Memorandum

TO: Jack D. Homkow, Director, Office of Environmental Affairs

FROM: Robert S. Derico, R. A., Senior Environmental Manager

DATE: May 9, 2016

RE: State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) Negative Declaration Concurrence for the New York University Langone Medical Center’s Proposed New Science Building Project, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, New York County, New York

New York University Langone Medical Center (“NYULMC”) has requested financing from the DASNY (“Dormitory Authority State of New York”) for its Proposed New Science Building Project (the “Proposed Project”). Based on a review of the attached Single Approval Credit Summary, dated April 29, 2016, it has been determined that the Proposed Action would involve DASNY’s authorization of the issuance of fixed- or variable-rate, tax-exempt and/or taxable, Series 2016 bonds sold through a negotiated offering or a private placement, in an amount not to exceed $1,062,500,000 in funding under DASNY’s Independent Colleges and Universities Program.

The Proposed New Science Building Project would use approximately $300,000,000 of the total bond issue. The remaining bond proceeds would be utilized to finance other New York University (“NYU”) projects that would be the subject of a separate State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) process. It is permissible for the other components of the bond issue to undergo separate SEQR determinations because: (a) the individual projects have no cumulative environmental effect on the environment; (b) the projects are functionally independent and approval of this component of the Proposed Project does not determine whether any such future use associated with the other components of the Proposed Project would go forward; and (c) the project sites are geographically separated throughout the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn. The NYULMC campus is located at 560 First Avenue, within the borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York County, New York.

More Specifically, NYULMC would use the bond proceeds for the construction of a new Science Building approximately 16 stories (319 feet) tall and containing approximately 443,474 gross square feet (“gsf”). The anticipated population of the building is 820 people (based on 540 square feet (“sf”) per person), half of whom would be new to the campus. The program for the Science Building would focus on biomedical research, and the new building would house the Neuroscience Institute. In addition to research facilities, the building is also expected to house administrative offices for the School of Medicine, seminar and conference space, and research support space. The proposed Science Building would take approximately 51 months to construct and would be completed by 2017. (Note: At the time NYULMC requested financing, the New Science Building Project was already in construction and is approximately 35 percent complete.)
In order to facilitate the Proposed Project, a zoning variance has been approved by the City of New York’s Board of Standards and Appeals (“BSA”) to allow the following non-compliances:

- A portion of the proposed building is located within a required rear yard equivalent (Zoning Resolution [ZR] Section 24-382);
- The portion of the proposed building that is located within the initial setback distance exceeds the maximum permitted height of 85 feet above curb level or six stories, whichever is less, and penetrates the sky exposure plane (ZR 24-522);
- Lot coverage within the interior and through lot portions of the zoning lot exceeds 65 percent (ZR 24-11); and
- The proposed building increases the degree of non-compliance allowed by prior BSA variance (Cal. No. 186-10-BZ) with respect to tower coverage limitation (ZR 24-54 and 186-10-BZ).

NYULMC has identified a need for over 350,000 square feet of new research space to accommodate anticipated increases in research activity and recruitment over the next decade. The construction of the Science Building would address part of this need and would utilize nearly all available development rights on the NYULMC campus zoning lot. NYULMC also has a programmatic need for such research space to be accommodated on floor plates that are efficient in size and configuration. The Proposed Project would provide a flexible, adaptable, and functionally efficient research environment conducive to collaboration. The project site allows for physical connections and contiguities between the Science Building and existing NYULMC research facilities to allow for efficient and beneficial connections among, and shared use of, research cores (i.e., designated laboratories containing facilities used by multiple research teams), research support spaces, conference rooms, and other amenities. The physical connections among these buildings would also create an efficient circulation network for researchers, students, and hospital staff who use the facilities, providing opportunities for collaborative interactions that support scientific discovery.

NYULMC is developing the new Science Building at the intersection of 401 East 30th Street and the Franklin D. Roosevelt (“FDR”) Drive Service Road (the “project site”), which is part of the larger NYULMC campus. The NYULMC campus is located on the superblock bounded by former East 30th Street and East 34th Street between the FDR Drive Service Road and First Avenue. There are three outparcels on the superblock: ventilation buildings for the Amtrak tunnels that run beneath the site are located on two of the outparcels; and the third outparcel on the corner of First Avenue and former East 30th Street belongs to the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner. The campus has a total lot area of 408,511 sf housing 28 buildings that total approximately 2,472,110 gsf.

NYULMC is one of the premier academic medical institutions in the country. For more than 155 years, it has been a leader in patient care, physician education, and scientific research. NYULMC comprises the NYU School of Medicine (“NYUSOM”) and the three hospitals of the NYU Hospitals Center (“NYUHC”) – Tisch Hospital, Rusk Institute of Rehabilitation Medicine (“Rusk Institute”), and NYU Hospital for Joint Diseases (“HJD”). The NYULMC campus is home to NYUSOM, Tisch Hospital, and the Rusk Institute.
DASNY conducted this environmental review in compliance with the State Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA"), codified at Article 8 of the New York Environmental Conservation Law ("ECL"), and its implementing regulations, promulgated at Part 617 of Title 6 of the New York Codes, Rules and Regulations ("N.Y.C.R.R."), which collectively contain the requirements for the SEQR process. Representatives of DASNY reviewed the New York City Environmental Assessment Statement ("EAS") Full Form, dated December 7, 2012 for the Proposed Project. The aforementioned documents were completed by the New York University Hospital Center ("NYUHC") and issued by the City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals ("BSA" Reference Number 163-12-BZ), which acted as lead agency for the purposes of conducting a coordinated review of this Type I action. Additionally, DASNY reviewed the City Environmental Quality Review ("CEQR", CEQR Reference Number 12BSA141M) Negative Declaration, adopted on December 11, 2012 and certified on December 12, 2012 (attached), prepared by the BSA, which served as lead agency for the Proposed Project. While DASNY was not an involved agency for that coordinated SEQR/CEQR process for the Proposed Project, it is bound by the determination of the lead agency.\(^1\) DASNY discussed the Proposed Project's possible environmental impacts with representatives of the applicant.

In accordance with Article 42 of the New York Executive Law and its implementing regulations at 19 N.Y.C.R.R. Part 600, Waterfront Revitalization of Coastal Areas and Inland Waterways, DASNY has determined that the Proposed Project would be consistent with the City of New York's Local Waterfront Revitalization Programs ("LWRP"). This SEQR Negative Declaration concurrence serves as the written certification, pursuant to Article 42 of the New York Executive Law and its implementing regulations, that the Proposed Project would comply with New York State's Coastal Management Program as expressed in New York City's LWRP, would not substantially hinder the achievement of any state or local coastal policies, and would be conducted in a manner consistent with such programs.

Appropriately, since the Proposed Action is in the coastal area, DASNY makes this written finding that the action is consistent with the applicable policies set forth in 19 New York Codes, Rules and Regulations ("N.Y.C.R.R.") 600.5; and, since the Secretary of State has approved the local government waterfront revitalization program, that the Proposed Action is consistent with the City of New York's LWRP to the maximum extent practicable.

Based on the above, and the additional information set forth below, DASNY, as an involved agency, independently analyzed the relevant areas of environmental concern and concurs with the lead agency's ("BSA's") Negative Declaration that "...the proposed action will not have a significant adverse impact on the environment."

Since the Proposed Action would include DASNY bond financing, a Smart Growth Impact Statement ("SGIS") for the Proposed Project was prepared pursuant to the State of New York State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act ("SSGPIPA") procedures (see "Smart Growth Impact Statement Assessment Form ["SGISAF"], attached). DASNY's Smart Growth Advisory Committee reviewed the SGIS and attested that the Proposed Project, to the extent practicable, would meet the smart growth criteria established by the legislation. The compatibility of the Proposed Project with the ten criteria of the SSGPIPA, article 6 of the ECL, is detailed in the SGISAF. As indicated on the form, the Proposed Project would be generally supportive of the SSGPIPA and no further SSGPIPA analysis is required.

\(^1\) 6 N.Y.C.R.R. § 617.6(b)(3)(iii).
Additionally, DASNY reviewed it in conformance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 ("SHPA"), especially the implementing regulations of section 14.09 of the Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law ("PRHPL"), as well as with the requirements of the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU"), dated March 18, 1998, between the DASNY and the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation ("OPRHP").

Consultation was initiated with OPRHP regarding the Proposed Project (OPRHP Project No. 11PR01044) and in its letter of February 11, 2011 (attached), determined that "...OPRHP had no archaeological concerns ..." for the Proposed Project. OPRHP had previously determined that the NYULMC campus (including the buildings previously occupying the project site) were not eligible for listing on the State and National Registers of Historic Places. It is the opinion of DASNY that the Proposed Project would have no impact on historical or cultural resources in or eligible for inclusion in the National and State Registers of Historic Places.

cc: Deborah J. Paden, Esq.
    Sara P. Richards, Esq.
    Donna A. Rosen, Esq.
    David P. Ostrander
    SEQR File
    OPRHP File
Date: May 9, 2016
Project Name: NYU Langone Medical Center’s Proposed New Science Building Project
Project Number: N/A
Completed by: Robert S. Derico, R.A.

This Smart Growth Impact Statement Assessment Form ("SGISAF") is a tool to assist you and DASNY ("Dormitory Authority State of New York") Smart Growth Advisory Committee in deliberations to determine whether a project is consistent with the State of New York State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act ("SSGPIPA"), article 6 of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law ("ECL"). Not all questions/answers may be relevant to all projects.

Description of Proposed Action and Proposed Project: New York University Langone Medical Center ("NYULMC") has requested financing from DASNY ("Dormitory Authority State of New York") for its Proposed New Science Building Project (the “Proposed Project”). The Proposed New Science Building Project would utilize approximately $300,000,000 of the total $1,250,000,000 bond issue. The NYULMC campus is located at 560 First Avenue, within the borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York County, New York.

More Specifically, NYULMC would use the bond proceeds for the construction of a new Science Building approximately 16 stories (319 feet) tall and containing approximately 443,474 gross square feet ("gsf"). The anticipated population of the building is 820 people (based on 540 square feet ("sf") per person), half of whom would be new to the campus. The program for the Science Building would focus on biomedical research, and the new building would house the Neuroscience Institute. In addition to research facilities, the building is also expected to house administrative offices for the School of Medicine, seminar and conference space, and research support space. The proposed Science Building would take approximately 51 months to construct and would be completed by 2017. (Note: The Proposed Project was in construction at the time NYULMC approached DASNY for financing.)

Smart Growth Impact Assessment: Have any other entities issued a Smart Growth Impact Statement ("SGIS") with regard to this project? (If so, attach same).

☐ Yes  ☒ No
1. Does the project advance or otherwise involve the use of, maintain, or improve existing infrastructure? Check one and describe:

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ Not Relevant

The various elements of the Proposed Project would receive water, sewer, gas and electric utilities from the existing municipal infrastructure currently serving the facility. The Proposed Project would maintain and extend the existing infrastructure serving the project site.

2. Is the project located wholly or partially in a **municipal center**,* characterized by any of the following: Check all that apply and explain briefly:

☐ A city or a village
☐ Within the interior of the boundaries of a generally-recognized college, university, hospital, or nursing home campus
☐ Area of concentrated and mixed land use that serves as a center for various activities including, but not limited to:
☐ Central business districts (such as the commercial and often geographic heart of a city, “downtown”, “city center”)
☐ Main streets (such as the primary retail street of a village, town, or small city. It is usually a focal point for shops and retailers in the central business district, and is most often used in reference to retailing and socializing)
☐ Downtown areas (such as a city’s core (or center) or central business district, usually in a geographical, commercial, and community sense).
☐ Brownfield Opportunity Areas (http://nyswaterfronts.com/BOA_projects.asp)
☐ Downtown areas of Local Waterfront Revitalization Program areas (http://nyswaterfronts.com/maps_regions.asp)
☐ Locations of transit-oriented development (such as projects serving areas that have access to mass or public transit for residents)
☐ Environmental Justice Areas (http://www.dec.ny.gov/public/899.html)
☐ Hardship areas

* The Dormitory Authority interprets the term “municipal centers” to include existing, developed institutional campuses such as universities, colleges and hospitals.

3. Is the project located adjacent to municipal centers (please see characteristics in question 2, above) with clearly-defined borders, in an area designated for concentrated development in the future by a municipal or regional comprehensive plan that exhibits strong land use, transportation, infrastructure and economic connections to an existing municipal center? Check one and describe:

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project is located with the borough of Manhattan in New York City, a municipal center with a municipal comprehensive plan. The City of New York contains strong land use planning and extensive public transportation infrastructure.
4. Is the project located in an area designated by a municipal or comprehensive plan, and appropriately zoned, as a future municipal center? Check one and describe:

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project site is located in an appropriately zoned area of New York City. The NYULMC’s Proposed New Science Building would be an extension of the existing, defined NYULMC campus.

The City of New York Board of Standards and Appeals (“BSA” Reference Number 163-12-B2), which acted as lead agency for the purposes of conducting a coordinated review of this Type I action. The Proposed Project was reviewed in conformance with the City Environmental Quality Review (“CEQR”, CEQR Reference Number 12BSA141M). The CEQR Negative Declaration, was prepared by the BSA and adopted on December 11, 2012 and certified on December 12, 2012. The BSA served as lead agency and coordinated the CEQR/State Environmental Quality Review (“SEQR”) with other involved agencies in New York City and New York State.

Additionally, the Proposed Project was reviewed by the City Coastal Commission for consistency with the policies of the New York City Waterfront Revitalization Program (“WRP”), as amended, and approved by the New York City Council on October 13, 1999, and by the New York State Department of State on May 28, 2002, pursuant to the New York State Waterfront Revitalization and Coastal Resources Act of 1981, (New York Executive Law, Section 910 et seq.) The project agent, AKRF, Inc., attest that “The proposed activity complies with New York State’s Coastal Management Program as expressed in New York City’s approved Local Waterfront Revitalization Program, pursuant to New York State’s Costal Management Program, and will be conducted in a manner consistent with such program.”

5. Is the project located wholly or partially in a developed area or an area designated for concentrated infill development in accordance with a municipally-approved comprehensive land use plan, a local waterfront revitalization plan, brownfield opportunity area plan or other development plan? Check one and describe:

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ Not Relevant

While the project site is within New York City’s designated coastal zone, the site has no relationship to the waterfront and is located approximately 250 feet from the water’s edge. The FDR Drive, a six-lane elevated expressway, is an intervening structure that limits visual and physical access between the East River waterfront and the project site. Therefore, none of the goals of the City’s Comprehensive Waterfront Plan is applicable to the proposed action. The Proposed Project would not limit further access to the waterfront and would not adversely affect any of the goals of the Comprehensive Waterfront Plan. The Proposed Project would include appropriate measures to minimize flood damage and manage hazardous materials, thus preventing any adverse impacts on the nearby East River.

6. Does the project preserve and enhance the state’s resources, including agricultural lands, forests, surface and groundwater, air quality, recreation and open space, scenic areas, and/or significant historic and archeological resources? Check one and describe:
7. Does the project foster mixed land uses and compact development, downtown revitalization, brownfield redevelopment, the enhancement of beauty in public spaces, the diversity and affordability of housing in proximity to places of employment, recreation and commercial development and/or the integration of all income and age groups? Check one and describe:

☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project would be supportive of this criterion. The existing facility is located within a mixed-use area of New York City and the Proposed Project does foster compact development. The project site is directly adjacent to other NYU Langone Medical Center buildings/laboratories and the construction of the proposed Science Building would utilize nearly all available development rights on the NYULMC campus zoning lot.

8. Does the project provide mobility through transportation choices, including improved public transportation and reduced automobile dependency? Check one and describe:

☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project is located within the Borough of Manhattan. Extensive existing public transportation serves the surrounding area and entire city.

9. Does the project demonstrate coordination among state, regional, and local planning and governmental officials? (Demonstration may include State Environmental Quality Review [“SEQR”] coordination with involved and interested agencies, district formation, agreements between involved parties, letters of support, State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System [“SPDES”] permit issuance/revision notices, etc.). Check one and describe:

☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project does demonstrate coordination between state and city planning officials. As previously noted, the BSA acted as lead agency, conducting a coordinated review of the Proposed Project in accordance with CEQR and SEQR. BSA coordinated its review with other New York City and New York State agencies.

10. Does the project involve community-based planning and collaboration? Check one and describe:

☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Relevant

The Proposed Project was approved by Manhattan Borough President and Manhattan Community Board No. 6. As a result, the Proposed Project has involved community-based planning and collaboration and was approved by the municipality.
11. Is the project consistent with local building and land use codes? Check one and describe:

- Yes  [ ] No  [ ] Not Relevant

In order to facilitate the Proposed Project, a zoning variance has been approved by the BSA to allow the following non-compliances:
- A portion of the proposed building is located within a required rear yard equivalent (Zoning Resolution [ZR] Section 24-382);
- The portion of the proposed building that is located within the initial setback distance exceeds the maximum permitted height of 85 feet above curb level or six stories, whichever is less, and penetrates the sky exposure plane (ZR 24-522);
- Lot coverage within the interior and through lot portions of the zoning lot exceeds 65 percent (ZR 24-11);
- The proposed building increases the degree of non-compliance allowed by prior BSA variance (Cal. NoNo. 186-10-BZ) with respect to tower coverage limitation (ZR 24-54 and 186-10-BZ).

The Proposed Project would also conform to the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code and all NYC Building and statutory requirements. The Proposed Project is consistent with neighboring land uses within this area of the city and would not result in changes in land use outside the parcel. Therefore, the Proposed Project would be generally supportive of this criterion.

12. Does the project promote sustainability by strengthening existing and creating new communities which reduce greenhouse gas emissions and do not compromise the needs of future generations?

- Yes  [ ] No  [ ] Not Relevant

Based on the Environmental Assessment Statement ("EAS") outlined in the CEQR Technical Manual and as detailed in the Negative Declaration issued by BSA, the Proposed Project would not have a significant adverse impact on: Land Use, Zoning, and Public Policy; Socioeconomic Conditions, Community Resources, Natural Resources, WRP, Infrastructure, Solid Waste and Sanitation Services, Energy, Traffic and Parking, Transit and Pedestrians, Air Quality, Noise and Public Health. Therefore, the Proposed Project would not compromise the needs of future generations.

13. During the development of the project, was there broad-based public involvement? (Documentation may include SEQR coordination with involved and interested agencies, SPDES permit issuance/revision notice, approval of Bond Resolution, formation of district, evidence of public hearings, Environmental Notice Bulletin ["ENB"] or other published notices, letters of support, etc.). Check one and describe:

- Yes  [ ] No  [ ] Not Relevant

As previously noted, BSA, acting as lead agency, conducted a coordinated review of the Proposed Project in accordance with CEQR/SEQR. Other involved agencies and interested parties include, but are not limited to: New York City Mayor’s Office of Environmental Coordination, Manhattan Borough President, New York City Buildings Department, New York
City Department of Environmental Protection, and the Empire State Development Corporation. Hence, the Proposed Project would be generally supportive of this criterion.

14. Does the Recipient have an ongoing governance structure to sustain the implementation of community planning? Check one and describe:

☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Relevant

The Recipient of the funding, NYULMC, is not a municipal entity with an existing governmental structure capable of sustaining the implementation of planning. However, the University, as an entity in New York City, does comply with the governance structure of the city. Therefore, the Recipient would be supportive of this criterion.
DASNY has reviewed the available information regarding this project and finds:

☐ The project was developed in general consistency with the relevant Smart Growth Criteria.

☐ The project was not developed in general consistency with the relevant Smart Growth Criteria.

☐ It was impracticable to develop this project in a manner consistent with the relevant Smart Growth Criteria for the following reasons:

ATTESTATION

I, President of DASNY/designee of the President of DASNY, hereby attest that the Proposed Project, to the extent practicable, meets the relevant criteria set forth above and that to the extent that it is not practical to meet any relevant criterion, for the reasons given above.

[Signature]

Mr. Jack D. Homkow, Director, Office of Environmental Affairs

Print Name and Title

May 9, 2016

Date
ACTION OF THE BOARD – Application granted on condition.

THE VOTE TO GRANT –
Affirmative: Chair Srinivasan, Vice Chair Collins, Commissioner Ottley-Brown, Commissioner Hinkson and Commissioner Montenez ..................................................5
Negative:...........................................................................................................0

THE RESOLUTION:

WHEREAS, the decision of the Manhattan Borough Commissioner, dated May 24, 2012, acting on Department of Buildings Application No. 121183432, reads in pertinent part:

1. Proposed building portion is located within the required rear yard equivalent; contrary to ZR 24-382.
2. Proposed building portion located within the initial setback distance exceeds the maximum permitted height of 85 feet above curb level and also penetrates the sky exposure plane; contrary to ZR 24-522.
3. The proposed total lot coverage within the interior and through lot portions of zoning lot exceeds 65 percent; contrary to ZR 24-11.
4. The proposed building increases the degree of non-compliance allowed by prior BSA variance (Cal. No. 186-10-BZ) with respect to tower coverage limitation; contrary to ZR 24-54 and 186-10-BZ; and

WHEREAS, this is an application under ZR § 72-21, to permit, within an R8 zoning district, the construction of a new biomedical research facility on the main campus of the New York University Langone Medical Center (the “Medical Center”) that does not comply with zoning regulations for rear yard equivalent, height and setback, lot coverage, and tower coverage, contrary to ZR §§ 24-382, 24-522, 24-11, and 24-54; and

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held on this application on August 4, 2012, after due notice by publication in the City Record, with a continued hearing on October 30, 2012 and then to decision on December 11, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the site and surrounding area had site and neighborhood examinations by Chair Srinivasan, Vice-Chair Collins, and Commissioner Hinkson; and

WHEREAS, Community Board 6, Manhattan, recommends approval of this application; and

WHEREAS, the application is brought on behalf of the Medical Center, a non-profit educational institution and hospital; and

WHEREAS, the subject zoning lot is located on the superblock bounded by East 34th Street to the north, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive (the “FDR Drive”) to the east, East 30th Street to the south, and First Avenue to the west, within an R8 zoning district; and

WHEREAS, the zoning lot has a lot area of 408,511 sq. ft.; and

WHEREAS, on November 20, 2001, the Board granted a special permit pursuant to ZR § 73-64 to allow the construction of a new medical research and laboratory building (Use Group 3A) on the site, contrary to zoning regulations for height and setback, rear yard, and minimum distance between buildings; and

WHEREAS, on July 13, 2010, under BSA Cal. No. 41-10-BZ, the Board granted a variance to permit the renovation and enlargement of the existing Emergency Department and the addition of 354 sq. ft. of signage at the entrances and on the façade of the Emergency Department, contrary to zoning regulations for rear yard and signage; and

WHEREAS, most recently, on March 15, 2011, the Board granted a variance to permit the construction of two new community facility buildings, contrary to zoning regulations for rear yard, rear yard equivalents, height and setback, rear yard setback, tower coverage, maximum permitted parking, minimum square footage per parking space, or curb cut requirements; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the zoning lot is subject to a 1949 indenture between
the City and New York University ("NYU"), pursuant to which portions of East 31st Street, East 32nd Street and East 33rd Street were demapped and their beds conveyed to NYU, and the portion of East 30th Street abutting the southern end of the superblock was also demapped and an access easement thereover granted to NYU; the indenture also requires that no building on the zoning lot have a height greater than 25 stories, that lot coverage on the zoning lot not exceed 65 percent, and that at least 235 parking spaces be provided on the zoning lot; and

WHEREAS, the proposed construction would be located on the southeast portion of the zoning lot, bounded by East 30th Street to the south, the FDR Drive Service Road to the east, the Smilow Research Center building to the north, and the Schwartz Lecture Hall to the west (the "Development Site"); and

WHEREAS, the Development Site is currently occupied by the 15-story Rubin Hall, a one-story portion of Schwartz Lecture Hall, and a two-story portion of the Medical Science Building, which are proposed to be demolished; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that Rubin Hall is currently vacant and abatement and demolition of that building have already begun independent of the development of the proposed building; and

WHEREAS, the applicant proposes to construct a 16-story biomedical research facility building with a floor area of 296,776 sq. ft. (the "Science Building"); and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the construction of the Science Building will result in a total floor area for the zoning lot of 2,650,003 sq. ft. (6.5 FAR); the maximum permitted floor area for a community facility in the subject zoning district is 2,650,322 sq. ft. (6.5 FAR); and

WHEREAS, the proposed construction will create the following non-compliances on the site: a small amount of the northeast portion of the Science Building is located within the required rear yard equivalent (a rear yard equivalent with a minimum depth of 60'-0" is required); the front wall of the Science Building fronting on the FDR Drive Service Road has a height of approximately 281'-0", and pierces the sky exposure plane (a minimum front wall setback of 15'-0" is required above the height of 85'-0" or nine stories); a lot coverage of 258,962 sq. ft. (66 percent) and a temporary lot coverage of 260,883 sq. ft. (66.5 percent) attributable to the Medical Center's existing loading berths on former East 30th Street, which would not be demolished until after the Science Building is completed (the maximum permitted lot coverage for interior and through lots is 65 percent); and an increase in the degree of non-compliance of the tower coverage of the zoning lot's previously approved towers; and

WHEREAS, because the Science Building does not comply with the underlying zoning district regulations, the applicant seeks the proposed variance; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the following are the primary programmatic needs of the Medical Center: (1) additional up-to-date laboratory space to accommodate the Medical Center's growing research program; (2) floor plates that are sized and configured for efficient and collaborative research; and (3) functional integration of such space with the Medical Center's existing scientific research facilities; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the Medical Center has a programmatic need for additional laboratory space that is optimally configured for efficient and collaborative research and physically and functionally integrated with the Medical Center's existing science research facilities; and

WHEREAS, the applicant submitted a letter from the Medical Center in support of its need for additional research space, which states that the Medical Center's guiding principle of translational medicine requires that its campus have a sufficient amount of up-to-date research space so that its clinical services can continue to be informed by, and its educational programs involved in, scientific advancements; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that as the Medical Center enhances its clinical and educational programs, it must ensure that its research program is likewise supported by an adequate amount of research space and state-of-the-art facilities; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further states that increasing research and funding activity at the Medical Center also make it crucial for the Medical Center to have sufficient up-to-date
WHEREAS, specifically, the applicant states that the Medical Center’s research expenditures have increased by 46 percent over the past five years, with $255 million in expenditures in 2011, and are expected to increase to approximately $340 million in 2015 and $460 million in 2020, with corresponding increases in the number of principal investigators and lab staff; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the Medical Center has leased space in East River Science Park, located on the south side of East 29th Street to the east of First Avenue, and on Varick Street to help satisfy the demand for research space, but additional on-campus space, integrated with existing Medical Center buildings, is also needed; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that, to support the current and projected research activity on campus, the Medical Center needs approximately 350,000 net assignable sq. ft. of new research space, of which 236,000 net assignable sq. ft. would be dedicated to wet bench space; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the Science Building would provide approximately 296,776 sq. ft. of total floor area, with approximately 256,000 sq. ft. of floor area, amounting to approximately 186,000 net assignable sq. ft., dedicated to research laboratories and related core labs on the second through 13th floors of the building, bringing the Medical Center significantly closer to attaining its long-term goal; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further states that the multiple conference rooms and multipurpose spaces located on the basement and first floors would facilitate collaborative communications among researchers and thereby foster increased discovery, revenue, and growth for the Medical Center; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the Medical Center also has a programmatic need for its new research space to be accommodated on floor plates that are efficient in size and configuration; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the prototypical laboratory floor plate is a systematically repetitive “laboratory module” including open lab benches, lab support spaces, offices, and office support space such as administrative facilities and shared amenities, which results in a flexible, adaptable, and functionally efficient research environment; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the floor plates must also be large enough to accommodate a “crucial mass” of principal investigators needed to facilitate collaborative research, and that leading laboratory design consultants have established a standard of eight to 12 principal investigators per floor for this purpose, with a range of 1,400 to 1,700 net assignable sq. ft. per principal investigator; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the laboratory floors of the Science Building would have a width of approximately 275 feet and a depth of approximately 89 feet, so as to provide a flexible, adaptable, and functionally efficient research environment with slightly more than 15,500 net assignable sq. ft. of research space (approximately 22,000 gross sq. ft.) to accommodate nine to ten principal investigators on each floor; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that, to further the principle of translational medicine, the new research facilities must relate physically and functionally to the Medical Center’s educational and clinical facilities; and

WHEREAS, specifically, the applicant states that there must be physical connections between the new research facilities and the existing Berg Institute, the Medical Science Building, and the Smilow Research Center, with an ability to efficiently share core research facilities, as well as links from such spaces to the Medical Center’s educational and clinical facilities; and

WHEREAS, specifically, the applicant states that the Science Building would connect with the Berg Institute and the Medical Science Building on the cellar, basement, and first floors, with possible connections on the lower laboratory floors above, allowing for contiguities of the buildings’ research support spaces and shared access to the buildings’ conference facilities and amenity spaces; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further states that the Science Building would connect to the
immediately adjacent Smilow Research Center by an exterior pedestrian path across a shared
courtyard, completing an efficient circulation network among the Science Building, the Smilow
Research Center, the Berg Institute, and the Medical Science Building, and that this circulation
network would serve as an extension of the existing Medical Center buildings, providing Medical
Center physicians, researchers, staff, and students with access to the research facilities and
amenity spaces located at the southern end of the campus; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that an on-campus location is critical for the
significant percentage of MD/PhD researchers who maintain clinical practices on the main
campus, while a location at the southern end of the zoning lot, in particular, also capitalizes on
the campus’ proximity to the research buildings at East River Science Park, reinforcing the
synergistic relationship among the institutions and commercial laboratories comprising the First
Avenue biomedical corridor; and

WHEREAS, the applicant submitted plans for a complying scenario consisting of a four-
story building with 80,860 sq. ft. of floor area, of which 39,500 net assignable sq. ft. (52,775
gross sq. ft.) would be dedicated to research space; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that the aforementioned programmatic needs could
not be satisfied through the complying scenario; and

WHEREAS, specifically, the applicant states that the complying building would contain
only four above-grade floors so as not to exceed the height threshold for tower coverage; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further states that to maximize the amount of research space
within this limited building envelope, certain space on the basement floor which would otherwise
be used for conference facilities and multipurpose spaces would instead be dedicated to shared
research cores; however, even with this programming sacrifice, the complying building would
fall well short of the 236,000 net assignable sq. ft. needed by the Medical Center and the 186,000
net assignable sq. ft. provided by the proposed Science Building; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that, in order to comply with lot coverage, rear yard
equivalent, and height and setback regulations, while maintaining physical connections to
adjacent research facilities, the portion of the complying building located above the basement
level would not extend as far to the east and northeast as that of the Science Building, resulting in
smaller floor plates with fewer bench modules, procedure rooms, alcoves, researcher offices, and
corresponding office support space, and capable of accommodating two to three fewer principal
investigators per floor; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that, to maximize the amount of research space
within the complying building’s limited building envelope, all floors above the basement would
be dedicated to laboratory facilities and would be designed with centralized vertical circulation to
minimize the circulation distances within the floor plate; however, because this plan arrangement
is not conducive to connections between the complying building, the Berg Institute, and the
Medical Science Building, such connections would be limited to the cellar and basement floors;
and

WHEREAS, the Board acknowledges that the Medical Center, as an educational
institution, is entitled to significant deference under the law of the State of New York as to zoning
and as to its ability to rely upon programmatic needs in support of the subject variance application;
and

WHEREAS, specifically, as held in Cornell Univ. v. Bagnardi, 68 N.Y.2d 583 (1986), an
educational institution’s application is to be permitted unless it can be shown to have an adverse
effect upon the health, safety, or welfare of the community, and general concerns about traffic,
and disruption of the residential character of a neighborhood are insufficient grounds for the
denial of an application; and

WHEREAS, in addition to the programmatic needs of the Medical Center, the applicant
states that the variance request is also necessitated by unique conditions of the site that create a
hardship, specifically: the existing built conditions of the zoning lot; and

WHEREAS, as to the surrounding conditions on the zoning lot, the applicant states that
the configuration of the Development Site is dictated by the location of existing buildings on the
zoning lot which are integral to the Medical Center’s mission and cannot be demolished and/or
which must be physically connected with the Science Building so that the Medical Center may
WHEREAS, the applicant states that the existing Berg Institute, Medical Science Building, and the Smilow Research Building, with which the Science Building must be physically and functionally integrated to satisfy the Medical Center’s programmatic needs, dictate the configuration of the Science Building’s floor plates, which are further limited by the 65 percent lot coverage limitation applicable to the zoning lot, and as a result of these constraints, the amount of dedicated laboratory space that can be provided in the Science Building is severely limited unless the building is able to exceed the applicable threshold or tower coverage; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further states that the existing Berg Institute requires that the Science Building be located as far to the north on the Development Site as possible so as to create appropriate alignments for an efficient shared circulation system, and shifting the Science Building’s laboratory floors to the south to comply with rear yard equivalent and height and setback regulations would compromise the ability to make critical physical and functional connections between the lower floors of the Science Building and the lower floors of the adjacent Berg Institute; in particular, the applicant states that connections to the Berg Institute are restricted by existing shafts located to the immediate west of the Development Site, which contain extensive mechanical and other infrastructure services serving the Berg Institute, and locating the Science Building at the northern end of the Development Site allows for a critical overlap between the Science Building and the Berg Institute so that connections can be made to the Berg Institute’s existing circulation paths; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that complying with the applicable rear yard equivalent, height and setback, and lot coverage regulations while providing efficient connections to the existing research facilities would also require offsets in building infrastructure at the upper laboratory levels, including stairs and MEP system distribution, which would further burden the Science Building’s efficiency; and

WHEREAS, accordingly, based upon the above, the Board finds that the limitations and inefficiencies of the site, when considered in conjunction with the programmatic needs of the Medical Center, create unnecessary hardship and practical difficulty in developing the site in compliance with the applicable zoning regulations; and

WHEREAS, since the Medical Center is a non-profit institution and the variance is needed to further its non-profit mission, the finding set forth at ZR § 72-21(b) does not have to be made in order to grant the variance requested in this application; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that the variance, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood, will not substantially impair the appropriate use or development of adjacent property, and will not be detrimental to the public welfare; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the Science Building would be in keeping with the character of the surrounding neighborhood, which is defined by numerous medical and other institutional uses; and

WHEREAS, specifically, the applicant notes that the New Buildings would be located among a multitude of medical institutions comprising the First Avenue “biomedical corridor,” including other buildings within the Medical Center, the Bellevue Hospital Center, the Veterans Affairs Medical Center, and the Hunter College School of Medical Professions; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further notes that the 197-a Plan for the Eastern Section of Community District 6 recommended that the area including the Medical Center be rezoned from residential to a Special Hospital Use District, indicating that the community recognizes this area as an appropriate location for specialized hospital uses; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the Development Site is located on a superblock largely occupied by the many mid-rise and high-rise buildings of the Medical Center, and the waiver of the rear yard equivalent, height and setback, lot coverage, and tower coverage regulations would have no discernible impact on the surrounding neighborhood; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further notes that the Science Building would only be slightly taller than the Smilow Research Center with a height of 249’-0” to the immediate north, and would be shorter than the Kimmel Pavilion hospital building to be developed on the northeast corner of the zoning lot; and
WHEREAS, the applicant states that First Avenue is a wide, heavily-trafficked northbound thoroughfare which divides the major health care facilities on the east side of the avenue from the neighborhood to the west, which has a mix of residential and institutional uses, and the Science Building would be located on the southeast corner of the zoning lot, away from such uses and in alignment with the medical uses that comprise the First Avenue biomedical corridor to the north and south; and

WHEREAS, the applicant notes that the portion of the Science Building for which waivers of rear yard equivalent and height and setback are required fronts the FDR Drive Service Road, which is bounded to the east by the FDR Drive, and farther east, the East River Esplanade and the East River, such that these non-compliances would not have any impacts on other buildings or uses; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that the Science Building will actually improve the visual quality of the Development Site and the surrounding neighborhood, as it would replace aging buildings on the Development Site with a development of contemporary design that visually connects with other buildings on the Medical Center campus; and

WHEREAS, the applicant further represents that the Science Building will also create a more uniform street wall along former East 30th Street, and will provide a prominent gateway to the NYU School of Medicine at the southern end of the campus, helping to establish a visual identity for the institution and to orient the significant number of visitors that the Medical Center campus receives every day; and

WHEREAS, accordingly, the Board finds that this action will not alter the essential character of the surrounding neighborhood nor impair the use or development of adjacent properties, nor will it be detrimental to the public welfare; and

WHEREAS, the applicant states that the hardship was not self-created and that no development that would meet the programmatic needs of the Medical Center could occur on the existing site; and

WHEREAS, accordingly, the Board finds that the hardship herein was not created by the owner or a predecessor in title; and

WHEREAS, the applicant represents that the requested waivers are the minimum relief necessary to accommodate the projected programmatic needs; and

WHEREAS, the Board has reviewed the applicant’s program needs and assertions as to the insufficiency of a complying scenario and has determined that the requested relief is the minimum necessary to allow the Medical Center to fulfill its programmatic needs; and

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that the evidence in the record supports the findings required to be made under ZR § 72-21; and

WHEREAS, the project is classified as a Type I action pursuant to 6 NYCRR, Part 617.4; and

WHEREAS, the Board conducted an environmental review of the proposed action and documented relevant information about the project in the Final Environmental Assessment Statement (“EAS”) CEQR No. 12B5A126M, dated December 7, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the EAS documents that the project as proposed would not have significant adverse impacts on Land Use, Zoning, and Public Policy; Socioeconomic Conditions; Community Facilities and Services; Open Space; Shadows; Historic Resources; Urban Design and Visual Resources; Neighborhood Character; Natural Resources; Waterfront Revitalization Program; Infrastructure; Hazardous Materials; Solid Waste and Sanitation Services; Energy; Traffic and Parking; Transit and Pedestrians; Air Quality; Noise; and Public Health; and

WHEREAS, the New York City Department of Environmental Protection’s (DEP) Bureau of Environmental Planning and Analysis reviewed the project for potential hazardous materials, air quality and noise impacts; and

WHEREAS, there is an existing Restrictive Declaration for hazardous materials (CRFN 2011030100673001001EF581) associated with the approved BSA New York University Kimmel Pavilion variance project (CEQR Number 11B5A029M); and
WHEREAS, since the project site is subject to an existing Restrictive Declaration, the DEP has requested that a Phase II Investigative Protocol and any other relevant or necessary supporting documents should be submitted to the New York City Office of Environmental Remediation ("OER") for review and approval prior to any field sampling activities; and

WHEREAS, DEP reviewed the applicant's stationary source air quality screening analysis and determined that the proposed project is not anticipated to result in significant stationary source air quality impacts; and

WHEREAS, DEP reviewed the results of noise monitoring and determined that a minimum of 31 dBA window-wall noise attenuation is required on the north and east facades of the proposed building and an alternate means of ventilation should be provided in order to achieve an interior noise level of 45 dBA; and

WHEREAS, DEP determined that, with these noise measures, the proposed project is not anticipated to result in significant noise impacts; and

WHEREAS, no other significant effects upon the environment that would require an Environmental Impact Statement are foreseeable; and

WHEREAS, the Board has determined that the proposed action will not have a significant adverse impact on the environment.

Therefore it is Resolved that the Board of Standards and Appeals issues a Type I Negative Declaration, prepared in accordance with Article 8 of the New York State Environmental Conservation Law and 6 NYCRR Part 617, the Rules of Procedure for City Environmental Quality Review and Executive Order No. 91 of 1977, as amended, and the Board of Standards and Appeals makes each and every one of the required findings under ZR § 72-21 and grants a variance to permit, within an R8 zoning district, the construction of a new biomedical research facility on the main campus of the New York University Langone Medical Center that does not comply with zoning regulations for rear yard equivalent, height and setback, lot coverage, and tower coverage, contrary to ZR §§ 24-382, 24-522, 24-11, and 24-54, on condition that any and all work shall substantially conform to drawings as they apply to the objections above noted, filed with this application marked "Received December 10, 2012" – sixteen (16) sheets; and on further condition:

THAT the parameters of the proposed buildings will be in accordance with the approved plans;

THAT prior to the issuance of any building permit that would result in grading, excavation, foundation, alteration, building or other permit respecting the subject site which permits soil disturbance for the proposed project, the applicant or successor will obtain from OER a Notice to Proceed;

THAT DOB will not issue a Certificate of Occupancy until the applicant has provided it with a Notice of Satisfaction from OER;

THAT the proposed building's windows on the north and east facades will have a noise attenuation rating of 31 dBA OITC and that an alternate means of ventilation (central heating and air-conditioning) will be provided throughout the building;

THAT this approval is limited to the relief granted by the Board in response to specifically cited and filed DOB/other jurisdiction objection(s) only;

THAT substantial construction shall be completed pursuant to ZR § 72-23;

THAT the approved plans shall be considered approved only for the portions related to the specific relief granted; and

THAT the Department of Buildings must ensure compliance with all other applicable provisions of the Zoning Resolution, the Administrative Code, and any other relevant laws under its jurisdiction irrespective of plan(s)/configuration(s) not related to the relief granted.

Adopted by the Board of Standards and Appeals, December 11, 2012.

CERTIFICATION

This copy of the Resolution dated December 11, 2012 is hereby filed by the Board of Standards and Appeals dated December 12, 2012.

[Signature]
Executive Director
New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation

Historic Preservation Field Services Bureau
P.O. Box 188, Waterford, New York 12188-0189
518-237-8643
February 11, 2011

Claudia Cooney
AKRF
440 Park Avenue South
7th Floor
New York, New York 10016

Re: INFO REQ
NYU Langone Neuroscience Institute
NYU Langone Medical Complex/MANHATTAN, New York County
11PR01044

Dear Ms. Cooney:

Thank you for requesting the comments of the Field Services Bureau of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). We have reviewed the project in accordance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 (Section 14.09 of the New York Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law). These comments are those of the Field Services Bureau and relate only to Historic/Cultural resources. They do not include potential environmental impacts to New York State Parkland that may be involved in or near your project. Such impacts must be considered as part of the environmental review of the project pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (New York Environmental Conservation Law Article 8) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 617).

Based upon this review, OPRHP had no archaeological concerns for your project.

If further correspondence is required regarding this project, please be sure to refer to the OPRHP Project Review (PR) number noted above. Please contact me at extension 3291, or by e-mail at douglas.mackey@oprh.state.ny.us, if you have any questions regarding these comments.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Douglas P. Mackey
Historic Preservation Program Analyst
Archaeology

Cc: Amanda Sutphin, LPC (email)
ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

NO LEAD AGENCY/NL-CEQR-M 1/24/2011

Project number Date received

Project: NYU LANGONE NEUROSCIENCE INSTITUTE 433 EAST 30 STREET BBL 1009627501

[ ] No architectural significance
[X] No archaeological significance

[ ] Designated New York City Landmark or Within Designated Historic District
[ ] Listed on National Register of Historic Places

[ ] Appears to be eligible for National Register Listing and/or New York City Landmark Designation

[ ] May be archaeologically significant; requesting additional materials

Comments: ARCHAEOLOGY REVIEW ONLY.

Gina Santucci

1/25/2011

SIGNATURE DATE

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