TO:

Jack D. Homkow, Director, Office of Environmental Affairs

FROM:

Robert S. Derico, R.A., Senior Environmental Manager

DATE:

May 11, 2015

RE:

State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) Type II Determination for the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Board of Cooperative Educational Services Refunding and Renovation Project (Master BOCES Program Lease

Revenue Bonds)

The Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("OCM BOCES") has requested financing from the Dormitory Authority State of New York ("DASNY") for the refunding and renovation of the OCM BOCES (the "Proposed Project"). Based on a review of the attached *Credit Summary Update*, dated May 1, 2015, it has been determined that the Proposed Action would involve DASNY's authorization of the issuance of one or more series of tax-exempt and/or taxable, fixed-and/or variable-rate bonds in amount not to exceed \$5,900,000, to be sold through a public offering. The location of the OCM BOCES facility is 110 Elwood Davis Road, Town of Salina, Onondaga County, New York.

More specifically, the Series 2015 Bonds would be used to reimburse the OCM BOCES for the purchase price of an approximately 9.14-acre parcel and existing approximately 100,000-gross-square-foot building. Additionally, the bond proceeds would be used to equip and renovate the majority of the building to be used by the OCM BOCES for adult education services and for central administration, including personnel and business offices. The newly purchased building would replace four leased facilities.

The ability to create a BOCES was first established in 1948 and is found in Sections 1950 and 1951 of the *State Education Law*. The legislation was designed to enable school districts to combine their resources to provide services that otherwise would have been uneconomical, inefficient or unavailable. A BOCES is formed by the school districts of a supervisory district for the purpose of providing various educational services for such school districts on a cooperative or shared basis, which services may either be too expensive or duplicative for each school district to provide for itself. A BOCES is usually formed by an order of the Commissioner of Education after a petition has been made to him requesting the establishment of the BOCES by the respective Boards of Education of the various school districts to be included in the proposed BOCES. The decision to establish a BOCES is not subject to voter approval.

F 518.257.3100

F 212.273.5121

Section 1689 of the Public Authorities Law (the "Act") authorizes DASNY, upon application from a BOCES, to construct, acquire, reconstruct and furnish and equip BOCES facilities. In addition, pursuant to the Act, DASNY is authorized to issue bonds and notes to obtain funds for the purposes of Section 1689.

SEQR Determination. DASNY completed this environmental review in accordance with the State Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA"), codified at Article 8 of the New York Environmental Conservation Law ("ECL"), and its implementing regulations, promulgated at Part 617 of Title 6 of the New York Codes. Rules and Regulations ("N.Y.C.R.R."), which collectively contain the requirements for the State Environmental Quality Review ("SEQR") process. The replacement, rehabilitation or reconstruction of a structure or facility, in kind, on the same site, including upgrading buildings to meet building or fire code and the refunding of existing debt are Type II action as specifically designated by 6 N.Y.C.R.R. § 617.5(c)(2) and 6 N.Y.C.R.R. § 617.5(c)(23), respectively, of SEQR. Type II "actions have been determined not to have significant impact on the environment or are otherwise precluded from environmental review under Environmental Conservation Law, article 8." Therefore, no further SEQR determination or procedure is required for any component of the proposed project identified as Type II.

Previously, the OCM BOCES had completed a *Short Environmental Assessment Form ("SEAF")*, dated December 12, 2014, for the purchase of the site and building. On December 12, 2014, the OCM BOCES, as lead agency, issued its Determination of Significance (attached), noting that the proposed action would not result in any significant adverse environmental impacts.

The Proposed Project was also reviewed in conformance with the *New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 ("SHPA")*, especially the implementing regulations of section 14.09 of the *Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law ("PRHPL")*, as well as with the requirements of the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU"), dated March 18, 1998, between DASNY and the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation ("OPRHP"). In compliance with Article III, Section 3.0 of the MOU, OPRHP would be notified of the Proposed Project being funded with bond proceeds. It is the opinion of DASNY that the Proposed Project would have no impact on historical or cultural resources in or eligible for inclusion in the National and/or State Registers of Historic Places.

Attachments

cc: Sara P. Richards, Esq., Steven J. Koiser, SEQR File, OPRHP File

¹ 6 N.Y.C.R.R. § 617.5(a).

Credit Summary Update

Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES Master BOCES Program Lease Revenue Bonds

May 1, 2015

Program: BOCES Purpose: New Money

New Issue Details

One or more series of tax-exempt and/or taxable, fixed and/or variable rate bonds in an amount not to exceed \$5,900,000 and a term not to exceed 30 years are to be sold through a public offering.

- Underwriter Roosevelt & Cross, Inc.
- Co-Bond Counsel Hodgson Russ, LLP and Golden Holley James, LLP
- Co-Underwriter's Counsel Trespasz & Marquardt, LLP and Marous & Marous, P.C.

Purpose

- Reimbursement for the purchase of a 9.14 acre parcel, including the approximately 100,100 square foot building at 110 Elwood Davis Road in the Town of Salina, New York (approximately \$2.3 million).
- Renovating and equipping the building to be used by the BOCES for adult education programs and central administrative offices (approximately \$3.4 million).

Security

- Annual rental payments to be made pursuant to a Lease Agreement with the BOCES.
- Direct intercept, through the State Comptroller, of any State aid due the BOCES for rental payments on the DASNY Lease Agreement.
- Pledge of public funds apportioned by the State due to the BOCES in an amount sufficient to pay such rental payments.
- Debt Service Reserve Fund and/or Reserve Fund Facility equal to one-half maximum annual debt service.
- Bond insurance may be considered depending on its availability and economic efficiency.

Expected Ratings: Aa2/NR/NR

Overview

The ability to create a Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES") was first established in 1948 and is found in Section 1950 of the State Education Law. The legislation was designed to enable school districts to combine their resources to provide services that otherwise would have been uneconomical, inefficient or unavailable. A BOCES is formed by the school districts of a supervisory district for the purpose of providing various educational services for such school districts on

a cooperative or shared basis, which services may either be too expensive or duplicative for each school district to provide for itself. A BOCES is usually formed by an order of the Commissioner of Education after a petition has been made requesting the establishment of the BOCES by the respective Boards of Education of the various school districts to be included in the proposed BOCES. The decision to establish a BOCES is not subject to voter approval.

Section 1689 of the Public Authorities Law (the "Act") authorizes DASNY, upon application from a BOCES, to construct, acquire, reconstruct and furnish and equip BOCES facilities. In addition, pursuant to the Act, DASNY is authorized to issue bonds and notes to obtain funds for the purposes of Section 1689.

Description of the Series 2015 Bonds

- The bonds are a special obligation of DASNY.
- The bonds are payable from payments made by the BOCES under a Lease and Agreement with DASNY and funds and accounts established under the Resolution.
- The Lease and Agreement is a general obligation of the BOCES. Amounts received from the State pursuant to the direct payment mechanism are credited against the BOCES payment obligations under the Lease and Agreement.

Approvals

- SEQR Filing May 11, 2015*
- PACB Approval May 20, 2015*
 *Anticipated date.

Recent Information

At the April 15, 2015 Board meeting, DASNY staff reported that the bonds were expected to have a 20 year term. DASNY now anticipates issuing bonds on behalf of the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES with a 25 year term.



DIVISION OF PUBLIC FINANCE AND PORTFOLIO MONITORING
PORTIA LEE, MANAGING DIRECTOR
PREPARED BY: STEPHEN J. KOSIER (518) 257-3157

MASTER BOCES PROGRAM LEASE REVENUE BONDS (ONONDAGA-CORTLAND-MADISON)

The Letter of Bond Counsel in connection with the above referenced transaction will be transmitted to the Members under separate cover.

Credit Summary

Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES Master BOCES Program Lease Revenue Bonds

April 2, 2015

Program: BOCES

Purpose: New Money

New Issue Details

Approximately \$5,900,000 in one or more series of taxexempt and/or taxable, fixed and/or variable rate Series 2015 Bonds are expected to be sold through a public offering.

Purpose

- Reimbursement for the purchase of a 9.14 acre parcel, including the approximately 100,100 square foot building at 110 Elwood Davis Road in the Town of Salina, New York (approximately \$2.3 million).
- Renovating and equipping the building to be used by the BOCES for adult education programs and central administrative offices (approximately \$3.4 million).

Security

- Annual rental payments to be made pursuant to a Lease Agreement with the BOCES.
- Direct intercept, through the State Comptroller, of any State aid due the BOCES for rental payments on the DASNY Lease Agreement.
- Pledge of public funds apportioned by the State due to the BOCES in an amount sufficient to pay such rental payments.
- Debt Service Reserve Fund and/or Reserve Fund Facility equal to one-half maximum annual debt service.
- Bond insurance may be considered depending on its availability and economic efficiency.

Expected Ratings: Aa2/NR/NR

Overview

The ability to create a Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES") was first established in 1948 and is found in Section 1950 of the State Education Law. The legislation was designed to enable school districts to combine their resources to provide services that otherwise would have been uneconomical, inefficient or unavailable. A BOCES is formed by the school districts of a supervisory district for the purpose of providing various educational services for such school districts on a cooperative or shared basis, which services may either be too expensive or duplicative for each school district to provide for itself. A BOCES is usually formed by an order of the Commissioner of Education after a petition has been made requesting the establishment of the BOCES by the respective Boards of Education of

the various school districts to be included in the proposed BOCES. The decision to establish a BOCES is not subject to voter approval.

Section 1689 of the Public Authorities Law (the "Act") authorizes DASNY, upon application from a BOCES, to construct, acquire, reconstruct and furnish and equip BOCES facilities. In addition, pursuant to the Act, DASNY is authorized to issue bonds and notes to obtain funds for the purposes of Section 1689.

Strengths

- <u>Direct Intercept of State Aid</u> A financing structure that includes State aid for the payment of debt service on the proposed bonds and the direct statutory payment of State aid by the Comptroller.
- State Support The State has made appropriations to the BOCES program in each year since 1949 when the program was initiated.

Risks / Challenges

 <u>State Appropriation</u> - The potential for changes in State Aid formulas relative to the financial support of BOCES and a reduction or delay of aid to component districts

Recommendation

The Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES received voter approval in its component school districts to borrow up to \$5.9 million on January 23, 2014. The State Education Department approved the project on March 25, 2015. The attached staff report recommends that the Board adopt a Resolution to Proceed for a bond issue in an amount not to exceed \$5.9 million on behalf of the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES based on the structure of the direct payment of State aid and the long history of State BOCES support.





Master BOCES Program Lease Revenue Bonds

THE PROGRAM: The ability to create a Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES) was first established in 1948 and is found in Section 1950 of the State Education Law. Initially, the legislation was aimed at enabling small rural school districts to combine their resources to provide services that otherwise would have been uneconomical, inefficient or unavailable.

A BOCES is formed by the school districts of a supervisory district for the purpose of providing various educational services for such school districts on a cooperative or shared basis, which services may either be too expensive or duplicative for each school district to provide for itself. A BOCES is usually formed by an order of the Commissioner of Education (the "Commissioner") after a petition has been made requesting the establishment of the BOCES by the respective Boards of Education of the various school districts to be included in the proposed BOCES. The decision to establish a BOCES is not subject to voter approval.

The number of school districts comprising an individual BOCES varies. In each case, the territory within which each BOCES operates encompasses the territory of its component school districts. A school district may decide to join an established BOCES by vote of its board of education without voter approval. School districts may not withdraw from a BOCES and are obligated to pay its share of BOCES administrative expenses (including the Rentals due to DASNY under an applicable agreement).

Once formed by the Commissioner, a BOCES is governed by a Board, whose members are elected by the boards of education of the component school districts. A Board consists of five to fifteen members. Members of each BOCES Board are elected at such BOCES annual meeting and serve for terms of three years.

At present, there are 37 BOCES incorporating all but nine of the 696 school districts in the State. BOCES membership is not available to the five large city school districts in the State: New York City, Buffalo, Rochester, Yonkers and Syracuse.

BOCES Programs: BOCES provide a wide variety of programs and services, which include General Education (including summer school), Career Education (including vocational training in agriculture, distributive education, health, home economics, business and office programs,

technical education and trade, industrial and service education), Special Education (educational services for children with special needs), Management and Instructional Services, Education in the Arts, and Environmental Education.

Each BOCES is authorized to provide such program services as the Commissioner may approve and must provide any educational service that is (a) requested by the component school districts and (b) approved by the Commissioner, who first determines that the proposed program meets an education need and can most effectively be provided on a regional, rather than local, level.

BOCES Funding: A BOCES has no taxing authority and except for certain Federal grants and payments for services rendered under certain contracts with public agencies, colleges and other entities, derives all of its financial support for operations from its component school districts and the State. State aid is paid to the BOCES, and then is to be paid by the BOCES to the component school districts to partially reimburse them for payments made to the BOCES, based upon the amount paid by the component school districts for program services and administrative and facilities expenses. The component school districts pay for these expenses through real property tax levies. Program services are funded by component school districts based on the district's participation in a specific program. Administrative expenses of a BOCES (including Rentals due to DASNY under an applicable agreement), as well as facilities expenses for capital projects not funded through surpluses are shared on a pro rata apportioned basis (based on attendance or enrollment formulas or property values) by the component school districts. All State aid payable to a BOCES, including services aid and facilities aid, as well as administrative aid, is available to be applied to pay its applicable Rentals.

All component school districts are required to pay their allocable share of the BOCES administrative expenses notwithstanding that they may elect not to participate in any of the BOCES educational programs. The component school district boards vote on the BOCES administrative budget each spring, however, the portion of the budget allocated to payments to DASNY are not subject to such vote. The State Comptroller is required by law to deduct amounts due and payable to DASNY from any State aid to become due to the BOCES and pay it to or upon the order of DASNY.



The State has made appropriations to the BOCES program in each year since 1949 when the program was initiated. While the BOCES program has received State aid in each year since its inception, both the determination of the amount of State aid and the apportionment of such State aid are legislative acts and the State Legislature may amend or repeal the statutes relating to State aid and the formulas which determine the amount of State aid payable to BOCES.

DASNY Financing History: Since 2001, DASNY has issued approximately \$303 million in bonds on behalf of various BOCES borrowers. As of December 31, 2014, \$168.5 million remained outstanding. All BOCES borrowers have always met their obligations to DASNY on time and in full.

BORROWER: Onondaga-Cortland-Madison ("OCM") BOCES: OCM BOCES was established in 1948 and provides shared services to 23 school districts in Onondaga, Cortland, and Madison counties, serving approximately 60,000 students. Programs and services include:

Special Education – OCM BOCES offers a wide range of educational alternatives for students with varying degrees of cognitive, emotional and physical disabilities. These programs emphasize helping students to develop their potential and function as independently as possible. Where feasible, students are educated with non-disabled peers and in the least restrictive environment.

Career and Technical Education ("CTE") and Adult Education – CTE emphasizes a broad spectrum of job specific skills using the most current business and industry based technologies applicable to personal and career goals. Students may also earn high school core academic and college-level credit.

Alternative Education – Provides a wide range of programs to meet the needs of a diverse group of students who are not finding success in traditional education settings. Some programs incorporate career and technical courses or service learning opportunities.

Instructional Support Services — Provides guidance, professional development, & technical assistance to staff throughout Central New York. OCM BOCES offers a regional summer school, sponsors a variety of enrichment activities for students, and operates a regional database and interlibrary loan service.

Management Services – Coordination of a wide variety of shared administrative services including bus communication, accounting and business functions, employee benefits, food services and substitute teacher calling services.

THE PROJECT: Approximately \$2.3 million of Series 2015 Bonds are expected to be used to reimburse the OCM BOCES for the purchase price of a 9.14 acre parcel, including the approximately 100,100 square foot building, at 110 Elwood Davis Road in the Town of Salina, New York. Additionally, approximately \$3.4 million in bond proceeds will be used to renovate and equip the building to be used by the OCM BOCES for adult education services and for central administration, including personnel and business offices. The new building is expected to replace four leased facilities. The debt service on the Series 2015 Bonds is expected to be approximately the same as the lease payments. Therefore, financing the Project is not expected to increase payments to the OCM BOCES from its component districts.

A BOCES is not authorized to enter into an agreement with DASNY unless a proposition acquisition, construction, authorizing the reconstruction or financing of a BOCES facility and specifying the cost is approved by a majority vote of the voters throughout the BOCES component school districts. The Project and financing, in an amount not to exceed \$5.9 million, were approved by a referendum of the voters of the OCM BOCES on January 23, 2014. The BOCES may not begin construction of any project unless and until it has been approved by the Commissioner. The State Education Department approved the Project on March 25, 2015.

FINANCING DETAILS: \$5.9 million of Series 2015 Bonds are expected to be issued along with approximately \$310,000 in premium issuance. The BOCES anticipates satisfying its debt service reserve fund requirement with a surety bond. Financing costs, including underwriter's discount, are estimated at \$510,000. This would allow for a project fund deposit of approximately \$5.7 million. If financing costs are higher than anticipated or a lower premium issuance is achieved the BOCES has the ability to decrease the scope of the Project. Attachment I presents a schedule of the estimated Sources and Uses of Funds.

Security Provisions: Payment of the debt service on the bonds will be secured by a lease agreement (the "Lease") between the BOCES and DASNY and a debt service reserve fund and/or reserve fund facility equal to one-half maximum annual

behalf of various BOCES borrowers. As of

December 31, 2014 \$168 5 million remained



debt service. The Lease will be a general obligation of the BOCES. Under the Lease, the BOCES will assign and pledge to DASNY a sufficient portion of public funds that are apportioned or otherwise payable to the BOCES for approved costs incurred during the prior year.

Public Authorities Law section 1689 subdivision 10 authorizes a direct intercept mechanism under which the State Comptroller shall pay the public funds assigned by a BOCES directly to DASNY.

Education Law §1950(5) (g) provides that the annual payments to be made by a BOCES to DASNY for the payments of rent for a BOCES educational facility constitute an administrative expense of the BOCES. Education Law §3609-d, which prescribes the amounts and dates on which moneys apportioned to BOCES are to be paid, further provides that any obligation of a board of cooperative educational services to the bond trustee of DASNY shall be paid in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Public Authorities Law.

Pursuant to the mechanism contained in Public Authorities Law §1689(10), DASNY is required to certify annually to the Commissioner of Education a statement of all amounts due from each BOCES to DASNY. The Commissioner, in turn, is required to include in the certificate filed with the State Comptroller, a statement showing the amount owed to DASNY by such BOCES. The Comptroller is required to deduct the amount certified by the Commissioner as due to DASNY from the state funds otherwise payable to the BOCES. The aid subject to intercept pursuant to this provision is not limited to the aid payable to the BOCES on account of administrative costs incurred under the Lease, but rather encompasses any state funds to become due to such BOCES. If such forms of State aid are insufficient, each component school district would also be required to include its proportionate share of the lease payment in its budget and to pay such amount to the BOCES to make up for the shortfall.

<u>SUMMARY:</u> The BOCES program has been an integral part of public education in the State since 1948, making the delivery of education-enhancing services to students more economical and efficient. Under State Education Law, the rental payments will be paid through State aid due to the BOCES. These payments are made directly by the Comptroller to DASNY. Based on these factors, staff recommends that the Board adopt a resolution to proceed for a bond issue in an amount not to exceed \$5,900,000.

DASNY DORMITORY AUTHORITY STATE OF NEW YORK

Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES Sources and Uses of Funds

| Sources of Funds: | | Total | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| NO-MADISON) | | | |
| Bond Proceeds | | | |
| Par Proceeds | | \$ 5,900,000 | |
| Original Issue Premium | <u>ienuos pnos pnie il</u> | 306,972 | 8 |
| Total Sources | | \$ 6,206,972 | |
| on behalf of Masker BOCES Program | to tot enclisation | al of YMSAC to is | the part |
| Uses of Funds: | | ALISHUS VACUAL | % of Par |
| Project Fund Deposits | | \$ 5,720,000 | |
| Costs of Issuance | | 339,472 | 5.75% |
| DASNY Fee | 75,000 | | 1.27% |
| Co-Bond Counsel | 80,000 | | 1.36% |
| Printing | 10,000 | | 0.17% |
| Ratings | 25,000 | | 0.42% |
| Surety Bond | 10,000 | | 0.17% |
| Trustee & Counsel | 5,000 | | 0.08% |
| Institution's Counsel | 50,000 | | 0.85% |
| Financial Advisor | 50,000 | | 0.85% |
| Accountant | 20,000 | | 0.34% |
| DAC Fee | 10,000 | | 0.17% |
| Rounding | 4,472 | | 0.08% |
| Underwriter Discount | | 147,500 | 2.50% |
| Total Uses | | \$ 6,206,972 | |

A RESOLUTION OF THE DORMITORY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
(DASNY) AUTHORIZING STAFF AND BOND COUNSEL TO
PROCEED TO TAKE THE NECESSARY ACTION TO PREPARE
THE APPROPRIATE DOCUMENTS TO PROVIDE FOR THE
FINANCING OF FACILITIES FOR MASTER BOCES
PROGRAM LEASE REVENUE BONDS
(ONONDAGA-CORTLAND-MADISON)

Resolved that the staff and bond counsel be authorized to proceed to take the necessary action and prepare the appropriate documents to provide for the financing of facilities for Master BOCES Program Lease Revenue Bonds (Onondaga-Cortland-Madison); provided, however, that the adoption of this Resolution imposes no duty on the part of DASNY to issue obligations for or on behalf of Master BOCES Program Lease Revenue Bonds (Onondaga-Cortland-Madison).

This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

617.20 Appendix B Short Environmental Assessment Form

Instructions for Completing

Part 1 - Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

| | Sponsor Information | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Name of Action or P | | | | | | | | |
| Purchase and renovation | n of 110 Elwood Davis Road Proper | ly | | | | | | |
| Project Location (des | scribe, and attach a location may | p): | | nestant desprise to the | 2000 | T 2 E T | 77 .01 | |
| 110 Elwood Davis Road, | , Town of Salina, New York (Tax ID | No. 074-01-01.1) | | | | | | |
| Brief Description of | Proposed Action: | | | | | | | |
| | mately 9.14 acre parcel, including the enovate and equip the building for us | | | | on. Fo | llowing th | e | |
| Name of Applicant of | or Sponsor | m state all coding as kee | Telen | hone: 315-433-2602 | o bile o | drasacti Pacasti | ,n £1 | |
| Board of Cooperative | or Sponsor: e Educational Services for the S | ole Supervisory District | | | | | | |
| | of Onondaga, Cortland and Madison Counties, New York E-Mail: jmanning@ocmboces.org | | | | 5250 0 37 | | | |
| Address: 6820 Thompson Road; F | P.O. Box 4754 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | [2 | | | | |
| City/PO: Syracuse | | | | State: New York | 132 | Code: | | |
| Syracuse | action only involve the legislat | tive adoption of a plan, le | ocal lav | New York | | | YES | |
| Does the proposed administrative rule | e, or regulation? | | | New York w, ordinance, | 132 | NO NO | YES | |
| I. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra | | the proposed action and | the env | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource | 132 | 11 | YES | |
| Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the | e, or regulation? tive description of the intent of | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to | the env | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. | 132 | NO NO | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) | e, or regulation? tive description of the intent of ne municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, appro- name and permit or approval: | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any | the env | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. | 132 | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) | e, or regulation? tive description of the intent of ne municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, appro | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any | the env | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. | 132 | NO V | | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought to the proposed sought to the | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, approving name and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the S | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York | the env questic other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. overnmental Agency | 132 | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought a.a. Total acreage of | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, approving name and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the State of the proposed action? | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York | the env questic other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. | 132 | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought to b. Total acreage of b. Total acreage to c. Total acreage (pi | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, approving name and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the S | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York | the env question other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. overnmental Agency | 132 | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought to 3.a. Total acreage of b. Total acreage to c. Total acreage (proposed for controlled by | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to I d action require a permit, approving name and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the state of the proposed action? be physically disturbed? Troject site and any contiguous p | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York roperties) owned | the envious question other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. overnmental Agency 14 acres 0 acres | 132 | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought to 3.a. Total acreage of b. Total acreage to c. Total acreage (proposed for controlled by | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to be a different action require a permit, approximate and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the street of the proposed action? be physically disturbed? The site of the proposed action? be physically disturbed? Toject site and any contiguous possible applicant or project sponsor | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York roperties) owned | the envious question other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. overnmental Agency 14 acres 0 acres | 132 es that | NO V | YES | |
| 1. Does the proposed administrative rule If Yes, attach a narra may be affected in the 2. Does the proposed If Yes, list agency(s) Funding may be sought to 3.a. Total acreage of b. Total acreage to c. Total acreage (pro or controlled by 4. Check all land use | e, or regulation? Ative description of the intent of the municipality and proceed to be action require a permit, approximate and permit or approval: from the Dormitory Authority of the street of the proposed action? The site of the proposed action? The site of the proposed action? The physically disturbed? The applicant or project sponsor the applicant or project sponsor that occur on, adjoining and the Rural (non-agriculture) | the proposed action and Part 2. If no, continue to val or funding from any State of New York roperties) owned | the envious question other g | New York w, ordinance, vironmental resource on 2. overnmental Agency 14 acres 0 acres 14 acres Residential (sub | 132 es that | NO V | YES | |

| a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations? | | V | |
|--|----------------|--------|-----|
| and the second of the second o | | | |
| b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan? | | V | |
| 6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural | | NO | YES |
| landscape? | | | V |
| 7. Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmenta | l Area? | NO | YES |
| If Yes, identify: | | V | |
| 8. a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels? | | NO | YES |
| | | V | |
| b. Are public transportation service(s) available at or near the site of the proposed action? | | V | |
| c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near site of the proposed | action? | V | |
| Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements? | 7. | NO | YES |
| If the proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies: | og Pargor | | V |
| Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply? | | NO | YES |
| 18 15-10-10 (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) (1900) | | | |
| If No, describe method for providing potable water: | | Ш | 0 |
| 11. Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities? | | NO | YES |
| If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment: | | | V |
| 11 110, describe include to providing | | Ш | |
| 12. a. Does the site contain a structure that is listed on either the State or National Register of Histo | ric | NO | YES |
| Places? b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area? | | V | |
| b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area? | | V | |
| 13. a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, co | ntain | NO | YES |
| wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency? | | 1 | |
| b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterbo If Yes, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres: | dy? | V | |
| | | | |
| 14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Che ☐ Shoreline ☐ Forest ☐ Agricultural/grasslands ☐ Early mid-succ | | apply: | |
| ☐ Wetland ☐ Urban ☐ Suburban | | 1 | |
| 15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed | | NO | YES |
| by the State or Federal government as threatened or endangered? | | V | |
| 16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain? | | NO | YES |
| 17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? | Thirties Amoun | NO | YES |
| If Yes, | | | LES |
| a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties? | 3 | | Ш |
| b. Will storm water discharges be directed to established conveyance systems (runoff and storm of the Yes, briefly describe: | | | |
| | | 100 | |

| If | . Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that result in the impoundment of water or other liquids (e.g. retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)? Yes, explain purpose and size: | of | NO | YES |
|----------------|---|---|-------|-------------------------------|
| | res, explain purpose and size. | | V | |
| 19 | . Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or close solid waste management facility? | ed | NO | YES |
| If | Yes, describe: | | 4 | |
| 20 | . Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongo completed) for hazardous waste? | oing or | NO | YES |
| If | Yes, describe: | | V | |
| qu otl | ert 2 - Impact Assessment. The Lead Agency is responsible for the completion of Part 2. Answestions in Part 2 using the information contained in Part 1 and other materials submitted by the project available to the reviewer. When answering the questions the reviewer should be guided by the proposes been reasonable considering the scale and context of the proposed action?" | ject sponsor | or | - |
| | | No, or | | lerate |
| | | No, or small impact may occur | to im | lerate arge pact nay |
| 1. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? | small impact may | to im | arge pact iay |
| - | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |
| 2. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |
| 2. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact nay |
| 2. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community? Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact nay |
| 3. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community? Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)? Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |
| 2. 3. 4. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community? Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)? Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or affect existing infrastructure for mass transit, biking or walkway? Will the proposed action cause an increase in the use of energy and it fails to incorporate reasonably available energy conservation or renewable energy opportunities? | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |
| 2. 3. 4. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community? Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)? Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or affect existing infrastructure for mass transit, biking or walkway? Will the proposed action cause an increase in the use of energy and it fails to incorporate reasonably available energy conservation or renewable energy opportunities? Will the proposed action impact existing: | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |
| 7. | Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations? Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land? Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community? Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)? Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or affect existing infrastructure for mass transit, biking or walkway? Will the proposed action cause an increase in the use of energy and it fails to incorporate reasonably available energy conservation or renewable energy opportunities? Will the proposed action impact existing: a. public / private water supplies? | small impact may occur | to im | arge pact iay |

| | | No, or small impact may occur | | to large impact may | |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10. Will the proposed action result in an increase in the potent problems? | V | | | | |
| 11. Will the proposed action create a hazard to environmental r | esources or human health? | | ~ | | |
| Part 3 - Determination of significance. The Lead Agency is question in Part 2 that was answered "moderate to large impact element of the proposed action may or will not result in a significant 3 should, in sufficient detail, identify the impact, including the project sponsor to avoid or reduce impacts. Part 3 should almay or will not be significant. Each potential impact should be duration, irreversibility, geographic scope and magnitude. Also cumulative impacts. | may occur", or if there is a need to ex- icant adverse environmental impact, p any measures or design elements that so explain how the lead agency deter- assessed considering its setting, proba | plain lease have nined bility | why a comp been that the | lete inclu he in curri | Part 3. uded by npact |
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| Check this box if you have determined, based on the information that the proposed action may result in one or more pote environmental impact statement is required. Check this box if you have determined, based on the information that the proposed action will not result in any significant and Board of Cooperative Educational Services for the Sole Superv District of Onondaga, Cortland and Madison Counties, New Young Name of Lead Agency | rmation and analysis above, and any s adverse environmental impacts. | pacts | and a | n | |
| | | | | | |
| J. Francis Manning Print or Type Name of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency | Superintendent Title of Responsible C | office | r | | HV I |