 - a. Welded Attachment: Plug-weld anchor holes in contact with steel inserts and fillet weld at other locations.
 - b. Bolted Attachment: Attach dock bumpers to preset anchor bolts embedded in concrete or to cast-in-place inserts or threaded studs welded to embedded-steel plates or angles. If preset anchor bolts, cast-in-place inserts, or threaded studs welded to embedded-steel plates or angles are not provided, attach dock bumpers by drilling and anchoring with expansion anchors and bolts.
 - c. Screw Attachment: Attach dock bumpers to wood construction with lag bolts as indicated.
7. Dock Lifts: Attach dock lifts securely to loading platform **OR** floor of recessed pit **OR** surface of driveway, **as directed**.

8. Dock Seals: Attach dock-seal support frames securely to building structure in proper relation to openings, dock bumpers, and dock levelers to ensure compression of dock seals when trucks are positioned against dock bumpers.
9. Dock Shelters: Attach dock shelters securely to building structure in proper relation to openings, dock bumpers, and dock levelers to ensure an effective seal of dock-shelter curtains with sides and top of truck body when trucks are positioned against dock bumpers.
10. Transparent-Strip Door Curtains: Attach door-curtain mounting system to lintel with screw anchors or toggle bolts. Mount curtain strips to achieve overlap indicated.

C. Adjusting

1. Adjust loading dock equipment to function smoothly and safely, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
2. Test dock levelers and lifts for vertical travel within operating range indicated.
3. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished loading dock equipment, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 11 13 13 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
11 13 16 13	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment
11 13 16 23	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment
11 13 19 13	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment
11 13 19 26	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment
11 13 19 33	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment
11 13 26 00	11 13 13 00	Loading Dock Equipment

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SECTION 11 30 13 13 - RESIDENTIAL APPLIANCES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for residential appliances. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes:
 - a. Cooking appliances.
 - b. Kitchen exhaust ventilation.
 - c. Refrigeration appliances.
 - d. Cleaning appliances
 - e. Trash compactors.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, dimensions, furnished accessories, and finishes for each appliance.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EA 1.4 or LEED for Homes Credit EA9: For appliances, documentation indicating that products are ENERGY STAR rated.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Product Schedule: For appliances; use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer or manufacturer.
6. Product Certificates: For each type of appliance, from manufacturer.
7. Field quality-control reports.
8. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each residential appliance to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
9. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: Maintains a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance repairs.
2. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
3. Source Limitations: Obtain residential appliances from single source and each type of residential appliance from single manufacturer.
4. High-Altitude and Propane Conversion: Provide gas-operated appliances with manufacturer's conversion kit installed by a qualified service agency according to manufacturer's written instructions for Project location and type of fuel.
5. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with the following:
 - a. NFPA: Provide electrical appliances listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
 - b. ANSI: Provide gas-burning appliances that comply with ANSI Z21 Series standards.
6. Accessibility: Where residential appliances are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1, " **as directed**."
7. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Warranty

1. Special Warranties: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace residential appliances or components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Five years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.
2. Electric Cooktop **OR** Range: Full warranty including parts and labor **OR** Limited warranty including parts and labor for first year and parts thereafter for on-site service on surface-burner elements, **as directed**.
 - a. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Five years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.
3. Microwave Oven: Full warranty including parts and labor **OR** Limited warranty including parts and labor for first year and parts thereafter for on-site service on the magnetron tube, **as directed**.
 - a. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Five years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.
4. Refrigerator/Freezer **OR** Freezer **OR** Ice maker, Sealed System: Full warranty including parts and labor **OR** Limited warranty including parts and labor for first year and parts thereafter for on-site service on the product, **as directed**.
 - a. Warranty Period for Sealed Refrigeration System: Two **OR** Five years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.
 - b. Warranty Period for Other Components: Two years from date of Final Completion.
5. Dishwasher: Full warranty including parts and labor **OR** Limited warranty including parts and labor for first year and parts thereafter for on-site service on the product, **as directed**.
 - a. Warranty Period for Deterioration of Tub and Metal Door Liner: Three **OR** Five **OR** 10 years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.
 - b. Warranty Period for Other Components: Two years from date of Final Completion.
6. Clothes Washer: Full warranty including parts and labor **OR** Limited warranty including parts and labor for first year and parts thereafter for on-site service on the product, **as directed**.
 - a. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Three years, **as directed**, from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Cooktops:

1. Electric Cooktop:
 - a. Width: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Electric Burner Elements: Two **OR** Four **OR** Six, **as directed**.
 - c. Coil Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Two 1200 W and two 2200 W **OR** One 1200 W, one 2200-W dual element, and two 2200 W, **as directed**.
 - d. Radiant Type: Two 1500 W and two 2000 W **OR** One 1200-W element, dual 1500-W/1500-W bridge element, and one 1200-W/2500-W expandable element **as directed**.
 - e. Induction Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Two 1200 W and two 1800 W **OR** One 1200 W, one 1800 W, one 2700 W, and one 3300 W, **as directed**.
 - f. Controls: Digital panel controls, located on front **OR** on left side **OR** on right side **OR** remotely, where indicated, **as directed**.
 - g. Downdraft Ventilation: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 550 cfm (260 L/s) **as directed**, built-in downdraft ventilation, with remote blower and exterior weatherproof wall cap.
 - h. Other Features: Grill **OR** deep fryer **OR** wok burner and wok ring, **as directed**.
 - i. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A, **as directed**.
 - j. Top Material: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Ceramic glass **OR** Porcelain-enamel steel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
2. Gas Cooktop
 - a. Width: 12 inches (300 mm) **OR** 30 inches (760 mm) **OR** 36 inches (915 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Gas Burners: Two **OR** Four **OR** Six, **as directed**.
 - 1) Power Ratings: Manufacturer's standard **OR** One 5000 Btu/h (1500 W), two 9100 Btu/h (2700 W), and one 12,000 Btu/h (3500 W), **as directed**.
 - 2) Grates: Individual **OR** Continuous, **as directed**.
 - c. Controls: Digital panel **OR** Manual-dial controls, located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side, **as directed**.

- d. Downdraft Ventilation: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 550 cfm (260 L/s), **as directed**, with remote, **as directed**, blower and exterior weatherproof wall cap.
 - e. Other Features: Sealed burners **OR** Auto-reigniting **OR** Grill **OR** deep fryer **OR** wok burner and wok ring, **as directed**.
 - f. Electric Power Supply: 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A, **as directed**.
 - g. Top Materials: Porcelain-enamel steel **OR** Ceramic glass **OR** glass **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- B. Range:
- 1. Electric Range: Freestanding **OR** Slide-in **OR** Drop-in range, **as directed**, with one **OR** two oven(s), **as directed** and complying with AHAM ER-1.
 - a. Width: 30 inch (762 mm) **OR** 36 inch (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Electric Burner Elements: Four **OR** Six, **as directed**.
 - 1) Coil Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Two 1200 W and two 2200 W **OR** One 1200 W, one 2200-W dual element, and two 2200 W, **as directed**.
 - 2) Radiant Type: Two 1500 W and two 2000 W **OR** One 1200-W element, dual 1500-W/1500-W bridge element, and one 1200-W/2500-W expandable element, **as directed**.
 - 3) Induction Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Two 1200 W and two 1800 W **OR** One 1200 W, one 1800 W, one 2700 W, and one 3300 W, **as directed**.
 - 4) Controls: Digital panel controls, located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - c. Oven Features:
 - 1) Capacity: 3.3 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m).
 - 2) Operation: Baking **OR** convection **as directed**, and self-cleaning.
 - 3) Broiler: Located in top of oven **OR** separate roll-out drawer on bottom **as directed**.
 - 4) Oven Door(s): Counterbalanced, removable, with observation window and full-width handle.
 - 5) Electric Power Rating:
 - a) Oven(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** 2400 W **as directed**.
 - b) Broiler: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 3500 W **as directed**.
 - 6) Controls: Digital panel controls and timer display, located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - d. Anti-Tip Device: Manufacturer's standard.
 - e. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A.
 - f. Material Porcelain-enamel **OR** Stainless, **as directed**, with manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, cooktop.
 - a) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - 2. Gas Range: Freestanding **OR** Slide-in range with one **OR** two ovens, **as directed**.
 - a. Width: 30 inch (762 mm) **OR** 36 inch (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Gas Burners: Four **OR** Six, **as directed**.
 - 1) Power Ratings: Manufacturer's standard **OR** One 5000 Btu/h (1500 W), **as directed**, two 9100 Btu/h (2700 W), and one 12,000 Btu/h (3500 W).
 - 2) Controls: Digital panel **OR** Manual-dial controls, **as directed** located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - 3) Grates: Individual **OR** Continuous, **as directed**.
 - 4) Other Feature(s): Sealed burners **OR** auto-re-igniting burners, **as directed**, and grill.
 - c. Oven Features:
 - 1) Capacity: 3.3 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m).
 - 2) Operation: Baking **OR** convection **as directed**, and self-cleaning.
 - 3) Broiler: Located in top of oven **OR** separate roll-out drawer on bottom **as directed**.
 - 4) Oven Door(s): Counterbalanced, removable, with observation window and full-width handle.
 - 5) Electric Power Rating:
 - a) Oven(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** 9100 Btu/h (2700 W) **as directed**.

- b) Broiler: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 14,500 Btu/h (4200 W) **as directed**.
 - 6) Controls: Digital panel controls and timer display, located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - d. Anti-Tip Device: Manufacturer's standard.
 - e. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 15 A.
 - f. Material Porcelain-enamel **OR** Stainless, **as directed**, with manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, cooktop.
 - a) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
3. Dual Fuel Range Freestanding **OR** Slide-in range, **as directed**, with gas burners and one **OR** two electric ovens, **as directed**.
 - a. Width: 30 inch (762 mm) **OR** 36 inch (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Gas Burners: Four **OR** Six, **as directed**.
 - 1) Power Ratings: Manufacturer's standard **OR** One 5000 Btu/h (1500 W), **as directed**, two 9100 Btu/h (2700 W), and one 12,000 Btu/h (3500 W)
 - 2) Controls: Digital panel **OR** Manual-dial controls, **as directed** located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - 3) Grates: Individual **OR** Continuous, **as directed**.
 - 4) Other Feature(s): Sealed burners **OR** auto-re-igniting burners, **as directed**, and grill.
 - c. Oven Features:
 - 1) Capacity: 3.3 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m).
 - 2) Operation: Baking **OR** convection **as directed**, and self-cleaning.
 - 3) Broiler: Located in top of oven **OR** separate roll-out drawer on bottom **as directed**.
 - 4) Oven Door(s): Counterbalanced, removable, with observation window and full-width handle.
 - 5) Electric Power Rating:
 - a) Oven(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** 2400 W **as directed**.
 - b) Broiler: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 3500 W **as directed**.
 - 6) Controls: Digital panel controls and timer display, located on front **OR** left side **OR** right side **OR** splash panel at rear of rangetop, **as directed**.
 - d. Anti-Tip Device: Manufacturer's standard.
 - e. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A.
 - f. Material Porcelain-enamel **OR** Stainless, **as directed**, with manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, cooktop.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- C. Wall Oven:
 - 1. Electric Wall Oven(s): One **OR** Two-oven unit, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting: Built-in wall **OR** undercounter .
 - b. Capacity: 3.3 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m).
 - c. Operation: Baking **OR** convection and self-cleaning, **as directed**.
 - d. Broiler: Located in top of oven **OR** separate roll-out drawer on bottom, **as directed**.
 - e. Oven Door(s): Counterbalanced, removable, with observation window and full-width handle.
 - f. Electric Power Rating:
 - 1) Oven(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** 2400 W, **as directed**.
 - 2) Broiler: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 3500 W, **as directed**.
 - g. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A
 - h. Controls: Digital panel **OR** Manual-dial controls and timer display, **as directed**.
 - i. Material: Porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - 2. Gas Wall Oven(s): One **OR** Two-oven unit, **as directed**.
 - a. Mounting: Built-in wall **OR** undercounter .
 - b. Capacity: 3.3 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m).
 - c. Operation: Baking **OR** convection and self-cleaning, **as directed**.

- d. Broiler: Located in top of oven **OR** separate roll-out drawer on bottom, **as directed**.
- e. Oven Door(s): Counterbalanced, removable, with observation window and full-width handle.
- f. Electric Power Rating:
 - 1) Oven(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** 9100 Btu/h (2700 W), **as directed**.
 - 2) Broiler: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 14,500 Btu/h (4200 W), **as directed**.
- g. Electric Power Supply: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A
- h. Controls: Digital panel **OR** Manual-dial controls and timer display, **as directed**.
- i. Material: Porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.

D. Microwave Oven:

- 1. Microwave Oven(s):
 - a. Mounting: Undercabinet **OR** Wall cabinet, **as directed**.
 - b. Type: Conventional **OR** Convection, **as directed**.
 - c. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 19-1/2 inches (495 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 14 inches (356 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Capacity: 1.5 cu. ft. (0.04 cu. m) **OR** 2.0 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m), **as directed**.
 - e. Oven Door: Door with observation window and pull handle **OR** and push-button latch release, **as directed**.
 - f. Exhaust Fan: Variable **OR** Two **OR** Four-speed fan, , **as directed**, vented to outside **OR** nonvented, **as directed**, recirculating type with charcoal filter and with manufacturer's standard **OR** 300-cfm (140-L/s) capacity, **as directed**.
 - g. Microwave Power Rating: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 1000 W, **as directed**.
 - 1) Convection Element Power Rating: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 1450 W, **as directed**.
 - h. Electric Power Supply: 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 15 A.
 - i. Controls: Digital panel controls and timer display.
 - j. Other Features: Turntable **OR** temperature probe, **as directed**, and lock-out feature.
 - k. Material: Porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color/Finish: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.

E. Kitchen Exhaust Ventilation:

- 1. Overhead Exhaust Hood
 - a. Type: Wall-mounted, **OR** Suspended-island-canopy, exhaust-hood system, **as directed**.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1219 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Exhaust Fan: Variable **OR** Two **OR** Three-speed fan, **as directed**, built into hood **OR** remotely located, , **as directed**, with separate housing and with manufacturer's standard **OR** 500-cfm (236-L/s) **OR** 900-cfm (425-L/s) capacity, **as directed**.
 - 1) Venting: Vented to outside through roof with weatherproof roof cap, backdraft damper, and rodent-proof screening **OR** Vented to outside through wall with weatherproof wall cap, backdraft damper, and rodent-proof screening **OR** Nonvented, recirculating type with charcoal filter, **as directed**.
 - 2) Fan Control: Hood **OR** Wall-mounted touch-pad to control fan switch, with separate hood-light control switch, **as directed**.
 - d. Duct Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 7-inch- (175-mm-) diameter round **OR** 3-1/4 by 10 inches (82 by 250 mm) rectangular, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** **as directed**.
 - f. Features:

- 1) Permanent, washable aluminum mesh **OR** stainless-steel mesh **OR** baffle-type filter(s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Built-in halogen **OR** incandescent **OR** fluorescent lighting, **as directed**.
 - 3) Warming lamp socket(s).
2. Downdraft Exhaust:
- a. Type: Retractable-downdraft exhaust system.
 - b. Width: 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Exhaust Fan: Variable **OR** Two **OR** Three-speed fan built into cabinet below countertop **OR** remotely located, **as directed**, with separate housing and with manufacturer's standard **OR** 500-cfm (236-L/s) **OR** 900-cfm (425-L/s) capacity, **as directed**.
 - 1) Venting: Vented to outside through roof with weatherproof roof cap, backdraft damper, and rodent-proof screening **OR** Vented to outside through wall with weatherproof wall cap, backdraft damper, and rodent-proof screening **OR** Nonvented, recirculating type with charcoal filter, **as directed**.
 - 2) Fan Control: Countertop-mounted touch-pad to control fan switch.
 - d. Duct Type: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 7-inch- (175-mm-) diameter round **OR** 3-1/4 by 10 inches (82 by 250 mm) rectangular, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish: Baked enamel **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: White **OR as directed**.
 - f. Features:
 - 1) Permanent, washable aluminum mesh **OR** stainless-steel mesh **OR** baffle-type filter(s), **as directed**.
- F. Refrigerator/Freezers
1. Refrigerator/Freezer One-door refrigerator with inside freezer compartment **OR** Two-door, side-by-side refrigerator/freezer **OR** Two-door refrigerator/freezer with freezer on top **OR** Two-door refrigerator/freezer with freezer on bottom, **as directed** and complying with AHAM HRF-1.
 - a. Type: Freestanding **OR** Built in **OR** Undercounter.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 42 inches (1067 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm) **OR** 33-1/4 inches (845 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm) **OR** 70 inches (1778 mm) **OR** 73 inches (1854 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2134 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Storage Capacity:
 - 1) Refrigeration Compartment Volume: 15.6 cu. ft. (0.44 cu. m).
 - 2) Freezer Volume: 5.13 cu. ft. (0.15 cu. m).
 - 3) Shelf Area: Three adjustable wire **OR** glass shelves, **as directed**, 26 sq. ft. (2.42 sq. m).
 - d. General Features:
 - 1) Door Configuration: Framed **OR** Overlay.
 - 2) Revise first option in first subparagraph below if either crushed or cubed ice is required.
 - 3) Dispenser in door for ice and cold water dispenser lock.
 - 4) Built-in water filtration system.
 - 5) Dual refrigeration systems.
 - 6) Separate touch-pad temperature controls for each compartment.
 - e. Refrigerator Features:
 - 1) Interior light in refrigeration compartment.
 - 2) Compartment Storage: Wine racks **OR** vegetable crisper **OR** meat compartment, **as directed**.
 - 3) Door Storage: Glazed door without storage **OR** Modular compartments **OR** Gallon (3.8 L-) milk-container storage, **as directed**.
 - 4) Temperature-controlled meat/deli bin.

- f. Freezer Features: One **OR** Two freezer compartment(s) with door(s) **OR** configured as pull-out drawer(s), **as directed**.
 - 1) Automatic **OR** Manual defrost, **as directed**.
 - 2) Interior light in freezer compartment.
 - 3) Automatic icemaker and storage bin.
- g. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
- h. Front Panel(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel(s) to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert(s) specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert(s) specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Reversible panel(s) with choice of colors, **as directed**.
 - 1) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- i. Appliance Color/Finish: White **OR** Black **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.

G. Freezers

- 1. Freezer One **OR** Two freezer compartment(s) with door(s) **OR** configured as pull-out drawer(s), **as directed** and complying with AHAM HRF-1.
 - a. Type: Freestanding **OR** Built in **OR** Undercounter.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 27 inches (686 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm) **OR** 70 inches (1778 mm) **OR** 73 inches (1854 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2134 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Storage Capacity:
 - 1) Volume: 5.13 cu. ft. (0.15 cu. m) **OR** 15.0 cu. ft. (0.42 cu. m), **as directed**.
 - 2) Shelf Area: Three adjustable wire **OR** glass shelves, **as directed**, 26 sq. ft. (2.42 sq. m).
 - d. Features:
 - 1) Door Configuration: Framed **OR** Overlay, **as directed**.
 - 2) Automatic **OR** Manual defrost, **as directed**.
 - 3) Interior light in compartment.
 - 4) Automatic icemaker and storage bin.
 - 5) Temperature touch-pad controls for each compartment.
 - 6) Defrost drain.
 - 7) Lock with key.
 - e. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
 - f. Front Panel(s): Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel(s) to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert(s) specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert(s) specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets, **as directed**.
 - 1) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - g. Appliance Color/Finish: White **OR** Black **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.

H. Icemakers

- 1. Icemaker:
 - a. Type: Undercounter.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 14-3/4 inches (375 mm) **OR** 15-1/4 inches (387 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 25-1/4 inches (641 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 33-5/8 inches (386 mm) **OR** 34-1/2 inches (876 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Ice Capacity:
 - 1) Production: 30 lb (13.6 kg) **OR** 50 lb (22.7 kg) per day, **as directed**.
 - 2) Storage: 25 lb (11.3 kg) **OR** 35 lb (15.9 kg), **as directed**.
 - d. Features:

- 1) Door Configuration: Framed **OR** Overlay, **as directed**.
 - 2) Automatic defrost.
 - 3) Automatic shutoff.
 - 4) Defrost drain with pump.
 - e. Front Panel: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets, **as directed**.
 - a) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - f. Appliance Color/Finish: White **OR** Black **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
- I. Dishwashers
1. Dishwasher Complying with AHAM DW-1 and ASSE 1006.
 - a. Type: Built-in undercounter **OR** Built-in under sink **OR** Portable, **as directed**.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 23 inches (584 mm) **OR** 25-3/4 inches (654 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Capacity:
 - 1) International Place Settings of China: Eight **OR** 12 **OR** 14, **as directed**.
 - 2) Water Consumption for Full Load: 3.2 gal. (12 L) per cycle.
 - d. Sound Level: Maximum 42 **OR** 48 dB, **as directed**.
 - e. Tub and Door Liner: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Porcelain-enameled steel tub and molded-plastic door liner, **as directed** with sealed detergent and automatic rinsing-aid dispensers.
 - f. Rack System: Nylon **OR** PVC-coated sliding dish racks, **as directed**, with removable cutlery basket **OR** top cutlery tray **as directed**.
 - g. Controls: Touch-pad **OR** Rotary-dial controls, **as directed**, with four wash cycles and hot-air and heat-off drying cycle options.
 - h. Features:
 - 1) Features in first three subparagraphs below are standard with most models.
 - 2) Waste food disposer.
 - 3) Self-cleaning food-filter system.
 - 4) Hot-water booster heater for 140 deg F (60 deg C) **OR** 160 deg F (71 deg C) wash water with incoming water at 100 deg F (38 deg C).
 - 5) Lock-out feature.
 - 6) Half-load option.
 - 7) Delay-wash option.
 - 8) Digital display panel.
 - 9) Water softener.
 - 10) Soil-sensing water use control system.
 - i. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
 - j. Front Panel: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Reversible panel with choice of colors, **as directed**.
 - 1) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
 - k. Appliance Color/Finish: White **OR** Black **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
- J. Clothes Washers And Dryers
1. Clothes Washer Complying with ASSE 1007:
 - a. Type: Freestanding **OR** Stacking **OR** Undercounter, top **OR** front-loading unit.
 - b. Dimensions:

- 1) Width: 23-1/2 inches (597 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm) **OR** 30 inches (762 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 29 inches (737 mm) **OR** 31 inches (787 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm) **OR** 38 inches (965 mm) **OR** 45 inches (1143 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Drum: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Perforated porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Perforated stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Capacity: 2.7 cu. ft. (0.08 cu. m) **OR** 3.2 cu. ft. (0.09 cu. m) **OR** 3.8 cu. ft. (0.11 cu. m).
 - d. Controls: Touch-pad **OR** Rotary-dial controls, **as directed**, for water-fill levels, wash/rinse water temperatures, and variable-speed and fabric selectors.
 - 1) Wash Cycles: Four **OR** Six **OR** 10 wash cycles, **as directed**, including regular, delicate, and permanent press.
 - 2) Wash Temperatures: Three settings.
 - 3) Speed Combinations: Two **OR** Four **OR** Five, **as directed**.
 - e. Electrical Power: 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase.
 - f. Motor: Manufacturer's standard with built-in overload protector.
 - g. Features:
 - 1) Agitator: Center spindle **OR** Impeller (without spindle), **as directed**.
 - 2) Self-cleaning lint filter.
 - 3) Unbalanced-load compensator.
 - 4) Inlet Hoses: Minimum length 60 inches (1525 mm).
 - 5) Drain Hoses: Minimum length 48 inches (1220 mm).
 - 6) Self-leveling legs.
 - 7) Automatic dispenser for bleach **OR** fabric softener **OR** and **OR** detergent, **as directed**.
 - 8) Spin-cycle safety switch.
 - 9) End-of-cycle signal.
 - 10) Extra-rinse option.
 - 11) Delay-wash option.
 - 12) Electronic temperature control.
 - 13) Water levels automatically set.
 - 14) Pedestal: 8-inch- (203-mm-) high **OR** 15-inch- (381-mm-) high **OR** Manufacturer's standard height laundry pedestal , **as directed**, with storage drawer, matching appliance finish.
 - h. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
 - i. Water-Efficient Clothes Washer: Provide clothes washer with modified energy factor greater than or equal to 2.0 and water factor less than 5.5.
 - j. Appliance Finish: Porcelain enamel on top and lid; baked enamel on front and sides **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** Almond, **as directed**.
 - k. Front-Panel Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets, **as directed**.
 - 1) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
2. Clothes Dryer Complying with AHAM HLD-1:
 - a. Type: Freestanding **OR** Stacking **OR** Undercounter, **as directed**, frontloading, gas **OR** electric **OR** electric, ventless unit, **as directed**..
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 23-1/2 inches (597 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 24 inches (610 mm) **OR** 31 inches (787 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm) **OR** 36 inches (914 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Drum: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Perforated porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Perforated stainless steel, **as directed**.

- 1) Capacity: 5.7 cu. ft. (0.16 cu. m) **OR** 7.0 cu. ft. (0.20 cu. m), **as directed**.
 - d. Controls: Touch-pad **OR** Rotary-dial controls for drying cycle, **as directed**, temperatures, and fabric selectors.
 - e. Electric-Dryer Power: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A.
 - f. Gas-Dryer Power: 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 15 A electric; 22,000-Btu/h (6400-W) gas.
 - g. Features:
 - 1) Features in first five subparagraphs below are standard with most manufacturers.
 - 2) Removable lint filter.
 - 3) Electronic temperature and moisture level sensor control.
 - 4) End-of-cycle signal.
 - 5) Interior drum light.
 - 6) Self-leveling legs.
 - 7) Antibacterial cycle.
 - 8) Auxiliary drying rack.
 - 9) Built-in electrical power fuse.
 - 10) Stacking kit to stack dryer over washer.
 - 11) Pedestal: 8-inch- (203-mm-) high **OR** 15-inch- (381-mm-) high **OR** Manufacturer's standard height laundry pedestal, **as directed**, with storage drawer, matching appliance finish.
 - h. Appliance Finish: Porcelain enamel on top and lid; baked enamel on front and sides **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** Almond, **as directed**.
 - i. Front-Panel Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Porcelain enamel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets.
 - 1) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- K. Clothes Washer/Dryer Combinations
1. Clothes Washer/Dryer Combination Complying with ASSE 1007.
 - a. Type: Freestanding washer/dryer unit with dual-drum design and electric dryer **OR** dual-drum design and gas dryer **OR** all-in-one, single-drum design, **as directed**; washer is top **OR** front loading, **as directed**.
 - b. Dimensions:
 - 1) Width: 23-1/2 inches (597 mm) **OR** 27 inches (686 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Depth: 25 inches (635 mm) **OR** 32 inches (813 mm), **as directed**.
 - 3) Height: 34-1/2 inches (876 mm) **OR** 71-1/2 inches (1816 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Washer and Dryer Drums: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Perforated porcelain-enameled steel **OR** Perforated stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Washer-Drum Capacity: 1.5 cu. ft. (0.04 cu. m) **OR** 2.0 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m) **OR** 2.6 cu. ft. (0.07 cu. m), **as directed**.
 - 2) Dryer-Drum Capacity: 2.0 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m) **OR** 3.4 cu. ft. (0.10 cu. m) **OR** 5.9 cu. ft. (0.17 cu. m), **as directed**.
 - d. Washer/Dryer Drum: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Perforated stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Drum Capacity: 2.3 cu. ft. (0.07 cu. m).
 2. Washer Controls: Touch-pad **OR** Rotary-dial controls for water-fill levels, **as directed**, wash/rinse water temperatures and variable-speed and fabric selectors.
 3. Dryer Controls: Touch-pad **OR** Rotary-dial controls for drying cycle, **as directed**, temperatures and fabric selectors.
 - a. Wash Cycles: Three wash cycles including regular, delicate, and permanent press.
 - b. Wash Temperatures: Three settings.
 - c. Speed Combinations: Two.
 4. Electric Washer/Dryer Power: 240 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 30 A **OR** 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 15 A, **as directed**.
 5. Gas Washer/Dryer Power: 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 phase, 15 A electric; 22,000-Btu/h (6400-W) gas.
 6. Motor: Manufacturer's standard with built-in overload protector.
 7. Washing Features:

- a. Self-cleaning lint filter.
- b. Unbalanced-load compensator.
- c. Inlet Hoses: Minimum length 60 inches (1525 mm).
- d. Drain Hoses: Minimum length 48 inches (1220 mm).
- e. Self-leveling legs.
- f. Automatic dispenser for bleach, fabric softener and **OR** detergent.
- g. Spin-cycle safety switch.
- 8. Drying Features:
 - a. Removable lint filter.
 - b. Electronic temperature and moisture level sensor control.
 - c. End-of-cycle signal.
 - d. Interior drum light.
- 9. Energy Performance, ENERGY STAR: Provide appliances that qualify for the EPA/DOE ENERGY STAR product labeling program.
- 10. Water-Efficient Clothes Washer: Provide clothes washer with modified energy factor greater than or equal to 2.0 and water factor less than 5.5.
- 11. Appliance Finish: Porcelain enamel on top and lid; baked enamel on front and sides **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: White **OR** Almond, **as directed**.

L. Trash Compactors

- a. Type: Built in **OR** Convertible, **as directed**.
- b. Width: 15 inches (381 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**.
- c. Capacity: 1.4 cu. ft. (0.04 cu. m) **OR** 1.7 cu. ft. (0.05 cu. m), **as directed**.
- d. Features:
 - 1) Key-operated starting switch.
 - 2) Rear wheels.
 - 3) Removable bag carrier.
 - 4) Retainer for disposable bags.
 - 5) Odor-control mechanism.
 - 6) Foot-operated drawer operator.
- e. Front Panel: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Wood panel to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Enameled steel **OR** Stainless steel **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 06 Section "Interior Architectural Woodwork" to match kitchen cabinets **OR** Wood-panel insert specified in Division 12 Section "Residential Casework" to match kitchen cabinets, **as directed**.
 - a) Panel Color: White **OR** Black, **as directed**.

M. General Finish Requirements

- 1. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- 2. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examine

- 1. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, power connections, and other conditions affecting installation and performance of residential appliances.
- 2. Examine roughing-in for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before appliance installation.
- 3. Examine walls, ceilings, and roofs for suitable conditions where overhead exhaust hoods **OR** downdraft exhaust and microwave ovens with vented exhaust fans will be installed.

4. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
 5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Installation, General
1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 2. Built-in Equipment: Securely anchor units to supporting cabinets or countertops with concealed fasteners. Verify that clearances are adequate for proper functioning and rough openings are completely concealed.
 3. Freestanding Equipment: Place units in final locations after finishes have been completed in each area. Verify that clearances are adequate to properly operate equipment.
 4. Range Anti-Tip Device: Install at each range according to manufacturer's written instructions
 5. Utilities: Refer to Division 21 AND Division 26 for plumbing and electrical requirements.
- C. Field Quality Control
1. Perform tests and inspections.
 - a. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
 2. Tests and Inspections:
 - a. Perform visual, mechanical, and electrical inspection and testing for each appliance according to manufacturers' written recommendations. Certify compliance with each manufacturer's appliance-performance parameters.
 - b. Leak Test: After installation, test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - c. Operational Test: After installation, start units to confirm proper operation.
 - d. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and components.
 3. An appliance will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
 4. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 11 30 13 13

SECTION 11 30 13 13a - REFRIGERATORS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Remove existing refrigerators.
 - b. Refrigerators supply and deliver only or supply and install as scheduled.
2. Related Requirements: Comply with requirements of following sections:
 - a. Contractor Use of Premises and Work Sequence
 - b. Section "Alteration Project Procedures."
3. Related Sections:
 - a. Kitchen Renovation Requirements; "Summary of Work"
 - b. Reference Standards: Section "References."

B. References

1. Reference Standards: See Section "References." Comply with following:
 - a. Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers (AHAM) HRF-1 - Standard for Household Refrigerators and Household Freezers, 1988.
 - 1) ASTM B 117 - Salt Spray (Fog) Testing.
 - b. ANSI/UL 250 - Household Refrigerators and Freezers, 1991.
 - c. Certification:
 - 1) ANSI Z34.2 - Certification, Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier, 1987.

C. Definitions

1. Configurations:
 - a. SD: Single Door.
 - b. TF: Top Freezer.
 - c. BF: Bottom Freezer.
 - d. SS: Side-by-Side.
2. Defrost System:
 - a. M: Manual Defrost: Defrost system in which defrosting action for refrigerated surfaces is initiated manually.
 - b. P: Partial Automatic: Defrost system in which defrosting action for refrigerated surfaces in refrigerator compartment is initiated and terminated automatically and defrosting action for refrigerated surfaces in freezer is initiated manually.
 - c. A: Automatic Defrost: Defrost system in which defrosting action for all refrigerated surfaces is initiated and terminated automatically.
3. Efficiency Standards:
 - a. Refrigerator: Cabinet designed for refrigerated storage of food at temperatures above 0 degrees C (32 degrees F) and may include compartment for freezing and storage of food at temperatures below 0 degrees C (32 degrees F), but does not provide separate low temperature compartment designed for freezing and storage of food at temperatures below minus 13 degrees C (8 degrees F).
 - b. Refrigerator-freezer: Cabinet with two or more compartments with at least one compartment designed for refrigerated storage of food at temperatures above 0 degrees C (32 degrees F) and with at least one compartment designed for freezing and storage of food at temperatures below minus 13 degrees C (8 degrees F).
 - c. AV: Adjusted Volume:
 - 1) Refrigerator: [1.44 x freezer volume (cubic feet)] + refrigerator volume (cubic feet).
 - 2) Refrigerator-freezer: [1.63 x freezer volume (cubic feet)] + refrigerator volume (cubic feet).
4. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by PHA/IHA.

D. System Description

1. Performance Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Refrigerators: Capable of producing average cabinet air temperature in general food storage compartment of 2.2 degrees C (36 degrees F) in ambient of 21.1 degrees C (70 degrees F), and 3.3 degrees C (38 degrees F) in ambient of 43.3 degrees C (110 degrees F).
 - 1) Performance Test Procedures: As specified in AHAM HRF-1.
 - b. Plastic Compartment and Door Liners: Not show any cracks or crazing when tested under Environment Cracking Resistance Test specified in AHAM HRF-1.
 - 1) Single-Piece Liners Testing: As specified in AHAM HRF-1, paragraph 10.6.
2. Efficiency Standards: Provide refrigerators which do not exceed following annual energy consumption in kWh:
 - a. Refrigerators and Refrigerator-freezers with Manual Defrost: 13.5 AV plus 299.
 - b. Refrigerator-freezers with Partial Automatic Defrost: 10.4 AV plus 398.
 - c. Refrigerator-freezers with Automatic Defrost with Top Mounted Freezer without Through-the-door Ice Service: 16.0 AV plus 355.
 - d. Refrigerator-freezers with Automatic Defrost with Side Mounted Freezer without Through-the-door Ice Service: 11.8 AV plus 501.
 - e. Refrigerator-freezers with Automatic Defrost with Bottom Mounted Freezer without Through-the-door Ice Service: 16.5 AV plus 367.

E. Submittal

1. Product Data: Submit to Contracting Officer.
2. Samples:
 - a. Production Sample: When requested, provide sample refrigerator to Contracting Officer for examination as to compliance with specifications.
 - b. Color Samples: Submit samples of manufacturer's standard colors to Contracting Officer for selection.
3. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals: Submit following to Contracting Officer:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written self certification that refrigerators meet or exceed specified requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
4. Closeout Submittals: Submit following to Contracting Officer:
 - a. Operation and Maintenance: Provide use and care information with each refrigerator. Include parts manual with diagrams and part numbers.
 - b. Special warranty.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Qualifications: Manufacturer: Stock and sell parts for refrigerators supplied for five years from time of delivery.
2. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. EPA regulations regarding refrigerant.
 - b. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).
3. Appliances shall meet or exceed requirements established by the Energy Star program and bear the Energy Star logo. Visit www.energystar.gov for a listing of products that qualify. Energy Star® is a voluntary partnership that includes the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, product manufacturers, local utilities, and retailers, helps promote efficient products by labeling them with the Energy Star logo and educating consumers about the benefits of energy efficiency.

- G. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
 - 1. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: In accordance with standard commercial practices.
 - 2. Acceptance at Site: Inspect refrigerators upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective appliances before installation.
- H. Scheduling
 - 1. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Division 1.
- I. Warranty
 - 1. Special Warranties: Provide following written special warranties:
 - a. Plastic parts of cabinet for period of two years.
 - b. Sealed refrigerator cooling system for five years.
 - 1) Provide new or reconditioned cooling system units or components, replacing units and/or parts which become defective (excluding damage due to visible abuse) during five year period.
 - c. Entire refrigerator for one year.
 - 2. Special Warranty Periods: If refrigerator becomes inoperative, as defined in following paragraph, repair or replace and install any part (except enamel, porcelain or lacquer) necessary to make refrigerator operative within five working days of notification.
 - a. Inoperative Refrigerator: When interior cabinet temperature rises above 10.0 degrees C (50 degrees F) and remains at such temperature for six or more consecutive hours after usual normal adjustments have been made or other mechanical and electrical trouble affecting normal operations has been corrected.
 - 3. Special Warranties: Include labor, material and equipment to provide replacements and make repairs to refrigerators at no additional cost to PHA/IHA.
 - a. Defective Units and/or Parts: Become property of Contractor.
 - b. Submit name and address of local agent who will furnish service and replacement parts in connection with warranties to PHA/IHA.
 - 1) Charges by local service agent to PHA/IHA for services covered under special warranties not allowed.

1.2 PRODUCT

- A. Refrigerators - General Requirements
 - 1. Refrigerators: Household type, self-contained with electric-motor-driven condensing units and comply with Performance Requirements and Energy Standard Requirements.
 - 2. Types, Sizes and Grades: As specified and scheduled.
 - 3. Total Storage Volumes, Shelf Areas and Dimensions: In accordance with descriptions and computed in accordance with AHAM HRF-1.
- B. Refrigerators Cabinets
 - 1. Outer Shells (including Doors): Carbon-steel sheet finished in baked synthetic enamel.
 - a. Colors: As scheduled from manufacturer s standard colors.
 - 2. Exterior Doors: Provide with reversible hinges for right or left hand swing except on side-by-side (SS) configuration.
 - a. Construction of Freezer or Evaporator Door and Hinging: Door may be operated without breaking, cracking, or distorting when freezer or evaporator is free from or has maximum thickness of 6 mm (1/4 inch) of frost on outer surface of evaporator adjacent to door.
 - b. Exterior Doors: Equipped with magnetic gasket.
 - c. Doors: Contain shelves.
 - 3. Interior Liners of (including General and Low-Temperature) Storage Compartments and Doors: Porcelain enamel on carbon-steel or molded plastic.
 - a. Carbon-Steel Sheet Inner Liners: Porcelain enamel or baked synthetic enamel finish.
 - b. Color of Plastic Inner Liners: White or pastel.

- c. Plastic Liners in Conjunction with Foamed-In-Place Polyurethane Employing Fluorinated Hydrocarbons: Isolate liner material from polyurethane foam or fabricate of acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) or High Impact Polystyrene (HIPS).
 - d. Breaker Strips: ABS plastic, polypropylene, or HIPS when insulation is foamed-in-place polyurethane with fluorinated hydrocarbons.
 4. Drawers and Trays:
 - a. Vegetable Drawers or Crisper Trays: Provide one or more trays occupying full width of food compartment and readily removable.
 - b. Drawers or Trays: Constructed of steel finished with porcelain enamel, anodized aluminum, or durable plastic; durable glass; or non-corrosive metal.
 - c. Ice Cube Trays: Provide minimum of two standard size ice cube trays.
 - d. Defrosting or Chiller Tray: Made of material suitable for intended service and of adequate size to receive drip from cooling unit during defrosting.
 5. Hardware Components: Sturdy construction and made of material that are durable and structurally correct for application.
 - a. Hardware Attachment Devices (screws, bolts and nuts): Of material and finish consistent with material of components and parts which they are used.
 - b. Hardware Finish: Remain intact after being subjected to salt spray test for period of 25 hours in accordance with ASTM B 117.
 - 1) Center Section of Door Handle: Vinyl covered steel is acceptable.
 - c. Food Compartment Door Hinges: May be same finish as specified for outer panel of food compartment door.
 - d. Hardware: Securely attached in substantial manner and to extent that removal may not be accomplished without use of tools.
 6. Manual Defrost and Partial Defrost Refrigerators: Provide clear and legible caution similar to following: Do not use implements to defrost or to remove ice trays or other material from freezer section.
 - a. Location: Print or impress on freezer door or on name plate securely fastened in another prominent position easily read by user.
- C. Refrigerators Components
1. Electrical Components and Parts: Locate and mount controls, lamp socket, relay, switches, thermostat, wiring harness, cables and leads and their accessories in manner that their replacement may be readily accomplished.
 - a. Electrical Assemblies and Harness: Design and manufacture so that replacement of complete assembly or harness is not necessary when any component part of assembly becomes defective or inoperative.
 - b. Individual Components and Parts of Assemblies and Harness: Obtainable for relatively simple replacement purposes.
 2. Temperature Control: Equip refrigerators with off position and contact points or setting positions for wide range of degrees of temperature, which may be selected by readily accessible knob, properly marked with settings available, mounted on temperature control shaft.
 - a. Relay: Quality and rating which under normal operating conditions shall function properly for at least one year period and which is consistent with requirements specified and its companion components and parts in electrical circuit.
 3. Motor: For 115 volt, plus or minus 10 percent, 60 HZ, single phase, alternating current operation and capable of starting in ambient temperature of 37.8 degrees C (100 degrees F) on voltages between 90 percent and 100 percent of rated voltage.
 - a. Thermal Overload Protection: Automatic re-set type to prevent excess temperature rise of motor windings.
 - b. Three-Wire Cord with Three-Prong Attachment Plug: Provide grounding of refrigerator and extend five feet to nine feet beyond point at which it is attached to back of cabinet.
 - c. Motor: Type, speed, load and horsepower ratings consistent with other requirements specified.
 4. Refrigeration Unit: Compressor, motor and housing of hermetically sealed type with reciprocating or rotary-type compressor.

- a. Compressor: Equipped with means of unloading, such as automatic unloader or capillary tube.
- b. Sealed Refrigerating System: Serviceable by complete unit replacement or replacement of component parts such as motor compressor assembly, evaporator, condenser and heat exchanger.
- c. Hermetic Compressor Unit: Quiet in operation, free from excessive vibration and entirely automatic in operation.

D. Workmanship

- 1. Welding and Brazing: Complete; uniform and properly fused; with no holes, slag inclusions, scale, or flux deposits; and not cracked, fractured or undercut.
- 2. Soldering: Complete, clean, adherent and without pin-holes.
- 3. Fasteners: Not be broken, fractured, stripped, or loose.
 - a. Structural Parts Subject to Vibration: Provide lock washers or self-locking washers.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Utilities: Verify that required utilities are available, in proper locations, and ready for use.

B. Preparation

- 1. Existing Refrigerators: Remove existing refrigerators and debris from site.

C. Installation

- 1. General: Install refrigerators in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Make adjustments to feet of refrigerators for a level installation.
 - b. Install in manner to ensure proper ventilation space is present.

D. Cleaning

- 1. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Section 01120.

E. Schedules

- 1. Provide refrigerators as selected in following schedule:
 - _____ Remove existing refrigerators.
 - _____ Supply and Deliver Only to_____.
 - _____ Unloading and handling included.
 - _____ Supply and Install.

SELECTION SIZE

COLOR TYPE

_____ 0.28 cu m (10.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ SD/M/S: Small, Single Door, Manual Defrost.
_____ 0.37 cu m (13.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ SD/M/L: Large, Single Door, Manual Defrost.
_____ 0.28 - 0.34 cu m (10.0 - 11.9) CU FT	_____ TF/P/S: Small, Top Freezer, Partial Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.34 - 0.39 cu m (12.0 - 13.9 CU FT)	_____ TF/P/M: Medium, Top Freezer, Partial Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.40 cu m (14.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ TF/P/L: Large, Top Freezer, Partial Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.28 - 0.34 cu m (10.0 - 11.9 CU FT)	_____ TF/A/S: Small, Top Freezer, Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.34 - 0.39 cu m (12.0 - 13.9 CU FT)	_____ TF/A/M: Medium, Top Freezer, Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.40 - 0.45 cu m (14.0 - 15.9 CU FT)	_____ TF/A/ML: Medium/Large, Top Freezer, Automatic Defrost.

_____ 0.45 - 0.51 cu m (16.0 - 17.9 CU FT)	_____ TF/A/L: Large, Top Freezer, Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.51 cu m (18.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ TF/A/EL: Extra Large, Top Freezer, Automatic Defrost.
_____ 0.45 cu m (16.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ BF/A for Accessible Units: Bottom Freezer, Automatic Defrost in accordance with UFAS requirements.
_____ 0.45 cu m (16.0 CU FT) Minimum	_____ SS/A for Accessible Units: Side-by-Side, Automatic Defrost in accordance with UFAS requirements.

END OF SECTION 11 30 13 13a

SECTION 11 30 13 13b - GAS RANGES

GENERAL

Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Remove existing ranges.
 - b. Gas ranges, supply and deliver only or supply and install as scheduled.
2. Related Requirements: Comply with requirements of following sections:
 - a. Contractor Use of Premises and Work Sequence; "Summary of Work"
 - b. Section "Alteration Project Procedures."
3. Related Sections:
 - a. Kitchen Renovation Requirements: Section "Summary of Work"
 - b. Reference Standards: Section "References."
 - c. Electric Ranges: Section "Electric Ranges."
 - d. Gas Line Relocation: Section "Plumbing."

References

4. Reference Standards: See Section "References." Comply with following:
 - a. American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Z21.1 - Household Cooking Gas Appliances, 1990, including addenda Z21.1a, 1991.
 - 1) ANSI Z21.20 - Automatic Gas Ignition Systems and Components, 1989, including addenda Z21.20a, 1991, and Z21.20b, 1992.
 - b. Certification:
 - 1) ANSI Z34.1 - Certification, Third-Party Certification Program, 1987.
 - 2) ANSI Z34.2 - Certification, Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier, 1987.

Definitions

5. Types:
 - a. Type A: Economy or Builder's Model
 - b. Type C: Quality Model with hinged top.
6. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by PHA/IHA.

Submittals

7. Product Data: Submit to the Owner.
8. Samples:
 - a. Production Sample: When requested, provide sample gas range to the Owner for examination as to compliance with specifications.
 - b. Color Samples: Submit samples of manufacturer's standard colors to the Owner for selection.
9. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that ranges have been tested and comply with ANSI Z21.1 for operation with natural or LP gas.
 - 1) Certification by American Gas Association (AGA) Laboratories, or Third Party Certifier in accordance with ANSI Z34.1.
 - 2) Acceptable Evidence of Meeting Applicable Requirements of Standard: Photostatic copy of American Gas Association (AGA) Laboratories Appliance Certificate or listing including igniter device in American Gas Association (AGA) Laboratories Directory of Certified Appliances and Accessories.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
10. Closeout Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:
 - a. Operation and Maintenance: Provide use and care information with each gas range. Include parts manual with diagrams and part numbers.

- b. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

11. Qualifications: Manufacturer: Stock and sell parts for ranges supplied for five years from time of delivery.
12. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with and following:
 - a. Gas Connections: Comply with applicable codes and regulations.
 - b. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).
13. Appliances shall meet or exceed requirements established by the Energy Star program and bear the Energy Star logo. Visit www.energystar.gov for a listing of products that qualify. Energy Star® is a voluntary partnership that includes the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, product manufacturers, local utilities, and retailers, helps promote efficient products by labeling them with the Energy Star logo and educating consumers about the benefits of energy efficiency.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

14. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: In accordance with standard commercial practices.
15. Acceptance at Site: Inspect gas ranges upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective appliances before installation.

Scheduling

16. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Warranty

17. Special Warranties: Provide following written special warranties:
 - a. Entire gas range for one year.
18. Special Warranties: Include labor, material and equipment to provide replacements and make repairs to gas ranges at no additional cost to PHA/IHA.
 - a. Defective Units and/or Parts: Become property of Contractor.
 - b. Submit name and address of local agent who will furnish service and replacement parts in connection with warranties to PHA/IHA.
 - 1) Charges by local service agent to PHA/IHA for services covered under special warranties not allowed.

PRODUCTS

Gas Ranges - General Requirements

19. Ranges: ANSI Z21.1, current standard models of manufacturer except for additional requirements specified.
 - a. Ranges: Floor mounted, free standing flush-to-wall, domestic gas ranges with open cooking top, oven and broiler below.
 - b. Ranges of Same Size: Identical, including parts and assemblies.
20. Gas Valves: Provide with either:
 - a. Convertible orifice set for gas specified on purchase order .
 - b. Fixed orifice hood for use with gas specified on order.
21. Convertible Gas Pressure Regulators: Provide with each range.

Type A Ranges (Economy Or Builder S Model)

22. Burners: Provide cooking top with four burners.
 - a. Each Burner: Rated at no less than 2 650 W (9000 BTU/H) for natural gas and 2 350 W (8000 BTU/H) for LP.
23. Manual Gas Valves: Limited displacement type complying with ANSI Z21.1.
24. Grates: Provide each top burner with porcelain enameled cast iron or steel grate.
25. Ignition: One of following:
 - a. Automatic Ignition: Equip burners with means for automatic ignition of gas. Failure of oven burner pilot shall activate means for shutting off gas to oven burner.
 - b. 2. Intermittent Ignition: Equip burners with means for automatic electric ignition of gas complying with applicable requirements of ANSI Z21.20. Electric Ignition System: May be either spark, coil, glow bar, or combination of these.
26. Oven Thermostat Control: Provide oven thermostat control for controlling oven temperatures down to "hold warm temperature", approximately 77 degrees C (170 degrees F).
27. F. Insulation: Glass fiber blanket type, installed in manner to prevent sagging, and of sufficient thermal efficiency to meet surface and handle temperature tests specified in ANSI Z21.1.
28. Oven and Broiler Sections: Porcelain enamel-coated steel.
 - a. Broiling Section: Either drop door type, pull-out-type, or swing-door type with 3-position smokeless broiler pan and grill sliding on stationary runners.
 - b. Provide stops so that oven racks cannot be completely pulled out by accident.
29. Oven Vents: Provide ovens with vent designed to deflect moisture and fumes away from wall behind range.
30. Oven Doors: Drop-shelf type, counter-balanced and provided with device to hold door fully closed.
 - a. Hinges: Permit ready removal and replacement of hinge brackets and parts subject to wear.
 - b. Provide oven doors with means for adjusting misaligned door.
31. Burner Bowls (Aeration Bowls): Corrosion-resisting steel, plated steel, or steel coated with porcelain enamel.
 - a. Bowls: May be separate bowls or integral part of top.
32. Exterior Surfaces: Porcelain enamel, except body sides and front panels (including oven door) may be finished in synthetic baked-on enamel capable of withstanding 121 degrees C (250 degrees F).
 - a. Trim: In accordance with manufacturer's standard practice.
 - b. Backguard, Manifold Shield, Aeration Bowls, and Burners: May be porcelain enamel.
 - c. Range Body Back Panel, Legs, and/or Base: Porcelain enamel, baked-on enamel, galvanized, or aluminized steel.
 - d. Colors: As scheduled from manufacturer s standard colors.
33. Backguards: Equip each range with back guards not less than 100 mm (4 inches) higher than top cooking surface and extending full width of range top.
34. Equipment and Accessories: Provide accessories such as oven and broiler racks normally supplied with manufacturer's standard production for type range scheduled.
35. Name Plate: Permanent record of manufacturer's name and address, range model and serial number, and manufacturer's normal hourly W (BTU/H) input rating for oven, broiler and top burners.
 - a. Securely fasten nameplate to main part of each range in accessible place.

Type C Ranges (Quality Model)

36. General Requirements: Comply with requirements for Type A Ranges except as modified by following requirements.
37. B. Range Top: Hinged at back or lift off for easy cleaning and access to burners, valves, and pilots.
 - a. Hinge Top: May have supporting rod to hold top in raised position or be removable. Design supporting rod, when in raised position, to prevent accidental closing of range top. Counterbalanced top is also acceptable.
38. Cooking Top Burners/Low Setting: Equip each range with burners with low settings not in excess of 400 W (1400 BTU/H).
39. Leg levelers: Equip each range with at least two leg levelers.

- 40. Manifold Shield: Provide recessed or slanted manifold shield to minimize burning of burner knobs from heat from open oven doors.
- 41. Oven Door: Provide 610 mm (24 inch), 760 mm (30 inch) and 910 mm (36 inch) ranges with removable oven door.

EXECUTION

Examination

- 42. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Utilities: Verify that required utilities are available, in proper locations, and ready for use.

Preparation

- 43. Existing Ranges: Remove existing ranges and debris from site.

Installation

- 44. General: Install gas ranges in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Make connection to gas line in accordance with applicable codes.
 - b. Make adjustments to feet of ranges for a level installation.

Cleaning

- 45. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Schedules

- 46. Provide gas ranges as selected in following schedule:
 - _____ Remove existing ranges.
 - _____ Supply and Deliver Only to _____.
 - _____ Unloading and handling included.
 - _____ Supply and Install.

SELECTION	NUMBER OF	SIZE	COLOR	TYPE BURNERS
_____	4 Burner	510 mm (20 Inch)	_____	Type A Economy or Builders Model.
_____	4 Burner	610 mm (24 Inch)	_____	Type A Economy or Builders Model.
_____	4 Burner	760 mm (30 Inch)	_____	Type A Economy or Builders Model.
_____	4 Burner	910 mm (36 Inch)	_____	Type A Economy or Builders Model.
_____	4 Burner	510 mm (20 Inch)	_____	Type C Quality Model.
_____	4 Burner	610 mm (24 Inch)	_____	Type C Quality Model.
_____	4 Burner	760 mm (30 Inch)	_____	Type C Quality Model.
_____	4 Burner	910 mm (36 Inch)	_____	Type C Quality Model.

END OF SECTION 11 30 13 13b

SECTION 11 30 13 13c - ELECTRIC RANGES**GENERAL**

Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Remove existing ranges.
 - b. Electric ranges, supply and deliver only or supply and install as scheduled.
2. Related Requirements: Comply with requirements of following sections:
 - a. Contractor Use of Premises and Work Sequence: Section "Summary of Work."
 - b. Section "Alteration Project Procedures."
3. Related Sections:
 - a. Kitchen Renovation Requirements: Section "Summary of Work."
 - b. Reference Standards: Section "References."
 - c. Gas Ranges: Section "Gas Ranges."
 - d. Electrical Renovation: Section "Electrical Renovation."

References

4. Reference Standards: See Section "References." Comply with following:
 - a. Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers (AHAM) ER-1 - American National Standard Household Electric Ranges, 1992.
 - b. Federal Specification (FS): WR-101F dated March 13, 1970, and Interim Amendment 2 dated December 31, 1970.
 - c. Underwriter's Laboratories (UL): ANSI/UL 858 - Household Electric Ranges, 1986.
 - d. Certification:
 - 1) ANSI Z34.1 - Certification, Third-Party Certification Program, 1987.
 - 2) ANSI Z34.2 - Certification, Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier, 1987.

Definitions

5. Standard Ranges: Four Surface Cooking Units: Three - 150 mm (6 inch) and one - 200 mm (8 inch) with oven and broiler below.
 - a. Type, Style, and Sizes as defined in FS W-R-101F:
 - 1) Type I: Freestanding range.
 - 2) Type II: Build-in (slide-in) range.
 - 3) Style 1: Single oven.
 - 4) Style 2: Double oven 1 020 mm (40 inches) wide.
 - 5) Size 1: 1 020 mm (40 inches) wide.
 - 6) Size 2: 910 mm (36 inches) wide.
 - 7) Size 3: 760 mm (30 inches) wide.
 - 8) Size 4: 610 mm (24 inches) wide.
 - 9) Size 5: 510 mm (20 inches) wide.
6. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by PHA/IHA.

Submittals

7. Product Data: Submit to the Owner.
8. Samples:
 - a. Production Sample: When requested, provide sample electric range to the Owner for examination as to compliance with specifications.
 - b. Color Samples: Submit samples of manufacturer's standard colors to the Owner for selection.
9. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that electric ranges meet or exceed specified requirements including UL requirements and requirements of FS WR-101F.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
10. Closeout Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:

- a. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Provide use and care information with each range. Include parts manual with diagrams and part numbers.
- b. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

11. Qualifications: Manufacturer: Stock and sell parts for ranges supplied for five years from time of delivery.
12. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Accessibility:
 - 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
 - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
 - 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
 - 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).
13. Appliances shall meet or exceed requirements established by the Energy Star program and bear the Energy Star logo. Visit www.energystar.gov for a listing of products that qualify. Energy Star® is a voluntary partnership that includes the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, product manufacturers, local utilities, and retailers, helps promote efficient products by labeling them with the Energy Star logo and educating consumers about the benefits of energy efficiency.

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

14. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: In accordance with standard commercial practices.
15. Acceptance at Site: Inspect electric ranges upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective appliances before installation.

Scheduling

16. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Warranty

17. Special Warranties: Provide following written special warranties:
 - a. Entire electric range for one year.
18. Special Warranties: Include labor, material and equipment to provide replacements and make repairs to electric ranges at no additional cost to PHA/IHA.
 - a. Defective Units and/or Parts: Become property of Contractor.
 - b. Submit name and address of local agent who will furnish service and replacement parts in connection with warranties to PHA/IHA.
 - 1) Charges by local service agent to PHA/IHA for services covered under special warranties not allowed.

PRODUCTS

Electric Ranges

19. Ranges: AHAM ER-1, ANSI/UL 858, and FS WR-101F, current standard models of manufacturer except for additional requirements specified.
 - a. Ranges: Floor mounted, free standing flush-to-wall, domestic electric ranges with open cooking top, oven and broiler below.
 - b. Ranges of Same Classification: Identical, including parts and assemblies.
 - c. Ranges: UL listed and bear UL label.
20. Operating Service: 115/230 volts or 120/208 volts, 3-wire, single-phase, 60-HZ.
 - a. Type of Service: As scheduled.
21. Ranges:

- a. Each Range: Equipped with at least two leg levelers.
- b. Oven Door: Equip 610 mm (24 inch), 760 mm (30 inch), and 910 mm (36 inch) ranges with removable oven door.
- c. Ranges without Storage Drawer: May be equipped with only one oven rack.

Ranges For Elderly Housing

- 22. Ranges for Elderly Housing: Same as above, Type I or II, Style 1, Sizes 4 and 5, standard electric ranges but, as minimum, include following additional items:
 - a. Location of Controls for Ranges and Cook-Tops: Not require reaching across burners.
 - b. Burner Indicator Lights: Provide light for each top burner and oven unit that will clearly indicate when burner is on.
 - 1) Indicator Light: Integral part of, or adjacent to, each control switch or adjacent to each top burner unit.
 - c. Oven Interior Light: Provide light in each oven that will clearly illuminate interior when oven door is open.

EXECUTION

Examination

- 23. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Utilities: Verify that required utilities are available, in proper locations, and ready for use.

Preparation

- 24. Existing Ranges: Remove existing ranges and debris from site.

Installation

- 25. General: Install electric ranges in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Make adjustments to feet of ranges for a level installation.
 - b. Electrical Renovation: See Section 16095.

Cleaning

- 26. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Schedules

- 27. Provide electric ranges as selected in following schedule:

- _____ Remove existing ranges.
- _____ Supply and Deliver Only to _____.
- _____ Unloading and handling included.
- _____ Supply and Install.

<u>SELECTION</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>ELECTRIC</u>	<u>COLOR</u>	<u>TYPE AND SIZE</u>
	<u>BURNERS</u>	<u>SERVICE</u>		
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I, Style I, Size 1, 1 020 mm (40 inches wide).
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I, Style I, Size 2, 910 mm (36 inches) wide.
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I, Style I, Size 3, 760 mm (30 inches) wide.
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I, Style I, Size 4, 610 mm (24 inches) wide.
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I, Style I, Size 5, 510 mm (20 inches) wide.
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I or II, Style I, Size 5, 510 mm (20 inches) wide with specified elderly housing requirements.
_____	4 Burner	_____	_____	Type I or II, Style I, Size 4, 610 mm (24 inches) wide with specified elderly housing requirements.

END OF SECTION 11 30 13 13c

SECTION 11 30 13 13d - RANGE HOODS**GENERAL**

Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Remove existing range hoods.
 - b. Range hoods, supply and deliver only or supply and install as scheduled.
2. Related Requirements: Comply with requirements of following sections:
 - a. Contractor Use of Premises and Work Sequence: Section "Summary of Work."
 - b. Section "Alteration Project Procedures."
3. Related Sections:
 - a. Kitchen Renovation Requirements: Section "Summary of Work."
 - b. Reference Standards: Section "References."
 - c. Gas Ranges: Section "Gas Ranges."
 - d. Electric Ranges: Section "Electric Ranges."
 - e. Residential Cabinets: Section "Residential Cabinets."
 - f. Electrical Hook-up: Section "Electrical Renovation."

References

4. Reference Standards: See Section "References." Comply with following:
 - a. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code (NEC).
 - b. Certification:
 - 1) ANSI Z34.1 - Certification, Third-Party Certification Program, 1987.
 - 2) ANSI Z34.2 - Certification, Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier, 1987.

Definitions

5. Supply and Delivery Only: Include supply and delivery to site(s) FOB destination freight prepaid. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, unloading and handling at site is by PHA/IHA.

Submittals

6. Product Data: Submit to the Owner.
7. Samples: Submit to the Owner.

Production Sample: When requested, provide sample range hood to the Owner for examination as to compliance with specifications.

 - a. Color Samples: Samples of manufacturer's standard colors for selection.
8. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:
 - a. Certificates: Manufacturer's written certification that range hoods meet or exceed specified requirements including UL requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - c. Appliances shall meet or exceed requirements established by the Energy Star program and bear the Energy Star logo. Visit www.energystar.gov for a listing of products that qualify. Energy Star® is a voluntary partnership that includes the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, product manufacturers, local utilities, and retailers, helps promote efficient products by labeling them with the Energy Star logo and educating consumers about the benefits of energy efficiency.
 - d. Closeout Submittals: Submit following to the Owner:
 - 1) Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Provide use and care information with each range hood. Include parts manual with diagrams and part numbers.
 - e. Special warranty.

Quality Assurance

9. Qualifications: Manufacturer: Stock and sell parts for range hoods supplied for five years from time of delivery.
10. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with following:
 - a. Accessibility:

- 1) Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 as amended (42 USC 4151-4157) and HUD implementing regulations (24 CFR Part 40).
 - a) Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).
- 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended (29 USC 794) and HUD implementing regulations 24 CFR Part 8.
- 3) Fair Housing Accessibility Guidelines (24 CFR Chapter 1).
- 4) Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) (42 USC §§ 12101, et seq.) and implementing regulations (28 CFR Part 35).

Delivery, Storage, And Handling

11. Packing, Shipping, Handling, and Unloading: In accordance with standard commercial practices.
12. Acceptance at Site: Inspect range hoods upon delivery. Replace damaged or defective appliances before installation.

Scheduling

13. Scheduling and Completion: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Warranty

14. Special Warranties: Provide following written special warranties:
 - a. Entire range hood for one year.
15. Special Warranties: Include labor, material and equipment to provide replacements and make repairs to range hoods at no additional cost to PHA/IHA.

PRODUCTS

Range Hoods

16. Range Hoods: Ductless type with fan.
 - a. Size: 610 mm (24 inches) or 760 mm (30 inches) wide as scheduled, by 150 mm (6 inches) high by 445 mm (17.5 inches) deep.
 - b. Hoods: UL listed and bear UL label.
 - c. Fan: 120 V, 60 HZ, two speed, 2.0 A fan.
 - d. Light: Enclosed 75 watt.
 - e. Filter: Washable filter.
 - f. Color: As selected from manufacturer s standard colors.
17. Range Hood Shell: Same as range hoods above without fan and without light.
 - a. Size: 610 mm (24 inches) or 760 mm (30 inches) wide as scheduled, by 150 mm (6 inches) high by 445 mm (17.5 inches) deep.
 - b. Color: As selected from manufacturer standard colors.

EXECUTION

Examination

18. Site Verification of Conditions:
 - a. Utilities: Verify that required utilities are available, in proper locations, and ready for use.
 - b. Cabinets: Verify that adjacent residential cabinets and range hood are coordinated.

Preparation

19. Existing Range Hoods: Remove existing range hoods and debris from site.

Installation

20. General: Install range hoods in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Electrical Hook-up: See electrical specifications.

Cleaning

21. Cleaning: Comply with requirements of Division 1.

Schedules

22. Provide range hoods as selected in following schedule:

- Remove existing range hoods.
- Supply and Deliver Only to _____.
- Unloading and handling included.
- Supply and Install.
- Range Hood (with fan, filter, and light).
- 760 mm (30 inches) wide.
- 610 mm (24 inches) wide.
- Range Hood Shell.
- 760 mm (30 inches) wide.
- 610 mm (24 inches) wide.

END OF SECTION11 30 13 13d

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
11 30 13 23	11 30 13 13	Residential Appliances
11 30 33 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 11 52 13 13 - PROJECTION SCREENS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for projection screens. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Manually operated projection screens.
 - b. Electrically operated projection screens and controls.
 - c. Rigid rear-projection screens.

C. Definitions

1. Gain of Front-Projection Screens: Ratio of light reflected from screen material to that reflected perpendicularly from a magnesium carbonate surface as determined per SMPTE RP 94.
2. Gain of Rear-Projection Screens: Ratio of light refracted by screen material to that reflected perpendicularly from a magnesium carbonate surface as determined per SMPTE RP 94, except that for measuring luminance of test screen, projection lamp shall be placed behind screen same distance as it was placed in front of magnesium carbonate surface for measuring luminance of reference standard.
3. Half-Gain Angle: The angle, measured from the axis of the screen surface to the most central position on a perpendicular plane through the horizontal centerline of the screen where the gain is half of the peak gain.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For projection screens. Show layouts and types of projection screens. Include the following:
 - a. For manually operated projection screens:
 - 1) Drop lengths.
 - 2) Anchorage details.
 - 3) Accessories.
 - b. For electrically operated projection screens and controls:
 - 1) Location of screen centerline relative to ends of screen case.
 - 2) Location of wiring connections for electrically operated units.
 - 3) Location of seams in viewing surfaces.
 - 4) Drop lengths.
 - 5) Anchorage details, including connection to supporting structure for suspended units.
 - 6) Details of juncture of exposed surfaces with adjacent finishes.
 - 7) Accessories.
 - 8) Wiring diagrams.
 - c. For rigid rear-projection screens:
 - 1) Frame details.
 - 2) Anchorage details.
 - 3) Details of juncture of exposed surfaces with adjacent finishes.
 - 4) Accessories.
3. Maintenance Data: For projection screens to include in maintenance manuals.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install projection screens until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
2. Store rear-projection screens in manufacturer's protective packaging and according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Manually Operated Projection Screens

1. General: Manufacturer's standard spring-roller-operated units, consisting of case, screen, mounting accessories, and other components necessary for a complete installation.
 - a. Screen Mounting: Top edge securely anchored to a 3-inch- (75-mm-) diameter, rigid steel roller; bottom edge formed into a pocket holding a tubular metal slat, with ends of slat protected by plastic caps, and with a saddle and pull attached to slat by screws.
 - b. Tab Tensioning: Provide units that have a durable low-stretch cord, such as braided polyester, on each side of screen connected to edge of screen by tabs to pull screen flat horizontally. In lieu of tab tensioning, screens may be constructed from vinyl-coated screen cloth that contains horizontal stiffening monofilaments to resist edge curling, **as directed**.
2. Bracket-Mounted or Ceiling-Suspended, Metal-Encased, Manually Operated Screens: Units designed and fabricated for suspending from wall brackets or ceiling, fabricated from formed-steel sheet not less than 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) thick or from aluminum extrusions; with vinyl covering or baked-enamel finish and matching end caps. Provide mounting brackets unless otherwise indicated.
3. Surface-Mounted, Metal-Encased, Manually Operated Screens: Units designed and fabricated for surface mounting on wall or ceiling, fabricated from formed-steel sheet not less than 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) thick or from aluminum extrusions; with flat back design and vinyl covering or baked-enamel finish. Provide units with matching end caps and concealed mounting.
4. Surface-Mounted, Wood-Finished, Manually Operated Screens: Units designed and fabricated for surface mounting on wall or ceiling; with flat back design, hardwood finish, and concealed mounting brackets.
 - a. Hardwood: Oak **OR** Walnut **OR** Cherry **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range of species, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

B. Electrically Operated Projection Screens

1. General: Manufacturer's standard units consisting of case, screen, motor, controls, mounting accessories, and other components necessary for a complete installation. Provide units that are listed and labeled as an assembly by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, **as directed**.
 - a. Controls: Remote, key-operated, **as directed**, three-position control switch installed in recessed device box with flush cover plate matching other electrical device cover plates in room where switch is installed.
 - 1) Provide two **OR** three, **as directed**, control switches for each screen.
 - 2) Provide number of control switches indicated for each screen.
 - 3) Provide power supply for low-voltage systems if required.
 - 4) Provide locking cover plates for switches.
 - 5) Provide key-operated, power-supply switch.
 - 6) Provide infrared **OR** radio-frequency, **as directed**, remote control consisting of battery-powered transmitter and receiver.
 - 7) Provide video interface control for connecting to projector. Projector provides signal to raise or lower screen.
 - b. Motor in Roller: Instant-reversing motor of size and capacity recommended by screen manufacturer; with permanently lubricated ball bearings, automatic thermal-overload

- protection, preset limit switches to automatically stop screen in up and down positions, and positive-stop action to prevent coasting. Mount motor inside roller with vibration isolators to reduce noise transmission.
- c. End-Mounted Motor: Instant-reversing, gear-drive motor of size and capacity recommended by screen manufacturer; with permanently lubricated ball bearings, automatic thermal-overload protection, preset limit switches to automatically stop screen in up and down positions, and positive-stop action to prevent coasting. Locate motor in its own compartment on right end of screen unless otherwise indicated **OR** on left end of screen unless otherwise indicated **OR** on end of screen indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Screen Mounting: Top edge securely anchored to rigid metal roller and bottom edge formed into a pocket holding a 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter metal rod with ends of rod protected by plastic caps.
 - 1) Roller for end-mounted motor supported by self-aligning bearings in brackets.
 - 2) Roller for motor in roller supported by vibration- and noise-absorbing supports.
 - e. Tab Tensioning: Provide units that have a durable low-stretch cord, such as braided polyester, on each side of screen connected to edge of screen by tabs to pull screen flat horizontally. In lieu of tab tensioning, screens may be constructed from vinyl-coated screen cloth that contains horizontal stiffening monofilaments to resist edge curling.
2. Surface-Mounted, Metal-Encased, Electrically Operated Screens: Motor-in-roller **OR** End-mounted motor, **as directed**, units designed and fabricated for surface mounting on wall or ceiling, fabricated from formed-steel sheet not less than 0.027 inch (0.7 mm) thick or from aluminum extrusions; with flat back design and vinyl covering or baked-enamel finish. Provide with matching end caps and concealed mounting.
 3. Surface-Mounted, Wood-Finished, Electrically Operated Screens: Motor in roller units designed and fabricated for surface mounting on wall or ceiling; with flat back design, hardwood finish, and concealed mounting brackets.
 - a. Hardwood: Oak **OR** Walnut **OR** Cherry **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range of species, **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 4. Suspended, Electrically Operated Screens without Ceiling Closure: Motor-in-roller **OR** End-mounted motor, **as directed**, units designed and fabricated for suspended mounting, with bottom of case entirely or partially open under screen compartment.
 - a. Provide metal or metal-lined motor enclosure on units with end-mounted motor.
 - b. Provide metal or metal-lined wiring compartment on units with motor in roller.
 - c. Screen Case: Made from metal **OR** metal and fire-retardant materials **OR** metal, wood, wood products, and fire-retardant materials, **as directed**.
 - d. Provide screen case with trim flange to receive ceiling finish **OR** constructed to be installed with underside flush with ceiling **OR** constructed to be installed with ceiling finish applied to underside, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish on Exposed Surfaces: Prime painted **OR** Vinyl covering or baked enamel, **as directed**.
 5. Suspended, Electrically Operated Screens with Automatic Ceiling Closure: Motor-in-roller **OR** End-mounted motor, **as directed**, units designed and fabricated for suspended mounting; with bottom of case composed of two panels, fully enclosing screen, motor, and wiring; one panel hinged and designed to open and close automatically when screen is lowered and fully raised, the other removable or openable for access to interior of case.
 - a. Provide metal or metal-lined motor enclosure on units with end-mounted motor.
 - b. Provide metal or metal-lined wiring compartment on units with motor in roller.
 - c. Screen Case: Made from metal **OR** metal and fire-retardant materials **OR** metal, wood, wood products, and fire-retardant materials, **as directed**.
 - d. Provide screen case with trim flange to receive ceiling finish **OR** constructed to be installed with underside flush with ceiling **OR** constructed to be installed with ceiling finish applied to underside, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish on Exposed Surfaces: Prime painted **OR** Vinyl covering or baked enamel, **as directed**.

C. Front-Projection Screen Material

1. Matte-White Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 0.9, and gain not less than 0.8 at an angle of 50 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 2. Matte-Gray Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 0.8, and half-gain angle of not less than 50 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 3. Glass-Beaded Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 2.0, and half-gain angle of at least 15 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 4. Matte Reflective Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 1.3, and half-gain angle of at least 40 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 5. Wide-Angle Reflective Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 1.5, and half-gain angle of at least 35 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 6. Multipurpose Reflective Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 1.8, and half-gain angle of at least 25 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 7. High-Gain Reflective Viewing Surface: Peak gain not less than 2.5, and half-gain angle of at least 20 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 8. Material: Vinyl-coated, glass-fiber fabric or vinyl sheet.
 9. Mildew-Resistance Rating: 0 or 1 when tested according to ASTM G 21.
 10. Flame Resistance: Passes NFPA 701.
 11. Flame-Spread Index: Not greater than 75 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 12. Seams: Where length of screen indicated exceeds maximum length produced without seams in material specified, provide screen with horizontal seam placed as follows:
 - a. At top **OR** bottom, **as directed**, of screen at juncture between extra drop length and viewing surface.
 - b. In location indicated.
 13. Seamless Construction: Provide screens, in sizes indicated, without seams.
 14. Edge Treatment: Black **OR** Without black, **as directed**, masking borders.
 15. Size of Viewing Surface: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 16. Provide extra drop length of dimensions and at locations indicated.
 - a. Color: Same as viewing surface **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- D. Flexible Rear-Projection Screen Material
1. Wide-Angle Screens: Peak gain not less than 1.0, and half-gain angle of at least 35 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 2. Moderate-Gain Screens: Peak gain not less than 1.3, and half-gain angle of at least 30 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 3. High-Gain Screens: Peak gain not less than 1.8, and half-gain angle of at least 15 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 4. Material: Coated vinyl sheet.
 5. Mildew-Resistance Rating: 0 or 1 when tested according to ASTM G 21.
 6. Flame Resistance: Passes NFPA 701.
 7. Flame-Spread Index: Not greater than 75 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 8. Seamless Construction: Provide screens, in sizes indicated, without seams.
 9. Size of Viewing Surface: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 10. Provide extra drop length of dimensions and at locations indicated.
 - a. Color: Same as viewing surface **OR** Black, **as directed**.
- E. Optically Coated Rigid Rear-Projection Screens
1. Screen Substrate: Optically clear substrate complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Clear float glass complying with ASTM C 1036 for Type I (transparent glass, flat), Class 1 (clear), and Quality q3 (glazing select), 6.0 mm thick **OR** 10.0 mm thick **OR** 12.0 mm thick **OR** thickness as indicated, **as directed**.

- b. Colorless, transparent, cast-acrylic sheet with a luminous transmittance of 92 percent per ASTM D 1003 and complying with ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast), Finish 1 (smooth or polished), 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) thick **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick **OR** thickness as indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Fresnel lens cast from colorless, transparent, acrylic with a luminous transmittance of 92 percent per ASTM D 1003 and complying with ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast), Finish 1 (smooth or polished) on one side and Finish 2 (patterned) on other side, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) thick **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick **OR** thickness as indicated, **as directed**.
 - 2. Optical Coating: Durable, washable coating bonded to one side of substrate.
 - 3. Wide-Angle Screens: Peak gain not less than 1.0, and half-gain angle of at least 35 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - 4. Moderate-Gain Screens: Peak gain not less than 1.3, and half-gain angle of at least 30 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - 5. General-Purpose Screens: Peak gain of not less than 1.8, and half-gain angle of at least 28 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - 6. High-Gain Screens: Peak gain not less than 2.0, and half-gain angle of at least 20 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - 7. Optical Tint: High-contrast dark gray **OR** Medium neutral gray **OR** Neutral white **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 8. Protective Coating: Provide formulation designed by screen manufacturer as a permanent topcoat over optical coatings to protect against normal abrasion before, during, and after installation.
 - 9. Writing-Surface Coating: Provide screen manufacturer's protective coating, designed as a writing surface for dry-erase markers, on front of screen.
 - 10. Size of Viewing Surface: 40 by 54 inches (1016 by 1371 mm) **OR** 43 by 57 inches (1092 by 1447 mm) **OR** 50 by 67 inches (1270 by 1701 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 60 by 80 inches (1524 by 2032 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
- F. High-Performance Rigid Rear-Projection Screens
- 1. High-Performance Screens, General: Acrylic screen with Fresnel lens on rear surface and linear lenses on front surface.
 - a. Screen Substrate: Optically clear acrylic with a luminous transmittance of 92 percent per ASTM D 1003 and complying with ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell cast), Finish 2 (patterned), 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick **OR** 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) thick **OR** 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick **OR** thickness as indicated, **as directed**.
 - 2. Performance:
 - a. Peak gain not less than 3.0 **OR** 4.0, **as directed**, and horizontal half-gain angle of at least 50 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - b. Peak gain of 3.5 **OR** 4.0, **as directed**, and horizontal half-gain angle of at least 30 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - c. Performance: Peak gain of 5.0, and horizontal half-gain angle of at least 25 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - d. Performance: Peak gain not less than 1.5 **OR** 3.0, **as directed**, and horizontal half-gain angle of at least 20 degrees from the axis of the screen surface.
 - 3. Size of Viewing Surface: 40 by 54 inches (1016 by 1371 mm) **OR** 43 by 57 inches (1092 by 1447 mm) **OR** 50 by 67 inches (1270 by 1701 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 60 by 80 inches (1524 by 2032 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
- G. Rigid Rear-Projection Screen Accessories
- 1. Factory Frames: Screen manufacturer's standard frames of profile indicated, fabricated to sizes required to fit screens from aluminum extrusions complying with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M) for 6063-T5 alloy and temper.
 - a. Class II, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class II, clear coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - b. Class II, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural

Class II, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.010 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.

- 1) Color: Black **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Either black or dark bronze, as standard with manufacturer, **as directed**.
2. Glazing Accessories for Factory Frames: Provide gaskets and setting blocks with proven record of compatibility with screen and frame surfaces, of sizes and shapes to accommodate thickness of screen indicated and to fit glazing channel provided.
3. Glazing Accessories for Field-Framed Screens: Provide materials compatible with screen and frame surfaces while complying with applicable requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Front-Projection Screen Installation

1. Install front-projection screens at locations indicated to comply with screen manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Install front-projection screens with screen cases in position and in relation to adjoining construction indicated. Securely anchor to supporting substrate in a manner that produces a smoothly operating screen with vertical edges plumb and viewing surface flat when screen is lowered.
 - a. Install low-voltage controls according to NFPA 70 and complying with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1) Wiring Method: Install wiring in raceway except in accessible ceiling spaces and in gypsum board partitions where unenclosed wiring method may be used. Use UL-listed plenum cable in environmental air spaces, including plenum ceilings. Conceal raceway and cables except in unfinished spaces.
 - b. Test electrically operated units to verify that screen controls, limit switches, closures, and other operating components are in optimum functioning condition.
 - c. Test manually operated units to verify that screen-operating components are in optimum functioning condition.

B. Rigid Rear-Projection Screen Installation

1. Install rear-projection screens at locations indicated to comply with screen manufacturer's written instructions. Handle screens carefully during installation using procedures and tools recommended by screen manufacturer; do not abrade screen surfaces.
2. Install optically coated rear-projection screens with optical coating toward projector **OR** audience, **as directed**.
3. Install high-performance, rear-projection screens with orientation as indicated in manufacturer's written instructions.
4. Install factory-framed, rear-projection screens in prepared wall openings. Securely anchor frames to surrounding construction so frames are plumb and level and screen surfaces are flat.
5. Install rear-projection screens with glass substrates, in frames specified in other Sections, to comply with applicable requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with screen manufacturer's written instructions. Set projection screen with surfaces flat and edges plumb and level.
6. Install rear-projection screens with plastic substrates, in frames specified in other Sections, to comply with screen manufacturer's written instructions. Clamp units only at top edge and allow for expansion and contraction of plastic glazing material by providing frame with adequate bite and edge clearances.

C. Protecting And Cleaning Rigid Rear-Projection Screens

1. Provide temporary covering of rear-projection screens until time of Final Completion. Use type of covering approved by screen manufacturer that will effectively protect screen from abrasion, breakage, or other damage.
2. Clean rear-projection screens on both faces immediately before date scheduled for inspection intended to establish date of Final Completion. Use methods and cleaning materials

recommended by screen manufacturer, taking care not to scratch or damage optical coatings or screen substrates.

D. Projection Screen Schedule

1. Manually Operated, Front-Projection Screen Type: Surface mounted, metal encased **OR** Surface mounted, wood finished, **as directed**.
 - a. Screen Surface: Matte white **OR** Matte gray **OR** Glass beaded **OR** Matte reflective **OR** Wide-angle reflective **OR** Multipurpose reflective **OR** High-gain reflective, **as directed**.
 - b. Viewing Surface Size: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Extra Drop Length: As needed at top of screen for bottom of screen to be 36 inches (900 mm) above floor and 36 inches (900 mm) at bottom of screen, **as directed**.
2. Electrically Operated, Front-Projection Screen Type: Surface mounted, metal encased **OR** Surface mounted, wood finished **OR** Suspended, without ceiling closure **OR** Suspended, with automatic ceiling closure, **as directed**.
 - a. Motor Configuration: Motor in roller **OR** End-mounted motor on right end of screen **OR** End-mounted motor on left end of screen **OR** End-mounted motor on end of screen indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Screen Surface: Matte white **OR** Matte gray **OR** Glass beaded **OR** Matte reflective **OR** Wide-angle reflective **OR** Multipurpose reflective **OR** High-gain reflective, **as directed**.
 - c. Viewing Surface Size: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Extra Drop Length: As needed at top of screen for bottom of screen to be 36 inches (900 mm) above floor and 36 inches (900 mm) at bottom of screen, **as directed**.
3. Manually Operated, Rear-Projection Screen Type: Surface mounted, metal encased **OR** Surface mounted, wood finished, **as directed**.
 - a. Screen Type: Wide angle **OR** Moderate gain **OR** High gain, **as directed**.
 - b. Viewing Surface Size: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Extra Drop Length: As needed at top of screen for bottom of screen to be 36 inches (900 mm) above floor and 36 inches (900 mm) at bottom of screen, **as directed**.
4. Electrically Operated, Rear-Projection Screen Type: Surface mounted, metal encased **OR** Surface mounted, wood finished **OR** Suspended, without ceiling closure **OR** Suspended, with automatic ceiling closure, **as directed**.
 - a. Motor Configuration: Motor in roller **OR** End-mounted motor on right end of screen **OR** End-mounted motor on left end of screen **OR** End-mounted motor on end of screen indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Screen Type: Wide angle **OR** Moderate gain **OR** High gain, **as directed**.
 - c. Viewing Surface Size: 50 by 50 inches (1270 by 1270 mm) **OR** 60 by 60 inches (1524 by 1524 mm) **OR** 70 by 70 inches (1778 by 1778 mm) **OR** 84 by 84 inches (2133 by 2133 mm) **OR** 48 by 65 inches (1219 by 1651 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 58 by 79 inches (1473 by 2006 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
 - d. Extra Drop Length: As needed at top of screen for bottom of screen to be 36 inches (900 mm) above floor and 36 inches (900 mm) at bottom of screen, **as directed**.
5. Rigid Rear-Projection Screen Type: Optically coated screen.
 - a. Screen Substrate: Glass **OR** Acrylic, **as directed**.
 - b. Screen Type: Wide angle **OR** Moderate gain **OR** General purpose **OR** High gain, **as directed**.
 - c. Optical Tint: High-contrast dark gray **OR** Medium neutral gray **OR** Neutral white, **as directed**.
 - d. Size of Viewing Surface: 40 by 54 inches (1016 by 1371 mm) **OR** 43 by 57 inches (1092 by 1447 mm) **OR** 50 by 67 inches (1270 by 1701 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm)

- mm) **OR** 60 by 80 inches (1524 by 2032 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
- e. Additional Features: Protective coating **OR** Writing surface coating **OR** Factory frame, **as directed**.
6. Rigid Rear-Projection Screen Type: High-performance screen.
- a. Gain: Not less than 1.5 **OR** 3 **OR** 3.5 **OR** 4 **OR** 5, **as directed**.
- b. Horizontal Half-Gain Angle: At least 20 **OR** 25 **OR** 30 **OR** 50, **as directed**, degrees from screen axis.
- c. Size of Viewing Surface: 40 by 54 inches (1016 by 1371 mm) **OR** 43 by 57 inches (1092 by 1447 mm) **OR** 50 by 67 inches (1270 by 1701 mm) **OR** 54 by 72 inches (1371 by 1828 mm) **OR** 60 by 80 inches (1524 by 2032 mm) **OR** 72 by 96 inches (1828 by 2438 mm), **as directed**.
- d. Additional Features: Factory frame.

END OF SECTION 11 52 13 13

Task	Specification	Specification Description
11 52 13 13	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
11 52 13 16	11 52 13 13	Projection Screens
11 52 16 26	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 11 66 23 53 - GYMNASIUM EQUIPMENT

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gymnasium equipment. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following gymnasium equipment:
 - a. Basketball equipment.
 - b. Volleyball equipment.
 - c. Badminton equipment.
 - d. Exercise equipment.
 - e. Safety pads.

C. Definitions

1. FIBA: International Basketball Federation (Federation Internationale de Basketball Amateur).
2. FIVB: International Volleyball Federation (Federation Internationale de Volleyball).
3. IBF: International Badminton Federation.
4. NAGWS: The National Association for Girls and Women in Sport.
5. NCAA: The National Collegiate Athletic Association.
6. NFHS: The National Federation of State High School Associations.
7. USAV: USA Volleyball.

D. Performance Requirements

1. Seismic Performance: Provide basketball backboards capable of withstanding the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads."

E. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For particleboard, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: For gymnasium equipment. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments to other work.
4. Structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation including loads, point reactions, and locations for attachment of gymnasium equipment to structure.
5. Coordination Drawings: Court layout plans, drawn to scale, and coordinating floor inserts, game lines, and markers applied to finished flooring.
6. Samples: For each type of gymnasium equipment indicated.
7. Operation and maintenance data.
8. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

F. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products **OR** An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer, **as directed**.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Composite Wood Products: Made without urea formaldehyde.

G. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of gymnasium equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - a. Extruded Bars, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
 - b. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 179.
 - c. Flat Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
2. Steel: Comply with the following:
 - a. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - b. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500 or ASTM A 513, cold formed.
 - c. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
3. Support Cable: 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter, 7x19 **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, galvanized steel aircraft cable with a breaking strength of 7000 lb (3175 kg). Provide fittings complying with cable manufacturer's written instructions for size, number, and method of installation.
4. Support Chain and Fittings: Grade 80 hardened alloy steel chain rated for overhead lifting, ASTM A 391/A 391M, with commercial-quality, hot-dip galvanized **OR** zinc-plated, **as directed**, steel connectors and hangars.
5. Castings and Hangers: Malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, grade required for structural loading.
6. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1, exterior.
7. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.
8. Equipment Wall-Mounting Board: Wood, transparent **OR** neutral-color painted, **as directed**, finish, size, and quantity as required to mount gymnasium equipment according to manufacturer's written instructions.
9. Anchors, Fasteners, Fittings and Hardware: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant or noncorrodible units; concealed; tamperproof, vandal- and theft-resistant design.
10. Grout: Nonshrink, nonmetallic, premixed, factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107 with minimum strength recommended in writing by gymnasium equipment manufacturer.

B. Basketball Equipment

1. General: Provide equipment complying with requirements in FIBA's "FIBA Basketball Rule Book **OR** NCAA's "NCAA Basketball Rule Book **OR** NFHS's "NFHS Basketball Rule Book," **as directed**.
2. Protruding fasteners or exposed bolt heads on front face of backboards are not permitted.
3. Overhead-Supported, Wall-Braced, **as directed**, Backboard:
 - a. Stationary Type: Manufacturer's standard assembly.
 - b. Folding Type: Provide manufacturer's standard assembly for forward-folding, front-braced **OR** forward-folding, rear-braced **OR** backward-folding **OR** side-folding, **as directed**, backboard, with hardware and fittings to permit folding.
 - c. Framing: Steel pipe, tubing, and shapes. Design framing to minimize vibration during play.
 - 1) Center-Mast Frame: Welded **OR** Welded and bolted or clamped, **as directed**, with side sway bracing.
 - 2) Dual-Mast Frame: Welded **OR** Welded and bolted or clamped, **as directed**, with cross bracing.
 - 3) Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer for field finishing **OR** powder-coat finish, **as directed**.
 - d. Goal Height Adjuster: Adjustable from 8 to 10 feet (2.4 to 3 m) with gear-drive mechanism, locking in any position within adjustment range, with visible height scale attached to side of framing.

- 1) Operation: Manual with detachable crank handle.
OR
 Operation: Electric with integral gear-drive motor, with limit switches preset to goal heights, and one detachable electric control device(s).
4. Wall-Mounted Backboards: Complete assembly extending from wall, including support framing to building structure, bracing, cables, chains, pulleys, fittings, hardware, pipe anchors, equipment pads, and fasteners.
 - a. Stationary Type: Provide manufacturer's standard assembly for stationary backboard.
 - b. Folding Type: Provide manufacturer's standard assembly for upward-folding **OR** side-folding, **as directed**, backboard, with hardware and fittings to permit folding.
 - c. Framing: Steel pipe, tubing, and shapes. Design framing to minimize vibration during play.
 - 1) Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer for field finishing **OR** powder-coat finish, **as directed**.
 - d. Extension: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 24 to 48 inches (610 to 1220 mm) **OR** 48 to 120 inches (1220 to 3050 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - e. Goal Height Adjuster: Adjustable from 8 to 10 feet (2.4 to 3 m) with gear-drive mechanism, locking in any position within adjustment range, with visible height scale attached to side of framing.
 - 1) Operation: Manual with detachable crank handle.
OR
 Operation: Electric with integral gear-drive motor, with limit switches preset to goal heights, and one detachable electric control device(s).
5. Backboard Safety Device: Designed to limit free fall if support cable, support chain, pulleys, fittings, winch, or related components fail; with mechanical automatic reset; 6000-lb (2722-kg) load capacity; one per folding backboard **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
 - a. Retractor Device: Pulley-type **OR** Spring-activated, reel-type **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, device designed to retract both support and safety cables, chains, and straps away from play of the basketball when backboard is in playing position; one per folding backboard **OR** where indicated, **as directed**.
6. Winch: Hoist, consisting of heavy-duty, fully enclosed worm-gear, brake, cable drum, cable, and fittings, for mounting on wall with equipment mounting board; designed to move and hold backboard in any raised or lowered position.
 - a. Operation: Manual winch with detachable hand crank.
 - b. Portable Winch Operator: One portable electric motor-drive device(s), including adaptor to fit crank mechanism.
7. Backboard Electric Operator: Provide operating machine of size and capacity recommended by manufacturer for equipment specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, and remote controls. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
 - a. Operator Type: Cable drum with grooved drum and cable tension device to automatically take up cable slack and retain cable in grooves.
 - b. Operator Mounting: Wall-mounting board.
 - c. Motor Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, reverse, and operate connected loads at designated speeds within installed environment and with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate rating or considering service factor. Comply with NEMA MG 1, and the following:
 - d. Voltage: 120 V **OR** 208-220 V **OR** NEMA standard voltage selected to operate on nominal circuit voltage to which motor is connected, **as directed**.
 - e. Horsepower: 1/2 **OR** 3/4 **OR** 1, **as directed**, hp.
 - f. Enclosure: Open dripproof **OR** Totally enclosed **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - g. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F (40 deg C) and at altitude of 3300 feet (1005 m) above sea level.
 - h. Service Factor: 1.15 for open dripproof motors; 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.
 - i. Phase: One.

- j. Remote-Control Station(s): NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface **OR** recessed or flush, **as directed**, mounting, momentary-contact, three-position switch-operated control with up, down, and off functions.
- 1) Group Key Switch Control Stations: One switch per each backboard **OR** two backboards, **as directed**.
 - 2) Keys: Provide one key **OR** two keys **OR** one set of dual keys **OR** two sets of dual keys **OR** dual keys, one key for up and one for down, **as directed**, per station.
 - 3) Switches, Ganged: Single faceplate with multiple switch cut-outs for two switches operating four backboards **OR** for three switches operating six backboards **OR** for four switches operating eight backboards **OR** for 5 switches operating 10 backboards **OR** for 6 switches operating 12 backboards **OR** as indicated, **as directed**.
 - 4) Control Station Enclosure: Provide prime-painted metal enclosure with integrally formed padlock hasps **OR** key access with two sets of keys per enclosure, **as directed**.
 - 5) Radio Controls: Digital system consisting of code-compatible universal coaxial receiver, one per backboard winch, and two portable multiple-channel transmitters for operating two **OR** four **OR** up to nine, **as directed**, backboards individually with up and down functions.
- k. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop basketball equipment at fully retracted and fully lowered positions.
8. Basketball Backboard:
- a. Shape and Size:
 - 1) Rectangular, 72 by 42 inches (1800 by 1050 mm) **OR** 72 by 48 inches (1800 by 1200 mm), **as directed**, width by height, with rounded corners, **as directed**.
 - 2) Fan shaped, 54-inch (1370-mm) maximum width by 35-inch (890-mm) **OR** 39-inch (990-mm), **as directed**, maximum height.
 - b. Backboard Material: With predrilled holes or preset inserts for mounting goals, and as follows:
 - 1) Fiberglass: Not less than 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) thick composite backboard consisting of not less than two 3/16-inch- (5-mm-) thick, molded fiberglass panels laminated together over faces and edges encapsulating a 3/4-inch (19-mm) honeycomb core, reinforced at goal and backboard mountings, or wood panel product core; with threaded inserts or embedded anchors for mounting backboard corners to support framing at standard mounting centers.
 - 2) Glass: Not less than 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick, transparent tempered glass. Provide glass with impact-absorbing resilient rubber or PVC gasket around perimeter in a fully welded, painted steel **OR** brushed-natural-finish, extruded-aluminum, **as directed**, frame, with steel subframe, reinforcement, and bracing, including center-strut frame reinforcement, **as directed**, and with mounting slots for mounting backboard frame to backboard support framing.
 - a) Standard Mount: Provide steel corner reinforcement with mounting slots for mounting backboard frame to backboard support framing at standard mounting centers.
 - b) Direct Mount: Designed for mounting backboard frame to center mast of backboard framing to maximize relief of stresses on backboard frame and glass.
 - c) Rim-Restraining Device: Complying with NCAA and NFHS rules and designed to ensure that basket remains attached if glass backboard breaks.
 - 3) Steel: Single-piece, steel face sheet, not less than 0.1046-inch (2.7-mm) nominal thickness, with 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) deep, roll-edged perimeter flange and with steel-reinforced, welded frame welded to back side of backboard; with mounting slots for mounting backboard frame to backboard support framing at standard mounting centers.
 - 4) Hardwood or Particleboard: Not less than 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) thick backboard consisting of not less than 1/32-inch- (0.8-mm-) thick, melamine- or phenolic-resin-impregnated cellulose and paper laminate over front and back sides of 1-1/2-inch

- (38-mm) hardwood or particleboard core; with painted edges and corners and with threaded inserts or slotted brackets for mounting backboard corners to backboard support framing at standard mounting centers.
- c. Target Area and Border Markings: Permanently etched in white color, marked in pattern and stripe width according to referenced rules **OR** manufacturer's standard pattern and stripe width, **as directed**.
 - d. Target Area and Border Markings: Marked in pattern, stripe width, and color according to referenced rules **OR** orange, with manufacturer's standard pattern and stripe width **OR** black, with manufacturer's standard pattern and stripe width, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish: Manufacturer's standard factory-applied, white background.
9. Goal Mounting Assembly: Compatible with goal, backboard, and support framing; with hole pattern 5 inches (127 mm) o.c. horizontally and vertically **OR** 5 inches (127 mm) o.c. horizontally and 4 inches (102 mm) o.c. vertically **OR** 5 inches (127 mm) o.c. horizontally and 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) o.c. vertically **OR** that is manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, for goal attachment.
- a. Glass Backboard Goal Mounting Assembly: Goal support framing and reinforcement designed to transmit load from goal to backboard frame and to minimize stresses on glass backboard.
 - b. Direct Mount: Designed for mounting goal directly and independently to center mast of backboard support framing so no force, transmitted by ring, is directly applied to backboard and rigidity and stability of goal are maximized.
10. Basketball Goals: Complete with flanges, braces, attachment plate, and evenly spaced loops welded around underside of ring.
- a. Single-Rim Basket Ring Competition Goal: Materials, dimensions, and fabrication complying with referenced rules **OR** per manufacturer's standard design, **as directed**.
 - b. Double-Rim Basket Ring: Fabricated with 2 rims, each consisting of 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) diameter **OR** consisting of one 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter and one 5/8-inch- (16-mm-) diameter **OR** manufacturer's standard-diameter, **as directed**, steel rod welded into 18-inch (450-mm) ID rings.
 - c. Type: Fixed, nonmovable.
OR
 Type: Movable, breakaway design with manufacturer's standard breakaway mechanism and rebound characteristics identical to those of fixed, nonmovable ring.
OR
 Type: Movable, breakaway design with manufacturer's standard breakaway mechanism including positive-lock, preset pressure release, set to release at 230-lb (105-kg) **OR** 180- and 230-lb (82- and 105-kg), **as directed**, load, and automatic reset. Provide movable ring with rebound characteristics identical to those of fixed, nonmovable ring.
 - d. Mount: Front **OR** Rear, **as directed**.
 - e. Net Attachment: Loops for tying net to rim **OR** No-tie loops for attaching net to rim without tying **OR** Tube-tie for attaching net to rim, **as directed**.
 - f. Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Powder-coat, **as directed**, finish.
11. Basketball Nets: 12-loop-mesh net, between 15 and 18 inches (400 to 450 mm) long, sized to fit rim diameter, and as follows:
- a. Cord: Made from white cotton **OR** nylon **OR** plastic, **as directed**.
 - b. Competition Cord: Antiwhip, made from white nylon cord not less than 120- or more than 144-gm thread.
 - c. Chain: Nontangle, nonstretch design that will not scratch or impede the ball, made from zinc-coated steel chain.
12. Backboard Safety Pads: Designed for backboard thickness indicated and extending continuously along bottom and up sides of backboard and over goal mounting and backboard supports as required by referenced rules **OR** per manufacturer's standard design **OR** indicated, **as directed**.
- a. Attachment: Peel-and-stick tape **OR** Adhesive **OR** Bolt-on **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - b. Color: Black **OR** Gray **OR** Manufacturer's standard color **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

C. Volleyball Equipment

1. General: Provide equipment complying with requirements in FIVB's "Official Volleyball Rules **OR** NAGWS's "NAGWS Volleyball Rulebook **OR** NFHS's "NFHS Volleyball Rule Book **OR** USAV's "USA Volleyball Rule Book," **as directed**.
2. Floor Insert: Solid-brass **OR** Chrome-finished steel **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**, floor plate; and steel pipe sleeve, concealed by floor plate, with capped bottom end, sized with ID to fit post standards, not less than 9 inches (230 mm) long **OR** 12 inches (300 mm) long **OR** length required, **as directed**, to securely anchor pipe sleeve in structural floor **OR** below finished floor in concrete footing **OR** as indicated, **as directed**; with anchors designed for securing floor insert to floor substrate indicated; one per post standard **OR** quantity as indicated, **as directed**.
 - a. Floor Plate: Self-locking, **OR** Lockable, **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, hinged access cover, designed to be flush with adjacent flooring. Provide one **OR** two, **as directed**, tool(s) for unlocking access covers.
OR
Floor Plate: Self-locking, **OR** Lockable, **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, hinged access cover, recessed to accept finish flooring matching and designed to be level with adjacent flooring. Provide one **OR** two, **as directed**, tool(s) for unlocking access covers.
OR
Floor Plate: Lockable swivel access cover, designed for use with floating wood floors and to be flush with adjacent flooring. Provide one **OR** two, **as directed**, tool(s) for unlocking access covers.
3. Post Standards: Removable, paired volleyball post standards and center post standard for multicourt play as indicated. Fixed **OR** Adjustable, telescoping, **as directed**, height. Designed for easy removal from permanently placed floor insert supports. Fabricated from steel **OR** extruded-aluminum **OR** combined steel and extruded-aluminum **OR** manufacturer's standard metal, **as directed**, pipe or tubing, with nonmarking plastic or rubber end cap or floor bumper to protect permanent flooring. Finished with manufacturer's standard factory-applied, baked powder-coating finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation including pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness or plated metal finish.
 - a. Nominal Pipe or Tubing Diameter: 3-inch (75-mm) **OR** 3-1/2-inch (89-mm) **OR** 4-inch (102-mm), **as directed**, OD at base.
 - b. Net Height Adjuster: Track or rail system and lock mechanism designed for infinite **OR** Sliding collar and lock mechanism designed for infinite **OR** Preset net hooks designed for incremental **OR** Manufacturer's standard mechanism for, **as directed**, height adjustment, complete with fittings; designed for positioning net at heights indicated.
 - c. Telescopic and Net Height Adjuster System: Provide infinitely adjustable system consisting of screw rod, gear, and crank or constant-tension spring and pulley assist and **OR** incrementally adjustable system with predrilled holes and pin **OR** Manufacturer's standard telescoping system with, **as directed**, locking device, telescopic post, and fittings for holding net at selected height; designed for height adjustment of post standard to position net at heights indicated.
 - 1) Net Heights: Between sitting volleyball net height and boys'/men's volleyball net height, 36 and 95-5/8 inches (910 and 2430 mm) **OR** tennis net height and boys'/men's volleyball net height, 42 and 95-5/8 inches (1066 and 2430 mm) **OR** for age 12 and under net height and boys'/men's volleyball net height, 84 and 95-5/8 inches (2130 and 2430 mm), **as directed**, or more.
 - d. Height Markers: Clearly marked at regulation play heights for elementary school **OR** girls/women **OR** boys/men **OR** sitting volleyball **OR** tennis, **as directed**.
4. Net: 32 feet (9.75 m) long and as follows; 1 per pair of paired post standards **OR** 2 per every center post standard, **as directed**:
 - a. Width and Mesh: 36 inches (910 mm) with 4-1/2-inch- (114-mm-) square mesh made of black polyester string.
 - 1) Hem Band Edges: White, 2-inch- (50-mm-) wide top binding; black, 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) **OR** 1-inch- (25-mm-), **as directed**, wide bottom and side bindings; tie offs at top and bottom of each side end of net; and 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter rope, at least 42 feet (12.8 m) long, threaded through top hem of binding.

- b. Width and Mesh: Competition volleyball net, 36 inches (910 mm) **OR** 39 inches (990 mm), **as directed**, with 4-inch- (102-mm-) square knotless, **as directed**, mesh made of black nylon string.
 - 1) Hem Band Edges: White, not less than 2-inch- (50-mm-) wide top, bottom, and side bindings; tie offs at top, bottom and midpoint of each side end of net **OR** not less than 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide tension straps at top, bottom and midpoint of each side end of net, **as directed**; end sleeves for dowels; and lines with linkage fittings threaded through top and bottom hems of binding. Provide lengths of lines and linkage fittings as required to properly connect to and set up net for post standard spacing indicated on Drawings.
 - a) Top Line: Not less than 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter rope **OR** 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) diameter, galvanized or coated steel cable, **as directed**.
 - b) Bottom Line: Not less than 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter rope **OR** 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) diameter, galvanized or coated steel cable, **as directed**.
- c. Dowels: Not less than 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter fiberglass or 1-inch- (25-mm-) diameter wood. Provide two dowels per net threaded through each side hem sleeve for straightening net side edges.
- d. Net Antennas: 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter, high-tensile-strength, extruded fiberglass or plastic rods, 72 inches (1800 mm) long, extending above top hem band of net, with alternating white and red bands according to competition rules. Provide two antennas per net.
 - 1) Clamps: Designed to secure antenna to top and bottom of net.
- e. Boundary Tape Markers: 2-inch- (50-mm-) wide white strip with sleeve for securing net antenna, **as directed**, secured to net top and bottom with hook-and-loop attachment. Provide two tape markers per net for marking court boundaries.
- 5. Net Tensioning System: Designed to adjust and hold tension of net. Fully enclosed, nonslip worm-gear-type **OR** rack-and-pinion-type **OR** ratchet-type **OR** manufacturer's standard-type, **as directed**, winch with cable length and fittings for connecting to net lines, positive-release mechanism, and permanently fixed **OR** removable **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, handle. Mount net tensioner on post standard at side away from court. Provide end post with post top pulley. Provide opposing post with welded steel loops, hooks, pins, or other devices for net attachment and post top grooved line guide.
- 6. Bottom Net Lock Tightener: Provide manufacturer's standard quick-release-type tension strap, spring-loaded self-locking tensioner, turnbuckle, pulley, or other device and linkage fittings designed to quickly and easily tighten bottom line or net.
- 7. Judges' Stands: Provide manufacturer's standard **OR** standard adjustable-height, **as directed**, units designed to be freestanding, folding for storage **OR** freestanding, folding for storage with wheels for transporting **OR** attached to and supported by post standard, **as directed**. Fabricate units of welded steel tubing with finish and color to match post standards.
- 8. Safety Pads: Comply with NCAA and NFHS requirements, **as directed**. Provide pads consisting of not less than 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-), **as directed**, thick, multiple-impact-resistant polyurethane **OR** crosslinked or closed-cell polyethylene **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, foam filler covered by puncture- and tear-resistant, not less than 14-oz./sq. yd. (475-g/sq. m) PVC-coated polyester, treated with fungicide for mildew resistance, **OR** not less than 14-oz./sq. yd. (475-g/sq. m) nylon-reinforced PVC, **OR** molded PVC, **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, fabric cover; with fire-test-response characteristics indicated, and lined with fire-retardant liner, **as directed**. Provide pads with hook-and-loop closure or attachments for the following components:
 - a. Post Standards: Wraparound **OR** 3- or 4-sided, **as directed**, style, designed to totally enclose each standard to a height of not less than 66 inches (1680 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1830 mm), **as directed**; 1 per post.
 - b. Net Lines: Four per net.
 - c. Judges' Stands: Designed to totally enclose each unit.
 - d. Fabric Cover Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701.
 - e. Fabric Color: Match school colors **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Graphics: Custom graphics as indicated.

9. Post Standard Transporter: Manufacturer's standard wheeled unit designed for transporting a single post.
10. Wall Storage Rack: Manufacturer's standard unit designed for mounting on walls and for storing post standards in vertical position with retaining arms, fittings for padlock, and mounting hardware; number of units as required to provide storage for specified equipment.
11. Storage Cart: Manufacturer's standard wheeled unit designed for transporting and storing volleyball equipment and passing through 36-inch- (910-mm-) wide or wider door openings. Fabricate units of welded steel tubing with heavy-duty casters, including not less than two swivel casters. Fabricate wheels from materials that will not damage or mark floors; number of units as required to provide transport and storage for specified equipment.

D. Badminton Equipment

1. General: Provide equipment complying with requirements in IBF's "The Laws of Badminton."
2. Floor Insert: Solid-brass floor plate with hinged, **as directed**, access cover and steel pipe sleeve with capped bottom end; sized with ID to fit post standards, not less than 5-1/4 inches (133 mm) long **OR** length required, **as directed**, to securely anchor pipe in structural floor **OR** below finished floor in concrete footing **OR** as indicated, **as directed**; one per post standard **OR** quantity as indicated, **as directed**.
3. Floor Insert Adaptor: Pipe sleeve adaptor to convert volleyball floor insert sleeve to fit badminton post standard; one per badminton post standard **OR** quantity as indicated, **as directed**.
4. Post Standards: Paired badminton post standards and center post standard for multicourt play. Designed for easy removal from permanently placed floor insert supports. Fabricated from steel pipe or tubing, with plastic or rubber end cap or nonmarking floor bumper to protect permanent flooring. Finished with manufacturer's standard factory-applied, baked powder-coat finish complying with finish manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation including pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - a. Nominal Pipe or Tubing Diameter: 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) **OR** 2-3/8-inch (60-mm), **as directed**, OD at base.
 - b. Net Height Setting: By preset net hooks.
OR
Net Height Setting: By groove in post standard top and cleat **OR** mechanism to adjust net tension, **as directed**.
5. Net: Competition badminton net, 20 feet (6.1 m) long and as follows; 1 per pair of paired post standards **OR** 2 per every center post standard, **as directed**:
 - a. Width and Mesh: 30 inches (760 mm) with 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) square mesh made of purple, dark brown, or black nylon string.
 - 1) Hem Band Edges: White, 3-inch- (75-mm-) wide top binding; purple, dark brown, or black 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) wide bottom and side bindings; tie offs at top, bottom, and midpoints **OR** sleeve with dowel, **as directed**, eliminating gap at each side end of net; and not less than 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) diameter rope, at least 42 feet (12.8 m) long, threaded through top hem of binding. Provide lengths of lines and linkage fittings as required to properly connect to and set up net for post standard spacing indicated on Drawings.

E. Exercise Equipment

1. General: Manufacturer's standard equipment wall-mounting board(s).
2. Pull-up Bar: Wall mounted.
 - a. Fixed height.
 - b. Adjustable Height: In 6-inch (150-mm) increments within a range of 18 inches (460 mm) **OR** 30 inches (760 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Bar Length: Not less than 36 inches (910 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1000 mm) **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - d. Bar: Not less than 1-1/16-inch- (27-mm-) diameter, round, plated solid-steel bar.
 - e. Support Frame: Steel-angle end brackets attached to wood stringers or steel channels or bars.
 - f. Bar Installation Height and Wall Clearance: As indicated at not less than 12 inches (300 mm) from wall.

3. Stall Bar: Wall mounted in a continuous row; each section with not less than 16 rungs.
 - a. Size: Each section 96 inches (2400 mm) high by 36 inches (910 mm) wide **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Side Rails: Formed-steel tube uprights not less than 1-1/2 by 5 inches (38 by 125 mm) with capped ends; nominal sheet thickness not less than 0.0598 inch (1.52 mm).
 - c. Rungs: Not less than 1-3/8-inch- (35-mm-) diameter, round rungs made from hardwood **OR** maple, **as directed**, firmly fixed to side rails to prevent rotating or other movement. Provide equipment with top rung extended 6 inches (150 mm) beyond other rungs.
 - d. Extension Arm: Provide equipment with an extension arm and an additional rung extended 20 inches (500 mm) beyond bottom and intermediate rungs.
 - e. Number of Sections: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**, modular sections, complete with intermediate uprights and terminal uprights without rung holes at finished ends.
4. Horizontal Ladder: Wall mounted; with 12 rungs.
 - a. Size: 12 feet (3.7 m) long by not less than 16 inches (400 mm) wide **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Side Rails: Steel tubing not less than 1-1/2 by 4 inches (38 by 102 mm) with capped ends; tubing wall thickness not less than 0.083 inch (2.1 mm).
 - c. Rungs: Not less than 1-5/16-inch- (33-mm-) diameter, round rungs made from hardwood **OR** maple, **as directed**, firmly fixed to side rails to prevent rotating or other movement.
 - d. Support Frame: Not less than 1-5/16-inch- (33-mm-) OD, steel pipe or tubing; with bracing.
 - e. Ladder Installation Height and Wall Clearance: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**, at 30 inches (760 mm) from wall.
5. Vertical Ladder: Wall mounted; with five to seven horizontal rungs for hand and foot holds.
 - a. Size: 60 inches (1500 mm) long by not less than 22 inches (560 mm) wide **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Side Rails: Not less than 1-5/16-inch- (33-mm-) OD, round pipe or tubing with rails sloped 10 degrees from wall for climbing.
 - c. Rungs: Not less than 1-1/16-inch- (27-mm-) OD, round pipe or tubing rungs firmly welded to side rails.
 - d. Ladder Installation Height: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - e. Ladder Installation Method: Fixed to wall **OR** Removable, **as directed**.
6. Pegged Board Vertical Climber: Wall-mounted board; size as indicated; with two peg hand holds per board.
7. Climbing Rope: 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter rope; with top end securely clamped in fitting designed for attaching to supporting structure indicated.
 - a. Description: Three-strand hemp **OR** Synthetic polyfiber **OR** Manufacturer's standard material, **as directed**.
 - b. Length: 12 feet (3.7 m) **OR** 16 feet (4.9 m) **OR** 20 feet (6 m) **OR** 24 feet (7.3 m) **OR** Length as required to allow 42 inches (1067 mm) of rope to lie on floor **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - c. Rope Bottom End: Tied in a turk knot **OR** Tied in a turk knot and fitted with leather sheath **OR** Fitted with heat-shrink-type PVC tube and coated with PVC coating after fitting **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - d. Rubber Balls: Securely fastened every 12 inches (300 mm) **OR** 18 inches (460 mm), **as directed**, along length of rope.
 - e. Tambourine: 24-inch (600-mm) diameter; not less than 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) thick, painted plywood disk for restricting climbing and for exercise competition.
 - f. Safety Guard: 3/16-inch (5-mm-) support chain or 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) diameter cable, clamp, and fittings designed for attaching guard to supporting structure indicated.
 - g. Pipe Beam: Ceiling **OR** Wall and ceiling, **as directed**, mounted; not less than 3-1/2-inch- (89-mm-) OD steel pipe or tubing beam with not less than 2-3/8-inch- (60-mm-) OD drop pipes, bracing, and connectors designed for transferring load and securely attaching to supporting structure indicated.
8. Rope Hoist: Wall attached; consisting of #10 bell cord or 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter, synthetic polyfiber rope, snap swivel fitting, rope adjuster, rope weight, weight bag, pulley, rope cleat, clear-finished wood wall equipment pads for pulley and cleat attachment, clamps, and fasteners.
9. Metal Finish: Manufacturer's standard factory-applied, baked powder-coat finish.

10. Wood Finish: Manufacturer's standard transparent or opaque-painted finish.

F. Safety Pads

1. Safety Pad Surface-Burning Characteristics: ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less **OR** 26 to 75 **OR** 76 to 200, **as directed**.
 - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
2. Pad Coverings: Provide safety pad fabric covering fabricated from puncture- and tear-resistant, not less than 14-oz./sq. yd (475-g/sq. m) PVC-coated polyester or nylon-reinforced PVC fabric treated with fungicide for mildew resistance; with surface-burning characteristics indicated, and lined with fire-retardant liner, **as directed**.
3. Wall Safety Pads: Padded wall wainscot panels designed to be attached in a continuous row; each panel section consisting of fill laminated to backer board with visible surfaces fully covered by seamless fabric covering, free of sag and wrinkles and firmly attached to back of backer board.
 - a. Backer Board: Not less than 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick plywood, mat formed, or composite panel **OR** fire-retardant-treated plywood per AWPA C27, Interior Type A, **as directed**.
 - b. Fill: Multiple-impact-resistant foam not less than 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) thick polyurethane, 3.5-lb/cu. ft. (56-kg/cu. m) density **OR** 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick polyurethane, 3.5-lb/cu. ft. (56-kg/cu. m) density **OR** 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) thick bonded polyurethane, 6.0-lb/cu. ft. (96-kg/cu. m) density **OR** 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick bonded polyurethane, 6.0-lb/cu. ft. (96-kg/cu. m) density **OR** 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) thick, closed-cell polyethylene, **as directed**.
 - c. Fire-Resistive Fill: Multiple-impact-resistant foam not less than 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) thick fire-resistive neoprene, 6.0-lb/cu. ft. (96-kg/cu. m) density **OR** 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick fire-resistive neoprene, 6.0-lb/cu. ft. (96-kg/cu. m) density, **as directed**.
 - d. Size: Each panel section, 24 inches (600 mm) wide by not less than 60 inches (1520 mm) long **OR** 24 inches (600 mm) wide by not less than 72 inches (1800 mm) long **OR** manufacturer's standard dimensions **OR** as indicated, **as directed**.
 - e. Number of Panel Sections: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**, modular panel sections.
 - f. Installation Method: Concealed mounting Z-clips **OR** Concealed mounting Z-clips and 1-inch (25-mm) bottom fabric attachment flange with exposed fasteners **OR** 1-inch (25-mm) top and bottom fabric attachment flange with exposed fasteners **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - g. Fabric Covering Color(s): Match school colors **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, for one **OR** two, **as directed**, color(s).
 - h. Graphics: Custom graphics as indicated.
4. Corner Wall Safety Pads: Wall corner pad consisting of not less than 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) thick, multiple-impact-resistant, closed-cell polyethylene-foam filler, covered on both sides and all edges by fabric covering with backer board and manufacturer's standard anchorage to wall **OR** self-adhesive, hook-and-loop attachment to exposed face of wall, **as directed**.
 - a. Length: Each pad not less than 72 inches (1800 mm) **OR** in manufacturer's standard length **OR** matching length of wall safety pads **OR** as indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Fabric Covering Color(s): Match color of wall safety pads **OR** Match school colors **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, for one **OR** two, **as directed**, color(s).
5. Column Safety Pads: Pads covering exposed flange of columns to height indicated, consisting of not less than 1-1/4-inch- (32-mm-) thick, multiple-impact-resistant, closed-cell polyethylene-foam filler, covered on both sides and all edges by fabric covering with backer board and manufacturer's standard anchorage to column **OR** self-adhesive, hook-and-loop attachment to exposed face of column, **as directed**.
 - a. Length: Each pad not less than 72 inches (1800 mm) **OR** in manufacturer's standard length **OR** matching length of wall safety pads **OR** as indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Fabric Covering Color(s): Match color of wall safety pads **OR** Match school colors **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, for one **OR** two, **as directed**, color(s).

6. Round Column Safety Pads: Wraparound pads fully **OR** partially, **as directed**, covering exposed round column to height indicated, consisting of not less than 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick, multiple-impact-resistant, bonded polyurethane-foam filler, 6.0-lb/cu. ft (96-kg/cu. m) density, covered on both sides and all edges by fabric covering with hook-and-loop **OR** cord lace and grommet, **as directed**, attachment to column.
 - a. Length: Each pad not less than 72 inches (1800 mm) **OR** in manufacturer's standard length **OR** as indicated, **as directed**.
 - b. Fabric Covering Color(s): Match color of wall safety pads **OR** Match school colors **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, for one **OR** two, **as directed**, color(s).

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation, General

1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and competition rules indicated for each type of gymnasium equipment, **as directed**. Complete equipment field assembly, where required.
2. Unless otherwise indicated, install gymnasium equipment after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.
3. Permanently Placed Gymnasium Equipment and Components: Rigid, level, plumb, square, and true; anchored securely to supporting structure; positioned at locations and elevations indicated on Shop Drawings; in proper relation to adjacent construction; and aligned with court layout.
 - a. Floor Insert Location: Coordinate location with application of game lines and markers, and core drill floor for inserts after game lines have been applied, **as directed**.
 - b. Floor Insert Elevation: Coordinate installed heights of floor insert with installation and field finishing, **as directed**, of finish flooring and type of floor plate.
 - c. Operating Gymnasium Equipment: Verify clearances for movable components of gymnasium equipment throughout entire range of operation and for access to operating components.
4. Floor Insert Setting: Position sleeve in oversized, recessed voids in concrete slabs and footings. Clean voids of debris. Fill void around sleeves with grout, mixed and placed to comply with grout manufacturer's written instructions. Protect portion of sleeve above subfloor and footing, **as directed**, from splatter. Verify that sleeves are set plumb, aligned, and at correct height and spacing; hold in position during placement and finishing operations until grout is sufficiently cured. Set insert so top surface of completed unit is flush with finished flooring surface.
5. Wall **OR** Corner **OR** Column, **as directed**, Safety Pads: Mount with bottom edge at 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** dimension indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, above finished floor.
6. Anchoring to In-Place Construction: Use anchors and fasteners where necessary for securing built-in and permanently placed gymnasium equipment to structural support and for properly transferring load to in-place construction.
7. Connections: Connect automatic operators to building electrical system.
8. Removable Gymnasium Equipment and Components: Assemble in place to verify that equipment and components are complete and in proper working order. Instruct the Owner's designated personnel in properly handling, assembling, adjusting, disassembling, transporting, storing, and maintaining units. Disassemble removable gymnasium equipment after assembled configuration has been approved by the Owner and store units in location indicated on Drawings.

B. Adjusting

1. Adjust movable components of gymnasium equipment to operate safely, smoothly, easily, and quietly, free from binding, warp, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.

C. Cleaning

1. After completing gymnasium equipment installation, inspect components. Remove spots, dirt, and debris and touch up damaged shop-applied finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions.

2. Replace gymnasium equipment and finishes that cannot be cleaned and repaired, in a manner approved by the Owner, before time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 11 66 23 53

SECTION 11 66 53 00 - GYMNASIUM DIVIDERS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for gymnasium dividers. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes gymnasium divider curtains.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. If applicable, include assembly, disassembly, and storage instructions for removable equipment.
 - b. Motors: Show nameplate data, ratings, characteristics, and mounting arrangements.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation including loads, point reactions, and locations for attachment of gymnasium dividers to structure.
4. Samples: For each type of gymnasium divider curtain fabric indicated.
5. Operation and maintenance data.
6. Warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

E. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of gymnasium dividers that fail in materials or workmanship within five **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - a. Extruded Bars, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
 - b. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 179.
 - c. Flat Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
2. Steel: Comply with the following:
 - a. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - b. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500 or ASTM A 513, cold formed.
 - c. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
3. Support Cable: 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter, 7x19 **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, galvanized steel aircraft cable with a breaking strength of 7000 lb (3175 kg), **as directed**. Provide fittings complying with cable manufacturer's written instructions for size, number, and method of installation.
4. Support Chain and Fittings: Grade 80 hardened alloy steel chain rated for overhead lifting, ASTM A 391/A 391M, with commercial-quality, hot-dip galvanized **OR** zinc-plated, **as directed**, steel connectors and hangars.

5. Castings and Hangers: Malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, grade required for structural loading.
6. Anchors, Fasteners, Fittings and Hardware: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant or noncorrodible units; concealed; tamperproof, vandal- and theft-resistant design, **as directed**.

B. Divider Curtains

1. Divider Curtains: Electrically **OR** Manually, **as directed**, operated, fold up **OR** roll up **OR** walk draw, **as directed**, and as follows:
 - a. Upper, **as directed**, Curtain, Mesh: Woven fabric of 100 percent polyester yarn coated with PVC weighing not less than 6.5 oz./sq. yd (220 g/sq. m).
 - 1) Mesh Color: White **OR** Yellow, **as directed**.
 - b. Lower, **as directed**, Curtain, Solid: Woven polyester coated with PVC, 18 oz./sq. yd (610 g/sq. m), embossed, 8-foot (2.4-m) **OR** 10-foot (3.0-m), **as directed**, height above floor.
 - 1) Fabric Color(s): Match school colors **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**, for one **OR** two, **as directed**, color(s).
 - c. Divider Curtain Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701, inherently and permanently flame resistant.
 - 1) Permanently attach label to each fabric of curtain assembly indicating whether fabric is inherently and permanently flame resistant or treated with flame-retardant chemicals, and whether it will require retreatment after designated time period or cleaning.
2. Curtain Fabrication: Fused seams and the following:
 - a. Top Hem: Reinforce with double thickness mesh for grommets **OR** continuous pipe batten, **as directed**.
 - b. Bottom Hem for Fold-up Curtains: Floor-length curtains with hems 2 inches (50 mm) above finished floor and with manufacturer's standard pipe batten with felt padding in pocket.
 - c. Bottom Hem for Roll-up Curtains: Floor-length curtains with hems 2 inches (50 mm) above finished floor and with manufacturer's standard 3-1/2- to 4-inch- (89- to 102-mm) roll-up tube and lifting tape.
 - d. Bottom Hem for Draw Curtains: Floor-length curtains with hems 2 inches (50 mm) above finished floor with proof coil chain in pocket.
3. Accessories:
 - a. Grommets: Manufacturer's standard size and spacing, for snaps or S-hooks.
 - b. Proof Coil Chain: Grade 30, No. 8, zinc plated, 3/16 inch (4.7 mm), ASTM A 413/A 413M.
 - c. Curtain Battens: Fabricate battens from steel pipe with a minimum number of joints. As necessary for required lengths, connect pipe with drive-fit pipe sleeve not less than 18 inches (450 mm) long, and secure with 4 flush rivets, plug welds, threaded couplings, or another equally secure method. Shop-paint completed pipe battens with black paint.
 - 1) Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/ A 53M, Grade A, standard weight (Schedule 40), black, 1-1/2-inch (40-mm) nominal diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
4. Divider Curtain Operator: Roll-up drive tube **OR** Upward folding, cable suspended **OR** Walk-draw cable with pulleys **OR** Walk-draw track, **as directed**.
5. Divider Curtain Electric Operator: Provide operating machine of size and capacity recommended by manufacturer for equipment specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, and remote controls. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
 - a. Operator Type: Electric motor, belt-reduction **OR** enclosed gear-head-reduction **OR** worm-gear running-in-oil, **as directed**, drive, with chain and sprocket secondary drive.
 - b. Motor Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, reverse, and operate connected loads at designated speeds within installed environment and with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate rating or considering service factor. Comply with NEMA MG 1, and the following:
 - 1) Voltage: 120 V **OR** 208-220 V **OR** NEMA standard voltage selected to operate on nominal circuit voltage to which motor is connected, **as directed**.
 - 2) Horsepower: 3/4 **OR** 1, **as directed**, hp.
 - 3) Enclosure: Open dripproof **OR** Totally enclosed **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.

- 4) Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F (40 deg C) and at altitude of 3300 feet (1005 m) above sea level.
- 5) Service Factor: 1.15 for open dripproof motors; 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.
- 6) Phase: One.
- c. Remote-Control Station(s): NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface **OR** recessed or flush, **as directed**, mounting, momentary-contact, three-position switch-operated control.
 - 1) Keys: Provide one **OR** two, **as directed**, key(s) per station.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation, General

- 1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Complete field assembly, where required.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, install gymnasium dividers after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.
- 3. Gymnasium Dividers and Components: Rigid, level, plumb, square, and true; anchored securely to supporting structure; positioned at locations and elevations indicated on Shop Drawings; in proper relation to adjacent construction; and aligned with court layout.
 - a. Verify clearances for movable components of gymnasium dividers throughout entire range of operation and for access to operating components.
- 4. Anchoring to In-Place Construction: Use anchors and fasteners where necessary for securing gymnasium dividers to structural support and for properly transferring load to in-place construction.
- 5. Connections: Connect automatic operators to building electrical system.

B. Adjusting

- 1. Adjust movable components of gymnasium dividers to operate safely, smoothly, easily, and quietly, free from binding, warp, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.

C. Cleaning

- 1. After completing gymnasium divider installation, inspect components. Remove spots, dirt, and debris and touch up damaged shop-applied finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Replace gymnasium divider components and finishes that cannot be cleaned and repaired, in a manner approved, before time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 11 66 53 00

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SECTION 11 68 13 00 - PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT AND STRUCTURES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for playground equipment and structures. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Freestanding playground equipment and structures.
 - b. Composite playground equipment and structures.

C. Definitions

1. Fall Height: According to ASTM F 1487, "the vertical distance between a designated play surface and the protective surfacing beneath it."
2. HDPE: High-density polyethylene.
3. IPEMA: International Play Equipment Manufacturers Association.
4. LLDPE: Linear low-density polyethylene.
5. MDPE: Medium-density polyethylene.
6. Use Zone: According to ASTM F 1487, "the area beneath and immediately adjacent to a play structure that is designated for unrestricted circulation around the equipment and on whose surface it is predicted that a user would land when falling from or exiting the equipment."

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for playground equipment and structures.
3. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - a. Extent of surface systems and use zones for equipment.
 - b. Critical heights for playground surface, or fall heights for equipment.
4. Samples: For each type of exposed finish.
5. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
 - b. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that products specified to be made from certified wood comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
6. Product Certificates: For each type of playground equipment, signed by product manufacturer.
7. Material Certificates: For the following items, signed by manufacturers:
 - a. Shop finishes.
 - b. Wood Preservative Treatment: Include certification by treating plant that states type of preservative solution and pressure process used, net amount of preservative retained, and compliance with applicable standards.
 - c. Recycled plastic.
8. Field quality-control test reports.
9. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for playground equipment.

10. Maintenance Data: For playground equipment and finishes to include in maintenance manuals.
11. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
2. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm whose playground equipment components have been certified by IPEMA's third-party product certification service.
3. Forest Certification: Fabricate designated playground equipment with wood components produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
4. Safety Standards: Provide playground equipment complying with or exceeding requirements in the following:
 - a. ASTM F 1487.
 - b. CPSC No. 325.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of playground equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures.
 - 2) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
 - b. Warranty Period: Two **OR** Five, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
 - a. Extruded Bars, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
 - b. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 179.
 - c. Flat Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
2. Steel: Comply with the following:
 - a. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M, hot-dip galvanized.
 - b. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 135/A 135M standard-weight, hot-dip galvanized.
 - c. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 513, cold formed, hot-dip galvanized.
 - d. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, hot-dip galvanized not less than G60 (Z180) coating designation.
 - e. Perforated Metal: Steel sheet not less than 0.075-inch (1.9-mm) **OR** 0.090-inch (2.3-mm) **OR** 0.120-inch (3.0-mm) uncoated thickness; hot-dip galvanized; manufacturer's standard perforation pattern.
 - f. Expanded Metal: Manufacturer's standard carbon-steel sheets complying with ASTM F 1267, Type II (expanded and flattened); deburred after expansion.
 - g. Woven Wire Mesh: Manufacturer's standard, with wire complying with ASTM A 510 (ASTM A 510M).
3. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666; Type 304, finished on exposed faces with No. 2B finish.
4. Wood: Surfaced smooth on all sides and all edges rounded, Douglas fir, preservative treated after fabrication **OR** Pine, preservative treated after fabrication **OR** [Western red cedar, as directed.
5. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1, Exterior; smooth surfaced with rounded edges; preservative treated after fabrication.
6. Opaque Plastic: Color impregnated, UV stabilized, and mold resistant.

- a. Polyethylene: Fabricated from virgin **OR** 96 percent recycled, purified, fractional-melt plastic resin; rotationally molded HDPE, LLDPE, or MDPE with not less than 1/4-inch (6-mm) wall thickness.
 7. Transparent Plastic: Abrasion-resistant, UV-stabilized monolithic polycarbonate sheet; clear, colorless; not less than 3/16 inch (5 mm) thick.
 8. Chain and Fittings: ASTM A 467/A 467M, Class CS, 4/0 or 5/0, welded-straight-link coil chain; hot-dip galvanized **OR** zinc plated **OR** PVC coated, **as directed**. With commercial-quality, hot-dip galvanized **OR** zinc-plated, **as directed**, steel connectors and swing or ring hangers.
 9. Castings and Hangers: Malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, Grade 32510, hot-dip galvanized.
 10. Post Caps: Cast aluminum **OR** color-impregnated, UV-stabilized, mold-resistant polyethylene or polypropylene, **as directed**; color to match posts.
 11. Platform Clamps and Hangers: Cast aluminum **OR** zinc-plated steel, not less than 0.105-inch-(2.7-mm-) nominal thickness, **as directed**.
 12. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard; commercial-quality; corrosion-resistant; hot-dip galvanized steel and iron, stainless steel, or aluminum; of a secure and vandal-resistant design.
 13. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard; corrosion-resistant; hot-dip galvanized or plated steel and iron, or stainless steel; permanently capped, and theft resistant.
- B. Wood-Preservative-Treated Materials
1. Preservative Treatment: Pressure-treat wood according to AWPA C2 (lumber) and AWPA C9 (plywood).
 - a. Use preservative chemicals acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium. Use chemical formulations that do not bleed through or otherwise adversely affect finishes. Do not use colorants to distinguish treated materials from untreated materials.
 - b. Kiln-dry lumber and plywood after treatment to a maximum moisture content, respectively, of 19 and 15 percent. Do not use materials that are warped or do not comply with requirements for untreated materials.
- C. Playground Equipment Fabrication
1. General: Provide sizes, strengths, thicknesses, wall thickness, and weights of components as indicated but not less than required to comply with structural performance and other requirements in ASTM F 1487. Factory drill components for field assembly. Unnecessary holes in components, not required for field assembly, are not permitted. Provide complete play structure, including supporting members and connections, means of access and egress, designated play surfaces, barriers, guardrails, handrails, handholds, and other components indicated or required to comply with referenced standards for equipment indicated.
 - a. Composite Play Structure: Provide complete play structure, designed to be modular, linked, and expandable, forming one integral unit for more than one play activity.
 2. Metal Frame: Fabricate main-frame upright support posts from metal pipe or tubing with cross-section profile and dimensions as indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, provide each pipe or tubing main-frame member with manufacturer's standard drainable bottom plate or support flange. Fabricate secondary frame members, bracing, and connections from either steel or aluminum.
 3. Wood Frame: Fabricate main-frame upright support posts from wood species and with profile and dimensions as indicated. Fabricate secondary frame members, bracing, and connections from wood, steel, or aluminum.
 4. Composite Frame: Fabricate main-frame upright support posts from metal and plastic with profile and dimensions as indicated. Fabricate secondary frame members, bracing, and connections from either steel or aluminum.
 5. Play Surfaces: Provide manufacturer's standard elevated drainable decks, platforms, landings, walkways, ramps, and similar transitional play surfaces, designed to withstand loads; fabricated from perforated or expanded metal **OR** molded plastic **OR** plastic panel or plank **OR** recycled polyethylene panel or plank **OR** wood plank, **as directed**, made into floor units with slip-resistant foot surfaces. Fabricate units in manufacturer's standard modular sizes and shapes to form assembled play surfaces indicated.

- a. Elevated Play Surfaces: Provide protective devices, completely surrounding play surface except for access openings, if play-surface heights above protective surfacing exceed requirements in ASTM F 1487 **OR** CPSC No. 325, **as directed**.
 - b. Stepped Play Surfaces: Provide protective infill between stepped platforms.
 6. Protective Barriers: Fabricated such that openings within the barrier and between the barrier and the play surface preclude passage of the torso probe according to ASTM F 1487 **OR** CPSC No. 325, **as directed**. Provide barriers designed to minimize the possibility of climbing, free of hand- and footholds, and configured to completely surround the protected area except for access openings. Extend barriers above the protected elevated surface for use by age group indicated. Fabricate from the following:
 - a. Welded metal pipe or tubing with vertical bars.
 - b. Steel sheet with openings for vision and ventilation.
 - c. Metal-pipe or -tubing frame with wire mesh infill panels.
 - d. Opaque **OR** Transparent as directed, solid plastic panels with openings.
 - e. Vertical wood balusters with metal pipe or tubing or wood frame.
 - f. Wood panels with openings for vision and ventilation.
 7. Guardrails: Provide guardrails configured to completely surround the protected area except for access openings. Fabricate from welded metal pipe or tubing **OR** metal pipe or tubing, and wood, as directed. Extend guardrails to comply with requirements for use by age group indicated.
 8. Handrails: Welded metal pipe or tubing, OD between **0.095 to 1.55 inches (24.1 to 39.4 mm) OR 0.125 inch (3.2 mm)**.
 - a. Provide handrails at heights to comply with requirements for use by age group indicated according to ASTM F 1487 **OR** CPSC No. 325.
 9. Roofs and Canopies: Manufacturer's standard, designed to be positioned overhead and to discourage and minimize climbing by users.
 - a. Fabricated from metal **OR** metal-pipe or -tubing-framed, welded wire **OR** opaque plastic **OR** clear polycarbonate plastic **OR** recycled polyethylene **OR** wood, as directed.
 10. Signs: Manufacturer's standard sign panels, fabricated from opaque plastic with graphics molded in **OR** wood with painted graphics, as directed, attached to upright support posts.
 - a. Text: As directed.
 - b. Colors: As directed.
- D. Freestanding Playground Equipment And Structures
1. Swings, Single **OR** Multiple, **as directed**, Axis:
 - a. Frame: Galvanized steel **OR** Aluminum pipe or tubing connected frame sections.
 - 1) Leg Upright(s): Not less than **1-7/8-inch (48-mm) OR 2-3/8-inch (60-mm) OR 3-1/2-inch (89-mm) OR 4-1/2-inch (114-mm) OR 5-inch (127-mm)**, as directed
 - 2) Overhead Beam: Match leg upright **OR** Not less than **2-3/8-inch (60-mm) OR** Not less than **3-1/2-inch (89-mm)**, as directed.
 - 3) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range].
 - b. Frame: Wood connected frame sections with leg upright(s) and overhead beam not less than 4 inches (100 mm) square **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) square **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) round, **as directed**, for legs.
 - c. Overhead Beam Height: 96 inches (2440 mm) **OR** 10 feet (3 m) **OR** Height as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, from pivot point above protective surfacing.
 - d. Chain: Standard link **OR** Short link not permitting finger penetration **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - e. Swing Connector: S-hook **OR** Double clevis and bolt link, **as directed**.
 - f. Swing Hanger: Galvanized stamped steel clamp and ductile-iron pivot **OR** heavy-duty ductile iron **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - g. Swing Seats: Enclosed, full-bucket infant/tot **OR** Half-bucket **OR** U-shaped flexible belt **OR** Rigid rectangular **OR** Rigid disk **OR** Tire seat made from rubber **OR** plastic, as directed.
 - h. Swing Seats: EPDM rubber **OR** Injection molded plastic, **as directed**, enclosed infant seat **OR** flexible seat **OR** tire, **as directed**.

- 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Age Appropriateness: Two through five years **OR** 5 through 12 years, **as directed**.
 2. Slides: Fabricated from stainless steel **OR** opaque plastic **OR** aluminum, **as directed**.
 - a. Configuration: Straight-aligned **OR** Quarter-turn **OR** Half-turn **OR** Three-quarter-turn **OR** Full-turn spiral **OR** S-shaped **OR** Squiggle-shaped descending chute(s), **as directed**.
 - b. Access: Stair or step ladder with handrails **OR** Vertical ladder **OR** Vertical ladder with side handrails, **as directed**.
 - c. Sit-Down Entrance: With protective barriers **OR** opaque plastic panel barriers **OR** canopy or hood enclosure, **as directed** and overhead handhold and side handholds.
 - d. Frame: Manufacturer's standard galvanized-steel pipe or tubing **OR** aluminum pipe or tubing **OR** wood, **as directed**.
 - e. Sliding Surface: Inclined **OR** Wavy **OR** Washboard rollers, **as directed**.
 - f. Sliding Surface Construction: Flat, continuous stainless-steel sheet with integral, full-length side rails **OR** U-shaped, continuous stainless-steel sheet with integral, full-length side rails **OR** [One-piece plastic with integral, full-length side rails **OR** Plastic tube, ID not less than **24 inches (610 mm)** **OR** [Plastic tube, ID not less than **30 inches (760 mm)**], **as directed**.
 - g. Colors: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - h. Age Appropriateness: Two through five years **OR** 5 through 12 years, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - i. Tube, round, not less than 24-inch (610-mm) **OR** 30-inch (760-mm), **as directed**, diameter.
 3. Merry-Go-Rounds: Rotating platform **OR** seating, **as directed**, around a vertical axis.
 - a. Rotating Mechanism: Permanently sealed and lubricated ball bearings with hydraulic-speed **OR** mechanical-speed, **as directed**, limiting device.
 - b. Platform: Round, dish-shaped **OR** flat **OR** flat, dimpled, **as directed**, steel sheet, not less than 0.1196-inch- (3.038-mm-) nominal thickness, with slip-resistant footing.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Handholds and Handrails: Metal pipe or tubing.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - d. Capacity: Single user **OR** Two users **OR** Five users, **as directed**.
 4. Tunnels (Crawl Tubes): Fabricated from stainless steel **OR** opaque plastic, **as directed**.
 - a. Shape: Straight **OR** Curved, quarter turn, **as directed**.
 - b. Tube, round, not less than 24-inch (610-mm) **OR** 30-inch (760-mm), **as directed**, diameter.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 5. Climbers: Fabricated from steel with galvanized **OR** PVC-plastisol, **as directed**, finish.
 - a. Horizontal ladder with hand rings, **as directed**.
 - b. Vertical fence.
 - c. Chain or cable ladder **OR** walks, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 6. Spring Rocking-Rider **OR** Seesaw, **as directed**:
 - a. Seat: Cast aluminum **OR** Molded HDPE or other plastic **OR** Wood, **as directed**; with handholds **OR** handholds and footrests, **as directed**.
 - 1) Seat Style: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Base: One **OR** Two, **as directed**, coil spring(s) with steel base plate.
 - c. Capacity: Single user **OR** Two users, **as directed**.
- E. Composite Playground Equipment And Structures
1. Composite Structure: Fabricated from steel **OR** wood **OR** opaque plastic, **as directed**.
 - a. Frame: Galvanized steel pipe or tubing frame sections connected with bolts **OR** clamps, **as directed**.

- 1) Pipe or Tubing: Not less than 4-inch (102-mm) **OR** 5-inch (127-mm), **as directed**, OD legs.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Frame: Wood frame sections connected with bolts.
 - 1) Wood not less than 4 inches (102 mm) square **OR** 6 inches (152 mm) round, **as directed**, for legs.
 - c. Horizontal Ladder Beam Height: 60 inches (1524 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2130 mm) **OR** Height as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, above protective surfacing.
 - 1) Steel overhead beam, 2-3/8-inch (60-mm) OD.
 - 2) Wood overhead beam, 6 inches (152 mm) square.
 - d. Platforms: Perforated metal **OR** Wood **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - e. Roofs: Perforated metal **OR** Wood **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - f. Equipment: Include the following play event components:
 - 1) Slide.
 - 2) Crawl tube with spy holes, **as directed**.
 - 3) Horizontal ladder.
 - 4) Log roll.
 - 5) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - g. Accessories: as directed by the Owner.
 - h. Arrangement: As indicated **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - i. Capacity: 10 **OR** 20, **as directed**, users.
 - j. Age Appropriateness: 2 through 5 years **OR** 5 through 12 years, **as directed**.
- F. Cast-In-Place Concrete
1. Concrete Materials and Properties: Comply with requirements in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete" **OR** ACI 301, **as directed**, to produce normal-weight, air-entrained, **as directed**, concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20.7 MPa), 3-inch (75-mm) slump, and 1-inch- (25-mm-) maximum-size aggregate.
 2. Concrete Materials and Properties: Dry-packaged concrete mix complying with ASTM C 387 and mixed at site with potable water, according to manufacturer's written instructions, to produce normal-weight concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20.7 MPa), 3-inch (75-mm) slump, and 1-inch- (25-mm-) maximum-size aggregate.
- G. Aluminum Finishes
1. Baked-Enamel Finish: Prepare, treat, and coat metal to comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions and as follows:
 - a. Thermosetting, modified-acrylic enamel primer/topcoat system complying with AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness not less than 1.5 mils (0.04 mm) **OR** 3 to 5 mils (0.076 to 0.127 mm), **as directed**, medium gloss.
 2. PVC Finish: Manufacturer's standard, UV-stabilized, mold-resistant, slip-resistant, matte-textured, dipped or sprayed-on, PVC-plastisol finish, with flame retardant added, complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness of 80 mils (2 mm) **OR** 100 mils (2.5 mm), **as directed**.
 3. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- H. Iron And Steel Finishes
1. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize products made from rolled-, pressed-, and forged-steel shapes, castings, plates, bars, and strips indicated to be galvanized to comply with ASTM A 123/A 123M.
 - a. Hot-dip galvanize steel and iron hardware indicated to be galvanized to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M.

- b. Galvanized Steel Sheet: Commercial steel sheet, hot-dip galvanized, complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M for not less than G60 (Z180) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
 - 2. Powder-Coat Finish: Prepare, treat, and coat ferrous metal to comply with resin manufacturer's written instructions and as follows:
 - a. Apply thermosetting polyester or acrylic urethane powder coating with cured-film thickness not less than 1.5 mils (0.04 mm).
 - 3. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-enamel finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - 4. PVC Finish: Manufacturer's standard, UV-stabilized, mold-resistant, slip-resistant, matte-textured, dipped or sprayed-on, PVC-plastisol finish, with flame retardant added, complying with coating manufacturer's written instructions for pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness of 80 mils (2 mm) **OR** 100 mils (2.5 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5. Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match the Owner's sample **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
- I. Stainless-Steel Finishes
 - 1. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish.
 - 2. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B finish on exposed faces.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation, General

- 1. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Anchor playground equipment securely, positioned at locations and elevations indicated.
 - a. Maximum Equipment Height: Coordinate installed heights of equipment and components with finished elevations of protective surfacing. Set equipment so fall heights and elevation requirements for age group use and accessibility are within required limits. Verify that playground equipment elevations comply with requirements for each type and component of equipment.
- 2. Post and Footing Excavation: Excavate holes for posts and footings as indicated in firm, undisturbed or compacted subgrade soil.
- 3. Post Set on Subgrade: Level bearing surfaces with drainage fill to required elevation.
- 4. Post Set with Concrete Footing: Comply with ACI 301 for measuring, batching, mixing, transporting, forming, and placing concrete.
 - a. Set equipment posts in **OR** on, **as directed**, concrete footing. Protect portion of posts above footing from concrete splatter. Verify that posts are set plumb or at the correct angle, alignment, height, and spacing.
 - 1) Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Hold posts in position during placement and finishing operations until concrete is sufficiently cured.
 - b. Embedded Items: Use setting drawings and manufacturer's written instructions to ensure correct installation of anchorages for equipment.
 - c. Concrete Footings: Smooth top, and shape to shed water.

B. Field Quality Control

- 1. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- 2. Arrange for playground equipment manufacturer's technical personnel to inspect playground and playground equipment and components during installation and, **as directed**, at final completion and to certify compliance with the following:
 - a. ASTM F 1487.
 - b. CPSC No. 325.
- 3. Notify the Owner 48 hours in advance of date and time of final inspection.

END OF SECTION 11 68 13 00

SECTION 11 68 13 00a - RECREATIONAL FACILITIES**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of recreational facilities. Products shall match existing materials and/or shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings and/or Catalogue Cuts shall be submitted for approval prior to any installation.

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Materials shall be resistant to corrosion and degradation by ultraviolet rays. Hardware and fittings shall be at least as corrosion-resistant as the materials fastened.**

1. Steel Plates, Pipe, Tubing, Sheets, Wire Ropes, Chains, and Miscellaneous Shapes shall be stainless steel or galvanized steel, even if painted or coated with vinyl or other protective finish. All open pipe and tube ends shall have rain caps.
2. Wood shall be all-heart cedar, cypress, or redwood or shall be treated with a non-toxic preservative. Wood shall not be used where it will be in direct contact with the ground, unless approved by the Owner.
3. Fiberglass shall be smooth fiberglass-reinforced polyester with gelcoat coating and shall meet the following minimum physical properties: 22,000 psi (1,550 kg/sq cm) flexural strength, 15,000 psi (1,055 kg/sq cm) tensile strength, and 20,000 psi (1,410 kg sq cm) compressive strength.
4. Aluminum shall be anodized.
5. Foundations shall be 3,200 psi (225 kg/sq cm) compressive strength concrete, enforced as required. Provide embedded anchorage items as required,

B. Playground Equipment, including see-saws, slides, swings, whirlers, and monkey bars, shall be prefabricated and designed to withstand the anticipated structural loads.

1. Exposed Surfaces shall be smooth (except where required to be nonslip) seamless, and nonsplintering.
2. Steps, Platforms, and Other Flat Surfaces Subject to Foot Traffic shall be non-slip, but not abrasive and shall be formed to exclude or drain away water.
3. Fastening shall be flush, concealed, or otherwise formed or located to prevent injury to children playing on the equipment.
4. Slides shall have stainless steel sliding surfaces.

C. Bike Racks shall be mounted, and sections (if rack is sectional) shall be attached with tamper-proof fasteners.**D. Fiberglass Shelters shall be reinforced with steel, aluminum, or wood framework as required. Shelter roof shall be sloped to drain. Fiberglass edges shall be returned so that they are not exposed, Shelters shall be prefabricated and designed to withstand the anticipated live, dead, and wind loads.****1.3 EXECUTION****A. Recreational facilities shall be installed plumb, aligned, and securely anchored to the ground. Adjust equipment with moving parts until operation is smooth and easy.**

END OF SECTION 11 68 13 00a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
11 98 12 00	08 34 56 00	Detention Doors And Frames
11 98 14 00	08 71 23 00a	Detention Door Hardware

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SECTION 11 98 21 00 - DETENTION WINDOWS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of material for detention windows. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the products manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Awning detention windows.
 - b. Casement detention windows.
 - c. Fixed detention windows.
 - d. Air-vent detention windows.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Forced-Entry-Resistance Performance: Provide detention windows that comply with ASTM F 1592, Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**.
 - a. Glazing Forced-Entry Resistance: Security Grade 1 **OR** Grade 2 **OR** Grade 3 **OR** Grade 4, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1915.
2. Forced-Entry Resistance: Class III **OR** Class IV **OR** Class V, **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM F 1233.

OR

Forced-Entry Resistance: Level II **OR** Level III **OR** Level IV **OR** Level V, **as directed**, when tested according to HPW-TP-0500.03.
3. Delegated Design: Design detention windows, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
4. Structural Performance: Detention windows shall withstand the effects of wind loads determined as follows, with no permanent deformation or breakage of components within window assembly when tested according to ASTM E 330.
 - a. Deflection: Design glass framing system to limit lateral deflections of glass edges to less than 1/175 of glass-edge length at design pressure based on structural computations.
 - b. Design Wind Loads: Determine design wind loads applicable to Project from basic wind speed indicated in miles per hour (meters per second) at 33 feet (10 m) above grade, according to SEI/ASCE 7, Section 6.5, "Method 2 - Analytical Procedure," based on mean roof heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
 - 1) Basic Wind Speed: 85 mph (38 m/s) **OR** 90 mph (40 m/s), **as directed**.
 - 2) Importance Factor: **<Insert factor>**.
 - 3) Exposure Category: A **OR** B **OR** C **OR** D, **as directed**.
5. Air Infiltration for Operable Windows: Not more than 0.010 cfm/ft. (0.015 L/s per m) **OR** 0.050 cfm/ft. (0.077 L/s per m) **OR** 0.370 cfm/ft. (0.573 L/s per m) **OR** 0.500 cfm/ft. (0.774 L/s per m), **as directed**, at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
 - a. Test pressures are equivalent to wind velocities of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) to 25 mph (40 km/h), 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa) to 34 mph (55 km/h), and 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa) to 50 mph (80 km/h).
6. Air Infiltration for Fixed Windows: Not more than 0.010 cfm/ft. (0.015 L/s per m) **OR** 0.050 cfm/ft. (0.077 L/s per m) **OR** 0.055 cfm/ft. (0.085 L/s per m) **OR** 0.060 cfm/ft. (0.093 L/s per m) **OR** 0.150 cfm/ft. (0.232 L/s per m), **as directed**, at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) when tested according to ASTM E 283.
7. Water Penetration: No water penetration as defined in test method at an inward test pressure of 1.56 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa) **OR** 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa) **OR** 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa), **as directed**, when tested according to ASTM E 331.

8. Thermal Transmittance: Maximum whole-window U-factor of <Insert value in Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (W/sq. m x K)> at 15-mph (24-km/h) exterior wind velocity and winter condition temperatures when tested according to ASTM E 1423 **OR** calculated according to NFRC 100, **as directed**.
9. Windborne-Debris-Impact-Resistance Performance: Provide detention window systems that pass missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996, **as directed**.
 - a. Large-Missile Impact: For detention windows located within 30 feet (9.1 m) of grade.
 - b. Small-Missile Impact: For detention windows located more than 30 feet (9.1 m) above grade.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for detention windows.
2. Shop Drawings: For detention windows. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Full-size section details of framing members, including detention bars, screens, reinforcement and stiffeners.
 - b. Location of weep holes.
 - c. Hardware, including operators.
 - d. Glazing details.
3. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
 - a. Main Framing Member: 12-inch- (305-mm-) long, full-size sections with factory-applied color finish.
 - b. Window Corner Fabrication: 12-by-12-inch- (305-by-305-mm-) long, full-size window corner including full-size sections with factory-applied color finish, weather stripping, and glazing.
 - c. Operable Window: Full-size unit with factory-applied finish.
 - d. Hardware: Full-size units with factory-applied finishes.
 - e. Weather Stripping: 12-inch- (305-mm-) long sections.
4. Delegated-Design Submittal: For detention windows indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer and testing agency.
6. Welding certificates.
7. Material Certificates: For homogeneous tool-resisting steel indicating compliance with performance requirements for complete test sequence according to applicable ASTM standard.
8. Material Test Reports: For homogeneous tool-resisting steel.
9. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for each type of detention window.
10. Thermal-Performance Reports: Calculations based on referenced standard, performed by a qualified professional engineer or testing agency. Include evaluation of testing, **as directed**.
11. Configuration Disclosure Drawing: For each type of forced-entry-resistant detention window, complying with ASTM F 1233.
12. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.
13. Other Informational Submittals:
 - a. Examination reports documenting inspections of substrates, areas, and conditions.
 - b. Anchor inspection reports documenting inspections of built-in and cast-in anchors.
 - c. Field quality-control reports documenting inspections of installed products.
 - d. Field quality-control certification signed by Contractor and Detention Specialist, **as directed**.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation and maintenance, **as directed**, of units required for this Project.

2. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 329 for testing homogeneous tool-resisting steel.
3. Source Limitations: Obtain detention windows from single source from single manufacturer.
4. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of detention windows and are based on the specific system indicated.
 - a. Do not modify intended security performance or aesthetic effects, as judged solely by the Owner, except with the Owner's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to the Owner for review.
5. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."
 - c. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - d. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
6. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

F. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

G. Coordination

1. Coordinate installation of anchorages for detention windows. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

H. Sequencing

1. Field Painting: Except where detention windows have been preglazed before installation, complete field painting of window units before glazing installation.

I. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace detention windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures including deflections exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm).
 - 2) Failure of welds.
 - 3) Lateral deflection of glass lite edges in excess of 1/175.
 - 4) Excessive air leakage.
 - 5) Excessive water penetration.
 - 6) Faulty operation of ventilators and hardware.
 - 7) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and detention use.
 - b. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M). Provide alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi (150-MPa) ultimate tensile strength and not less than 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) thick at any location for main frame and sash members.
2. Mild Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
3. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
4. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B.
5. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.

6. Tool-Resisting Steel Bars: ASTM A 627.
7. Stainless-Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bars: ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304.
8. Security Fasteners: Operable only by tools produced for use on specific type of fastener by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator. Drive system type, head style, material, and protective coating as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
 - a. Drive-System Types: Pinned Torx-Plus **OR** Pinned Torx, **as directed**.
 - b. Fastener Strength: 120,000 psi (827 MPa).
 - c. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - d. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - e. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
 - f. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
 - 1) Zinc and clear trivalent chromium where indicated.
 - 2) Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.
9. Concealed Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A unless otherwise indicated.
10. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to four times the load imposed, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified testing agency.
 - a. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel or ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as required; hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
11. Embedded Plate Anchors: Fabricated from mild steel shapes and plates, minimum 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) thick; with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) diameter, headed studs welded to back of plate.
12. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
13. Detention Window Glazing and Glazing Materials: Comply with Division 8 Section "Security Glazing."
14. Grout: ASTM C 476.
15. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.
16. Sealants: For sealants required within fabricated window units, provide type recommended by manufacturer for joint size and movement. Sealant shall remain permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating.

B. Window Components

1. Tool-Resisting-Steel Detention Bars: 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 7/8-inch- (22-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, tool-resisting steel round bars at 6 inches (152 mm) o.c., orientation as indicated, with 3/8-by-2-1/2-inch (9.6-by-63.5-mm) **OR** 5/16-by-2-1/4-inch (7.9-by-57.2-mm) **OR** 1/4-by-2-inch (6-by-50-mm), **as directed**, tool-resisting steel, flat bar perimeter frame.
 - a. Steel: Composite, tool-resisting steel, Grade 1 **OR** 2, **as directed**, according to ASTM A 627, Tables X1.1 and X1.2.
OR
Steel: Homogeneous, tool-resisting steel, Grade 3 **OR** 4, **as directed**, according to ASTM A 627, Tables X1.1 and X1.2.
2. Mild-Steel Detention Bars: 1-inch- (25-mm-) **OR** 7/8-inch- (22-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, mild steel round bars at 6 inches (152 mm) o.c., orientation as indicated, with 3/8-by-2-1/2-inch (9.6-by-63.5-mm) **OR** 5/16-by-2-1/4-inch (7.9-by-57.2-mm) **OR** 1/4-by-2-inch (6-by-50-mm), **as directed**, mild steel, flat bar perimeter frame.
3. Weather Stripping: Unless otherwise indicated, provide weather stripping such as molded EPDM or neoprene gaskets complying with ASTM D 2000, Designations 2BC415 to 3BC620, or molded

- PVC gaskets complying with ASTM D 2287; or molded, expanded EPDM or neoprene gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Grade 4.
4. Anchors, Clips, and Window Accessories: Stainless steel; hot-dip, zinc-coated steel or iron, complying with ASTM B 633; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressures indicated.
- C. Awning Detention Windows
1. Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, removable covers, and ventilator head rails from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness, cold-rolled steel sheet; ventilator jamb and sill framing from hot-rolled steel sections weighing not less than 1.93 lb/linear foot (2.87 kg/linear m); and 0.055-inch- (1.40-mm-) thick glazing stops from extruded aluminum.
 2. Stainless-Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing and glazing stops from 0.109-inch (2.78-mm) **OR** 0.078-inch (1.98-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; and muntins and operable sash members from extruded aluminum.
 3. Aluminum Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, removable covers, muntins, **as directed**, mullions, **as directed**, and glazing stops from extruded aluminum.
 4. Security Detention Bars: Tool-resisting **OR** Mild-steel, **as directed**, bars enclosed in muntins.
 5. Gear-Type, Rotary, Ventilator Operator: Nonremovable operable knob **OR** Removable crank, **as directed**.
- D. Casement Detention Windows
1. Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing and removable covers from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness, cold-rolled steel sheet; ventilator head, jamb, and sill framing from hot-rolled steel sections weighing not less than 1.93 lb/linear foot (1.3 kg/linear m); vertical muntins from 0.120-inch (3.04-mm) nominal-thickness cold-rolled steel sheet; ventilator bedding angles from 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness, cold-rolled steel sheet; and 0.055-inch- (1.40-mm-) thick glazing stops from extruded aluminum.
 2. Stainless-Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing and glazing stops from 0.109-inch (2.78-mm) **OR** 0.078-inch (1.98-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; and vertical muntins and ventilator framing from extruded aluminum.
 3. Security Detention Bars: Tool-resisting **OR** Mild-steel, **as directed**, bars enclosed in muntins.
 4. Gear-Type, Rotary, Ventilator Operator: Nonremovable operable knob **OR** Removable crank, **as directed**.
- E. Fixed Detention Windows
1. Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, removable covers, and muntins **OR** mullions, **as directed**, from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness, cold-rolled steel sheet. Provide-thermally improved construction, **as directed**.
 2. Stainless-Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing and removable covers from 0.109-inch (2.78-mm) **OR** 0.078-inch (1.98-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; glazing stops and muntins from 0.078-inch (1.98-mm) nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; and muntins from 0.078-inch (1.98-mm) nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet **OR** extruded aluminum, **as directed**. Provide-thermally improved construction, **as directed**.
 3. Detention Bars: Vertical **OR** Horizontal, **as directed**, bars of tool-resisting **OR** mild, **as directed**, steel, enclosed in muntins **OR** mullions, **as directed**.
 - a. Flat Bar Cross Grid: 1/4-by-2-inch (6-by-50-mm) tool-resisting steel flat bars at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. penetrated by round bars.
- F. Air-Vent Detention Windows
1. Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, removable covers, integral perforated grille, ventilator frame, and muntins **OR** mullions, **as directed**, from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness, cold-rolled steel sheet; and glazing stops from 0.060-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, extruded aluminum. Provide 10-by-10 (2.5-by-2.5-mm) stainless-steel mesh behind perforated grille, **as directed**.
 2. Stainless-Steel Framing: Fabricate perimeter framing, removable covers, integral perforated grille, and vent damper from 0.109-inch (2.78-mm) **OR** 0.078-inch (1.98-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; glazing stops from 0.078-inch (1.98-mm) nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet; and muntins from 0.078-inch (1.98-mm) nominal-thickness, stainless-steel sheet **OR** extruded aluminum, **as directed**.

3. Detention Bars: Vertical **OR** Horizontal, **as directed**, bars of tool-resisting **OR** mild, **as directed**, steel, enclosed in muntins.
4. Gear-Type, Rotary, Ventilator Operator: Nonremovable operable knob **OR** Removable crank, **as directed**.

G. Screens

1. Fixed Angle-Frame Screens: Fabricate angle frames and removable clamp strips from 0.108-inch (2.74-mm) nominal-thickness galvanized steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick stainless steel, **as directed**. Match window frame finish.
2. Fixed Tube-Frame Screens: Fabricate tubular frames from 3/4-by-1-1/2-by-0.083-inch (19-by-38-by-2.1-mm) steel tubing. Match window frame finish.
3. Wire-Fabric Screen Cloth: 12-by-12 (2.1-by-2.1-mm) mesh of 0.028-inch- (0.74-mm-) **OR** 10-by-10 (2.5-by-2.5-mm) mesh or 8-by-8 (3.2-by-3.2-mm) mesh of 0.047-inch- (1.19-mm-), **as directed**, diameter, stainless-steel wire, complying with FS RR-W-365A.

H. Hardware

1. General: Provide manufacturer's standard nonremovable hardware fabricated from steel, of sufficient strength to perform the function for which it is intended.
2. Four-Bar Friction Hinges: Provide adjustable friction shoes of bronze, brass, nylon, or other nonabrasive, nonstaining, noncorrosive, durable material.
3. Gear-Type, Rotary, Ventilator Operators: Manufacturer's security-grade ventilator control; consisting of manual operator with worm gear, self-locking, bronze bearings, and steel linkage arms on both jambs; maximum opening of 50 degrees.
 - a. Operator shall turn all ventilators simultaneously, securely closing them at both jambs without using additional manually controlled locking devices.
 - b. Conceal operator, which shall be removable as a unit, within subframe.
 - c. Provide one removable crank for every 10 windows.

I. Fabrication

1. General: Fabricate detention windows to provide a complete system for assembly of components and anchorage of window units.
 - a. Provide units that are reglazable from the exterior without dismantling ventilator framing.
 - b. Prepare window ventilators for glazing unless preglazing at the factory is indicated.
 - c. Fabricate detention window frames of one-piece construction, except where removable covers are indicated.
 - d. Form removable covers to profiles indicated on Drawings.
2. Anchors for In-Place-Construction Installation: 3/16-inch- (4.8-mm-) thick steel angles or formed-steel plates, 4 inches (100 mm) long, welded to back of detention window frames as required to secure detention windows to adjacent construction.
 - a. Provide two anchors per side of window plus one additional anchor for every 18 inches (457 mm) or fraction thereof more than 36 inches (914 mm) in height or width.
3. Anchors for Built-in Installation: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter headed studs welded to back side of frames as required to secure detention windows to adjacent construction.
 - a. Provide two anchors per side of window plus one additional anchor for every 18 inches (457 mm) or fraction thereof more than 36 inches (914 mm) in height or width.
4. Provide weep holes and internal water passages to conduct infiltrating water to the exterior.
5. Provide water-shed members above side-hinged ventilators and similar lines of natural water penetration.
6. Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate framing with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier, located between exterior materials and members exposed on interior in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
7. Window and Screen Frames: Miter or cope corners the full depth of frame; weld and dress smooth.
8. Detention Bars: Fabricate flat bar perimeter frame to allow round bars to penetrate and create a secure grid. Weld round bars to back side of flat bars, **as directed**. Conceal detention bars within window framing.

9. Muntins: Attach muntins to perimeter framing with concealed welds. Use security fasteners for aluminum muntins, **as directed**.
10. Welding: Weld components to comply with referenced AWS standard. To greatest extent possible, weld before finishing and in concealed locations to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
11. Metal Protection: Separate dissimilar metals to protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended by manufacturer for this purpose.
12. Preglazed Fabrication: Preglaze window units at factory, where required for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing".
13. Glazing Stops: Provide glazing stops applied with security fasteners or rivets and coordinated with glazing indicated. Finish glazing stops to match window units.
14. Weather Stripping: Factory applied.
15. Security Screens: Secure screen to frame with security fasteners or stainless steel rivets.
16. Security Fasteners: Fabricate detention windows using security fasteners with head style appropriate for fabrication requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials, except that a maximum of two different sets of tools shall be required to operate security fasteners for Project. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in stainless-steel materials, **as directed**.

J. General Finish Requirements

1. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
3. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

K. Aluminum Finishes

1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.
2. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.
 - a. Color: Light bronze **OR** Medium bronze **OR** Dark bronze **OR** Black **OR** As selected from full range of industry colors and color densities, **as directed**.
3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
4. High-Performance Organic Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer finish complying with AAMA 2604 **OR** AAMA 2605, **as directed**, and containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

L. Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" **OR** SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling", **as directed**. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it, **as directed**.
2. Galvanizing: After fabrication, galvanize window components by chemical cleaning complying with SSPC-SP 1, "Solvent Cleaning," and pickling treatment complying with SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling," followed by hot-dip galvanizing complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M.
3. Factory Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.
4. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting

topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).

- a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

M. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
 - d. Dull Satin Finish: No. 6.
 - e. Reflective, Directional Polish: No. 7.
 - f. Mirrorlike Reflective, Nondirectional Polish: No. 8.
3. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

1. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer and Detention Specialist, **as directed**, present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of detention windows.
2. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations of detention window connections before detention window installation.
3. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of detention windows.
4. Inspect built-in and cast-in anchor installations, before installing detention windows, to verify that anchor installations comply with requirements. Prepare inspection reports.
 - a. Remove and replace anchors where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements. Reinspect after repairs or replacements are made.
 - b. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare anchor inspection reports.
5. For glazing materials whose orientation is critical for performance, verify installation orientation.
6. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

1. Coordination: Furnish layouts for cast-in-place anchors, clips, and other detention window anchors whose installation is specified in other Sections.
 - a. Furnish cast-in-place anchors and similar devices to other trades for installation well in advance of time needed for coordinating other work.
2. In-Place-Construction Anchors: Install embedded plate anchors **OR** 3/16-inch- (4.8-mm-) thick steel angle or formed-steel plate anchors with attached 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter anchor studs, **as directed**, in window openings at locations corresponding to detention window frame anchors.

C. Installation

1. General: Install detention windows level, plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place, complying with Drawings, Coordination Drawings, and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Provide anchorage devices and fasteners as required to secure detention windows to wall construction. Include threaded fasteners for inserts, security fasteners, and other connectors.
2. In-Place-Construction Anchor Installation: Weld wall angle anchors to embedded anchors to match locations of detention window frame anchors. Detach removable covers from detention window frames and set frames into opening until detention window frame anchors contact and

match embedded anchors. Weld detention window frame anchors to embedded anchors with minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) long welds at 18 inches (457 mm) o.c. Reinstall removable covers.

OR

Built-in Frame Installation: Build-in or cast-in detention window frames or subframes integral with construction of walls. Fully engage detention window frame anchors with wall reinforcement.

3. Grout: Where indicated, fill spaces between detention windows and adjacent substrate with grout. Install grout in lifts and take other precautions, including bracing detention windows, to ensure that detention windows are not deformed or damaged by grout forces.
4. Removable Covers, Glazing Stops, and Trim: Fasten components with security fasteners.
 - a. Install detention windows with glazing stops and removable covers, **as directed**, located on secure (noninmate) side of openings.
5. Security Fasteners: Install detention windows using security fasteners with head style appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials, except that a maximum of two different sets of tools shall be required to operate security fasteners for Project. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in stainless-steel materials, **as directed**.
6. Sealants: Comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for installing sealants, fillers, and gaskets.
 - a. Set continuous sill members and flashing in a full sealant bed to provide weathertight construction unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Seal frame perimeter with sealant to provide weathertight construction unless otherwise indicated.
7. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with primer or by applying sealant or tape recommended in writing by manufacturer for this purpose. Where aluminum will contact concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
8. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing" unless otherwise indicated.
9. Detention Screens: Secure screens to the interior side of window frames using security fasteners.

D. Field Quality Control

1. Detention Specialist shall inspect **OR** Inspect, **as directed**, installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
2. Remove and replace detention work where inspections indicate that work does not comply with specified requirements.
3. Perform additional inspections to determine compliance of replaced or additional work. Prepare inspection reports.
4. Prepare field quality-control certification endorsed by Detention Specialist, **as directed**, that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.

E. Adjusting

1. Adjust operating ventilators and hardware to provide a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping, for smooth operation and a weathertight enclosure.
2. Remove and replace defective work, including detention windows and screens, **as directed**, that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.

F. Cleaning And Protection

1. Clean surfaces promptly after installation of detention windows. Take care to avoid damaging the finish. Remove excess glazing and sealant compounds, dirt, and other substances.
2. Clean glass of preglazed detention windows promptly after installation. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Security Glazing" for cleaning and maintenance.
3. Provide temporary protection to ensure that detention windows are without damage at time of Final Completion.

G. Demonstration

1. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain operable detention windows.

END OF SECTION 11 98 21 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
11 98 23 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 12 01 60 00 - FIXED AUDIENCE SEATING

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for fixed audience seating. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes fixed audience seating with the following:
 - a. Standard, Beam, and Pedestal mounting.
 - b. Upholstered chairs, Molded-plastic chairs and Molded-plastic chairs with upholstered inserts.
 - c. Self-rising seat mechanism.
 - d. Power and data service to individual seats.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood and wood-based materials comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
 - b. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.4: For each composite wood product, documentation indicating that product contains no urea formaldehyde.
3. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Seating Layout: Show seating layout, aisle widths, row-lettering and chair-numbering scheme, chair widths, and chair spacing in each row.
 - b. Accessories: Show accessories, including locations of left- and right-hand tablet arms, electrical devices, accessibility provisions, and attachments to other work.
 - c. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
4. Samples: For each seating component and for each color and texture required.
5. Product Certificates: For each type of flame-retardant treatment of fabric, from manufacturer.
6. Maintenance Data.
7. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Source Limitations: Obtain fabric of a single dye lot for each color and pattern of fabric required.
2. Forest Certification: Fabricate products with wood components produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
3. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics of Upholstered Chairs:
 - a. Fabric: Class 1 according to DOC CS 191 and 16 CFR 1610.61, tested according to California Technical Bulletin 117.
 - b. Padding: Comply with California Technical Bulletin 117.
 - c. Full-Scale Fire Test: Comply with California Technical Bulletin 133.
4. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
5. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Warranty

1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of fixed audience seating that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Structural failures including standards, beams, and pedestals.
 - 2) Faulty operation of self-rising seat mechanism.
 - 3) Faulty operation of electrical components.
 - 4) Wear and deterioration of fabric and stitching beyond normal use.
 - 5) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
 - b. Warranty Periods: As follows, from date of Final Completion.
 - 1) Structural: Five years **OR** 10 years **OR** Lifetime, **as directed**.
 - 2) Operating Mechanisms: Three years **OR** Five years **OR** Lifetime, **as directed**.
 - 3) Electrical Components: Three **OR** Five, **as directed**, years.
 - 4) Plastic, Wood, and Paint Components: Two **OR** Three **OR** Five, **as directed**, years.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials And Finishes

1. Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M plates, shapes, and bars; ASTM A 513 mechanical tubing; ASTM A 1008/A 1008M cold-rolled sheet; and ASTM A 1011 hot-rolled sheet and strip.
2. Cast Iron: ASTM A 48/A 48M, Class 25 (Class 175), gray iron castings free of blow holes and hot checks with parting lines ground smooth.
3. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 85 aluminum-alloy die castings.
4. Metal Finish: Finish exposed metal parts with manufacturer's standard polyurethane **OR** baked-on **OR** minimum 1.5-mil- (0.04-mm-) thick, polyester baked-on powder **OR** minimum 1.5-mil- (0.04-mm-) thick, epoxy baked-on powder, **as directed**, coating.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
5. Medium-Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2, Grade MD, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.
6. Concealed Plywood: HPVA HP-1 hardwood plywood, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde, or DOC PS 1 softwood plywood, as standard with manufacturer.
7. Exposed Plywood: HPVA HP-1, Face Grade A, hardwood veneer core with color-matched hardwood-veneer faces, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.
8. Hardwood Lumber and Veneer Faces: American black walnut **OR** Red oak **OR** Teak **OR** Birch **OR** Cherry **OR** Maple, **as directed**, selected to be free of visible defects.
 - a. Stain and Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
9. Plastic Laminate: NEMA LD 3, Grade VGS for vertical surfaces and Grade HGS for horizontal surfaces.
 - a. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
10. Fabric: Manufacturer's standard 100 percent nylon **OR** 100 percent polyolefin, **as directed**, with flame-retardant treatment.
 - a. Weight: 12 oz./linear yd. (0.37 kg/linear m) **OR** 16 oz./linear yd. (0.50 kg/linear m) **OR** 18 oz./linear yd. (0.56 kg/linear m) **OR** 20 oz./linear yd. (0.62 kg/linear m), **as directed**.
 - b. Color and Pattern: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
11. Upholstery Padding: Flexible, cellular, molded or slab polyurethane foam.
12. Molded Plastic: High-density polyethylene or polypropylene, blow or injection molded, with smooth or textured surface that is mar and dent resistant.
 - a. Provide with UV inhibitors to retard fading where exposed to sunlight.
 - b. Color and Texture: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

B. Fixed Audience Seating

1. Chair Mounting Standards: Floor **OR** Riser, **as directed**, attached of the following material:
 - a. Steel: One-piece heavy-tube or reinforced sheet with welded mounting plate and welded connections for seat pivots, backs, armrests, and end panels.

- b. Cast Iron **OR** Aluminum, **as directed**: One-piece castings with integral mounting points and attachment anchoring points for seat pivots, backs, and armrests.
- c. Molded Plastic: One-piece, solid injection-molded plastic with integral reinforcing ribs and attachment anchoring points for seat pivots, backs, and armrests.
- 2. Chair Mounting Beam: Steel horizontal beam mounted on floor-attached **OR** riser-attached, **as directed**, steel support pedestals spaced at intervals of 2 to 2-1/2 chair widths.
- 3. Chair Mounting Pedestal: Floor-attached pedestal, manufacturer's standard jury base with swivel **OR** diffuser pedestal, **as directed**.
- 4. End Panels:
 - a. Material: Steel **OR** Cast iron with design **OR** Cast aluminum with design **OR** Plastic laminate **OR** Hardwood-veneer plywood **OR** Solid hardwood **OR** Fabric upholstered **OR** Molded plastic, **as directed**.
 - 1) Cast-Metal Design: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - b. Decorative Insert: Plastic laminate **OR** Hardwood-veneer plywood **OR** Solid hardwood **OR** Fabric upholstered **OR** Molded plastic **OR** Customized medallion, **as directed**.
 - c. Style: Rectangular **OR** Oval **OR** Teardrop **OR** Tapered **OR** Panel to floor (pew), **as directed**, with square **OR** rounded, **as directed**, corners.
- 5. Fabric Upholstered Chairs:
 - a. Backs:
 - 1) Padding Thickness: 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2) Rear Panel: Steel **OR** Molded plastic **OR** Fabric upholstered with 1/4-inch (6-mm) padding **OR** Plastic laminate **OR** Hardwood-veneer plywood, **as directed**.
 - 3) Top Corners: Square **OR** Rounded, **as directed**.
 - 4) Upholstery Options: Tufting **OR** Decorative stitching, **as directed**.
 - b. Seats: Two part **OR** One part with slip-on upholstered padding **OR** One part, fully upholstered, **as directed**, and as follows:
 - 1) Padding Thickness: Minimum 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm), **as directed**, at front and rear edge.
 - 2) Seat Underside: Steel sheet seat pan **OR** Perforated steel sheet seat pan with acoustical insulation **OR** Hardwood-veneer-faced, formed plywood shell **OR** Molded-plastic shell **OR** Fabric upholstered with padding, **as directed**.
- 6. Plastic Chairs: One-piece **OR** Two-piece, **as directed**, molded plastic and as follows:
 - a. Back: Smooth surface **OR** Textured surface **OR** Formed slats **OR** Smooth surface with upholstered inserts, **as directed**, with square **OR** rounded, **as directed**, top corners.
 - b. Seat: Smooth surface **OR** Textured surface **OR** With simulated slats **OR** Smooth surface with upholstered inserts, **as directed**.
 - c. Upholstered Inserts: Padding and fabric covering over 1/8-inch (3-mm) plywood or fiberboard backing board, recessed 3/16 inch (5 mm) into seat and back, centered, and attached with hidden, vandal-resistant fasteners.
- 7. Chair Width: Vary chair widths to accommodate sightlines and row lengths **OR** Single width chair in each row, **as directed**, with minimum chair width of 18 inches (457 mm) **OR** 19 inches (483 mm) **OR** 20 inches (508 mm) **OR** 22 inches (559 mm) **OR** 23 inches (584 mm) **OR** 24 inches (610 mm), **as directed**, from center to center of armrests.
- 8. Back Height: Standard-style **OR** High-style **OR** Planetarium-style, **as directed**, backs, 31 inches (787 mm) **OR** 32-1/2 inches (826 mm) **OR** 35 inches (889 mm) **OR** 38 inches (965 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1016 mm) **OR** 44 inches (1117 mm), **as directed**, high.
- 9. Back Pitch: Fixed **OR** Variable, hinged (rocker), **as directed**.
- 10. Chair Seat Hinges: Self-lubricating, compensating type with noiseless self-rising seat mechanism passing ASTM F 851 and with positive internal stops cushioned with rubber or neoprene.
- 11. Chair Back Hinges: Self-lubricating type with noiseless mechanism that raises back to vertical position when chair is unoccupied.
- 12. Self-Rising Seat Mechanism: Spring-actuated, three-quarter fold **OR** Spring-actuated, full fold **OR** Gravity-actuated, full fold, **as directed**.
- 13. Armrests: Plastic **OR** Hardwood **OR** Upholstered **OR** Plastic laminate on medium-density fiberboard **OR** Integral scrolled cast iron, **as directed**, with rounded edges, concealed mounting, and integral cup holder, **as directed**.

14. Aisle Lighting Fixtures: Manufacturer's standard round **OR** rectangular louvered **OR** concealed in armrest, **as directed**, fixtures.
 - a. Bulb: LED **OR** Incandescent, **as directed**.
 - b. Power: 24 **OR** 120, **as directed**, V.
 - c. For low-voltage lighting, provide manufacturer's voltage-reduction device housed in safety enclosure equipped with fuses, terminal blocks, and safety disconnect.
15. Power and Data Service Package: Manufacturer's standard service **OR** Service, **as directed**, to individual seats including terminal devices and wiring with 18 inches (457 mm) of extra length and as follows.
 - a. Power Receptacles: 120 V with wiring and receptacle as specified in Division 22.
 - b. Data Ports: Data port terminal with wiring and receptacle jack as specified in Division 23.
 - c. Location: Manufacturer's standard location **OR** On raceway beneath the seating **OR** In the armrest **OR** Beneath the armrest on front or side of the standard **OR** In back panel of seat in front, **as directed**.
16. Row-Letter and Chair-Number and Donor Plates: Manufacturer's standard.
 - a. Material: Aluminum **OR** Bronze **OR** Stainless steel, **as directed**, with black embossed characters.
 - b. Attachment: Manufacturer's standard method **OR** Adhesive **OR** Minimum of two mechanical fasteners, **as directed**.
17. Tablet Arms: Manufacturer's standard-size **OR** Manufacturer's oversize, **as directed**, fixed **OR** foldaway, **as directed**, tablet arm with plastic-laminate writing surface over medium-density fiberboard or plywood core and with rounded, matching PVC edges.
 - a. Mounting: Right-hand mounted unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Fold-Away Mechanism: Cast-iron or steel hinge and swivel mechanism that gives positive support in open position and semiautomatic return to stored position below arm block and parallel to chair.
18. Accessible Seating:
 - a. Provide removable **OR** rollaway **OR** swing-away, **as directed**, chairs where wheelchair spaces are indicated.
 - b. Provide chairs without **OR** with retractable **OR** with foldup, **as directed**, arm on aisle side in locations indicated, but not less than 5 percent of aisle seats. Identify these seats with a sign or marker.

C. Fabrication

1. Floor Attachments: Fabricate to conform to floor slope, if any, so that standards and pedestals are plumb and chairs are maintained at same angular relationship to vertical throughout Project.
2. For beam-mounted chairs in curved patterns, curve the beam to the various radii required for the rows.
3. Upholstery: Fabricate fabric-covered cushions with molded padding beneath fabric and with fabric covering free of welts, creases, stretch lines, and wrinkles. For each upholstered component, install pile and pattern run in a consistent direction.
4. Upholstered Chairs: Fabricate as follows:
 - a. Two-Part Upholstered Back: In length required to protect seat in raised position, with padded cushion glued to a curved steel, plywood, or molded-plastic support panel covered with easily replaceable fabric, and with curved rear shell that fully encloses upholstery edges.
 - b. Two-Part Seats: Upper part, an upholstered cushion with molded padding over no fewer than five serpentine springs attached to reinforced steel frame, with weight-distributing and abrasion-resistant sheeting separating padding from springs, and removable for reupholstering without removing seat from chair. Lower part, steel pan reinforced at stress points and completely enclosing hinges and self-rising mechanism.
OR
Two-Part Seats: Upper part, an upholstered cushion with formed padding over a five-ply plywood panel with fabric cover conforming to shape of cushion to conceal inner seat structure and hinge mechanism. Lower part, molded-plastic shell.
 - c. One-Part Seats: Double-wall plastic shells fitted with a padded upholstered cushion and covered with easily replaceable fabric **OR** padded and fully upholstered, **as directed**.

5. Two-Piece, Molded-Plastic Chairs: Fabricate contoured seat and back separately with double-wall, blow-molded plastic. Fabricate back in length required to protect seat in raised position. Reinforce plastic with steel plates at attachment points.
6. One-Piece, Molded-Plastic Chairs: Provide contoured plastic shell with smoothly rolled edges and reinforcing ribs on underside of shell. Fabricate for attachment of chair to support with self-threading, corrosion-resistant screws.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install seating in locations indicated and fastened securely to substrates according to manufacturer's written installation instructions.
 - a. Use installation methods and fasteners that produce fixed audience seating assemblies with individual chairs capable of supporting an evenly distributed 600-lb (272-kg) static load without failure or other conditions that might impair the chair's usefulness.
 - b. Install standards and pedestals plumb.
2. Install seating with chair end standards aligned from first to last row and with backs and seats varied in width **OR** spacing **OR** width and spacing, **as directed**, to optimize sightlines.
3. Install riser-mounted attachments to maintain uniform chair heights above floor.
4. Install chairs in curved rows at a smooth radius.
5. Install seating so moving components operate smoothly and quietly.
6. Install wiring conductors and cables concealed in components of seating and accessible for servicing.

B. Field Quality Control

1. Perform tests and inspections.
 - a. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
 - b. Tests for Power Receptacles: As specified in Division 22.
 - c. Tests for Data Ports: As specified in Division 23.
2. Prepare test and inspection reports.

C. Adjusting

1. Adjust chair backs so that they are aligned with each other in straight **OR** uniformly curved, **as directed**, rows.
2. Adjust self-rising seat mechanisms so seats in each row are aligned when in upright position.
3. Verify that all components and devices are operating properly.
4. Verify that seating returns to correct at-rest position.
5. Repair minor abrasions and imperfections in finishes with coating that matches factory-applied finish.
6. Replace upholstery fabric damaged during installation.

END OF SECTION 12 01 60 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 01 60 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 12 21 13 13 - HORIZONTAL LOUVER BLINDS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for horizontal louver blinds. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Horizontal louver blinds with aluminum, wood and polymer slats.
 - b. Motorized blind operators.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for horizontal louver blinds and motorized blind operators.
 - a. Wiring Diagrams: Power, system, and control wiring.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Product certificates **OR** test reports, **as directed**.
5. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide horizontal louver blinds with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - a. Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Product Standard: Provide horizontal louver blinds complying with WCSC A 100.1.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver horizontal louver blinds in factory packages, marked with manufacturer and product name, fire-test-response characteristics, lead-free designation, and location of installation using same designations indicated on Drawings and in a window treatment schedule.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Horizontal Louver Blinds, Aluminum Slats

1. Slats: Aluminum; alloy and temper recommended by producer for type of use and finish indicated; with crowned profile and radiused corners.
 - a. Width: 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1/2 to 5/8 inch (13 to 16 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: One color **OR** One color each side **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - 1) Ionized Coating: Antistatic, dust-repellent, baked polyester finish.
 - 2) Reflective Coating: Manufacturer's special coating enhancing the reflection of solar energy on the outside-facing slat surface.
 - c. Perforated Slats: Openness factor of 6 to 7 percent.

2. Headrail: Formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and end plugs.
 3. Bottom Rail: Formed-steel or extruded-aluminum tube, with plastic or metal capped ends.
 4. Maximum Light-Blocking Blinds: Designed for eliminating all visible light gaps if slats are tilted closed and with minimal-sized rout holes for ladders hidden and placed near back edge for maximum slat overlap; with headrail and bottom rail extended and formed for light-tight joints between rail and adjacent slats or construction.
 - a. Finish: Match color, texture, pattern, and gloss of slats **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats, matching samples **OR** Color texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 5. Ladders: Evenly spaced to prevent long-term slat sag.
 - a. For Blinds with Nominal Slat Width 1 Inch (25 mm) or Less: Braided string.
 - b. For Blinds with Nominal Slat Width 1 Inch (25 mm) **OR** 2 Inches (51 mm)\, **as directed**, or More: Braided string **OR** Manufacturer's standard-width reinforced vinyl tapes **OR** Manufacturer's standard-width cloth tapes, **as directed**.
 - 1) Tape Color, Texture, and Pattern: Color, texture, and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, and pattern matching samples **OR** Color, texture, and pattern as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 6. Lift-and-Tilt Control: Motorized operator.
 7. Lift Cords: Manufacturer's standard.
 8. Tilt Control: Enclosed worm-gear mechanism, slip clutch or detachable wand preventing overrotation, and linkage rod.
 9. Lift Operation: Manual.
 10. Valance: Two slats **OR** PVC strip **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 11. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 12. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard.
 13. Side Channels and Perimeter Light Gap Seals: Manufacturer's standard.
 14. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Horizontal Louver Blinds, Wood Slats
1. Slats: Hardwood, North American **OR** basswood **OR** poplar **OR** ramin, **as directed**, species, flame-retardant treated; with flat profile and radiused corners and beaded edges **OR** and double beaded edges, **as directed**.
 - a. Width: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1-3/8 inch (35 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 2-3/8-inch (60-mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Finish: Manufacturer's standard colors as indicated, for striped blind with pattern as indicated on Drawings.
 2. Headrail: Formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and ends.
 3. Bottom Rail: Hardwood matching slats.
 - a. Finish Color Characteristics: Match color, texture, pattern, and gloss of slats **OR** Match color, texture, pattern, and gloss of valance **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats, matching samples **OR** Color texture, pattern, and gloss differing from slats as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 4. Maximum Light-Blocking Blinds: Designed for eliminating all visible light gaps if slats are tilted closed and with minimal-sized rout holes for ladders hidden and placed near back edge for maximum slat overlap; with headrail and bottom rail extended and formed for light-tight joints between rail and adjacent slats or construction.
 5. Ladders: Braided string **OR** Manufacturer's standard-width cloth tapes, **as directed**. Evenly spaced to prevent long-term louver sag.
 - a. Tape Color, Texture, and Pattern: Color, texture, and pattern as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, and pattern matching samples **OR** Color, texture, and pattern as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

6. Tilt Control: Enclosed worm gear mechanism, slip clutch or detachable wand preventing overrotation, and linkage rod.
7. Lift Operation: Manual.
8. Lift Operation: Motorized operator.
9. Valance: Manufacturer's standard.
10. Cornice: as directed by the Owner.
11. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
12. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard, as indicated.
13. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

C. Horizontal Louver Blinds, Polymer Slats

1. Slats: Lead-free, UV-stabilized, integrally colored, opaque, permanently flexible, extruded PVC **OR** polymer/wood alloy, **as directed**, that will not crack or yellow; antistatic, dust-repellent treated; with crowned **OR** manufacturer's standard, **as directed**, profile.
 - a. Width: 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 2-1/2 inches (64 mm), **as directed**.
 - 1) Spacing: Manufacturer's standard.
 - b. Finish: Wood-tone **OR** Painted, **as directed**, color as indicated.
 - c. Finish: Two colors **OR** textures **OR** patterns, **as directed**, as indicated, one per side of slat.
2. Headrail: Formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and ends.
3. Bottom Rail: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Formed-steel or extruded-aluminum tube, with plastic or metal capped ends **OR** Hardwood matching slats and trapezoid-shaped bottom angled for minimizing light gaps, **as directed**.
4. Ladders: Braided string **OR** Manufacturer's standard-width cloth tapes, **as directed**. Evenly spaced to prevent long-term slat sag.
 - a. Tape Color, Texture, and Pattern: Color, texture, and pattern as selected from manufacturer's full range.
5. Tilt Control: Enclosed worm-gear mechanism and linkage rod.
6. Lift Operation: Manual.
7. Lift Operation: Motorized operator.
8. Valance: Manufacturer's standard.
9. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
10. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard, as indicated.
11. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

D. Horizontal Louver Blind Fabrication

1. Concealed Components: Noncorrodible or corrosion-resistant-coated materials.
 - a. Lift-and-Tilt Mechanisms: With permanently lubricated moving parts.
2. Unit Sizes: Obtain units fabricated in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows:
 - a. Blind Units Installed between (inside) Jambs: Width equal to 1/4 inch (6 mm) per side or 1/2 inch (13 mm) total, plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm), less than jamb-to-jamb dimension of opening in which each blind is installed. Length equal to 1/4 inch (6 mm), plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm), less than head-to-sill dimension of opening in which each blind is installed.
 - b. Blind Units Installed outside Jambs: Width and length as indicated, with terminations between blinds of end-to-end installations at centerlines of mullion or other defined vertical separations between openings.
3. Installation Brackets: Designed for easy removal and reinstallation of blind, for supporting headrail, valance, and operating hardware, and for hardware position and blind mounting method indicated.
4. Installation Fasteners: No fewer than two fasteners per bracket, fabricated from metal noncorrosive to blind hardware and adjoining construction; type designed for securing to supporting substrate; and supporting blinds and accessories under conditions of normal use.
5. Color-Coated Finish:
 - a. Metal: For components exposed to view, apply manufacturer's standard baked finish.

- b. Wood: Apply manufacturer's standard opaque **OR** transparent, **as directed**, factory-applied finish.
 6. Component Color: Provide rails, cords, ladders, and exposed-to-view metal, wood, and plastic matching or coordinating with slat color, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Motorized Horizontal Louver Blind Operators
1. General: Provide factory-assembled blind operation systems designed for blind type, size, weight, construction, use, and operation frequency indicated, with lift **OR** tilt **OR** lift-and-tilt, **as directed**, functions. Provide operation systems of size and capacity and with features, characteristics, and accessories suitable for Project conditions and recommended by blind manufacturer, complete with electric motors and factory-prewired motor controls, remote-control stations, remote-control devices, power disconnect switches, enclosures protecting controls and all operating parts, headrail, and accessories required for reliable operation without malfunction. Include wiring from motor controls to motors. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
 2. Comply with NFPA 70.
 3. Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6 with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.
 4. Electric Motors: UL-approved or -recognized, totally enclosed, insulated motor, complying with NEMA MG 1, with thermal-overload protection and internal limit switches; sized by blind manufacturer to start and operate size and weight of blind considering service factor or Project's service conditions without exceeding nameplate ratings.
 - a. Service Factor: According to NEMA MG 1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Motor Characteristics: Single phase, 24 **OR** 110 **OR** 220, **as directed**, V, 60 Hz.
 - c. Motor Mounting: Within manufacturer's standard headrail enclosure.
 5. Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface **OR** recessed or flush **OR** within headrail, **as directed**, mounting. Provide the following devices for remote-control activation of blinds:
 - a. Control Stations: Keyed, maintained **OR** momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, switch-operated control station with open, close, and off functions. Provide two keys per station.
 - b. Control Stations: Maintained **OR** Momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, toggle **OR** rocker, **as directed**,-style, wall-switch-operated control station with open, close, and center off functions.
 - 1) Color: Ivory **OR** White **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 6. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop blind at fully raised and fully lowered positions.
 7. Operating Features: as directed by the Owner.
 8. Accessories:
 - a. Solar Power Unit: For use with control system indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install horizontal louver blinds level and plumb and aligned with adjacent units according to manufacturer's written instructions, and located so exterior slat edges in any position are not closer than 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 2 inches (51 mm), **as directed**, to interior face of glass. Install intermediate support as required to prevent deflection in headrail. Allow clearances between adjacent blinds and for operating glazed opening's operation hardware if any.
2. Flush Mounted: Install horizontal louver blinds with slat edges flush with finish face of opening if slats are tilted open.
3. Jamb Mounted: Install headrail flush with face of opening jamb and head.
4. Head Mounted: Install headrail on face of opening head.
5. Recessed: Install headrail concealed within blind pocket.
6. Connections: Connect motorized operators to building electrical system.

7. Adjust horizontal louver blinds to operate smoothly, easily, safely, and free of binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
8. Clean horizontal louver blind surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12 21 13 13

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SECTION 12 21 13 13a - VERTICAL LOUVER BLINDS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for vertical louver blinds. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Vertical louver blinds, aluminum vanes, PVC vanes, PVC vanes with fabric vane insert and fabric vanes.
 - b. Motorized blind operators.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for vertical louver blinds and motorized operators.
 - a. Wiring Diagrams: Power, system, and control wiring.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. Product certificates **OR** test reports, **as directed**.
5. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide vertical louver blinds with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - a. Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Product Standard: Provide vertical louver blinds complying with WCSC A 100.1.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver vertical louver blinds in factory packages, marked with manufacturer and product name, fire-test-response characteristics, lead-free designation, and location of installation using same designations indicated on Drawings and in a window treatment schedule.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Vertical Louver Blinds, Aluminum Vanes

1. Rail System: Headrail **OR** Dual system with headrail and bottom rail, **as directed**.
 - a. Rails: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**; long edges returned or rolled; channel-shaped, enclosing operating mechanisms.
 - 1) Color: Custom color **OR** As selected from manufacturer's standard color range, **as directed**.
 - 2) Anodized aluminum, clear **OR** color, **as directed**, anodized.
2. Vanes: Aluminum, alloy, and temper recommended by producer for type of use and finish indicated; with crowned profile and not less than 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) overlap when vanes are rotated fully closed.

- a. Nominal Vane Width: 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) wide.
 - b. Vane Finish: One color as indicated, **OR** Two colors as indicated, one per side of slat, **as directed**.
 3. Vane Directional Control: Manual **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 4. Traversing Control: Manual **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 5. Draw and Stack Position: One way, controls and stack left **OR** One way, controls and stack right **OR** One way, controls left and stack opposite **OR** One way, controls right and stack opposite **OR** Center split, controls left **OR** Center split, controls right **OR** Center stack, controls left **OR** Center stack, controls right **OR** Off center, controls left **OR** Off center, controls right **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 6. Cord-Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 7. Valance: One **OR** Two-tiered, **as directed**, vane insert; with dust cover.
 - a. Finish Color Characteristics: Match color, texture, pattern, and gloss of vanes **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes matching samples **OR** Color texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 8. Louver Bottom: Connecting or spacing chains.
 9. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 10. Stack Release: Permitting stacked vanes to be moved away from stacking position for total access to glazed opening.
 11. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Vertical Louver Blinds, PVC Vanes
1. Rail System: Headrail **OR** Dual system with headrail and bottom rail, **as directed**.
 - a. Rails: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**; long edges returned or rolled; channel-shaped, enclosing operating mechanisms.
 - 1) Color: Custom color **OR** As selected from manufacturer's standard color range, **as directed**.
 - 2) Anodized aluminum, clear **OR** color, **as directed**, anodized.
 2. Vanes: Lead-free, UV-stabilized, integrally colored, opaque, permanently flexible, extruded PVC that will not crack or yellow; with flat **OR** crowned **OR** ribbed, **as directed**, profile and not less than 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) overlap when vanes are rotated fully closed.
 - a. Nominal Vane Width: 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) **OR** 4 inches (100 mm) **OR** 5 inches (125 mm), **as directed**.
 - b. Perforated Vanes: Openness factor of 3 **OR** 6 **OR** 8 **OR** 10 **OR** 12, **as directed**, percent.
 3. Vane Directional Control: Manual, **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 4. Traversing Control: Manual **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 5. Draw and Stack Position: One way, controls and stack left **OR** One way, controls and stack right **OR** One way, controls left and stack opposite **OR** One way, controls right and stack opposite **OR** Center split, controls left **OR** Center split, controls right **OR** Center stack, controls left **OR** Center stack, controls right **OR** Off center, controls left **OR** Off center, controls right **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 6. Cord-Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 7. Valance: One **OR** Two-tiered, **as directed**, vane insert; with dust cover.
 - a. Finish Color Characteristics: Match color, texture, pattern, and gloss of vanes **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes as indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Color, texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes matching samples **OR** Color texture, pattern, and gloss differing from vanes as selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 8. Louver Bottom: Connecting or spacing chains.
 9. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 10. Stack Release: Permitting stacked vanes to be moved away from stacking position for total access to glazed opening.
 11. Colors, Textures, Patterns, and Gloss: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

- C. Vertical Louver Blinds, PVC Vanes With Fabric Vane Inserts
1. Rail System: Headrail **OR** Dual system with headrail and bottom rail, **as directed**.
 - a. Rails: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**; long edges returned or rolled; channel-shaped, enclosing operating mechanisms.
 - 1) Color: Custom color **OR** As selected from manufacturer's standard color range, **as directed**.
 - 2) Anodized aluminum, clear **OR** color, **as directed**, anodized.
 2. Vanes: Lead-free, UV-stabilized, permanently flexible, extruded PVC that will not crack or yellow; with not less than 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) overlap when vanes are rotated fully closed. Provide integrally colored, opaque vane with clear grooves for holding fabric insert.
 - a. Nominal Vane Width: 3-1/2 inches (89 mm).
 - b. Fabric Insert: Manufacturer's standard; stain and fade resistant.
 3. Vane Directional Control: Manual **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 4. Traversing Control: Manual **OR** Motorized operator, **as directed**.
 5. Draw and Stack Position: One way, controls and stack left **OR** One way, controls and stack right **OR** One way, controls left and stack opposite **OR** One way, controls right and stack opposite **OR** Center split, controls left **OR** Center split, controls right **OR** Center stack, controls left **OR** Center stack, controls right **OR** Off center, controls left **OR** Off center, controls right **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 6. Cord-Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 7. Valance: One **OR** Two-tiered, **as directed**, vane insert; with dust cover. Fabric vane insert matching vanes.
 8. Louver Bottom: Connecting or spacing chains.
 9. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 10. Stack Release: Permitting stacked vanes to be moved away from stacking position for total access to glazed opening.
 11. Fabric Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Vertical Louver Blinds, Fabric Vanes
1. Rail System: Headrail **OR** Dual system with headrail and bottom rail, **as directed**.
 - a. Rails: Extruded aluminum **OR** Formed steel **OR** Manufacturer's standard, **as directed**; long edges returned or rolled; channel-shaped, enclosing operating mechanisms.
 - 1) Color: Custom color **OR** As selected from manufacturer's standard color range, **as directed**.
 - 2) Anodized aluminum, clear **OR** color, **as directed** anodized.
 2. Vanes: Manufacturer's standard **OR** PVC-coated fiberglass mesh **OR** PVC-coated polyester mesh, **as directed**, freehanging fabric with hemmed, nonraveling edges; stain and fade resistant; with not less than 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) overlap when vanes are rotated fully closed.
 - a. Nominal Vane Width: 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 3-1/2 inches (89 mm) **OR** 5 inches (125 mm), **as directed**.
 3. Vane Directional Control: Manual.
 4. Vane Directional Control: Motorized operator.
 5. Traversing Control: Manual.
 6. Traversing Control: Motorized operator.
 7. Draw and Stack Position: One way, controls and stack left **OR** One way, controls and stack right **OR** One way, controls left and stack opposite **OR** One way, controls right and stack opposite **OR** Center split, controls left **OR** Center split, controls right **OR** Center stack, controls left **OR** Center stack, controls right **OR** Off center, controls left **OR** Off center, controls right **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 8. Cord-Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 9. Valance: One **OR** Two-tiered, **as directed**, vane insert; with dust cover. Fabric vane insert matching vanes.
 10. Louver Bottom: Connecting or spacing chains **OR** Weights, **as directed**.
 11. Mounting: Wall mounting **OR** Ceiling mounting **OR** End mounting **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.

12. Stack Release: Permitting stacked vanes to be moved away from stacking position for total access to glazed opening.
13. Fabric Colors, Textures, and Patterns: As selected from manufacturer's full range.

E. Vertical Louver Blind Fabrication

1. Product Description: Vertical louver blind consisting of equally spaced, synchronized vanes and rail system with self-aligning carrier mechanisms, carriers, traverse and vane directional mechanisms and controls, and installation hardware.
2. Concealed Components: Noncorrodible or corrosion-resistant-coated materials.
 - a. Louver Directional and Traversing Control Mechanisms: With permanently lubricated moving parts.
3. Unit Sizes: Obtain units fabricated in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows:
 - a. Blind Units Installed between (inside) Jamb: Width equal to 1/4 inch (6 mm) per side or 1/2 inch (13 mm) total less than jamb-to-jamb dimension of opening in which each blind is installed. Length equal to 1/4 inch (6 mm), plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.1 mm), less than head-to-sill dimension of opening in which each blind is installed.
 - b. Blind Units Installed outside Jamb: Width and length as indicated, with terminations between blinds of end-to-end installations at centerlines of mullion or other defined vertical separations between openings.
4. Installation Brackets: Designed for easy removal and reinstallation of blind, for supporting headrail, valance, and operating hardware, and for hardware position and blind mounting method indicated.
5. Installation Fasteners: No fewer than two fasteners per bracket, fabricated from metal noncorrosive to blind hardware and adjoining construction; type designed for securing to supporting substrate; and supporting blinds and accessories under conditions of normal use.
6. Color-Coated Finish: For metal components exposed to view, unless anodized or plated finish is indicated. Apply manufacturer's standard baked finish complying with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation including pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
7. Component Color: Provide cords and exposed-to-view metal and plastic matching or coordinating with vane color, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Motorized Vertical Louver Blind Operators

1. General: Provide factory-assembled blind operation systems designed for blind type, size, weight, construction, use, and operation frequency indicated, with traverse **OR** rotation **OR** traverse and rotation, **as directed** functions. Provide operation systems of size and capacity and with features, characteristics, and accessories suitable for Project conditions and recommended by blind manufacturer, complete with electric motors and factory-prewired motor controls, remote-control stations, remote-control devices, power disconnect switches, enclosures protecting controls and all operating parts, headrail, and accessories required for reliable operation without malfunction. Include wiring from motor controls to motors. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with the building electrical system.
2. Comply with NFPA 70.
3. Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6 with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.
4. Electric Motors: UL-approved or -recognized, totally enclosed, insulated motor, complying with NEMA MG 1, with thermal-overload protection and internal limit switches; sized by blind manufacturer to start and operate size and weight of blind considering service factor or Project's service conditions without exceeding nameplate ratings.
 - a. Service Factor: According to NEMA MG 1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Motor Characteristics: Single phase, 24 **OR** 110 **OR** 220, **as directed**, V, 60 Hz.
 - c. Motor Mounting: On top of **OR** Behind, **as directed**, track, left **OR** right, **as directed**, side of headrail.
 - d. Motor Mounting: As indicated.
5. Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface **OR** recessed or flush **OR** within headrail, **as directed**, mounting. Provide the following devices for remote-control activation of blinds:

- a. Control Stations: Keyed, maintained **OR** momentary, **as directed**, -contact, three-position, switch-operated control station with open, close, and off functions. Provide two keys per station.
- b. Control Stations: Maintained **OR** Momentary, **as directed**, -contact, three-position, toggle **OR** rocker, **as directed**, -style, wall-switch-operated control station with open, close, and center off functions.
 - 1) Color: Ivory **OR** White **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
6. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop blind at fully traversed, rotated closed and fully retracted, rotated open positions.
7. Operating Features: **<Insert feature.>**
8. Accessories:
 - a. Solar Power Unit: For use with control system indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Install vertical louver blinds level and plumb and aligned with adjacent units according to manufacturer's written instructions, and located so exterior vane edges in any position are not closer than 2 inches (51 mm) to interior face of glass. Install intermediate support as required to prevent deflection in headrail. Allow clearances between adjacent blinds and for operating glazed opening's operation hardware, if any.
2. Flush Mounted: Install vertical louver blinds with vane edges flush with finish face of opening when vanes are tilted open.
3. Jamb Mounted: Install headrail flush with face of opening jamb and head.
4. Head Mounted: Install headrail on face of opening head.
5. Recessed: Install headrail concealed within blind pocket.
6. Connections: Connect motorized operators to building electrical system.
7. Adjust vertical louver blinds to operate smoothly, easily, safely and free of binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
8. Clean vertical louver blind surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12 21 13 13a

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 21 13 33	12 21 13 13	Horizontal Louver Blinds
12 21 13 33	12 21 13 13a	Vertical Louver Blinds
12 21 16 13	12 21 13 13	Horizontal Louver Blinds
12 21 16 13	12 21 13 13a	Vertical Louver Blinds
12 21 16 33	12 21 13 13	Horizontal Louver Blinds
12 21 16 33	12 21 13 13a	Vertical Louver Blinds

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SECTION 12 24 13 00 - ROLLER SHADES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for roller shades. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes roller shades and motorized shade operators.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, details of installation, operational clearances, wiring diagrams, and relationship to adjoining Work.
 - a. Verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish and for each color and texture required.
4. Window Treatment Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
5. Maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide products passing flame-resistance testing according to NFPA 701 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Comply with WCMA A 100.1.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver shades in factory packages, marked with manufacturer and product name, fire-test-response characteristics, lead-free designation, and location of installation using same designations indicated on Drawings and in a window treatment schedule.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Roller Shades

1. Shade Band Material: PVC-coated fiberglass **OR** PVC-coated polyester **OR** PVC-coated fiberglass and polyester blends **OR** Fiberglass and acrylic blend **OR** Metallized film **OR** Mirror film **OR** Tinted film **OR** Owner-furnished material, **as directed**.
 - a. Colors: Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - b. Material Solar-Optical Properties: **As directed**.
 - c. Material Openness Factor: **As directed** percent.
 - d. Material UV Blockage: **As directed** percent.
2. Rollers: Electrogalvanized or epoxy primed steel or extruded-aluminum tube of diameter and wall thickness required to support and fit internal components of operating system and the weight and width of shade band material without sagging; designed to be easily removable from support brackets. Provide capacity for one **OR** two, **as directed**, roller shade band(s) per roller.
3. Direction of Roll: Regular, from back of roller **OR** Reverse, from front of roller **OR** Regular, from back of roller, and reverse, from front of roller, as indicated on Drawings for double-roller shades, **as directed**.

4. Mounting Brackets: Galvanized or zinc-plated steel **OR** Fascia end caps, fabricated from steel finished to match fascia or headbox, **as directed**.
5. Fascia: L-shaped, formed-steel sheet or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; continuous panel concealing front and bottom of shade roller, brackets, and operating hardware and operators; removable design for access.
6. Top/Back Cover: L-shaped; material and finish to match fascia; combining with fascia and end caps to form a six-sided headbox enclosure sized to fit shade roller and operating hardware inside.
7. Pocket-Style Headbox: U-shaped, formed-steel sheet or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; with a bottom cover consisting of slot opening of minimum dimension to allow lowering and raising of shade and a removable or an openable, continuous metal access panel concealing shade roller, brackets, and operating hardware and operators within.
8. Pocket with Ceiling Slot Opening: Six-sided box units for recessed installation; fabricated from formed-steel sheet, extruded aluminum, or wood; with a bottom consisting of slot opening of minimum dimension to allow lowering and raising of shade and a removable or an openable, continuous metal access panel concealing rollers, brackets, and operating hardware and operators within.
 - a. Corner Section: Factory formed and welded.
9. Bottom Bar: Steel or extruded aluminum, with plastic or metal capped ends. Provide exposed-to-view, external **OR** concealed, by pocket of shade material, internal, **as directed**, -type.
10. Audiovisual Light-Blocking Shades: Designed for eliminating all visible light gaps when shades are fully closed; fabricated from blackout shade band material with fascia **OR** headbox **OR** pocket, **as directed**, and bottom bar extended and formed for light-tight joints among shade components and between shade components and adjacent construction.
11. Skylight Shades: Manufacturer's complete system for operable skylight shades, including operator, operating hardware, and accessories for smooth operation, designed for installation in horizontal position **OR** inclined position, slope as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
12. Valance: As indicated by manufacturer's designation for style and color **OR** Style matching hem; as indicated by manufacturer's designation color **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
13. Mounting: Inside **OR** Outside **OR** Ceiling **OR** Recessed in ceiling pocket **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** Bottom-up brackets **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
14. Shade Operation: Manual; with spring roller **OR** continuous-loop bead-chain, clutch, and cord tensioner and bracket **OR** gear and crank **OR** cordless system, **as directed**, lift operator.
15. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins and Side Channels: Manufacturer's standard for fixing shade in place, keeping shade band material taut, and reducing light gaps when shades are closed.
16. Shade Operation: Manual; with spring roller **OR** continuous-loop bead-chain, clutch, and cord tensioner and bracket **OR** gear and crank **OR** cordless system, **as directed**, lift operator.

B. Roller Shade Fabrication

1. Unit Sizes: Obtain units fabricated in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows, measured at 74 deg F (23 deg C):
 - a. Shade Units Installed between (Inside) Jambs: Edge of shade not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) from face of jamb. Length equal to head to sill dimension of opening in which each shade is installed.
 - b. Shade Units Installed Outside Jambs: Width and length as indicated, with terminations between shades of end-to-end installations at centerlines of mullion or other defined vertical separations between openings.
2. Installation Brackets: Designed for easy removal and reinstallation of shade, for supporting fascia, headbox, roller, and operating hardware and for hardware position and shade mounting method indicated.
3. Installation Fasteners: No fewer than two fasteners per bracket, fabricated from metal noncorrosive to shade hardware and adjoining construction; type designed for securing to supporting substrate; and supporting shades and accessories under conditions of normal use.

C. Motorized Roller Shade Operators

1. General: Provide factory-assembled motorized shade operation systems designed for lifting shades of type, size, weight, construction, use, and operation frequency indicated. Include wiring from motor controls to motors. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with the building electrical system.
2. Comply with NFPA 70.
3. Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6 with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.
4. Electric Motors: UL-approved or -recognized, totally enclosed, insulated motor, complying with NEMA MG 1, with thermal-overload protection, brake, permanently lubricated bearings, and limit switches; sized by shade manufacturer to start and operate size and weight of shade considering service factor or considering Project's service conditions without exceeding nameplate ratings.
 - a. Service Factor: According to NEMA MG 1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Motor Characteristics: Single phase, 24 **OR** 110 **OR** 220, **as directed**, V, 60 Hz.
 - c. Motor Mounting: Within manufacturer's standard roller enclosure.
5. Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure surface **OR** recessed or flush, **as directed**, mounting. Keyed switch **OR** Toggle-style, wall switch Rocker-style, wall switch **OR** Rocker-style, group-control wall switch **OR** Rocker-style, individual/group-control wall switch **OR** Sun sensor **OR** Radio **OR** Infrared **OR** Timer **OR** Microprocessor, **as directed**.
6. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop shade at fully raised and fully lowered positions.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Roller Shade Installation

1. Install roller shades level, plumb, and aligned with adjacent units according to manufacturer's written instructions, and located so shade band is not closer than 2 inches (50 mm) to interior face of glass. Allow clearances for window operation hardware.
2. Connections: Connect motorized operators to building electrical system.
3. Adjust and balance roller shades to operate smoothly, easily, safely, and free from binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
4. Clean roller shade surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12 24 13 00

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SECTION 12 24 13 00a - PLEATED SHADES

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for pleated shades. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following types of horizontal-fold shades and accessories:
 - a. Z-pleated shades.
 - b. Cellular shades.
 - c. Motorized shade operators.

C. Definitions

1. Cellular Shades: Pleated shades with more than one horizontally folded fabric layer forming accordion-folded fabric with enclosed air spaces or cells. Cellular shades may consist of two fabric layers forming a continuous accordion fold of enclosed air spaces or cells for a linear row of cells, one cell wide; three fabric layers forming two interconnected accordion folds of enclosed air spaces or cells for two honeycombed rows of cells, nominally two cells wide; or four fabric layers forming three interconnected accordion folds of enclosed air spaces or cells for three honeycombed rows of cells, nominally three cells wide.
2. Pleated Shades: Permanently creased, horizontally folded shades. Alternatively, pleated shades are synonymous with Z-pleated shades according to the industry. Z-pleated shades consist of one fabric layer forming Z-folded pleats.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - a. Motorized Shade Operators: Include operating instructions.
 - b. Motors: Show nameplate data, ratings, characteristics, and mounting arrangements.
2. Shop Drawings: Show location and extent of pleated shades. Include elevations, sections, details, and dimensions not shown in Product Data. Show installation details, mountings, attachments to other work, operational clearances, and relationship to adjoining work.
 - a. Motorized Shade Operators: Show locations and details for installing operator components, switches, and controls. Indicate motor size, electrical characteristics, drive arrangement, mounting, and grounding provisions.
 - b. Wiring Diagrams: Power, system, and control wiring.
3. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - a. Suspended ceiling components.
 - b. Structural members to which equipment **OR** suspension systems, **as directed**, will be attached.
 - c. Sizes and locations of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - d. Items penetrating finished ceiling, including the following:
 - 1) Lighting fixtures.
 - 2) Air outlets and inlets.
 - 3) Speakers.
 - 4) Sprinklers.
 - 5) Access panels.
 - e. Perimeter moldings.
4. Samples: For the following products:
 - a. Shade Fabrics: Not less than 3 inches (76 mm) square, with specified treatments applied. Mark face of material.

- b. Valance: Full-size unit, not less than 12 inches (300 mm) long.
5. Maintenance Data.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide pleated shades with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency:
 - a. Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701.
2. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
3. Product Standard: Provide pleated shades complying with WCMA A 100.1.

F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Deliver shades in factory packages, marked with manufacturer and product name, fire-test-response characteristics, **OR** lead-free designation, **as directed**, and location of installation using same designations indicated on Drawings and in a window treatment schedule.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Z-Pleated Shades

1. Z-Pleated Shade Construction: One-fabric thickness, with uniform pleat spacing maintained at all positions.
 - a. Nominal Pleat Width: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 2 inches (50 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** 4 inches (100 mm), **as directed**.
2. Shade Fabric: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 100 percent nonwoven polyester with antistatic treatment **OR** PVC-coated polyester mesh **OR** 100 percent spun-woven polyester, **as directed**; stain and fade resistant, width as wide as required for seamless shade.
 - a. Fabric Width: 36 inches (910 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1520 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1830 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2130 mm) **OR** 96 inches (2440 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - b. Pattern: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Style: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Colors: Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - e. **Material Solar-Optical Properties: as directed by the Owner.**
 - f. Material Openness Factor: percent as directed by the Owner..
 - g. Material UV Blockage: percent as directed by the Owner..
3. Headrail: Formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and ends; capacity for one **OR** two, **as directed**, shade(s) per headrail, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
4. Bottom Rail: Formed-steel or extruded-aluminum tube, sealed with plastic or metal capped ends.
5. Valance: Clear plastic with fabric insert matching fabric shade.
6. R-Value: Not less than 2.22 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.39 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 4.8 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.85 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**.
7. Mounting: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** End **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, mounting permitting easy removal and replacement without damaging shade or adjacent surfaces and finishes; with spacers and shims required for shade placement and alignment indicated.
8. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard, as indicated.
9. Side Channels and Perimeter Seals: Manufacturer's standard for eliminating light gaps when shades are closed.

10. Shade Operation: Manual.
 - a. Lift Control: System including lift cord, crash-proof cord lock, and cord joiner ball **OR** System including continuous-cord loop, clutch, and cord tensioner and bracket **OR** Cordless system, **as directed**, designed to hold shade in place unless force is applied to move shade.
 - b. Length of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: Manufacturer's standard length **OR** Full length of shade **OR** Length required to make operation convenient from floor level **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Position of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: As indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - d. Position of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: Left side **OR** Right side **OR** Left end **OR** Right end, **as directed**, of headrail, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - e. Cord Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
11. Shade Operation: Motorized operator.

B. Cellular Shades

1. Cellular Shade Construction: Two-fabric thicknesses and one row of cells, one cell wide.
 - a. Nominal Cell Width: 3/8 to 7/16 inch (10 to 11 mm) **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) **OR** 9/16 inch (14.2 mm) **OR** 3/4 inch (19 mm), **as directed**.
2. Cellular Shade Construction: Three-fabric thicknesses and two honeycombed cells, nominally two cells wide.
 - a. Nominal Cell Width: 3/8 inch (10 mm).
3. Cellular Shade Construction: Four-fabric thicknesses and three honeycombed cells, nominally three cells wide.
 - a. Nominal Cell Width: 3/8 inch (10 mm).
4. Shade Fabric: Manufacturer's standard **OR** 100 percent nonwoven polyester with antistatic treatment **OR** 100 percent spun-woven polyester, **as directed**; stain and fade resistant, width as wide as required for seamless shade.
 - a. Fabric Width: 36 inches (910 mm) **OR** 48 inches (1220 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1520 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1830 mm) **OR** 84 inches (2130 mm) **OR** 96 inches (2440 mm) **OR** As indicated on Drawings **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - b. Pattern: as directed by the Owner.
 - c. Style: as directed by the Owner.
 - d. Colors: Match samples **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
5. Headrail: Formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and ends; capacity for one **OR** two, **as directed**, shade(s) per headrail, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
6. Bottom Rail: Formed-steel or extruded-aluminum tube, sealed with plastic or metal capped ends.
7. Valance: Clear plastic with fabric insert matching fabric shade.
8. R-Value: Not less than 2.22 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.39 K x sq. m/W) **OR** 4.8 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu (0.85 K x sq. m/W), **as directed**.
9. Mounting: Wall **OR** Ceiling **OR** End **OR** Wall extension brackets **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, mounting permitting easy removal and replacement without damaging shade or adjacent surfaces and finishes; with spacers and shims required for shade placement and alignment indicated.
10. Hold-Down Brackets and Hooks or Pins: Manufacturer's standard, as indicated.
11. Side Channels and Perimeter Seals: Manufacturer's standard for eliminating light gaps when shades are closed.
12. Shade Operation: Manual.
 - a. Lift Control: System including lift cord, crash-proof cord lock, and cord joiner ball **OR** System including continuous-cord loop, clutch, and cord tensioner and bracket **OR** Cordless system, **as directed**, designed to hold shade in place unless force is applied to move shade.

- b. Length of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: Manufacturer's standard length **OR** Full length of shade **OR** Length required to make operation convenient from floor level **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - c. Position of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: As indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - d. Position of Lift Cord **OR** Cord Loop, **as directed**: Left side **OR** Right side **OR** Left end **OR** Right end, **as directed**, of headrail, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - e. Cord Tensioner Mounting: Wall **OR** Floor **OR** Sill **OR** Baseboard **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
13. Shade Operation: Motorized operator.

C. Pleated Shade Fabrication

- 1. Product Description: Pleated shades each consisting of fabric, rails, ladders, lifting mechanism, self-leveling device, and installation hardware.
- 2. Concealed Components: Noncorrodible or corrosion-resistant-coated materials.
 - a. Lifting Mechanism: With permanently lubricated moving parts.
- 3. Unit Sizes: Obtain units fabricated in sizes to fill window and other openings as follows, measured at 74 deg F (23 deg C):
 - a. Shade Units Installed between (Inside) Jambs: Edge of shade not more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) from face of jamb. Length equal to head-to-sill dimension of opening in which each shade is installed.
 - b. Shade Units Installed Outside Jambs: Width and length as indicated, with terminations between shades of end-to-end installations at centerlines of mullion or other defined vertical separations between openings.
- 4. Installation Brackets: Designed for easy removal and reinstallation of shade, for supporting headrail, valance, **as directed**, and operating hardware and for hardware position and shade mounting method indicated.
- 5. Installation Fasteners: No fewer than two fasteners per bracket, fabricated from metal noncorrosive to shade hardware and adjoining construction; type designed for securing to supporting substrate; and supporting shades and accessories under conditions of normal use.
- 6. Color-Coated Finish: For metal components exposed to view, apply manufacturer's standard baked finish complying with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation including pretreatment, application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.
- 7. Component Color: Provide rails and cords, **as directed**, and exposed-to-view ladders, **as directed**, metal and plastic matching or coordinating with fabric color, unless otherwise indicated.

D. Motorized Pleated Shade Operators

- 1. General: Provide factory-assembled shade operation systems designed for lifting shades of type, size, weight, construction, use, and operation frequency indicated. Provide operation systems of size and capacity and with features, characteristics, and accessories suitable for Project conditions and recommended by shade manufacturer, complete with electric motors and factory-prewired motor controls, remote-control stations, remote-control devices, power disconnect switches, enclosures protecting controls and all operating parts, headrail, and accessories required for reliable operation without malfunction. Include wiring from motor controls to motors. Coordinate operator wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with the building electrical system.
- 2. Comply with NFPA 70.
- 3. Control Equipment: Comply with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6 with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc, **as directed**.
- 4. Electric Motors: UL-approved or -recognized, totally enclosed, insulated motor, complying with NEMA MG 1, with thermal-overload protection, brake, permanently lubricated bearings, and internal limit switches; sized by shade manufacturer to start and operate size and weight of shade considering service factor or considering Project's service conditions without exceeding nameplate ratings.
 - a. Service Factor: According to NEMA MG 1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Motor Characteristics: Single phase, 24 **OR** 110 **OR** 220, **as directed**, V, 60 Hz.

- c. Motor Mounting: Within manufacturer's standard headrail enclosure.
- 5. Remote Controls: Electric controls with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface **OR** recessed or flush **OR** within headrail, **as directed**, mounting. Provide the following devices for remote-control activation of shades:
 - a. Control Stations: Keyed, maintained **OR** momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, switch-operated control station with open, close, and off functions. Provide two keys per station.
 - b. Control Stations: Maintained **OR** Momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, toggle **OR** rocker, **as directed**,-style, wall switch-operated control station with open, close, and center off functions.
 - 1) Color: Ivory **OR** White **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - c. Group Control Stations: Maintained **OR** Momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, rocker-style, wall switch-operated control station with open, close, and center off functions for single-switch group control.
 - 1) Color: Ivory **OR** White **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - d. Individual/Group Control Stations: Maintained **OR** Momentary, **as directed**,-contact, three-position, rocker-style, wall switch-operated control station with open, close, and center-off functions for individual and group control.
 - 1) Color: Ivory **OR** White **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - e. Sun Sensor Controls: Programmable system activated by LEDs detecting daylight intensity and responding by automatically adjusting shades.
 - f. Radio Controls: Digital system consisting of code-compatible universal coaxial receiver, one per shade **OR** one per headrail **OR** where indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, and two, **as directed**, portable, multiple-channel transmitters for operating two **OR** four **OR** up to 12, **as directed**, shades individually, each with a single button to open and close shades.
 - g. Infrared Controls: System consisting of concealed receiver complete with external eye and connecting modular cable, and two, **as directed**, portable, multiple-channel transmitters with separate buttons to open and close up to 12, **as directed**, individual shades or groups of shades, to open and close all shades simultaneously, and to stop.
 - h. Timer Controls: Clock timer, 24-hour **OR** seven-day, **as directed**, programmable for regular events.
 - i. Microprocessor Controls: Electronic programmable means for setting, changing, and adjusting control features. Provide unit isolated from voltage spikes and surges.
- 6. Limit Switches: Adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop shade at fully raised and fully lowered positions.
- 7. Operating Features: Include the following:
 - a. Group switching with integrated switch control; one face plate for multiple switch cut-outs.
 - b. Capable of interface with audiovisual **OR** multiroom, **as directed**, control system.
 - c. Capable of accepting input from building automation control system.
 - d. Override switch.
- 8. Accessories: Include the following:
 - a. Solar Power Unit: For use with control system indicated.
- 9. Headrail: Manufacturer's standard formed steel or extruded aluminum; long edges returned or rolled; fully enclosing operating mechanisms on three sides and ends; capacity for one **OR** two, **as directed**, shade(s) per headrail, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings **OR** in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.
 - a. Color: Match shade **OR** As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range **OR** As indicated in a window treatment schedule, **as directed**.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Pleated Shade Installation

1. Install shades level, plumb, and aligned with adjacent units according to manufacturer's written instructions, and located so pleat edges are not closer than 2 inches (50 mm) to interior face of glass. Install intermediate support as required to prevent deflection in headrail. Allow clearances for window operation hardware.
 2. Flush Mounted: Install shades with pleat edges flush with finish face of opening if shade is in fully lowered position.
 3. Jamb Mounted: Install headrail flush with face of opening jamb and head.
 4. Head Mounted: Install headrail on face of opening head.
 5. Recessed: Install headrail concealed within shade pocket.
 6. Connections: Connect motorized operators to building electrical system.
- B. Adjusting
1. Adjust and balance pleated shades to operate smoothly, easily, safely, and free from binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
- C. Cleaning And Protection
1. Clean pleated shade surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 2. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure that pleated shades are without damage or deterioration at time of Final Completion.
 3. Replace damaged pleated shades that cannot be repaired, in a manner approved, before time of Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 12 24 13 00a

Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 24 13 00	12 21 13 13	Horizontal Louver Blinds
12 24 13 00	12 21 13 13a	Vertical Louver Blinds

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SECTION 12 31 16 00 - KITCHEN CASEWORK, STAINLESS STEEL CABINETS**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for kitchen casework, stainless steel cabinets. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Quality Assurance

1. Comply with all provisions of specifications for the design, quality testing. Manufacturing and installation of metal kitchen cabinets and specified equipment.
2. All kitchen cabinetry and equipment herein specified and shown on the drawings shall meet the standards, quality of materials, construction, workmanship and finish of Innovative Laboratory Systems Co., 1336 Industrial Rd., Omaha Nebraska, (402) 333-0679. Equal manufacturers acceptable.
3. All metal cabinetry and equipment herein shall be the product of one manufacturer and be the one on which this specification is based or approved of substitutes must be obtained in writing from the Owner ten days prior to the bid due date. All manufacturers other than the specified product shall provide evidence of having a minimum of five years experience in the manufacturing and installation of stainless steel kitchen cabinetry.
4. The manufacturer shall, from one year to date of installation, warrant parts or products manufactured and finished against manufacturing defects in material and any such parts which under normal use prove defective within one year form date of installation, shall be repaired or replaced without charge to the Owner.
5. Wood shall not be used in any portion of the casework construction whether exposed or hidden from view.

C. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings
 - a. Identify location of metal cabinetry and related items.
 - b. Detail cabinets, shelving, countertops, etc, in related and dimensional position, with sections. Locations for roughing-in of plumbing, including sinks, faucets, strainers, cocks, etc. shall be included
2. Certificates: All bidders shall provide to the Owner independent test results from a nationally recognized testing laboratory on the finishes required for this project with the bid.

1.2 PRODUCTS**A. Material**

1. All metal cabinetry shall be fabricated to Type 304 stainless steel free of scales buckles or other defects.
2. Minimum metal gauge: All minimum thickness of metal referred to herein shall be U.S. standard gauge.
 - a. 20 Gauge: Inner door panels, inner and outer drawer panels, drawer body, and shelves.
 - b. 18 Gauge: Outer door panels, sides, backs, bottoms, and tops.
 - c. 16 Gauge: Top rails, cross rails, drawer slides.
 - d. 14 Gauge: Leveling and corner gussets.

B. Fabrications

1. Cabinet Grade: Premium and complying with the following.
 - a. Align sides, top rails, bottoms and vertical stiles, at intersections, without overlap.
 - b. Rounded edges.

- c. Full welded seams.
 - d. Grind exposed welds flush and smooth.
 2. Cases: The sides of cabinets shall be formed to make a rabbeted stile 1-1/8" wide. Top of case stiles shall be closed by a mitered 45-degree bend from tip of case side. Stiles shall be closed by welded channel, which contains front shelf adjustment louvers. All case members including intermediate cross rails shall be welded for maximum strength. Use of sheet metal screws to hold intermediate cross rails in place is not acceptable. Sides of all cabinets shall be free from any holes to prevent dust and bacteria from entering the cabinet. Pre-punched holes in the side of any cabinet will not be allowed. All drawer cabinets and cupboard cabinets shall have full backs and bottoms welded into place. Any cabinet without any backs or bottoms will be rejected. All interior bottoms of base and tall cabinets shall be turned down to provide a clean, flush interior free from dust catching ledges and preventing bacterial accumulation. Bottoms of all wall units shall be flushed; recessed bottoms are not acceptable.
 3. Doors
 - a. Doors shall be double panel reinforced construction 5/8" thick and sound deadened with vertical steel battens. Door fronts and liners shall be welded together for added strength. Door fronts and cases shall be slotted to receive hinges. Hinge wings must be concealed when doors open. Wrap around type hinges are not acceptable. All doors shall have soft rubber bumpers for quiet closing. Rubber bumpers must be securely locked in place. Rubber Bumpers attached by adhesives are not acceptable. All corners of doors shall be welded and ground smooth.
 - b. Sliding doors shall be double panel reinforced construction 5/8" thick and operate on nylon rollers suspended from stainless steel track at top of unit and center guide at bottom. Sliding doors shall have recessed door pulls.
 4. Drawers
 - a. Drawers front shall be double panel reinforced construction with 5/8" thick fronts and sound deadened with vertical steel battens. Drawers shall be all welded construction. All drawers shall have soft rubber bumpers for quiet closing. Rubber bumpers must be securely locked in place. Rubber bumpers attached by adhesives are not acceptable. All edges of drawer fronts shall be closed.
 - b. Drawer bodies shall be formed from a single sheet of steel including the bottom, two sides, back and inner front. Interior bottoms of drawers shall be fully covered on four sides for ease in cleaning. The top front of the inner drawer shall be offset to interlock with the outer drawer front.
 - c. Flanges on the top of drawer body shall be fully formed channel and bent at a 6-degree angle for maximum strength. Flanges shall be formed to leave the inside of the drawer free from sharp edges. Drawer slide shall be welded to drawer body and be part of a "Z" shaped member in a wrap around design to support drawer body. Drawer slides shall have a 15/16" nylon tired ball bearing roller. Drawer slide shall be roller type, positive in action permitting drawer to be fully opened; yet preventing drawer from accidental removal. Case slides shall be a formed piece of galvanized steel with 15/16" nylon tired ball bearing roller at front of slide. All ball bearing rollers for drawer slide and case slide shall be pre-lubricated to guarantee a smooth, quiet operation. All drawers shall rise upward when opened to prevent engaging of drawers and doors below. Drawers shall have self-closing design during the last 5" of travel.
 5. Shelves: Shelves shall be formed from a single sheet of stainless steel with 7/8" face turned back and up at a 30-degree angle and edge of flange shall make firm contact with underside of shelf for sound deadening. All shelves in cabinets shall be adjustable on 1-1/2" center and supported by stainless steel clips placed in embossed louvers. All shelves shall be solid.
 6. Hardware: Door catch shall be positive type latch located at upper inside edge of door. Stainless steel strike bracket shall be installed inside of door with accessible removable screws. Bolt shall be nylon self-closing type tested for 300,000 opening and closing cycles. Complete bolt housing shall be recessed behind cross rail. Roller catches and/or friction catches are not acceptable.
 7. Hinges: Hinges shall be institutional type, 2-1/2" long, with a metal thickness of least 0.090", containing 5-knuckles, and centered 3" above bottom and below top of door. Doors 45" high and over shall have an additional hinge in center. Hinges shall be stainless steel with smooth rounded joints for easy cleaning. When door is closed, only the joint shall be exposed. Both hinge wings

shall be encased, one within the door, the other within the case. Hinges shall be attached to the door and the case by screws. Hinges welded to door and/or case are not acceptable.

8. Door and Drawer Pull: Door and drawer pull shall be stainless steel with a brushed satin finish. Shoulder screws shall be used so that when handles are mounted they do not cause the door to buckle or cave. Sliding doors shall have recessed door pulls.
9. Base Cabinet Legs: All base cabinets and sink units shall be furnished with integral stainless steel legs with adjustable levelers. Bottom of base cabinets shall be approximately 6" above the floor.
10. Locking Mechanism: All cabinet doors shall be provided with stainless steel angle hasps, with half-inch diameter holes for pad locking, as shown on the drawings. The left door of each door pair shall have a sliding flush bolt on the inside face, as shown on the drawings, to prevent the pair of doors from swinging open when pad locked.

C. Steel Cabinet Finish

1. Test Procedure: Chemical spot tests shall be made by applying 10 to 15 drops (approximately 0.5 cubic cm) of each reagent listed in Table 1 to the surface to be tested. Each reagent spot shall be open to the atmosphere. Ambient temperature is 68-72 degrees F (20-22 degrees C). After one hour, chemicals shall be flushed away with cold water and the surface, washed with detergent and warm water at 150 degrees F (65 degrees C). Surface shall be examined under 100-foot candles of illumination.

D. Kitchen Cabinets Performance Requirements

1. Base Cabinets.

- a. Cabinets Load Test: A 48" wide standing height combination cupboard and drawer cabinet shall be freestanding with installed counter top. Cabinet shall sit 1" off the floor on all four leveling screws and be capable of supporting a uniform distributed load of 2,000 lbs. Door and drawer operation shall not be affected by the load.
- b. Leveling device for floor mounted cabinets shall be capable of supporting a load of 500 lbs. Without failure and capable of adjustment after load is removed.
- c. Cabinet Door Test: An open door shall withstand a load of 200 lbs. applied directly at the outer edge. Door shall be moved through a 180 degree arc and weight removed. Operation of the door after test shall be normal without distortion that will adversely affect operation for the door catch.
- d. Life Cycle Test.
 - 1) Door hinge shall operate for 300,000 opening and closing cycles without a failure.
 - 2) Positive door catch shall operate for 300,000 opening and closing cycles without failure.
 - 3) Drawer shall be tested and operated with a load of 100 lbs. for a minimum of 150,000 opening and closing cycles. After test, drawers shall operate freely without evidence of dragging or scraping.

2. Wall Cabinets

- a. A 48" wide, 30" high, 12 3/4" deep hinged wall case shall support a load of 1lbs. on cabinet bottom and 100 lbs. on each adjustable shelf for a total of 300 lbs. Cabinet shall not show any significant permanent deflection of cabinet, cabinet bottom or shelves. Doors shall operate smoothly when cabinet is fully loaded.
- b. An adjustable shelf shall support a uniformly distributed load of 100 lbs. When load is removed, shelf should show no significant permanent distortion.
- c. Performance of hinge and catch shall be the same as used on base cabinets.

E. Working Surfaces

1. Stainless Steel: Sink and counter tops shall be fabricated of 16 gauge, Type 304, 18-8 solid stainless steel formed down and back making a 1 1/2" high face on all exposed edges. Drainboards and cabinet tops shall be rigidly reinforced the full length of the top. Drainboards shall be two-way pitched to the bowl to provide drainage without channeling or grooving. Drainboards, flanges and splashes shall be integral, being formed from one sheet of metal. Raised edge surrounding unit shall be seamless die formed at front and ends of unit. Sink bowls shall be fabricated of 16 gauge, Type 304, 18-8 solid stainless steel seamless electrically welded to drainboard. All joints shall be electrically welded, ground and polished to a satin finish. Entire

units shall be thoroughly sound deadened on under surface with sprayed or trowelled undercoating. Wood shall not be used. All tops shall have stainless steel runners to facilitate fastening to cabinets.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Insulations

1. Install cabinets, shelves, counter tops and other equipment level and square. Install sink units to provide positive drainage of bottom surface of the sinks.
2. Wall cabinets shall be hung from the metal stud framing system wherever possible. If the wall cabinets must be hung from the wall surfacing at any location, proper anchors shall be used. Install wall cabinets level and aligned.
3. Install base cabinets firmly on ground. Level all the surfaces by adjusting the leg levelers. Attached countertops to inslatted base cabinets with stainless steel screws as required. Caulk with silicone all around counter tops where it interfaces with the existing walls. Install the flat back panels to the wall surfaces by the most appropriate method and caulk as required.
4. All work, including installation of new casework, flooring, ceiling, ductwork, etc., as well as the demolition of the existing casework, flooring, etc. shall be completed within three (3) consecutive days of work start. Hours of work shall be between 7:30 a.m. 9:00 p.m. All work, including work noted on Punch List, shall be completed by 9:00 p.m. of the third work day after work starts.

B. Temporary Work Station

1. During the period of demolition and new casework installation (3 days maximum) the contractor shall provide a temporary cabinet assembly for use by the Owner. The temporary assembly shall have a 6-foot section of cabinets with countertop, sink and faucet. The faucet shall be temporary connected to an apparatus hose bib for providing cold water to the sink. The sink shall be temporarily connected to a sewer line or floor drain if possible for the discharge or to another approved system of temporary discharge by means of a suitable container. For the latter method, the Contractor shall be responsible for periodically disposing of the waste container's contents. The temporary cabinet assembly shall be located reasonably close to the existing kitchens and/or dining areas being remodeled. the Owner shall approve the location of the temporary cabinets.

C. Inspection

1. Inspect installed work of other trades and installation conditions for acceptability. Inform the Owner of discrepancies that will jeopardize a complete and proper installation
2. Cleaning: Touching up marred and/or abraded finished surfaces, clean components to post construction accepted levels, remove crating and packing material, broom sweep premises.

END OF SECTION 12 31 16 00

Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 31 16 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required

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SECTION 12 36 23 13 - STONE COUNTERTOPS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for stone countertops. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes stone countertops.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each variety of stone and manufactured products.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
3. Samples: For each stone type indicated.
4. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For adhesives and sealants, documentation including printed statement of VOC content.
5. Sealant Compatibility Test Report: From sealant manufacturer, complying with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" and indicating that sealants will not stain or damage stone.
6. Maintenance Data: For stone countertops to include in maintenance manuals. Include Product Data for stone-care products used or recommended by Installer, and names, addresses, and telephone numbers of local sources for products.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of products.
2. Source Limitations for Stone: Obtain each variety of stone from a single quarry with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.
 - a. Make stone slabs available for the Owner to examine for appearance characteristics. the Owner will select aesthetically acceptable slabs.

E. Delivery, Storage, And Handling

1. Lift stone with wide-belt slings; do not use wire rope or ropes that might cause staining. Move stone, if required, using dollies with cushioned wood supports.
2. Store stone on wood A-frames or pallets with nonstaining separators and nonstaining, waterproof covers. Ventilate under covers to prevent condensation.

F. Project Conditions

1. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions of construction to receive stone countertops by field measurements before fabrication.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Granite

1. Granite: Comply with ASTM C 615.
2. Cut stone from contiguous, matched slabs in which natural markings occur, **as directed**.
3. Finish: Polished **OR** Honed **OR** Thermal **OR** As indicated **OR** Match the Owner's sample, **as directed**.

B. Marble

1. Marble: Comply with ASTM C 503.

- a. Stone Abrasion Resistance: Minimum value of 10, based on testing according to ASTM C 241 or ASTM C 1353.
 2. Cut stone from contiguous, matched slabs in which natural markings occur, **as directed**.
 3. Finish: Polished **OR** Honed **OR** As indicated **OR** Match the Owner's sample, **as directed**.
- C. Serpentine
1. Serpentine: Comply with ASTM C 1526, Classification I Exterior **OR** II Interior, **as directed**.
 - a. Stone Abrasion Resistance: Minimum value of 10, based on testing according to ASTM C 241 or ASTM C 1353.
 2. Cut stone from contiguous, matched slabs in which natural markings occur, **as directed**.
 3. Finish: Polished **OR** Honed **OR** As indicated **OR** Match the Owner's sample, **as directed**.
- D. Slate
1. Slate: Comply with ASTM C 629, Classification I Exterior **OR** II Interior, **as directed**, with a fine, even grain and unfading color, from clear, sound stock.
 - a. Stone Abrasion Resistance: Minimum value of 8, based on testing according to ASTM C 241 or ASTM C 1353.
 2. Finish: Honed **OR** Sand rubbed **OR** Natural cleft **OR** As indicated **OR** Match the Owner's sample, **as directed**.
- E. Adhesives, Grout, Sealants, And Stone Accessories
1. General: Use only adhesives formulated for stone and ceramic tile and recommended by their manufacturer for the application indicated.
 2. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Adhesive: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 3. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3, chemical-resistant, water-cleanable, tile-setting and -grouting epoxy.
 4. Stone Adhesive: 2-part epoxy or polyester adhesive, formulated specifically for bonding stone to stone, with an initial set time of not more than 2 hours at 70 deg F (21 deg C), and with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 - a. Color: Clear **OR** Match stone, **as directed**.
 5. Sealant for Countertops: Manufacturer's standard sealant of characteristics indicated below that comply with applicable requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" and will not stain the stone it is applied to.
 - a. Single-component, neutral-curing **OR** acid-curing, **as directed**, silicone sealant.
 - b. Color: Clear **OR** As selected by the Owner from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - c. Use sealants that have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
 6. Stone Joint Splines: Stainless-steel or brass washers approximately 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter and of thickness to fit snugly in saw-cut kerf in edge of stone units.
 7. Stone Cleaner: Cleaner specifically formulated for stone types, finishes, and applications indicated, as recommended by stone producer and, if a sealer is specified, by sealer manufacturer. Do not use cleaning compounds containing acids, caustics, harsh fillers, or abrasives.
 8. Stone Sealer: Colorless, stain-resistant sealer that does not affect color or physical properties of stone surfaces, as recommended by stone producer for application indicated.
- F. Stone Fabrication, General
1. Select stone for intended use to prevent fabricated units from containing cracks, seams, and starts that could impair structural integrity or function.
 - a. Repairs that are characteristic of the varieties specified are acceptable provided they do not impair structural integrity or function and are not aesthetically displeasing, as judged by the Owner.
 2. Grade and mark stone for final locations to produce assembled countertop units with an overall uniform appearance.
 3. Fabricate stone countertops in sizes and shapes required to comply with requirements indicated, including details on Drawings and Shop Drawings.

- a. For granite, comply with recommendations in NBGQA's "Specifications for Architectural Granite."
 - b. For marble and serpentine, comply with recommendations in MIA's "Dimension Stone-- Design Manual."
 - c. Clean sawed backs of stones to remove rust stains and iron particles.
 - d. Dress joints straight and at right angle to face, unless otherwise indicated.
 - e. Cut and drill sinkages and holes in stone for anchors, supports, and attachments.
 - f. Provide openings, reveals, and similar features as needed to accommodate adjacent work.
 - g. Fabricate molded edges with machines having abrasive shaping wheels made to reverse contour of edge profile to produce uniform shape throughout entire length of edge and with precisely formed arris slightly eased to prevent snipping, and matched at joints between units. Form corners of molded edges as indicated with outside corners slightly eased, unless otherwise indicated.
 - h. Finish exposed faces of stone to comply with requirements indicated for finish of each type of stone required and to match approved Samples and mockups. Provide matching finish on exposed edges of countertops, splashes, and cutouts.
4. Carefully inspect finished stone units at fabrication plant for compliance with requirements for appearance, material, and fabrication. Replace defective units.

G. Stone Countertops

- 1. General: Comply with recommendations in MIA's "Dimension Stone - Design Manual."
- 2. Nominal Thickness: Provide thickness indicated, but not less than 3/4 inch (20 mm) **OR** 7/8 inch (22 mm) **OR** 1-1/4 inches (32 mm), **as directed**. Gage backs to provide units of identical thickness.
- 3. Edge Detail: Straight, slightly eased at top **OR** 3/8-inch (10-mm) bevel **OR** 3/4-inch (20-mm) full bullnose **OR** 1-1/4-inch (20-mm) full bullnose **OR** 3/8-inch (10-mm) radius with 2-inch (50-mm) apron **OR** 1-1/2-inch (40-mm) laminated bullnose **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- 4. Splashes: Provide 3/4-inch- (20-mm-) thick backsplashes **OR** end splashes **OR** backsplashes and end splashes, **as directed**, unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Joints: Fabricate countertops without joints.
OR
 Fabricate countertops in sections for joining in field, with joints at locations indicated and as follows:
 - a. Bonded Joints: 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) or less in width.
 - b. Grouted Joints: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) in width.
 - c. Sealant-Filled Joints: 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) in width.
 - d. Splined Joints: Accurately cut kerfs in edges at joints for insertion of metal splines to maintain alignment of surfaces at joints where indicated. Make width of cuts slightly more than thickness of splines to provide snug fit. Provide at least three splines in each joint.
- 6. Cutouts and Holes:
 - a. Undercounter Fixtures: Make cutouts for undercounter fixtures in shop using template or pattern furnished by fixture manufacturer. Form cutouts to smooth, even curves.
 - 1) Provide vertical edges, slightly eased at juncture of cutout edges with top and bottom surfaces of countertop and projecting 3/16 inch (5 mm) into fixture opening.
 - 2) Provide vertical edges, rounded to 3/8-inch (10-mm) radius at juncture of cutout edges with top surface of countertop, slightly eased at bottom, and projecting 3/16 inch (5 mm) into fixture opening.
 - 3) Provide 3/4-inch (20-mm) full bullnose edges projecting 3/8 inch (10 mm) into fixture opening.
 - b. Counter-Mounted Fixtures: Prepare countertops in shop for field cutting openings for counter-mounted fixtures. Mark tops for cutouts and drill holes at corners of cutout locations. Make corner holes of largest radius practical.
 - c. Fittings: Drill countertops in shop for plumbing fittings, undercounter soap dispensers, and similar items.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Preparation

1. Advise installers of other work about specific requirements for placement of inserts and similar items to be used by stone countertop installer for anchoring stone countertops. Furnish installers of other work with Drawings or templates showing locations of these items.
2. Clean dirty or stained stone surfaces by removing soil, stains, and foreign materials before setting. Clean stone by thoroughly scrubbing with fiber brushes and then drenching with clear water. Use only mild cleaning compounds that contain no caustic or harsh materials or abrasives. Allow stone to dry before installing.

B. Construction Tolerances

1. Variation from Plumb: For vertical lines and surfaces, do not exceed 1/16 inch in 48 inches (1.5 mm in 1200 mm).
2. Variation from Level: Do not exceed 1/8 inch in 96 inches (3 mm in 2400 mm), 1/4 inch (6 mm) maximum.
3. Variation in Joint Width: Do not vary joint thickness more than 1/4 of nominal joint width.
4. Variation in Plane at Joints (Lipping): Do not exceed 1/64-inch (0.4-mm) difference between planes of adjacent units.
5. Variation in Line of Edge at Joints (Lipping): Do not exceed 1/64-inch (0.4-mm) difference between edges of adjacent units, where edge line continues across joint.

C. Installation Of Countertops

1. General: Install countertops over plywood subtops with full spread of water-cleanable epoxy adhesive.
OR
Install countertops by adhering to supports with water-cleanable epoxy adhesive.
2. Do not cut stone in field, unless otherwise indicated. If stone countertops or splashes require additional fabrication not specified to be performed at Project site, return to fabrication shop for adjustment.
OR
Do necessary field cutting as stone is set. Use power saws with diamond blades to cut stone. Cut lines straight, true, and at right angles to finished surfaces unless beveling is required for clearance. Ease edges slightly to prevent snipping.
3. Set stone to comply with requirements indicated on Drawings and Shop Drawings. Shim and adjust stone to locations indicated, with uniform joints of widths indicated and with edges and faces aligned according to established relationships and indicated tolerances. Install anchors and other attachments indicated or necessary to secure stone countertops in place.
4. Bond joints with stone adhesive and draw tight as countertops are set. Mask areas of countertops adjacent to joints to prevent adhesive smears.
5. If joints are allowed, space joints with 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) gap for filling with grout **OR** sealant, **as directed**. Use temporary shims to ensure uniform spacing.
 - a. Install metal splines in kerfs in stone edges at joints where indicated. Fill kerfs with stone adhesive **OR** setting adhesive **OR** sealant, **as directed**, before inserting splines and remove excess immediately after adjoining units are drawn into position.
 - b. Clamp units to temporary bracing, supports, or each other to ensure that countertops are properly aligned and joints are of specified width.
6. Complete cutouts not finished in shop. Mask areas of countertops adjacent to cutouts to prevent damage while cutting. Use power saws with diamond blades to cut stone. Make cutouts to accurately fit items to be installed, and at right angles to finished surfaces unless beveling is required for clearance. Ease edges slightly to prevent snipping.
7. Install backsplash and end splash by adhering to wall with water-cleanable epoxy adhesive and to countertops with stone adhesive. Mask areas of countertops and splashes adjacent to joints to prevent adhesive smears.
OR
Install backsplash and end splash by adhering to countertops with stone adhesive. Mask areas of countertops and splashes adjacent to joints to prevent adhesive smears. Leave 1/16-inch (1.5-

mm) gap between splash and wall for filling with sealant. Use temporary shims to ensure uniform spacing.

OR

Install backsplash and end splash by adhering to wall with water-cleanable epoxy adhesive. Leave 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) gap between countertop and splash for filling with sealant. Use temporary shims to ensure uniform spacing.

8. If grouted joints are acceptable, grout joints to comply with ANSI A108.10. Remove temporary shims before grouting. Tool grout uniformly and smoothly with plastic tool.
9. Apply sealant to joints and gaps specified for filling with sealant; comply with Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants". Remove temporary shims before applying sealant.

D. Adjusting And Cleaning

1. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean countertops as work progresses. Remove adhesive, grout, mortar, and sealant smears immediately.
2. Remove and replace stone countertops of the following description:
 - a. Broken, chipped, stained, or otherwise damaged stone. Stone may be repaired if methods and results are approved by the Owner.
 - b. Defective countertops.
 - c. Defective joints, including misaligned joints.
 - d. Interior stone countertops and joints not matching approved Samples and mockups.
 - e. Interior stone countertops not complying with other requirements indicated.
3. Replace in a manner that results in stone countertops matching approved Samples and mockups, complying with other requirements, and showing no evidence of replacement.
4. Clean stone countertops not less than six days after completion of sealant installation **OR** installation, **as directed**, using clean water and soft rags. Do not use wire brushes, acid-type cleaning agents, cleaning compounds with caustic or harsh fillers, or other materials or methods that could damage stone.
5. Sealer Application: Apply stone sealer to comply with stone producer's and sealer manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 12 36 23 13

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 36 23 13	06 41 13 00	Interior Architectural Woodwork

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SECTION 12 36 61 16 - SOLID POLYMER FABRICATIONS**1.1 GENERAL****A. Description Of Work**

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for cast, mineral filled, nonporous, solid polymer material used for countertops, vanity tops, sinks, bowls, window sills, tub and shower walls, and other applications where a hard, durable, stain resistant surface is desired. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Submittals

1. Shop Drawings: Fabrications; indicate joints, shapes, dimensions, accessories and installation details.
2. Product Data: Solid polymer fabrications; panel adhesive; joint adhesive; sealant; heat reflective tape.
3. Samples: Solid polymer fabrications; where colors and patterns are not indicated, submit at least 3 different samples of manufacturer's standard colors and patterns for selection.
4. Test Reports: Tensile strength; hardness; flammability; thermal expansion; boiling water resistance; high temperature resistance; liquid absorption; mold and mildew growth; bacteria growth; impact resistance; sanitation.
5. Operation and Maintenance Data: Solid polymer fabrications; provide manuals indicating manufacturer's care and maintenance data, including repair and cleaning instructions. Provide maintenance kit(s) for selected finish(es).

- C. Quality Assurance: Do not change source of supply for materials after work has started if the appearance of finished work would be affected. Variation in component size and location of openings to be plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm).

- D. Delivery: Do not deliver until areas are ready for installation. Deliver components and materials to the site undamaged in containers, clearly marked and labeled with manufacturer's name. Store in dry, weathertight enclosure. Protect materials to prevent damage to finished surfaces. Provide protective coverings to prevent physical damage or staining after installation until completion of the project.

- E. Warranty: Provide the solid surface material manufacturer's 10 year warranty, from date of acceptance of the work.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Solid Polymer Fabrications: Provide fabrication of cast, solid polymer material composed of acrylic polymer, mineral fillers and pigments. Material shall not be coated or laminated to substrates. Polymer thickness to be as indicated but not less than 1/4 inch (6 mm). Superficial damage to a depth of 0.010 inch (0.25 mm) shall be repairable by sanding or polishing.

1. Performance Requirements

- a. Tensile strength, ASTM D 638: 5800 psi (40 Mpa) minimum
- b. Hardness, ASTM D 2583: Barcol Impressor 55 minimum
- c. Flammability, ASTM E 84: Class I/A, flame spread 25 maximum; smoke developed 30 maximum
- d. Thermal Expansion, ASTM D 696: 0.00002 in/in/F (0.000036 mm/mm/K) maximum
- e. Boiling water resistance, NEMA LD 3: No effect
- f. High temperature resistance, NEMA LD 3: No effect
- g. Liquid absorption, ASTM D 570 (24 hours): 0.10 percent maximum
- h. Mold and mildew growth, ASTM G 21: No growth, no effect

- i. Bacteria growth, ASTM G 22: No growth, no effect
 - j. Sanitation, NSF 51: "Food Contact" approval for food area applications
 - k. Impact resistance, NEMA LD 3 (1/2 lb. (0.227 kg) ball drop): 1/4 inch (6 mm) material, 36 inch (914 mm) drop, no failure **OR** 1/2 inch (13 mm) material, 120 inch (3048 mm) drop, no failure, **as directed**.
2. Joint Adhesive: Two part acrylic joint adhesive as recommended by the solid polymer manufacturer to form inconspicuous, non-porous joints by chemical bond.
 3. Panel Adhesive: Neoprene based panel adhesive as recommended by the solid polymer manufacturer, UL listed.
 4. Sealant: Mildew resistant, FDA compliant and UL listed, silicone sealant as recommended by the solid polymer manufacturer.
 5. Heat Reflective Tape: Heat reflective tape as recommended by the solid polymer manufacturer for use with cutouts for heat sources.
 6. Mounting Hardware: Provide mounting hardware including sink/bowl clips, inserts and fasteners for attachment of undermount sinks and lavatories.

B. Fabrications: Fabrication requirements.

1. Factory fabricate components to the greatest extent possible to the sizes and shapes indicated, in accordance with approved shop drawings. Where indicated, factory fabricate side and back splashes with 1/2 inch (13 mm) cove at intersections.
2. Form joints between components using manufacturer's standard acrylic joint adhesive. Joints shall be inconspicuous, non-porous, and reinforced with strips of solid polymer material in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.
3. Provide factory cutouts for plumbing and accessories as indicated. Reinforce heated or cooled cutouts in accordance with approved shop drawings and the manufacturer's printed instructions. Support all cutouts in accordance with approved shop drawings and the manufacturer's printed instructions.
4. Cut and finish component edges with clean returns. Round edges of cutouts to 1/8 inch (3 mm) radius. Round corners of cutouts with 1/2 inch (13 mm) minimum radius. Use router to form all cutouts. Provide thick edges where indicated using strips of solid polymer material and manufacturer's acrylic joint adhesive. All joints to be inconspicuous and non-porous. All exposed surfaces to have uniform finish and gloss.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Installation: Deliver fabrications to the locations indicated. Assemble and install complete with accessories and hardware.
1. Assembly Requirements
 - a. Install components plumb and level and scribed to adjacent finishes in accordance with approved shop drawings and data.
 - b. Fasten and support fabrications to walls, brackets, and partitions as indicated. Fasteners shall be appropriate for use with adjoining construction.
 - c. Form field joints using manufacturer's recommended acrylic adhesive. Joints shall be inconspicuous and non-porous. Keep components and hands clean when forming joints. Seal flexible joints using manufacturer's recommended sealant.
 - d. Provide integral backsplashes and sidesplashes as indicated. Attach splashes with silicone or joint adhesive as indicated.
 - e. Keep components and hands clean during installation. Remove excessive adhesive and sealants. Clean finished surfaces of all dirt and stains.
 2. Protection: Provide protective coverings to prevent physical damage or staining following installation.

END OF SECTION 12 36 61 16

Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 36 61 16	06 41 13 00	Interior Architectural Woodwork
12 36 61 16	12 36 23 13	Stone Countertops
12 36 61 19	06 41 13 00	Interior Architectural Woodwork
12 36 61 19	12 36 23 13	Stone Countertops
12 36 61 19	12 36 61 16	Solid Polymer Fabrications

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SECTION 12 55 13 00 - DETENTION FURNITURE

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for detention furniture. Product shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Gun lockers.
 - b. Security key cabinets.
 - c. Detention bunks.
 - d. Detention mattresses.
 - e. Detention desks.
 - f. Detention tables.
 - g. Detention seating.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Product Data for Credit EQ 4.1: For security sealants, including printed statement of VOC content.
3. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
4. Samples: For factory-applied color finishes.
5. Samples for Verification:
 - a. Furniture: Full-size units. Approved Samples may become part of the completed Work.
 - b. Detention Mattresses: Not less than 6 inches (152 mm) square by full depth, including core and cover fabric.
6. Welding certificates.
7. Product certificates.
8. Maintenance data.
9. Other Informational Submittals:
 - a. Field quality-control reports documenting inspections of installed products.
 - b. Field quality-control certification signed by Contractor and Detention Specialist, **as directed**.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
 - c. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code - Stainless Steel."
2. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

E. Delivery, Storage And Handling

1. Detention Mattresses: Deliver wrapped to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Protect from contact with moisture.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

2. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.
 3. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, CS (Commercial Steel), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
 4. Stainless-Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bars: ASTM A 666 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, austenitic stainless steel, Type 304.
 5. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 513, Type B unless otherwise indicated; thickness indicated or required by structural loads.
 6. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Standard Weight (Schedule 40) unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads.
 7. Concealed Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A unless otherwise indicated.
 8. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to four times the load imposed, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency; of type indicated below.
 - a. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47/A 47M malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed; hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.
 9. Embedded Plate Anchors: Fabricated from steel shapes and plates, minimum 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) thick; with minimum 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) diameter headed studs welded to back of plate.
 10. Proprietary Built-in Masonry Anchors: Fabricated from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet **OR** 1/4-inch (6-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate **OR** 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate, **as directed**, into 6-inch- (152-mm-) **OR** 8-inch- (203-mm-), **as directed**, deep blocks matching size of concrete masonry units; with weld nuts attached on inside to receive field-bolted attachments, **as directed**.
 - a. Finish: Factory primed for field painting for anchors with field-welded attachments **OR** Polyester powder coat for anchors with bolted attachments **OR** Epoxy paint for anchors with bolted attachments, **as directed**.
 11. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications.
- B. Security Sealants
1. Manufacturer's standard, high-modulus, nonsag, two-part, pick-proof, epoxy sealant, with a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), recommended for sealing nonmoving interior joints in security applications.
- C. Security Fasteners
1. Fasteners operable only by tools produced by fastener manufacturer or other licensed fabricator for use on specific type of fastener.
 2. Provide drive-system type, head style, material, and protective coating as required for assembly, installation, and strength, and as follows:
 - a. Drive-System Type: Pinned Torx-Plus **OR** Pinned Torx, **as directed**.
 - b. Fastener Strength: 120,000 psi (827 MPa).
 - c. Socket Button Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - d. Socket Flat Countersunk Head Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM F 835 (ASTM F 835M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 879 (ASTM F 879M), Group 1 CW.
 - e. Socket Head Cap Fasteners:
 - 1) Heat-treated alloy steel, ASTM A 574 (ASTM A 574M).
 - 2) Stainless steel, ASTM F 837 (ASTM F 837M), Group 1 CW.
 - f. Protective Coatings for Heat-Treated Alloy Steel:
 - 1) Zinc and clear trivalent chromium where indicated.
 - 2) Zinc phosphate with oil, ASTM F 1137, Grade I, or black oxide unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Gun Lockers
1. Pistol Lockers:

- a. Cabinet: Minimum 20 inches (508 mm) wide by 15 inches (381 mm) high by 10 inches (254 mm) deep; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet. Line each compartment with mothproofed felt or nonabsorbing, closed-cell padding.
 - 1) Compartments: Six.
 - b. Doors: Formed from same material as cabinet, supported by heavy-duty continuous bottom hinge.
 - c. Locks: Snap **OR** Cylinder, **as directed**, type, keyed differently and master keyed, **as directed**; provide one lock for each compartment.
 - d. Mounting: Surface **OR** Recessed, with mounting flange formed from same material as body, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
2. Tilt-Out, Pistol Locker:
- a. Cabinet: Minimum 39 inches (991 mm) wide by 15 inches (381 mm) high by 6 inches (152 mm) deep; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet. Line each compartment with mothproofed felt or nonabsorbing, closed-cell padding.
 - 1) Compartments: Six.
 - b. Doors: Formed from same material as cabinet, supported by heavy-duty continuous bottom hinge, with attached tilt-out compartment with formed metal sides.
 - c. Locks: Snap **OR** Cylinder, **as directed**, type, keyed differently and master keyed, **as directed**; provide one lock for each compartment.
 - d. Mounting: Surface **OR** Recessed, with mounting flange formed from same material as body, **as directed**.
 - e. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
- E. Security Key Cabinets
- 1. Cabinet: Minimum 16 inches (406 mm) wide by 24 inches (610 mm) high by 6-1/2 inches (165 mm) deep; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet. Provide 0.060-inch (1.52-mm) nominal-thickness, steel sheet interior panels, supported on pivots, for mounting 150 **OR** 300, **as directed**, paracentric or mogul keys.
 - 2. Doors: Formed from same material as cabinet, supported by heavy-duty continuous side hinge welded to cabinet and door; with tumbler deadlock.
 - 3. Cross-Index System: Set up by key control manufacturer; include labels, two sets of key tags with self-locking key holders, key-gathering envelopes, temporary and permanent markers, and the following:
 - a. Card Index: Furnish four sets of index cards for recording key information. Include three receipt forms for each key-holding hook.
 - b. Computer Software: Furnish cross-index software for recording and reporting key-holder listings, tracking keys and lock and key history, and printing receipts for transactions. Include instruction manual.
 - 4. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
- F. Detention Bunks
- 1. Freestanding Single Bunks:
 - a. Bunk Pan: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm), **as directed** nominal-thickness steel sheet, perforated with at least six holes, **as directed**.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 27 inches (689 mm) wide by 76 inches (1930 mm) long with bunk pan 14 inches (356 mm) above floor.
 - 2) Turn up edges of back and sides and turn down edge of front **OR** back, sides, and front, **as directed**, with minimum 2-inch (51-mm) flanges.
 - b. Drawer: Minimum 21 inches (533 mm) wide by 24 inches (610 mm) deep by 5 inches (127 mm) high, with full-width integral pull formed from steel sheet **OR** solid-steel bar pull, **as directed**; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Legs and Frames: Formed from 2-by-2-by-3/16-inch (51-by-51-by-4.8-mm) steel angle welded at connections to each other and to bunk pan; provide four legs for each bunk.
 - d. Mounting Plates: Formed from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate punched with one hole for floor anchorage; provide one mounting plate for each leg.

- e. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
2. Freestanding Double Bunks:
 - a. Bunk Pan: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet, each pan perforated with at least six holes, **as directed**.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 27 inches (689 mm) wide by 76 inches (1930 mm) long with lower bunk pan 14 inches (356 mm) above floor and upper bunk pan at least 49 inches (1245 mm) above floor.
 - 2) Upper and Lower Bunks: Turn up edges of back and sides and turn down edge of front **OR** back, sides, and front, **as directed**, with minimum 2-inch (51-mm) flanges.
 - 3) Upper Bunk: Turn up edges of back and sides and turn down edge of front **OR** back, sides, and front, **as directed**, with minimum 2-inch (51-mm) flanges.
 - 4) Lower Bunk: Turn up edges of back and sides and turn down edge of front, with minimum 2-inch (51-mm) flanges.
 - b. Drawers: Two; minimum 21 inches (533 mm) wide by 24 inches (610 mm) deep by 5 inches (127 mm) high, with full-width integral pull formed from steel sheet **OR** solid-steel bar pull, **as directed**; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Legs and Frames: Formed from 2-by-2-by-3/16-inch (51-by-51-by-4.8-mm) steel angle welded at connections to each other and to bunk pan; provide four legs for each bunk.
 - d. Mounting Plates: Formed from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate punched with one hole for floor anchorage; provide one mounting plate for each leg.
 - e. Assembly: Factory assembled **OR** Knocked down for field assembly, **as directed**.
 - f. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
3. Wall-Mounted Bunks:
 - a. Bunk Pan: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness steel sheet, perforated with at least six holes, **as directed**.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 27 inches (689 mm) wide by 76 inches (1930 mm) long with bunk pan 2 inches (51 mm) from wall.
 - 2) Turn up edges of back and sides and turn down edge of front **OR** back, sides, and front, **as directed**, with minimum 2-inch (51-mm) flanges.
 - b. Drawer: Minimum 21 inches (533 mm) wide by 24 inches (610 mm) deep by 5 inches (127 mm) high, with full-width integral pull formed from steel sheet **OR** solid-steel bar pull, **as directed**; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet.
 - c. Combination End Panel/Mounting Plate: Formed from 3/16-inch- (0.048-mm-) thick steel sheet welded at connections to bunk pan, with 2-inch (51-mm) flange for wall mounting; provide two end panel/mounting plates for each bunk.
 - d. Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.

G. Detention Mattresses

1. General: Comply with 16 CFR 1632 and California Technical Bulletin 121 as determined by testing identical products by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
2. Core: Fire-resistive solid foam **OR** Fire-resistive densified polyester **OR** Cotton, with 10 percent boric acid treatment, tufted to nylon netting to retain shape, **as directed**.
3. Cover Fabric: Vinyl bonded to nylon scrim; with a minimum total weight of 10 oz./sq. yd. (339 g/sq. m). Fabricate cover of four-corner box construction with seams facing inside of detention mattress except end closing seam located at foot of mattress; sew with nylon thread in a double-lock stitch.
4. Thickness: 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**.

H. Detention Desks

1. Single-Seat, Floor-Mounted Desks:
 - a. Desk Top: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.141-inch- (3.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.

- b. Pedestal: Provide two storage shelves with sides and shelves formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel.
 - c. Legs: Formed from 1-1/2-inch-square by 3/16-inch- (38-mm-square by 4.8-mm-) thick steel tubing welded to desk top and mounting plate for an overall desk height of not less than 30 inches (762 mm).
 - d. Seat: 12-inch (305-mm) diameter, formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.141-inch- (3.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet; reinforced with 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - e. Swivel Seat Support: Formed from 1-by-2-by-0.075-inch (25-by-51-by-1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel tubing, 2-inch-OD-by-0.075-inch (51-mm-OD-by-1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel tubing, or 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, steel plate bar; with 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) pivot pin welded to legs.
 - f. Towel Bar: Formed from 1/4-by-1-1/2-inch (6-by-38-mm) steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, plate, mounted on one side of desk.
 - g. Mounting Plates: Formed from 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate punched with one hole for floor anchorage; provide one mounting plate for each leg.
 - h. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - i. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 36 inches (914 mm) wide by 15-1/2 inches (381 mm) deep.
2. Wall-Mounted Desk and Seat:
- a. Desk: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.141-inch- (3.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 12 inches (305 mm) wide by 18 inches (457 mm) deep **OR** 18 inches (457 mm) wide by 18 inches (457 mm) deep **OR** 24 inches (610 mm) wide by 18 inches (457 mm) deep **OR** 30 inches (762 mm) wide by 20 inches (508 mm) deep, **as directed**.
 - b. Seat: Minimum 12 inches (305 mm) wide by 16 inches (406 mm) **OR** 18 inches (457 mm), **as directed**, deep; formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.141-inch- (3.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - c. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - d. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
- I. Detention Tables
- 1. Pedestal-Style Table:
 - a. Tabletop: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet; reinforced with steel shapes or steel plate, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 40 inches (1016 mm), **as directed**, wide by length required for capacity by 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 35 inches (889 mm), **as directed**, high.
 - 2) Game Top: Engrave, or otherwise integrally incorporate, checkerboard into tabletop.
 - b. Seats: 12-inch (305-mm) diameter, formed from 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet; reinforced with 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel plate, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - c. Pedestal Supports: Formed from 3-inch-square by 3/16-inch- (76-mm-square by 4.8-mm-) **OR** 4-inch-square by 0.134-inch- (102-mm-square by 3.42-mm-), **as directed**, thick steel

- tubing welded to top and base plate. Provide two pedestals for tables with capacity of more than four persons.
- d. Seat Framing: Formed from 3-inch-square by 0.134-inch- (76-mm-square by 3.42-mm-) **OR** 3-by-2-by-3/16-inch- (76-by-51-by-4.8-mm-), **as directed**, thick steel tubing welded to pedestal supports.
 - e. Base Plate: Minimum 16-inch- (406-mm-) square, 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) thick steel plate punched with four holes for floor anchorage.
 - f. Capacity: Four persons **OR** Six persons **OR** Eight persons **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - h. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
2. Bench-Style Table:
- a. Tabletop: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet; reinforced with steel channel frame or steel plate, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 24 inches (610 mm) wide by length required for capacity by 30 inches (762 mm) **OR** 35 inches (889 mm), **as directed**, high.
 - b. Benches: 12 inches (305 mm) deep by length of tabletop, formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - c. Vertical Supports: Formed from 8-inch (203-mm) hot-rolled steel channels or 0.164-inch- (4.18-mm-) thick, formed-steel channels; braced and welded, with steel base plates punched for floor anchorage. Provide three supports for tables with capacity of more than four persons.
 - d. Bench Supports: Formed from 2-by-2-1/2-by-1/4-inch- (51-by-64-by-6-mm-) thick steel angle or 2-inch-square by 1/4-inch- (51-mm-square by 6-mm-) thick steel tubing; welded to vertical supports.
 - e. Floor Anchor: Formed from steel angle punched for floor anchorage.
 - f. Capacity: Four persons **OR** Six persons **OR** Eight persons **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - g. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - h. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
- J. Detention Seating
1. Floor-Mounted Stool:
 - a. Seats: Minimum 12-inch (305-mm) diameter, formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet; reinforced with 0.134-inch- (3.42-mm-) thick steel sheet cut to interior dimension of seat, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - b. Seat Support: Formed from steel pipe or 2-inch-OD-by-0.075-inch- (51-mm-OD-by-1.90-mm-) thick steel tubing welded to seat reinforcement and base plate for an overall stool height of not less than 18 inches (457 mm).
 - c. Base Plate: Minimum 6-by-1/4-inch- (152-by-6-mm-) thick, square **OR** round, **as directed**, steel punched with four holes for floor anchorage.
 - d. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - e. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
 2. Wall-Mounted Stool:
 - a. Seat: Minimum 12-inch (305-mm) diameter, formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.075-inch (1.90-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.125-inch- (3.18-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.078-inch- (1.98-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**,

- sheet; reinforced with 0.134-inch- (3.42-mm-) thick steel sheet cut to interior dimension of seat, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
- b. Seat Support: Formed from 1-by-2-by-0.075-inch- (25-by-51-by-1.90-mm-) thick steel tubing, 2-inch-OD-by-0.075-inch- (51-mm-OD-by-1.90-mm-) thick steel tubing or 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick, steel plate bar; welded to seat reinforcement and wall bracket.
- c. Swivel Wall Bracket: Minimum 1/2-inch (12.7-mm) pivot pin, with 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) thick steel plate for welding to embedded steel plate **OR** for welding to steel wall **OR** punched with four holes for wall anchorage, **as directed**.
- d. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
- e. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.
- 3. Floor-Mounted Bench:
 - a. Bench Top: Formed from 0.134-inch (3.42-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.105-inch (2.66-mm) nominal-thickness steel **OR** 0.141-inch- (3.57-mm-) thick, stainless-steel **OR** 0.109-inch- (2.78-mm-) thick, stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, with minimum 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) flanged edges.
 - 1) Size: Minimum 12 inches (305 mm) deep by 48 inches (1219 mm) **OR** 60 inches (1524 mm) **OR** 72 inches (1829 mm) **OR** 96 inches (2438 mm), **as directed**, long.
 - b. Supports: Formed from 0.164-inch- (4.18-mm-) thick, formed-steel channels 2-1/2-inch-OD-by-0.0677-inch- (64-mm-OD-by-1.7-mm-) thick steel tubing; welded to bench and base plate for an overall bench height of not less than 18 inches (457 mm). Provide three supports for benches with length of more than 72 inches (1829 mm).
 - c. Base Plates: Minimum 8-inch-square by 1/4-inch- (203-mm-square by 6-mm-) thick steel plate punched with four holes for floor anchorage.
 - d. Capacity: Four persons **OR** Six persons **OR** Eight persons **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - e. Steel Finish: Factory primed for field painting **OR** Baked enamel or powder coat, **as directed**.
 - f. Stainless-Steel Finish: No. 3.

K. Fabrication

1. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
2. Coordinate dimensions and attachment methods of detention furniture with those of adjoining construction to produce integrated assemblies with closely fitting joints and with edges and surfaces aligned unless otherwise indicated.
3. Shear and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs.
4. Form and grind edges and corners to be free of sharp edges or rough areas.
 - a. Fabricate detention furniture with no more than 1/32-inch (0.8-mm) gap between component materials. Weld edges that cannot be crimped to meet tolerance so as to provide a seamless joint with no place for concealment of contraband.
5. Form metal in maximum lengths to minimize joints. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing the Work.
6. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with referenced AWS standard and the following:
 - a. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - b. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - c. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - d. Finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended at exposed connections so that no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
 - e. Weld before finishing components to greatest extent possible. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
7. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Fabricate and space anchoring devices to secure detention furniture rigidly in place and to support expected

loads. Build in straps, plates, and brackets as needed to support and anchor fabricated items to adjoining construction. Reinforce formed-metal units as needed to attach and support other construction.

8. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap detention furniture as indicated to receive hardware, security fasteners, and similar items.
9. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles, surfaces, and straight sharp edges.
10. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth using concealed fasteners where possible. Use exposed security fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated, flat-head (countersunk) security fasteners. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
11. Attach drawer slides **OR** shelves, **as directed**, to furniture by welding **OR** with security fasteners, **as directed**.

L. Steel Finishes

1. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" or SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling". After cleaning, apply a conversion coating suited to the organic coating to be applied over it.
2. Factory Prime Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.
3. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
 - a. Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** Match sample **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

M. Stainless-Steel Finishes

1. General: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish. Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform, directionally textured, polished finish indicated, free of cross scratches. Run grain with long dimension of each piece.
2. Intermediate Polish Finish: No. 3 unless otherwise indicated.
3. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Installation

1. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing detention furniture to in-place construction. Include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, security fasteners, and other connectors.
2. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Obtain manufacturer's written approval for cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing detention furniture. Set detention furniture accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
3. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete or masonry or similar construction.
4. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
5. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - b. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - c. Remove welding flux immediately.

- d. Finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended at exposed connections so that no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
 - e. Fillet Welds: Minimum size of 1/8 inch by 1-1/2 inches (3 mm by 38 mm) long, spaced not greater than 12 inches (305 mm) o.c. Fill spaces between welds with security sealant **OR** auto body filler, **as directed**, where weld is exposed.
OR
 Fillet Welds: Continuous.
 - 6. Adjust doors and latches of detention gun lockers and key cabinets to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.
 - 7. Assemble detention furniture requiring field assembly with security fasteners with no exposed fasteners on exposed faces and frames.
 - 8. Anchor furniture with security fasteners **OR** by welding **OR** as indicated on Drawings, **as directed**, to floors and walls at intervals required by expected loads, but not more than 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
 - a. Install anchors through backup reinforcing plates where necessary to avoid metal distortion.
 - b. Use security fasteners with head styles appropriate for installation requirements, strength, and finish of adjacent materials, except that a maximum of two different sets of tools shall be required to operate security fasteners for Project. Provide stainless-steel security fasteners in painted materials.
 - c. Weld nuts onto cast-in-place anchors after installation so as to be nonremovable.
 - 9. Apply security sealant **OR** auto body filler, **as directed**, at all exposed gaps between detention furniture and adjacent construction greater than 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 10. Install one detention mattress for each detention bunk.
- B. Field Quality Control
- 1. Detention Specialist shall inspect **OR** Inspect, **as directed**, installed products to verify compliance with requirements. Prepare inspection reports and indicate compliance with and deviations from the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Prepare field quality-control certification endorsed by Detention Specialist, **as directed**, that states installed products and their installation comply with requirements in the Contract Documents.
- C. Cleaning And Protection
- 1. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean bolted connections and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with same material used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.

END OF SECTION 12 55 13 00

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Task	Specification	Specification Description
12 55 16 00	12 55 13 00	Detention Furniture
12 55 19 00	12 55 13 00	Detention Furniture
12 55 23 00	12 55 13 00	Detention Furniture
12 55 26 00	01 22 16 00	No Specification Required
12 55 26 00	12 55 13 00	Detention Furniture
12 55 86 00	12 55 13 00	Detention Furniture
12 61 13 00	12 01 60 00	Fixed Audience Seating
12 61 16 00	12 01 60 00	Fixed Audience Seating
12 61 19 00	12 01 60 00	Fixed Audience Seating

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SECTION 12 66 13 00 - TELESCOPING STANDS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for telescoping stands. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. This Section includes the following:
 - a. Wall-attached and Recessed telescoping stands.
 - b. Floor-attached and Reverse-fold, freestanding telescoping stands.
 - c. Portable telescoping stands.

C. Submittals

1. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for telescoping stands.
2. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - b. Include wiring diagrams for electrically operated units.
 - c. Indicate field measurements on Shop Drawings.
3. Samples: For each exposed finish.
4. LEED Submittal:
 - a. Certificates for Credit MR 7: Chain-of-custody certificates certifying that wood and wood-based materials comply with forest certification requirements. Include evidence that manufacturer is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
 - 1) Include statement indicating costs for each certified wood product.
5. Qualification Data: For Installer.
6. Operation and maintenance data.

D. Quality Assurance

1. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
2. Manufacturer's Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for telescoping stands, including Shop Drawings, and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
3. Safety Standard: Provide telescoping stands that comply with requirements in ICC 300 **OR** NFPA 102, **as directed**.
4. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1 "Structural Welding Code - Steel" and AWS D1.3 "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
5. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
6. Accessibility Requirements: Provide telescoping stands that comply with requirements in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)".
7. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics of Upholstered Chairs:
 - a. Padding: Comply with California Technical Bulletin 117.
8. Forest Certification: Fabricate products with wood components produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship."
9. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Materials

1. Wood:
 - a. Lumber: Kiln-dried, surfaced four sides; southern pine complying with SPIB's "Standard Grading Rules for Southern Pine Lumber" for C&Btr Finish (C and better) **OR** B&B Finish (B and better), **as directed**, grade-of-finish requirements.
 - b. Plywood: APA grade trademarked, DOC PS 1.
2. Steel:
 - a. Structural Steel Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - b. Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation.
 - c. Uncoated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Designation CS (cold-rolled commercial steel), or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Designation CS (hot-rolled commercial steel).
 - d. Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold formed; ASTM A 501, hot formed; or ASTM A 513, mechanical.
3. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy as standard for manufacturer.
4. Polyethylene Plastic: High-density polyethylene; molded, color-pigmented, textured, impact-resistant, structural formulation.

B. Telescoping Stands

1. Description: Operable systems of multiple-tiered seating on interconnected folding platforms that close, without being dismantled, into a nested stack for storing or moving. Stand units permit opening and closing of adjacent rows, allow individual and collective rows to be locked open for use, and close with vertical faces of upper skirts on the same vertical plane.
2. Wall-Attached Telescoping Stands: Rear of understructure permanently attaches to wall construction.
 - a. Operation: Manual **OR** Automatic, friction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, nonfriction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, power assisted by portable, manually guided, electrically powered unit, **as directed**.
 - 1) Limit Switches: Automatically stop integral power system when telescoping stands reach fully opened or closed positions.
 - 2) Motion Monitor: Flashing light with self-contained warning horn, rated at 85 decibels (dB) at 10 feet (3 m), mounted under telescoping seating for audio and visual warning during integral power operation.
 - 3) Transformer: As required to coordinate current characteristics of motor and control station with building electrical system.
3. Recessed Telescoping Stands: Rear of understructure permanently attaches to construction so that closed stands are recessed in opening indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - a. Operation: Manual **OR** Automatic, friction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, nonfriction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, power assisted by portable, manually guided, electrically powered unit, **as directed**.
 - 1) Limit Switches: Automatically stop integral power system when telescoping stands reach fully opened or closed positions.
 - 2) Motion Monitor: Flashing light with self-contained warning horn, rated at 85 decibels (dB) at 10 feet (3 m), mounted under telescoping seating for audio and visual warning during integral power operation.
 - 3) Transformer: As required to coordinate current characteristics of motor and control station with building electrical system.
4. Floor-Attached, Freestanding Telescoping Stands: Rear of understructure permanently attaches to floor construction, and stand unit closes by moving the front to the rear for storage.
 - a. Operation: Manual **OR** Automatic, friction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, nonfriction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, power assisted by portable, manually guided, electrically powered unit, **as directed**.
 - 1) Limit Switches: Automatically stop integral power system when telescoping stands reach fully opened or closed positions.
 - 2) Motion Monitor: Flashing light with self-contained warning horn, rated at 85 decibels (dB) at 10 feet (3 m), mounted under telescoping seating for audio and visual warning during integral power operation.

- 3) Transformer: As required to coordinate current characteristics of motor and control station with building electrical system.
5. Reverse-Fold, Freestanding Telescoping Stands: Front row permanently anchors to floor, and stand unit closes by moving the rear forward for storage. Front-row anchorage allows stands to move 36 inches (914.4 mm) or more, as standard with manufacturer, for additional aisle space when stands are open.
 - a. Operation: Manual **OR** Automatic, friction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, nonfriction-type integral power unit **OR** Automatic, power assisted by portable, manually guided, electrically powered unit, **as directed**.
 - 1) Limit Switches: Automatically stop integral power system when telescoping stands reach fully opened or closed positions.
 - 2) Motion Monitor: Flashing light with self-contained warning horn, rated at 85 decibels (dB) at 10 feet (3 m), mounted under telescoping seating for audio and visual warning during integral power operation.
 - 3) Transformer: As required to coordinate current characteristics of motor and control station with building electrical system.
6. Portable Telescoping Stands: Manually operated stands that can be relocated using lift trucks to produce different seating arrangements.
 - a. Transport System: Self-contained hydraulic system, integral to stands **OR** Self-contained air-pallet system, integral to stands **OR** Portable hydraulic dollies **OR** Portable air-pallet dollies, **as directed**, that move stands without marring or damaging floor over which stands move.
 - 1) Quantity: Two dollies.
7. Row Spacing: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
8. Row Rise: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
9. Elevated Front Row: In height indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
10. Bench Seats and Skirts:
 - a. Material: Lumber with transparent finish **OR** Molded polyethylene plastic with contour seat surface **OR** Steel sheet with vinyl-clad finish, **as directed**.
 - 1) Colors: As selected from manufacturer's standard.
 - b. Bench Height: Not less than 16 inches (406.4 mm) or more than 18 inches (457.2 mm).
 - c. Bench Depth: 10 inches (254 mm) **OR** 12 inches (304.8 mm), **as directed**.
11. Chairs: Rotating from upright, locked position to folded-down position that allows supporting platform to telescope for storage. In upright position, seats fold up to allow passage of persons within row.
 - a. Operation: Manual **OR** Spring assisted, manual fold up. Automatic release from upright position, except for first row, and automatic fold down to stored position **OR** Automatic, **as directed**.
 - b. Chair Width: As indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.
 - c. Seat Height: Not less than 17 inches (431.8 mm) or more than 18 inches (457.2 mm).
 - d. Seats: Polyethylene plastic **OR** Polyethylene plastic with padded upholstery insert **OR** Fully upholstered spring seat, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - e. Backs: Polyethylene plastic **OR** Polyethylene plastic with padded upholstery insert **OR** Fully upholstered, **as directed**.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
 - f. Armrests: Polyethylene plastic.
 - 1) Color: As selected from manufacturer's full range.
12. Wheelchair-Accessible Seating: Locate cutouts **OR** retractable truncated benches **OR** removable modular chairs, **as directed**, to provide wheelchair-accessible seating at locations indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Equip tiers adjacent to wheelchair-accessible seating with front rails as required by referenced safety standard.
 - b. Equip cutouts with full-width front closure panels that match decking construction and finish and that extend from underside of tiers adjacent to cutouts to 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) from finished floor.
13. Deck: Plywood.

- a. Finish: Polyethylene textured overlay bonded to substrate with exterior glue **OR** Transparent finish **OR** Manufacturer's standard finish, **as directed**.
- b. Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
14. Risers: Steel sheet with manufacturer's standard rust-inhibiting coating or hot-dip galvanized finish.
15. Rails: Structural steel, finished with manufacturer's standard powder coat system.
 - a. Color: Black.
16. Understructure: Structural steel.
 - a. Finish: Manufacturer's standard **OR** Water-based acrylic **OR** Alkyd-enamel two-coat system, **OR** Epoxy-resin-based textured powder coat system, **as directed**, rust-inhibiting finish.
 - b. Color: Manufacturer's standard.
17. Support Column Wheels: Nonmarring, soft, rubber-face wheel assembly under each support column.
 - a. Include wheels of size, number, and design required to support stands and operate smoothly without damaging the flooring surface, but not less than four per column or less than 3-1/2 inches (88.9 mm) in diameter and 1 inch (25.4 mm) wide.
18. Aisle Closures: Manufacturer's standard that produce flush vertical face at aisles when system is stored.
19. Fasteners: Vibration proof, in manufacturer's standard size and material.
20. Accessories:
 - a. Slip-resistant, abrasive tread nosings **OR** surfaces, **as directed**, at vertical aisles.
 - b. Intermediate aisle steps, fully enclosed, at each vertical aisle.
 - c. Transitional top step, fully enclosed, at each vertical aisle where last row of telescoping stands is adjacent to a cross aisle.
 - d. Removable front steps, fully enclosed, at each vertical aisle, that engage with front row to prevent accidental separation or movement and are equipped with a minimum of four skid-resistant feet.
 - e. Portable access-stair units equipped with handrails, with not less than four full-swiveling, nonmarring wheels and a locking mechanism to prevent movement during use.
 - f. Removable **OR** Folding, nonremovable, **as directed**, mid-aisle handrails located at centerline of each vertical aisle with seating on both sides.
 - g. End rails (guards) that are telescoping and self-storing **OR** removable, **as directed**.
 - h. Back rails (guards) along rear of units where required by referenced safety standard.
 - i. Front rails (guards) along front of units where required by referenced safety standard.
 - j. Removable, programming-support front rails to allow seating in upper rows while lower rows remain in the stored position.
 - k. Rear fillers including supports for closing openings between top row and rear wall of adjoining construction.
 - l. Gap fillers for closing openings between stand units or between stand units and adjoining construction.
 - m. End panels covering exposed ends of stands in stored position.
 - n. Back panels covering rear of freestanding units. Panels extend full height and width of unit.
 - o. Removable scorer's table that attaches to mounting sockets installed in telescoping stand unit.
 - p. Folding backrests permanently attached to bench units.
 - 1) Material: Lumber with transparent finish **OR** Molded polyethylene plastic with contour support surface in color matching seat, **as directed**.
 - q. Row letters at each row end.
 - r. Seat numbers at 18 inches (457 mm) o.c. on benches and on each chair.
 - s. Removable spanner seats, designed to span area between adjacent stand units, in locations indicated on Drawings **OR as directed**.

C. Fabrication

1. Fabricate understructure from structural steel members in size, spacing, and form required to support design loads specified in referenced safety standard.

2. Weld understructure to comply with applicable AWS standards.
3. Round corners and edges of components and exposed fasteners to reduce snagging and pinching hazards.
4. Form exposed sheet metal with flat, flush surfaces, level and true in line, and without cracking and grain separation.
5. Seating Supports: Fabricate supports to withstand, without damage to components, the forces imposed by use of stands without failure or other conditions that might impair the usefulness of seating units.
 - a. Cantilever bench seat supports to produce toe space uninterrupted by vertical bracing.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Installation
 1. Install telescoping stands to comply with referenced safety standard and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Adjusting And Cleaning
 1. On completion of installation, lubricate, test, and adjust each telescoping stand unit so that it operates according to manufacturer's written operating instructions.
 2. Clean installed telescoping stands on exposed and semiexposed surfaces. Touch up shop-applied finishes or replace components as required to restore damaged or soiled areas.

END OF SECTION 12 66 13 00

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SECTION 13 34 19 00 - METAL BUILDING SYSTEMS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for metal building systems. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section Includes:
 - a. Structural-steel framing.
 - b. Metal roof panels.
 - c. Metal wall panels.
 - d. Foam-insulation-core metal wall panels.
 - e. Translucent panels.
 - f. Metal soffit panels.
 - g. Thermal insulation.
 - h. Doors and frames.
 - i. Windows.
 - j. Accessories.

C. Definitions

1. Terminology Standard: See MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual" for definitions of terms for metal building system construction not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of metal building system component. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:
 - a. Structural-steel-framing system.
 - b. Metal roof panels.
 - c. Metal wall panels.
 - d. Metal liner panels.
 - e. Translucent panels.
 - f. Insulation and vapor retarder facings.
 - g. Flashing and trim.
 - h. Doors.
 - i. Windows.
 - j. Accessories.
2. LEED Submittals:
 - a. Product Test Reports for Credit SS 7.2: For roof panels, documentation indicating that panels comply with Solar Reflectance Index requirement.
 - b. Product Data for Credit MR 4.1 and Credit MR 4.2, **as directed**: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating costs for each product having recycled content.
3. Shop Drawings: For the following metal building system components. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Anchor-Bolt Plans: Submit anchor-bolt plans and templates before foundation work begins. Include location, diameter, and projection of anchor bolts required to attach metal building to foundation. Indicate column reactions at each location.

- b. Structural-Framing Drawings: Show complete fabrication of primary and secondary framing; include provisions for openings. Indicate welds and bolted connections, distinguishing between shop and field applications. Include transverse cross-sections.
 - 1) Show provisions for attaching roof curbs, service walkways, platforms and pipe racks.
- c. Metal Roof and Wall Panel Layout Drawings: Show layouts of metal panels including methods of support. Include details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, anchorages, trim, flashings, closures, and special details. Distinguish between factory- and field-assembled work; show locations of exposed fasteners.
 - 1) Show roof-mounted items including roof hatches, equipment supports, pipe supports and penetrations, lighting fixtures, and items mounted on roof curbs.
 - 2) Show wall-mounted items including doors, windows, louvers, and lighting fixtures.
 - 3) Show translucent panels.
4. Samples: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of sizes indicated below:
 - a. Metal Panels: Nominal 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual panel width. Include fasteners, closures, and other exposed panel accessories.
 - b. Translucent Panels: Nominal 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual panel width.
 - c. Flashing and Trim: Nominal 12 inches (300 mm) long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.
 - d. Vapor-Retarder Facings: Nominal 6-inch- (150-mm-) square Samples.
 - e. Windows: Full-size, nominal 12-inch- (300-mm-) long frame Samples showing typical profile.
 - f. Accessories: Nominal 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Samples for each type of accessory.
5. Door Schedule: For doors and frames. Use same designations indicated on Drawings. Include details of reinforcement.
 - a. Door Hardware Schedule: Include details of fabrication and assembly of door hardware. Organize schedule into door hardware sets indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening.
 - b. Keying Schedule: Detail the Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key set to unique door designations.
6. Delegated-Design Submittal: For metal building systems indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
7. Qualification Data: For qualified erector, manufacturer, professional engineer, land surveyor and testing agency.
8. Welding certificates.
9. Metal Building System Certificates: For each type of metal building system, from manufacturer.
 - a. Letter of Design Certification: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:
 - 1) Name and location of Project.
 - 2) Order number.
 - 3) Name of manufacturer.
 - 4) Name of Contractor.
 - 5) Building dimensions including width, length, height, and roof slope.
 - 6) Indicate compliance with AISC standards for hot-rolled steel and AISI standards for cold-rolled steel, including edition dates of each standard.
 - 7) Governing building code and year of edition.
 - 8) Design Loads: Include dead load, roof live load, collateral loads, roof snow load, deflection, wind loads/speeds and exposure, seismic design category or effective peak velocity-related acceleration/peak acceleration, and auxiliary loads (cranes).
 - 9) Load Combinations: Indicate that loads were applied acting simultaneously with concentrated loads, according to governing building code.
 - 10) Building-Use Category: Indicate category of building use and its effect on load importance factors.

- 11) AISC Certification for Category MB: Include statement that metal building system and components were designed and produced in an AISC-Certified Facility by an AISC-Certified Manufacturer.
10. Erector Certificates: For each product, from manufacturer.
11. Manufacturer Certificates: For each product, from manufacturer.
12. Material Test Reports: For each of the following products:
 - a. Structural steel including chemical and physical properties.
 - b. Bolts, nuts, and washers including mechanical properties and chemical analysis.
 - c. Tension-control, high-strength, bolt-nut-washer assemblies.
 - d. Shop primers.
 - e. Nonshrink grout.
13. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for insulation and vapor-retarder facings. Include reports for thermal resistance, fire-test-response characteristics, water-vapor transmission, and water absorption.
14. Source quality-control reports.
15. Field quality-control reports.
16. Surveys: Show final elevations and locations of major members. Indicate discrepancies between actual installation and the Contract Documents. Have surveyor who performed surveys certify their accuracy.
17. Maintenance Data: For metal panel finishes and door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.
18. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

E. Quality Assurance

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer and member of MBMA.
 - a. AISC Certification for Category MB: An AISC-Certified Manufacturer that designs and produces metal building systems and components in an AISC-Certified Facility.
 - b. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
2. Land Surveyor Qualifications: A professional land surveyor who practices in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing surveying services of the kind indicated.
3. Erector Qualifications: An experienced erector who specializes in erecting and installing work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
4. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
5. Source Limitations: Obtain metal building system components, including primary and secondary framing and metal panel assemblies, from single source from single manufacturer.
6. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - a. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - b. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."
7. Structural Steel: Comply with AISC 360, "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings," for design requirements and allowable stresses.
8. Cold-Formed Steel: Comply with AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members" for design requirements and allowable stresses.
9. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide metal panel assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - a. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.
 - b. Combustion Characteristics: ASTM E 136.
10. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
 - a. Oversize Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: For units exceeding sizes of tested assemblies, provide certification by a qualified testing agency that doors comply with standard construction requirements for tested and labeled fire-rated door assemblies except for size.
11. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
1. Deliver components, sheets, panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or deformed. Package metal panels for protection during transportation and handling.
 2. Unload, store, and erect metal panels in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
 3. Stack metal panels horizontally on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store metal panels to ensure dryness, with positive slope for drainage of water. Do not store metal panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
 4. Protect foam-plastic insulation as follows:
 - a. Do not expose to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.
 - b. Protect against ignition at all times. Do not deliver foam-plastic insulation materials to Project site before installation time.
 - c. Complete installation and concealment of foam-plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.
- G. Project Conditions
1. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when weather conditions permit metal panels to be installed according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.
 2. Field Measurements:
 - a. Established Dimensions for Foundations: Comply with established dimensions on approved anchor-bolt plans, establishing foundation dimensions and proceeding with fabricating structural framing without field measurements. Coordinate anchor-bolt installation to ensure that actual anchorage dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
 - b. Established Dimensions for Metal Panels: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, either establish framing and opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating metal panels without field measurements, or allow for field trimming metal panels. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual building dimensions, locations of structural members, and openings correspond to established dimensions.
- H. Coordination
1. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete foundations and casting of anchor-bolt inserts into foundation walls and footings. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-place Concrete".
 2. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports and roof penetrations, which are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories".
 3. Coordinate metal panel assemblies with rain drainage work, flashing, trim, and construction of supports and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.
- I. Warranty
1. Special Warranty on Metal Panel Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
 - a. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - 1) Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
 - 2) Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
 - 3) Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
 - b. Finish Warranty Period: 20 **OR** 10, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.
 2. Special Weathertightness Warranty for Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace standing-seam metal roof panel assemblies that leak or otherwise fail to remain weathertight within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

A. Metal Building Systems

1. Description: Provide a complete, integrated set of metal building system manufacturer's standard mutually dependent components and assemblies that form a metal building system capable of withstanding structural and other loads, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure or infiltration of water into building interior.
 - a. Provide metal building system of size and with bay spacings, roof slopes, and spans indicated.
2. Primary-Frame Type:
 - a. Rigid Clear Span: Solid-member, structural-framing system without interior columns.
 - b. Rigid Modular: Solid-member, structural-framing system with interior columns.
 - c. Truss-Frame Clear Span: Truss-member, structural-framing system without interior columns.
 - d. Truss-Frame Modular: Truss-member, structural-framing system with interior columns.
 - e. Lean to: Solid- or truss-member, structural-framing system without interior columns, designed to be partially supported by another structure.
3. End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard, for buildings not required to be expandable, consisting of primary frame, capable of supporting one-half of a bay design load, and end-wall columns **OR** load-bearing end-wall and corner columns and rafters, **as directed**.
OR
 End-Wall Framing: Engineer end walls to be expandable. Provide primary frame, capable of supporting full-bay design loads, and end-wall columns.
4. Secondary-Frame Type: Manufacturer's standard purlins and joists and flush-framed **OR** partially inset-framed **OR** exterior-framed (bypass), **as directed**, girts.
5. Eave Height: 16 feet (4.9 m) **OR** 20 feet (6.1 m) **OR** 24 feet (7.3 m) **OR** 28 feet (8.5 m) **OR** Manufacturer's standard height, as indicated by nominal height on Drawings, **as directed**.
6. Bay Spacing: 20 feet (6.1 m) **OR** 25 feet (7.6 m) **OR** 30 feet (9.1 m) **OR** As determined by manufacturer, **as directed**.
7. Roof Slope: 1/4 inch per 12 inches (1:48) **OR** 1/2 inch per 12 inches (1:24) **OR** 1 inch per 12 inches (1:12) **OR** 4 inches per 12 inches (1:3) **OR** Manufacturer's standard for frame type required, **as directed**.
8. Roof System: Manufacturer's standard vertical-rib, standing-seam **OR** trapezoidal-rib, standing-seam **OR** lap-seam, **as directed**, metal roof panels with field-installed insulation, **as directed**.
9. Exterior Wall System: Manufacturer's standard tapered-rib, exposed-fastener **OR** reverse-rib, exposed-fastener **OR** concealed-fastener, **as directed**, metal wall panels with field-installed insulation, **as directed**.
OR
 Exterior Wall System: Manufacturer's standard foam-insulation-core metal wall panels.

B. Metal Building System Performance

1. Delegated Design: Design metal building system, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
2. Structural Performance: Metal building systems shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to procedures in MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual."
 - a. Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
OR
 Design Loads: As required by MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual" **OR** ASCE/SEI 7, **as directed**.
 - b. Deflection Limits: Design metal building system assemblies to withstand design loads with deflections no greater than the following:
 - 1) Purlins and Rafters: Vertical deflection of 1/180 **OR** 1/240, **as directed**, of the span.
 - 2) Girts: Horizontal deflection of 1/180 **OR** 1/240, **as directed**, of the span.
 - 3) Metal Roof Panels: Vertical deflection of 1/180 **OR** 1/240, **as directed**, of the span.
 - 4) Metal Wall Panels: Horizontal deflection of 1/180 **OR** 1/240, **as directed**, of the span.

- 5) Design secondary-framing system to accommodate deflection of primary framing and construction tolerances, and to maintain clearances at openings.
 - c. Drift Limits: Engineer building structure to withstand design loads with drift limits no greater than the following:
 - 1) Lateral Drift: Maximum of 1/200 **OR** 1/400, **as directed**, of the building height.
 - d. Metal panel assemblies shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASTM E 1592.
 3. Seismic Performance: Metal building systems shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 4. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
 5. Air Infiltration for Metal Roof Panels: Air leakage through assembly of not more than 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. (0.3 L/s per sq. m) of roof area when tested according to ASTM E 1680 at negative test-pressure difference of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa).
 6. Air Infiltration for Metal Wall Panels: Air leakage through assembly of not more than 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. (0.3 L/s per sq. m) of wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at static-air-pressure difference of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft. (75 Pa).
 7. Water Penetration for Metal Roof Panels: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 1646 at test-pressure difference of 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa).
 8. Water Penetration for Metal Wall Panels: No water penetration when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a wind-load design pressure of not less than 2.86 lbf/sq. ft. (137 Pa).
 9. Wind-Uplift Resistance: Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580 for Class 30 **OR** Class 60 **OR** Class 90, **as directed**.
 10. Thermal Performance: Provide insulated metal panel assemblies with the following maximum U-factors and minimum R-values for opaque elements when tested according to ASTM C 1363 or ASTM C 518:
 - a. Metal Roof Panel Assemblies:
 - 1) U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) R-Value: as directed by the Owner.
 - b. Metal Wall Panel Assemblies:
 - 1) U-Factor: as directed by the Owner.
 - 2) R-Value: as directed by the Owner.
 11. Energy Performance (for LEED-NC Credit SS 7.2): Provide roof panels with Solar Reflectance Index not less than 78 **OR** 29, **as directed**, when calculated according to ASTM E 1980 based on testing identical products by a qualified testing agency.
 12. Energy Performance (for ENERGY STAR requirements): Provide roof panels that are listed on the DOE's ENERGY STAR Roof Products Qualified Product List for low **OR** steep, **as directed**, -slope roof products.
 13. Energy Performance (for roofs that must comply with CEC-Title 24): Provide roof panels with initial solar reflectance not less than 0.70 and emissivity not less than 0.75 when tested according to CRRC.
- C. Structural-Steel Framing
1. Primary Framing: Manufacturer's standard primary-framing system, designed to withstand required loads and specified requirements. Primary framing includes transverse and lean-to frames; rafter, rake, and canopy beams; sidewall, intermediate, end-wall, and corner columns; and wind bracing.
 - a. General: Provide frames with attachment plates, bearing plates, and splice members. Factory drill for field-bolted assembly. Provide frame span and spacing indicated.
 - 1) Slight variations in span and spacing may be acceptable if necessary to comply with manufacturer's standard, as approved by the Owner.

- b. Rigid Clear-Span Frames: I-shaped frame sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes. Interior columns are not permitted.
 - c. Rigid Modular Frames: I-shaped frame sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes. Provide interior columns fabricated from round steel pipes or tubes, or shop-welded, built-up steel plates.
 - d. Truss-Frame, Clear-Span Frames: Rafter frames fabricated from joist girders, and I-shaped column sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes.
 - e. Truss-Frame Modular Frames: Rafter frames fabricated from joist girders, and I-shaped column sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes. Provide interior columns fabricated from round steel pipes or tubes, or shop-welded, built-up steel plates.
 - f. Long-Bay Frames: I-shaped frame sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes. Provide interior columns fabricated from round steel pipes or tubes, or shop-welded, built-up steel plates.
 - g. Frame Configuration: Single gable **OR** One-directional sloped **OR** Lean to, with high side connected to and supported by another structure **OR** Multiple gable **OR** Load-bearing-wall type **OR** Multistory, **as directed**.
 - h. Exterior Column Type: Uniform depth **OR** Tapered, **as directed**.
 - i. Rafter Type: Uniform depth **OR** Tapered, **as directed**.
2. End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard primary end-wall framing fabricated for field-bolted assembly to comply with the following:
- a. End-Wall and Corner Columns: I-shaped sections fabricated from structural-steel shapes; shop-welded, built-up steel plates; or C-shaped, cold-formed, structural-steel sheet.
 - b. End-Wall Rafters: C-shaped, cold-formed, structural-steel sheet; or I-shaped sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes.
3. Secondary Framing: Manufacturer's standard secondary framing, including purlins, girts, eave struts, flange bracing, base members, gable angles, clips, headers, jambs, and other miscellaneous structural members. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate framing from either cold-formed, structural-steel sheet or roll-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, prepainted with coil coating, to comply with the following:
- a. Purlins: C- or Z-shaped sections; fabricated from built-up steel plates, steel sheet, or structural-steel shapes; minimum 2-1/2-inch- (64-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1) Depth: As indicated **OR** As needed to comply with system performance requirements, **as directed**.

OR

Purlins: Steel joists of depths indicated.
 - b. Girts: C- or Z-shaped sections; fabricated from built-up steel plates, steel sheet, or structural-steel shapes. Form ends of Z-sections with stiffening lips angled 40 to 50 degrees from flange, with minimum 2-1/2-inch- (64-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1) Depth: As indicated **OR** As required to comply with system performance requirements, **as directed**.
 - c. Eave Struts: Unequal-flange, C-shaped sections; fabricated from built-up steel plates, steel sheet, or structural-steel shapes; to provide adequate backup for metal panels.
 - d. Flange Bracing: Minimum 2-by-2-by-1/8-inch (51-by-51-by-3-mm) structural-steel angles or 1-inch (- (25-mm-) diameter, cold-formed structural tubing to stiffen primary-frame flanges.
 - e. Sag Bracing: Minimum 1-by-1-by-1/8-inch (25-by-25-by-3-mm) structural-steel angles.
 - f. Base or Sill Angles: Minimum 3-by-2-inch (76-by-51-mm) zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
 - g. Purlin and Girt Clips: Manufacturer's standard clips fabricated from steel sheet. Provide galvanized clips where clips are connected to galvanized framing members.
 - h. Secondary End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard sections fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet **OR** structural-steel sheet, **as directed**.
 - i. Framing for Openings: Channel shapes; fabricated from cold-formed, structural-steel sheet or structural-steel shapes. Frame head and jamb of door openings and head, jamb, and sill of other openings.

- j. Miscellaneous Structural Members: Manufacturer's standard sections fabricated from cold-formed, structural-steel sheet; built-up steel plates; or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet; designed to withstand required loads.
- 4. Canopy Framing: Manufacturer's standard structural-framing system, designed to withstand required loads; fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes. Provide frames with attachment plates and splice members, factory drilled for field-bolted assembly.
 - a. Type: Straight-beam, eave type **OR** Purlin-extension type **OR** Tapered-beam, below-eave type **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
- 5. Bracing: Provide adjustable wind bracing as follows:
 - a. Rods: ASTM A 36/A 36M; ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 (345); or ASTM A 529/A 529M, Grade 50 (345); minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter steel; threaded full length or threaded a minimum of 6 inches (152 mm) at each end.
 - b. Cable: ASTM A 475, 1/4-inch- (6-mm-) diameter, extra-high-strength grade, Class B, zinc-coated, seven-strand steel; with threaded end anchors.
 - c. Angles: Fabricated from structural-steel shapes to match primary framing, of size required to withstand design loads.
 - d. Rigid Portal Frames: Fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes to match primary framing; of size required to withstand design loads.
 - e. Fixed-Base Columns: Fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes to match primary framing; of size required to withstand design loads.
 - f. Diaphragm Action of Metal Panels: Design metal building to resist wind forces through diaphragm action of metal panels.
 - g. Bracing: Provide wind bracing using any method specified above, at manufacturer's option.
- 6. Bolts: Provide plain-finish bolts for structural-framing components that are primed or finish painted. Provide zinc-plated or hot-dip galvanized bolts for structural-framing components that are galvanized.
- 7. Materials:
 - a. W-Shapes: ASTM A 992/A 992M; ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380); or ASTM A 529/A 529M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380).
 - b. Channels, Angles, M-Shapes, and S-Shapes: ASTM A 36/A 36M; ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380); or ASTM A 529/A 529M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380).
 - c. Plate and Bar: ASTM A 36/A 36M; ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380); or ASTM A 529/A 529M, Grade 50 or 55 (345 or 380).
 - d. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E or S, Grade B.
 - e. Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B or C, structural tubing.
 - f. Structural-Steel Sheet: Hot-rolled, ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Structural Steel (SS), Grades 30 through 55 (205 through 380), or High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel (HSLAS), Grades 45 through 70 (310 through 480); or cold-rolled, ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Structural Steel (SS), Grades 25 through 80 (170 through 550), or High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel (HSLAS), Grades 45 through 70 (310 through 480).
 - g. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Structural Steel (SS), Grades 33 through 80 (230 through 550), or High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel (HSLAS), Grades 50 through 80 (340 through 550); with G60 (Z180) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
 - h. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Prepainted with Coil Coating: Steel sheet, metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.
 - 1) Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Structural Steel (SS), Grades 33 through 80 (230 through 550), or High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel (HSLAS), Grades 50 through 80 (340 through 550); with G90 (Z275) coating designation.
 - 2) Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, Structural Steel (SS), Grade 50 or 80 (340 or 550); with Class AZ50 (AZM150) coating.
 - i. Joist Girders: Manufactured according to "Standard Specifications for Joist Girders," in SJI's "Standard Specifications and Load Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders"; with

- steel-angle, top- and bottom-chord members, and end- and top-chord arrangements as indicated and required for primary framing.
- j. Steel Joists: Manufactured according to "Standard Specifications for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series," in SJI's "Standard Specifications and Load Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders"; with steel-angle, top- and bottom-chord members, and end- and top-chord arrangements as indicated and required for secondary framing.
 - k. Non-High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6), carbon-steel, hex-head bolts; ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) carbon-steel hex nuts; and ASTM F 844 plain (flat) steel washers.
 - 1) Finish: Plain **OR** Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, **as directed**.
 - l. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon-steel washers.
 - 1) Finish: Plain **OR** Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, **as directed**.
 - m. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 490 (ASTM A 490M), Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts or tension-control, bolt-nut-washer assemblies with spline ends; ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon-steel washers, plain.
 - n. Tension-Control, High-Strength Bolt-Nut-Washer Assemblies: ASTM F 1852, Type 1, heavy-hex-head steel structural bolts with spline ends.
 - 1) Finish: Plain **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50 **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, baked-epoxy coated, **as directed**.
 - o. Unheaded Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36 **OR** ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 (345) **OR** ASTM A 36/A 36M **OR** ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6), **as directed**.
 - 1) Configuration: Straight.
 - 2) Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex **OR** heavy-hex, **as directed**, carbon steel.
 - 3) Plate Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
 - 4) Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon steel.
 - 5) Finish: Plain **OR** Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, **as directed**.
 - p. Headed Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36 **OR** ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6), **as directed**.
 - 1) Configuration: Straight.
 - 2) Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex **OR** heavy-hex, **as directed**, carbon steel.
 - 3) Plate Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
 - 4) Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon steel.
 - 5) Finish: Plain **OR** Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, **as directed**.
 - q. Threaded Rods: ASTM A 193/A 193M **OR** ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 (345) **OR** ASTM A 36/A 36M **OR** ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6), **as directed**.
 - 1) Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex **OR** heavy-hex, **as directed**, carbon steel.
 - 2) Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened **OR** ASTM A 36/A 36M, **as directed**, carbon steel.
 - 3) Finish: Plain **OR** Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C **OR** Mechanically deposited zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50, **as directed**.
 - r. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Provide steel products with an average recycled content so postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 25 percent.
8. Finish: Factory primed. Apply specified primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
- a. Apply primer to primary and secondary framing to a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
 - 1) Prime secondary framing formed from uncoated steel sheet to a minimum dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm) on each side.

- b. Prime galvanized members with specified primer after phosphoric acid pretreatment.
- c. Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, Type I, red oxide.

D. Metal Roof Panels

1. Vertical-Rib, Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Formed with vertical ribs at panel edges and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between ribs; designed for sequential installation by mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips located under one side of panels and engaging opposite edge of adjacent panels.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Clips: Manufacturer's standard, fixed type **OR** floating type to accommodate thermal movement, **as directed**; fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel **OR** aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - c. Joint Type: Panels snapped together.
OR
Joint Type: Mechanically seamed, single folded **OR** double folded **OR** folded according to manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - d. Panel Coverage: 16 inches (406 mm).
 - e. Panel Height: 2 inches (51 mm).
 - f. Uplift Rating: UL 30 **OR** UL 60 **OR** UL 90, **as directed**.
2. Trapezoidal-Rib, Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Formed with raised trapezoidal ribs at panel edges and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between ribs; designed for sequential installation by mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips located under one side of panels and engaging opposite edge of adjacent panels.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Clips: Manufacturer's standard, fixed type **OR** floating type to accommodate thermal movement, **as directed**; fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel **OR** aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet.
 - c. Joint Type: Panels snapped together.
OR
Joint Type: Mechanically seamed, single folded **OR** double folded **OR** folded according to manufacturer's standard, **as directed**.
 - d. Panel Coverage: 24 inches (610 mm).
 - e. Panel Height: 3 inches (76 mm).
 - f. Uplift Rating: UL 30 **OR** UL 60 **OR** UL 90, **as directed**.
3. Tapered-Rib-Profile, Lap-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Formed with raised, trapezoidal major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between major ribs; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).

- d. Panel Height: 0.75 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1.125 inches (29 mm) **OR** 1.188 inches (30 mm) **OR** 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4. Tapered-Rib-Profile, Metal Liner Panels: Formed with raised, trapezoidal major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between major ribs; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5. Materials:
 - a. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Restricted-flatness steel sheet, metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.
 - 1) Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; structural quality.
 - 2) Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 coating designation, Grade 40 (Class AZM150 coating designation, Grade 275); structural quality.
 - 3) Surface: Smooth, flat **OR** Embossed, **as directed**, finish.
 - 6. Finishes:
 - a. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:
 - 1) Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 2) Three-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 3) Siliconized Polyester: Epoxy primer and silicone-modified, polyester-enamel topcoat; with a dry film thickness of not less than 0.2 mil (0.005 mm) for primer and 0.8 mil (0.02 mm) for topcoat.
 - b. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm).
- E. Metal Wall Panels
- 1. Tapered-Rib-Profile, Exposed-Fastener Metal Wall Panels: Formed with raised, trapezoidal major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between major ribs; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 0.75 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1.125 inches (29 mm) **OR** 1.188 inches (30 mm) **OR** 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - 2. Reverse-Rib-Profile, Exposed-Fastener Metal Wall Panels: Formed with recessed, trapezoidal major valleys and intermediate stiffening valleys symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**,

- between major valleys; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
- a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 1.125 inches (29 mm) **OR** 1.188 inches (30 mm) **OR** 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
3. Concealed-Fastener Metal Wall Panels: Formed with vertical panel edges and a single wide recess, centered between panel edges **OR** flush surface, **as directed**; with flush joint between panels; with 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide flange for attaching interior finish; designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners and factory-applied sealant, **as directed**, in side laps.
- a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Panel Coverage: 16 inches (406 mm).
 - c. Panel Height: 3 inches (76 mm).
4. Tapered-Rib-Profile, Metal Liner Panels: Formed with raised, trapezoidal major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between major ribs; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
- a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Siliconized polyester **OR** Acrylic enamel, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed** o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
5. Flush-Profile, Metal Liner Panels: Solid **OR** Perforated, **as directed**, panels formed with vertical panel edges and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between panel edges; with flush joint between panels; designed for interior side of metal wall panel assemblies and installed by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners and factory-applied sealant, **as directed**, in side laps.
- a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Siliconized polyester **OR** Polyester **OR** Acrylic enamel, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Sound Absorption: NRC not less than 0.65 **OR** 0.85 **OR** 1.00, **as directed** when tested according to ASTM C 423.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 12 inches (305 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 1.5 inches (38 mm).
6. Materials:
- a. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Restricted-flatness steel sheet, metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.

- 1) Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; structural quality.
 - 2) Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 coating designation, Grade 40 (Class AZM150 coating designation, Grade 275); structural quality.
 - 3) Surface: Smooth, flat **OR** Embossed, **as directed**, finish.
7. Finishes:
- a. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:
 - 1) Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 2) Three-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 3) Siliconized Polyester: Epoxy primer and silicone-modified, polyester-enamel topcoat; with a dry film thickness of not less than 0.2 mil (0.005 mm) for primer and 0.8 mil (0.02 mm) for topcoat.
 - b. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm).
- F. Foam-Insulation-Core Metal Wall Panels
1. Description: Provide factory-formed and -assembled, metal wall panels fabricated from two metal facing sheets and an insulation core foamed in place during fabrication, with joints between panels designed to form weathertight seals. Include accessories required for weathertight installation.
 - a. Concealed-Fastener, Foam-Insulation-Core Metal Wall Panels: Formed with tongue-and-groove panel edges; designed for sequential installation by interlocking panel edges and mechanically attaching panels to supports using concealed clips or fasteners.
 - 1) Facings: Fabricate panel with exterior and interior facings of same material and thickness.
 - 2) Exterior Surface: Smooth, flat **OR** Striated **OR** Shallow ribs **OR** Shallow V grooves, **as directed**.
 - 3) Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm) **OR** 42 inches (1067 mm), **as directed**, nominal.
 - 4) Panel Thickness: 2 inches (51 mm) **OR** 2.5 inches (64 mm) **OR** 3 inches (76 mm) **OR** 4 inches (102 mm) **OR** 5 inches (127 mm) **OR** 6 inches (152 mm), **as directed**.
 - 5) Thermal-Resistance Value (R-Value): as directed by the Owner.
 2. Panel Performance:
 - a. Flatwise Tensile Strength: 30 psi (200 kPa) when tested according to ASTM C 297/C 297M.
 - b. Humid Aging: Volume increase not greater than 6.0 percent and no delamination or metal corrosion when tested for seven days at 140 deg F (60 deg C) and 100 percent relative humidity according to ASTM D 2126.
 - c. Heat Aging: Volume increase not greater than 2.0 percent and no delamination, surface blistering, or permanent bowing when tested for seven days at 200 deg F (93 deg C) according to ASTM D 2126.
 - d. Cold Aging: Volume decrease not more than 1.0 percent and no delamination, surface blistering, or permanent bowing when tested for seven days at minus 20 deg F (29 deg C) according to ASTM D 2126.
 - e. Fatigue: No evidence of delamination, core cracking, or permanent bowing when tested to a 20-lbf/sq. ft. (958-kPa) positive and negative wind load and with deflection of L/180 for two million cycles.
 - f. Autoclave: No delamination when exposed to 2-psi (13.8-kPa) pressure at a temperature of 212 deg F (100 deg C) for 2-1/2 hours.
 - g. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Class A according to ASTM E 108.

3. Polyisocyanurate Insulation-Core Performance:
 - a. Density: 2.0 to 2.6 lb/cu. ft. (32 to 42 kg/cu. m) when tested according to ASTM D 1622.
 - b. Compressive Strength: Minimum 20 psi (140 kPa) when tested according to ASTM D 1621.
 - c. Shear Strength: 26 psi (179 kPa) when tested according to ASTM C 273/C 273M.
4. Materials:
 - a. Polyisocyanurate Insulation: Modified polyisocyanurate foam using a non-CFC blowing agent, foamed-in-place or board type as indicated, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 450, respectively.
 - 1) Closed-Cell Content: 90 percent when tested according to ASTM D 6226.
 - b. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: Restricted-flatness steel sheet, metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.
 - 1) Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; structural quality.
 - 2) Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 coating designation, Grade 40 (Class AZM150 coating designation, Grade 275); structural quality.
 - 3) Surface: Smooth, flat **OR** Embossed, **as directed**, finish.
5. Finishes:
 - a. Exposed Coil-Coated Finish:
 - 1) Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 2) Three-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 621. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in both color coat and clear topcoat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 3) Siliconized Polyester: Epoxy primer and silicone-modified, polyester-enamel topcoat; with a dry film thickness of not less than 0.2 mil (0.005 mm) for primer and 0.8 mil (0.02 mm) for topcoat.
 - b. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm).

G. Translucent Panels

1. Uninsulated Translucent Panels: Glass-fiber-reinforced polyester, translucent plastic; complying with ASTM D 3841, Type CC2 (general purpose) **OR** Type CC1 (limited flammability), **as directed**, Grade 1 (weather resistant); smooth finish on both sides. Match profile of adjacent metal panels.
 - a. Roof Panel Weight: Not less than 8 oz./sq. ft. (2441 g/sq. m).
 - b. Wall Panel Weight: Not less than 6 oz./sq. ft. (1831 g/sq. m).
 - c. Light Transmittance: Not less than 55 percent according to ASTM D 1494.
 - d. Metal Edge: Fabricate full length of each side of panel with metal edge for seaming into standing-seam roof panel joint.
 - e. Color: White.
2. Insulated Translucent Panels: Fabricate insulating units of two sheets of glass-fiber-reinforced polyester, translucent plastic separated by an air space; complying with ASTM D 3841, Type CC1 (limited flammability), Grade 1 (weather resistant); smooth finish on both sides. Match profile of adjacent metal panels.
 - a. Exterior Panel Weight: Not less than 8 oz./sq. ft. (2441 g/sq. m) **OR** 6 oz./sq. ft. (1831 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - b. Interior Panel Weight: Not less than 8 oz./sq. ft. (2441 g/sq. m) **OR** 6 oz./sq. ft. (1831 g/sq. m) **OR** 4 oz./sq. ft. (1221 g/sq. m), **as directed**.
 - c. Light Transmittance: Not less than 42 percent according to ASTM D 1494.
 - d. Metal Edge: Fabricate full length of each side of panel with metal edge for seaming into standing-seam roof panel joint.

- e. Color: White.
 - 3. Mastic for Translucent Panels: Nonstaining, saturated vinyl polymer as recommended by translucent panel manufacturer for sealing laps.
 - 4. Performance:
 - a. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1) Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2) Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- H. Metal Soffit Panels
- 1. General: Provide factory-formed metal soffit panels designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners and factory-applied sealant, **as directed**, in side laps. Include accessories required for weathertight installation.
 - 2. Metal Soffit Panels: Match profile and material of metal roof **OR** wall, **as directed**, panels.
 - a. Finish: Match finish and color of metal roof panels **OR** Match finish and color of metal wall panels **OR** As indicated on Drawings, **as directed**.
 - 3. Tapered-Rib-Profile, Exposed-Fastener Metal Soffit Panels: Formed with raised, trapezoidal major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced **OR** flat pan, **as directed**, between major ribs; designed to be installed by lapping side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching panels to supports using exposed fasteners in side laps.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Major-Rib Spacing: 6 inches (152 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**, o.c.
 - c. Panel Coverage: 36 inches (914 mm).
 - d. Panel Height: 0.75 inch (19 mm) **OR** 1.125 inches (29 mm) **OR** 1.188 inches (30 mm) **OR** 1.25 inches (32 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
 - 4. Concealed-Fastener Metal Soffit Panels: Formed with vertical panel edges and a single wide recess, centered between panel edges **OR** flush surface, **as directed**; with flush joint between panels; with 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide flange for attaching interior finish; designed to be installed by lapping and interconnecting side edges of adjacent panels and mechanically attaching through panel to supports using concealed fasteners and factory-applied sealant, **as directed**, in side laps.
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) **OR** Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, **as directed**, steel sheet, 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal thickness.
 - 1) Exterior Finish: Fluoropolymer **OR** Siliconized polyester, **as directed**.
 - 2) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.
 - b. Panel Coverage: 12 inches (305 mm) **OR** 16 inches (406 mm), **as directed**.
 - c. Panel Height: 1 inch (25 mm) **OR** 1.5 inches (38 mm), **as directed**.
- I. Thermal Insulation
- 1. Faced Metal Building Insulation: ASTM C 991, Type II, glass-fiber-blanket insulation; 0.5-lb/cu. ft. (8-kg/cu. m) density; 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide, continuous, vapor-tight edge tabs; with a flame-spread index of 25 or less.
 - 2. Unfaced Metal Building Insulation: ASTM C 991, Type I, or NAIMA 202, glass-fiber-blanket insulation; 0.5-lb/cu. ft. (8-kg/cu. m) density; 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide, continuous, vapor-tight edge tabs; with a flame-spread index of 25 or less.
 - a. Vapor-Retarder Facing: ASTM C 1136, with permeance not greater than 0.02 perm (1.15 ng/Pa x s x sq. m) when tested according to ASTM E 96/E 96M, Desiccant Method.
 - 1) Composition: White metallized-polypropylene film facing, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and kraft-paper backing.

Composition: Aluminum foil facing, elastomeric barrier coating, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and kraft-paper backing.

OR

Composition: White polypropylene **OR** vinyl, **as directed**, film facing, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and metallized-polyester film backing.

OR

Composition: White polypropylene film facing and fiberglass-polyester-blend fabric backing.

3. Mineral-Fiber-Blanket Insulation: ASTM C 665, type indicated below; consisting of fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - a. Nonreflective Faced: Type II (blankets with nonreflective membrane covering), Category 1 (membrane is a vapor retarder), Class A (membrane-faced surface with a flame-spread index of 25 or less).
 - b. Reflective Faced: Type III (blankets with reflective membrane covering), Category 1 (membrane is a vapor retarder), Class A (membrane-faced surface with a flame-spread index of 25 or less).
 - c. Unfaced: Type I (blankets without membrane covering), passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.
 - d. Vapor-Retarder Facing: ASTM C 1136, with permeance not greater than 0.02 perm (1.15 ng/Pa x s x sq. m) when tested according to ASTM E 96/E 96M, Desiccant Method.
 - 1) Composition: White metallized-polypropylene film facing, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and kraft-paper backing.
 - 2) Composition: Aluminum foil facing, elastomeric barrier coating, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and kraft-paper backing.
 - 3) Composition: White polypropylene **OR** vinyl, **as directed**, film facing, fiberglass scrim reinforcement, and metallized-polyester film backing.
 - 4) Composition: White polypropylene film facing and fiberglass-polyester blend fabric backing.
4. Faced, Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type I (foil facing), Class 2, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, based on tests performed on unfaced core. Provide units tested for interior exposure without an approved thermal barrier.
5. Retainer Strips: 0.025-inch (0.64-mm) nominal-thickness, formed, metallic-coated steel or PVC retainer clips colored to match insulation facing.
6. Vapor-Retarder Tape: Pressure-sensitive tape of type recommended by vapor-retarder manufacturer for sealing joints and penetrations in vapor retarder.

J. Doors And Frames

1. Swinging Personnel Doors and Frames: As specified in Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors And Frames".

OR

Swinging Personnel Doors and Frames: Metal building system manufacturer's standard doors and frames; prepared and reinforced at strike and at hinges to receive factory- and field-applied hardware according to BHMA A156 Series.

- a. Steel Doors: 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) thick; fabricated from 0.040-inch (1.02-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel face sheets; of seamed **OR** seamless, **as directed**, hollow-metal construction; with 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, inverted metallic-coated steel channels welded to face sheets at top and bottom of door.
 - 1) Design: Flush panel **OR** As indicated, **as directed**.
 - 2) Core: Kraft honeycomb with U-factor rating of at least 0.47 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (2.67 W/sq. m x K).

OR

Core: Polystyrene foam with U-factor rating of at least 0.16 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (0.91 W/sq. m x K).

OR

Core: Polyurethane foam with U-factor rating of at least 0.07 Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (0.40 W/sq. m x K).

- 3) Glazing Frames: Steel frames to receive field-installed glass.
- 4) Glazing: As specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- b. Steel Frames: Fabricate 2-inch- (51-mm-) wide face frames from 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet.
 - 1) Type: Knocked down for field assembly **OR** Factory welded, **as directed**.
- c. Fabricate concealed stiffeners, reinforcement, edge channels, and moldings from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.
- d. Hardware:
 - 1) Provide hardware for each door leaf, as follows:
 - a) Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Three plain **OR** antifriction, **as directed**,-bearing, standard-weight, full-mortise, stainless-steel or bronze, template-type hinges; 4-1/2 by 4-1/2 inches (114 by 114 mm), with nonremovable pin.
 - b) Lockset: BHMA A156.2. Key-in-lever cylindrical **OR** Mortise, with lever handle, **as directed**, type.
 - c) Exit Device: BHMA A156.3. Touch- or push-bar type.
 - d) Threshold: BHMA A156.21. Extruded aluminum.
 - e) Silencers: Pneumatic rubber; three silencers on strike jambs of single door frames and two silencers on heads of double door frames.
 - f) Closer: BHMA A156.4. Surface-applied, standard-duty hydraulic type.
 - g) Weather Stripping: Vinyl applied to head and jambs, with vinyl sweep at sill.
 - 2) Provide each pair of double doors with the following hardware in addition to that specified for each leaf:
 - a) Astragal: Removable type.
 - b) Surface Bolts: Top and bottom of inactive door.
- e. Anchors and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard units, galvanized according to ASTM A 123/A 123M.
- f. Fabrication: Fabricate doors and frames to be rigid; neat in appearance; and free from defects, warp, or buckle. Provide continuous welds on exposed joints; grind, dress, and make welds smooth, flush, and invisible.
2. Horizontal-Sliding Doors: Manufacturer's standard horizontal-sliding door assembly including structural frame, door panels, brackets, guides, tracks, hardware, and installation accessories.
 - a. Door Frames: Channels and zees; fabricated from minimum 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or structural-steel shapes.
 - b. Door Panels: Same material and finish as metal wall panels.
 - c. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard metallic-coated steel track, bottom guides, lock angles for side closure, and brackets. Support each door leaf by two four-wheel trolleys. Provide metallic-coated steel handle for each leaf, and slide bolt or padlock hasp. Flash top of track with metallic-coated steel sheet hood.
3. Materials:
 - a. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, suitable for exposed applications.
 - b. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
 - c. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with G60 (Z180) zinc (galvanized) or A60 (ZF180) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
4. Finishes for Personnel Doors and Frames:
 - a. Prime Finish: Factory-apply manufacturer's standard primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - 1) Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with SDI A250.10 acceptance criteria; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.
 - b. Factory-Applied Paint Finish: Manufacturer's standard, complying with SDI A250.3 for performance and acceptance criteria.
 - 1) Color and Gloss: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

K. Windows

1. Aluminum Windows: As specified in Division 08 Section "Aluminum Windows".

OR

Aluminum Windows: Metal building system manufacturer's standard, with self-flashing mounting fins, and as follows:

- a. Type, Performance Class, and Performance Grade: Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 and as follows:
 - 1) Horizontal-Sliding Units: HS-LC25 **OR** HS-C30, **as directed**.
 - 2) Single-Hung Units: H-LC25 **OR** H-C30, **as directed**.
 - 3) Fixed Units: F-LC25 **OR** F-C30, **as directed**.
 - b. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) thickness at any location for main frame and sash members.
 - 1) Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate window units with an integral, concealed, low-conductance thermal barrier; located between exterior materials and window members exposed on interior side; in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
 - c. Mullions: Between adjacent windows, fabricated of extruded aluminum matching finish of window units.
 - d. Fasteners, Anchors, and Clips: Nonmagnetic stainless steel, aluminum, or other noncorrosive material, compatible with aluminum window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components of window units. Fasteners shall not be exposed, except for attaching hardware.
 - 1) Reinforcement: Where fasteners screw-anchor into aluminum less than 0.128 inch (3.26 mm) thick, reinforce interior with aluminum or nonmagnetic stainless steel to receive screw threads, or provide standard, noncorrosive, pressed-in, spline grommet nuts.
 - e. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard; of aluminum, stainless steel, die-cast steel, malleable iron, or bronze; including the following:
 - 1) Cam-action sweep sash lock and keeper at meeting rails.
 - 2) Spring-loaded, snap-type lock at jambs.
 - 3) Pole-operated, cam-action locking device on meeting rail where rail is more than 72 inches (1830 mm) above floor.
 - 4) Lift handles for single-hung units.
 - 5) Nylon sash rollers for horizontal-sliding units.
 - 6) Steel or bronze operating arms.
 - f. Sliding-Type Weather Stripping: Woven-pile weather stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon pile and resin-impregnated backing fabric; complying with AAMA 701/702.
 - g. Insect Screens: Provide removable insect screen on each operable exterior sash, with screen frame finished to match window unit, and as follows:
 - 1) Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-18 (1.1-by-1.1-mm), 18-by-16 (1.1-by-1.3-mm), or 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.5-mm) mesh of 0.013-inch- (0.3-mm-) diameter, coated aluminum wire; complying with FS RR-W-365, Type VII.

OR

 Glass-Fiber Mesh Fabric: 18-by-16 (1.1-by-1.3-mm) or 18-by-14 (1.1-by-1.5-mm) mesh of PVC-coated, glass-fiber threads, woven and fused to form a fabric mesh; complying with ASTM D 3656.

OR

 Fabric: Manufacturer's standard aluminum wire fabric or glass-fiber mesh fabric.
2. Glazing: Comply with requirements specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing".

OR

 Glazing:
 - a. Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality-Q3, Class I (clear), 3 mm thick.
 - b. Heat-Treated Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Type I, Quality-Q3, Class I (clear), Condition A, 3 mm thick.
 - c. Tinted Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Quality-Q3, Class 2, 3 mm thick.

- 1) Tint Color: Blue **OR** Blue-green **OR** Bronze **OR** Green **OR** Gray **OR** Manufacturer's standard color, **as directed**.
- d. Patterned Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type II, Quality-Q6, Class 1 (clear), Form 3, Pattern P3 (random), 3 mm thick.
- e. Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of 2.5-mm-thick clear float glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified according to ASTM E 2190.
- f. Safety Glass: Category II materials complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201.
 - 1) Provide safety glazing labeling.
- g. Glazing Stops: Screw-applied or snap-on glazing stops coordinated with Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with glazing system indicated. Match material and finish of window frames.
- h. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze window units in the factory to greatest extent possible and practical for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- 3. Finish:
 - a. Mill finish.
 - b. Baked-Enamel Finish: Organic Coating: Thermosetting, modified-acrylic enamel primer/topcoat system complying with AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.7 mil (0.02 mm), medium gloss.
 - 1) Color: As indicated by manufacturer's designations **OR** As selected from manufacturer's full range, **as directed**.

L. Accessories

- 1. General: Provide accessories as standard with metal building system manufacturer and as specified. Fabricate and finish accessories at the factory to greatest extent possible, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.
 - a. Form exposed sheet metal accessories that are without excessive oil-canning, buckling, and tool marks and that are true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
- 2. Roof Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete metal roof panel assembly including copings, fasciae, corner units, ridge closures, clips, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal roof panels unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and ridges, fabricated of same material as metal roof panels.
 - b. Clips: Manufacturer's standard, formed from steel **OR** stainless-steel, **as directed**, sheet, designed to withstand negative-load requirements.
 - c. Cleats: Manufacturer's standard, mechanically seamed cleats formed from steel **OR** stainless-steel sheet or nylon-coated aluminum, **as directed**, sheet.
 - d. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
 - e. Closure Strips: Closed-cell, expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked, polyolefin-foam or closed-cell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match metal roof panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.
 - f. Thermal Spacer Blocks: Where metal panels attach directly to purlins, provide thermal spacer blocks of thickness required to provide 1-inch (25-mm) standoff; fabricated from extruded polystyrene.
- 3. Wall Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete metal wall panel assembly including copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match material and finish of metal wall panels unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Closures: Provide closures at eaves and rakes, fabricated of same material as metal wall panels.
 - b. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.

- c. Closure Strips: Closed-cell, expanded, cellular, rubber or crosslinked, polyolefin-foam or closed-cell laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match metal wall panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.
4. Flashing and Trim: Formed from 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match adjacent metal panels.
 - a. Provide flashing and trim as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, eaves, rakes, corners, bases, framed openings, ridges, fasciae, and fillers.
 - b. Opening Trim: Formed from 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) **OR** 0.034-inch (0.86-mm), **as directed**, nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating. Trim head and jamb of door openings, and head, jamb, and sill of other openings.
5. Gutters: Formed from 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match roof fascia and rake trim. Match profile of gable trim, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other special pieces as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- (2438-mm-) long sections, sized according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
 - a. Gutter Supports: Fabricated from same material and finish as gutters.
 - b. Strainers: Bronze, copper, or aluminum wire ball type at outlets.
6. Downspouts: Formed from 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) nominal-thickness, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match metal wall panels. Fabricate in minimum 10-foot- (3-m-) long sections, complete with formed elbows and offsets.
 - a. Mounting Straps: Fabricated from same material and finish as gutters.
7. Roof Ventilators: Gravity type, complete with hardware, flashing, closures, and fittings.
 - a. Circular-Revolving Type: Minimum 20-inch- (508-mm-) diameter throat opening; fabricated from 0.028-inch (0.71-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match metal roof panels; with matching base and rain cap.
 - 1) Type: Directional **OR** Stationary, **as directed**, revolving.
 - 2) Bird Screening: Galvanized steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.041-inch (1.04-mm) wire; or aluminum, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.063-inch (1.6-mm) wire.
 - 3) Dampers: Spring-loaded, butterfly type; pull-chain operation; with pull chain of length required to reach within 36 inches (914 mm) of floor.
 - 4) Reinforce and brace units, with joints properly formed and edges beaded to be watertight under normal positive-pressure conditions.
 - 5) Mount ventilators on square-to-round bases for ridge or on-slope mounting, designed to match roof pitch and roll formed to match metal roof panel profile.
 - b. Continuous or Sectional-Ridge Type: Factory-engineered and -fabricated, continuous unit; fabricated from 0.022-inch (0.56-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match metal roof panels. Fabricated in minimum 10-foot- (3-m-) long sections. Provide throat size and total length indicated, complete with side baffles, ventilator assembly, end caps, splice plates, and reinforcing diaphragms.
 - 1) Bird Screening: Galvanized steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.041-inch (1.04-mm) wire; or aluminum, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.063-inch (1.6-mm) wire.
 - 2) Dampers: Manually operated, spring-loaded, vertically rising type; chain and worm gear operator; with pull chain of length required to reach within 36 inches (914 mm) of floor.
 - 3) Throat Size: 9 inches (229 mm) **OR** 12 inches (305 mm), **as directed**.
8. Louvers: Size and design indicated; self-framing and self-flashing. Fabricate welded frames from minimum 0.052-inch (1.32-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet; finished to match metal wall panels. Form blades from 0.040-inch (1.02-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated

- steel sheet; folded or beaded at edges, set at an angle that excludes driving rains, and secured to frames by riveting or welding. Fabricate louvers with equal blade spacing to produce uniform appearance.
- a. Blades: Fixed.
OR
 Blades: Adjustable type, with weather-stripped edges, and manually operated by hand crank or pull chain.
 - b. Free Area: Not less than 7.0 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m) for 48-inch- (1220-mm-) wide by 48-inch- (1220-mm-) high louver.
 - c. Bird Screening: Galvanized steel, 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) square mesh, 0.041-inch (1.04-mm) wire; with rewirable frames, removable and secured with clips; fabricated of same kind and form of metal and with same finish as louvers.
 - 1) Mounting: Interior **OR** Exterior, **as directed**, face of louvers.
 - d. Vertical Mullions: Provide mullions at spacings recommended by manufacturer, or 72 inches (1830 mm) o.c., whichever is less.
9. Roof Curbs: Fabricated from minimum 0.052-inch (1.32-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; finished to match metal roof panels; with welded top box and bottom skirt, and integral full-length cricket; capable of withstanding loads of size and height indicated.
- a. Curb Subframing: Fabricated from 0.064-inch (1.63-mm) nominal-thickness, angle-, C-, or Z-shaped metallic-coated steel sheet.
 - b. Insulation: 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, rigid type.
10. Service Walkways: Fabricated from 0.052-inch (1.32-mm) nominal-thickness, metallic-coated steel plank grating; with slip-resistant pattern; 18-inch (457-mm) **OR** 24-inch (610-mm) **OR** 36-inch (914-mm), **as directed**, overall width. Support walkways on framing system anchored to metal roof panels without penetrating panels; with predrilled holes and clamps or hooks for anchoring.
11. Pipe Flashing: Premolded, EPDM pipe collar with flexible aluminum ring bonded to base.
12. Materials:
- a. Fasteners: Self-tapping screws, bolts, nuts, self-locking rivets and bolts, end-welded studs, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads. Provide fasteners with heads matching color of materials being fastened by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.
 - 1) Fasteners for Metal Roof Panels: Self-drilling or self-tapping, zinc-plated, hex-head carbon-steel screws, with a stainless-steel cap or zinc-aluminum-alloy head and EPDM sealing washer.
OR
 Fasteners for Metal Roof Panels: Self-drilling, Type 410 stainless-steel or self-tapping, Type 304 stainless-steel or zinc-alloy-steel hex washer head, with EPDM washer under heads of fasteners bearing on weather side of metal panels.
 - 2) Fasteners for Metal Wall Panels: Self-drilling or self-tapping, zinc-plated, hex-head carbon-steel screws, with EPDM sealing washers bearing on weather side of metal panels, **as directed**.
OR
 Fasteners for Metal Wall Panels: Self-drilling, Type 410 stainless-steel or self-tapping, Type 304 stainless-steel or zinc-alloy-steel hex washer head, with EPDM sealing washers bearing on weather side of metal panels, **as directed**.
 - 3) Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws with hex washer head.
 - 4) Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.
 - b. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.
 - c. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.
 - d. Metal Panel Sealants:

- 1) Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene-compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape of manufacturer's standard size.
- 2) Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920; one-part elastomeric polyurethane or polysulfide; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in metal panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended by metal building system manufacturer.

M. Source Quality Control

1. Testing Agency (if required): Engage a qualified testing agency to evaluate product.
2. Special Inspector (if required by local code): Engage a qualified special inspector to perform the following tests and inspections and to submit reports. Special inspector will verify that manufacturer maintains detailed fabrication and quality-control procedures and will review the completeness and adequacy of those procedures to perform the Work.
 - a. Special inspections will not be required if fabrication is performed by manufacturer registered and approved by authorities having jurisdiction to perform such Work without special inspection.
 - 1) After fabrication, submit copy of certificate of compliance to authorities having jurisdiction, certifying that Work was performed according to Contract requirements.
3. Testing: Test and inspect shop connections for metal buildings according to the following:
 - a. Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections shall be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
 - b. Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded connections shall be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following inspection procedures, at inspector's option:
 - 1) Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
 - 2) Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
 - 3) Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
 - 4) Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.
4. Product will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
5. Prepare test and inspection reports.

N. Fabrication

1. General: Design components and field connections required for erection to permit easy assembly.
 - a. Mark each piece and part of the assembly to correspond with previously prepared erection drawings, diagrams, and instruction manuals.
 - b. Fabricate structural framing to produce clean, smooth cuts and bends. Punch holes of proper size, shape, and location. Members shall be free of cracks, tears, and ruptures.
2. Tolerances: Comply with MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual" for fabrication and erection tolerances.
3. Primary Framing: Shop fabricate framing components to indicated size and section, with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other items required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld framing for bolted field assembly.
 - a. Make shop connections by welding or by using high-strength bolts.
 - b. Join flanges to webs of built-up members by a continuous, submerged arc-welding process.
 - c. Brace compression flange of primary framing with steel angles or cold-formed structural tubing between frame web and purlin web or girt web, so flange compressive strength is within allowable limits for any combination of loadings.
 - d. Weld clips to frames for attaching secondary framing.
 - e. Shop Priming: Prepare surfaces for shop priming according to SSPC-SP 2. Shop prime primary framing with specified primer after fabrication.
4. Secondary Framing: Shop fabricate framing components to indicated size and section by roll-forming or break-forming, with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other plates required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld secondary framing for bolted field connections to primary framing.

- a. Make shop connections by welding or by using non-high-strength bolts.
- b. Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated surfaces for shop priming according to SSPC-SP 2. Shop prime uncoated secondary framing with specified primer after fabrication.
- 5. Metal Panels: Fabricate and finish metal panels at the factory to greatest extent possible, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, as necessary to fulfill indicated performance requirements. Comply with indicated profiles and with dimensional and structural requirements.
 - a. Provide panel profile, including major ribs and intermediate stiffening ribs, if any, for full length of metal panel.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Examination

- 1. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with erector present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 2. Before erection proceeds, survey elevations and locations of concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments to receive structural framing, with erector present, for compliance with requirements and metal building system manufacturer's tolerances.
 - a. Engage land surveyor to perform surveying.
- 3. Proceed with erection only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

B. Preparation

- 1. Clean and prepare surfaces to be painted according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition.
- 2. Provide temporary shores, guys, braces, and other supports during erection to keep structural framing secure, plumb, and in alignment against temporary construction loads and loads equal in intensity to design loads. Remove temporary supports when permanent structural framing, connections, and bracing are in place unless otherwise indicated.

C. Erection Of Structural Framing

- 1. Erect metal building system according to manufacturer's written erection instructions and erection drawings.
- 2. Do not field cut, drill, or alter structural members without written approval from metal building system manufacturer's professional engineer.
- 3. Set structural framing accurately in locations and to elevations indicated, according to AISC specifications referenced in this Section. Maintain structural stability of frame during erection.
- 4. Base and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting plates. Clean bottom surface of plates.
 - a. Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
 - b. Tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before packing with grout.
 - c. Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.
- 5. Align and adjust structural framing before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact with framing. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.
 - a. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
 - b. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature when structure will be completed and in service.
- 6. Primary Framing and End Walls: Erect framing level, plumb, rigid, secure, and true to line. Level baseplates to a true even plane with full bearing to supporting structures, set with double-nutted anchor bolts. Use grout to obtain uniform bearing and to maintain a level base-line elevation. Moist-cure grout for not less than seven days after placement.

- a. Make field connections using high-strength bolts installed according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for bolt type and joint type specified.
 - 1) Joint Type: Snug tightened or pretensioned.
7. Secondary Framing: Erect framing level, plumb, rigid, secure, and true to line. Field bolt secondary framing to clips attached to primary framing.
 - a. Provide rake or gable purlins with tight-fitting closure channels and fasciae.
 - b. Locate and space wall girts to suit openings such as doors and windows.
 - c. Locate canopy framing as indicated.
 - d. Provide supplemental framing at entire perimeter of openings, including doors, windows, louvers, ventilators, and other penetrations of roof and walls.
8. Steel Joists and Joist Girders: Install joists, girders, and accessories plumb, square, and true to line; securely fasten to supporting construction according to SJI's "Standard Specifications and Load Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders," joist manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
 - a. Before installation, splice joists delivered to Project site in more than one piece.
 - b. Space, adjust, and align joists accurately in location before permanently fastening.
 - c. Install temporary bracing and erection bridging, connections, and anchors to ensure that joists are stabilized during construction.
 - d. Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using carbon-steel bolts unless otherwise indicated.

OR

 Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using high-strength structural bolts unless otherwise indicated. Comply with RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for high-strength structural bolt installation and tightening requirements.
 - e. Install and connect bridging concurrently with joist erection, before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of bridging lines at top and bottom chords if terminating at walls or beams.
9. Bracing: Install bracing in roof and sidewalls where indicated on erection drawings.
 - a. Tighten rod and cable bracing to avoid sag.
 - b. Locate interior end-bay bracing only where indicated.
10. Framing for Openings: Provide shapes of proper design and size to reinforce openings and to carry loads and vibrations imposed, including equipment furnished under mechanical and electrical work. Securely attach to structural framing.
11. Erection Tolerances: Maintain erection tolerances of structural framing within AISC 303.

D. Metal Panel Installation, General

1. Examination: Examine primary and secondary framing to verify that structural-panel support members and anchorages have been installed within alignment tolerances required by manufacturer.
 - a. Examine roughing-in for components and systems penetrating metal panels, to verify actual locations of penetrations relative to seams before metal panel installation.
2. General: Anchor metal panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
 - a. Field cut metal panels as required for doors, windows, and other openings. Cut openings as small as possible, neatly to size required, and without damage to adjacent metal panel finishes.
 - 1) Field cutting of metal panels by torch is not permitted unless approved in writing by manufacturer.
 - b. Install metal panels perpendicular to structural supports unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Flash and seal metal panels with weather closures at perimeter of openings and similar elements. Fasten with self-tapping screws.
 - d. Locate and space fastenings in uniform vertical and horizontal alignment.
 - e. Locate metal panel splices over, but not attached to, structural supports with end laps in alignment.
 - f. Lap metal flashing over metal panels to allow moisture to run over and off the material.

3. Lap-Seam Metal Panels: Install screw fasteners using power tools with controlled torque adjusted to compress EPDM washers tightly without damage to washers, screw threads, or metal panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
 - a. Arrange and nest side-lap joints so prevailing winds blow over, not into, lapped joints. Lap ribbed or fluted sheets one full rib corrugation. Apply metal panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid "panel creep" or application not true to line.
4. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with corrosion-resistant coating, by applying rubberized-asphalt underlayment to each contact surface, or by other permanent separation as recommended by metal roof panel manufacturer.
5. Joint Sealers: Install gaskets, joint fillers, and sealants where indicated and where required for weatherproof performance of metal panel assemblies. Provide types of gaskets, fillers, and sealants indicated; or, if not indicated, provide types recommended by metal panel manufacturer.
 - a. Seal metal panel end laps with double beads of tape or sealant the full width of panel. Seal side joints where recommended by metal panel manufacturer.
 - b. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".

E. Metal Roof Panel Installation

1. General: Provide metal roof panels of full length from eave to ridge unless otherwise indicated or restricted by shipping limitations.
 - a. Install ridge and hip caps as metal roof panel work proceeds.
 - b. Flash and seal metal roof panels with weather closures at eaves and rakes. Fasten with self-tapping screws.
2. Standing-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Fasten metal roof panels to supports with concealed clips at each standing-seam joint, at location and spacing and with fasteners recommended by manufacturer.
 - a. Install clips to supports with self-drilling or self-tapping fasteners.
 - b. Install pressure plates at locations indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
 - c. Snap Joint: Nest standing seams and fasten together by interlocking and completely engaging factory-applied sealant.
OR
 Seamed Joint: Crimp standing seams with manufacturer-approved motorized seamer tool so that clip, metal roof panel, and factory-applied sealant are completely engaged.
 - d. Rigidly fasten eave end of metal roof panels and allow ridge end free movement due to thermal expansion and contraction. Predrill panels for fasteners.
 - e. Provide metal closures at peaks, rake edges, rake walls and each side of ridge and hip caps.
3. Lap-Seam Metal Roof Panels: Fasten metal roof panels to supports with exposed fasteners at each lapped joint, at location and spacing recommended by manufacturer.
 - a. Provide metal-backed sealing washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal roof panels.
 - b. Provide sealant tape at lapped joints of metal roof panels and between panels and protruding equipment, vents, and accessories.
 - c. Apply a continuous ribbon of sealant tape to weather-side surface of fastenings on end laps and on side laps of nesting-type metal panels, on side laps of ribbed or fluted metal panels, and elsewhere as needed to make metal panels weatherproof to driving rains.
 - d. At metal panel splices, nest panels with minimum 6-inch (152-mm) end lap, sealed with butyl-rubber sealant and fastened together by interlocking clamping plates.
4. Metal Fascia Panels: Align bottom of metal panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-drilling or self-tapping screws. Flash and seal metal panels with weather closures where fasciae meet soffits, along lower panel edges, and at perimeter of all openings.
5. Metal Roof Panel Installation Tolerances: Shim and align metal roof panels within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m) on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

F. Metal Wall Panel Installation

1. General: Install metal wall panels in orientation, sizes, and locations indicated on Drawings. Install panels perpendicular to girts, extending full height of building, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor metal wall panels and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
 - a. Unless otherwise indicated, begin metal panel installation at corners with center of rib lined up with line of framing.
 - b. Shim or otherwise plumb substrates receiving metal wall panels.
 - c. When two rows of metal panels are required, lap panels 4 inches (102 mm) minimum.
 - d. When building height requires two rows of metal panels at gable ends, align lap of gable panels over metal wall panels at eave height.
 - e. Rigidly fasten base end of metal wall panels and allow eave end free movement due to thermal expansion and contraction. Pre-drill panels.
 - f. Flash and seal metal wall panels with weather closures at eaves, rakes, and at perimeter of all openings. Fasten with self-tapping screws.
 - g. Install screw fasteners in predrilled holes.
 - h. Install flashing and trim as metal wall panel work proceeds.
 - i. Apply elastomeric sealant continuously between metal base channel (sill angle) and concrete, and elsewhere as indicated; or, if not indicated, as necessary for waterproofing.
 - j. Align bottom of metal wall panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-drilling or self-tapping screws.
 - k. Provide weatherproof escutcheons for pipe and conduit penetrating exterior walls.
2. Metal Wall Panels: Install metal wall panels on exterior side of girts. Attach metal wall panels to supports with fasteners as recommended by manufacturer.
3. Insulated Metal Wall Panels: Install insulated metal wall panels on exterior side of girts. Attach panels to supports at each panel joint using concealed clip and fasteners at maximum 42 inches (1067 mm) o.c., spaced not more than manufacturer's recommendation. Fully engage tongue and groove of adjacent insulated metal wall panels.
 - a. Install clips to supports with self-tapping fasteners.
 - b. Apply continuous ribbon of sealant to panel joint on concealed side of insulated metal wall panels as vapor seal; apply sealant to panel joint on exposed side of panels as weather seal.
4. Installation Tolerances (for highly finished metal wall panel assemblies): Shim and align metal wall panels within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m), nonaccumulative, on level, plumb, and on location lines as indicated, and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

G. Translucent Panel Installation

1. Translucent Panels: Attach translucent panels to structural framing with fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions. Install panels perpendicular to supports unless otherwise indicated. Anchor translucent panels securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement.
 - a. Provide end laps of not less than 6 inches (152 mm) and side laps of not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) corrugations for metal roof panels.
 - b. Provide end laps of not less than 4 inches (102 mm) and side laps of not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) corrugations for metal wall panels.
 - c. Align horizontal laps with adjacent metal panels.
 - d. Seal intermediate end laps and side laps of translucent panels with translucent mastic.

H. Metal Soffit Panel Installation

1. Provide metal soffit panels the full width of soffits. Install panels perpendicular to support framing.
2. Flash and seal metal soffit panels with weather closures where panels meet walls and at perimeter of all openings.

I. Thermal Insulation Installation

1. General: Install insulation concurrently with metal panel installation, in thickness indicated to cover entire surface, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- a. Set vapor-retarder-faced units with vapor retarder toward warm side of construction unless otherwise indicated. Do not obstruct ventilation spaces except for firestopping.
 - b. Tape joints and ruptures in vapor retarder, and seal each continuous area of insulation to the surrounding construction to ensure airtight installation.
 - c. Install factory-laminated, vapor-retarder-faced blankets straight and true in one-piece lengths, with both sets of facing tabs sealed, to provide a complete vapor retarder.
 - OR**
 Install blankets straight and true in one-piece lengths. Install vapor retarder over insulation, with both sets of facing tabs sealed, to provide a complete vapor retarder.
 2. Blanket Roof Insulation: Comply with the following installation method:
 - a. Over-Framing Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder over and perpendicular to top flange of secondary framing. Hold in place by metal roof panels fastened to secondary framing.
 - b. Between-Purlin Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder between purlins. Carry vapor-retarder-facing tabs up and over purlin, overlapping adjoining facing of next insulation course and maintaining continuity of retarder. Hold in place with bands and crossbands below insulation.
 - c. Over-Purlin-with-Spacer-Block Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder over and perpendicular to top flange of secondary framing. Install layer of filler insulation over first layer to fill space formed by metal roof panel standoffs. Hold in place by panels fastened to standoffs.
 - 1) Thermal Spacer Blocks: Where metal roof panels attach directly to purlins, install thermal spacer blocks.
 - d. Two-Layers-between-Purlin-with-Spacer-Block Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder between purlins. Carry vapor-retarder-facing tabs up and over purlin, overlapping adjoining facing of next insulation course and maintaining continuity of retarder. Install layer of filler insulation over first layer to fill space between purlins formed by thermal spacer blocks. Hold in place with bands and crossbands below insulation.
 - 1) Thermal Spacer Blocks: Where metal roof panels attach directly to purlins, install thermal spacer blocks.
 - e. Retainer Strips: Install retainer strips at each longitudinal insulation joint, straight and taut, nesting with secondary framing to hold insulation in place.
 3. Blanket Wall Insulation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder over and perpendicular to top flange of secondary framing. Hold in place by metal wall panels fastened to secondary framing.
 - a. Retainer Strips: Install retainer strips at each longitudinal insulation joint, straight and taut, nesting with secondary framing to hold insulation in place.
 - b. Sound-Absorption Insulation: Where sound-absorption requirement is indicated for metal liner panels, cover insulation with polyethylene film and provide inserts of wire mesh to form acoustical spacer grid.
 4. Board Wall Insulation: Extend board insulation in thickness indicated to cover entire wall. Hold in place by metal wall panels fastened to secondary framing. Comply with manufacturers' written instructions.
 - a. Retainer Strips: Install retainer strips at each longitudinal insulation joint, straight and taut, nesting with secondary framing to hold insulation in place.
- J. Door And Frame Installation
1. General: Install doors and frames plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place according to manufacturers' written instructions. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components. Seal perimeter of each door frame with elastomeric sealant used for metal wall panels.
 2. Personnel Doors and Frames: Install doors and frames according to SDI A250.8. Fit non-fire-rated doors accurately in their respective frames, with the following clearances:
 - a. Between Doors and Frames at Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - b. Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - c. At Door Sills with Threshold: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
 - d. At Door Sills without Threshold: 3/4 inch (19.1 mm).
 - e. At fire-rated openings, install frames according to, and doors with clearances specified in, NFPA 80.

3. Sliding Service Doors: Bolt support angles to opening head members through factory-punched holes. Bolt door tracks to support angles at maximum 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. Set doors and operating equipment with necessary hardware, jamb and head mold stops, continuous hood flashing, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports.
4. Field Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 8 Section "Glazing."
5. Door Hardware: Mount units at heights indicated in DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."
 - a. Install surface-mounted items after finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
 - b. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
 - c. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
 - d. Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of butyl-rubber sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".

K. Window Installation

1. General: Install windows plumb, rigid, properly aligned, without warp or rack of frames or sash, and securely fasten in place according to manufacturer's written instructions. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components. Seal perimeter of each window frame with elastomeric sealant used for metal wall panels.
 - a. Separate dissimilar materials from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials by complying with requirements specified in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
2. Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets, as indicated, for weathertight construction.
3. Install windows and components to drain condensation, water penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the exterior.
4. Mount screens directly to frames with tapped screw clips.
5. Field Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing".

L. Accessory Installation

1. General: Install accessories with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting, and provide for thermal expansion. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.
 - a. Install components required for a complete metal roof panel assembly, including trim, copings, ridge closures, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items.
 - b. Install components for a complete metal wall panel assembly, including trim, copings, corners, seam covers, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items.
 - c. Where dissimilar metals contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with corrosion-resistant coating, by applying rubberized-asphalt underlayment to each contact surface, or by other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.
2. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.
 - a. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without excessive oil-canning, buckling, and tool marks and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in waterproof and weather-resistant performance.
 - b. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet (3 m) with no joints allowed within 24 inches (600 mm) of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently weather resistant and waterproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).
3. Gutters: Join sections with riveted-and-soldered or lapped-and-sealed joints. Attach gutters to eave with gutter hangers spaced as required for gutter size, but not more than 36 inches (914

- mm) o.c. using manufacturer's standard fasteners. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant. Provide for thermal expansion.
 - 4. Downspouts: Join sections with 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) telescoping joints. Provide fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely 1 inch (25 mm) away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches (1524 mm) o.c. in between.
 - a. Provide elbows at base of downspouts to direct water away from building.

OR

 - Tie downspouts to underground drainage system indicated.
 - 5. Circular Roof Ventilators: Set ventilators complete with necessary hardware, anchors, dampers, weather guards, rain caps, and equipment supports. Mount ventilators on flat level base. Install preformed filler strips at base to seal ventilator to metal roof panels.
 - 6. Continuous Roof Ventilators: Set ventilators complete with necessary hardware, anchors, dampers, weather guards, rain caps, and equipment supports. Join sections with splice plates and end-cap skirt assemblies where required to achieve indicated length. Install preformed filler strips at base to seal ventilator to metal roof panels.
 - 7. Louvers: Locate and place louver units level, plumb, and at indicated alignment with adjacent work.
 - a. Use concealed anchorages where possible. Provide brass or lead washers fitted to screws where required to protect metal surfaces and to make a weathertight connection.
 - b. Provide perimeter reveals and openings of uniform width for sealants and joint fillers.
 - c. Protect galvanized- and nonferrous-metal surfaces from corrosion or galvanic action by applying a heavy coating of corrosion-resistant paint on surfaces that will be in contact with concrete, masonry, or dissimilar metals.
 - d. Install concealed gaskets, flashings, joint fillers, and insulation as louver installation progresses, where weathertight louver joints are required. Comply with Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants applied during louver installation.
 - 8. Roof Curbs: Install curbs at locations indicated on Drawings. Install flashing around bases where they meet metal roof panels.
 - 9. Pipe Flashing: Form flashing around pipe penetration and metal roof panels. Fasten and seal to panel as recommended by manufacturer.
- M. Field Quality Control
- 1. Special Inspections: Engage, **as directed**, a qualified special inspector to perform the following special inspections:
 - a. Inspection of fabricators.
 - b. Steel construction.
 - 2. Testing Agency: Engage, **as directed**, a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
 - 3. Tests and Inspections:
 - a. High-Strength, Field-Bolted Connections: Connections shall be tested and inspected during installation according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
 - b. Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, field-welded connections shall be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following inspection procedures, at inspector's option:
 - 1) Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
 - 2) Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
 - 3) Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
 - 4) Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.
 - 4. Product will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
 - 5. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- N. Adjusting
- 1. Doors: After completing installation, test and adjust doors to operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.

2. Door Hardware: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation and function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended.
3. Windows: Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and at weather stripping to ensure smooth operation and weathertight closure. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
4. Roof Ventilators and Adjustable Louvers: After completing installation, including work by other trades, lubricate, test, and adjust units to operate easily and be free of warp, twist, or distortion as needed to provide fully functioning units.
 - a. Adjust louver blades to be weathertight when in closed position.

O. Cleaning And Protection

1. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on galvanized items with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
2. Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
3. Touchup Painting: After erection, promptly clean, prepare, and prime or reprime field connections, rust spots, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted structural framing, bearing plates, and accessories.
 - a. Clean and prepare surfaces by SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning," or by SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
 - b. Apply a compatible primer of same type as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.

OR

Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.
4. Metal Panels: Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as metal panels are installed. On completion of metal panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by metal panel manufacturer. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.
 - a. Replace metal panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.
5. Doors and Frames: Immediately after installation, sand rusted or damaged areas of prime coat until smooth and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.
 - a. Immediately before final inspection, remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.
6. Windows: Clean metal surfaces immediately after installing windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances. Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing windows.
7. Louvers: Clean exposed surfaces that are not protected by temporary covering, to remove fingerprints and soil during construction period. Do not let soil accumulate until final cleaning.
 - a. Restore louvers damaged during installation and construction period so no evidence remains of corrective work. If results of restoration are unsuccessful, as determined by the Owner, remove damaged units and replace with new units.
 - 1) Touch up minor abrasions in finishes with air-dried coating that matches color and gloss of, and is compatible with, factory-applied finish coating.

END OF SECTION 13 34 19 00

SECTION 13 47 13 13 - CATHODIC PROTECTION

1.1 GENERAL

A. Description Of Work

1. This specification covers the furnishing and installation of materials for cathodic protection. Products shall be as follows or as directed by the Owner. Installation procedures shall be in accordance with the product manufacturer's recommendations. Demolition and removal of materials shall be as required to support the work.

B. Summary

1. Section includes passive cathodic protection systems that use magnesium or zinc anodes to protect iron and steel piping and tanks.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Delegated Design: Design, supervise, test, and inspect the installation of cathodic protection systems, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
 - a. Design cathodic protection for pipelines according to NACE RP0169.
 - b. Design cathodic protection for metal underground storage tanks according to NACE RP0285.
2. Survey site and determine soil or water corrosivity (resistivity), current requirements, potential surveys, stray currents, and water chemistry/corrosivity (pH).
3. Select anodes and accessories relevant to level of protection. Design anodes for an estimated life of 15 **OR** 30, **as directed**, years before replacement.
4. Cathodic protection systems shall provide protective potential that complies with referenced NACE standards. Insulators are required if needed to insulate protected metals from other structures.

D. Submittals

1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
2. Shop Drawings: For cathodic protection. Include plans, evaluations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - a. Detail locations of cathodic protection equipment, devices, and outlets, with characteristics and cross-references to products.
 - b. Include calculations and details of anode designs.
 - c. Include labeling and identifying scheme for wires, cables, and test boxes.
3. Delegated-Design Submittal: For cathodic protection system indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified corrosion engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - a. Conduct site tests necessary for design, including soil resistivity, close-interval potential surveys, testing during construction, interference testing, and training of the Owner's personnel.
 - b. Provide system design calculations, stating the maximum recommended anode current output density, and the rate of gaseous production, if any, at that current density.
4. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, and coordinating connections to piping and tanks.
5. Qualification Data: For qualified professional engineer. Submit evidence of current license, corporate authorization (if applicable) of the engineering business, and NACE certifications.
6. Field quality-control reports.
7. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include the following:
 - a. Basic system operation, outlining the step-by-step procedures required for system startup, operation, adjustment of current flow, and shutdown.
 - b. Instructions for pipe-to-reference cell and tank-to-reference cell potential measurements and frequency of monitoring.

- c. Instructions for dielectric connections, interference and sacrificial-anode bonds; and precautions to ensure safe conditions during repair of pipe, tank or other metallic systems. Instructions shall be neatly bound.
 - d. Locations of all anodes, test stations, and insulating joints.
 - e. Structure-to-reference cell potentials as measured during the tests required by "Field Quality Control" Article.
 - f. Recommendations for maintenance testing, including instructions for pipe-to-reference cell potential measurements and frequency of testing.
 - g. Precautions to ensure safe conditions during repair of pipe system.
 - 8. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.
- E. Quality Assurance
- 1. Corrosion Engineer Qualifications: A qualified professional engineer who has education and experience in cathodic protection of buried and submerged metal structures and has NACE accreditation or certification as a Corrosion Specialist or Cathodic Protection Specialist.
- F. Delivery, Storage, And Handling
- 1. Protect anodes from exposure to rain and direct sunlight.
- G. Warranty
- 1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace permanent reference electrodes that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - a. Warranty Period: 15 **OR** 30, **as directed**, years from date of Final Completion.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Magnesium Anodes, Type II
- 1. Comply with ASTM B 843.
 - 2. Chemical composition as percent of weight shall be as follows:
 - a. Aluminum: 0.010 maximum.
 - b. Manganese: 0.50 to 1.3.
 - c. Zinc: 0.05 maximum.
 - d. Silicon: 0.50 maximum.
 - e. Copper: 0.02 maximum.
 - f. Nickel: 0.001 maximum.
 - g. Iron: 0.03 maximum.
 - h. Other Impurities: 0.05 each; 0.3 maximum total.
 - i. Magnesium: Remainder.
 - 3. Anode Core: Galvanized steel with anode wire silver-soldered to the core. Connection shall be recessed and epoxy insulated for 600-V rating. Connection shall be covered with heat-shrinkable tubing, and insulation shall be extended over connection.
 - 4. Anode Wires: Factory-installed cables, with copper conductors, suitable for direct burial; not less than No. 10 AWG with Type THWN insulation according to ASTM D 1248 and NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658; long enough to extend to accompanying junction box without splicing.
 - 5. Anode Backfill: Backfill materials packaged in water-permeable fabric sack or cardboard container. Anodes shall be factory installed in packaged backfill using methods that result in dense packing of fill with factory-installed anode spacers to ensure centering of anode in packaged anode backfill. Backfill material shall have the following chemical composition by weight:
 - a. Hydrated Gypsum: 75 percent.
 - b. Bentonite Clay: 20 percent.
 - c. Anhydrous Sodium Sulfate: 5 percent.

B. Magnesium/Manganese Alloy Anodes

1. Chemical composition as percent of weight shall be as follows:
 - a. Aluminum: 0.01 maximum.
 - b. Manganese: 0.50 to 1.3.
 - c. Copper: 0.02 maximum.
 - d. Nickel: 0.001 maximum.
 - e. Iron: 0.03 maximum.
 - f. Other Impurities: 0.05 each; 0.3 maximum total.
 - g. Magnesium: Remainder.
2. Bare Anode Weight: 40 lb (18 kg), not including core, and a nominal length of 60 inches (1520 mm).
3. Anode Wires: Factory-installed cables, with copper conductors, suitable for direct burial; not less than No. 10 AWG with Type THWN insulation according to ASTM D 1248 and NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658; long enough to extend to accompanying junction box without splicing.
4. Anode Backfill: Backfill materials packaged in water-permeable fabric sack or cardboard container. Anodes shall be factory installed in packaged backfill using methods that result in dense packing of fill with factory-installed anode spacers to ensure centering of anode in packaged anode backfill. Backfill material shall have the following chemical composition by weight:
 - a. Hydrated Gypsum: 75 percent.
 - b. Bentonite Clay: 20 percent.
 - c. Anhydrous Sodium Sulfate: 5 percent.

C. Zinc Anodes For Buried Service, Type Z-1

1. Comply with ASTM B 418, Type II.
2. Chemical composition as percent of weight shall be as follows:
 - a. Aluminum: 0.005 maximum.
 - b. Cadmium: 0.003 maximum.
 - c. Iron: 0.0014 maximum.
 - d. Zinc: Remainder.
3. Bare Anode Ingot Weight: 30 lb (13.6 kg), 2 inches (50 mm) square and 30 inches (760 mm) long. Packaged weight of anode bag shall be 70 lb (32 kg).
4. Anode Wires: Factory-installed cables, with copper conductors, suitable for direct burial; not less than No. 10 AWG with Type THWN insulation according to ASTM D 1248 and NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658; long enough to extend to accompanying junction box without splicing.
5. Anode Backfill: Backfill materials packaged in water-permeable fabric sack or cardboard container. Anodes shall be factory installed in packaged backfill using methods that result in dense packing of fill with factory-installed anode spacers to ensure centering of anode in packaged anode backfill. Backfill material shall have the following chemical composition by weight:
 - a. Hydrated Gypsum: 75 percent.
 - b. Bentonite Clay: 20 percent.
 - c. Anhydrous Sodium Sulfate: 5 percent.

D. Permanent Reference Electrodes

1. Copper/copper sulfate (Cu/CuSO₄), suitable for direct burial. Electrode shall be guaranteed by supplier for 15 **OR** 30, **as directed**, years' service in the installed environment.

E. Wire And Cable

1. Anode Header Cable: Single-conductor, Type HMWPE, insulated cable specifically designed for direct-buried dc service in cathodic protection installations.
 - a. Conductor: Stranded, annealed, uncoated copper, not less than No. 8 AWG, complying with ASTM B 3 and ASTM B 8.
 - b. Insulation: High-molecular-weight polyethylene, complying with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658.

- c. Minimum Average Thickness of Insulation: 110 mils (2.8 mm) for Nos. 8 through 2 AWG, and 125 mils (3.2 mm) for Nos. 1 through 4/0 AWG; rated at 600 V.
 - d. Connectors: Copper-compression type or exothermic welds.
 2. Conductors and Cables: Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Low-voltage Electrical Power Conductors And Cables".
 - a. Bonding Conductors for Joint and Continuity Bonds: Not less than No. 8 AWG, stranded, Type THWN copper conductors.
 - b. Flexible Pipe Coupling Bonds: Flexible copper straps with electrical resistance equal to No. 1/0 AWG stranded copper wire and with five holes for five exothermic welds to pipe.
 - c. Test Wires: No. 12 AWG, Type THWN copper conductors.
 - d. Resistance Wires: No. 16 or No. 22 AWG nickel-chromium wire.
 - e. Cables for Installation in Conduit: Type THWN copper conductors.
- F. Test Stations
1. Plastic Test Stations: Flush-mounted type, manufactured of high-impact-resistant PVC or polycarbonate with watertight conduit connections and cover and removable terminal board having at least five terminals.
 2. Test Station Mounting Enclosures:
 - a. Non-Traffic-Area Boxes: Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Raceway And Boxes For Electrical Systems".
 - b. Traffic-Area Boxes: Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Underground Ducts And Raceways For Electrical Systems". Boxes shall have cast-iron covers with a welded bead legend "CP TEST."
- G. Sealing, Potting, And Dielectric Compounds
1. Sealing and Dielectric Insulating Compound: Comply with NACE RP0188. Black, rubber based, soft, permanently pliable, tacky, moldable, and unbacked; 0.125 inch (3 mm) **OR** 0.5 inch (13 mm), **as directed**, thick.
 2. Potting Compound: Comply with NACE RP0188. Cast-epoxy, two-package type; fabricated for this purpose and covered with heat-shrinkable tape.
 3. Pressure-Sensitive, Vinyl-Plastic Electrical Tape: Comply with UL 510.
- H. Exothermic Welding Materials
1. Exothermic Weld Kits: Specifically designed by manufacturer for welding materials and shapes required.
 2. Exothermic Weld Caps: Dome of high-density polyethylene, 10-mil (0.254-mm) minimum thickness, filled with mastic and containing a tunnel portion to separate lead wire from exothermic weld.
- I. Coating Repair Materials
1. Touchup Coating Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 09 Section "High-performance Coatings" for coating systems for touchup of factory-applied coatings.
 2. Adhesive-Applied Coating Materials: Coating materials shall be compatible with factory-applied coating system.
 - a. Nominal thickness of coating materials shall be not less than 8 mils (0.2 mm) **OR** 16 mils (0.4 mm) **OR** 24 mils (0.6 mm) **OR** 40 mils (1.0 mm) **OR** 60 mils (1.5 mm), **as directed**, plus or minus 5 percent.
 - b. Coating materials shall be one of the following supplied by factory-applied coating system manufacturer:
 - 1) Polyvinyl-chloride, pressure-sensitive, adhesive tape.
 - 2) High-density polyethylene/bituminous rubber compound tape.
 - 3) Butyl rubber tape.
 - 4) Coal-tar epoxy.

1.3 EXECUTION

A. General Installation Requirements

1. Comply with ANSI/IEEE C2 and NFPA 70.
2. Make connections to ferrous pipe and metal tanks using exothermic welding.
3. Coat welds with the coating repair material and apply an exothermic weld cap.

B. Magnesium Anode Installation

1. Install magnesium anodes at locations that clear obstructions. Install at least 36 inches (900 mm) and no more than 10 feet (3 m) from pipe or tank to be protected. Install in augered holes with top of anode 24 inches (600 mm) below pipe invert elevation **OR** a minimum of 36 inches (900 mm) below finished grade. In soils that will collapse into augered holes, use casing of galvanized sheet steel.
2. Install anodes in a dry condition after plastic or waterproof protective covering has been completely removed from water-permeable permanent container that houses anode metal. Do not use anode-connecting wire for lowering anode into hole. Backfill annular space around anode with fine earth in 6-inch (150-mm) layers; compact each layer using hand tools. Do not strike anode or connecting wire during backfilling and compacting. After backfilling and compacting to within 6 inches (150 mm) of finished grade, pour approximately 5 gal. (20 L) of water into each filled hole. After water has been absorbed by earth, complete backfilling to finished level.
3. If rock strata are encountered before achieving specified augered hole depth, install anodes horizontally at depth at least as deep as bottom of pipe to be protected.
4. Install anodes spaced as indicated, directly connected **OR** connected through a test station, **as directed**, to the pipeline, allowing slack in connecting wire to compensate for movement during backfill operation.
5. For tank protection, connect groups of anodes to collector cable. Make contact, through a test station, with tank to be protected.
6. Do not use resistance wires to reduce current output of individual or group anodes.

C. Zinc Anode Installation

1. Install zinc anode horizontally in a hole at least 3 inches (76 mm) larger than anode. Install anode under new copper water tubing, including service lines, blowoffs, and air releases. Separate piping and anode by at least 24 inches (600 mm), but not more than 60 inches (1520 mm).
2. Install anode midway between both ends of piping. Install anode wire in piping trench and connect to piping at an accessible location. Install anode wire in PVC conduit where rising out of the ground to the aboveground connection.

D. Installation Of Reference Electrodes

1. Install directly beneath the buried metallic component being protected.

E. Cable And Wire Installation

1. Install conductors, except anode wires, in PVC conduit with waterproof PVC junction boxes. Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Raceway And Boxes For Electrical Systems" for conduit and its installation.
2. Anode Wire Installation: Cover trench bottom for the anode wire with 3-inch (76-mm) layer of sand or stone-free earth. Center wire on backfill layer and do not stretch or kink the conductor. Place backfill over wire in layers not exceeding 6 inches (150 mm) deep, and compact each layer. Use clean fill, free from roots, vegetable matter, and refuse. Place cable underground-line warning tape within 18 inches (460 mm) of finished grade, above cable and conduit.
3. Bonding Conductors: Install conductors on metallic pipe and tanks, to and across buried flexible couplings, mechanical joints, and flanged joints except at places where insulating joints are specified. Welded and threaded joints are considered electrically continuous and do not require bonding.
 - a. Install at least two bonds between parts requiring bonding.
 - b. Bonding conductors must contain sufficient slack for anticipated movement between structures. Bonding conductors across pipe joints shall have not less than a 4-inch (100-mm) slack for pipe expansion, contraction, and soil stress.

- c. Connect bonding conductors to pipe, coupling follower rings and coupling middle ring or sleeve. Connect bonding conductors with exothermic welds.
 4. For wire splicing, use compression connectors or exothermic welds.
- F. Test Stations
1. Install test stations as follows:
 - a. At 1000-foot (300-m) intervals.
 - b. At insulating joints.
 - c. At both ends of casings when casing material is included in the cathodic protection system.
 - d. Where pipe crosses other metal pipes.
 - e. Where pipe connects to existing piping system.
 - f. Where pipe connects to dissimilar metal pipe.
 - g. At each tank component.
 2. Install test stations on backfill complying with requirements for trench bottom fill for anode wires unless otherwise indicated.
 3. Terminate test conductors on terminal boards and install a spare set of test leads at each testing location.
- G. Pipe Joints
1. Insulating Flange Sets: Cover flanges with sealing and dielectric compound.
 2. Insulating Unions: Install electrical isolation at each building entrance and at other locations indicated on approved Delegated-Design Drawings. Cover unions with sealing and dielectric compound.
- H. Insulating Pipe Sleeves
1. Install insulating sleeves between metallic piping and metal buildings, hangers, supports, and other metal structures. Completely surround the metallic pipe for the full length of the steel contact and effectively prevent contact between the cathodically protected metallic pipe and other metallic structures. Support insulating sleeve to prevent damage to coating and to accommodate relative movement, vibrations, and temperature differentials.
- I. Dissimilar Metals
1. Underground Dissimilar Piping: Coat insulating joint and pipe at joints of dissimilar piping material with sealing and dielectric compound for a minimum distance of 10 pipe diameters on both sides of joint.
 2. Underground Dissimilar Valves: Coat dissimilar ferrous valves and pipe with sealing and dielectric compound for a minimum distance of 10 pipe diameters on both sides of valve.
 3. Aboveground Dissimilar Pipe and Valves: If dissimilar metal pipe joints and valves are not buried and are exposed only to atmosphere, coat connection or valve, including pipe, with sealing and dielectric compound for a minimum distance of three pipe diameters on both sides of junction.
- J. Coatings
1. Field Joints: Apply adhesive-applied coating system in a thickness to achieve corrosion protection equal to adjacent factory-applied coating.
- K. Identification
1. Comply with requirements in Division 26 Section "Identification For Electrical Systems".
 - a. Identify anode wires and anode header cables with marker tape.
 - b. Identify underground wires and cables with underground-line warning tape.
 - c. Identify text boxes with engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label, permanently attached to text box.
- L. Field Quality Control
1. Comply with NACE RP0169 and NACE RP0285.
 2. Perform tests and inspections.

- a. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
3. Tests and Inspections:
 - a. Static Pull Test: Choose, at random, one completed anode of each type for this destructive test. Demonstrate that anode wire connections have enough strength to withstand a minimum tensile load of 300 lb (136 kg). If test fails, replace all anodes and repeat test at another randomly selected anode.
 - b. Insulation Testing: Before anode system is connected to pipe and tank, test insulation at each insulating joint and fitting. Demonstrate that no metallic contact, or short circuit, exists between the two insulated sections of pipe and tank. Replace defective joints or fittings.
 - c. Bonding Tests: Test for electrical continuity across all bonded joints. Repair or add additional bonds until electrical continuity is achieved.
 - d. Baseline Potentials: After backfilling of pipe, tank, and anodes is completed, but before anodes are connected to pipe and tank, measure the static potential of pipe and tank to soil. Record initial measurements.
 - e. Anode Output: Measure electrical current as anodes or groups of anodes are connected to pipe and tank. Use a low-resistance ammeter. Record current, date, time, and location of each measurement.
 - f. Pipe- and- Tank-to-Reference Electrode Potential Measurements: On completion of installation of entire cathodic protection system, make electrode potential measurements according to NACE RP0169, using a copper/copper-sulfate reference electrode and a potentiometer-voltmeter, or a dc voltmeter with an internal resistance (sensitivity) of not less than 100,000 ohms per volt and a full scale of 1 or 2 V. Make measurements at same locations as those used for baseline potentials. Record voltage, date, time, and location of each measurement, using one of the following two methods:
 - 1) 0.85 V Negative Voltage: With cathodic system in operation, measure a negative voltage of at least minus 0.85 V between pipe or tank and a saturated copper/copper-sulfate reference electrode contacting the earth directly over pipe or tank.
 - 2) 100-mV Polarization Voltage: Determine polarization voltage shift by interrupting protective current and measuring polarization decay. An immediate voltage shift will occur if protective current is interrupted. Use voltage reading, after immediate shift, as base reading from which to measure polarization decay. Measure at least a minimum polarization voltage shift of 100 mV between pipe or tank and a saturated copper/copper-sulfate reference electrode contacting the earth directly over pipe or tank.
4. Location of Measurements for Piping: For coated piping or conduit, measure from reference electrode in contact with the earth directly over pipe. Measure at intervals not exceeding 400 feet (120 m). Make additional measurements at each distribution service riser, with reference electrode placed directly over service line.
5. Location of Measurements for Tanks: For underground tanks, measure from reference electrode located as follows:
 - a. Directly over center of tank.
 - b. At a point directly over tank and midway between each pair of anodes.
 - c. At each end of tank.
6. Interference Testing: Test interference with cathodic protection from any foreign pipes and tanks in cooperation with the Owner of foreign pipes and tanks. Report results and recommendations.
7. Stray Current Measurements: Perform at each test station. Mitigate stray currents due to lightning or overhead ac power transmission lines as provided for in NACE standards.
8. Inspect coatings; comply with NACE RP0188. Repair imperfections of factory-applied coatings as specified in "Coatings" Article.
 - a. Use electronic holiday detectors to detect coating imperfections.
 - b. All damage to the protective coating during transit and handling shall be repaired before installation.

- c. Repair factory-applied coatings to have equal or better corrosion resistance than the factory-applied coating system. Field-repair material shall be of the type approved by, and shall be applied as recommended by, manufacturer of the coating material.

M. Adjusting

- 1. Adjust cathodic current using resistors as recommended by corrosion engineer who prepared the Delegated-Design Submittal in Part 1.1.
- 2. During the first year after Final Completion, test, inspect, and adjust cathodic protection system every three months to ensure its continued compliance with specified requirements.

N. Demonstration

- 1. Train the Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain cathodic protection system.

END OF SECTION 13 47 13 13

Task	Specification(s)
01 22 16 00	01 22 16 00
01 22 20 00	01 22 16 00
01 22 23 00	01 22 16 00
01 51 13 00	01 51 13 00
01 51 26 00	01 51 26 00
01 52 13 00	01 52 13 00, 01 22 16 00
01 52 19 00	01 22 16 00, 01 52 13 00
01 54 23 00	01 54 23 00, 01 54 23 00a, 01 22 16 00
01 54 26 00	01 22 16 00
01 55 26 00	01 22 16 00
01 56 16 00	01 22 16 00
01 56 26 00	01 56 26 00, 01 56 26 00a, 01 22 16 00
01 56 29 00	01 22 16 00
01 56 33 00	01 22 16 00
01 56 39 00	01 22 16 00
01 58 13 00	01 58 13 00, 01 22 16 00
01 66 19 00	01 22 16 00
01 71 13 00	01 22 16 00
01 74 19 00	01 74 19 00, 01 22 16 00
02 32 13 00	02 32 13 00, 01 22 16 00
02 41 13 13	02 41 13 13, 02 41 13 13a
02 41 16 13	02 41 16 13, 02 41 13 13, 02 41 13 13a
02 41 19 13	02 41 19 13, 02 41 13 13, 02 41 16 13, 02 41 13 13a
02 41 19 16	02 41 13 13, 02 41 16 13, 02 41 13 13a
02 42 21 47	02 41 13 13
02 43 13 00	01 22 16 00
02 58 13 00	02 58 13 00, 02 58 13 00a
02 61 00 00	02 61 00 00
02 61 13 00	02 61 13 00, 02 61 13 00a, 02 61 13 00b, 02 41 13 13, 02 61 00 00
02 65 00 00	02 41 13 13, 02 61 00 00, 02 61 13 00, 02 61 13 00a, 02 61 13 00b
02 82 33 00	02 82 33 00, 02 82 33 00a, 02 82 33 00b, 02 82 33 00c, 02 82 33 00d, 02 82 33 00e, 02 82 33 00f, 02 82 33 00g, 01 22 16 00
02 83 19 13	02 82 33 00c, 02 82 33 00e, 02 82 33 00f, 02 82 33 00g
02 83 33 13	02 82 33 00c, 02 82 33 00e, 02 82 33 00f, 02 82 33 00g
02 84 16 00	02 84 16 00, 02 84 16 00a, 02 84 16 00b
02 87 13 33	02 87 13 33
02 87 16 13	02 87 16 13
02 89 00 00	01 22 16 00, 02 82 33 00c, 02 82 33 00e, 02 82 33 00f, 02 82 33 00g
03 01 30 71	03 01 30 71
03 05 00 00	03 05 00 00
03 11 13 00	01 22 16 00, 03 05 00 00
03 11 16 00	03 11 16 00, 03 05 00 00
03 11 23 00	01 22 16 00, 03 05 00 00
03 15 13 13	03 05 00 00
03 15 13 16	03 05 00 00
03 15 16 00	03 05 00 00
03 15 19 00	05 50 00 00
03 21 11 00	03 05 00 00
03 21 16 00	03 05 00 00
03 22 11 00	03 05 00 00
03 22 13 00	03 05 00 00
03 22 16 00	03 05 00 00
03 31 00 00	03 31 00 00
03 31 13 00	03 31 13 00, 03 31 13 00a, 03 31 13 00b, 03 31 13 00c, 03 31 13 00d, 03 31 00 00,

Task	Specification(s)
	03 05 00 00, 03 11 16 00
03 35 16 00	03 05 00 00
03 35 23 00	03 35 23 00, 03 05 00 00
03 35 26 00	03 05 00 00
03 35 33 00	03 05 00 00
03 35 63 00	03 05 00 00
03 35 66 00	03 05 00 00
03 35 83 00	03 05 00 00
03 37 13 00	03 37 13 00, 03 37 13 00a
03 39 13 00	03 11 16 00
03 39 23 23	03 05 00 00
03 39 33 00	03 05 00 00
03 48 16 00	03 48 16 00
03 54 16 00	03 54 16 00
03 61 16 00	01 22 16 00
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